separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $*\cdot[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ 

Date of Issue: November 20, 2014

The tune-up power is 4.5 dBm +/- 2dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is 6.5 dBm (4.47 mW) @ 2480 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

( 4.47mW / 5mm ) \* ( 2.480GHz ^0.5 )= 1.4

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] = 1.4 < 3.0$ 

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.