

# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : Commtiva Technology Ltd.

**EQUIPMENT**: MID

**BRAND NAME**: Commtiva

MODEL NAME: N700

FCC ID : X7H-N700

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE C95.1-1999 IEEE 1528-2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The product was received on Sep. 03, 2010 and completely tested on Nov. 01, 2010. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Roy Wu / Manager

IIAC-MRA



### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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**Revision History** 

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA090307-01A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 04, 2010

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Commtiva Technology Ltd. MID Commtiva N700** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.4 % for 300 MHz to 3 GHz).

Band	Position	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
GSM850	Body	0.729
GSM1900	Body	0.972
WCDMA Band V	Body	1.39
WCDMA Band IV	Body	1.23

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

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# 2. Administration Data

### 2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

### 2.2 Applicant

Company Name	Commtiva Technology Ltd.
Address	4F., No. 408, Rueiguang Rd., Neihu District, Taipei 114, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

## 2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	Chi Mei Communication Systems, Inc.
Address	No. 4, Mingsheng Street, Tucheng City, Taipei County 23678, Taiwan

## 2.4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	Sep. 03, 2010
Date of Start during the Test	Oct. 29, 2010
Date of End during the Test	Nov. 01, 2010

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3. General Information

### 3.1 <u>Description of Device Under Test (DUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification				
DUT Type MID				
Brand Name	Commtiva			
Model Name	N700			
FCC ID	X7H-N700			
	GSM850 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz			
T., F.,	GSM1900 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz			
Tx Frequency	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz			
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz			
	GSM850 : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz			
	GSM1900 : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz			
Rx Frequency	WCDMA Band V: 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz			
	WCDMA Band IV : 2110 MHz ~ 2155 MHz			
	GSM850 : 32.37 dBm			
Maximum Output Bower to Antonno	GSM1900 : 28.39 dBm			
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	WCDMA Band V : 23.30 dBm			
	WCDMA Band IV: 19.38 dBm			
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna			
HW Version	PR3.6			
SW Version	3.16l			
	GSM / GPRS : GMSK			
	EDGE: 8PSK			
Type of Modulation	WCDMA: QPSK			
	HSDPA: QPSK / 16QAM			
	HSUPA: BPSK			
DUT Stage	Identical Prototype			

**Note:** This DUT supports (E)GPRS multi-slot class 12 (max. 4 uplink, 4 downlink, total 5 slots). It is class B device and it can't operate in DTM. Therefore, this DUT can't transmit voice (CS) and data (PS) simultaneously.

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#### **List of Accessory:**

Specification of Accessory				
AC Adomton	Brand Name	PHIHONG		
AC Adapter	Model Name	PSAA10R-050		
Dettem	Brand Name	ATL		
Battery	Model Name	486789		
Fornhana	Brand Name	Fujikon		
Earphone	Model Name	JR-SMD-100049		
USB Cable	Brand Name	Hon Hai		
USB Cable	Model Name	CUHD005B-S82A-EH		
LCD Panel	Brand Name	INNOLUX		
LCD Panel	Model Name	AT070TN93 V.2		
Camera 1	Brand Name	MCNEX		
Camera 1	Model Name	MC320A-2CC1E0023		
Camera 2	Brand Name	FOXCONN		
Camera 2	Model Name	66-A02F-W0020		

**Remark:** The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

### 3.2 Product Photos

Please refer to Appendix D.

### 3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v04
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D04 v01

### 3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

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### 3.5 Test Conditions

#### 3.5.1 **Ambient Condition**

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃	
Humidity	< 60 %	

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#### **Test Configuration** 3.5.2

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For WWAN SAR testing, the DUT is in GPRS or WCDMA link mode.

In general, the crest factor is 8.3 for GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 8, 4 for GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 10, 2 for GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 12, and 1 for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA.

For GPRS/EDGE body SAR testing, the DUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class 10 with 2 uplink slots for GSM850, and GPRS multi-slot class 8 with 1 uplink slots for GSM1900 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power as following table:

Source-Based Time-Averaged Power						
Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
GPRS 8 (1 Uplink)	23.37	23.34	23.29	19.20	<mark>19.39</mark>	19.33
GPRS 10 (2 Uplink)	<b>23.81</b>	23.77	23.73	18.08	18.22	18.13
GPRS 12 (4 Uplink)	23.54	23.53	23.50	18.03	18.17	18.09
EDGE 8 (1 Uplink)	18.39	18.36	18.33	17.27	17.47	17.43
EDGE 10 (2 Uplink)	17.88	17.86	17.82	16.76	16.89	16.86
EDGE 12 (4 Uplink)	17.98	17.97	17.92	16.70	16.84	16.83

### Note:

The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

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Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) - 9 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) - 6 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) - 3 dB

The maximum burst averaged power can be referred to section 11.1 of this report.

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This device can make a phone call via Speaker and MIC (handsfree). Therefore, the SAR testing for head is not required.

Please refer to 2010 Oct TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures Update. The separation distance for UMPC/Mini-Tablets is 5 mm.

WLAN and BT share the same antenna and they cannot transmit simultaneously.

According to KDB 447498, the standalone SAR for WLAN and Bluetooth were not required, because both the maximum power of Bluetooth (2.81 dBm) and WLAN (12.91 dBm) are less than 60/f (13.8 dBm).

The WLAN power shown in Radio report is peak power, and shown in SAR report is average power. When the maximum average power of WLAN is less than 60/f, the SAR is not required.

According to KDB 447498 3) b) ii) (1), the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN/WLAN and WWAN/Bluetooth were not required, because the antennas of this device are located < 5 cm from persons, and the closest antenna separation distance is > 5 cm, and WLAN/BT power is < 60/f.

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## 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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# 5. SAR Measurement System



Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY4 or DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY4 or DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 or DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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### 5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### 5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

#### <ET3DV6>

KE13DV0>		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	<ul><li>± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)</li><li>± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)</li></ul>	1000
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	Fig 5.2 Photo of ET3DV6

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core		RE
	Built-in shielding against static charges		
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to		
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		The second secon
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe		1
	axis)		
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation		3014
	normal to probe axis)		•
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
	(noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)		
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)		
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole		
	centers: 1 mm		
		Fig 5.3	Photo of EX3DV4

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#### 5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

### 5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.4 Photo of DAE

### 5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- > High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)







Fig 5.6 Photo of DASY5

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### 5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.





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**Photo of Server for DASY4** Fig 5.7

Fig 5.8 **Photo of Server for DASY5** 

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### 5.5 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

SAM I WIII FIIalitolii>		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	- 4
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	<u> </u>
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	Fig 5.0. Photo of SAM Phontom
		Fig 5.9 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	Fig 5.10 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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### 5.6 Device Holder

#### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm$  0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm$  20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon=3$  and loss tangent  $\delta=0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.11 Device Holder

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### <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

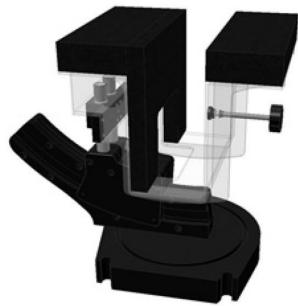


Fig 5.12 Laptop Extension Kit

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### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

**Probe parameters**: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>,  $a_{i0}$ ,  $a_{i1}$ ,  $a_{i2}$ 

Conversion factor
 Diode compression point
 Frequency
 ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 dcp<sub>i</sub>
 f

**Device parameters**: - Frequency f
- Crest factor cf

Media parameters : - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

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with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{v_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

H-field Probes : 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ij</sub> = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H<sub>i</sub> = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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### 5.8 Test Equipment List

				Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1787	May 18, 2010	May 17, 2011	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 21, 2010	Sep. 20, 2011	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3731	Sep. 20, 2010	Sep. 19, 2011	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	Jun. 11, 2010	Jun. 10, 2012	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 22, 2010	Mar. 21, 2012	
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	190	Jul. 21, 2009	Jul. 20, 2011	
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d076	Jul. 20, 2009	Jul. 19, 2011	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 23, 2010	Mar. 22, 2012	
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1010	Sep. 22, 2010	Sep. 21, 2012	
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1006	Sep. 24, 2009	Sep. 23, 2011	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 20, 2009	Jul. 19, 2011	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Sep. 24, 2009	Sep. 23, 2011	
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1014	Sep. 17, 2009	Sep. 16, 2011	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Jan. 21, 2010	Jan. 20, 2012	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Aug. 18, 2010	Aug. 17, 2011	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Oct. 22, 2010	Oct. 21, 2011	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1478	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	May 06, 2010	May 05, 2011	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Jan. 12, 2010	Jan. 11, 2012	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	GB46311322	Feb. 16, 2009	Feb. 15, 2011	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	117995	Mar. 19, 2009	Mar. 18, 2011	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101131	Mar. 05, 2010	Mar. 04, 2011	

**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

Note: The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.

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## 6. <u>Tissue Simulating Liquids</u>

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε <sub>r</sub> )
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

**Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

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The following table gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity $(\epsilon_r)$	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3

Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Temperature (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity $(\epsilon_r)$	Measurement Date
835	Body	21.5	0.994	56.0	Oct. 30, 2010
1800	Body	21.5	1.56	52.3	Oct. 29, 2010
1900	Body	21.1	1.50	53.0	Nov. 01, 2010

**Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid** 

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## 7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

<sup>(</sup>a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

**Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution** 

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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<sup>(</sup>b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

FCC SAR	Test	Report

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)
Measurement System		-	-	-	
Probe Calibration	5.5	Normal	1	1	± 5.5 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup					
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	± 1.6 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	± 1.5 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 10.7 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Uncertainty					± 21.4 %

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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### 8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

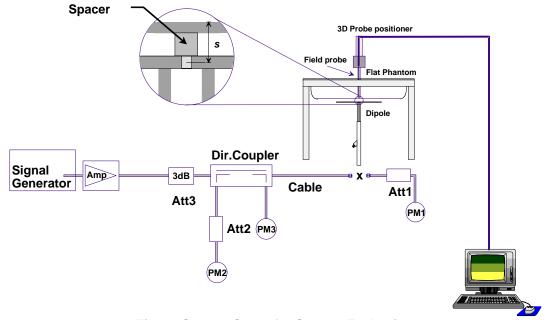


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100 mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

### 8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Oct. 30, 2010	835	9.82	9.94	1.22
Oct. 29, 2010	1800	38.80	38.10	-1.80
Nov. 01, 2010	1900	40.00	41.50	3.75

**Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized** 

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## 9. **DUT Testing Position**

This DUT was tested in four different positions. They are bottom of DUT, Primary Landscape, Primary Portrait and Secondary Portrait. In these positions, the separation distance between surface of DUT and phantom is 0.5 cm. Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

**Note:** The screen of this device is allowed for Primary Landscape, Primary Portrait, and Secondary Portrait only.

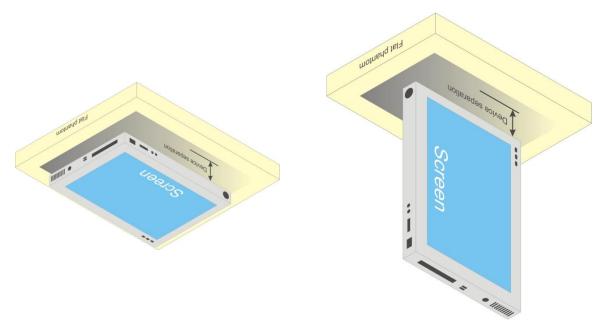


Fig 9.1 Illustration for Lap-touching Position

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### 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) For WWAN function, link DUT with base station emulator in highest power channel
- (b) Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
- (d) Place the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
- (f) Taking data for the middle channel on each testing position
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 10.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

### 10.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 10.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

#### 10.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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# 11. SAR Test Results

## 11.1 Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)

Band	GSM850			GSM1900			
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GPRS 8 (1 Uplink)	32.37	32.34	32.29	28.20	28.39	28.33	
GPRS 10 (2 Uplink)	29.81	29.77	29.73	24.08	24.22	24.13	
GPRS 12 (4 Uplink)	26.54	26.53	26.50	21.03	21.17	21.09	
EDGE 8 (1 Uplink)	27.39	27.36	27.33	26.27	26.47	26.43	
EDGE 10 (2 Uplink)	23.88	23.86	23.82	22.76	22.89	22.86	
EDGE 12 (4 Uplink)	20.98	20.97	20.92	19.70	19.84	19.83	

Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band IV			
Channel	4132	4182	4233	1312	1413	1513	
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
RMC 12.2K	23.20	23.29	23.30	19.38	19.26	19.36	
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.04	23.14	23.14	19.24	19.15	19.26	
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.97	23.00	23.01	19.23	19.21	19.28	
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.44	22.47	22.49	18.90	18.82	18.80	
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.44	22.47	22.49	18.95	18.84	18.81	
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.80	22.83	22.22	18.84	19.08	19.04	
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.17	21.30	20.81	17.82	17.42	17.73	
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.87	21.90	21.68	18.06	17.98	18.04	
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.21	21.34	21.30	17.85	18.00	17.97	
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.79	22.82	22.18	18.65	18.97	18.87	

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### 11.2 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Channel	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#10	GSM850	GPRS10	Bottom	0.5	128	<mark>0.729</mark>
#11	GSM850	GPRS10	Primary Landscape	0.5	128	0.179
#12	GSM850	GPRS10	Primary Portrait	0.5	128	0.047
#13	GSM850	GPRS10	Secondary Portrait	0.5	128	0.391
#07	GSM1900	GPRS8	Bottom	0.5	661	0.93
#08	GSM1900	GPRS8	Primary Landscape	0.5	661	0.145
#09	GSM1900	GPRS8	Primary Portrait	0.5	661	0.012
#20	GSM1900	GPRS8	Secondary Portrait	0.5	661	0.604
#21	GSM1900	GPRS8	Bottom	0.5	512	0.853
#22	GSM1900	GPRS8	Bottom	0.5	810	<mark>0.972</mark>
#14	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2K	Bottom	0.5	4233	1.07
#15	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2K	Primary Landscape	0.5	4233	0.229
#16	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2K	Primary Portrait	0.5	4233	0.044
#17	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2K	Secondary Portrait	0.5	4233	0.535
#18	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2K	Bottom	0.5	4182	0.908
#19	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2K	Bottom	0.5	4132	<mark>1.39</mark>
#01	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2K	Bottom	0.5	1312	0.933
#02	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2K	Primary Landscape	0.5	1312	0.178
#03	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2K	Primary Portrait	0.5	1312	0.00921
#04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2K	Secondary Portrait	0.5	1312	0.356
#05	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2K	Bottom	0.5	1413	1.05
#06	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2K	Bottom	0.5	1513	<mark>1.23</mark>

**Note:** For GPRS/EDGE body SAR testing, the DUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class 10 with 2 uplink slots for GSM850, and GPRS multi-slot class 8 with 1 uplink slots for GSM1900 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

Test Engineer: Eric Huang and Robert Liu

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- [2] IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", 1999
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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# Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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#### Appendix C. **DASY Calibration Certificate**

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

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