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June 21, 2010

Silicon Valley Global LLC 830 Stewart St. Suite 201 Sunnyvale, CA 94085

Dear Jon Edwards,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Silicon Valley Global LLC, TuneBug T100 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class B Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell

Documentation Department

Reference: (\Silicon Valley Global LLC\EMCS82123-FCC247 Rev. 2)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Silicon Valley Global LLC TuneBug T100

Tested under

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in

Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class B Digital Devices
&

15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMCS82123-FCC247 Rev. 2

June 21, 2010

Prepared For:

Silicon Valley Global LLC 830 Stewart St. Suite 201 Sunnyvale, CA 94085

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 3162 Belick St. Santa Clara, CA 95054



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&

15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007
for Intentional Radiators

Minh Ly, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen,

Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date Reason for Revision				
Ø	April 29, 2010	Initial Issue.			
1	June 11, 2010	Revised to reflect engineer corrections.			
2	June 21, 2010	Revised to correct ICES-003 data.			



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μН	microhenry
μ	microfarad microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Silicon Valley Global LLC TuneBug T100, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the TuneBug T100. Silicon Valley Global LLC should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the TuneBug T100, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Silicon Valley Global LLC, purchase order number 11200921. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 7: 2007	Description	Compliance	
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant	
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-210(7.2.2)	Conducted Emission Voltage	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210(A8.1)	Channel Separation Occupied Bandwidth Number of Hopping Channels Time of Occupancy	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	RF Output Power	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	Compliant	
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant	

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Silicon Valley Global LLC to perform testing on the TuneBug T100, under Silicon Valley Global LLC's purchase order number 11200921.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Silicon Valley Global LLC, TuneBug T100.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	TuneBug T100				
Model(s) Covered:	TuneBug T100	TuneBug T100			
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: Battery Power (3.2V to 4.2V) FCC ID: X9JT100 IC: 8894A-T100 Type of Modulations: FHSS				
Specifications.	Peak RF Output Power:	4.939 dBm (0.00312 Watts)			
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2402 – 2480 MHz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C				
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%				
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar				
Evaluated by:	Minh Ly				
Report Date(s):	June 21, 2010	June 21, 2010			

Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies			
RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment			
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices			
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices			
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz			
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements			
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories			
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices			

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 3162 Belick St., Santa Clara, CA 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Silicon Valley Global LLC TuneBug T100, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a music player and audio player; wired and Bluetooth.



Photograph 1. Silicon Valley Global LLC TuneBug T100

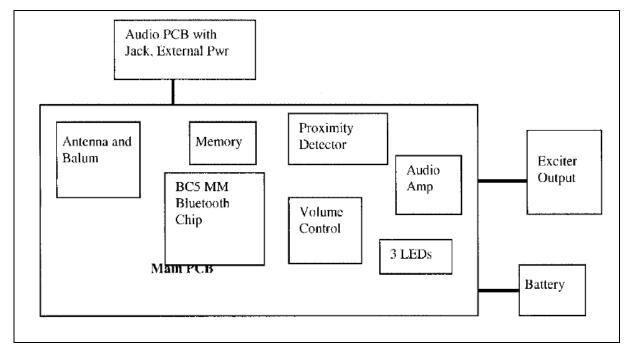


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number	
MAIN PCB (RADIATED UUT)	SHAKE	10020007	
MAIN PCB (CONDUCTED UUT)	SHAKE	10020013	

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
LAPTOP PC CONFIGURED WITH "BLUETEST 3"	ASUS	M70S
"SHAKE PROGRAMMING TEST INTERFACE BOARD	N/A	REV. 4

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

The EUT did not require any ports and cabling information for operation or monitoring.

H. Mode of Operation

There are two modes of operation:

- 1. Bluetooth operation pairs with Bluetooth device and provides audio for music.
- 2. Wired operation plays audio from a music source like an iPod.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

There are LED indicators on the top of the unit. When functional, there is a blue LED that blinks. Unit is functional when music is playing through it and it is set on a surface that will vibrate. Sound is heard.

Volume is adjusted by touch sensors on the top of the EUT.



J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Silicon Valley Global LLC upon completion of testing.

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III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 6. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 6, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB ₁		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46	
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46	
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50	

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

* -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).

Table 6. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions

were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer: Minh Ly

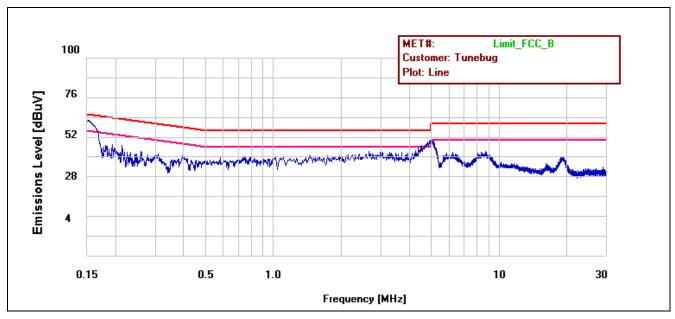
Test Date: 06/09/10



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Line	0.150	59.9	66	-6.1	Pass	42.98	56	-13.02	Pass
Line	4.97	44.56	56	-11.44	Pass	38.58	46	-7.42	Pass
Line	8.553	36.62	60	-23.38	Pass	30.69	50	-19.31	Pass

Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line with Laptop

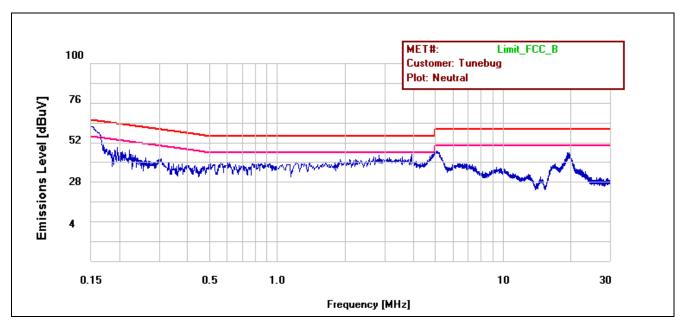


Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot with Laptop

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Neutral	0.15	59.91	66	-6.09	Pass	44.23	56	-11.77	Pass
Neutral	5.014	41.89	60	-18.11	Pass	34.73	50	-15.27	Pass
Neutral	19.21	40.95	60	-19.05	Pass	34.48	50	-15.52	Pass

Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line with Laptop



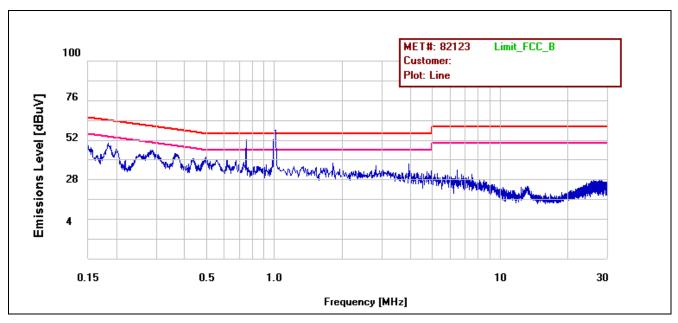
Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot with Laptop



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Line	0.184	44.92	64.308	-19.388	Pass	31.19	54.308	-23.118	Pass
Line	0.73	31.27	56	-24.73	Pass	18.02	46	-27.98	Pass
Line	1.023	30.49	56	-25.51	Pass	16.02	46	-29.98	Pass

Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line with AC Adaptor

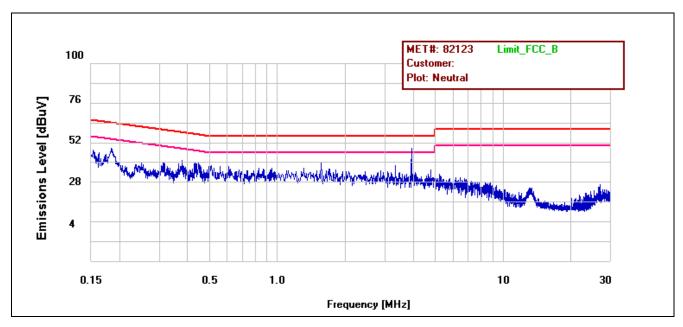


Plot 3. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot with AC Adaptor

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Neutral	0.184	44.44	64.308	-19.868	Pass	29.74	54.308	-24.568	Pass
Neutral	0.45	29.81	56.9	-27.09	Pass	16.51	46.9	-30.39	Pass
Neutral	3.998	22.06	56	-33.94	Pass	8.88	46	-37.12	Pass

Table 10. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line with AC Adaptor



Plot 4. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot with AC Adaptor



Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup with Laptop



Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup with AC Adaptor



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 11.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 11.

	Field Strengt	h (dBµV/m)
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBµV) @ 10m	§15.109 (а),Class В Limit (dВµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s):

Minh Ly

Test Date(s):

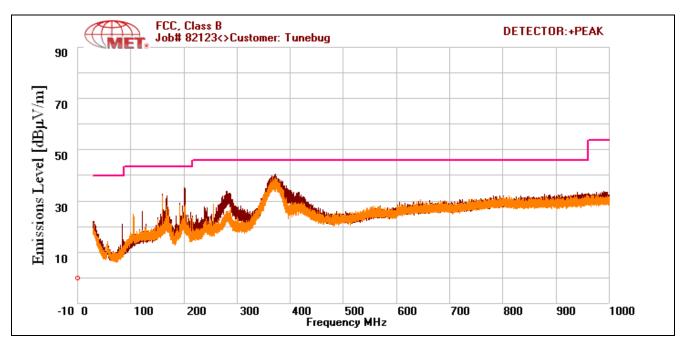
06/09/10



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
159.96	V	138	100	16.19	11.103	0	3.486	0	30.779	43.5	-12.721
160	Н	174	163	18.36	10.7	0	3.486	0	32.546	43.5	-10.954
197.32	V	134	114	6.78	10.493	0	3.882	0	21.155	43.5	-22.345
201	Н	118	151	20.6	10.54	0	3.907	0	35.047	43.5	-8.453
369	Н	300	100	17.77	15.52	0	3.97	0	37.26	46	-8.74
375.8	V	186	148	16.39	15.6	0	4.01	0	36	46	-10

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, FCC Limits with Laptop

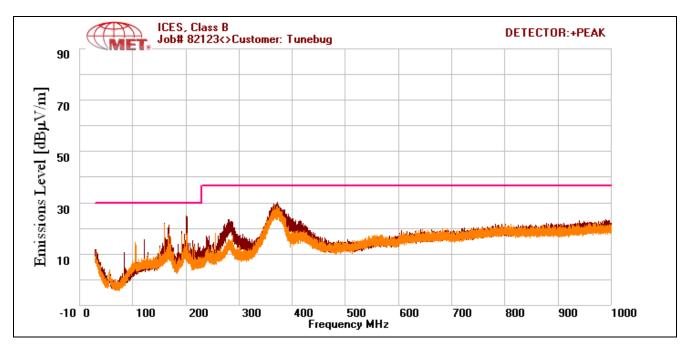


Plot 5. Radiated Emissions, FCC Limits with Laptop



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
159.96	V	138	100	16.19	11.103	0	3.486	-10.46	20.31	30	-9.68
160	Н	174	163	18.36	10.7	0	3.486	-10.46	22.08	30	-7.9
197.32	V	134	114	6.78	10.493	0	3.882	-10.46	10.69	30	-19.30
201	Н	118	151	20.6	10.54	0	3.907	-10.46	24.58	30	-5.41
369	Н	300	100	17.77	15.52	0	3.97	-10.46	26.8	37	-10.2
375.8	V	186	148	16.39	15.6	0	4.01	-10.46	25.54	37	-11.46

Table 13. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits with Laptop



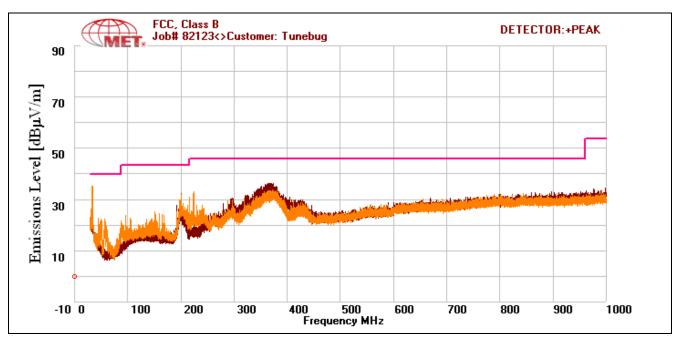
Plot 6. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits with Laptop



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
33.8	V	250	100	11.63	15.36	0	1.358	0	28.348	40	-11.652
200.68	Н	209	100	10.27	10.527	0	3.908	0	24.705	43.5	-18.795
200.76	V	147	100	11.69	10.646	0	3.907	0	26.243	43.5	-17.257
223.92	V	0	100	10.7	11.092	0	3.829	0	25.621	46	-20.379
368.16	Н	0	100	12.55	15.537	0	3.965	0	32.052	46	-13.948
369	V	129	147	12.33	15.38	0	3.97	0	31.68	46	-14.32

Table 14. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, FCC Limits with AC Adaptor

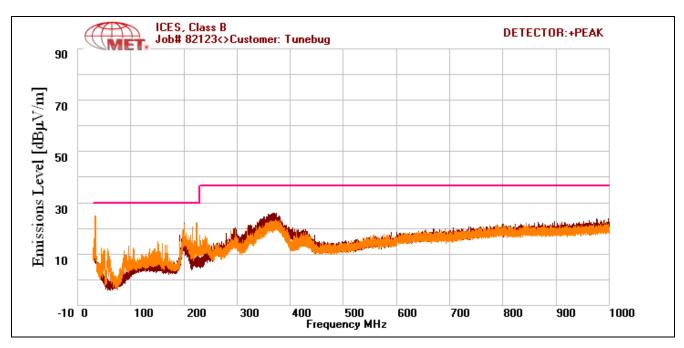


Plot 7. Radiated Emissions, FCC Limits with AC Adaptor



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
33.8	V	250	100	11.63	15.36	0	1.358	-10.46	17.88	30	-12.11
200.68	Н	209	100	10.27	10.527	0	3.908	-10.46	14.24	30	-15.75
200.76	V	147	100	11.69	10.646	0	3.907	-10.46	15.78	30	-14.21
223.92	V	0	100	10.7	11.092	0	3.829	-10.46	15.16	30	-14.83
368.16	Н	0	100	12.55	15.537	0	3.965	-10.46	21.59	37	-15.40
369	V	129	147	12.33	15.38	0	3.97	-10.46	21.22	37	-15.78

Table 15. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits with AC Adaptor



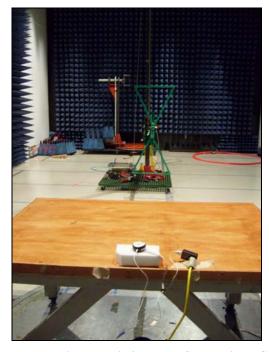
Plot 8. Radiated Emissions, ICES-003 Limits with AC Adaptor



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 4. Radiated Emission, Test Setup with Laptop



Photograph 5. Radiated Emission, Test Setup with AC Adaptor



IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results:

The EUT as tested is complied with the requirements of this section. The antenna is an integrated antenna and will be permanently attached to the unit.

Test Engineer(s):

Minh Ly

Test Date(s):

03/03/2010

Gain	Type	Model	Manufacturer
0.4dBi	integrated	A10192-L	antenova

Table 16. Antenna List



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Cond	ucted Limit (dBµV)
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 17. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 $\Omega/50~\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 $\Omega/50~\mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were preformed with the transmitter on.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were below applicable

limits.

Test Engineer(s):

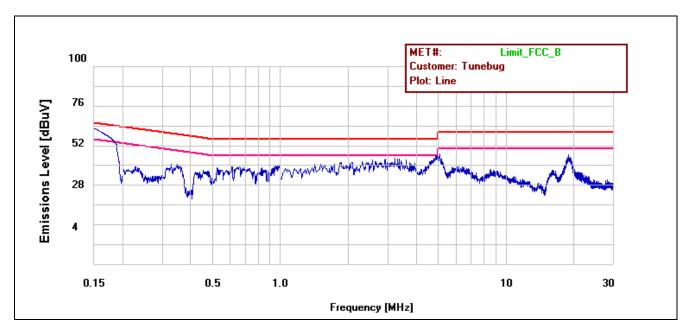
Minh Ly

Test Date(s):

06/09/10

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Line	0.153	49.12	65.836	-16.716	Pass	27.39	55.836	-28.446	Pass
Line	4.998	40.85	56	-15.15	Pass	34.96	46	-11.04	Pass
Line	18.9	38.43	60	-21.57	Pass	32.3	50	-17.7	Pass

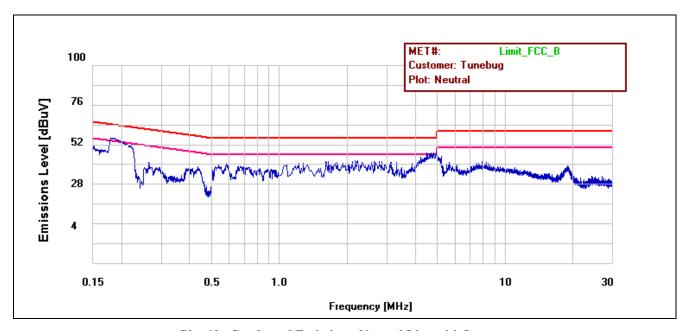
Table 18. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line, Test Results with Laptop



Plot 9. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line with Laptop

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Neutral	0.194	42.76	63.869	-21.109	Pass	27.87	53.869	-25.999	Pass
Neutral	2.77	32.07	56	-23.93	Pass	25.08	46	-20.92	Pass
Neutral	4.73	40.07	56	-15.93	Pass	33.9	46	-12.1	Pass

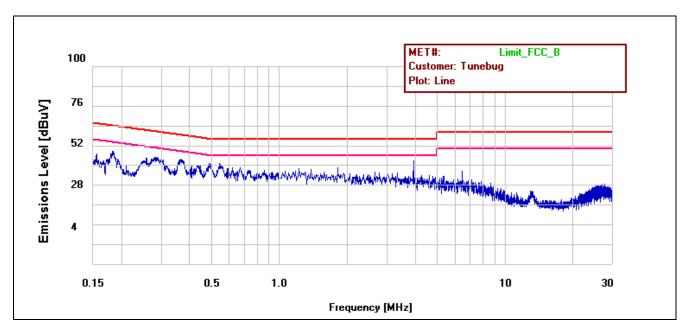
Table 19. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line, Test Results with Laptop



Plot 10. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line with Laptop

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Line	0.18	41.93	64.49	-22.56	Pass	28.95	54.49	-25.54	Pass
Line	0.284	37.52	60.713	-23.193	Pass	23.47	50.713	-27.243	Pass
Line	0.399	23.14	57.896	-34.756	Pass	11.39	47.896	-36.506	Pass

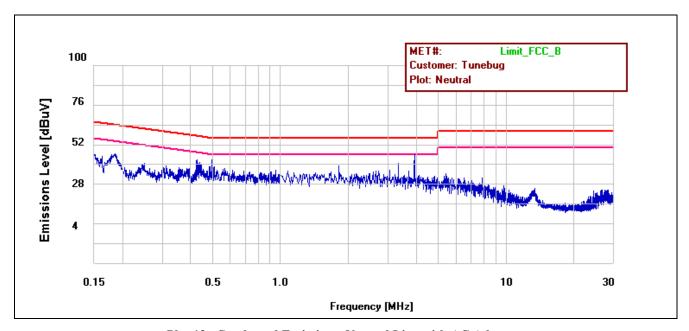
Table 20. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Phase Line, Test Results with AC Adaptor



Plot 11. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line with AC Adaptor

Line	Freq (MHz)	QP Amplitude	QP Limit	Delta	Pass	Average Amplitude	Average Limit	Delta	Pass
Neutral	0.182	43.86	64.398	-20.538	Pass	29.53	54.398	-24.868	Pass
Neutral	0.525	28.55	56	-27.45	Pass	15.07	46	-30.93	Pass
Neutral	0.989	25.66	56	-30.34	Pass	11.59	46	-34.41	Pass

Table 21. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Neutral Line, Test Results with AC Adaptor



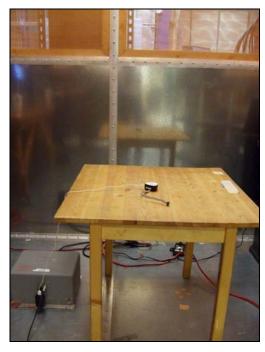
Plot 12. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line with AC Adaptor



15.207 Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photo



Photograph 6. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Test Setup with Laptop



Photograph 7. Conducted Emissions, 15.207, Test Setup with AC Adaptor

§ 15.247(a) Bandwidth and Channelization Requirements

Test Requirements:

§ 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. For DTS, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz. For frequency hopping systems, the EUT shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Procedure:

The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth. The 20 dB bandwidth was measured and recorded.

Test Results:

The EUT was found compliant with the Radiated Emission limits of §15.247(a) for Intentional Radiators. See following pages for detailed test results.

Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (kHz)	
Low	2402	832.35	854.47	
Mid	2441	912.07	862.65	
High	2480	883.76	852.82	

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 03/04/10

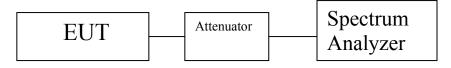
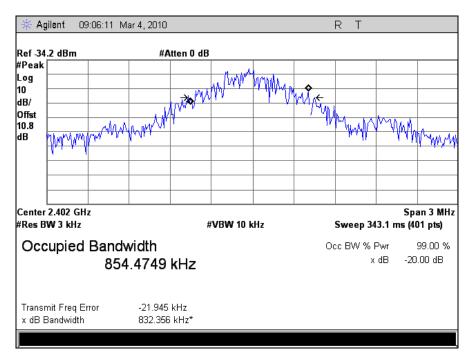


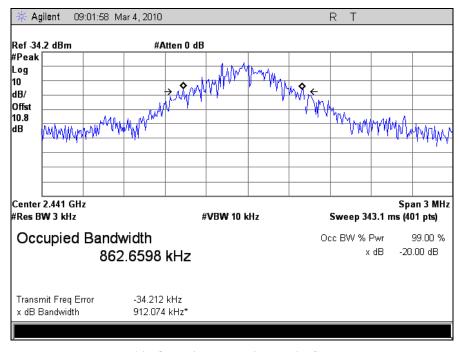
Figure 2. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

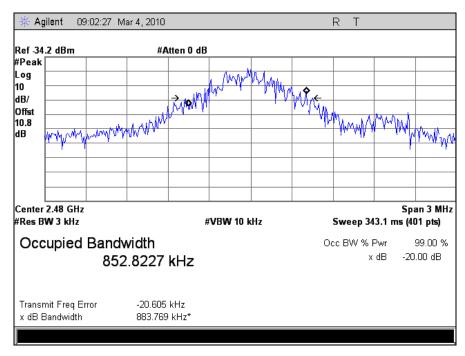


Plot 13. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel



Plot 14. Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Plot 15. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel



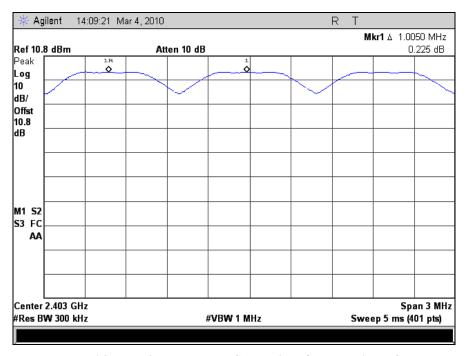
§ 15.247 Hopping Frequency Separation

Remarks: Total hopping channels = 79. The EUT meets the specifications of Section 15.247(a) (1) (iii)

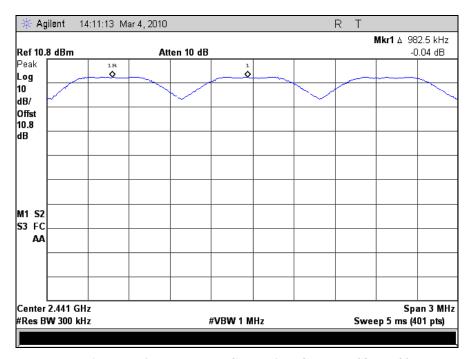
for Number of Hopping Channels.

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

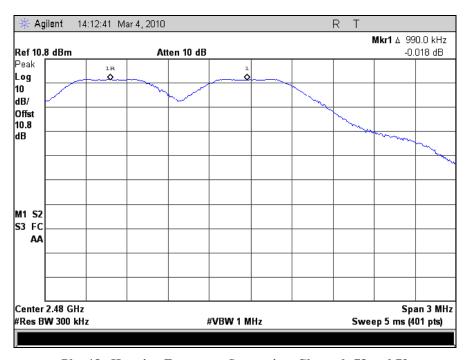
Test Date(s): 03/04/10



Plot 16. Hopping Frequency Separation, Channels 1 and 2



Plot 17. Hopping Frequency Separation, Channels 38 and 39



Plot 18. Hopping Frequency Separation, Channels 78 and 79

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247 Number of Channels and Time of Occupancy

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a) (1) (iii): Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band shall use at

least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular

frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Procedures: The EUT's transmitter output was connected directly to the spectrum analyzer. Plots were

taken in order to measure the number of channels and Dwell Time.

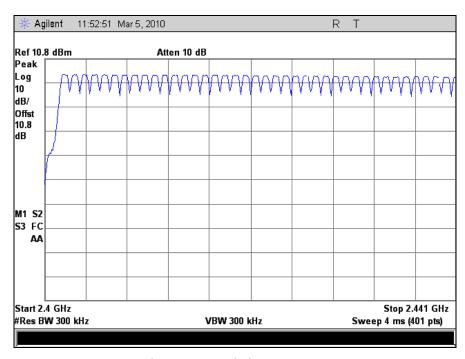
Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

1) Number of Channels

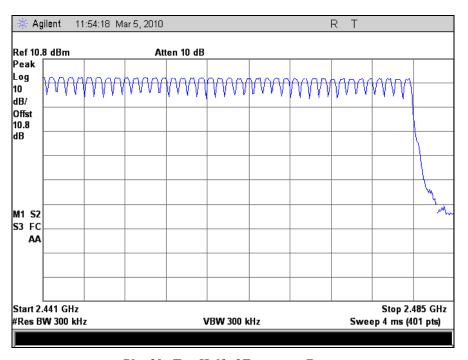
This device has 79 channels.

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 03/04/10



Plot 19. Bottom Half of Frequency Range



Plot 20. Top Half of Frequency Range



§ 15.247 Time of Occupancy

Remarks: The Dwell Time for each packet type is recorded .The device has 79 channels. The average time

of occupancy in a 31.6 seconds period (79 * 0.4) is equal to 10* (#of pulses)*pulse width.

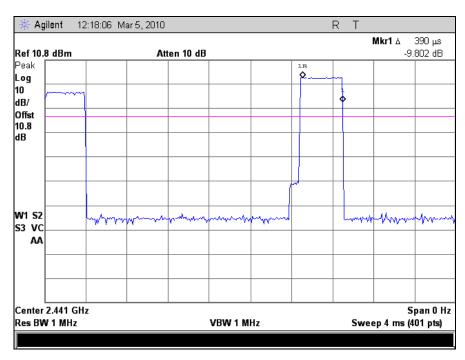
Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 03/04/10

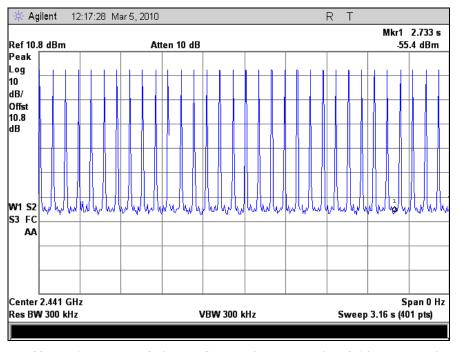
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Number of Pulses	Dwell Time (Sec)	Limit (Second)	Margin
1	0.39	320	0.124	0.4	0.276
3	1.64	160	0.262	0.4	0.138
5	2.88	100	0.288	0.4	0.112

Table 22. Time of Occupancy, Test Results

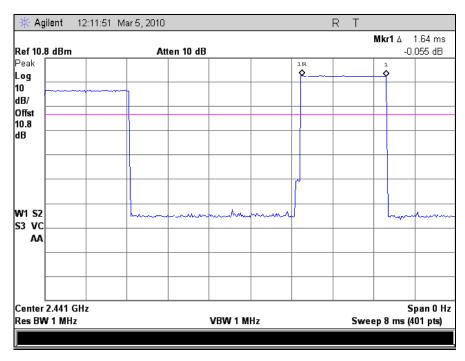
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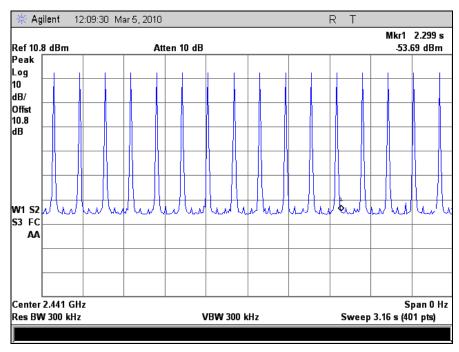
Plot 21. DH1, Pulse Width



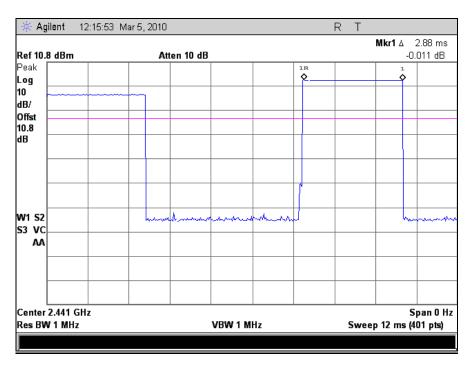
Plot 22. DH1, Number of Times a Channel is Repeated in a 3.16 second Period



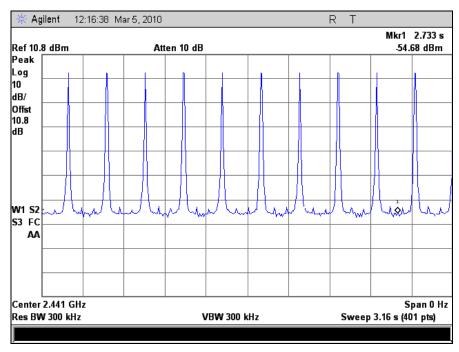
Plot 23. DH3, Pulse Width



Plot 24. DH3, Number of Times a Channel is Repeated in a 3.16 second Period



Plot 25. DH5, Pulse Width



Plot 26. DH5, Number of Times a Channel is Repeated in a 3.16 second Period



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

Table 23. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 23, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 - 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the

low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 03/04/10



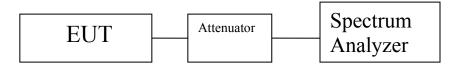
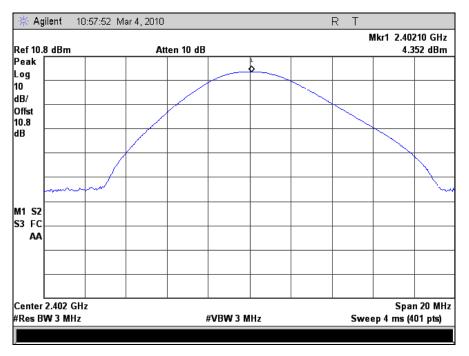


Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup

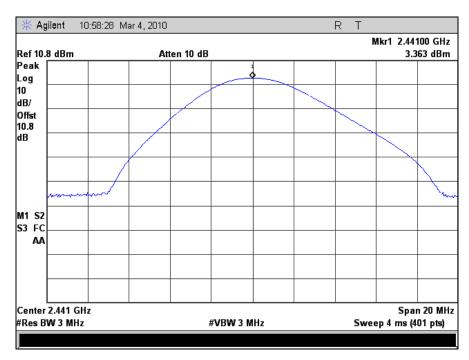
Peak Conducted Output Power							
Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output Power							
Channel	(MHz)	dBm					
Low	2402	4.352					
Mid	2441	3.363					
High	2480	4.939					

Table 24. RF Output Power Test Results

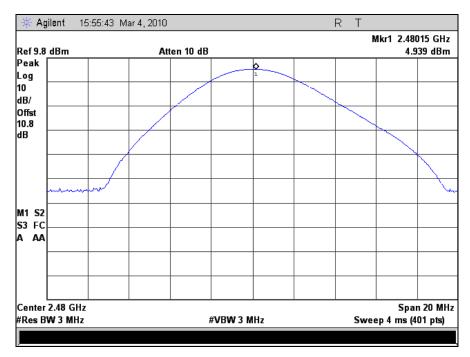
RF Output Power Test Results



Plot 27. Peak Output Power, Low Channel



Plot 28. Peak Output Power, Mid Channel



Plot 29. Peak Output Power, High Channel



§ 15.247(b) RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ $\underline{2400-2483.5 \text{ MHz}}$; highest conducted power = 16.18dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

EUT maximum antenna gain = 0.4 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \int PG / 4\pi S$

where, $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$

P = Power Input to antenna (3.12 mW)

G = Antenna Gain (1.09 numeric)

 $S = (3.12*1.09 / 4*3.14*20.0^2) = (3.40 / 5024) = 0.000676 \text{ mW/cm}^2 @ 20 \text{cm separation}$



§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495-0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 25. Restricted Bands of Operation

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¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 26.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 26. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels.

The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit like. Only noise floor was

measured above 18 GHz.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 03/03/10 and 06/09/10

Harmonic Emissions Requirements - Radiated

Frequency (GHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Raw Amp. @ 3m	Pre Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV/m)	Limit Detector Peak / Avg.	Margin
4.804	V	45.52	34.76	33.99	5.07	49.82	74	Peak	-24.18
7.206	V	46.25	35.00	36.75	6.23	54.22	74	Peak	-19.78
7.206	V	32.77	35.00	36.75	6.23	40.74	54	Avg.	-13.26
9.608	V	44.74	35.59	38.22	7.23	54.59	74	Peak	-19.41
9.608	V	32.05	35.59	38.22	7.23	41.90	54	Avg.	-12.10
12.01	V	42.77	35.02	39.83	9.44	57.02	74	Peak	-16.98
12.01	V	32.13	35.02	39.83	9.44	46.38	54	Avg.	-7.62

Table 27. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, Low Channel

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.

Frequency (GHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Raw Amp. @ 3m	Pre Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV/m)	Limit Detector Peak / Avg.	Margin
4.882	V	42.85	34.74	34.20	5.06	47.37	74	Peak	-26.63
7.323	V	43.87	35.03	37.00	6.34	52.18	74	Peak	-21.82
7.323	V	32.51	35.03	37.00	6.34	40.82	54	Avg.	-13.18
9.764	V	44.19	35.55	38.36	7.44	54.44	74	Peak	-19.56
9.764	V	32.74	35.55	38.36	7.44	42.99	54	Avg.	-11.01
12.205	V	43.55	34.93	39.74	9.14	57.50	74	Peak	-16.50
12.205	V	33.19	34.93	39.74	9.14	47.14	54	Avg.	-6.86

Table 28. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, Mid Channel

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.



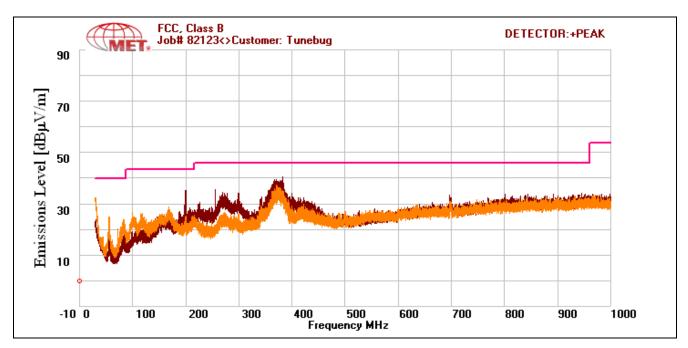
Frequency (GHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Raw Amp. @ 3m	Pre Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV/m)	Limit Detector Peak / Avg.	Margin
4.96	V	48.99	34.72	34.39	5.06	53.72	74	Peak	-20.28
4.96	V	36.48	34.72	34.39	5.06	41.21	54	Avg.	-12.79
7.44	V	42.8	35.08	37.21	6.41	51.34	74	Peak	-22.66
7.44	V	31.68	35.08	37.21	6.41	40.22	54	Avg.	-13.78
9.92	V	42.96	35.54	38.51	7.62	53.55	74	Peak	-20.45
9.92	V	32.78	35.54	38.51	7.62	43.37	54	Avg.	-10.63
12.4	V	43.22	34.69	39.72	8.63	56.88	74	Peak	-17.12

Table 29. Radiated Harmonic Emissions, High Channel

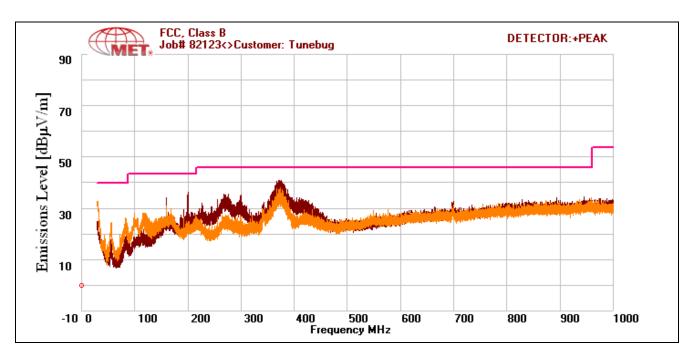
Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.



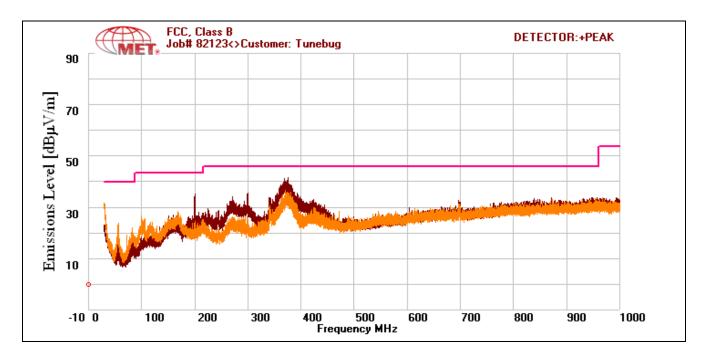
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel



Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel



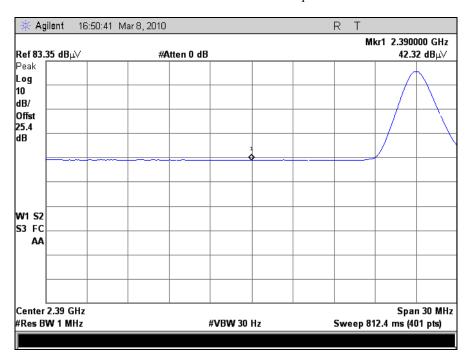
Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel



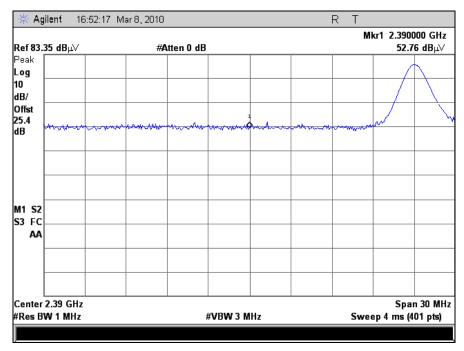
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures:

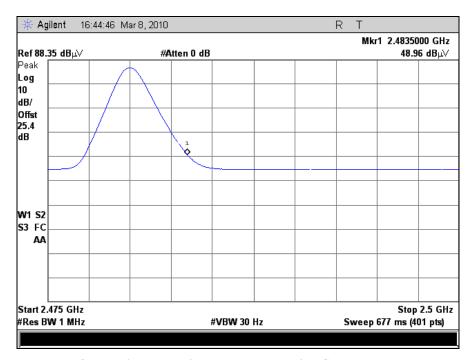
The transmitter was turned. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit like.



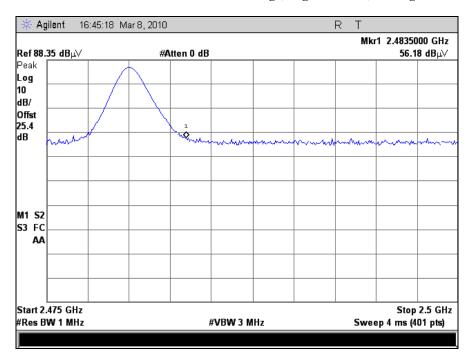
Plot 33. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Average



Plot 34. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak



Plot 35. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average



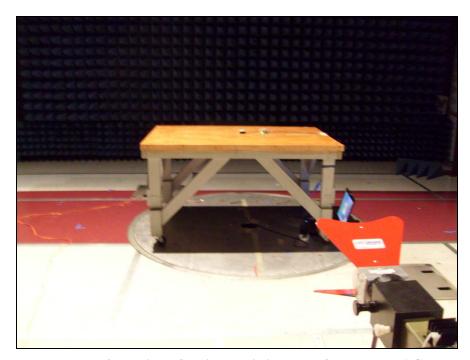
Plot 36. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak



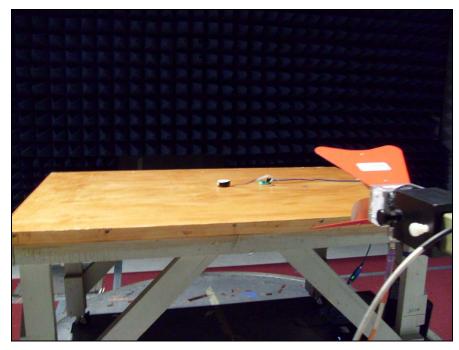
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 8. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, Below 1 GHz



Photograph 9. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, Above 1 GHz



Photograph 10. Restricted Band, Test Setup, 1m



RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

Test Requirements:

The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

(a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 30.

Spurious Frequency	Field Strength
(MHz)	(microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 - 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

Table 30. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

(b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Procedures:

The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Conducted measurements were taken at the antenna port of the EUT. 100 kHz resolution bandwidth was used from 30 MHz - 1 GHz and 1MHz resolution was used for measurements done above 1 GHz. All plots are corrected for cable loss.

Test Results:

Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN

Test Engineer(s):

Minh Ly

Test Date(s):

03/04/2010

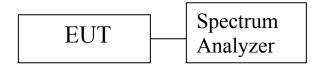
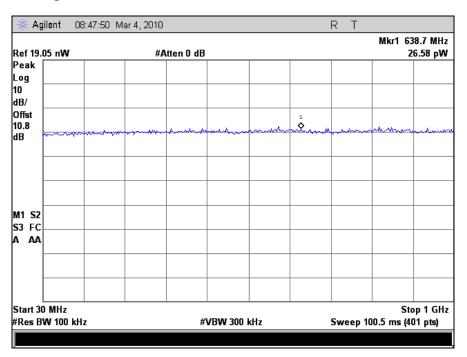


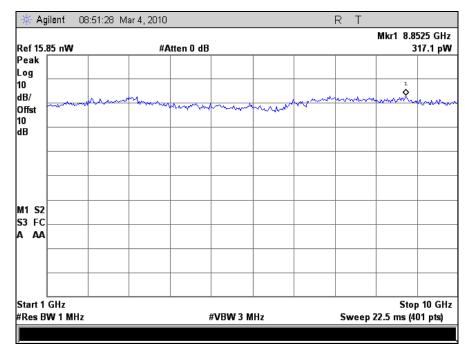
Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions



Plot 37. Receiver Spurious Emission, 30MHz -1GHz



Plot 38. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1GHz – 10GHz



§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement:

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at leas 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

A conducted version of the EUT was provided with a SMA connector at the antenna port. The spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz resolution bandwidth and 300 kHz video bandwidth. Measurements were taken at antenna port. Plots are corrected for external attenuation and cable loss.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): 03/04/10

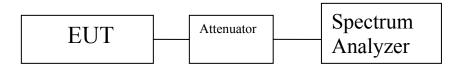
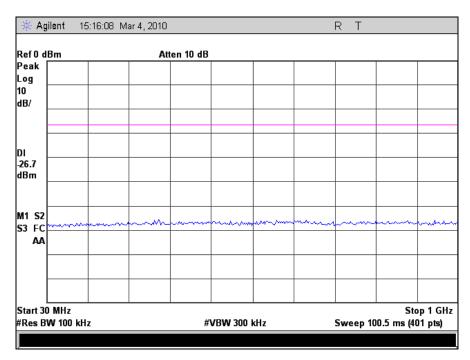
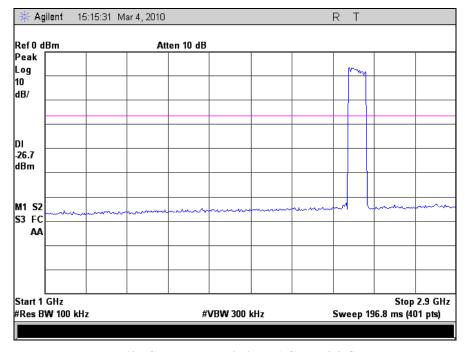


Figure 5. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

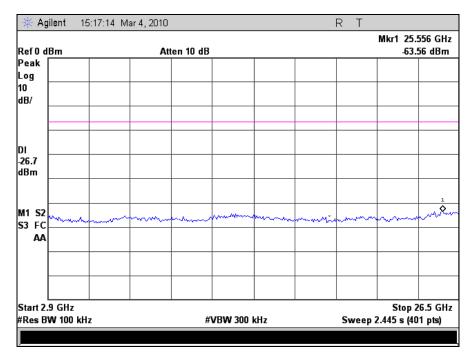


Plot 39. Conducted Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Plot 40. Conducted Emissions, 1 GHz – 2.9 GHz

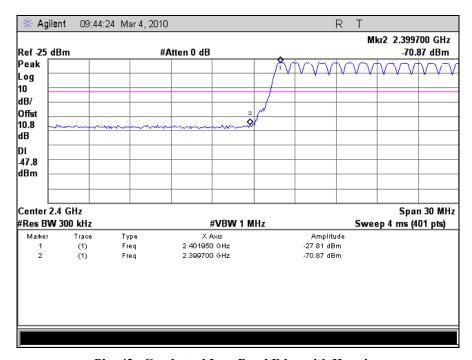




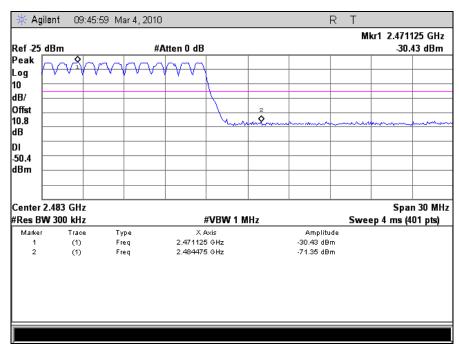
Plot 41. Conducted Emissions, 2.9 GHz - 26.5 GHz



Conducted Band Edge Test Results



Plot 42. Conducted Low Band Edge with Hopping



Plot 43. Conducted High Band Edge with Hopping



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1S2121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	PRE-AMPLIFIER HEWLETT PACKARD 8449		SEE NOTE	
1S2501	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESU40	06/03/2010	06/03/2011
1S2198	HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	09/03/2009	09/03/2010
1S2603	HORN ANTENNA	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	4/9/2009	4/9/2011
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE 1	NOTE
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE I	NOTE
1S2460	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	04/30/2010	04/30/2011
1S2488	SCREEN ROOM	UNIVERSAL	CUSTOM	01/20/2010	01/20/2011
1S2640	LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZER NETWORK	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	8610-50-TS- 100-N	03/10/2010	03/19/2011
1S2630	TRANSIENT LIMITER	FISCHER CUSTOM	FCC-450B- 2.4N	01/24/2010	01/24/2011
1S2482	5M CHAMBER	PANASHIELD	N/A	10/16/2009	10/16/2010
1S2484	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	CBL6112D	05/07/2010	05/07/2011
1S2519	DIGITAL THERMO/HYGROMETER	CONTROL COMPANY	11-661-7D	12/02/2009	12/02/2011
1S2108	RECIEVER, EMI, RF FILTER SECTION	HEWLETT PACKARD	85460A	11/10/2009	11/10/2010
1S2399	TURNTABLE CONTROLLER	SUNOL SCIENCE	SC99V	SEE 1	NOTE
1S2485	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	CBL6112D	03/20/2009	03/20/2010

Table 31. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

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- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

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¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

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Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements

were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination

on the request of the Minister.

Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus

to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's

manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [²] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [1] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

² Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.



End of Report

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