

HAC RF TEST REPORT

No. I19Z60566-SEM02

For

Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp.

Smart Phone

Model Name: U304AA

With

Hardware Version: V1.0

Software Version: U304AAV01.18.11

FCC ID: XD6U304AA

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2019-5-7



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

Test Laboratory:

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

No. 51, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191.

Tel:+86(0)10-62304633-2512, Fax:+86(0)10-62304633-2504



REPORT HISTORY

| Report Number | Revision | Issue Date | Description |
|-----------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|
| I19Z60566-SEM02 | Rev.0 | 2019-5-7 | Initial creation of test report |



TABLE OF CONTENT

| 1 TEST LABORATORY | 5 |
|---|----|
| 1.1 Testing Location | 5 |
| 1.2 Testing Environment | |
| 1.3 Project Data | 5 |
| 1.4 Signature | 5 |
| 2 CLIENT INFORMATION | 6 |
| 2.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION | |
| 2.2 Manufacturer Information | 6 |
| 3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE) | 7 |
| 3.1 ABOUT EUT | |
| 3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test | |
| 3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test | |
| 3.4 AIR INTERFACES / BANDS INDICATING OPERATING MODES | |
| 4 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT | 8 |
| 5 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS | 9 |
| 5.1 Reference Documents for testing | 9 |
| 6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST | 10 |
| 6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP | 10 |
| 6.2 Probe Specification | 11 |
| 6.3TEST ARCH PHANTOM &PHONE POSITIONER | 12 |
| 6.4ROBOTIC SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS | |
| 7 EUT ARRANGEMENT | 13 |
| 7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane | 13 |
| 8 SYSTEM VALIDATION | |
| 8.1 VALIDATION PROCEDURE | 14 |
| 8.2 VALIDATION RESULT | 14 |
| 9 EVALUATION OF MIF | 15 |
| 9.1 Introduction | 15 |
| 9.2 MIF MEASUREMENT WITH THE AIA | 16 |
| 9.3 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR THE MIF MEASUREMENT | 16 |
| 9.4 Test signal validation | 16 |
| 9.5 DUT MIF RESULTS | 17 |
| 10 EVALUATION FOR LOW-POWER EXEMPTION | 19 |
| 10.1 Product testing threshold | |
| 10.2 CONDUCTED POWER | |
| 10.3 Conclusion | 19 |



| 11 RF TES | T PROCEDUERES | 20 |
|------------|--------------------------------|----|
| 12 MEASU | REMENT RESULTS (E-FIELD) | 21 |
| 13 ANSIC 6 | 63.19-2011 LIMITS | 21 |
| 14 MEASU | REMENT UNCERTAINTY | 22 |
| 15 MAIN TI | EST INSTRUMENTS | 23 |
| 16 CONCL | USION | 23 |
| ANNEX A | TEST LAYOUT | 24 |
| ANNEX B | TEST PLOTS | 25 |
| ANNEX C | SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT | 31 |
| ANNEX D | PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE | 34 |
| ANNEX E | DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE | 45 |



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

| CompanyName: | CTTL(Shouxiang) |
|--------------|--|
| Address: | No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, |
| | Beijing, P. R. China100191 |

1.2 Testing Environment

| Temperature: | 18°C~25°C, |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Relative humidity: | 30%~ 70% |
| Ground system resistance: | < 0.5 Ω |
| | |

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

| Project Leader: | Qi Dianyuan |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Test Engineer: | Lin Hao |
| Testing Start Date: | May 5, 2019 |
| Testing End Date: | May 5, 2019 |

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

| Company Name: | Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp. | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Address /Post: | 4/F, H-3 Building,OCT Eastern Industrial Park. NO.1 XiangShan East | | |
| Address / Fost. | Road, Nan Shan District, Shenzhen, P.R.China | | |
| Contact: | Jingwen.Guo | | |
| Email: | jingwen.guo@tinno.com | | |
| Telephone: | 0755-86095550 | | |
| Fax: | / | | |

2.2 Manufacturer Information

| Company Name: | Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp. | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| Address /Deats | 4/F, H-3 Building,OCT Eastern Industrial Park. NO.1 XiangShan East | | |
| Address /Post: | Road, Nan Shan District, Shenzhen, P.R.China | | |
| Contact: | Jingwen.Guo | | |
| Email: | jingwen.guo@tinno.com | | |
| Telephone: | 0755-86095550 | | |
| Fax: | / | | |



3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

| Description: | Smart Phone | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Model name: | U304AA | |
| Operating mode(s): | GSM 850/900/1800/1900 WCDMA850/1700/1900 | |
| | LTE B2/4/5/12/14/30, BT, WiFi | |

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

| EUT ID* | IMEI | HW Version | SW Version |
|---------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| EUT1 | 863382040009357 | V1.0 | U304AAV01.18.11 |
| EUT2 | 863382040009316 | V1.0 | U304AAV01.18.11 |

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the EUT1 and conducted power with the EUT2.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

| AE ID* | Description | Model | SN | Manufacturer | | | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|----|--------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Λ = 1 | Pottory | LT25H426271B | 0 | Shenzhen | BYD | Lithium | Battery |
| ALI | AE1 Battery | L1231 H2027 1D | U | Company L | imited | | |

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

| Air-interface | Band(MHz) | Туре | C63.19/tested | Simultaneous Transmissions | ОТТ |
|---------------|---------------------|------|---------------|-------------------------------|-----|
| GSM | 850 | VO | Yes | | |
| GSIVI | 1900 | VO | 162 | BT, WLAN | NA |
| GPRS/EDGE | 850 | - DT | NA | DI, WLAIN | NA |
| GPK5/EDGE | 1900 | יט [| | | |
| | 850 | | | | |
| WCDMA | 1700 | VO | Yes | BT, WLAN | NA |
| (UMTS) | 1900 | | | DI, WLAIN | IVA |
| | HSPA | DT | NA | | |
| LTE FDD | Band 2/4/5/12/14/30 | V/D | Yes | BT, WLAN | NA |
| BT | 2450 | DT | NA | GSM,WCDMA,LTE | NA |
| WLAN | 2450 | V/D | NA | GSM,WCDMA,LTE | NA |

VO: Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only V/D: Voice CMRS/PSTN and Data Service DT: Digital Transport

Note1 = No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

^{*} HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating



4 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

| 2011 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| GSM 850MHz | Channel 251(848.8MHz) | Channel 190(836.6MHz) | Channel 128(824.2MHz) | | |
| 650WIFI2 | 32.04 | 32.09 | 32.03 | | |
| GSM | | Conducted Power(dBm) | | | |
| 1900MHz | Channel 810(1909.8MHz) | Channel 661(1880MHz) | Channel 512(1850.2MHz) | | |
| 190011112 | 28.38 | 28.37 | 28.21 | | |
| MODMA | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| WCDMA 850MHz | Channel 4233(846.6MHz) | Channel 4182(836.4MHz) | Channel 4132(826.4MHz) | | |
| 650WIFI2 | 24.32 | 24.34 | 24.28 | | |
| WODMA | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| WCDMA | Channel 1513 (1752.6MHz) | Channel 1412 (1732.4MHz) | Channel 1312 (1712.4MHz) | | |
| 1700MHz | 21.39 | 21.40 | 21.43 | | |
| MODMA | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| WCDMA | Channel 9538(1907.6MHz) | Channel 9400(1880MHz) | Channel 9262(1852.4MHz) | | |
| 1900MHz | 22.04 | 22.06 | 22.02 | | |
| 1.TE D 10 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| LTE Band2 | Channel 19100(1900MHz) | Channel18900(1880MHz) | Channel 18700(1860MHz) | | |
| QPSK | 23.61 | 23.60 | 23.60 | | |
| LTE Dondo | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| LTE Band2 16QAM | Channel 19100(1900MHz) | Channel18900(1880MHz) | Channel 18700(1860MHz) | | |
| TOQAW | 22.76 | 22.86 | 22.74 | | |
| LTE Daniel | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| LTE Band2 64QAM | Channel 19100(1900MHz) | Channel18900(1880MHz) | Channel 18700(1860MHz) | | |
| 04QAW | 21.14 | 21.15 | 21.15 | | |
| LTE Band4 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| QPSK | Channel 20300(1745MHz) | Channel 20175(1732.5MHz) | Channel 20050(1720MHz) | | |
| QF3N | 22.99 | 22.98 | 23.04 | | |
| LTE Band4 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| 16QAM | Channel 20300(1745MHz) | Channel 20175(1732.5MHz) | Channel 20050(1720MHz) | | |
| IOQAW | 22.05 | 22.06 | 22.25 | | |
| LTE Band4 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| 64QAM | Channel 20300(1745MHz) | Channel 20175(1732.5MHz) | Channel 20050(1720MHz) | | |
| 04QAW | 21.01 | 20.80 | 21.18 | | |
| LTE Band5 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| QPSK | Channel 20600(844MHz) | Channel 20525(836.5MHz) | Channel20450(829MHz) | | |
| WESK | 24.21 | 24.21 | 24.28 | | |
| LTE Band5 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| 16QAM | Channel 20600(844MHz) | Channel 20525(836.5MHz) | Channel20450(829MHz) | | |
| IUQAWI | 23.33 | 23.45 | 23.41 | | |
| LTE Band5 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| 64QAM | Channel 20600(844MHz) | Channel 20525(836.5MHz) | Channel20450(829MHz) | | |



| | 22.49 | 22.54 | 22.56 | | |
|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| LTE Band12 | Channel 23130(711MHz) | Channel 23095(707.5MHz) | Channel23060(704MHz) | | |
| QPSK - | 23.63 | 23.64 | 23.65 | | |
| LTE Band12 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| 16QAM | Channel 23130(711MHz) | Channel 23095(707.5MHz) | Channel23060(704MHz) | | |
| TOGAW | 22.66 | 22.69 | 22.69 | | |
| LTE Band12 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| 64QAM | Channel 23130(711MHz) | Channel 23095(707.5MHz) | Channel23060(704MHz) | | |
| UTQAW | 21.64 | 21.65 | 21.68 | | |
| LTE Band14 | | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
| QPSK - | Channel 23330(793MHz) | | | | |
| QI OIL | 23.37 | | | | |
| LTE Band14 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| 16QAM | Channel 23330(793MHz) | | | | |
| TOQAM | 22.51 | | | | |
| LTE Band14 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| 64QAM | Channel 23330(793MHz) | | | | |
| 01471111 | 21.44 | | | | |
| LTE Band30 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| QPSK - | Channel 27710(2310MHz) | | | | |
| ~. J. | 22.69 | | | | |
| LTE Band30 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| 16QAM | Channel 27710(2310MHz) | | | | |
| | 21.87 | | | | |
| LTE Band30 | Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | |
| 64QAM | Channel 27710(2310MHz) | | | | |
| | | 21.08 | | | |

5 Reference Documents

5.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

| Reference | Title | Version | | |
|-------------------|--|---------|--|--|
| ANSI C63.19-2011 | American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of | 2011 | | |
| | Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and | Edition | | |
| | Hearing Aids | | | |
| FCC 47 CFR §20.19 | Hearing Aid Compatible Mobile Headsets | | | |
| | | | | |
| KDB 285076 D01 | Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility | | | |



6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick),and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

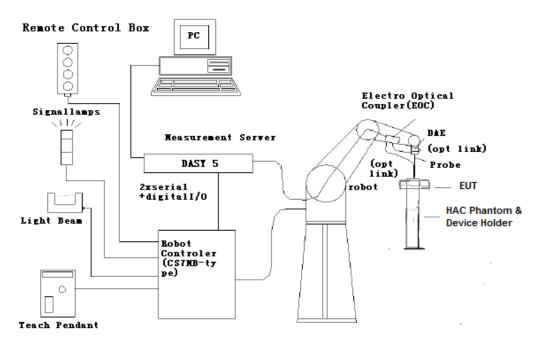


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



6.2 Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

Construction One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

Calibration In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%,

k=2)

Frequency 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Application General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz

Field component measurements

Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]



6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $<\pm 0.5$ dB.

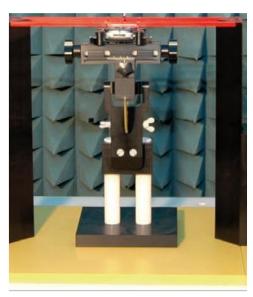


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

6.4Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock



7 EUT ARRANGEMENT

7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- •The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

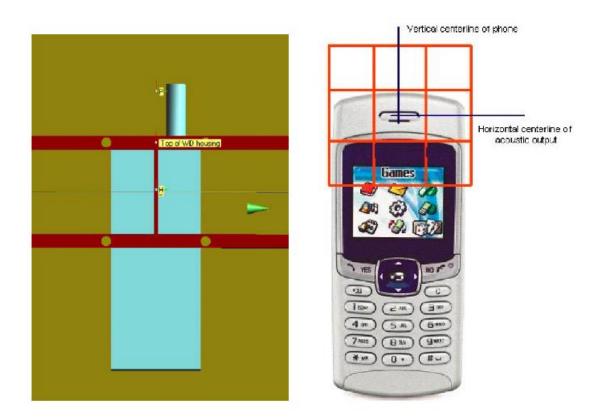


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements



8 SYSTEM VALIDATION

8.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- •The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- •The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

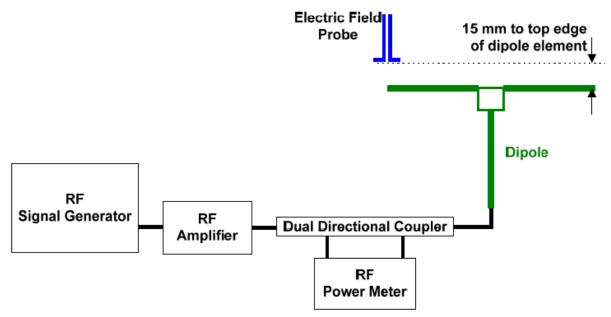


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

8.2 Validation Result

| E-Field Scan | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Input Power (mW) | Measured ¹ Value(dBV/m) | Target ² Value(dBV/m) | Deviation ³ (%) | Limit ⁴ (%) |
| CW | 835 | 100 | 40.76 | 40.91 | -1.71 | ±25 |
| CW | 1880 | 100 | 39.25 | 39.01 | 2.80 | ±25 |
| CW | 2600 | 100 | 38.81 | 38.72 | 1.04 | ±25 |

Notes:

- 1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
- 2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3. Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
- 4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within \pm 25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.



9 Evaluation of MIF

9.1 Introduction

The MIF (Modulation Interference Factor) is used to classify E-field emission to determine Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC). It scales the power-averaged signal to the RF audio interference level and is characteristic to a modulation scheme. The HAC standard preferred "indirect" measurement method is based on average field measurement with separate scaling by the MIF. With an Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA) designed by SPEAG specifically for the MIF measurement, these values have been verified by practical measurements on an RF signal modulated with each of the waveforms. The resulting deviations from the simulated values are within the requirements of the HAC standard.

The AIA (Audio Interference Analyzer) is an USB powered electronic sensor to evaluate signals in the frequency range 698MHz - 6 GHz. It contains RMS detector and audio frequency circuits for sampling of the RF envelope.

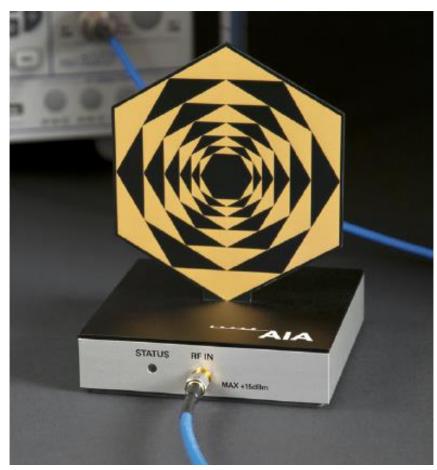


Fig. 5 AIA Front View



9.2 MIF measurement with the AIA

The MIF is measured with the AIA as follows:

- 1. Connect the AIA via USB to the DASY5 PC and verify the configuration settings.
- 2. Couple the RF signal to be evaluated to an AIA via cable or antenna.
- 3. Generate a MIF measurement job for the unknown signal and select the measurement port and timing settings.
- 4. Document the results via the post processor in a report.

9.3 Test equipment for the MIF measurement

| No. | Name | Type | Serial Number | Manufacturer |
|-----|------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 01 | Signal Generator | E4438C | MY49071430 | Agilent |
| 02 | AIA | SE UMS 170 CB | 1029 | SPEAG |
| 03 | BTS | E5515C | MY50263375 | Agilent |

9.4 Test signal validation

The signal generator (E4438C) is used to generate a 1GHz signal with different modulation in the below table based on the ANSI C63.19-2011. The measured MIF with AIA are compared with the target values given in ANSI C63.19-2011 table D.3, D.4 and D5.

| Pulse modulation | Target MIF | Measured MIF | Deviation |
|--|------------|--------------|-----------|
| 0.5ms pulse, 1000Hz repetition rate | -0.9 dB | -0.9 dB | 0 dB |
| 1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate | +3.9 dB | +3.7 dB | 0.2 dB |
| 0.1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate | +10.1 dB | +10.0 dB | 0.1 dB |
| 10ms pulse, 10Hz repetition rate | +1.6 dB | +1.7 dB | 0.1 dB |
| Sine-wave modulation | Target MIF | Measured MIF | Deviation |
| 1 kHz, 80% AM | -1.2 dB | -1.3 dB | 0.1 dB |
| 1 kHz, 10% AM | -9.1 dB | -9.0 dB | 0.1 dB |
| 1 kHz, 1% AM | -19.1 dB | -18.9 dB | 0.2 dB |
| 100 Hz, 10% AM | -16.1 dB | -16.0 dB | 0.1 dB |
| 10 kHz, 10% AM | -21.5 dB | -21.6 dB | 0.1 dB |
| Transmission protocol | Target MIF | Measured MIF | Deviation |
| GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low | +3.5 dB | +3.47 dB | 0.03 dB |
| WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s | -20.0 dB | -19.8 dB | 0.2 dB |
| CDMA; speech; SO3; RC3; full frame rate; 8kEVRC | -19.0 dB | -19.1 dB | 0.1 dB |
| CDMA; speech; SO3; RC1; 1/8 th frame rate; 8kEVRC | +3.3 dB | +3.44 dB | 0.14 dB |



9.5 DUT MIF results

| Typical MIF levels in ANSI C63.19-2011 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Transmission protocol | Modulation interference factor | | |
| GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low | +3.5 dB | | |
| WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s | -20.0 dB | | |
| LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK) | -15.63 dB | | |
| LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM) | -9.76 dB | | |
| LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM) | -9.93 dB | | |
| LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK) | -1.62 dB | | |
| LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM) | -1.44 dB | | |
| LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM) | -1.54 dB | | |
| CDMA; speech; SO3; RC1; 1/8 th frame rate; 8kEVRC | +3.3 dB | | |

| Measured MIF levels | | | |
|---------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Band | Channel | Modulation interference factor (dB) | |
| | 251 | 3.46 | |
| GSM 850 | 190 | 3.46 | |
| | 128 | 3.41 | |
| | 810 | 3.51 | |
| GSM 1900 | 661 | 3.56 | |
| | 512 | 3.32 | |
| | 4233 | -22.76 | |
| WCDMA 850 | 4182 | -22.62 | |
| | 4132 | -22.61 | |
| | 1513 | -22.65 | |
| WCDMA 1700 | 1412 | -22.73 | |
| | 1312 | -22.41 | |
| | 9538 | -22.65 | |
| WCDMA 1900 | 9400 | -22.93 | |
| | 9262 | -22.74 | |
| 1.75.0 | 19100 | -14.96 | |
| LTE Band2 QPSK | 18900 | -15.08 | |
| QI OIL | 18700 | -14.80 | |
| LTE Dand4 | 20300 | -15.18 | |
| LTE Band4 QPSK | 20175 | -15.18 | |
| Qi UIV | 20050 | -15.09 | |
| | 20600 | -14.80 | |
| LTE Band5 QPSK | 20525 | -14.98 | |
| QI OIN | 20450 | -14.79 | |
| | 23130 | -14.80 | |
| LTE Band12 QPSK | 23095 | -15.03 | |
| QI UIV | 23060 | -14.79 | |



| LTE Band14 QPSK | 23330 | -15.04 |
|---------------------|-------|--------|
| LTE Band30 QPSK | 27710 | -14.99 |
| LTE Dando | 19100 | -9.89 |
| LTE Band2 16QAM | 18900 | -10.12 |
| 100, 1111 | 18700 | -10.39 |
| LTE Band4 | 20300 | -10.34 |
| 16QAM | 20175 | -10.36 |
| 100/11/1 | 20050 | -10.11 |
| 1.TE D 15 | 20600 | -11.29 |
| LTE Band5 16QAM | 20525 | -10.35 |
| 100/11/1 | 20450 | -10.36 |
| 1.T.F. D. 11.0 | 23130 | -11.36 |
| LTE Band12 16QAM | 23095 | -10.34 |
| 100/11/1 | 23060 | -10.33 |
| LTE Band14 16QAM | 23330 | -10.11 |
| LTE Band30 16QAM | 27710 | -10.61 |
| LTE D 10 | 19100 | -10.10 |
| LTE Band2 64QAM | 18900 | -10.08 |
| O T Q/ tivi | 18700 | -11.36 |
| | 20300 | -10.03 |
| LTE Band4 64QAM | 20175 | -10.10 |
| O+Q/ (IVI | 20050 | -10.01 |
| | 20600 | -11.12 |
| LTE Band5 64QAM | 20525 | -11.13 |
| UTQAW | 20450 | -11.10 |
| | 23130 | -10.03 |
| LTE Band12 64QAM | 23095 | -10.48 |
| UTQAW | 23060 | -11.34 |
| LTE Band14 64QAM | 23330 | -11.31 |
| LTE Band30 64QAM | 27710 | -11.25 |



10 Evaluation for low-power exemption

10.1 Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals \leq 50 μ s20, is \leq 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4. The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

10.2 Conducted power

| Band | Average power (dBm) | MIF (dB) | Sum (dBm) |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|
| GSM 850 | 32.09 | 3.46 | 35.55 |
| GSM 1900 | 28.38 | 3.56 | 31.94 |
| WCDMA 850 | 24.34 | -22.61 | 1.73 |
| WCDMA 1700 | 21.43 | -22.41 | -0.98 |
| WCDMA 1900 | 22.06 | -22.65 | -0.59 |
| LTE Band 2 QPSK | 23.61 | -14.80 | 8.81 |
| LTE Band 4 QPSK | 23.04 | -15.09 | 7.95 |
| LTE Band 5 QPSK | 24.28 | -14.78 | 9.5 |
| LTE Band 12 QPSK | 23.65 | -14.79 | 8.86 |
| LTE Band 14 QPSK | 23.37 | -15.04 | 8.33 |
| LTE Band 30 QPSK | 22.69 | -14.99 | 7.7 |
| LTE Band 2 16QAM | 22.86 | -9.89 | 12.97 |
| LTE Band 4 16QAM | 22.25 | -10.11 | 12.14 |
| LTE Band 5 16QAM | 23.45 | -10.35 | 13.1 |
| LTE Band 12 16QAM | 22.69 | -10.33 | 12.36 |
| LTE Band 14 16QAM | 22.51 | -10.11 | 12.4 |
| LTE Band 30 16QAM | 21.87 | -10.61 | 11.26 |
| LTE Band 2 64QAM | 21.15 | -10.08 | 11.07 |
| LTE Band 4 64QAM | 21.18 | -10.01 | 11.17 |
| LTE Band 5 64QAM | 22.56 | -11.10 | 11.46 |
| LTE Band 12 64QAM | 21.68 | -10.03 | 11.65 |
| LTE Band 14 64QAM | 21.44 | -11.31 | 10.13 |
| LTE Band 30 64QAM | 21.08 | -11.25 | 9.83 |

10.3 Conclusion

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for WCDMA, LTE FDD are less than 17dBm. So it is measured for GSM bands. The WCDMA, LTE FDD are exempt from testing and rated as M4.



11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.



12 Measurement Results (E-Field)

| Fred | luency | Measured Power Prift (dR) | | Cotomomy | | |
|--------|----------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| MHz | Channel | Value(dBV/m) | Power Drift (dB) | Category | | |
| | GSM 850 | | | | | |
| 848.8 | 251 | 34.16 | 0.06 | M4 (see Fig B.1) | | |
| 836.6 | 190 | 34.89 | 0.02 | M4 (see Fig B.2) | | |
| 824.2 | 128 | 35.40 | 0 | M4 (see Fig B.3) | | |
| | GSM 1900 | | | | | |
| 1909.8 | 810 | 26.01 | 0 | M4 (see Fig B.4) | | |
| 1880 | 661 | 26.17 | -0.16 | M4 (see Fig B.5) | | |
| 1850.2 | 512 | 25.34 | 0.05 | M4 (see Fig B.6) | | |

13 ANSIC 63.19-2011 LIMITS

WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

| Emission categories | < 960 MHz E | -field emissions |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Category M1 | 50 to 55 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M2 | 45 to 50 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M3 | 40 to 45 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M4 | < 40 | dB (V/m) |
| Emission categories | > 960 MHz E-field emissions | |
| Category M1 | 40 to 45 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M2 | 35 to 40 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M3 | 30 to 35 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M4 | < 30 | dB (V/m) |



14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| No. | Error source | Туре | Uncertainty Value(%) | Prob. Dist. | k | c _i E | Standard Uncertainty (%) u; (%)E | Degree of freedom V _{eff} or <i>v</i> _i |
|------|--------------------------------|------|----------------------|----------------|------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Meas | Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Probe Calibration | В | 5. | N | 1 | 1 | 5.1 | 8 |
| 2 | Axial Isotropy | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| 3 | Sensor Displacement | В | 16.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 9.5 | 8 |
| 4 | Boundary Effects | В | 2.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| 5 | Linearity | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| 6 | Scaling to Peak Envelope Power | В | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| 7 | System Detection Limit | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| 8 | Readout Electronics | В | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| 9 | Response Time | В | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| 10 | Integration Time | В | 2.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.5 | ∞ |
| 11 | RF Ambient Conditions | В | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| 12 | RF Reflections | В | 12.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 6.9 | ∞ |
| 13 | Probe Positioner | В | 1.2 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.7 | ∞ |
| 14 | Probe Positioning | Α | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| 15 | Extra. And Interpolation | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Test | Test Sample Related | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Device Positioning Vertical | В | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | 8 |
| 17 | Device Positioning Lateral | В | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| 18 | Device Holder and Phantom | В | 2.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| 19 | Power Drift | В | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.9 | ∞ |



| 20 | AIA measurement | В | 12 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 6.9 | ∞ |
|------|--|---|--------------|---|------------|---|------|---|
| Pha | Phantom and Setup related | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Phantom Thickness | В | 2.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.4 | 8 |
| Coml | Combined standard uncertainty(%) 16.2 | | | | | | | |
| 1 | nded uncertainty idence interval of 95 %) | ι | $u_e = 2u_c$ | Z | k=: | 2 | 32.4 | |

15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 1: List of Main Instruments

| No. | Name | Туре | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Valid Period |
|-----|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 01 | Signal Generator | E4438C | MY49071430 | January 23, 2019 | One Year |
| 02 | Power meter | NRVD | 102083 | October 24, 2018 | One year |
| 03 | Power sensor | NRV-Z5 | 100542 | October 24, 2016 | One year |
| 04 | Amplifier | 60S1G4 | 0331848 | No Calibration Re | quested |
| 05 | E-Field Probe | EF3DV3 | 4060 | June 12, 2018 | One year |
| 06 | DAE | SPEAG DAE4 | 1555 | August 20, 2018 | One year |
| 07 | HAC Dipole | CD835V3 | 1023 | August 28, 2018 | One year |
| 08 | HAC Dipole | CD1880V3 | 1018 | August 28, 2018 | One year |
| 09 | HAC Dipole | CD2600V3 | 1017 | August 22, 2018 | One year |
| 10 | BTS | E5515C | MY50263375 | January 17, 2019 | One year |
| 11 | AIA | SE UMS 170 CB | 1029 | No Calibration Re | quested |

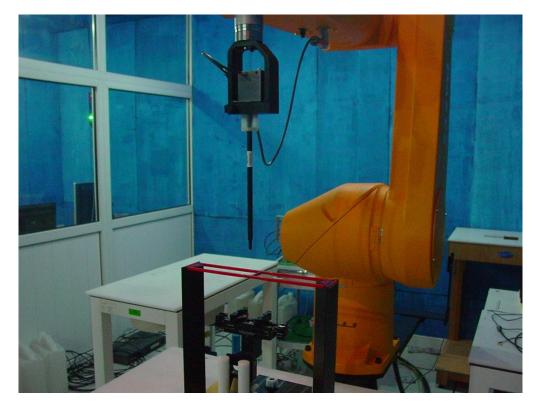
16 CONCLUSION

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSIC63.19-2011. The total M-rating is M4.

END OF REPORT BODY



ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1:HAC RF System Layout



ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM850/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

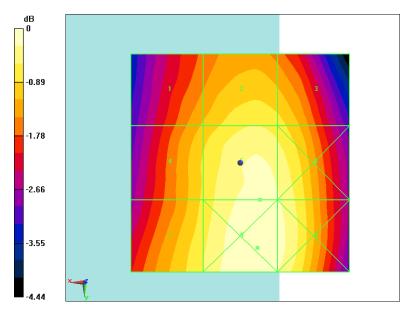
Reference Value = 41.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.46 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.16 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 33.16 dBV/m | 33.7 dBV/m | 33.55 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 33.47 dBV/m | 34.16 dBV/m | 34.04 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 33.69 dBV/m | 34.29 dBV/m | 34.14 dBV/m |



0 dB = 51.82 V/m = 34.29 dBV/m

Fig B.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM850/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

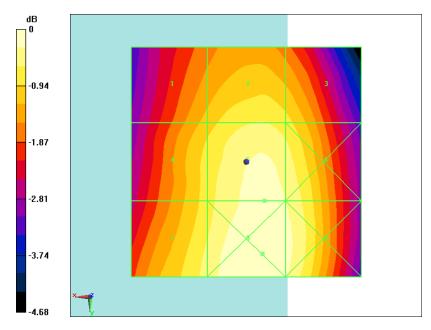
Reference Value = 45.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.46 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.89 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 33.97 dBV/m | 34.46 dBV/m | 34.27 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 34.29 dBV/m | 34.89 dBV/m | 34.75 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 34.57 dBV/m | 35.07 dBV/m | 34.88 dBV/m |



0 dB = 56.66 V/m = 35.07 dBV/m

Fig B.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM850/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

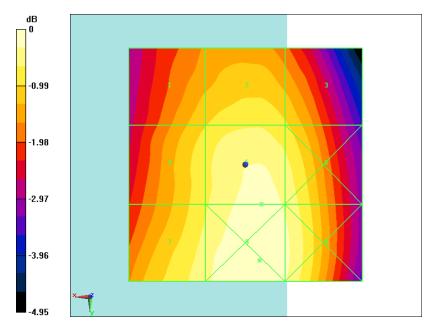
Reference Value = 48.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 3.41 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.40 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 34.58 dBV/m | 34.9 dBV/m | 34.65 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 34.88 dBV/m | 35.4 dBV/m | 35.21 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 35.17 dBV/m | 35.58 dBV/m | 35.35 dBV/m |



0 dB = 60.13 V/m = 35.58 dBV/m

Fig B.3 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM1900/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

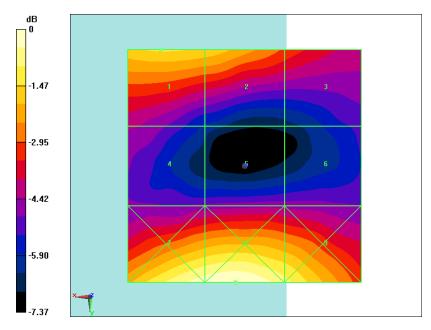
Reference Value = 7.143 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.01 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 26.01 dBV/m | 25.78 dBV/m | 24.35 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 23.08 dBV/m | 22.82 dBV/m | 22.76 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 27.19 dBV/m | 27.37 dBV/m | 26.58 dBV/m |



0 dB = 23.37 V/m = 27.37 dBV/m

Fig B.4 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM1900/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

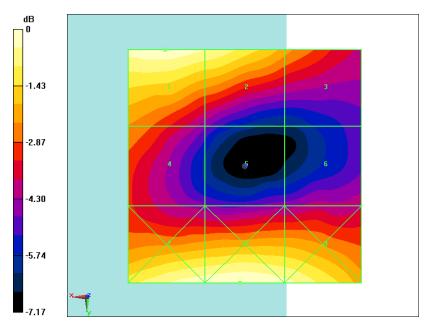
Reference Value = 6.222 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Applied MIF = 3.56 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.17 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 26.17 dBV/m | 25.8 dBV/m | 24.13 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 23.85 dBV/m | 21.78 dBV/m | 22.34 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 26.1 dBV/m | 26.25 dBV/m | 25.95 dBV/m |



0 dB = 20.53 V/m = 26.25 dBV/m

Fig B.5 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM1900/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

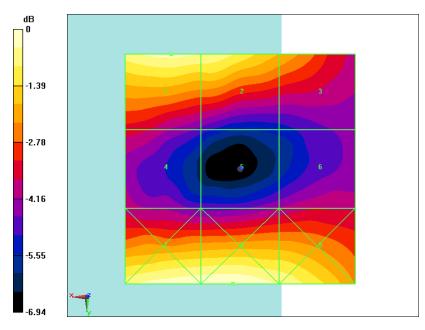
Reference Value = 5.974 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.32 dB

RF audio interference level = 25.34 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

| Grid 1 M4 | Grid 2 M4 | Grid 3 M4 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 25.35 dBV/m | 25.18 dBV/m | 23.78 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 22.21 dBV/m | 21.51 dBV/m | 21.92 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 | Grid 8 M4 | Grid 9 M4 |
| 25.59 dBV/m | 25.64 dBV/m | 25.18 dBV/m |



0 dB = 19.14 V/m = 25.64 dBV/m

Fig B.6 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low



ANNEX C SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT

E SCAN of Dipole 835 MHz

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

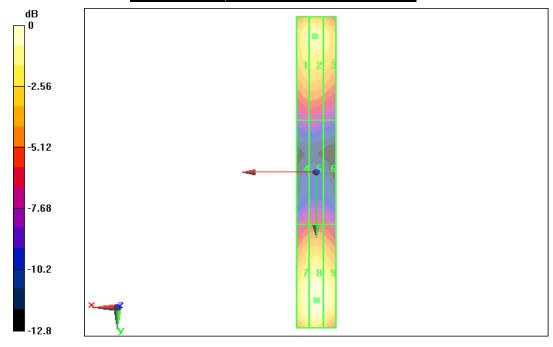
Reference Value = 131.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.76 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

| Grid 1 M3 | Grid 2 M3 | Grid 3 M3 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 40.33 dBV/m | 40.76 dBV/m | 40.68 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 35.55 dBV/m | 35.89 dBV/m | 35.88 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M3 | Grid 8 M3 | Grid 9 M3 |
| 40.51 dBV/m | 40.92 dBV/m | 40.82 dBV/m |



0 dB = 40.76 dBV/m



E SCAN of Dipole 1880 MHz

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 158.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.25 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| Grid 1 M2 | Grid 2 M2 | Grid 3 M2 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 38.92 dBV/m | 39.25 dBV/m | 39.14 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 | Grid 5 M2 | Grid 6 M2 |
| 36.34 dBV/m | 36.52 dBV/m | 36.46 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M2 | Grid 8 M2 | Grid 9 M2 |
| 38.95 dBV/m | 39.18 dBV/m | 39.08 dBV/m |



0 dB = 39.25 dBV/m



E SCAN of Dipole 2600 MHz

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2600 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 65.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.81 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

| Grid 1M2 | Grid 2 M2 | Grid 3M2 |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| 38.44 dBV/m | 38.69 dBV/m | 38.61 dBV/m |
| Grid 4M2 | Grid 5 M2 | Grid 6M2 |
| 38.01 dBV/m | 38.19 dBV/m | 38.15 dBV/m |
| Grid 7M2 | Grid 8M2 | Grid 9 M2 |
| 38.58 dBV/m | 38.81 dBV/m | 38.71 dBV/m |



0 dB = 38.81 dBV/m



ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

June 12, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

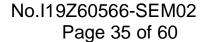
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Reference Probe ER3DV6 | SN: 2328 | 10-Oct-17 (No. ER3-2328_Oct17) | Oct-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 789 | 2-Aug-17 (No. DAE4-789_Aug17) | Aug-18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |

| Name | Function | Signature |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Michael Weber | Laboratory Technician | Miles |
| Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | ARRY |
| | | Issued: June 12, 2018 |
| | Michael Weber | Michael Weber Laboratory Technician |

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18

Page 1 of 39





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization ϕ ϕ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005

b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18 Page 2 of 39



Probe EF3DV3

SN:4060

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 13, 2018 June 12, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18

Page 3 of 39



June 12, 2018 EF3DV3 - SN:4060

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ | 0.76 | 0.71 | 1.33 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 95.7 | 94.8 | 94.0 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Unc [±] (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 178.2 | ±2.2 % |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 166.5 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 136.4 | |

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

Sensor Model Parameters

| | C1 fF | C2 fF | α V ⁻¹ | T1 ms.V ⁻² | T2 ms.V ⁻¹ | T3 ms | T4 V ⁻² | T5 V⁻¹ | T6 |
|---|----------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|
| X | 37.27 | 249.6 | 37.86 | 6.092 | 0.115 | 4.959 | 0.368 | 0.148 | 1.000 |
| Υ | 36.09 | 241.8 | 37.76 | 8.234 | 0.000 | 5.006 | 0.000 | 0.039 | 1.010 |
| Z | 34.42 | 234.1 | 38.89 | 6.204 | 0.000 | 4.988 | 0.000 | 0.063 | 1.006 |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

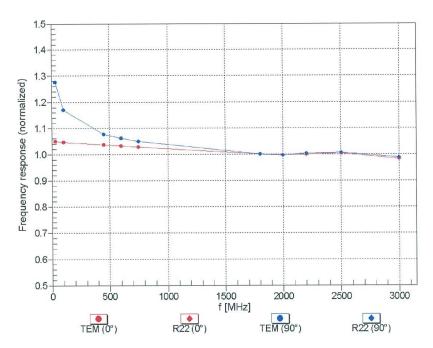
Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18 Page 4 of 39

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



June 12, 2018 EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

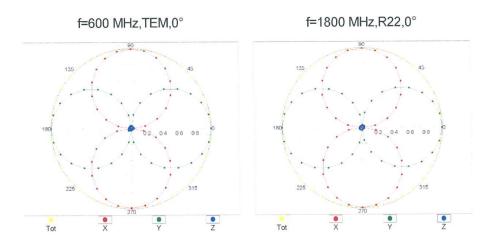


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

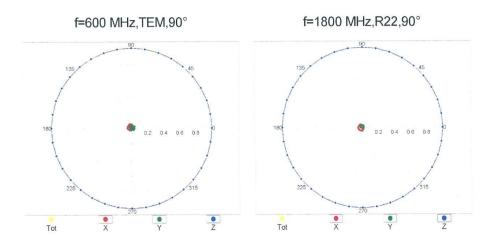
Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



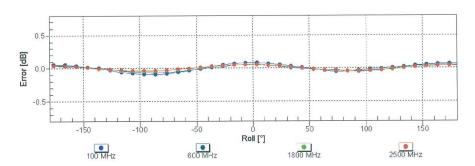
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18 Page 6 of 39

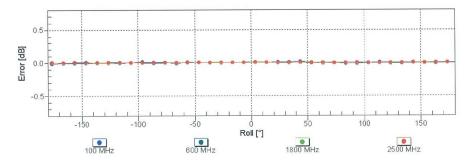


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

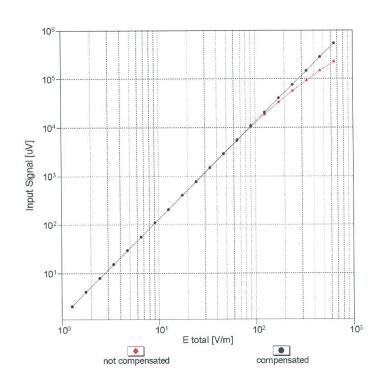


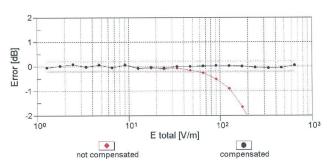
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18



Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





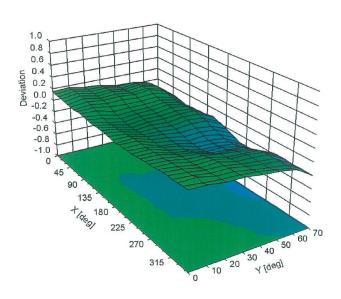
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

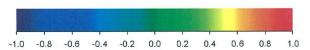
Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18

Page 8 of 39



Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18

Page 9 of 39



EF3DV3 - SN:4060

June 12, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Rectangular |
|---|-------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | 143.6 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 335 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 12 mm |
| Tip Length | 25 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 4 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| | |

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18 Page 10 of 39



June 12, 2018 EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Calibration Parameters for 3-4 GHz

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^X$ | 0.79 | 0.75 | 1.35 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 95.7 | 94.8 | 94.0 | |

Calibration Parameters for 5-6 GHz

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^X$ | 0.86 | 0.81 | 1.48 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 95.7 | 94.8 | 94.0 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EF3-4060_Jun18 Page 11 of 39

 $^{^{\}rm B}$ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. $^{\rm X}$ Calibration procedure for frequencies above 3 GHz is pending accreditation.



ANNEX E DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Dipole 835 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023 Aug 18

| CALIBRATION C | ERTIFICAT | E | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Object | CD835V3 - SN: 1023 | | | | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air | | | | |
| Calibration date: | August 28, 2018 | | | | |
| The measurements and the uncert | ainties with confidence p | ional standards, which realize the physical ur probability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ$ | nd are part of the certificate. | | |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE | E critical for calibration) | | | | |
| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | | |
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 | | |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 | | |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 | | |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 | | |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) | Apr-19 | | |
| Probe EF3DV3 | SN: 4013 | 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) | Mar-19 | | |
| DAE4 | SN: 781 | 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) | Jan-19 | | |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Charle Data (in house) | | | |
| Power meter Agilent 4419B | SN: GB42420191 | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check | | |
| Power sensor HP E4412A | SN: US38485102 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 | | |
| Power sensor HP 8482A | SN: US37295597 | 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 | | |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 832283/011 | 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 | | |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-18 | | |
| | Name | Function | Signature | | |
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | Seif Ilgan | | |
| | | | | | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | sellet | | |

Certificate No: CD835V3-1023_Aug18

Page 1 of 5