

HAC RF TEST REPORT

No. I20Z60012-SEM01

For

Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp.

Smart Phone

Model Name: U304AA

With

Hardware Version: V1.0

Software Version: V01.18.11

FCC ID: XD6U304AA

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2020-1-20



Note:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I20Z60012-SEM01	Rev.0	2020-1-20	Initial creation of test report



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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

CompanyName:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Hao
Testing Start Date:	May 5, 2019
Testing End Date:	May 5, 2019

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)



2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

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2.2 Manufacturer Information

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3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

This EUT is the same as the original sample and the report of original sample is No. I19Z60566-SEM02.

We share the results of original sample and add the evaluation of VoWiFi.

3.1 About EUT

Description:	Smart Phone
Model name:	U304AA
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900 WCDMA850/1700/1900 LTE B2/4/5/12/14/30, BT, WiFi

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	863382040004325	V1.0	V01.18.11

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
Λ⊑1	AE1 Battery L	LT25H426271B	0	Shenzhen BYD Lithium Battery
AE1 Battery	Dattery	L123H420211B		Company Limited

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	ОТТ
GSM	850	VO	Yes		
GSIVI	1900	٧٥	162	BT, WLAN	NA
GPRS/EDGE	850	DT	NA	DI, WLAIN	INA
GFRS/EDGE	1900	וט	INA		
	850				
WCDMA	1700	VO	Yes	DT WI AN	NA
(UMTS)	1900			BT, WLAN	INA
	HSPA	DT	NA		
LTE FDD	Band 2/4/5/12/14/30	V/D	Yes	BT, WLAN	NA
BT	2450	DT	NA	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA
WLAN	2450	V/D	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA

VO: Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only V/D: Voice CMRS/PSTN and Data Service DT: Digital Transport

Note1 = No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

^{*} HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating



4 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

	Conducted Power (dBm)				
GSM	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)		
850MHz	32.04	32.09	32.03		
0014		Conducted Power(dBm)			
GSM 1900MHz	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)		
1900111112	28.38	28.37	28.21		
MCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)			
WCDMA 850MHz	Channel 4233(846.6MHz)	Channel 4182(836.4MHz)	Channel 4132(826.4MHz)		
63UIVITI2	24.32	24.34	24.28		
14/00144		Conducted Power (dBm)			
WCDMA	Channel 1513 (1752.6MHz)	Channel 1412 (1732.4MHz)	Channel 1312 (1712.4MHz)		
1700MHz	21.39	21.40	21.43		
MCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)			
WCDMA 1900MHz	Channel 9538(1907.6MHz)	Channel 9400(1880MHz)	Channel 9262(1852.4MHz)		
I 900 WITZ	22.04	22.06	22.02		
LTE Band2		Conducted Power (dBm)			
LIE Bandz	Channel 19100(1900MHz)	Channel18900(1880MHz)	Channel 18700(1860MHz)		
QPSK	23.61	23.60	23.60		
16QAM	22.76	22.86	22.74		
64QAM	21.14	21.15	21.15		
LTE Band4	Conducted Power (dBm)				
LIE Ballu4	Channel 20300(1745MHz)	Channel 20175(1732.5MHz)	Channel 20050(1720MHz)		
QPSK	22.99	22.98	23.04		
16QAM	22.05	22.06	22.25		
64QAM	21.01	20.80	21.18		
LTE Band5		Conducted Power (dBm)			
LIL Ballus	Channel 20600(844MHz)	Channel 20525(836.5MHz)	Channel20450(829MHz)		
QPSK	24.21	24.21	24.28		
16QAM	23.33	23.45	23.41		
64QAM	22.49	22.54	22.56		
LTE Band12		Conducted Power (dBm)			
LIL Balla 12	Channel 23130(711MHz)	Channel 23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)		
QPSK	23.63	23.64	23.65		
16QAM	22.66	22.69	22.69		
64QAM	21.64	21.65	21.68		
LTE Band14	Conducted Power (dBm)				
		Channel 23330(793MHz)			
QPSK	23.37				
16QAM	22.51				
64QAM	21.44				



LTE Bond 20		Conducted Power (dBm)		
LTE Band30	Channel 27710(2310MHz)			
QPSK	22.69			
16QAM	21.87			
64QAM	21.08			
2.404-		Conducted Power (dBm)		
2.4GHz 802.11b	Channel 11 (2462MHz)	Channel 6 (2437MHz)	Channel 1 (2412MHz)	
002.110	19.70	20.29	19.60	

5 Reference Documents

5.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version	
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of	2011	
	Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and	Edition	
	Hearing Aids		
FCC 47 CFR §20.19	Hearing Aid Compatible Mobile Headsets		
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05	



6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick),and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

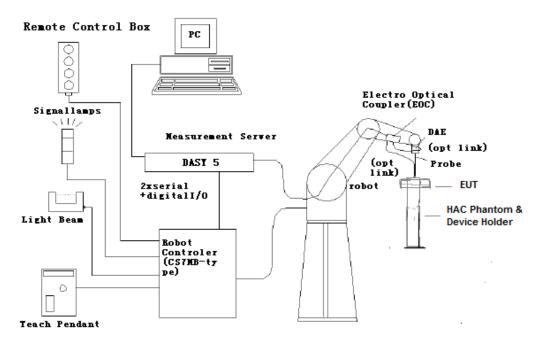


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



6.2 Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

Construction One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

Calibration In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%,

k=2)

Frequency 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Application General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz

Field component measurements

Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]



6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $<\pm 0.5$ dB.



Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

6.4Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock



7 EUT ARRANGEMENT

7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- •The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

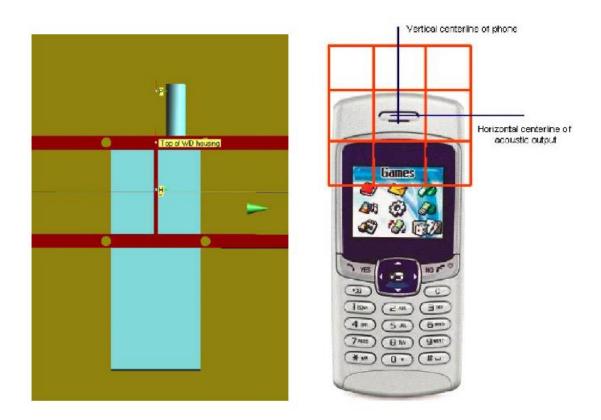


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements



8 SYSTEM VALIDATION

8.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- •The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- •The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

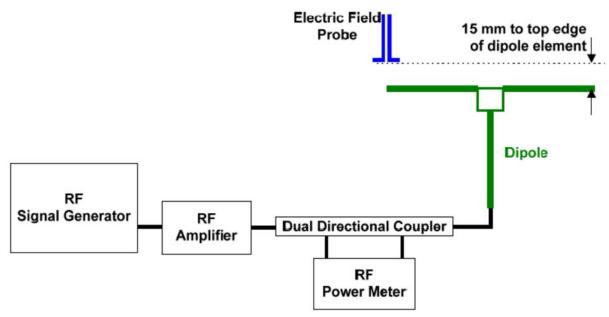


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

8.2 Validation Result

E-Field Scan						
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Measured ¹ Value(dBV/m)	Target ² Value(dBV/m)	Deviation ³ (%)	Limit⁴ (%)
CW	835	100	40.76	40.56	2.33	±25
CW	1880	100	39.25	38.89	4.23	±25
CW	2600	100	38.81	38.57	1.04	±25

Notes:

- 1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
- 2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3. Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
- 4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within \pm 25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.



9 Evaluation of MIF

9.1 Introduction

The MIF (Modulation Interference Factor) is used to classify E-field emission to determine Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC). It scales the power-averaged signal to the RF audio interference level and is characteristic to a modulation scheme. The HAC standard preferred "indirect" measurement method is based on average field measurement with separate scaling by the MIF. With an Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA) designed by SPEAG specifically for the MIF measurement, these values have been verified by practical measurements on an RF signal modulated with each of the waveforms. The resulting deviations from the simulated values are within the requirements of the HAC standard.

The AIA (Audio Interference Analyzer) is an USB powered electronic sensor to evaluate signals in the frequency range 698MHz - 6 GHz. It contains RMS detector and audio frequency circuits for sampling of the RF envelope.

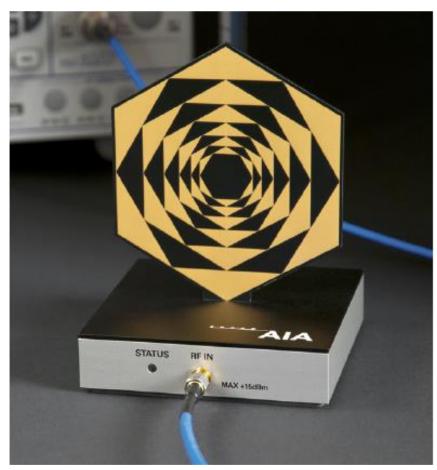


Fig. 5 AIA Front View



9.2 MIF measurement with the AIA

The MIF is measured with the AIA as follows:

- 1. Connect the AIA via USB to the DASY5 PC and verify the configuration settings.
- 2. Couple the RF signal to be evaluated to an AIA via cable or antenna.
- 3. Generate a MIF measurement job for the unknown signal and select the measurement port and timing settings.
- 4. Document the results via the post processor in a report.

9.3 Test equipment for the MIF measurement

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Manufacturer
01	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	Agilent
02	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	SPEAG
03	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	Agilent

9.4 Test signal validation

The signal generator (E4438C) is used to generate a 1GHz signal with different modulation in the below table based on the ANSI C63.19-2011. The measured MIF with AIA are compared with the target values given in ANSI C63.19-2011 table D.3, D.4 and D5.

Pulse modulation	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
0.5ms pulse, 1000Hz repetition rate	-0.9 dB	-0.9 dB	0 dB
1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate	+3.9 dB	+3.7 dB	0.2 dB
0.1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate	+10.1 dB	+10.0 dB	0.1 dB
10ms pulse, 10Hz repetition rate	+1.6 dB	+1.7 dB	0.1 dB
Sine-wave modulation	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
1 kHz, 80% AM	-1.2 dB	-1.3 dB	0.1 dB
1 kHz, 10% AM	-9.1 dB	-9.0 dB	0.1 dB
1 kHz, 1% AM	-19.1 dB	-18.9 dB	0.2 dB
100 Hz, 10% AM	-16.1 dB	-16.0 dB	0.1 dB
10 kHz, 10% AM	-21.5 dB	-21.6 dB	0.1 dB
Transmission protocol	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low	+3.5 dB	+3.47 dB	0.03 dB
WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s	-20.0 dB	-19.8 dB	0.2 dB
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC3; full frame rate; 8kEVRC	-19.0 dB	-19.1 dB	0.1 dB
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC1; 1/8 th frame rate; 8kEVRC	+3.3 dB	+3.44 dB	0.14 dB



9.5 DUT MIF results

Typical MIF levels in ANSI C63.19-2011			
Transmission protocol	Modulation interference factor		
GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low	+3.5 dB		
WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s	-20.0 dB		
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-15.63 dB		
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-9.76 dB		
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM)	-9.93 dB		
LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-1.62 dB		
LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-1.44 dB		
LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM)	-1.54 dB		
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC1; 1/8 th frame rate; 8kEVRC	+3.3 dB		

Measured MIF levels			
Band	Channel	Modulation interference factor (dB)	
	251	3.46	
GSM 850	190	3.46	
	128	3.41	
	810	3.51	
GSM 1900	661	3.56	
	512	3.32	
	4233	-22.76	
WCDMA 850	4182	-22.62	
	4132	-22.61	
	1513	-22.65	
WCDMA 1700	1412	-22.73	
	1312	-22.41	
	9538	-22.65	
WCDMA 1900	9400	-22.93	
	9262	-22.74	
1.75 5 10	19100	-14.96	
LTE Band2 QPSK	18900	-15.08	
QI OIX	18700	-14.80	
LTE Band4	20300	-15.18	
QPSK	20175	-15.18	
Qi Oit	20050	-15.09	
	20600	-14.80	
LTE Band5 QPSK	20525	-14.98	
QI OIX	20450	-14.79	
I B	23130	-14.80	
LTE Band12 QPSK	23095	-15.03	
Qi Oit	23060	-14.79	



LTE Band14 QPSK	23330	-15.04
LTE Band30 QPSK	27710	-14.99
	19100	-9.89
LTE Band2 16QAM	18900	-10.12
TOQAIVI	18700	-10.39
LTE Daniel	20300	-10.34
LTE Band4 16QAM	20175	-10.36
TOQAIVI	20050	-10.11
	20600	-11.29
LTE Band5 16QAM	20525	-10.35
TOQAIVI	20450	-10.36
	23130	-11.36
LTE Band12 16QAM	23095	-10.34
TOQAIVI	23060	-10.33
LTE Band14 16QAM	23330	-10.11
LTE Band30 16QAM	27710	-10.61
LTE D IO	19100	-10.10
LTE Band2 64QAM	18900	-10.08
0 1971111	18700	-11.36
LTC Donald	20300	-10.03
LTE Band4 64QAM	20175	-10.10
5 T Q. 1111	20050	-10.01
LTE Daniele	20600	-11.12
LTE Band5 64QAM	20525	-11.13
3 1 4,7 1111	20450	-11.10
LTE D IAO	23130	-10.03
LTE Band12 64QAM	23095	-10.48
	23060	-11.34
LTE Band14 64QAM	23330	-11.31
LTE Band30 64QAM	27710	-11.25
	11	-6.11
WiFi-2.4G 11b	6	-6.35
	1	-6.27



10 Evaluation for low-power exemption

10.1 Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals \leq 50 μ s20, is \leq 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4. The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

10.2 Conducted power

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)
GSM 850	32.09	3.46	35.55
GSM 1900	28.38	3.56	31.94
WCDMA 850	24.34	-22.61	1.73
WCDMA 1700	21.43	-22.41	-0.98
WCDMA 1900	22.06	-22.65	-0.59
LTE Band 2 QPSK	23.61	-14.80	8.81
LTE Band 4 QPSK	23.04	-15.09	7.95
LTE Band 5 QPSK	24.28	-14.78	9.5
LTE Band 12 QPSK	23.65	-14.79	8.86
LTE Band 14 QPSK	23.37	-15.04	8.33
LTE Band 30 QPSK	22.69	-14.99	7.7
LTE Band 2 16QAM	22.86	-9.89	12.97
LTE Band 4 16QAM	22.25	-10.11	12.14
LTE Band 5 16QAM	23.45	-10.35	13.1
LTE Band 12 16QAM	22.69	-10.33	12.36
LTE Band 14 16QAM	22.51	-10.11	12.4
LTE Band 30 16QAM	21.87	-10.61	11.26
LTE Band 2 64QAM	21.15	-10.08	11.07
LTE Band 4 64QAM	21.18	-10.01	11.17
LTE Band 5 64QAM	22.56	-11.10	11.46
LTE Band 12 64QAM	21.68	-10.03	11.65
LTE Band 14 64QAM	21.44	-11.31	10.13
LTE Band 30 64QAM	21.08	-11.25	9.83
WiFi 2.4G 11b	20.29	-6.35	13.94

10.3 Conclusion

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for WCDMA, LTE FDD and WiFi 2.4G are less than 17dBm. So it is measured for GSM bands. The WCDMA, LTE FDD and WiFi 2.4G are exempt from testing and rated as M4.



11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.



12 Measurement Results (E-Field)

Frequency		Measured	Dower Drift (dD)	Cotomony	
MHz	Channel	Value(dBV/m)	Power Drift (dB)	Category	
		GSM 85	50		
848.8	251	34.16	0.06	M4 (see Fig B.1)	
836.6	190	34.89	0.02	M4 (see Fig B.2)	
824.2	128	35.40	0	M4 (see Fig B.3)	
	GSM 1900				
1909.8	810	26.01	0	M4 (see Fig B.4)	
1880	661	26.17	-0.16	M4 (see Fig B.5)	
1850.2	512	25.34	0.05	M4 (see Fig B.6)	

13 ANSIC 63.19-2011 LIMITS

WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

Emission categories	< 960 MHz E	-field emissions
Category M1	50 to 55	dB (V/m)
Category M2	45 to 50	dB (V/m)
Category M3	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 40	dB (V/m)
Emission categories	> 960 MHz E-field emissions	
Category M1	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M2	35 to 40	dB (V/m)
Category M3	30 to 35	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 30	dB (V/m)



14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

No.	Error source	Туре	Uncertainty Value(%)	Prob. Dist.	k	c _i E	Standard Uncertainty (%) u_i (%)E	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or <i>v</i> i
Meas	Measurement System							
1	Probe Calibration	В	5.	N	1	1	5.1	∞
2	Axial Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
3	Sensor Displacement	В	16.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	9.5	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
5	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
6	Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
7	System Detection Limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
8	Readout Electronics	В	0.3	N	1	1	0.3	∞
9	Response Time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞
10	Integration Time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.5	∞
11	RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
12	RF Reflections	В	12.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞
13	Probe Positioner	В	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.7	∞
14	Probe Positioning	Α	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
15	Extra. And Interpolation	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
Test	Sample Related					•		
16	Device Positioning Vertical	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
17	Device Positioning Lateral	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
18	Device Holder and Phantom	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
19	Power Drift	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞



20	AIA measurement	В	12	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞
Pha	Phantom and Setup related							
21	Phantom Thickness	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	8
Coml	Combined standard uncertainty(%) 16.2							
1	nded uncertainty idence interval of 95 %)	ι	$u_e = 2u_c$	Ν	k=:	2	32.4	

15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 1: List of Main Instruments

	Table 1. List of Main instruments						
No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period		
01	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	January 23, 2019	One Year		
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	October 29, 2019	One year		
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100542	October 29, 2019	One year		
04	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Re	quested		
05	E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4060	May 17, 2019	One year		
06	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1555	August 20, 2018	One year		
07	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1331	February 6, 2019	One year		
08	HAC Dipole	CD835V3	1023	August 26, 2019	One year		
09	HAC Dipole	CD1880V3	1018	August 26, 2019	One year		
10	HAC Dipole	CD2600V3	1017	August 23, 2019	One year		
11	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 17, 2019	One year		
12	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	No Calibration Re	quested		

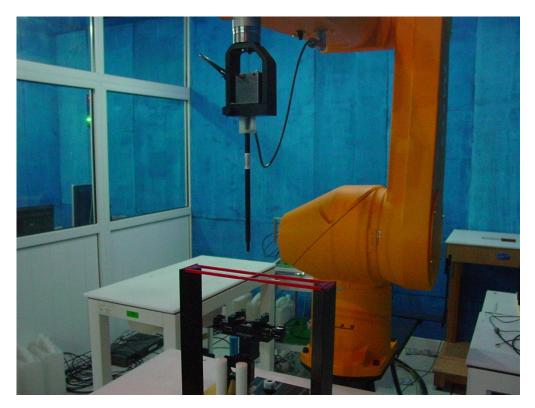
16 CONCLUSION

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSIC63.19-2011. The total M-rating is **M4.**

END OF REPORT BODY



ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1:HAC RF System Layout



ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM850/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

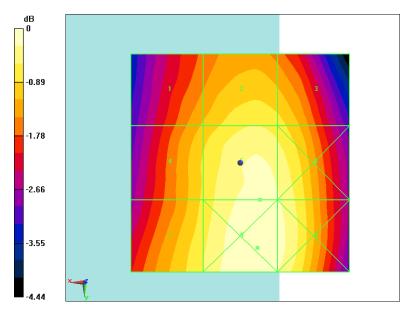
Reference Value = 41.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.46 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.16 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
33.16 dBV/m	33.7 dBV/m	33.55 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
33.47 dBV/m	34.16 dBV/m	34.04 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
33.69 dBV/m	34.29 dBV/m	34.14 dBV/m



0 dB = 51.82 V/m = 34.29 dBV/m

Fig B.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM850/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

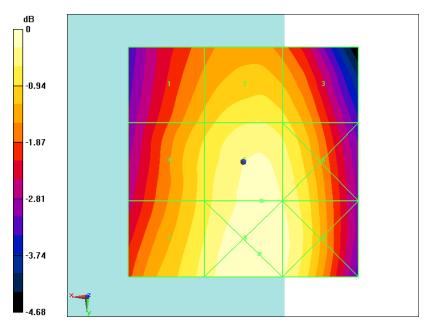
Reference Value = 45.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.46 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.89 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
33.97 dBV/m	34.46 dBV/m	34.27 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
34.29 dBV/m	34.89 dBV/m	34.75 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
34.57 dBV/m	35.07 dBV/m	34.88 dBV/m



0 dB = 56.66 V/m = 35.07 dBV/m

Fig B.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM850/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

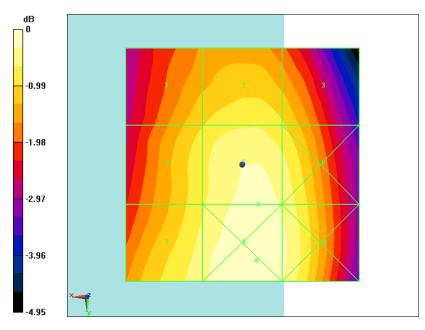
Reference Value = 48.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 3.41 dB

RF audio interference level = 35.40 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
34.58 dBV/m	34.9 dBV/m	34.65 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
34.88 dBV/m	35.4 dBV/m	35.21 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
35.17 dBV/m	35.58 dBV/m	35.35 dBV/m



0 dB = 60.13 V/m = 35.58 dBV/m

Fig B.3 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM1900/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

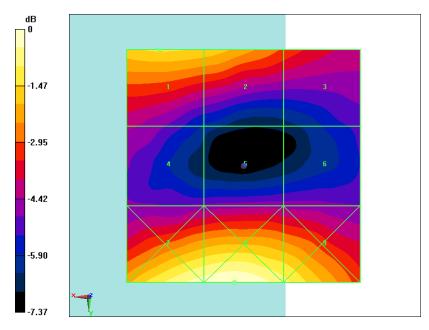
Reference Value = 7.143 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Applied MIF = 3.51 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.01 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
26.01 dBV/m	25.78 dBV/m	24.35 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
23.08 dBV/m	22.82 dBV/m	22.76 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
27.19 dBV/m	27.37 dBV/m	26.58 dBV/m



0 dB = 23.37 V/m = 27.37 dBV/m

Fig B.4 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM1900/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

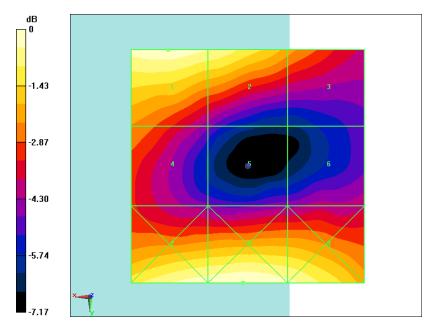
Reference Value = 6.222 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Applied MIF = 3.56 dB

RF audio interference level = 26.17 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
26.17 dBV/m	25.8 dBV/m	24.13 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
23.85 dBV/m	21.78 dBV/m	22.34 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
26.1 dBV/m	26.25 dBV/m	25.95 dBV/m



0 dB = 20.53 V/m = 26.25 dBV/m

Fig B.5 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle



HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

GSM1900/E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 3/Hearing

Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

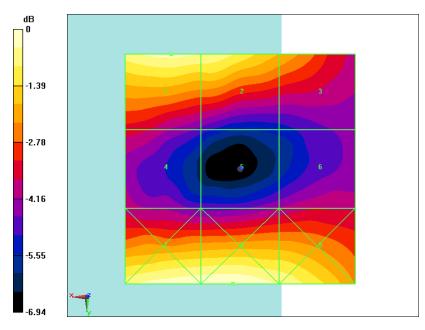
Reference Value = 5.974 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.32 dB

RF audio interference level = 25.34 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
25.35 dBV/m	25.18 dBV/m	23.78 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
22.21 dBV/m	21.51 dBV/m	21.92 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
25.59 dBV/m	25.64 dBV/m	25.18 dBV/m



0 dB = 19.14 V/m = 25.64 dBV/m

Fig B.6 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low



ANNEX C SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT

E SCAN of Dipole 835 MHz

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

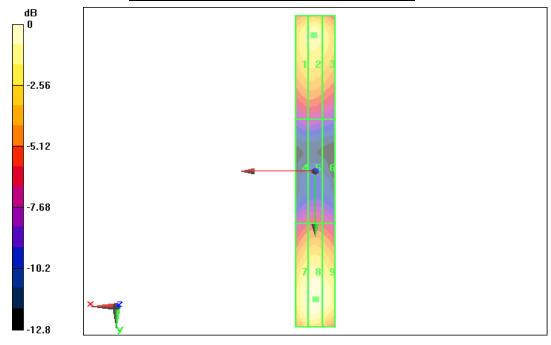
Reference Value = 131.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.76 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.33 dBV/m	40.76 dBV/m	40.68 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.55 dBV/m	35.89 dBV/m	35.88 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.51 dBV/m	40.92 dBV/m	40.82 dBV/m



0 dB = 40.76 dBV/m



E SCAN of Dipole 1880 MHz

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 158.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.25 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.92 dBV/m	39.25 dBV/m	39.14 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
36.34 dBV/m	36.52 dBV/m	36.46 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.95 dBV/m	39.18 dBV/m	39.08 dBV/m



0 dB = 39.25 dBV/m



E SCAN of Dipole 2600 MHz

Date: 2019-5-5

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2600 Dipole = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm,

dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 65.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.81 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.44 dBV/m	38.69 dBV/m	38.61 dBV/m
Grid 4M2	Grid 5M2	Grid 6M2
38.01 dBV/m	38.19 dBV/m	38.15 dBV/m
Grid 7M2	Grid 8M2	Grid 9 M2
38.58 dBV/m	38.81 dBV/m	38.71 dBV/m



0 dB = 38.81 dBV/m



ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EF3DV3-SN:4060

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

May 17, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20	
DAE4	SN: 789	14-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-789_Jan19)	Jan-20	
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	09-Oct-18 (No. ER3-2328_Oct18)	Oct-19	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19	

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: May 20, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May19

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters En incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis Ep incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx*, *y*, *z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May19



EF3DV3 - SN:4060 May 17, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	0.79	0.74	1.28	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	98.2	95.5	93.6	

Calibration results for Frequency Response (30 MHz - 6 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-Field V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Unc (k=2) %
30	77.2	77.3	0.2%	77.4	0.3%	± 5.1 %
100	77.3	78.3	1.3%	78.6	1.7%	± 5.1 %
450	77.1	78.1	1.3%	78.2	1.4%	± 5.1 %
600	77.1	77.6	0.7%	77.6	0.7%	± 5.1 %
750	77.2	77.6	0.5%	77.4	0.3%	± 5.1 %
1800	143.1	139.1	-2.8%	139.3	-2.6%	± 5.1 %
2000	135.1	131.5	-2.6%	131.6	-2.6%	± 5.1 %
2200	127.5	123.4	-3.2%	124.8	-2.1%	± 5.1 %
2500	125.5	122.5	-2.3%	123.6	-1.5%	± 5.1 %
3000	79.4	75.9	-4.5%	76.8	-3.3%	± 5.1 %
3500	256.2	247.1	-3.5%	244.6	-4.5%	± 5.1 %
3700	249.5	238.4	-4.4%	237.2	-4.9%	± 5.1 %
5200	50.7	51.2	0.9%	51.5	1.6%	± 5.1 %
5500	49.7	49.4	-0.6%	48.2	-3.0%	± 5.1 %
5800	48.8	48.7	-0.3%	49.6	1.6%	± 5.1 %

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	171.1	± 3.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		164.2		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	1	172.8	1	
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.72	65.67	9.66	10.00	60.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	6.00	74.00	13.00		60.0		
	*	Z	2.66	66.07	9.64		60.0	1	
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	1.27	62.48	7.17	6.99	80.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.38	63.43	7.77		80.0		
		Z	1.30	63.08	7.35		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.57	60.93	5.43	3.98	95.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.70	62.08	6.24		95.0		
		Z	0.61	61.44	5.61		95.0	1	
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.31	60.48	4.52	2.22	120.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.35	60.82	4.90		120.0		
		Z	0.42	61.46	4.70		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.52	60.58	6.63	0.00	150.0	± 2.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.46	60.00	5.71		150.0		
		Z	0.44	60.00	5.37		150.0	1	
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.47	70.93	17.56	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.22	69.08	16.44		150.0		The District of the
		Z	2.44	71.07	17.65		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.74	65.32	17.52	3.01	150.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	1.82	65.53	17.41		150.0	1	
		Z	2.13	67.57	17.98		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.57	67.84	16.46	0.00	150.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.41	67.03	15.92		150.0		
		Z	3.54	67.84	16.52		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.80	66.13	16.05	0.00	150.0	± 3.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	4.67	65.67	15.72		150.0		
		Z	4.77	66.19	16.15		150.0	1	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z
Frequency Corr. (LF)	0.22	0.21	4.59
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	Т6
X	36.7	244.56	37.42	5.96	0.18	4.95	0.00	0.00	1.01
Y	35.1	235.07	37.62	8.08	0.00	4.99	0.00	0.06	1.01
Z	33.6	228.28	38.82	7.28	0.00	4.99	0.00	0.19	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

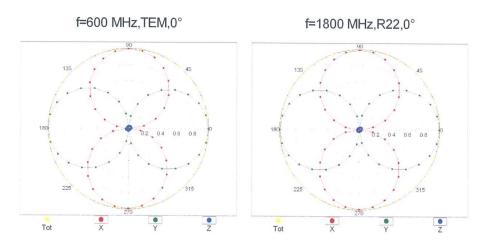
Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-36.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	12 mm
Tip Length	25 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.5 mm

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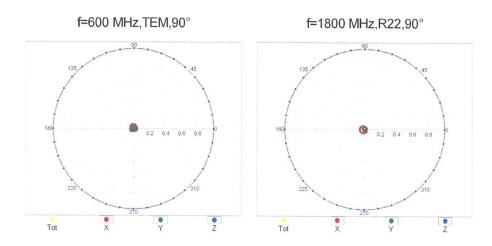


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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $9 = 90^{\circ}$



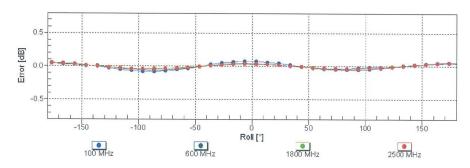
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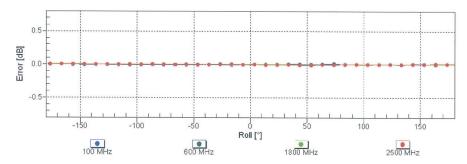
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)