TEST REPORT

FCC Part 15 Subpart C AND CANADA RSS-210

New Application; Class I PC; Class II PC

Full Modular Approval

Product: BT 4.0 Dual Mode Module

Brand: BlueRadios

Model: **BR-LE4.0-D2A**

N/A **Model Difference:**

FCC ID: XDULE40-D2

IC: 8456A-LE4D2

FCC Rule Part: §15.247, Cat: DTS

IC Rule Part: RSS-210 issue 8:2010, Annex 8

Applicant: BlueRadios, Inc.

Address: 7173 S. Hanava Street, Suite 600, Englewood,

CO/USA

Test Performed by: International Standards Laboratory

<Lung-Tan LAB> *Site Registration No.

BSMI: SL2-IN-E-0013; MRA TW1036; TAF: 0997; IC: IC4067B-3;

*Address:

No. 120, Lane 180, San Ho Tsuen, Hsin Ho Rd. Lung-Tan Hsiang, Tao Yuan County 325, Taiwan *Tel: 886-3-407-1718; Fax: 886-3-407-1738

Report No.: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

Issue Date: 2013/07/26



Test results given in this report apply only to the specific sample(s) tested and are traceable to national or international standard through calibration of the equipment and evaluating measurement uncertainty

This report MUST not be used to claim product endorsement by TAF, NVLAP or any agency of the Government.

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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

Applicant: BlueRadios, Inc.

Product Description: BT 4.0 Dual Mode Module

Brand Name: BlueRadios

Model No.: BR-LE4.0-D2A

Model Difference: N/A

FCC ID: XDULE40-D2

IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Date of test: $2013/07/23 \sim 2013/07/31$

Date of EUT Received: 2013/07/23

We hereby certify that:

All the tests in this report have been performed and recorded in accordance with the standards described above and performed by an independent electromagnetic compatibility consultant, International Standards Laboratory.

The test results contained in this report accurately represent the measurements of the characteristics and the energy generated by sample equipment under test at the time of the test. The sample equipment tested as described in this report is in compliance with the limits of above standards.

Test By:

Dion Chang / Engineer

Prepared By:

George Lo / Assistant Manager

Approved By:

Date: 2013/07/31

Date: 2013/07/31





Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	2013/07/31	Initial creation of document



Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

General:

Product Name	BT 4.0 Dual Mode Module			
Brand Name	BlueRadios			
Model Name	BR-LE4.0-D2A			
Model Difference	N/A			
Power Supply	3.0Vdc from host			

Bluetooth:

Bluetooth Version	$V2.1 + EDR (GFSK + \pi / 4 DQPSK + 8DPSK)$	V4.0(GFSK)	
Frequency Range:	2402 – 2480MHz	2402 – 2480MHz	
Channel number:	79 channels	40 channels	
Modulation type:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)		
Transmit Power	11.01dBm Peak	10.08 dBm Peak	
Dwell Time:	<= 0.4s	N/A	
Operating Mode:	Point-to-Point		
Antenna Designation:	Type: Chip Antenna, 2dBi max. P/N:ANT8030-2R4-01A		
Type of Emission:	1M20FXD	883KFXD	

The EUT is compliance with Bluetooth 4.0 + EDR 2.1 Standard.

This report is applied for BT V4.0 BLE test mode .

Remark: The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

1.1 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID:** <u>XDULE40-D2</u> filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules and **IC:** <u>8456A-LE4D2</u> filing to comply with Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 8: 2010 Annex 8.

1.2 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). and RSS-Gen: 2010. Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters. Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

KDB Document:

558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01

1.3 Test Facility

The measurement facilities used to collect the 3m Radiated Emission and AC power line conducted data are located on the address of **International Standards Laboratory** <Lung-Tan LAB> No. 120, Lane 180, San Ho Tsuen, Hsin Ho Rd., Lung-Tan Hsiang, Tao Yuan County 325, Taiwan which are constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2003. FCC Registration Number is: TW1036, Canada Registration Number: 4067B-3.

1.4 Special Accessories

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

1.5 Equipment Modifications

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

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2 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT (Transmitter) was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

2.3 Test Procedure

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is a placed on as turn table which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 7 and 13 of ANSI C63.4-2003. Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and Average detector mode.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is a placed on as turn table which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turn table shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes and measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz the EUT measurement is to be made "while keeping the antenna in the 'cone of radiation' from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response." Is still within the 3dB illumination BW of the measurement antenna. According to the requirements in Section 8 and 13 and Subclause 8.3.1.2 of ANSI C63.4-2003.



2.4 Configuration of Tested System

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of Tested System (Fixed channel)

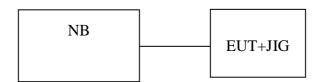


Table 2-1 Equipment Used in Tested System

Item	Equipment	Mrf/Brand	Brand Model name Se		Data Cable	Power Ca- ble
1	NB	Dell	P19G	6LCQCT1	Shield	No- Shield- ing
2	JIG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description Of Test	Result
§15.207(a)/	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Compliant
RSS-Gen §7.2.4		Compliant
§15.247(b) (3),(4))/	Peak Output Power	Compliant
RSS-210 §A8.4(4)		Compliant
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	
§A8.2(a)	&	Compliant
RSS-Gen §4.6.1	99% Power Bandwidth	_
§15.247(d)/	100 KHz Bandwidth Of	C 1'
RSS-210 §A8.5	Frequency Band Edges	Compliant
§15.247(d)/	Spurious Emission	C1:
RSS-210 §A8.5		Compliant
§15.247(e)/	Peak Power Density	
RSS-210 §A8.2(b) &		Compliant
§A8.3(2)		
§15.203/	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
RSS-210 issue 8,§A8.4		Compliant
§2.1091	RF EXPOSURE	C1:1
RSS 102 Issue 4	(MPE)	Compliant

4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under engineering operating condition.

Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode is programmed.

BT V4.0 mode: Channel low (2402MHz), mid (2440MHz) and high (2480MHz) are chosen for full testing.



5 AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

5.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.207 and RSS-Gen §7.2.4, frequency range within 150KHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the Limit table as below.

exceed the Limit those us below.									
	Limits								
Frequency range	dB(uV)								
MHz	Quasi-peak	Average							
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46							
0.50 to 5	56	46							
5 to 30	60	50							

Note

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies

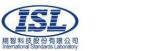
2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz.

5.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

AC Power Line Test Site									
EQUIPMENT	MFR	MODEL	SERIAL	LAST	CAL DUE.				
TYPE		NUMBER	NUMBER	CAL.					
Conduction 04-1 Cable	WOKEN	CFD 300-NL	Conduction 04 -1	09/10/2012	09/10/2013				
EMI Receiver 16	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	101221	06/13/2013	06/13/2014				
LISN 18	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV216	101424	03/13/2013	03/13/2014				
LISN 19	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV216	101425	03/13/2013	03/13/2014				

5.3 EUT Setup:

- 1. The conducted emission tests were performed in the test site, using the setup in accordance with the ANSI C63.4-2003.
- 2. The AC/DC Power adaptor of EUT was plug-in LISN. The EUT was placed flushed with the rear of the table.
- 3. The LISN was connected with 120Vac/60Hz power source.



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5.4 Measurement Procedure:

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

5.5 Measurement Result:

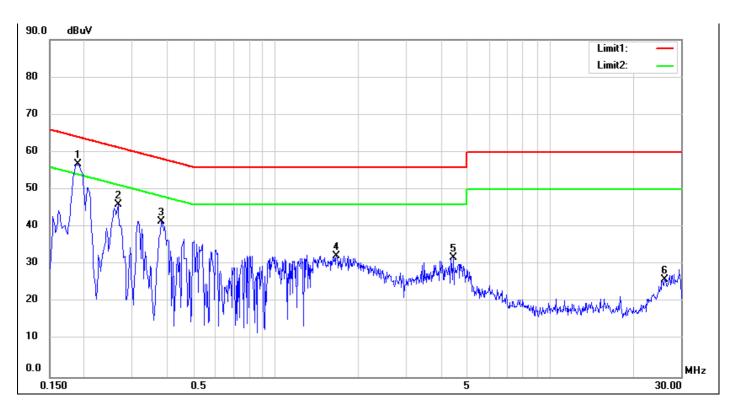
The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.





AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST DATA

Operation Mode:	Operation Mode	Test Date:	2013/04/12
Test By:	Dino		



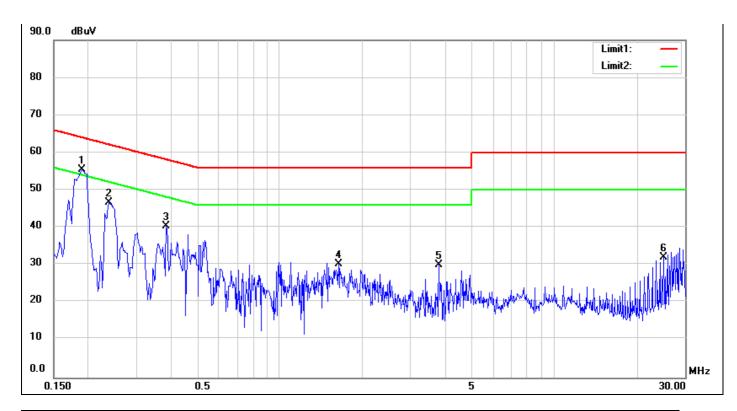
Site: Conduction 04 Phase: L1 Temperature(°C):26(°C)
Condition: FCC Part15 B, Class B
Power: AC 120V/60Hz

reading (dBuV)Factor(dB) Measurement(dBuV) limit(dBuV) margin(dB) Comment Frequency) No. AVG (MHz) Peak OP (dB) Peak OP AVG P/O AVG P/O **AVG** 0.1900 47.19 27.09 56.82 54.16 36.72 64.04 54.04 -9.88 1 44.53 9.63 -17.32 2 0.2660 36.35 33.72 22.46 9.63 45.98 43.35 32.09 61.24 51.24 -17.89 -19.15 3 0.3820 31.80 29.21 16.64 9.63 41.43 38.84 26.27 58.24 48.24 -19.40 -21.97 32.39 4 1.6700 22.72 19.15 6.63 9.67 28.82 16.30 56.00 46.00 -27.18 -29.70 5 4.4460 22.03 13.35 1.94 9.71 31.74 23.06 11.65 56.00 46.00 -32.94 -34.35 16.15 8.69 3.26 9.83 25.98 18.52 13.09 60.00 50.00 -41.48 -36.91 6 26.1420

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Site: Conduction 04 Phase: N Temperature($^{\circ}$ C):26($^{\circ}$ C) Condition: FCC Part15 B, Class B Humidity:54% Power: AC 120V/60Hz

No.	Frequency)	rea	ding(dB	uV)	Factor(dB)`	Factor(dB)` Measurement(dB		dBuV)	uV) limit(dBuV)		margin(dB)		Comment
	(MHz)	Peak	QP	AVG	(dB)	Peak	QP	AVG	P/Q	AVG	P/Q	AVG	
1	0.1900	45.92	43.48	29.27	9.60	55.52	53.08	38.87	64.04	54.04	-10.96	-15.17	
2	0.2380	23.67	35.71	24.12	9.60	33.27	45.31	33.72	62.17	52.17	-16.86	-18.45	
3	0.3860	30.72	27.03	11.56	9.60	40.32	36.63	21.16	58.15	48.15	-21.52	-26.99	
4	1.6380	20.69	14.82	4.35	9.65	30.34	24.47	14.00	56.00	46.00	-31.53	-32.00	
5	3.8140	20.44	6.75	-2.24	9.68	30.12	16.43	7.44	56.00	46.00	-39.57	-38.56	
6	25.1620	22.11	21.63	20.81	9.96	32.07	31.59	30.77	60.00	50.00	-28.41	-19.23	

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6 PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable:

According to $\S15.247(b)(3),(4)(b)$

- (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
- (4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.
- (1) Fixed point-to-point operation:
- (i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

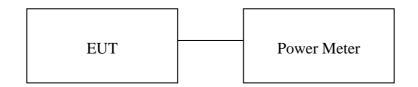
According to RSS-210 issue 8,§A8.4(4), For systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. Except as provided in Section A8.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.



6.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Conducted Emission Test Site										
EQUIPMENT	MFR	MODEL	SERIAL	LAST	CAL DUE.					
TYPE		NUMBER	NUMBER	CAL.						
Power Meter 05	Anritsu	ML2495A	1116010	04/19/2013	04/18/2014					
Power Sensor 05	Anritsu	MA2411B	34NKF50	04/19/2013	04/18/2014					
Temperature Chamber	KSON	THS-B4H100	2287	03/15/2013	03/14/2014					
DC Power supply	ABM	51850	N/A	06/17/2013	06/16/2014					
AC Power supply	EXTECH	CFC105W	NA	12/19/2012	12/18/2013					
Splitter	MCLI	PS4-199	12465	12/27/2012	12/26/2013					
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY51360021	03/29/2013	03/28/2014					

6.3 Test Set-up:



6.4 Measurement Procedure:

Refer to section 9.1.3 and 9.2.3 Peak and Avgerage Conducted Output Power Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01

6.5 Measurement Result:

LE Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Peak Reading Power (dBm)	Cable Loss	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)
2402.00	9.80	0.00	9.80	0.00955	1
2442.00	9.93	0.00	9.93	0.00984	1
2480.00	10.08	0.00	10.08	0.01019	1

Note: offset 0.5dB for cable loss.

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7 6dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

7.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(a)(2), Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz,2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz.

According to RSS 210 issue 8, §8.2(a) Systems employing digital modulation techniques (which includes direct sequence) can now be certified under RSS-210 provided they comply with the following requirements: The minimum -6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

7.3 Test Set-up:

Refer to section 6.3 for details.

7.4 Measurement Procedure:

6dB bandwidth:

Refer to section 8.1 DTS bandwidth Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01

- 1. Set resolution bandwidth RBW =100KHz.
- 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) =300KHz.
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission. Compare the resultant bandwidth with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is 1-5 %.

99% bandwidth:

Refer to RSS-Gen: 2010, section 4.6.1,

The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including thee mission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used given that a peak or peak hold may produce a wider bandwidth than actual.



7.5 Measurement Result:

СН	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHZ)
2402.00	0.502	>500
2440.00	0.501	>500
2480.00	0.506	>500

СН	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)
2402.00	0.869
2440.00	0.883
2480.00	0.872

Note: Refer to next page for plots.

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6dB Bandwidth Test Data CH-Low



6dB Bandwidth Test Data CH-Mid



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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

6dB Bandwidth Test Data CH-High



99% Bandwidth Test Data CH-Low



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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

99% Bandwidth Test Data CH-Mid



99% Bandwidth Test Data CH-High





8 100KHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

8.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(c), in any 100 KHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in15.209(a).

According to RSS-210 issue 8, §A8.5, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands of Table 1 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Tables 2 and 3.



8.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

8.2.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

8.2.2 Radiated emission:

8.2.2 Radiated emissi					
	Ch	amber 14(966))		
EQUIPMENT	MFR	MODEL	SERIAL	LAST	CAL DUE.
TYPE		NUMBER	NUMBER	CAL.	
Spectrum Analyzer 21(26.5GHz)	Agilent	N9010A	MY49060537	07/18/2013	07/17/2014
Spectrum Analyzer 20(6.5GHz)	Agilent	E4443A	MY48250315	05/26/2013	05/25/2014
Spectrum Analyzer 22(43GHz)	R&S	FSU43	100143	05/03/2013	05/02/2014
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VHAP,30-300	919	11/16/2011	11/15/2013
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	UHAP,300-100 0	1195	10/25/2011	10/24/2013
Loop Antenna9K-30M	A.H.SYSTEM	SAS-564	294	03/07/2013	03/06/2015
Bilog Antenna30-1G	Schaffner	CBL 6111B	2756	01/13/2013	01/12/2014
Horn antenna1-18G(06)	EMCO	3117	0006665	10/15/2012	10/14/2013
Horn antenna18-26G(04)	Com-power	AH-826	081001	05/15/2013	05/14/2015
Preamplifier9-1000M	HP	8447D	NA	02/19/2013	02/18/2014
Preamplifier1-18G	MITEQ	AFS44-001018 00-25-10P-44	1329256	07/18/2013	07/17/2014
Preamplifier1-26G	EM	EM01M26G	NA	02/26/2013	02/25/2014
Cable1-18G	HUBER SUHNER	Sucoflex 106	NA	09/07/2012	09/06/2013
Cable UP to 1G	HUBER SUHNER	RG 214/U	NA	10/08/2012	10/07/2013
SUCOFLEX 1GHz~40GHz cable	HUBER SUHNER	Sucoflex 102	27963/2&3742 1/2	09/21/2011	09/20/2013
Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	102330	02/19/2013	02/18/2014
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3692A	20311	09/18/2012	09/17/2013
2.4G Filter	Micro-Tronics	Brm50702	76	12/27/2012	12/26/2013



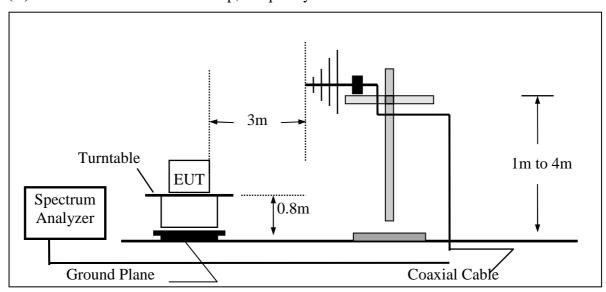
8.3 Test SET-UP:

8.3.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

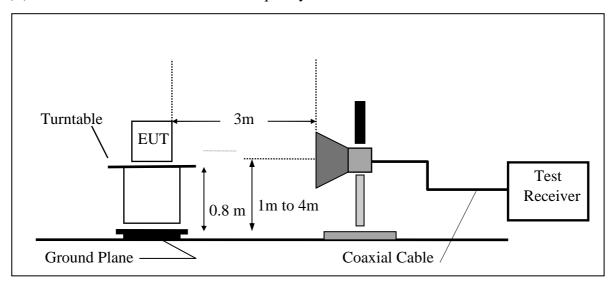
Refer to section 6.3 for details.

8.3.2 Radiated emission:

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-UP Frequency Over 1 GHz



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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

8.4 Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = operating frequency.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW=100KHz, Span=25MHz, Sweep = auto
- 5. Mark Peak, 2.390GHz and 2.4835GHz and record the max. level.
- 6. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

Refer to section 11 and 12 emissions in restricted and non-estricted frequency bands Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01

The measurement of unwanted emissions at the edge of the authorized frequency bands can be complicated by the leakage of RF energy from the fundamental emission into the RBW pass band. Thus, for measurements at the band edges, a narrower resolution bandwidth (no less than 10 kHz) can be used within the first 1 MHz beyond the fundamental emission, provided that that measured energy is subsequently integrated over the appropriate reference bandwidth (i.e., 100 kHz or 1 MHz). This integration can be performed using the band power function of the spectrum analyzer or by summing the spectral levels (in linear power units) over the appropriate reference bandwidth.

8.5 Field Strength Calculation:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where	FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
	RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
	AF = Antenna Factor	

8.6 Measurement Result:

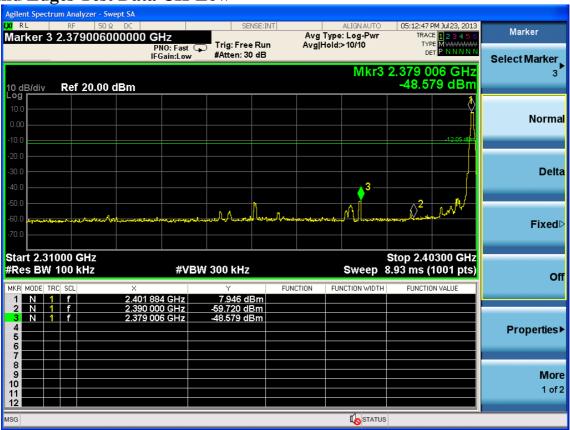
Note: Refer to next page spectrum analyzer data chart and tabular data sheets.

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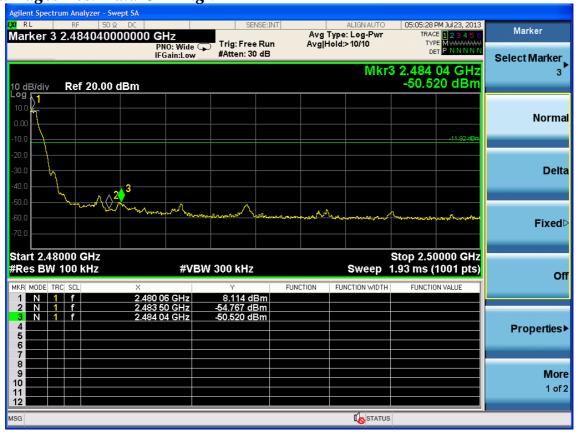
FCC ID: XDULE40-D2

IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Band Edges Test Data CH-Low



Band Edges Test Data CH-High





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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Emission:

Operation Mode TX CH Low Test Date 2013/07/23

Fundamental Frequency 2402 MHz Test By Dino Temperature $25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity $60 \, \%$

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	2387.28	55.51	-7.02	48.49	74.00	-25.51	Peak	VERTICAL
2	2390.00	45.65	-7.01	38.64	74.00	-35.36	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2377.16	58.44	-7.04	51.40	74.00	-22.60	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	2390.00	46.30	-7.01	39.29	74.00	-34.71	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Operation Mode TX CH High Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2480 MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ C Humidity 60 %

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	2483.50	47.49	-6.81	40.68	74.00	-33.32	Peak	VERTICAL
2	2493.54	52.25	-6.79	45.46	74.00	-28.54	Peak	VERTICAL
1	2483.50	52.57	-6.81	45.76	74.00	-28.24	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	2489.32	54.25	-6.79	47.46	74.00	-26.54	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency
- ² Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.
- Measurement of data within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.

Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

9 SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSION TEST

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(c), all other emissions outside these bands shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a). And according to §15.33(a)(1), for an intentional radiator operates below 10GHz, the frequency range of measurements: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40GHz, whichever is lower.

According to RSS-210 issue 8, §A8.5, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands of Table 1 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Tables 2 and 3.

9.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

9.2.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

9.2.2 Radiated emission:

Refer to section 7.2 for details.

9.3 Test SET-UP:

9.3.1 Conducted Emission at antenna port:

Refer to section 6.3 for details.

9.3.2 Radiated emission:

Refer to section 7.3 for details.

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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

9.4 Measurement Procedure:

- 1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turn table shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 4. When measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz the EUT measurement is to be made "while keeping the antenna in the 'cone of radiation' from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response." is still within the 3dB illumination BW of the measurement antenna.
- 5. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 6. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 7. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

Refer to section 11 and 12 emissions in restricted and non-estricted frequency bands Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01

9.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

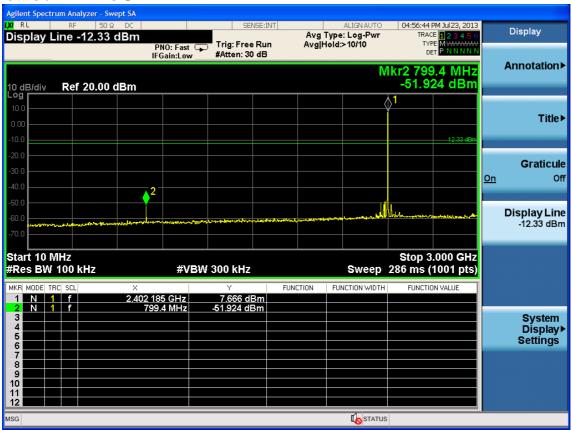
Where	FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
	RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
	AF = Antenna Factor	

9.6 Measurement Result:

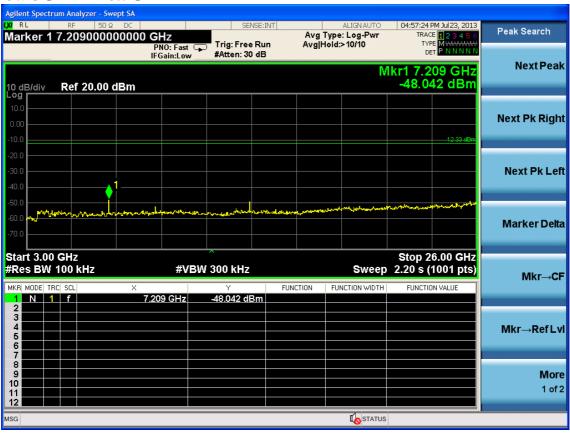
Note: Refer to next page spectrum analyzer data chart and tabular data sheets.



Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement Result Ch Low 30MHz – 3GHz



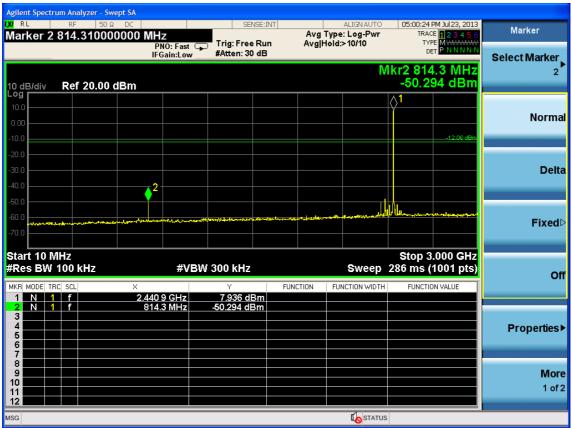
Ch Low 3GHz – 26.5GHz



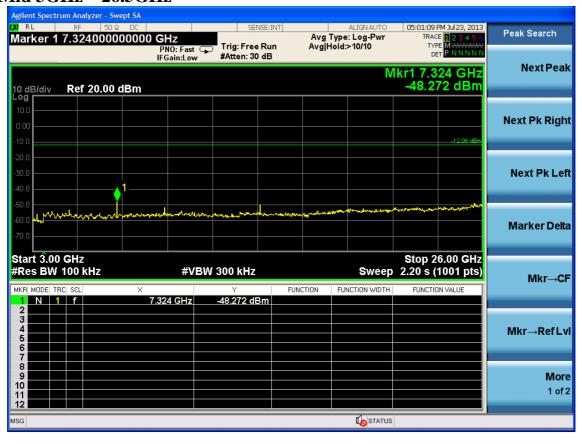
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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Ch Mid 30MHz - 3GHz



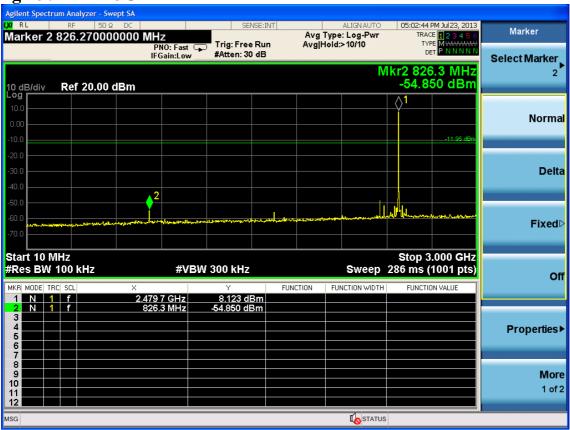
Ch Mid 3GHz – 26.5GHz



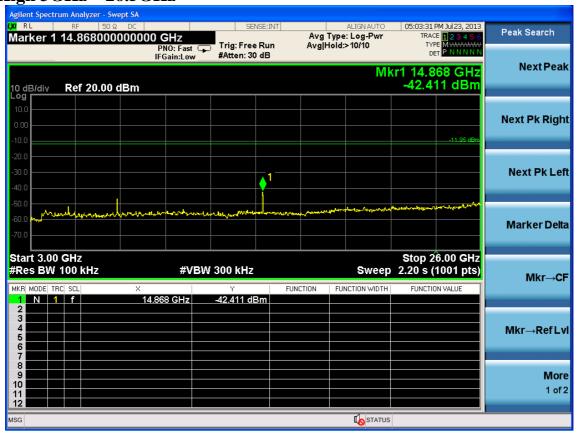
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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Ch High 30MHz – 3GHz



Ch High 3GHz - 26.5GHz





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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result: (below 1GHz)

Operation Mode TX CH Low Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2402MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ Humidity 60 $^{\circ}$

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	84.32	43.39	-18.31	25.08	40.00	-14.92	Peak	VERTICAL
2	379.20	44.94	-10.41	34.53	46.00	-11.47	Peak	VERTICAL
3	480.08	37.57	-8.70	28.87	46.00	-17.13	Peak	VERTICAL
4	662.44	31.32	-5.09	26.23	46.00	-19.77	Peak	VERTICAL
5	759.44	32.04	-2.99	29.05	46.00	-16.95	Peak	VERTICAL
6	901.06	28.91	-1.02	27.89	46.00	-18.11	Peak	VERTICAL
1	86.26	48.55	-18.27	30.28	40.00	-9.72	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	197.81	45.89	-16.27	29.62	43.50	-13.88	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	378.23	45.03	-10.43	34.60	46.00	-11.40	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	480.08	48.60	-8.70	39.90	46.00	-6.10	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	755.56	30.47	-3.02	27.45	46.00	-18.55	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6	947.62	30.23	-0.34	29.89	46.00	-16.11	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 No further spurious emissions detected from the lowest internal frequency and 30MHz.
- 2 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 1GHz.
- 3 Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak / QP detector mode.
- 4 Measurement result within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

5 The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100KHz, VBW=300KHz.



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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (below 1GHz)

Operation Mode TX CH Mid Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2440MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ C Humidity 60 %

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	86.26	42.31	-18.27	24.04	40.00	-15.96	Peak	VERTICAL
2	201.69	38.00	-16.33	21.67	43.50	-21.83	Peak	VERTICAL
3	380.17	47.78	-10.40	37.38	46.00	-8.62	Peak	VERTICAL
4	666.32	32.17	-5.03	27.14	46.00	-18.86	Peak	VERTICAL
5	759.44	32.27	-2.99	29.28	46.00	-16.72	Peak	VERTICAL
6	901.06	29.68	-1.02	28.66	46.00	-17.34	Peak	VERTICAL
1	84.32	49.61	-18.31	31.30	40.00	-8.70	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	198.78	46.37	-16.32	30.05	43.50	-13.45	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	378.23	45.73	-10.43	35.30	46.00	-10.70	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	480.08	46.40	-8.70	37.70	46.00	-8.30	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	600.36	35.92	-6.10	29.82	46.00	-16.18	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6	857.41	31.18	-1.92	29.26	46.00	-16.74	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 No further spurious emissions detected from the lowest internal frequency and 30MHz.
- 2 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 1GHz.
- 3 Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak / QP detector mode.
- 4 Measurement result within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

5 The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100KHz, VBW=300KHz.



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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (below 1GHz)

Operation Mode TX CH High Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2480MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity 60 %

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	86.26	43.21	-18.27	24.94	40.00	-15.06	Peak	VERTICAL
2	378.23	45.00	-10.43	34.57	46.00	-11.43	Peak	VERTICAL
3	480.08	38.53	-8.70	29.83	46.00	-16.17	Peak	VERTICAL
4	665.35	31.84	-5.05	26.79	46.00	-19.21	Peak	VERTICAL
5	801.15	30.48	-2.66	27.82	46.00	-18.18	Peak	VERTICAL
6	901.06	28.19	-1.02	27.17	46.00	-18.83	Peak	VERTICAL
1	85.29	48.09	-18.30	29.79	40.00	-10.21	Peak	HORIZONTAL
2	200.72	45.82	-16.37	29.45	43.50	-14.05	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	379.20	45.80	-10.41	35.39	46.00	-10.61	Peak	HORIZONTAL
4	480.08	46.50	-8.70	37.80	46.00	-8.20	Peak	HORIZONTAL
5	828.31	34.62	-2.33	32.29	46.00	-13.71	Peak	HORIZONTAL
6	948.59	32.45	-0.33	32.12	46.00	-13.88	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 No further spurious emissions detected from the lowest internal frequency and 30MHz.
- 2 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 1GHz.
- 3 Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using Peak / QP detector mode.
- 4 Measurement result within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

5 The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100KHz, VBW=300KHz.



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Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (above 1GHz)

Operation Mode TX CH Low Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2402 MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ C Humidity 60 %

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	4804.00	48.83	1.25	50.08	54.00	-3.92	Average	VERTICAL
2	4804.00	65.34	1.25	66.59	74.00	-7.41	Peak	VERTICAL
3	7206.00	33.40	7.91	41.31	54.00	-12.69	Average	VERTICAL
4	7206.00	46.44	7.91	54.35	74.00	-19.65	Peak	VERTICAL
1	4804.00	46.46	1.25	47.71	54.00	-6.29	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	4804.00	62.97	1.25	64.22	74.00	-9.78	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	7206.00	38.34	7.91	46.25	54.00	-7.75	Average	HORIZONTAL
4	7206.00	51.38	7.91	59.29	74.00	-14.71	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency
- ² Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.
- 3 "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes harmonics frequency. "S" denotes spurious frequency.
- 4 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- $_{5}\;$ Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.
- 6 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting: 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.



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Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (above 1GHz)

Operation Mode TX CH Mid Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2440 MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ C Humidity 60 %

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	4880.00	45.78	1.48	47.26	54.00	-6.74	Average	VERTICAL
2	4880.00	62.28	1.48	63.76	74.00	-10.24	Peak	VERTICAL
3	7320.00	32.91	8.03	40.94	54.00	-13.06	Average	VERTICAL
4	7320.00	45.95	8.03	53.98	74.00	-20.02	Peak	VERTICAL
1	4880.00	45.74	1.48	47.22	54.00	-6.78	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	4880.00	62.24	1.48	63.72	74.00	-10.28	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	7320.00	36.27	8.03	44.30	54.00	-9.70	Average	HORIZONTAL
4	7320.00	49.31	8.03	57.34	74.00	-16.66	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency
- ² Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.
- 3 "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes harmonics frequency. "S" denotes spurious frequency.
- 4 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- $_{5}\;$ Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.
- Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting: 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.



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Report Number: ISL-12LR100FC-R1

IC: 8456A-LE4D2

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement Result (above 1GHz)

Operation Mode TX CH High Test Date 2013/07/23 Fundamental Frequency 2480 MHz Test By Dino Temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ Humidity 60 $^{\circ}$

No	Freq	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark	Pol
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		V/H
1	4960.00	39.93	1.72	41.65	54.00	-12.35	Average	VERTICAL
2	4960.00	56.42	1.72	58.14	74.00	-15.86	Peak	VERTICAL
3	7440.00	42.39	8.15	50.54	74.00	-23.46	Peak	VERTICAL
1	4960.00	43.68	1.72	45.40	54.00	-8.60	Average	HORIZONTAL
2	4960.00	60.17	1.72	61.89	74.00	-12.11	Peak	HORIZONTAL
3	7440.00	43.37	8.15	51.52	74.00	-22.48	Peak	HORIZONTAL

Remark:

- 1 Measuring frequencies from the lowest internal frequency to the 10th of fundamental frequency
- 2 Field strength limits for frequency above 1000MHz are based on average limits. However, Peak mode field strength shall not exceed the average limits specified plus 20dB.
- 3 Measurement of data within this frequency range shown "-" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4 Spectrum Peak mode IF bandwidth Setting : 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, Sweep time= 200 ms., the VBW setting was 3 MHz.
- 5 Spectrum AV mode if bandwidth Setting: 1GHz- 26GHz, RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 10Hz, Sweep time= 200 ms.

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IC: 8456A-LE4D2

10 Peak Power Spectral Density

10.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-210 issue 8, §A8.2(b) and §A8.3(2), The transmitter power spectral density (into the antenna) shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission or over 1.0 second if the transmission exceeds 1.0 second duration.

10.2 Measurement Equipment Used:

Refer to section 6.2 for details.

10.3 Test Set-up:

Refer to section 6.3 for details.

10.4 Measurement Procedure:

Refer to section 10.2Peak Power Density(PKPPSD) Measurement Procedure of KDB Document: 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r01

- 1 Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel frequency
- 2 Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3 Set resolution bandwidth 3KHz ≤RBW ≤100KHz.
- 4 Set the video bandwidth VBW≥3×RBW.
- 5 Detector = Peak.
- 6 Sweep = auto couple.
- 7 Trace mode = max hold.
- 8 Sweep = auto couple.
- 9 Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 10 Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 11 If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat



10.5 Measurement Result:

LE mode

Frequency MHz	Power Density Reading (dBm)/10KHz	Maximum Limit (dBm))/3KHz
2402	3.186	8
2440	3.394	8
2480	3.995	8

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FCC ID: XDULE40-D2 IC: 8456A-LE4D2

LE mode Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Low)



Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-Mid)





Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-High)





11 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

11.1 Standard Applicable:

According to §15.203, Antenna requirement.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

According to RSS-GEN 7.1.2, a transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was certified. A transmitter may be certified with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest-gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which certification is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type and having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested for certification with the transmitter, will also be considered certified with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. The manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer. Any antenna gain in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the power limits specified in RSS-210 or RSS-310 for devices of RF output powers of 10 milliwatts or less. For devices of output powers greater than 10 milliwatts, except devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 (Frequency Hopping and Digital Modulation Systems Operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz Bands) or RSS-210 Annex 9 (Local Area Network Devices), the total antenna gain shall be ad

ded to the measured RF output power before using the specified power limits. For devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 or Annex 9, the antenna gain shall not be added.

11.2 Antenna Connected Construction:

The directional gins of antenna used for transmitting is 2dBi, and the antenna connector is designed with unique type RF connector and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo and antenna spec. for details.

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12 RF EXPOSURE (MPE)

12.1 Standard Applicable

According to §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

This is a Mobile device, the MPE is required.

FCC RF Exposure: §1.1310 and §2.1091

Limits for Maximum Permissive Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time		
(MHz)	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm^2)	(minute)		
	Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure					
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30		
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$*(180/f^2)$	30		
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30		
300-1500	/	/	F/1500	30		
1500-15000	/	/	1.0	30		

F = frequency in MHz

IC Exemption from Routine Evaluation Limits – RF Exposure Evaluation: RSS 102 Issue 4, section 2.5.2

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

above 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W.

^{* =} Plane-wave equipment power density

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12.2 Result:

The Measured Max. peak output power is 10.08dBm (10.185mW) refer to section 6.5.

MPE Prediction

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

 $S=PG/4 \pi R^2$

Where: S = Power density

P = Power input to antenna

G = Power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Maximum Peak output power at antenna input terminal:	10.08	(dBm)
Maximum Peak output power at antenna input terminal:	10.18591388	(mW)
Duty cycle:	64	(%)
Maximum Pav :	6.518984884	(mW)
Antenna gain (typical):	2	(dBi)
Maximum antenna gain:	1.584893192	(numeric)
Prediction distance:	20	(cm)
Prediction frequency:	2480	(MHz)
MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction	1	(mW/cm2)
Power density at predication frequency at 20 (cm)	0.0020565	(mW/cm^2)

The predicted power density level at 20 cm is 0.002056 mW/cm^2 . This is below the uncontrolled exposure limit of 1 mW/cm^2 at 2480 MHz.