#### 5.6. RF EXPOSURE REQUIRMENTS [§§ 15.247(i), 1.1310 & 2.1091]

## 5.6.1. Limits

§ 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).

### **Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)**

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)							
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures											
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6							
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6							
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6							
300-1500			f/300	6							
1500-100,000			5	6							
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure											
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30							
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30							
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30							
300-1500			f/1500	30							
1500-100,000			1.0	30							

f = frequency in MHz

Note 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

Note 2: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density

#### 5.6.2. Method of Measurements

# Calculation Method of Power Density/RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi \cdot r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi \cdot r^2}$$

Where, P: power input to the antenna in mW

EIRP: Equivalent (effective) isotropic radiated power.

S: power density mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

G: numeric gain of antenna relative to isotropic radiator

r: distance to centre of radiation in cm

### 5.6.3. RF Evaluation

Remark(s):

The EUT contained ZigBee/ BLE and WiFi radio modules with the following operating conditions:

- BLE and WiFi may transmit at the same time
- Zigbee and WiFi may transmit at the same time
- BLE and Zigbee will NOT transmit at the same time

Pursuant to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, Section 7.2:

Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneously transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device is  $\leq 1.0$ , according to calculated/estimated, numerically modeled, or measured field strengths or power density.

The sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneously transmitting antennas incorporated in the EUT is  $\leq$  1.0 as calculated in the following table.

	EUT Co-located MPE for BLE/Zigbee with WiFi Radio									
Transmitter	Frequency Band (MHz)	Frequency	Max. EIRP (dBm)	Max. EIRP (mW)	Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Power Density Limit (mW/cm²)	Power Density MPE Ratio		
BLE	2402-2480	2402	1.99	1.581	20	0.0003	1.0	0.0003		
Zigbee	2405-2480	2405	22.08	161.436	20	0.0321	1.0	0.0321		
802.11b	2412-2462	2412	19.92	98.175	20	0.0195	1.0	0.0195		
802.11g	2412-2462	2412	24.78	300.608	20	0.0598	1.0	0.0598		
802.11n	2412-2462	2412	24.84	304.789	20	0.0606	1.0	0.0606		
Worst Case Combination (Zigbee with WiFi 802.11n mode) :								0.0928		