## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CCS USA

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D2600V2-1036\_Apr11

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2600V2 - SN: 1036

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: April 15, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Φ

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: April 15, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2600V2-1036 Apr11

Page 1 of 9

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## Glossary:

N/A

TSL ConvF tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	******	0.570707

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.9 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	59.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	58.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.59 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	26.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2600V2-1036\_Apr11

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.9 ± 6 %	2.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		*****

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.8 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	59.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	58.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.49 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	26.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50,4 Ω - 4,2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB	

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω - 3.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB	

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.150 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	March 03, 2009	

Certificate No: D2600V2-1036\_Apr11

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 15.04.2011 12:43:20

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle; 1:1

Medium: HSL BB1.9

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.03 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

## DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601: Calibrated: 10.06.2010.

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

## Pin=250 mW /d=10mm/Cube 0:

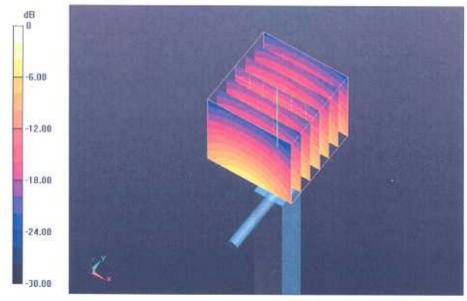
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.648 W/kg

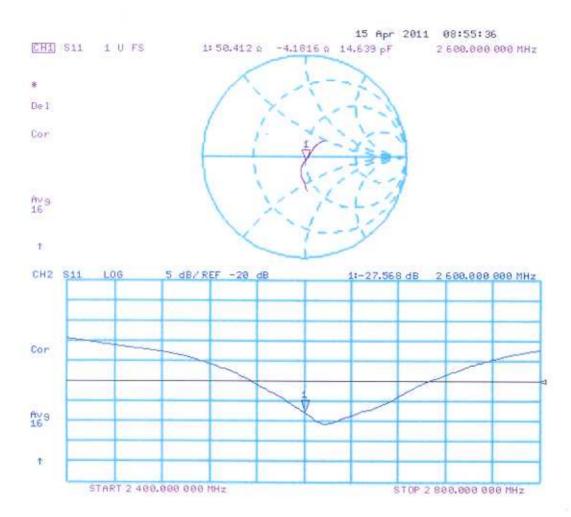
SAR(1 g) = 14.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.642 mW/g



0 dB = 19.640 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Date/Time: 15.04,2011 13:36:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL BB1.9

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.17 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.18, 4.18, 4.18); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

## Pin=250 mW /d=10mm/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.443 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.447 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.49 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.637 mW/g



0 dB = 19.640 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

