

# FCC CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT FOR TMS 9250

# Manufactured by M/s. Honeywell International, Columbus, US

Report Reference Number:	ort Reference Number: EMC_tst_0527-1 Rev A					
Equipment Under Test (EUT):	TMS 9250					
	<u>Production sample</u>					
	Model Number of EUT	: TMS 92516				
	Serial Number of EUT	: 1182664				
Sample Identification:	Power Supply Model	: EA1020B1-12-6E-Rev A				
	Serial Number of Power Supply	: 13121020131C3				
	Software Version	: 1.40				
	Hardware Version	: Revision A				
Number of Samples:	1					
Manufacturer name:	M/s. Honeywell International, Columbus, USA					
	Honeywell International,					
Address:	2080 Arlingate Lane, Columbus, OH 43228, USA					
Testing Laboratory:	M/s. Honeywell Technology Solutions Lab, Bangalore					
Address:	#19/2, Deverabisanahalli Village,					
	K R Puram Hobli, Bangalore – 560 103, IN	NDIA				
Test Dates:	25-27, April, 2011					
	1. Radiated Emission of Carrier Frequency, FCC § 15.225(a)					
Applicable Tests:	<ol> <li>Radiated Spurious Emission</li> <li>Frequency Stability, FCC §</li> </ol>	* *				
		C power lines, FCC § 15.207(a)				
Test Results:	One sample was tested as per above applicable standard and the					
rest nesuits.	sample meets the test specifications.					

Prepared By: Approved By:

Signature:

Name: Bhanuprakash M Venkatesh Name: L Narasimha Charyulu

Date : 28-APRIL-2011 Date: 28-APRIL-2011

This Test Report relates to the above mentioned test sample only. Without the permission of the test center this report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This report is not entitled to carry any safety mark on this or similar products.

Signature:



# **Test Summary**

# 1. Radiated Emission of Carrier Frequency

**Result: PASS** 

# 2. Spurious Radiated Emission

**Result: PASS** 

# 3. Frequency Stability

Result: PASS

# 4. Conducted Emission Test on AC power line

**Result: PASS** 



# **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

**Table 1: Acronyms and Abbreviations** 

Acronyms	Abbreviations
μV	Micro Volt
AC	Alternating Current
AVG	Average
CCM	Caliper style Coupling Module
CPU	Central Processing Unit
dB	Decibel
EUT	Equipment Under Test
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
1/0	Input / Output
kHz	Kilo Hertz
m	meter
MHz	Mega Hertz
Mod and De-Mod	Modulation and De-Modulation
PS	Power Supply
QP	Quasi Peak
RF	Radio Frequency
RTE	Rotor Electronics
SPM	Signal Processing Module
TMS	Torque Measurement System



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#### 1. Product Information

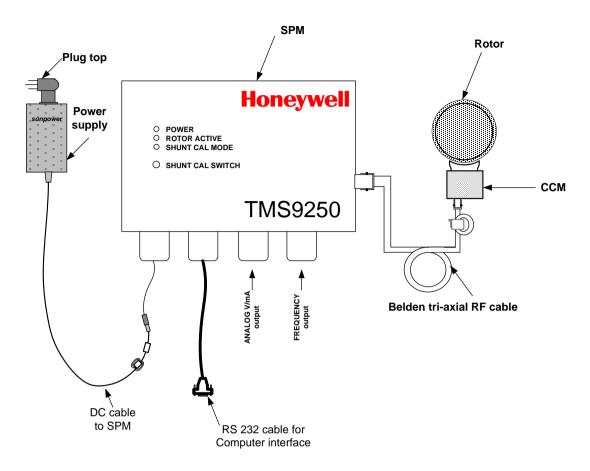


Figure 1: Block Diagram of the EUT (TMS 9250)

Honeywell Torque Sensors are designed structures that perform in a predictable and repeatable manner when a torque is applied. This torque is translated into a signal voltage by the resistance change of strain gages, which are attached to the torque sensor structure. The change in resistance indicates the degree of deformation, and in turn, the torque on the structure.

The strain gages are connected in a 4 arm Wheatstone bridge configuration which acts as an adding and subtracting electrical network and allows compensation for temperature effects as well as cancellation of signals caused by extraneous loading.

When the torque sensor is rotating, a means must be provided to transfer an excitation voltage to the rotational element from a stationary surface, and also to transfer the torque signal from the rotational element back to the stationary surface. This is accomplished through the use of digital telemetry.

The digital telemetry system consists of a receiver-transmitter module, a caliper-style coupling module and a signal processing module.

The receiver-transmitter module is an integral part of the torque sensor and is connected to the strain gauges and to the annular printed circuit board that contains the rotating antenna system. Within the receiver-transmitter module, the sensor signals are amplified, digitized, and are then used to modulate the radio frequency carrier wave that is detected by the antenna after being transmitted across the air gap by the caliper coupling module. That same carrier wave is rectified to provide power to drive the



strain gauges and the electronic components in the module, which is managed by a miniature microprocessor.

The caliper coupling module connects to the signal processing module via a simple tri-axial cable. The detector circuitry in the signal processing module recovers the digital measurement data from the torque sensor and passes it to the second microprocessor for scaling and linear zing.

The third microprocessor provides the drive to the two analog outputs, as well as the standard digital interfaces and the optional digital interface modules. Extensive facilities are provided in software for setup and configuration of the complete system.

There are 3 coupling styles offered by Honeywell for the TMS 9250 product line

- 1. Flange to Flange
- 2. Internal Coupling
- 3. Shaft to Shaft

Each coupling style can have up to 6 rotor sizes (65, 90, 120, 150, 180 & 225). Size 65 is the smallest rotor size and size 225 is the largest rotor size. The electronics (SPM, RTE & power supply) used in all the coupling styles/rotor sizes is the same.

Note: Engineering team provided a justification document, which proves the EUT with largest rotor size (225) produces more radiations compared to other models; hence the FCC testing was done using the worst case model i.e. the EUT with largest rotor size.



# 2. Radiated Emission of Carrier Frequency Test

# **Applicable Standard:**

FCC § 15.225(a)

# Requirement:

The radiated emission of a carrier frequency should be within the limit specified in Table 3.

#### **Test Instruments**

**Table 2: Equipments Used** 

Description	Make	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	ETS Lindgren	DRS 2016X7DBLLH	J001063	26-06-2011
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	100229	25-01-2012
Loop Antenna	ETS Lindgren	6507	000103694	26-01-2012

# **Test Specifications**

Table 3: Radiated Emission Limit for carrier frequency

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Distance (meters)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV/m)
13.56	30	15848	84	124

Distance Correction Factor					
Frequency < 30 MHz $40*LOG(D_L/D_m)$					
Frequency $\geq$ 30 MHz   20*LOG(D <sub>L</sub> / D <sub>m</sub> )					
Where					
D <sub>m</sub> = Measured Distance					
D <sub>i</sub> = Limit Distance					

Test Method : ANSI C63.4-2003

Measurement Location : 3m Semi Anechoic Chamber

Supply Voltage : 110 VAC, 60 Hz

Detector : Peak
Measurement Bandwidth : 100 kHz
Measurement Distance : 3 meter
Mode of Operation : Transmitting

#### **Lab Environment Conditions**

Temperature :  $23.4 \pm 1$ °C Relative Humidity :  $53.9 \pm 3.5$ %



# **EUT Configurations**

The EUT is Torque Measurement System (TMS9250), which is intended to be used in industrial applications. The EUT is a torque measurement system used to measure torque in Dynamo Meters and other applications. The measurement is based on strain gauge sensor and data transmission is wireless. The EUT was powered using 110 VAC / 60Hz source and made operational. During the test, the communication lines were not monitored. The frequency output line, Voltage output line and RS232 lines were terminated with 330  $\Omega$ , 4.7 K $\Omega$  and 4.7 K $\Omega$  loads respectively.

#### **Test Procedure**

The radiated emission measurement was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4-2003. The equipment under test (EUT) was placed at the middle of the 80 cm high turntable, and the EUT was 3 meters from the measuring antenna (loop antenna). The turntable was rotated  $360^{\circ}$  and height of the receiving antenna was varied from 1m to 4m for obtaining the maximum emission of the EUT. The above procedure was repeated for both Horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

#### **Test Result**

Table 4: Results Summary - Radiated Emission of carrier frequency

Antenna Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degree)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Result
Vertical	13.56	82.32	108	270	124	41.68	PASS
Horizontal	13.56	75.97	100	180	124	48.03	PASS

Note: Measured field strength = Measured reading on Receiver + Antenna factor + Cable loss

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

From 150 kHz to 30 MHz test frequency range, the estimated measurement uncertainty for the Radiated Emission Test setup is 3.40 dB.

#### **Enclosed Documents**

- 1. Radiated Emissions plot of the EUT Appendix 1, Figure 3 and Figure 4
- 2. Radiated Emissions Test Setup photos Appendix 2, Figure 14 and Figure 15

**Test Date:** 25 – APRIL – 2011

**EUT Performance Verified By:** 

(Bhanuprakash M Venkatesh)

**Test Conducted by:** 

(Gulshan Kumar)



# 3. Radiated Spurious Emission Test

# **Applicable Standard:**

FCC § 15.225(d)

# **Requirement:**

The measured radiated spurious emissions of EUT should be within the limit specified in Table 6. Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for the harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in section 15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Sections 15.209(a) is not required.

#### **Test Instruments**

Table 5: Equipments Used

Description	Make	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	ETS Lindgren	DRS 2016X7DBLLH	J001063	26-06-2011
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	100229	25-01-2012
Bi-log Antenna	TDK	HLP3003C	130524	01-02-2012
Loop Antenna	ETS Lindgren	6507	000103694	26-01-2012

# **Test Specifications**

**Table 6: Limit for Radiated Emission** 

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Distance (meters)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV/m)
0.009-0.490	300	2400	67.60	147.60
0.490-1.705	30	24000	87.60	127.60
1.705-30.0	30	30	29.54	69.54
30-88	3	100	40.00	40.00
88-216	3	150	43.52	43.52
216-960	3	200	46.02	46.02
Above 960	3	300	53.98	53.98

Note: Tighter limits shall apply at the band edges

Distance Correction Factor					
Frequency < 30 MHz $40*LOG(D_L/D_m)$					
Frequency ≥ 30 MHz	20*LOG(D <sub>L</sub> / D <sub>m</sub> )				
Where					
D <sub>m</sub> = Measured Distance					
D <sub>L</sub> = Limit Distance					



Test Method : ANSI C63.4-2003

Measurement Location : 3m Semi Anechoic Chamber

Supply Voltage : 110 VAC, 60 Hz

Detector : Quasi Peak for frequency less than 1 GHz

Fundamental Frequency : 13.56 MHz

Measuring Frequency Range : 150 KHz – 1.0 GHz

Measurement Distance : 3 meters
Mode of Operation : Transmitting

#### **Lab Environment Conditions**

Temperature :  $23.4 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity :  $53.9 \pm 3.5\%$ 

#### **EUT Configurations**

The EUT is Torque Measurement System (TMS9250), which is intended to be used in industrial applications. The EUT is a torque measurement system used to measure torque in Dynamo Meters and other applications. The measurement is based on strain gauge sensor and data transmission is wireless. The EUT was powered using 110 VAC / 60Hz source and made operational. During the test, the communication lines were not monitored. The frequency output line, Voltage output line and RS232 lines were terminated with 330  $\Omega$ , 4.7 K $\Omega$  and 4.7 K $\Omega$  loads respectively.

#### **Test Procedure**

The radiated emission measurement in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4-2003 using a loop antenna. The equipment under test (EUT) was placed at the middle of the 80 cm high turntable, and the EUT was 3 meters from the receiving antenna. The turntable was rotated 360° and height of the receiving antenna was varied from 1m to 4m for obtaining the maximum emission of the EUT. The above procedure was repeated for both Horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

The radiated emission measurement in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4-2003 using bi-log antenna. The equipment under test (EUT) was placed at the middle of the 80 cm high turntable, and the EUT was 3 meters from the receiving antenna. The turntable was rotated  $360^{\circ}$  and height of the receiving antenna was varied from 1m to 4m for obtaining the maximum emission of the EUT. The above procedure was repeated for both Horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.



#### **Test Result**

Table 7: Results Summary - Radiated Spurious Emission

Antenna Polarization	Spurious Emission	Measured Field Strength	Antenna Height	Azimuth	Limit	Margin	Result
	(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(cm)	(Degree)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
	27.12	50.70	100	0	69.54	18.84	PASS
	38.16	23.90	100	273	40.00	16.10	PASS
Vertical	54.24	32.55	100	357	40.00	7.45	PASS
	67.78	24.28	300	357	40.00	15.72	PASS
	956.86	36.89	300	63	46.02	9.13	PASS
	27.12	58.26	100	0	69.54	11.28	PASS
	85.48	18.02	400	0	40.00	21.98	PASS
	135.58	31.64	200	0	43.52	11.88	PASS
	176.27	30.15	200	189	43.52	13.37	PASS
	298.33	34.50	100	294	46.02	11.53	PASS
	447.50	38.56	200	147	46.02	7.46	PASS
Horizontal	474.62	39.98	200	147	46.02	6.04	PASS
	501.75	38.32	200	168	46.02	7.70	PASS
	518.57	29.22	300	84	46.02	16.80	PASS
	528.86	38.37	200	168	46.02	7.66	PASS
	555.96	37.24	200	168	46.02	8.78	PASS
	699.21	33.96	400	189	46.02	12.06	PASS
	734.52	34.70	100	189	46.02	11.32	PASS

Note: Measured field strength = Measured reading on Receiver + Antenna factor + Cable loss

# **Measurement Uncertainty**

From 150 kHz to 30 MHz test frequency range, the estimated measurement uncertainty for the Radiated Emission Test setup is 3.40 dB.

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz test frequency range, the estimated measurement uncertainty for the Radiated Emission Test setup is 4.90 dB.

#### **Enclosed Documents**

- 1. Radiated Emissions plot of the EUT Appendix 1, Figure 5, Figure 6, Figure 7 and Figure 8
- 2. Radiated Emissions Test Setup photos Appendix 2, Figure 14, Figure 15, Figure 16 and Figure 17

**Test Date:** 25 – APRIL – 2011

**EUT Performance Verified By:** 

**Test Conducted by:** 

(Bhanuprakash M Venkatesh)

(Gulshan Kumar)



# 4. Frequency Stability Test

# **Applicable Standard:**

FCC § 15.225(e)

# Requirement:

The frequency shall be maintained within +/-0.01% of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees C to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C.

# **Test Instruments**

**Table 8: Equipments Used** 

Description	Make	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Thermal Chamber	WEISS	WK-180	58226089190010	01-04-2012
Frequency Counter	Agilent	53181A	MY40005408	09-03-2012

# **Test Specifications**

Supply Voltage : 110 VAC, 60 Hz Fundamental Frequency : 13.56 MHz

# **Lab Environment Conditions**

Temperature : Not Applicable Relative Humidity : Not Applicable



# **EUT Configurations**

The EUT is Torque Measurement System (TMS9250), which is intended to be used in industrial applications. The EUT is a torque measurement system used to measure torque in Dynamo Meters and other applications. The measurement is based on strain gauge sensor and data transmission is wireless. The EUT was powered using 110 VAC / 60Hz source and made operational. During the test, the communication lines were not monitored. The frequency output line, Voltage output line and RS232 lines were terminated with 330  $\Omega$ , 4.7 K $\Omega$  and 4.7 K $\Omega$  loads respectively. The setup shown in Figure 2 was used to measure the carrier frequency during temperature and voltage variation test. Rotor was not coupled to CCM during this test to avoid modulation of carrier frequency.

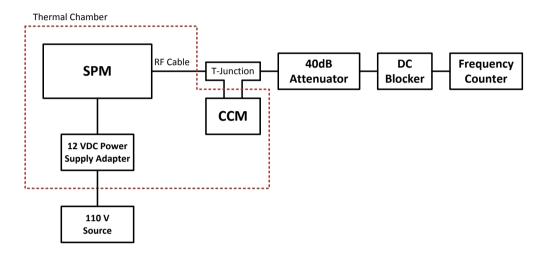


Figure 2: Block Diagram of Frequency Stability Test Setup

#### **Test Procedure**

- Keep the supply voltage constant at 110 VAC and measure and note down the carrier frequency by stabilizing(Soaked for 1 hour duration) the EUT temperature at -20°C, -10°C, 0°C, 10°C, 20°C, 30°C, 40°C and 50°C
- 2. Maintain the EUT temperature at 20°C and then measure and note down the carrier frequency by varying the supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage.

# **Test Result**

Table 9: Test Result – Temperature Variation

Temperature	Supply	Fundamental	Measured	Deviation	Limit,	
	Voltage	Frequency	Frequency	Observed		Result
(DEG C)	(VAC)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	
-20	110	13.560	13.56052131	0.521310	± 1.356	PASS
-10	110	13.560	13.56049758	0.497580	± 1.356	PASS
0	110	13.560	13.56046394	0.463940	± 1.356	PASS
10	110	13.560	13.56042587	0.425870	± 1.356	PASS
20	110	13.560	13.56039514	0.395140	± 1.356	PASS
30	110	13.560	13.56037828	0.378280	± 1.356	PASS
40	110	13.560	13.56037989	0.379890	± 1.356	PASS
50	110	13.560	13.56040768	0.407680	± 1.356	PASS



Table 10 : Test Result – Source Voltage Variation

Temperature (DEG C)	Supply Voltage (VAC)	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Deviation Observed (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
20	93.5	13.560	13.56039526	0.395260	± 1.356	PASS
20	110.0	13.560	13.56039564	0.395640	± 1.356	PASS
20	126.5	13.560	13.56039541	0.395410	± 1.356	PASS

# **Enclosed Documents**

1. Frequency Measurements – Appendix 1, Table 14

2. Frequency Stability Test Setup – Appendix 2, Figure 18 and Figure 19

**Test Date:** 27 – APRIL – 2011

**EUT Performance Verified By:** 

(Bhanuprakash M Venkatesh)

Test Conducted by:

(Bhanuprakash M Venkatesh)

Test Report No. EMC\_tst\_0527-1



#### 5. Conducted Emission Test

#### **Applicable Standard:**

FCC § 15.207(a)

#### Requirement:

The radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in Table 12

Note: Per the publication number 174176, dated 07/02/2008

(http://fjallfoss.fcc.gov/oetcf/kdb/forms/FTSSearchResultPage.cfm?id=34866&switch=P), For a device with a permanent antenna operating at or below 30 MHz, the FCC will accept measurements done with a suitable dummy load, in lieu of the permanent antenna under the following conditions: (1) perform the AC line conducted tests with the permanent antenna to determine compliance with the Section 15.207 limits outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band; (2) retest with a dummy load in lieu of the permanent antenna to determine compliance with the Section 15.207 limits within the transmitter's fundamental emission band.

#### **Test Instruments**

Table 11: Equipments Used

Description	Make	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	100229	25-01-2012
2 Line LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100019	25-01-2012

# **Test Specifications**

**Table 12: Limit for Conducted Emission** 

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi peak limit (dBμV)	Average limit (dBμV)	
0.15-0.50	66.00-56.00	56-46	
0.50 -5.00	56.00	46.00	
5.00-30.00	60.00	50.00	

Test Method : ANSI C63.4-2003
Measurement Location : Screen Room
Supply Voltage : 110 VAC, 60 Hz

Detector : Quasi Peak and Average

Measurement Bandwidth : 9 kHz

Measuring Frequency Range : 150 kHz – 30 MHz

#### **Lab Environment Conditions**

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Temperature} & : 21.6 \pm 1^{\circ}\mbox{C} \\ \mbox{Relative Humidity} & : 57 \pm 3.5\% \\ \end{array}$ 



# **EUT Configurations**

The EUT is Torque Measurement System (TMS9250), which is intended to be used in industrial applications. The EUT is a torque measurement system used to measure torque in Dynamo Meters and other applications. The measurement is based on strain gauge sensor and data transmission is wireless. The EUT was powered by 110 VAC / 60Hz and made operational. During the test, the communication lines were not monitored. The frequency output line, Voltage output line and RS232 lines are terminated with 330  $\Omega$ , 4.7 K $\Omega$  and 4.7 K $\Omega$  loads respectively.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF Conducted Emissions from the EUT sent back to the mains input were coupled using a Line Impedance Stabilization Network and measured using an Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) receiver. The measurement was done initially in Peak & Average Detection Modes and wherever the emission was closer to the limit line in peak detection mode, Quasi Peak Detection Mode was employed. The measurement was carried out in the frequency range of 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

#### **Test Result**

Table 13: Test Result - Conducted Emission on AC power line

Conductor	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Emission Level (Quasi Peak) (dBµV)	Quasi Peak limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Result
	0.182	51.215	64.32	13.11	PASS
Line	3.738	22.858	56.00	33.14	PASS
	13.562	42.811	60.00	17.19	PASS
	0.182	49.002	64.32	15.32	PASS
Neutral	1.642	34.335	56.00	21.66	PASS
	3.530	34.599	56.00	21.40	PASS
	3.834	32.978	56.00	23.02	PASS
	13.562	37.942	60.00	22.06	PASS
	19.418	31.249	60.00	28.75	PASS

Conductor	Frequency of Emission	Emission Level (Average)	Average limit	Margin	Result
	(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dBμV)	(dB)	
	0.182	37.572	54.32	16.75	PASS
Line	3.738	18.051	46.00	27.95	PASS
	13.562	40.292	50.00	09.71	PASS
Neutral	0.182	35.594	54.32	18.73	PASS
	1.642	32.747	46.00	13.25	PASS
	3.530	30.150	46.00	15.85	PASS
	3.834	28.691	46.00	17.31	PASS
	13.562	36.976	50.00	13.02	PASS
	19.418	23.894	50.00	22.11	PASS

Note: Measured emission = Measured reading on Receiver + LISN insertion loss + Cable loss

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

From 150 kHz to 30 MHz test frequency range, the estimated measurement uncertainty for the Conducted Emission Test setup is 3.40 dB.



# **Enclosed Documents**

- 1. Conducted Emission Plots Appendix 1, Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11 and Figure 12
- 2. Conducted Emission Test Setup Appendix 2, Figure 20 and Figure 21

**Test Date:** 27 – APRIL – 2011

**EUT Performance Verified By:** 

Test Conducted by:

(Bhanuprakash M Venkatesh)

(Gulshan Kumar)



# 6. Appendix-1: Emission Plots and Frequency Measurements

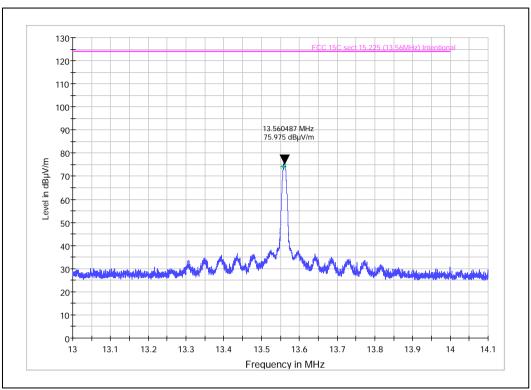


Figure 3: Radiated Emission of carrier frequency, Horizontal Polarization

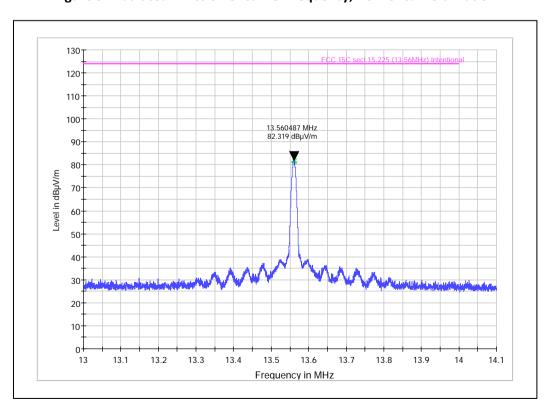


Figure 4: Radiated Emission of carrier frequency, Vertical Polarization



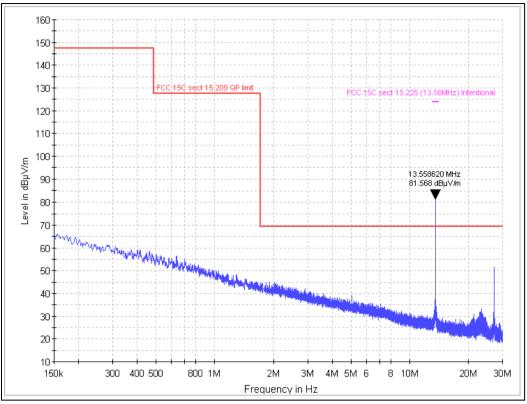


Figure 5: Radiated Spurious Emission: 150 kHz - 30 MHz: Vertical Polarization

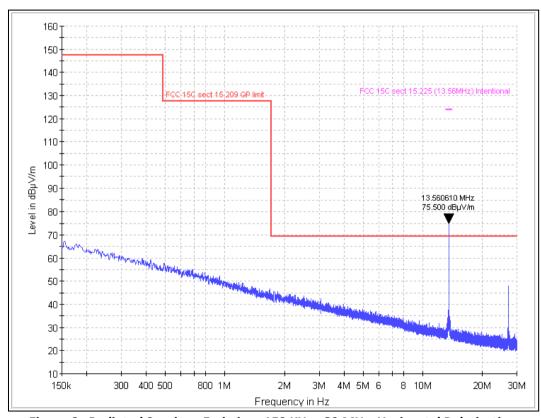


Figure 6: Radiated Spurious Emission: 150 KHz - 30 MHz: Horizontal Polarization



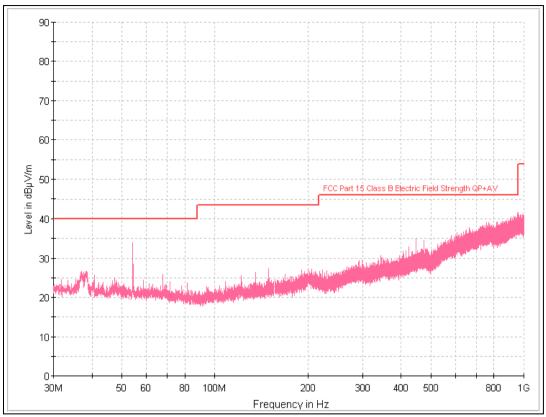


Figure 7: Radiated Spurious Emission: 30 MHz - 1 GHz: Vertical Polarization

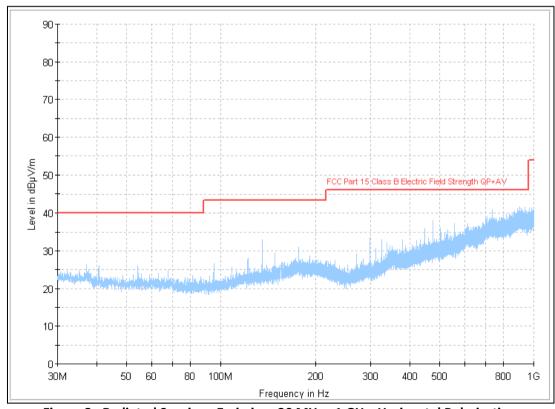


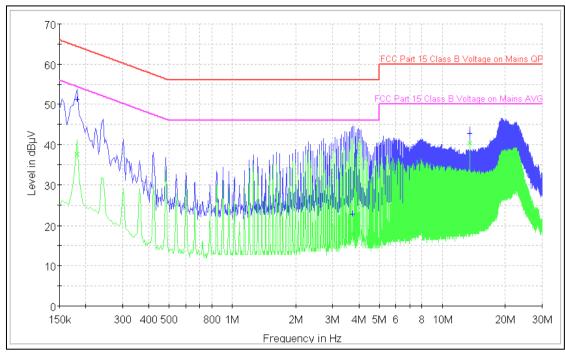
Figure 8: Radiated Spurious Emission: 30 MHz - 1 GHz: Horizontal Polarization



Table 14: Carrier Frequency Measurements – Frequency Stability Test

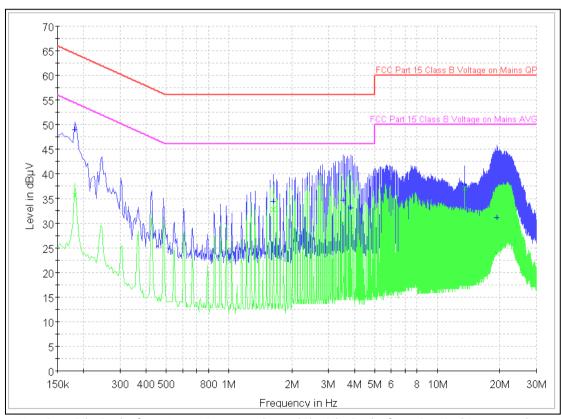
Temperature Variation				
Temperature (Deg C)	Supply Voltage (V AC)	Measured Carrier Frequency (MHz)		
-20	110.0	S-3181A 12-4042 Prequency Counter		
-10	110.0	Agillant \$3181A 9.4974 Frequency Control   3.560, 4.97, 5.8744		
0	110.0	Agillant SSISTA CAUGA Frequency Country		
10	110.0	Agilent 93181A 12 A OPL Preparety Country  1 3.5 6 0, 4 2 5, 8 7 0000  Press		
20	110.0	3181A 18.4 GRE transfer of Country Cou		
30	110.0	Agilent SSIBIA 9.40h. Frequency Counter  13.560,378,2860		
40	110.0	Agillant S3181A EAGON Freehold Constant Freehold Constant Freehold Constant Freehold Constant Freehold Constant Constant Freehold Constant		
50	110.0	S3181A SLABILIZATION CONTROL STATE OF THE ST		
	Power	Supply Variation		
20	110.0	3.5 6 0, 3 9 5, 6 4 Metz Freq 3.5 6 0, 3 9 5, 6 4 date		
20	93.5	53181A - 18 4916 Frequency - Counter Freq   3.5 6 0, 3.9 5, 2.6 Mete		
20	126.5	5-3101A 12-40fts Transparincy Counter  Freq.   3 5 5 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		





Note: Green Color Graph refers to Average Detector readings and Blue Color Graph refers to Quasi Peak Detector readings.

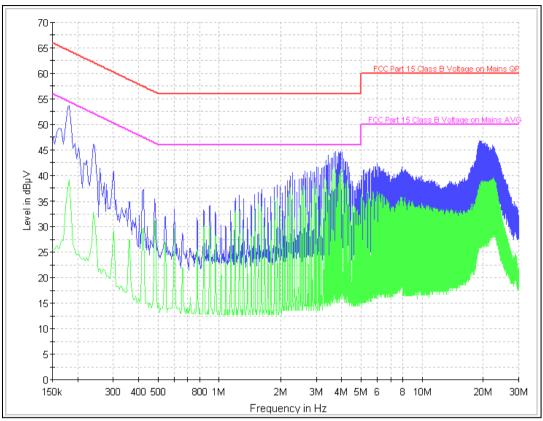
Figure 9: Conducted Emission on Line (With Permanent Antenna)



 $Note: \textit{Green Color Graph refers to Average Detector readings and Blue \textit{Color Graph refers to Quasi Peak Detector readings}. \\$ 

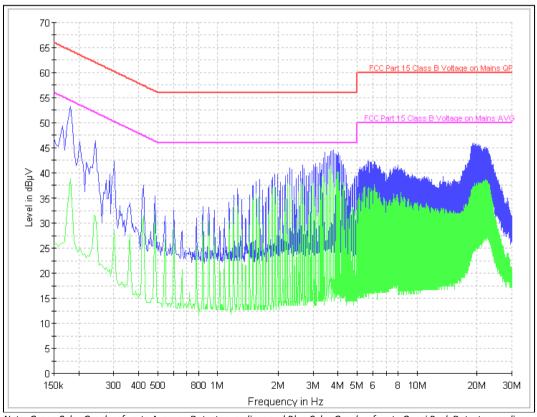
Figure 10: Conducted Emission on Neutral (With Permanent Antenna)





Note: Green Color Graph refers to Average Detector readings and Blue Color Graph refers to Quasi Peak Detector readings.

Figure 11: Conducted Emission on Line (Dummy Load)



Note: Green Color Graph refers to Average Detector readings and Blue Color Graph refers to Quasi Peak Detector readings.

Figure 12: Conducted Emission on Neutral (Dummy Load)



# 7. Appendix-2: Test Setup Photos



Figure 13 : General EUT Test Setup Diagram



Figure 14: Loop Antenna, Horizontal Polarization (150 kHz - 30 MHz)





Figure 15: Loop Antenna, Vertical Polarization (150 kHz - 30 MHz)



Figure 16: Bi-log Antenna, Horizontal Polarization (30 MHz - 1 GHz)



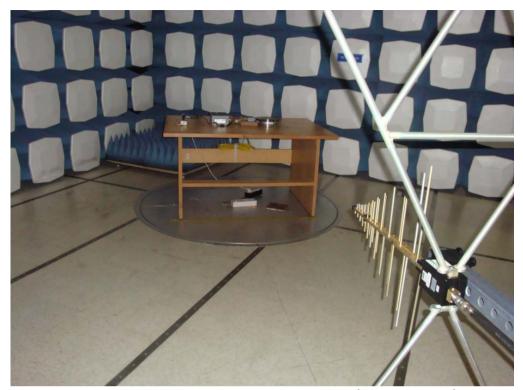


Figure 17: Bi-log Antenna, Vertical Polarization (30 MHz - 1 GHz)



Figure 18: Frequency Stability Test Setup (Inside Thermal Chamber)





Figure 19: Frequency Stability Test Setup



Figure 20 : Conducted Emission Test Setup with permanent Antenna





Figure 21 : Conducted Emission Test Setup with dummy load



Figure 22 : Dummy Load - Internal View