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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Medical Technology Unlimited 4621 Ponce de Leon Blvd. Coral Gables, FL 33146 Dates of Test: Test Report Number: October 4, 2011 SAR.20111001

Contains FCC ID: XM5-SM2144N1 Contains IC Certificate: 8516A-SM2144N1

Model(s): CMAP

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production
WLAN Module: Connect One; FCC ID: XM5-SM2144N1
Equipment Type: Wireless Medical Muscular Activity Monitor

Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 2412 – 2462 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 2450 MHz (b) – 14.81 dB, 2450 MHz (g) – 12.39 dB, 2450 MHz (n20) – 12.36 dB,

2450 MHz (n40) - 11.85 dB Conducted

Signal Modulation: DSSS, OFDM
Antenna Type: Internal PIFA Antenna

Application Type: Certification FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 v04, KDB 248227 v01r02

Industry Canada: RSS-102, Safety Code 6

Maximum SAR Value: 0.390 W/kg
Separation Distance: 0 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, and OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

lay M. Maulton

ACCREDITED
Certificate # 2387.01

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Medical Technology Unlimited Model CMAP contains FCC ID: XM5-SM2144N1 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and contains IC Certificate: 8516A-SM2144N1 with RSS102 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Medical Technology Unlimited model CMAP and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C – 2001 [4], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [5], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

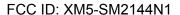
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)





2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

The measurements are conducted utilizing the ALSAS-10-U automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALSAS-10-U is designed and manufactured by Aprel Laboratories in Nepean, Ontario, Canada. The system utilizes a Robcomm 3 robot manufactured by ThermoCRS located in Michigan USA.

System Hardware

The system consists of a six axis articulated arm, controller for precise probe positioning (0.05 mm repeatability), a power supply, a teach pendent for teaching area scans, near field probe, an IBM Pentium 4^{TM} 2.66 GHz PC with Windows XP Pro^{TM} , and custom software developed to enable communications between the robot controller software and the host operating system.

An amplifier is located on the articulated arm, which is isolated from the custom designed end effector and robot arm. The end effector provides the mechanical touch detection functionality and probe connection interface. The amplifier is functionally validated within the manufacturer's site and calibrated at NCL Calibration Laboratories. A Data Acquisition Card (DAC) is used to collect the signal as detected by the isotropic e-field probe. The DAC manufacturer calibrates the DAC to NIST standards. A formal validation is executed using all mechanical and electronic components to prove conformity of the measurement platform as a whole.

System Description

The ALSAS-10-U has been designed to measure devices within the compliance environment to meet all recognized standards. The system also conforms to standards, which are currently being developed by the scientific and manufacturing community.

The course scan resolution is defined by the operator and reflects the requirements of the standard to which the device is being tested. Precise measurements are made within the predefined course scan area and the values are logged.

The user predefines the sample rate for which the measurements are made so as to ensure that the full duty-cycle of a pulse modulation device is covered during the sample. The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output for the probe.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$





The Aprel E-Field probe is evaluated to establish the diode compression point.

A complex algorithm is then used to calculate the values within the measured points down to a resolution of 1mm. The data from this process is then used to provide the co-ordinates from which the cube scan is created for the determination of the 1 g and 10 g averages.

Cube scan averaging consists of a number of complex algorithms, which are used to calculate the one, and ten gram averages. The basis for the cube scan process is centered on the location where the maximum measured SAR value was found. When a secondary peak value is found which is within 60% of the initial peak value, the system will report this back to the operator who can then assess the need for further analysis of both the peak values prior to the one and ten-gram cube scan averaging process. The algorithm consists of 3D cubic Spline, and Lagrange extrapolation to the surface, which form the matrix for calculating the measurement output for the one and ten gram average values. The resolution for the physical scan integral is user defined with a final calculated resolution down to 1mm.

In-depth analysis for the differential of the physical scanning resolution for the cube scan analysis has been carried out, to identify the optimum setting for the probe positioning steps, and this has been determined at 8mm increments on the X, & Y planes. The reduction of the physical step increment increased the time taken for analysis but did not provide a better uncertainty or return on measured values.

The final output from the system provides data for the area scan measurements, physical and splined (1mm resolution) cube scan with physical and calculated values (1mm resolution).

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the ALSAS-10-U used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 f3 algorithm:

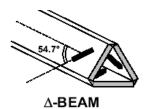
$$f_3(x,y,z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2 + y'^2}} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

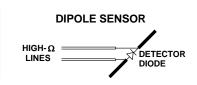
The probe used during the measurement process has been assessed to provide values for diode compression. These values are calculated during the probe calibration exercise and are used in the mathematical calculations for the assessment of SAR.

E-Field Probe

The E-field probe used by RF Exposure Lab, LLC, has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropic, and boundary effect. The probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below right.







The SAR is assessed with the probe which moves at a default height of 4mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (Z height). The diagram above right shows how the center of the sensor is defined with the location of the diode placed at the center of the dipole. The 4mm default in the Z axis is the optimum height for assessing SAR where the boundary effect is at its least, with the probe located closest to the phantom surface (boundary).

The manufacturer specified precision of the robot is \pm 0.05 mm and the precision of the APREL bottom detection device is \pm 0.1 mm. These precisions are calibrated and tested in the manufacturing process of the bottom detection device. A constant distance is maintained because the surface of the phantom is dynamically detected for each point. The surface detection algorithm corrects the position of the robot so that the probe rests on the surface of the phantom. The probe is then moved to the measurement location 2.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface \pm 0.1 mm for each SAR location for frequencies below 3 GHz. The probe is moved to the measurement location 1.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface \pm 0.1 mm for each SAR location for frequencies above 3 GHz.

The probe boundary effect compensation cannot be disabled in the ALSAS-10U testing system. The probe tip will always be at least half a probe tip diameter from the phantom surface. For frequencies up to 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 5 mm. With the sensor offset set at 1.54 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 4.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter. For frequencies greater than 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 3 mm. With the sensor offset set at 0.56 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 3.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter.

The separation of the first 2 measurement points in the zoom scan is specified in the test setup software. For frequencies below 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 6 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 1 cm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 4 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B. For frequencies above 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 3 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 5 mm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 2 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B.

The zoom scan volume for devices ≤ 3 GHz with a cube scan of 5x5x8 yields a volume of 32x32x28 mm³. For devices ≥ 3 GHz and ≤ 4.5 GHz, the cube scan of 9x9x9 yields a volume of 32x32x24 mm³. For devices ≥ 4.5 GHz, the cube scan of 7x7x12 yields a volume of 24x24x22 mm³.



3. Robot Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: ThermoCRS, Robot Model: Robocomm 3

Repeatability: 0.05 mm

No. of axis: 6

Data Acquisition Card (DAC) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4[™] Clock Speed: 2.66 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP Pro™

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, End Effector, DAC

Software: ALSAS 10-U Software

E-Field Probe

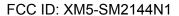
Model: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Serial Number: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Construction: Triangular Core Touch Detection System

Frequency: 10MHz to 6GHz

Phantom

Phantom: Uniphantom, Right Phantom, Left Phantom







4. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



5. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

SAM Phantom



The Aprel system utilizes three separate phantoms. Each phantom for SAR assessment testing is a low loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropomorphic data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM phantom shell is bisected along the mid sagittai plane into right and left halves. The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom half is extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth of 15 cm that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface [5]. The Uni-Phantom is used to conduct body measurements and held to face measurements. The depth of the phantom allows for 15 cm of tissue material to be filled within the phantom. See photos in Appendix C.

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 5.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

la sua di suta		Simulating Tissue			
Ingredients		2450 MHz Body			
Mixing Percentage					
Water		73.20			
Sugar		0.00			
Salt		0.04			
HEC		0.00			
Bactericide		0.00			
DGBE		26.70			
Dielectric Constant	Target	52.70			
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.95			

Device Holder



In combination with the SAM phantom, the mounting device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and uni-phantom).



6. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



7. Measurement Uncertainty

Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertai nty (10- g) %	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration Axial Isotropy	3.5	normal rectangular	1 √3	1 0.7	1 0.7	3.5	3.5	∞ ∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	4.4	4.4	∞
Boundary Effect Linearity	1.0	rectangular rectangular	√3 √3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞ ∞
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics Response Time	1.0	normal rectangular	1 √3	1 1	1	1.0	1.0	∞ ∞
Integration Time RF Ambient Condition Probe Positioner	1.7	rectangular rectangular	√3 √3 √3	1 1 1	1 1	1.0 1.7 0.2	1.0	∞ ∞ ∞
Mech. Restriction	0.4	rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	V.5	1	1	1.7	1.7	&
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.1	2.1	88
Test Sample Positioning	4.0	normal	1	1	1	4.0	4.0	7
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0	2
Drift of Output Power	4.2	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.4	2.4	∞
Phantom and Setup			10					
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	0.5	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	5
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	1.0	normal	1	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	5
Combined Uncertainty Combined Uncertainty		RSS Normal(k=2)				9.6 19.1	9.4 18.8	>500 >500
(coverage factor=2)								



8. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 8.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

rabio orr modearea ricodo r arametere						
		2450 MHz Body				
Date(s)		Oct. 4, 2011				
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target Measured				
Dielectric Constant: ε	52.70	52.59				
Conductivity: σ	1.95	1.98				

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 8.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)
15-Sep-2011	2450 MHz	51.50	52.68	Body	+ 2.29

See Appendix A for data plots.

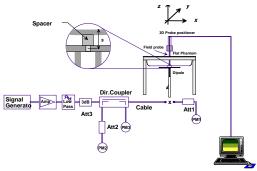
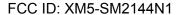


Figure 8.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

Note: KDB 450824 was applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50 MHz of the DUT frequencies.





9. SAR Test Data Summary See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

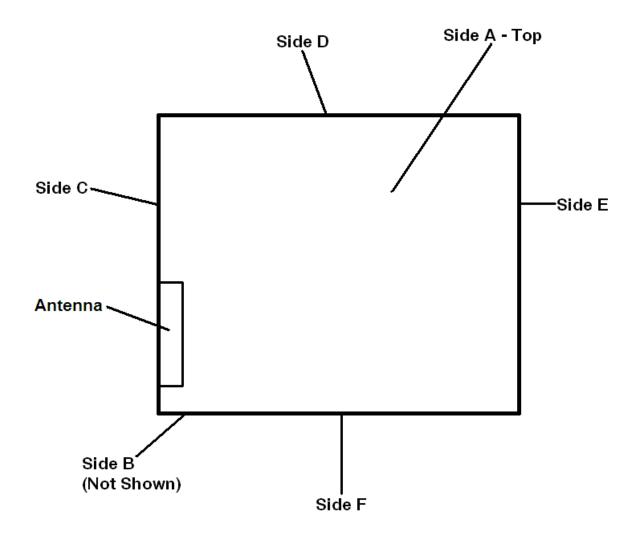
Device Test Condition

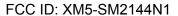
In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The testing was conducted on all edges located within 25 mm of the antenna. Side A, Side B, Side C, and Side F testing was conducted for the antenna. The Side D and Side E were not tested as the antenna was more than 2.5 cm from this sides. All testing was conducted per KDB 447498 v01 and KDB 248227 v01r02. All cables attached to the device during testing are normally attached during use. See the photo in Appendix C for a pictorial of the setups, labeling of the sides tested and antenna locations.



SAR Location Diagram







	802.11b						2450 GHz n HT20			
Freq	Channel	Data Rate	Antenna	Power		Freq	Channel	Data Rate	Antenna	Power
2412	1	1	Main	14.75		2412	1	6	Main	12.31
2437	6	1	Main	14.81		2437	6	6	Main	12.33
2462	11	1	Main	14.72		2462	11	6	Main	12.36
	802.11g						24	450 GHz n HT	⁻ 40	
Freq	Channel	Data Rate	Antenna	Power		Freq	Channel	Data Rate	Antenna	Power
2412	1	6	Main	12.35		2422	3	6	Main	11.72
2437	6	6	Main	12.39		2437	6	6	Main	11.85
2462	11	6	Main	12.37		2452	9	6	Main	11.68



FCC ID: XM5-SM2144N1

SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b

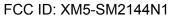
MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
Gap	Position	Freque	ency	Modulation	Modulation Antenna	End Power	SAR (W/kg)			
٥ ۵۵	1 Controll	MHz	Ch.	modulation		(dBm)	<i>5,</i> (11/1.9)			
	Side A	2437	6	DSSS	Main	14.81	0.143			
0 mm	Side B	2437	6	DSSS	Main	14.81	0.212			
U IIIIII	Side C	2437	6	DSSS	Main	14.81	0.150			
	Side F	2437	6	DSSS	Main	14.81	0.390			

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a	all tests.		
	Power Measured	⊠Conducted	□ERP	☐EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	\boxtimes Uniphantom	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Sim	
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	Without Belt Cli	p 🔲 N/A
5	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Note: SAR Tested on the Highest output power channel. When the measured channel is 3 dB or more below the limit the remaining channels are not required to be tested per KDB 447498 v04 section 1) e). SAR is not required for 802.11g/HT20/HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than ½ dB higher than that measured in the 802.11b. The testing was conducted on all sides of the device within 25 mm of the antenna. All testing was conducted per KDB 447498 v04, 248227 v01r02 and OET Bulletin 65 97-01. See the photo in Appendix C and diagram on page 14 for a pictorial of the setup and labeling of the test locations.





11. Test Equipment List

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications

A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 09/07/2011 07/15/2011 N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010 01/14/2010	RAF0338198 RCF0338224 STP0334405 8189D8U KCPR08N RFE-217 E030-001 023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	N/A N/A N/A N/A 09/07/2011 07/15/2011 N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RCF0338224 STP0334405 8189D8U KCPR08N RFE-217 E030-001 023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	N/A N/A 09/07/2011 07/15/2011 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	STP0334405 8189D8U KCPR08N RFE-217 E030-001 023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A 6/07/2012 7/15/2012 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	N/A 09/07/2011 07/15/2011 N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	8189D8U KCPR08N RFE-217 E030-001 023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
7/07/2012 7/15/2012 A A A A /12/2012 /19/2012 /14/2012 /14/2012 /14/2012 /14/2012 /16/2011	09/07/2011 07/15/2011 N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RFE-217 E030-001 023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
7/15/2012 A A A A A /12/2012 /19/2012 /19/2012 /14/2012 /15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	07/15/2011 N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	E030-001 023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	N/A N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	023 RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	N/A N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RFE-267 RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A A /12/2012 /19/2012 /14/2012 /15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	N/A N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RFE-268 RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
A /12/2012 /19/2012 /14/2012 /15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	N/A 01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RFE-273 RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501
/12/2012 /19/2012 /14/2012 /15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	01/12/2010 01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RFE-362 RFE-362 177-00501 177-00501
/19/2012 /14/2012 /15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	01/19/2011 01/14/2010 11/15/2010	RFE-362 177-00501 177-00501
/14/2012 /15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	01/14/2010 11/15/2010	177-00501 177-00501
/15/2011 /14/2012 /16/2011	11/15/2010	177-00501
/14/2012 /16/2011		
/16/2011		180-00561
	11/16/2010	180-00561
	01/12/2010	RFE-275
		RFE-275
		210-00713
		210-00713
		RFE-278
		RFE-278
		RFE-121
		235-00801
		235-00801
		3125U08837
		3318A05384
		GB45100254
		MY45240464
		31720068
		2749A10226
		2647A01172
		3135A01724
		2904A00595
		MY48360364
		6200837710
A		0011
Ä		N/A
A		N/A
	19/2011 15/2012 16/2011 12/2012 18/2011 18/2011 18/2012 12/2012 09/2012 30/2012 30/2012 30/2012 30/2012 31/2012 31/2012 31/2012 31/2012 25/2012 23/2012 24 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	19/2011

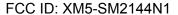




12. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.





13. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, June 2001.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, October 2003.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2010.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.



Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data





SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 04-Oct-2011

End Time : 04-Oct-2011 08:39:41 AM Scanning Time : 774 secs

Product Data

Product Data

Device Name : Validation

Serial No. : 2450

Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-2450-S-2

Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Length : 51.5 mm
Width : 3.6 mm
Depth : 30.4 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start : 6.198 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 6.162 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.581

Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 2450
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 04-Oct-2011 Temperature : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 45.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.59 F/m

Sigma : 1.98 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 217 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle

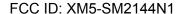
Type : E-Fi
Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date: 07-Sep-2011 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 3.94

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm Offset





Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete

Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Set-up Date : 04-Oct-2011

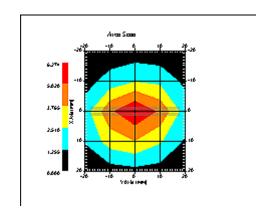
Set-up Time : 7:40:13 AM

Area Scan : 5x5x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm

Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

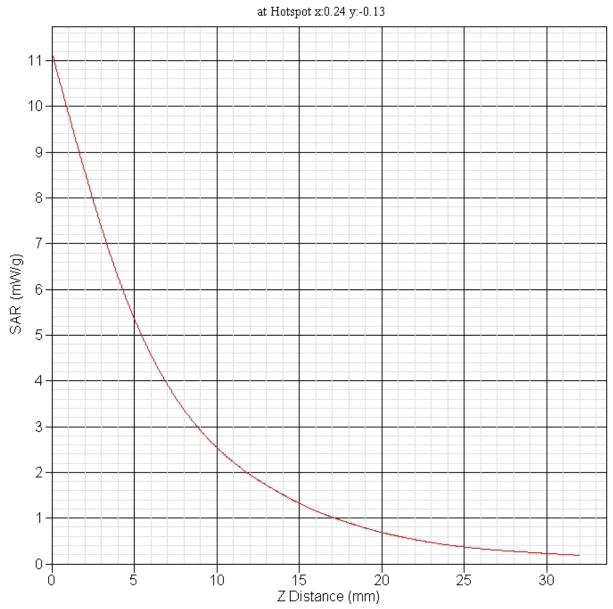
DUT Position : Touch Separation : 10 mm Channel : Mid

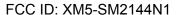


1 gram SAR value : 5.268 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.403 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR: 6.197 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR: 11.162 W/kg



SAR-Z Axis

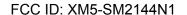






Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots

Note: In all data sheets in Appendix B, the frequency noted in the 'Product Data' section is the frequency band which the device was transmitting. This frequency does not refer to the actual frequency and channel of the test. The channel is listed in the 'Other Data' section of the data sheet as Low, Mid or High. The actual test frequency is listed in Section 10 in each of the data summary sheets.





SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 04-Oct-2011

Starting Time : 04-Oct-2011 10:25:55 AM End Time : 04-Oct-2011 10:43:33 AM Scanning Time : 1058 secs

Product Data

Product Data

Device Name : Medical Tech. Unlimited

Serial No. : Eng 1

Mode : 802.11b

Model : CMAP

Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.03 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Length : 140 mm
Width : 150 mm
Depth : 30 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Side A

Power Drift-Start : 0.133 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.129 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : -3.013

Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 2450
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 04-Oct-2011 Temperature : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 46.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.61 F/m

Sigma : 1.97 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : RFEL 217
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle

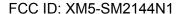
Type : E-Fi
Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date: 07-Sep-2011 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 3.94

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm Offset





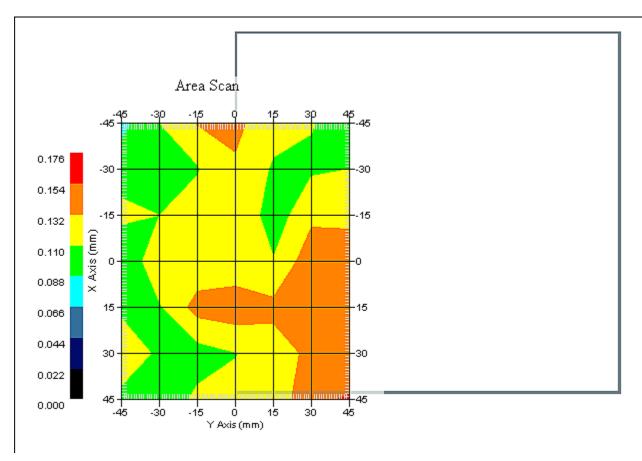
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 04-Oct-2011
Set-up Time : 9:08:48 AM

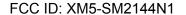
Area Scan : 7x7x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Side A
Separation : 0 mm
Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.143 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.134 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.157 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.190 W/kg





SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 04-Oct-2011

Starting Time : 04-Oct-2011 10:46:25 AM End Time : 04-Oct-2011 11:04:31 AM Scanning Time : 1086 secs

Product Data

Product Data

Device Name : Medical Tech. Unlimited

Serial No. : Eng 1

Mode : 802.11b

Model : CMAP

Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.03 W

Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Length : 140 mm
Width : 150 mm
Depth : 30 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Side B Power Drift-Start : 0.216 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.214 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.932

Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 2450
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 04-Oct-2011 Temperature : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 46.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.61 F/m

Sigma : 1.97 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : RFEL 217
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle

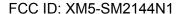
Type : E-Fi
Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date: 07-Sep-2011 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 3.94

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm Offset





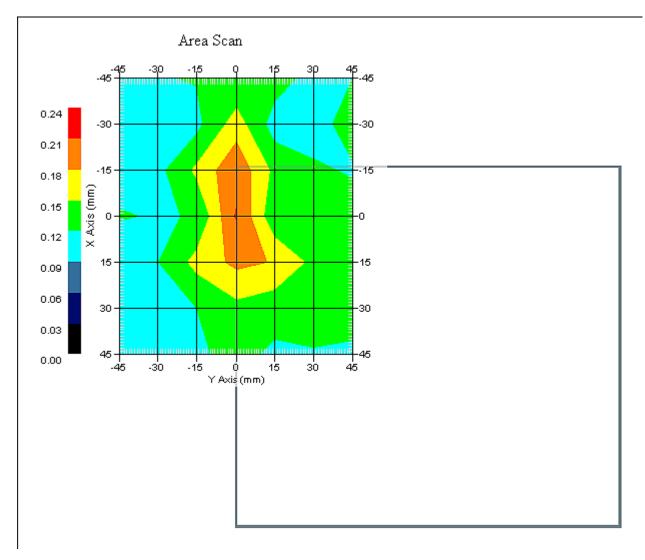
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 04-Oct-2011
Set-up Time : 9:08:48 AM

Area Scan : 7x7x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Side B
Separation : 0 mm
Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.212 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.167 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.212 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.360 W/kg





SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 04-Oct-2011

Starting Time : 04-Oct-2011 12:30:54 PM End Time : 04-Oct-2011 12:45:55 PM Scanning Time : 901 secs

Product Data

Product Data

Device Name : Medical Tech. Unlimited

Serial No. : Eng 1

Mode : 802.11b

Model : CMAP

Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.03 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Length : 30 mm
Width : 140 mm
Depth : 150 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Side C

Power Drift-Start : 0.406 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.402 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : -1.091

Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 2450
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 04-Oct-2011 Temperature : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 46.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.61 F/m

Sigma : 1.97 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : RFEL 217
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle

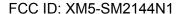
Type : E-Fi
Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date: 07-Sep-2011 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 3.94

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm Offset





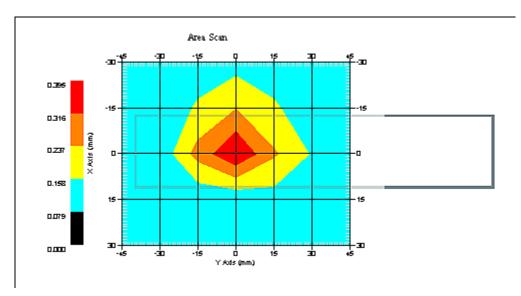
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 04-Oct-2011
Set-up Time : 12:30:47 PM

Area Scan : 5x7x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

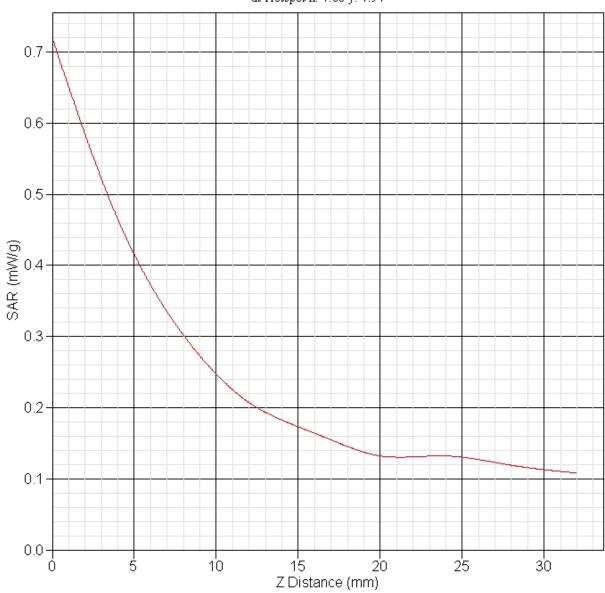
DUT Position : Side C Separation : 0 mm Channel : Mid

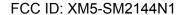


1 gram SAR value : 0.390 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.231 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.394 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.720 W/kg



SAR-Z Axis at Hotspot x:-7.80 y:-7.94







SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 04-Oct-2011

Starting Time : 04-Oct-2011 11:32:10 AM End Time : 04-Oct-2011 11:46:28 AM Scanning Time : 858 secs

Product Data

Product Data

Device Name : Medical Tech. Unlimited

Serial No. : Eng 1

Mode : 802.11b

Model : CMAP

Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.03 W

Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Length : 30 mm
Width : 150 mm
Depth : 140 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Side F Power Drift-Start : 0.125 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.124 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : -0.393

Phantom Data
Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 2450
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 04-Oct-2011 Temperature : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 46.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.61 F/m

Sigma : 1.97 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : RFEL 217
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle

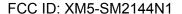
Type : E-Fi
Serial No. : 217

Last Calib. Date: 07-Sep-2011 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 3.94

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Compression Point: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm Offset





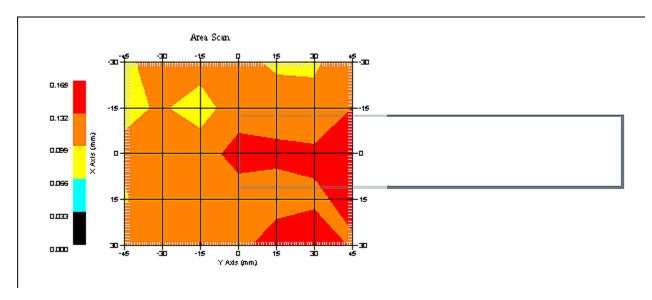
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 04-Oct-2011
Set-up Time : 11:32:04 AM

Area Scan : 5x7x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Side F
Separation : 0 mm
Channel : Mid



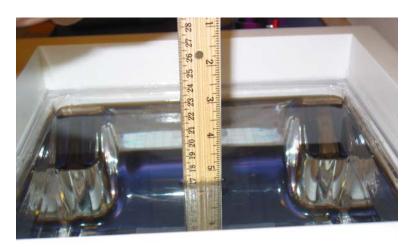
1 gram SAR value : 0.150 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.146 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.163 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.190 W/kg



Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



System Body Configuration



Body Tissue Depth





Test Position Side A 0 mm Gap



Test Position Side B 0 mm Gap



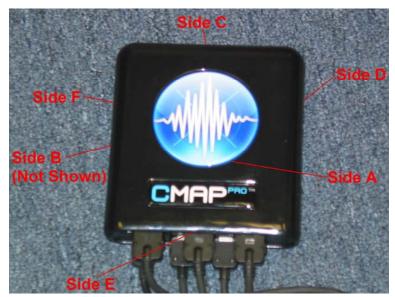


Test Position Side C 0 mm Gap



Test Position Side F 0 mm Gap





Test Locations

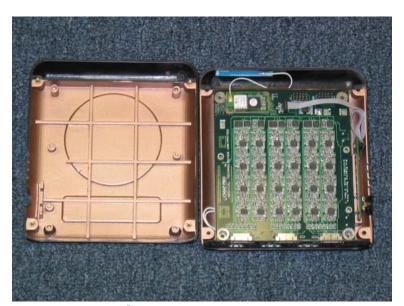


Front of Device



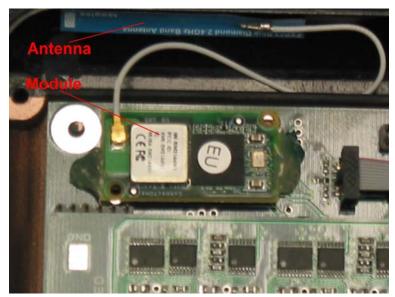


Test System

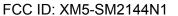


Cover Removed





Antenna and Module Location





Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC1333-1350

Client.: RFEL

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration

Head and Body

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 217

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole

Project No: RFEL-PC-5620

Calibrated: 7th September 2011 Released on: 7th September 2011

Approved By: Stuart Nicol

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kanata, Ontario CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306 Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528 (2003) including Amendment 1
 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption
 Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement
 Techniques
- o EN 62209-1 (2006)
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2 Ed. 1.0 (2010-03)
 Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes,
 Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 217 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Relative Humidity: < 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal date
Power meter Anritsu MA2408A	90025437	Nov.4, 2010
Power Sensor Anritsu MA2481D	103555	Nov 4, 2010
Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB)	1944A10711	Sept. 14, 2010
Network Analyzer Anritsu MT8801C	MB11855	Feb. 8, 2011

Secondary Measurement Standards

Signal Generator Agilent E4438C -506 MY55182336 June 7, 2011

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020

Serial Number: 217

Frequency: 750MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56

Sensor Length: 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

Sensitivity in Air

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

^{*}Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Calibration Uncertainty	Tolerance Uncertainty for 5%*	Conversion Factor
450 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>45.31</mark>	<mark>0.91</mark>	<mark>4.1</mark>	<mark>3.6</mark>	<mark>5.8</mark>
450 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>56.77</mark>	<mark>0.99</mark>	<mark>4.1</mark>	<mark>3.6</mark>	<mark>6.0</mark>
650 B	<mark>Body</mark>	57.42	<mark>0.91</mark>	<mark>3.96</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>6.2</mark>
750 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
750 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>55.54</mark>	<mark>0.94</mark>	<mark>3.94</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.3</mark>
835 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>42.5</mark>	<mark>0.93</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.4</mark>
835 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>56.37</mark>	<mark>0.954</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	3.4	<mark>6.4</mark>
900 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>41.89</mark>	<mark>1.0</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.1</mark>
900 B	<mark>Body</mark>	53.68	<mark>1.05</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.1</mark>
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	<mark>39.0</mark>	<mark>1.25</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.2</mark>
1640 B	<mark>Body</mark>	52.03	<mark>1.39</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.0</mark>
1735 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1735 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>51.68</mark>	<mark>1.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.2</mark>
1800 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>38.38</mark>	<mark>1.39</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>4.9</mark>
1800 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>51.54</mark>	<mark>1.56</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.1</mark>
1900 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>38.4</mark>	<mark>1.43</mark>	3.5	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>4.9</mark>
1900 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>52.08</mark>	<mark>1.59</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>4.8</mark>
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>38.2</mark>	<mark>1.82</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.91</mark>
2450B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>51.74</mark>	<mark>1.96</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.94</mark>
2600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2600 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>51.18</mark>	<mark>2.16</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>4.0</mark>
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
5200 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
5200 B	Body	Х	X	X	Х	Х
5600 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
5600 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
5800 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
5800 B	Body	X	Х	Х	Х	Х

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NCL Calibration Laboratories

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Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 0.58mm the worst case evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2.1%.

NOTES:

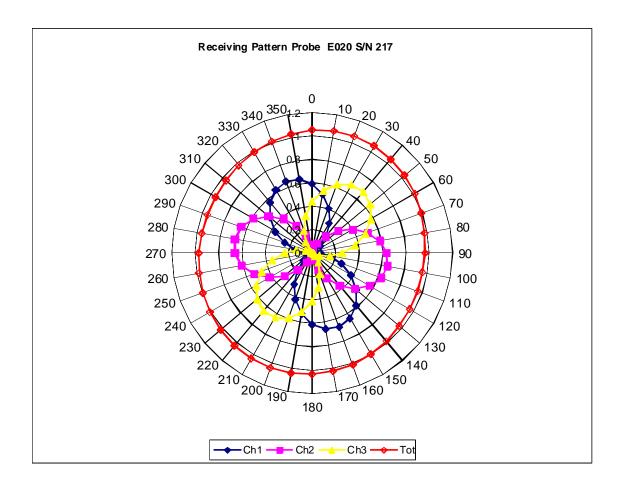
*The maximum deviation from the centre frequency when comparing the lower to upper range is listed.

The probe was received in good condition.

Probe was calibrated on new DAC-PAQ.

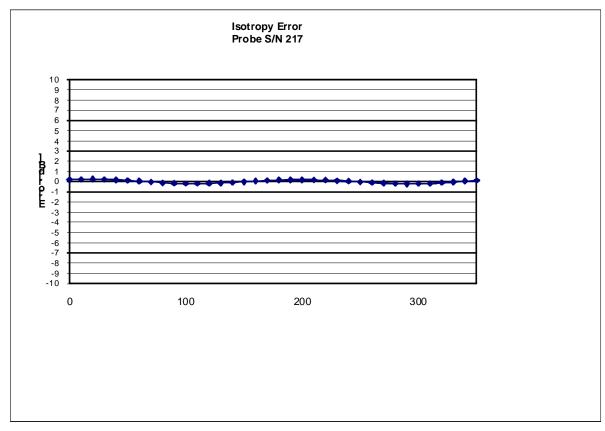
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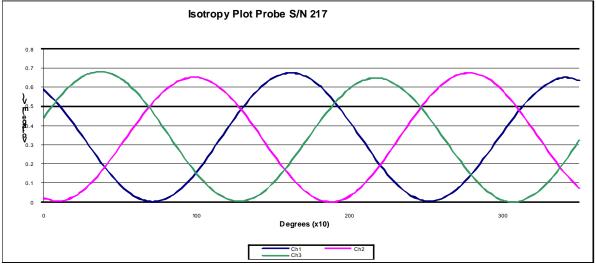
Receiving Pattern Air



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Isotropy Error

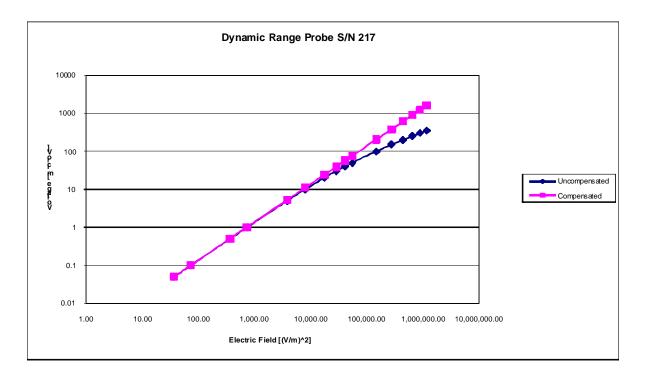




Isotropicity Tissue:

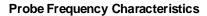
0.12 dB

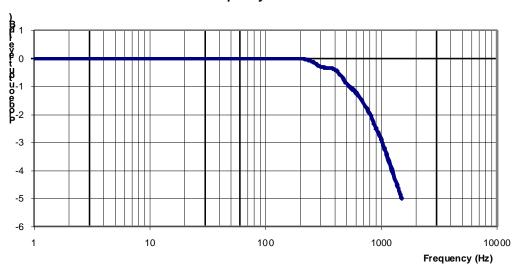
Dynamic Range



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Video Bandwidth

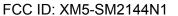




Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2011.





Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1182 Project Number: RFEB-5552

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2
Frequency: 2450 MHz
Serial No: RFE-278

Customer: RFEL Body Calibration

Calibrated: 18th November 2010 Released on: 19th November 2010

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4162

Conditions

Dipole RFE-278 was a new calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

C. Teodorian

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

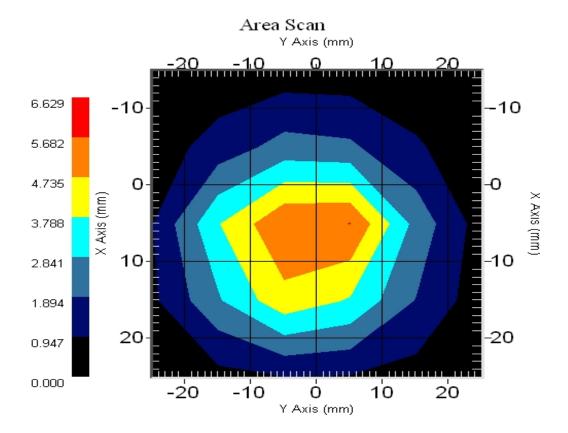
Length: 51.5 mm **Height:** 30.4 mm

Electrical Specification

SWR: 1.249 U Return Loss: -19.170 dB Impedance: 42.223 Ω

System Validation Results @ 100mW

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
2450 MHz	5.15	2.31	10.01



Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole RFE-278. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 226.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

Conditions

Dipole RFE-278 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} + /- 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} + /- 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	52.1 mm	31.0 mm

Tissue Validation

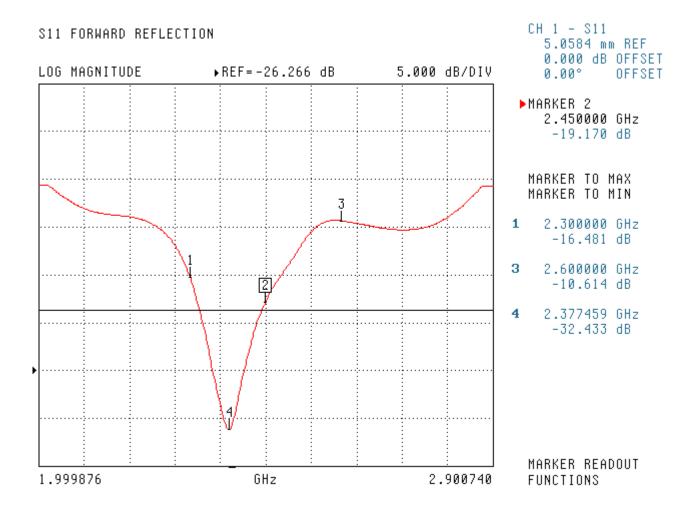
Body Tissue 2450 MHz	Measured
Dielectric constant, ε _r	52.0
Conductivity, σ [S/m]	1.92

Electrical Calibration

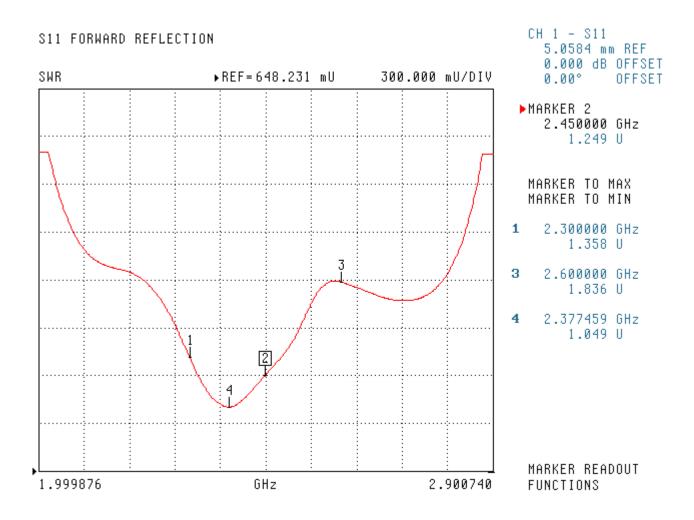
Test	Result
S11 R/L	-19.170 dB
SWR	1.249 U
Impedance	42.223 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

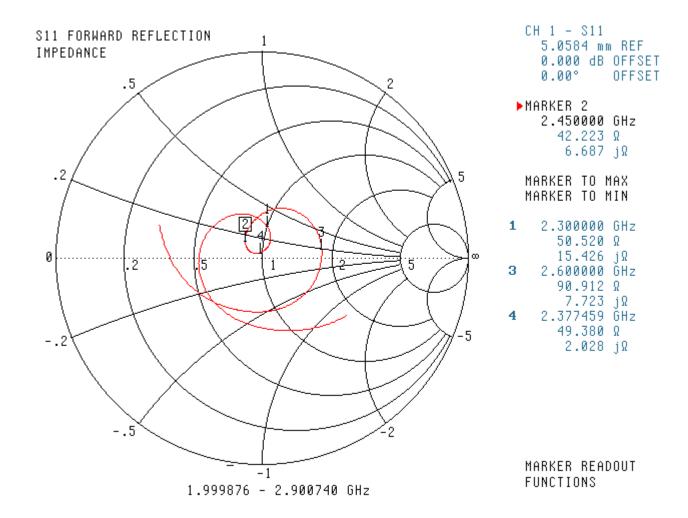
S11 Parameter Return Loss



SWR



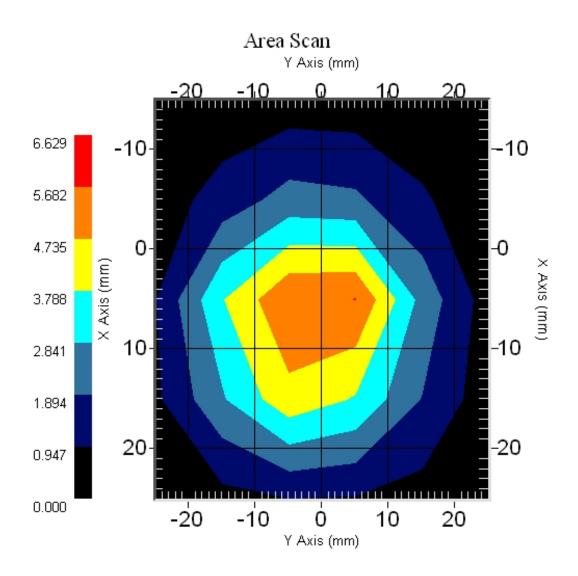
Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



System Validation Results Using the Electrically Calibrated Dipole

Results @ 100mW

Body Tissue Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak Above Feed Point
2450 MHz	5.15	2.31	10.01



Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2010.



Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: RFE-273

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to National Standards.

Thickness of the UniPhantom is 2 mm ± 10% Pinna thickness is 6 mm ± 10%

Resolution:

0.01 mm

Calibrated to: 0.0 mm

Stability:

OK

Accuracy:

< 0.1 mm

Calibrated By: Raven K Feb 17/04.



51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6

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