FCC Part 15 EMI TEST REPORT

 $(Part\ 2 - BLE)$

of

E.U.T. : Withings Pulse

Model No. : WAM01

FCC ID. :XNAWAM01

for

APPLICANT : Withings

ADDRESS : 20, rue Rouget de Lisle, 92130 Issy les

Moulineaux, FRANCE

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C

Tel: (02)26023052 Fax: (02)26010910 http://www.etc.org.tw; e-mail: emc@etc.org.tw Report Number: 13-04-RBF-047-02 ETC Report No.: 13-04-RBF-047-02 FCC ID: XNAWAM01

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Withings

20, rue Rouget de Lisle, 92130 Issy les Moulineaux, FRANCE

Manufacturer : Withings

20, rue Rouget de Lisle, 92130 Issy les Moulineaux, FRANCE

Description of EUT

a) Type of EUT : Withings Pulse

b) Trade Name : Withings
c) Model No. : WAM01

d) Power Supply : Battrty: 3.7 V 50mAh

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.

2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Summary of Tests

| Test | Results |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Radiated Emission | Pass |
| Conducted Emission | N/A |
| Emission Bandwidth | Pass |
| Output Power | Pass |
| 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges | Pass |
| Power Density | Pass |
| Out-of-Band Conducted Emission | Pass |

ETC Report No.: 13-04-RBF-047-02 FCC ID: XNAWAM01

Date Test Item Received : Apr. 26, 2013

Date Test Campaign Completed : May 07, 2013

Date of Issue : May 08, 2013

Test Engineer :

(Vincent Chang, Engineer)

Approve & Authorized :

S. S. Liou, Section Manager EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

| Table of Contents | Page |
|---|------|
| 1 GENERAL INFORMATION | 1 |
| 1.1 Product Description | 1 |
| 1.2 Characteristics of Device | 1 |
| 1.3 Test Methodology | 1 |
| 1.4 Test Facility | 1 |
| 2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE | 2 |
| 2.1 Definition | 2 |
| 2.2 Requirement for Compliance | 3 |
| 2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation | 5 |
| 2.4 Labeling Requirement | 5 |
| 2.5 User Information | 6 |
| 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION | 7 |
| 3.1 Justification | 7 |
| 3.2 Devices for Tested System | 7 |
| 4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT | 8 |
| 4.1 Applicable Standard | 8 |
| 4.2 Measurement Procedure | 8 |
| 4.3 Measuring Instrument | |
| 4.4 Radiated Emission Data | |
| 4.5 Field Strength Calculation | |
| 4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup | 24 |
| 5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT | 26 |
| 5.1 Standard Applicable | 26 |
| 6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT | 27 |
| 6.1 Standard Applicable | 27 |
| 6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain | 27 |
| 7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT | 28 |
| 7.1 Standard Applicable | 28 |
| 7.2 Measurement Procedure | 28 |
| 7.3 Measurement Equipment | 28 |
| 7.4 Measurement Data | 29 |
| 8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT | 33 |
| 8.1 Standard Applicable | 33 |
| 8.2 Measurement Procedure | 33 |

| 8.3 Measurement Equipment | |
|---|----|
| 8.4 Measurement Data | |
| 9 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT | 38 |
| 9.1 Standard Applicable | 38 |
| 9.2 Measurement Procedure | 38 |
| 9.3 Measurement Equipment | 38 |
| 9.4 Measurement Data | 39 |
| 10 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT | 42 |
| 10.1 Standard Applicable | 42 |
| 10.2 Measurement Procedure | 42 |
| 10.3 Measurement Equipment | 42 |
| 10.4 Measurement Data | 43 |
| 11 OUT-OF-BAND CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT | 47 |
| 11.1 Standard Applicable | 47 |
| 11.2 Measurement Procedure | 47 |
| 11.3 Measurement Equipment | 47 |
| 11.4 Measurement Data | 48 |

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : Withings Pulse

b) Trade Name : Withings c) Model No. : WAM01

d) Power Supply : Battrty:3.7 V 50mAh

1.2 Characteristics of Device

Frequency band : Bluetooth: 2402MHz~2480MHz

Number of

Bluetooth BLE: 40 channels

channels
Channel spacing

: 2MHz

Transmitter

SMD Ceramic antenna

antenna source

1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details. For RF test the measurement procedure was refered to FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v02.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.

This site has been fully described in a report submitted to your office, and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 11, 2011.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note: A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except for Class A digital devices, for equpment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50$ ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB µ V | Average dB µ V |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

| Frequency MHz | Distance Meters | Radiated dB µ V/m | Radiated µ V/m |
|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 30 - 88 | 3 | 40.0 | 100 |
| 88 - 216 | 3 | 43.5 | 150 |
| 216 - 960 | 3 | 46.0 | 200 |
| Above 960 | 3 | 54.0 | 500 |

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

(4) Bandwidth Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(a)(2), the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Power Density Requirement

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| | VIII | MI | CH |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 ** | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2655-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3360-4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

^{** :} Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions below 1 GHz, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation. Measurement was performed under the condition that a computer program was exercised to simulate data communication of EUT, and the transmission rate was set to maximum allowed by EUT. Three highest emissions were verified with varying placement of the cables connected to EUT to maximize the emission from EUT.

For conducted and radiated spurious emissions, whichever RF channel is operated, the digital circuits function identically. As the reason, measurement of radiated emissions from digital circuits is only performed with channel 1 by transmitting mode.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device | Manufacture | Model / FCC ID. | Description |
|------------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Withings Pulse * | Withings | WAM01 / XNAWAM01 | |
| Notebook PC | DELL | PP25L | 1.8mUnshielded AC Power Cord |

Remark "*" means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a). For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall

4.2 Measurement Procedure

be comply with §15.247 (c)

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively.
- 2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
- 3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
- 4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
- 5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
- 7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Antenna Tower

Search
Antenna

Turn
Table

Ground Plane

Antenna

Tower

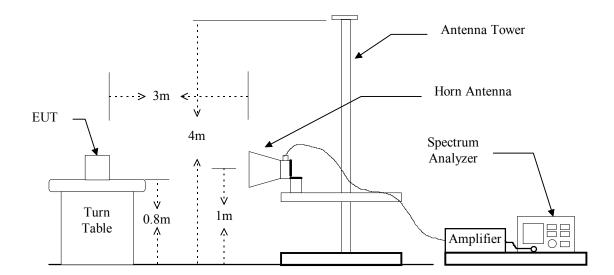
Antenna Tower

Search
Antenna

RF Test
Receiver

Figure 1: Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

Figure 2: Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

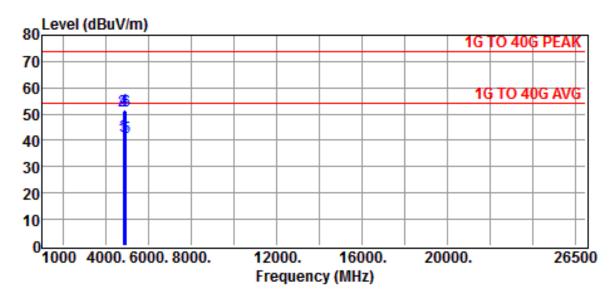
| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESVS30 | 2012/05/07 | 2013/05/07 |
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESL | 2012/07/30 | 2013/07/30 |
| Bi-Log Antenna | ETC | MCTD 2756 | 2013/01/17 | 2014/01/17 |
| Log-periodic Antenna | EMCO | 3146 | 2012/10/17 | 2013/10/17 |
| Double Ridged Guide | | | | |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3116 | 2012/10/26 | 2013/10/29 |
| Biconical Antenna | EMCO | 3110B | 2012/12/13 | 2013/12/13 |
| Double Ridged | | | | |
| Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 2012/05/18 | 2013/05/18 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8449B | 2013/01/09 | 2014/01/09 |
| Amplifier | HP | 83051A | 2012/05/16 | 2013/05/16 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8447D | 2012/05/16 | 2013/05/16 |
| Spectrum | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/07 |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used:

| Frequency Band | Instrument | Function | Resolution | Video |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| (MHz) | THOU WITHOUT | 1 directori | bandwidth | Bandwidth |
| 30 to 1000 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz | N/A |
| 30 to 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |
| Above 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Average | 1 MHz | 10 Hz |

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-07 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

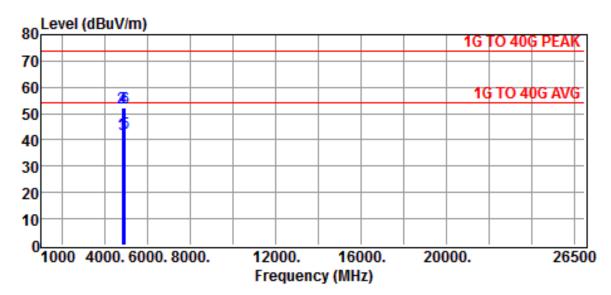
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :TXRX-CH LO 2402MHz,MI 2441MHz,HI 2480MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4804.0000 | 49.3 | 1.2 | 50.5 | 54.0 | -3.5 | Average |
| 4804.0000 | 53.1 | 1.2 | 54.3 | 74.0 | -19.7 | Peak |
| 4880.0000 | 49.1 | 1.3 | 50.4 | 54.0 | -3.6 | Average |
| 4880.0000 | 52.8 | 1.3 | 54.1 | 74.0 | -19.9 | Peak |
| 4960.0000 | 49.0 | 1.6 | 50.6 | 54.0 | -3.4 | Average |
| 4960.0000 | 52.2 | 1.6 | 53.8 | 74.0 | -20.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



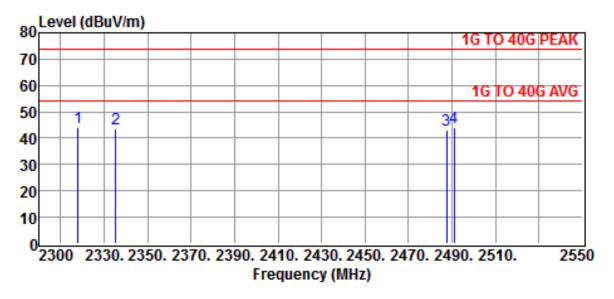
Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-07 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL EUT :25°C :Withings Pulse Temp. **Power Rating** :DC 3.7V Humi. :65% Model Engineer. :VC : WAM01

Test Mode :TXRX-CH LO 2402MHz,MI 2441MHz,HI 2480MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4804.0000 | 48.2 | 1.2 | 49.4 | 54.0 | -4.6 | Average |
| 4804.0000 | 51.5 | 1.2 | 52.7 | 74.0 | -21.3 | Peak |
| 4880.0000 | 48.0 | 1.3 | 49.3 | 54.0 | -4.7 | Average |
| 4880.0000 | 51.0 | 1.3 | 52.3 | 74.0 | -21.7 | Peak |
| 4960.0000 | 47.8 | 1.6 | 49.4 | 54.0 | -4.6 | Average |
| 4960.0000 | 50.8 | 1.6 | 52.4 | 74.0 | -21.6 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

4.4.2 Radiated Eimssion of Restricted bands



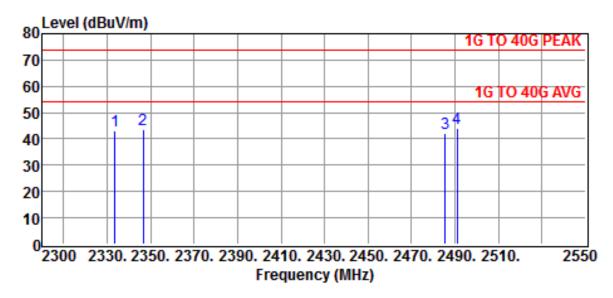
Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-07 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65% Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2318.0000 | 50.5 | -6.1 | 44.4 | 74 | -29.6 | Peak |
| 2335.5000 | 49.7 | -6 | 43.7 | 74 | -30.3 | Peak |
| 2487.5000 | 48.9 | -5.5 | 43.4 | 74 | -30.6 | Peak |
| 2491.0000 | 49.9 | -5.5 | 44.4 | 74 | -29.6 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-07 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

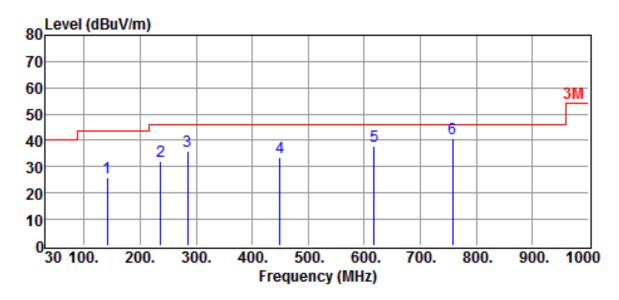
Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2333.5000 | 49.5 | -6.1 | 43.4 | 74 | -30.6 | Peak |
| 2346.5000 | 49.7 | -6 | 43.7 | 74 | -30.3 | Peak |
| 2485.5000 | 47.5 | -5.5 | 42 | 74 | -32 | Peak |
| 2491.0000 | 49.5 | -5.5 | 44 | 74 | -30 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

4.4.3 Other Emission



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-05-06 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

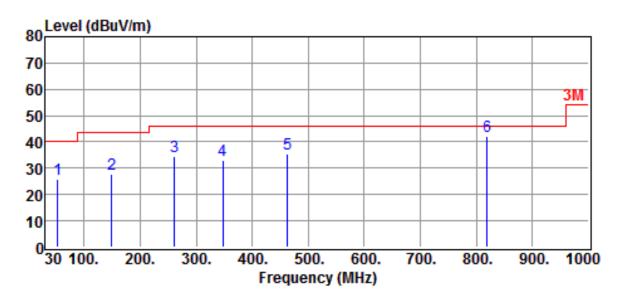
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CHARGE MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 141.5500 | 12.1 | 14.0 | 26.1 | 43.5 | -17.4 | QP |
| 236.6100 | 13.0 | 19.2 | 32.2 | 46.0 | -13.8 | QP |
| 285.1100 | 12.6 | 23.2 | 35.8 | 46.0 | -10.2 | QP |
| 450.0100 | 13.2 | 20.3 | 33.5 | 46.0 | -12.5 | QP |
| 617.8200 | 14.2 | 23.5 | 37.7 | 46.0 | -8.3 | QP |
| 757.5000 | 14.8 | 26.0 | 40.8 | 46.0 | -5.2 | QP |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-05-06 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

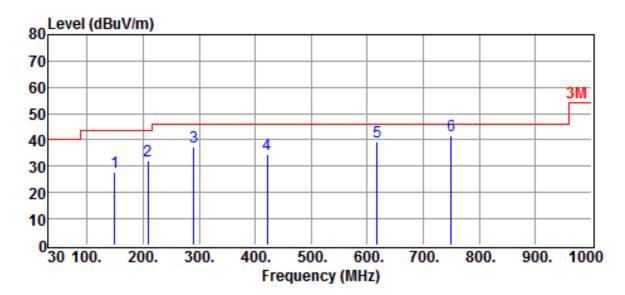
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CHARGE MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 53.2800 | 14.1 | 11.7 | 25.8 | 40.0 | -14.2 | QP |
| 149.3100 | 13.6 | 14.2 | 27.8 | 43.5 | -15.7 | QP |
| 261.8300 | 13.5 | 21.2 | 34.7 | 46.0 | -11.3 | QP |
| 347.1900 | 15.1 | 17.8 | 32.9 | 46.0 | -13.1 | QP |
| 462.6200 | 14.6 | 20.7 | 35.3 | 46.0 | -10.7 | QP |
| 819.5800 | 15.5 | 26.8 | 42.3 | 46.0 | -3.7 | QP |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-05-06 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

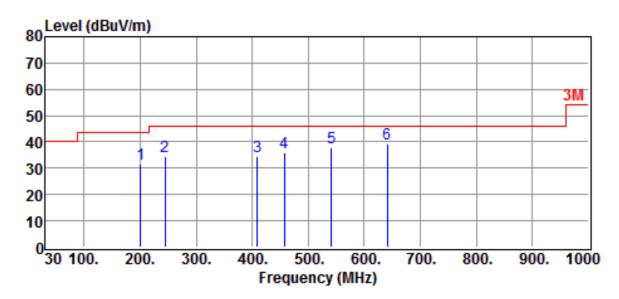
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :BLUETOOTH MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 149.3100 | 13.6 | 14.2 | 27.8 | 43.5 | -15.7 | QP |
| 208.4800 | 14.4 | 17.9 | 32.3 | 43.5 | -11.2 | QP |
| 289.9600 | 13.8 | 23.6 | 37.4 | 46.0 | -8.6 | QP |
| 421.8800 | 15.0 | 19.6 | 34.6 | 46.0 | -11.4 | QP |
| 617.8200 | 15.9 | 23.5 | 39.4 | 46.0 | -6.6 | QP |
| 749.7400 | 15.9 | 25.9 | 41.8 | 46.0 | -4.2 | QP |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-05-06 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

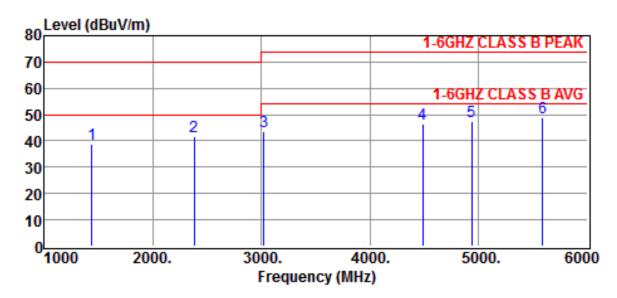
Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :BLUETOOTH MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 200.7200 | 14.5 | 17.1 | 31.6 | 43.5 | -11.9 | QP |
| 244.3700 | 14.6 | 19.7 | 34.3 | 46.0 | -11.7 | QP |
| 409.2700 | 14.9 | 19.4 | 34.3 | 46.0 | -11.7 | QP |
| 457.7700 | 15.3 | 20.6 | 35.9 | 46.0 | -10.1 | QP |
| 541.1900 | 15.8 | 22.1 | 37.9 | 46.0 | -8.1 | QP |
| 641.1000 | 15.5 | 24.0 | 39.5 | 46.0 | -6.5 | QP |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-06

Limit :1-6GHZ CLASS B PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

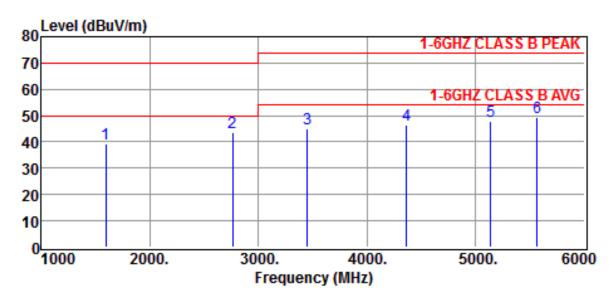
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model :WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CHARGE MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 1440.0000 | 49.2 | -10.3 | 38.9 | 70.0 | -31.1 | Peak |
| 2380.0000 | 47.7 | -5.8 | 41.9 | 70.0 | -28.1 | Peak |
| 3025.0000 | 47.2 | -3.6 | 43.6 | 74.0 | -30.4 | Peak |
| 4485.0000 | 46.2 | 0.3 | 46.5 | 74.0 | -27.5 | Peak |
| 4935.0000 | 45.9 | 1.5 | 47.4 | 74.0 | -26.6 | Peak |
| 5590.0000 | 46.0 | 3.0 | 49.0 | 74.0 | -25.0 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-06
Limit :1-6GHZ CLASS B PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

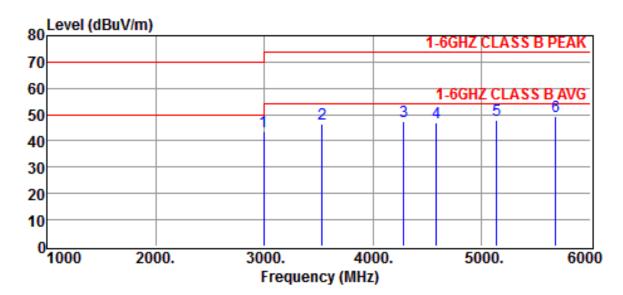
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CHARGE MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 1600.0000 | 48.4 | -9.3 | 39.1 | 70.0 | -30.9 | Peak |
| 2765.0000 | 47.9 | -4.5 | 43.4 | 70.0 | -26.6 | Peak |
| 3450.0000 | 47.2 | -2.1 | 45.1 | 74.0 | -28.9 | Peak |
| 4365.0000 | 46.5 | 0.1 | 46.6 | 74.0 | -27.4 | Peak |
| 5135.0000 | 46.1 | 2.0 | 48.1 | 74.0 | -25.9 | Peak |
| 5565.0000 | 46.2 | 3.0 | 49.2 | 74.0 | -24.8 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-06 Limit :1-6GHZ CLASS B PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :Withings Pulse Temp. :25°C

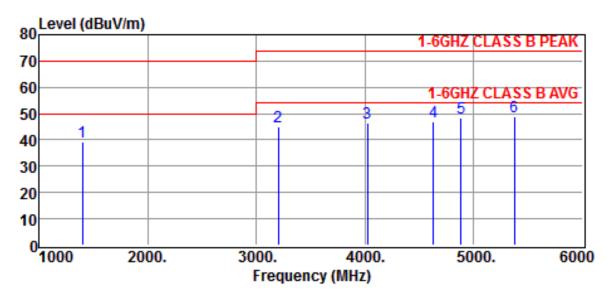
Power Rating :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Model : WAM01 Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :BLUETOOTH MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2995.0000 | 47.2 | -3.7 | 43.5 | 70.0 | -26.5 | Peak |
| 3530.0000 | 48.3 | -1.8 | 46.5 | 74.0 | -27.5 | Peak |
| 4285.0000 | 47.2 | 0.1 | 47.3 | 74.0 | -26.7 | Peak |
| 4580.0000 | 46.2 | 0.5 | 46.7 | 74.0 | -27.3 | Peak |
| 5135.0000 | 46.1 | 2.0 | 48.1 | 74.0 | -25.9 | Peak |
| 5680.0000 | 46.4 | 3.0 | 49.4 | 74.0 | -24.6 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-05-06 Limit :1-6GHZ CLASS B PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL EUT :25°C :Withings Pulse Temp. **Power Rating** :DC 3.7V Humi. :65%

Test Mode :BLUETOOTH MODE

: WAM01

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 1400.0000 | 49.5 | -10.3 | 39.2 | 70.0 | -30.8 | Peak |
| 3205.0000 | 47.9 | -2.9 | 45.0 | 74.0 | -29.0 | Peak |
| 4020.0000 | 46.5 | 0.0 | 46.5 | 74.0 | -27.5 | Peak |
| 4630.0000 | 46.1 | 0.7 | 46.8 | 74.0 | -27.2 | Peak |
| 4885.0000 | 47.2 | 1.4 | 48.6 | 74.0 | -25.4 | Peak |
| 5375.0000 | 46.1 | 2.5 | 48.6 | 74.0 | -25.4 | Peak |

Engineer.

:VC

Note:

Model

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Corrected Factor

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna FACTOR + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup

Test Mode :CHARGE MODE





Test Mode: BLUETOOTH MODE





5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

5.1 Standard Applicable

This EUT is excused from investigation of conducted emission, for it is powered by DC battery only. According to §15.207 (d), measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.

6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

Please see photos submitted in Exhibit.

The antenna was integrated on the PCB. No consideration of replacement. The antenna gain is 1.72dBi. No need to reduce the peak output power.

7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

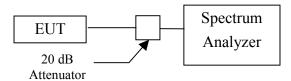
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2), for direct sequence system, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1-5% or DTS BW, not to exceed 100 kHz.
 - 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 x RBW.
 - 3) Detector = Peak.
 - 4) Trace mode = \max hold.
 - 5) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
 - 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/09/20 | 2013/09/20 |

7.4 Measurement Data

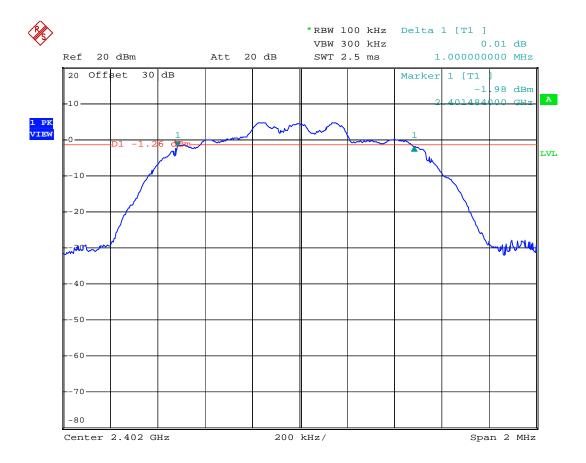
Test Date: May 07, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

Test Mode: BLE

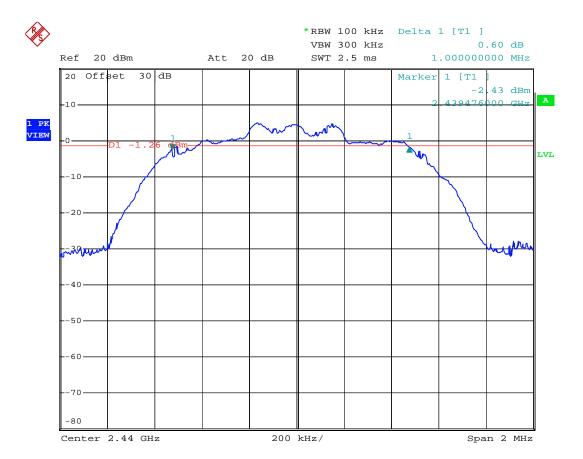
a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 1.000 MHz
b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 1.000 MHz
c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 1.000 MHz

Note: The expanded uncertainty: frequency $\times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$ (1 GHz $< f \le 18$ GHz).

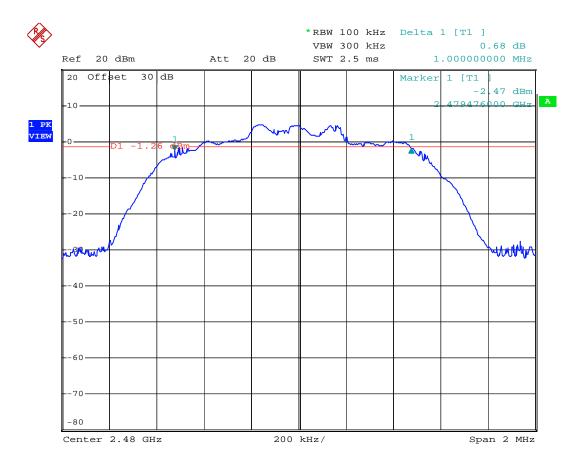
Test Mode: BLE



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:36:46



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:37:57



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:38:49

8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

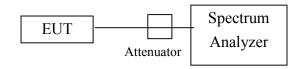
8.1 Standard Applicable

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.
 - 2) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
 - 3) Set the span \geq RBW.
 - 4) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Trace mode = \max hold.
 - 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - 8) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 5: Output power and measurement configuration.



8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/09/20 | 2013/09/20 |

8.4 Measurement Data

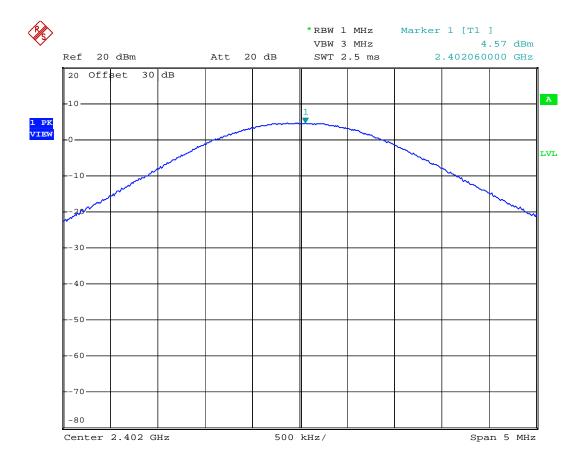
Test Date: May 07, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

Test Mode: BLE

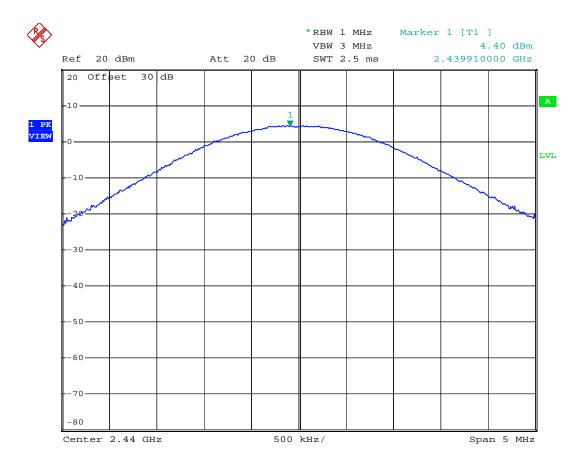
a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 4.57 dBm 2.864 mW
b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 4.4 dBm 2.754 mW
c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 3.28 dBm 2.128 mW

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

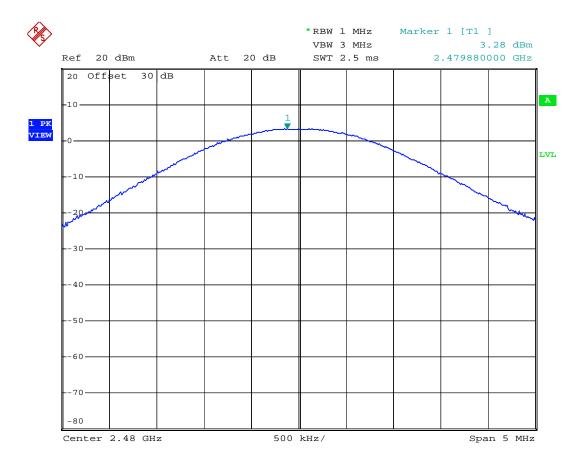
Test Mode: BLE



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:39:48



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:40:21



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:40:52

9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100kHz and VBW to ≥ 300kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/09/20 | 2013/09/20 |

9.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: May 07, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

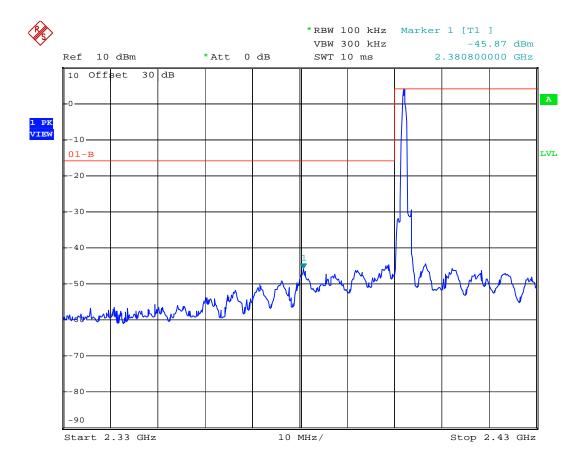
Test Mode: BLE

a) Lower Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

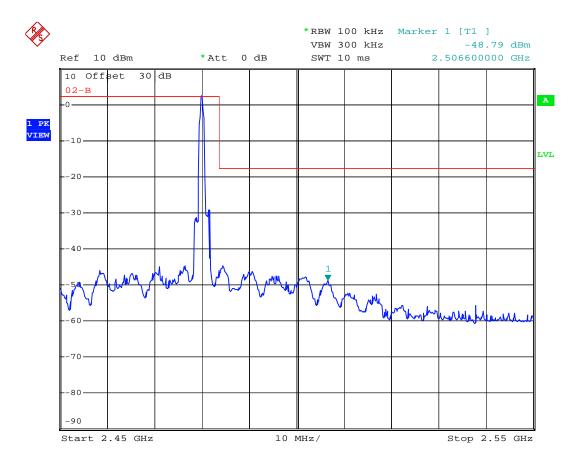
b) Upper Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

Test Mode: BLE



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:54:47



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:53:39

10 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Following the procedures below.
 - 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
 - 3) Set the $\overrightarrow{RBW} \ge 3$ kHz.
 - 4) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - 7) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
 - 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

10.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/09/20 | 2013/09/20 |

10.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: May 07, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

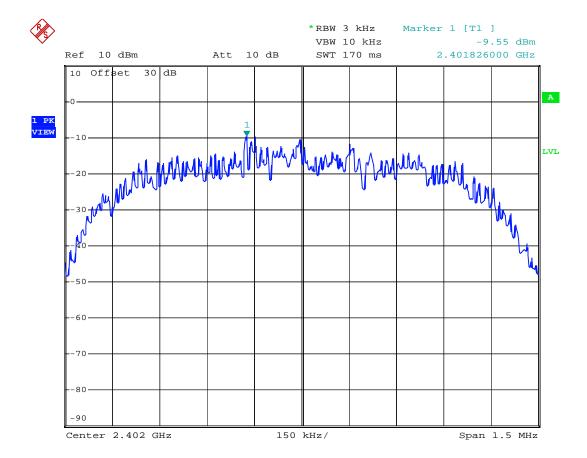
Maximun Power Density (MPD) Test Result

Test Mode: BLE

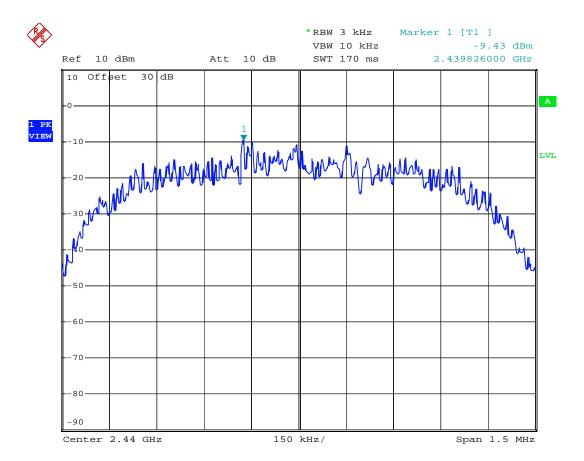
a) Channel Low: MPD is -9.55 dBm = 0.111 mW b) Channel Mid: MPD is -9.43 dBm = 0.114 mW c) Channel High: MPD is -10.76 dBm = 0.084 mW

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

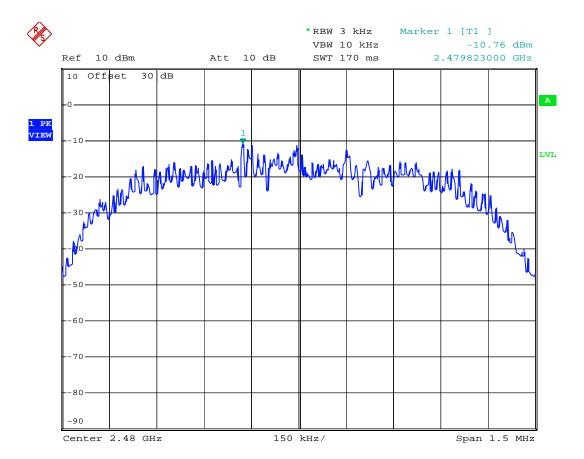
Test Mode: BLE



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:42:50



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:46:09



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:42:15

11 OUT-OF-BAND CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - 1) Set start frequency to DTS channel edge frequency.
 - 2) Set stop frequency so as to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
 - 3) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
 - 4) Set VBW \geq 300 kHz.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Trace Mode = \max hold.
 - 7) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 8) Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).
 - 9) Use peak marker function to determine maximum amplitude of all unwanted emissions within any 100 kHz bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

11.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/09/20 | 2013/09/20 |

11.4 Measurement Data

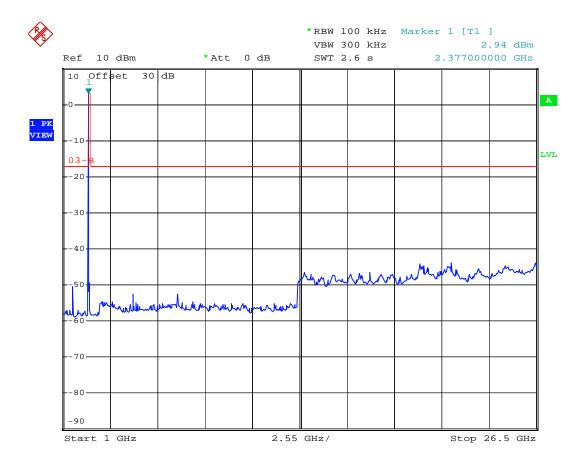
Test Date: May 07, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

Test Mode: BLE

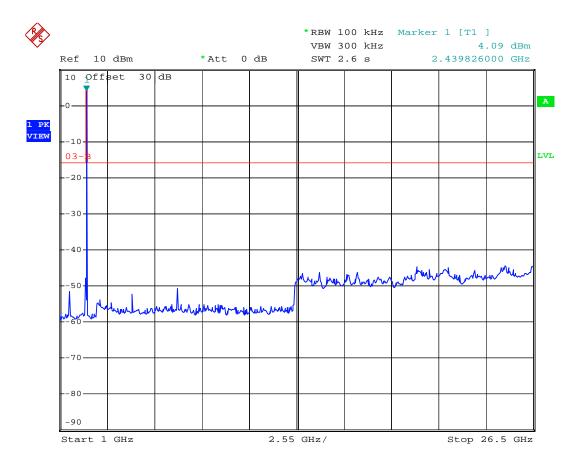
| Test Mode | Result |
|--------------------|---|
| Channel Low | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier. |
| | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated |
| Channel Middle | more than 20dB from the carrier. |
| Channel High | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. |

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

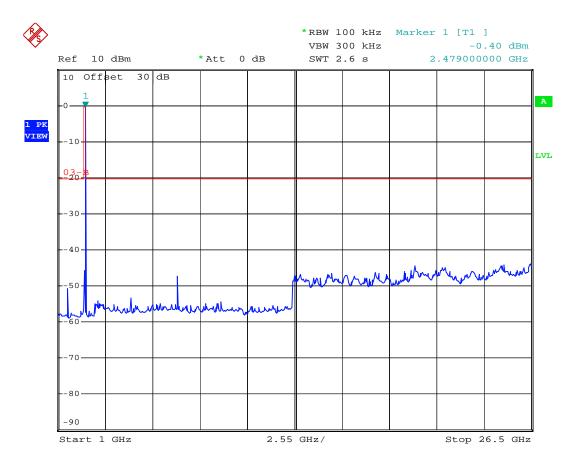
Test Mode: BLE



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:51:14



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:49:54



Date: 7.MAY.2013 14:52:32

1.

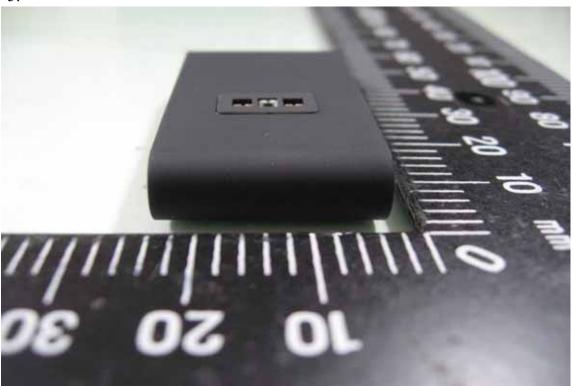


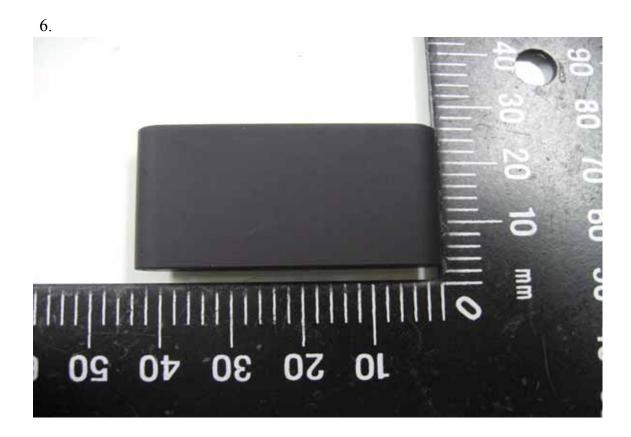


3.









7.





9.



