

# FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

# CAP H 17E/17E/19/19 F-AC-F1-APE

Cellular Repeater

FCC ID: XS5-CAPH17E19

IC: 2237E-EH17E19

Test Report Reference: MDE\_BVNBG\_1806\_FCCa

Test Laboratory:

7layers GmbH Borsigstrasse 11 40880 Ratingen Germany





The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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## **Applied Standards and Test Summary**

#### 1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

#### Type of Authorization

Certification for an Industrial Signal Booster.

#### **Applicable FCC Rules**

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 20, 24, (10/1/18 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 20, Commercial Mobiles Serviced

§ 20.21 Signal Boosters

Part 24, Subpart E – Broadband PCS

§ 24.232 – Power and antenna height limits

§ 24.235 - Frequency stability

§ 24.238 – Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment

The tests were selected and performed with reference to:

- FCC Public Notice 935210 applying "Signal Boosters Basic Certification Requirements" 935210 D02 v04r01, 2018-06-19.
- FCC Public Notice 935210 applying "Measurement guidance for industrial and nonconsumer signal booster, repeater and amplifier devices" 935210 D05 v01r02, 2017-10-27.
- FCC Public Notice 971168 applying "Measurement guidance for certification of licensed digital transmitters" 971168 D01 v03r011,2018-04-09
- ANSI C63.26: 2015



## **Summary Test Results:**

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

## 1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

## Correlation of measurement requirements for Industrial Signal Booster from FCC and ISED Canada

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
Effective radiated power, mean output power and zone enhancer gain	§2.1046 §24.232 KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.5	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.4 SRSP-510, Issue 7, 5.1.1 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.3
Peak to Average Ratio	§24.232	RSS 133 Issue 6: 6.4
Occupied bandwidth Input-versus-output spectrum	§2.1049 KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.2
Conducted spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal	§2.1051 §24.238	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Out-of-band emissions limits	§2.1051 §24.238 KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.6	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Frequency stability	§2.1055 §24.235	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-133 Issue 6: 6.3 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.4
Field strength of spurious radiation	§2.1053 §24.236	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6: 6.5
Out-of-band rejection	KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.3	RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.1



## 1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

#### Module 1:

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§2.1046, §24	.232	
Effective Radiated Power, mean output power and zone The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.5	_	Final Res	sult
OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§24.232		
Peak to Average Ratio The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.26	Final Res	sult
<b>OP-Mode</b> Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§2.1049		
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4	3.26, KDB	Final Res	sult
<b>OP-Mode</b> Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Performed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Performed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Performed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Performed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§2.1051, §24	.238	
Conducted spurious emissions at antenna terminals The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.26	Final Res	sult
<b>OP-Mode</b> Frequency Band, Test Frequency, Direction, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, high, RF downlink, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, high, RF downlink, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, low, RF downlink, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed

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47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§2.1051, §2	4.238	
Conducted spurious emissions at antenna terminals The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	26	Final Re	esult
<b>OP-Mode</b> Frequency Band, Test Frequency, Direction, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, low, RF downlink, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, mid, RF downlink, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, mid, RF downlink, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§2.1053, §2	4.238	
Out-of-band emission limits	. 0./	Einel De	
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.6	3.26, KDB	Final Re	esult
<b>DP-Mode</b> Band Edge, Frequency Band, Number of signals, Direction,	Setup	FCC	IC
nput Power, Signal Type			
ower, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
ower, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Jpper, Band 2/25, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
17 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E Base Stations/Repeater]	KDB 935210	) D05 v01r	02: 3.3
Dut-of-band rejection The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63	.26	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	FCC	IC
Fraguency Pand Direction	- 1-		

Frequency Band, Direction

Band 2/25, RF downlink

Passed

S01\_AA01

Passed



## 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E

§2.1053, §22.917

[Base Stations/Repeater]

Field strength of spurious radiation The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26			Final Result	
<b>OP-Mode</b> Frequency Band, Test Frequency, Direction	Setup	FCC	IC	
Band 2/25, high, RF downlink	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed	
Band 2/25, low, RF downlink	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed	
Band 2/25, mid, RF downlink	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed	



## Module 2:

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§2.1046, §24	.232	
Effective Radiated Power, mean output power and zone The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6935210 D05 v01r02: 3.5	•	Final Res	sult
OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]	§24.232		
Peak to Average Ratio The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.26	Final Res	sult
OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type	Setup	FCC	IC
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband	S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E	§2.1049		
[Base Stations/Repeater]			
[Base Stations/Repeater] Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4	3.26, KDB	Final Res	sult
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode	3.26, KDB <b>Setup</b>	Final Res	sult
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type			IC
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	Setup	FCC Performed	IC Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband	Setup S01_AA01	FCC	IC Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband	<b>Setup</b> S01_AA01 S01_AA01	FCC Performed Performed	IC Passed Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband	<b>Setup</b> S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01	FCC  Performed Performed Performed Performed	IC  Passed  Passed  Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband  47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E	Setup  S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 \$2.1053, §24	FCC  Performed Performed Performed Performed	Passed Passed Passed Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband  47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater] Out-of-band emission limits The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6.	Setup  S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 \$2.1053, §24	Performed Performed Performed Performed	Passed Passed Passed Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband  47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]  Out-of-band emission limits The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.6  OP-Mode Band Edge, Frequency Band, Number of signals, Direction,	Setup  S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 \$2.1053, §24  3.26, KDB  Setup	FCC  Performed Performed Performed Performed Final Res	Passed Passed Passed Passed
Occupied Bandwidth / Input-versus-output Spectrum The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4  OP-Mode Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband Band 2/25, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband  47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater] Out-of-band emission limits The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6. 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.6  OP-Mode Band Edge, Frequency Band, Number of signals, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type	Setup  S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 \$2.1053, §24  3.26, KDB  Setup	FCC  Performed Performed Performed Performed Ferformed Final Res	Passed Passed Passed Passed

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47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E

§2.1053, §24.238

[Base Stations/Repeater]
Out-of-band emission limits

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB

**Final Result** 

935210 D05 v01r02: 3.6

Setup	FCC	IC
S01_AA01	Passed	Passed
	S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01 S01_AA01	S01_AA01       Passed         S01_AA01       Passed

# 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E [Base Stations/Repeater]

KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.3

Out-of-band rejection

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

**Final Result** 

**OP-Mode**Frequency Band, Direction
Band 2/25, RF downlink

Setup

FCC

IC

S01\_AA01

Passed

Passed

N/A: Not applicable N/P: Not performed

The test case frequency stability was not performed, since the EUT is not equipped with signal processing capabilities.

		Report version control	
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity
initial	2019-01-31		valid

**Mayers** 

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(responsible for accreditation scope)
Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

(responsible for testing and report)
Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall

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#### 2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

#### 2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH

Address: Borsigstr. 11

40880 Ratingen

Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC and accepted under the registration number 929146.

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the IC and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-00

Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

Report Template Version: 2017-07-14

2.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall

Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers

Date of Report: 2019-01-31

Testing Period: 2019-01-09 to 2019-01-22

2.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: Commscope

Andrew Wireless Systems GmbH

Address: Industriering 10

86675 Buchdorf

Germany

Contact Person: Mr. Frank Futter

2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see applicant data

Address:

Contact Person:



## 3 TEST OBJECT DATA

## 3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Cellular Repeater
Product name	Carrier Access Point with 4-Band Support for High Power AWS 1700 and PCS 1900 MIMO Applications
Туре	CAP H 17E/17E/19/19 F-AC-F1-APE
Declared EUT data by	the supplier
General Product Description	The EUT is an industrial signal booster supporting the following bands:  Band 4 / AWS-1  Band 10 / AWS-1+  Band 66 / AWS-3 (partly)  Band 2 / 1900 PCS  Band 25 / 1900+  A RF operation is only supported for the downlink.
Booster Type	Industrial Signal Booster
Voltage Type	AC
Voltage Level	100 – 240 V, 50 – 60 Hz
Maximum Output Donor Port [Uplink]	-
Maximum Output Server Port [Downlink]	Band 2/25 [Module 1]: 43.0 dBm Band 2/25 [Module 2]: 43.0 dBm
Maximum Gain [Uplink]	-
Maximum Gain [Downlink]	-

# The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

#### 3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description	
EUT A	DE1277007aa01	FCC sample	
Sample Parameter	Value		
Serial Number	BGCHCA1846001		
HW Version CAP H 17E/17E/19/19 7825730-0001		25730-0001	
SW Version V1.0.0.1266			
Comment	-		

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.



#### 3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-

#### 3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
-	-	-

#### 3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S01 AA01	EUT A	Setup for all tests



## 3.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

## 3.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

Γ			Lower	Upper		
			Frequency	Frequency	Center	
			Band Edge	Band Edge	Frequency	
	Band	Direction	[MHz]	[MHz]	[MHz]	Port
	2/25	downlink	1930.00	1995.00	1962.50	Donor [Module 1]
	2/25	downlink	1930.00	1995.00	1962.50	Donor [Module 2]

## 3.6.2 AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL LEVELS

AGC Level	s [Module 1]							
Band	Direction	Signal Type	AGC Start Pin [dBm]	AGC Start Pin -0.3 dB [dBm]	AGC Start Pin +3 dB [dBm]	Frequency [MHz]	Frequency	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	0.2	-0.1	3.2	1962.5	Mid	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	0.2	-0.1	3.2	1962.5	iviid	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	3.0	2.7	6.0	1930.0	Low	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	2.2	1.9	5.2	1930.0	Low	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	2.8	2.5	5.8	1995.0	High	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	1.8	1.5	4.8	1995.0	High	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	0.0	-0.3	3.0	1956.2	Max.	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	-1.6	-1.9	1.4	1956.2	Power	

AGC Leve	ls [Module 2]							
Band	Direction	Signal Type	AGC Start Pin [dBm]	AGC Start Pin -0.3 dB [dBm]	AGC Start Pin +3 dB [dBm]	Frequency [MHz]	Frequency	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	-2.0	-2.3	1.0	1962.5	Mid	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	-1.6	-1.9	1.4	1962.5	iviid	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	1.4	1.1	4.4	1930.0	Low	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	1.2	0.9	4.2	1930.0	Low	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	1.2	0.9	4.2	1995.0	l II orla	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	1.0	0.7	4.0	1995.0	High	
2/25	downlink	Narrowband	1.2	0.9	4.2	1963.6	Max.	
2/25	downlink	Wideband	-1.6	-1.9	1.4	1963.6	Power	



## 3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

## 3.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

## 3.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



#### 4 TEST RESULTS

# 4.1 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, MEAN OUTPUT POWER AND ZONE ENHANCER GAIN

Standard FCC Part 24, §24.232

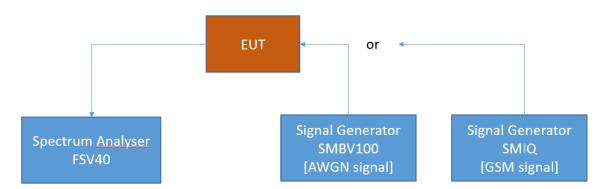
## The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.5

#### 4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; RF Output Power / Gain

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.

#### 4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

## FCC Part 24, § 24.232

- (a)(1) Base stations with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 1640 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.
- (2) Base stations with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 1640 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.
- (3) Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters HAAT with a corresponding reduction in power; see Tables 1 and 2 of this section.



- (4) The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §§24.236 and 24.237 apply.
- (b)(1) Base stations that are located in counties with population densities of 100 persons or fewer per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 3280 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT.
- (2) Base stations that are located in counties with population densities of 100 persons or fewer per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 3280 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT.
- (3) Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters HAAT with a corresponding reduction in power; see Tables 3 and 4 of this section.
- (4) The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §§24.236 and 24.237 apply.

#### RSS-133; 6.4 Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

The equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) for transmitters shall not exceed the limits given in SRSP-510. Moreover, base station transmitters operating in the band 1930-1995 MHz shall not have output power exceeding 100 watts.



## 4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25,	downlink [M						
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power [dBm]	Limit Average Output Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Gain [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	r	-0.1	42.4	60.0	17.6	42.5
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1956.200	3.2	42.4	60.0	17.6	39.2
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1956.200	-0.1	42.3	60.0	17.8	42.4
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1956.200	3.2	42.3	60.0	17.8	39.1

Band 2/25,	downlink [M						
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power [dBm]	Limit Average Output Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Gain [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1963.600	-1.9	42.2	60.0	17.8	44.2
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1963.600	1.4	42.3	60.0	17.7	40.9
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1963.600	-2.3	42.2	60.0	17.8	44.5
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1963.600	1.0	42.2	60.0	17.8	41.2

Band	2/25, dowr	ılink, Com	posite P	ower M	odule 1	& Module	e 2 [MIMC	)]	Band 2/25, downlink, Composite Power Module 1 & Module 2 [MIMO]											
Signal Type	Input Power	Freq. Module 1 [MHz]	Freq. Module 2 [MHz]	Input Power Module 1 [dBm]	Input Power Module 2 [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power Module 1 [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power Module 2 [dBm]	Maximum Average Composite Output Power [dBm]	Limit Average Output Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]										
WB	0.3 dB < AGC	1956.200	1963.600	-0.1	-1.9	42.4	42.2	45.3	60.0	14.7										
WB	3 dB > AGC	1956.200	1963.600	3.2	1.4	42.4	42.3	45.3	60.0	14.7										
VVD	3 UD > AGC		'	٠ .					•											
NB	0.3 dB < AGC	1956.200	1963.600	-0.1	-2.3	42.3	42.2	45.2	60.0	14.8										

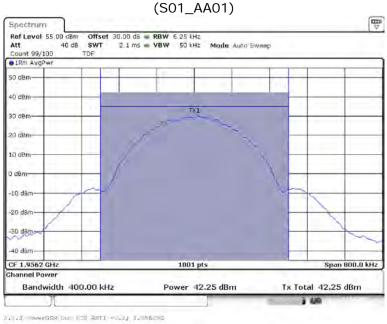
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



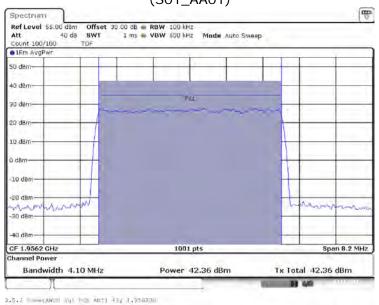
## 4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

#### **MODULE 1:**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband

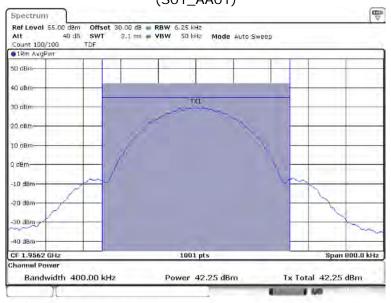


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



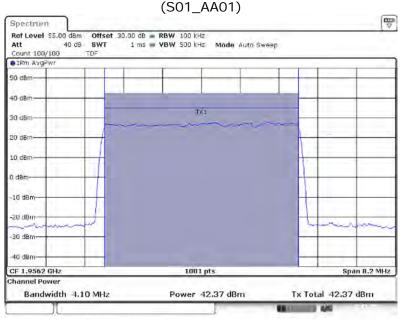


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



3.5.3 EpwerGSM Out PCS ANT1 -3; 1.858200

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband

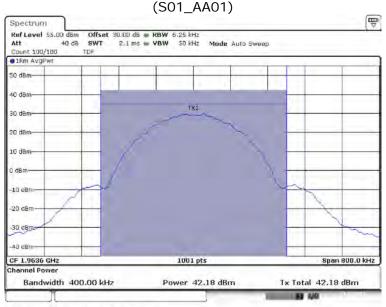


Jib. I PowerANGN Dut PCS ANTI -012: 1.956205



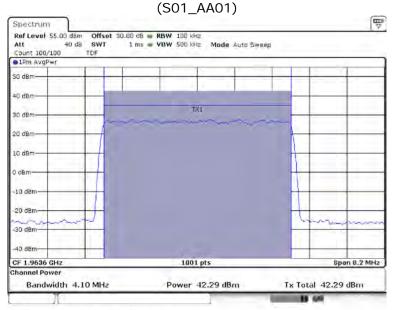
## **MODULE 2:**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



3.5.5 EpwerGSM Out 905 AMYZ -0.8; 1.063000

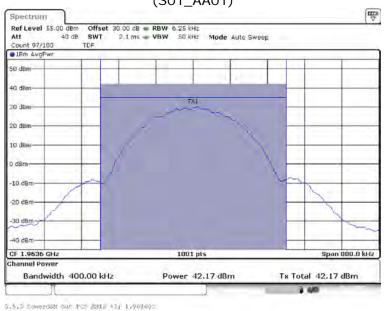
Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



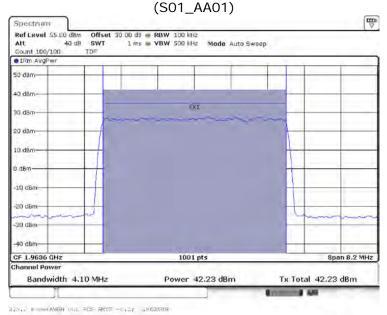
3.5.3 POMERANSM OUT PGS APRIL 13; 1.963500



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



## 4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

FCC Conducted Base Station / Repeater



#### 4.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

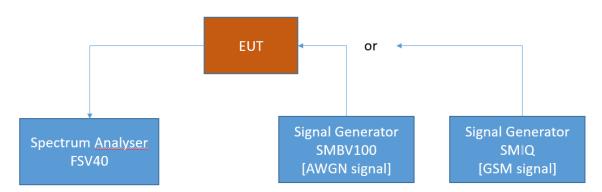
Standard FCC Part 24, §24.232

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.26

## 4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; RF Output Power / Gain

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



#### 4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### FCC Part 24, § 24.232

- (d) Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peakto-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.
- (e) Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, etc., so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel

#### RSS-133; 6.4 Transmitter Output Power and Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

#### 4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25,						
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	PAPR [dB]	Limit PAPR [dB]	Margin to Limit [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1956.200	-0.1	9.0	13.0	4.0
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1956.200	3.2	9.0	13.0	4.0
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1956.200	-0.1	0.2	13.0	12.8
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1956.200	3.2	0.2	13.0	12.8

Band 2/25,	Band 2/25, downlink [Module 2]									
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	PAPR [dB]	Limit PAPR [dB]	Margin to Limit [dB]				
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1963.600	-1.9	8.9	13.0	4.1				
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1963.600	1.4	9.0	13.0	4.0				
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1963.600	-2.3	0.2	13.0	12.8				
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1963.600	1.0	0.3	13.0	12.7				

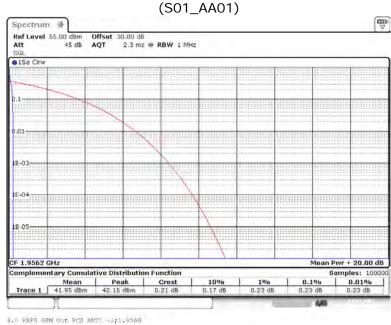
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



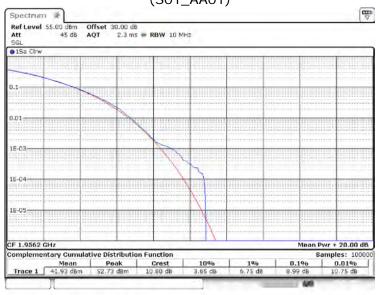
## 4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

#### **MODULE 1**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband

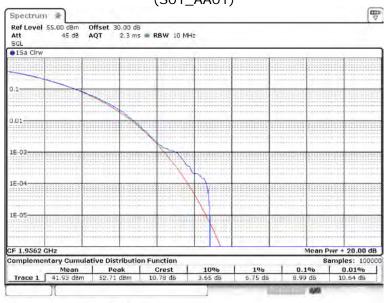


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



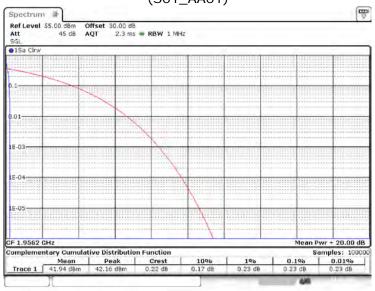


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



4.0 PAPE AWON DUE POS ANTI +3:1.9560

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

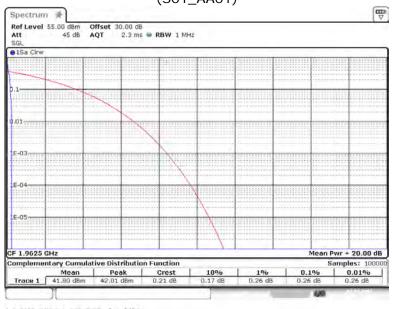


4.0 PAPA GSM Due BES ANTI -0.3;1.9565



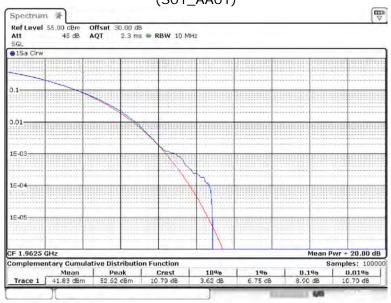
#### **MODULE 2**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



4.0 PAPR GSM Out 9CS ANTZ +3;1.363G

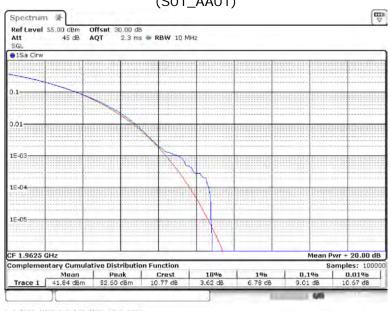
Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



0.0 PAPE AWEN OUT PCS ANT2 -0.3;1.963G

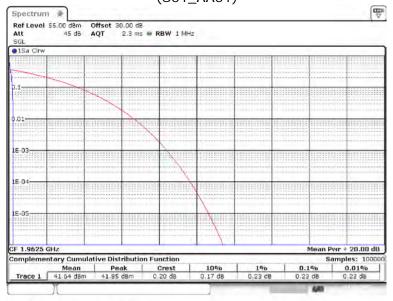


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



0.0 BARR AWEN OUT PCS ANT2 +3;1.963G

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband(S01\_AA01)



4.0 PAPR GEM Out FCS ANT2 -0.3;1.963G

## 4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

FCC Conducted Base Station / Repeater



#### 4.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH / INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SPECTRUM

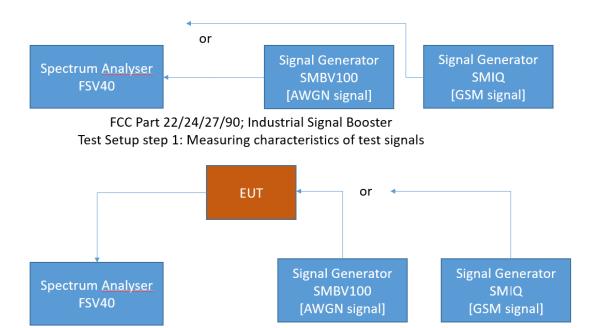
Standard FCC Part 2.1049; Occupied Bandwidth

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.4

#### 4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable conducted spurious emission limits per FCC §2.1049, RSS-GEN 6.4 and RSS-131-5.2.2

The EUT was connected to the test setups according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90; Industrial Signal Booster
Test Setup step 2; Occupied Bandwidth/Input-versus-output spectrum

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



#### 4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### FCC Part 2.1049; Occupied Bandwidth:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable:

- (h) Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques—when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the occupied bandwidth shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are optional at the discretion of the user.
- (i) Transmitters designed for other types of modulation—when modulated by an appropriate signal of sufficient amplitude to be representative of the type of service in which used. A description of the input signal should be supplied.

## RSS-GEN; 6.6 Occupied Bandwidth

The emission bandwidth ( $\times$ dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated  $\times$  dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated emission bandwidth, and a video bandwidth at least  $3\times$  the resolution bandwidth.

When the occupied bandwidth limit is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference measurement method, the transmitted signal bandwidth shall be reported as the 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.

The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately  $3\times$ RBW.

Note: Video averaging is not permitted.

A peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector as this may produce a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold may be necessary to determine the occupied bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.



The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded.

The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the 99% occupied bandwidth.

## RSS-131; 5.2.2 Input-versus-output spectrum

The spectral growth of the 26 dB bandwidth of the output signal shall be less than 5% of the input signal spectrum.

#### 4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25	Band 2/25, downlink [Module 1]								
Signal Type	Input Power	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Occupied Bandwidth SG [kHz]	Occupied Bandwidth Booster [kHz]	Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Limit Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Margin to Limit [kHz]		
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	4329.2	4326.7	2.5	205.0	202.5		
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	4327.9	4325.5	2.4	205.0	202.6		
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	313.1	313.3	0.2	10.0	9.8		
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	314.6	314.4	0.2	10.0	9.8		

Band 2/25	Band 2/25, downlink [Module 2]								
Signal Type	Input Power	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Occupied Bandwidth SG [kHz]	Occupied Bandwidth Booster [kHz]	Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Limit Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Margin to Limit [kHz]		
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	4329.2	4325.5	3.7	205.0	201.3		
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	4327.9	4325.5	2.4	205.0	202.6		
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	1962.50	314.3	315.6	1.3	10.0	8.7		
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	1962.50	314.3	313.8	0.5	10.0	9.5		

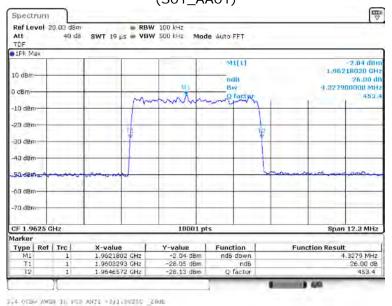
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



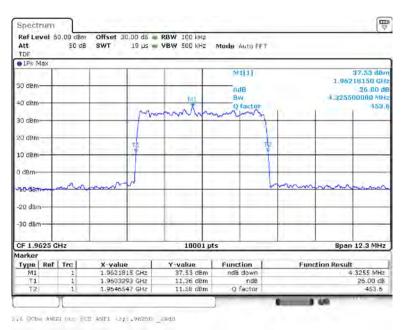
## 4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

#### **MODULE 1:**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



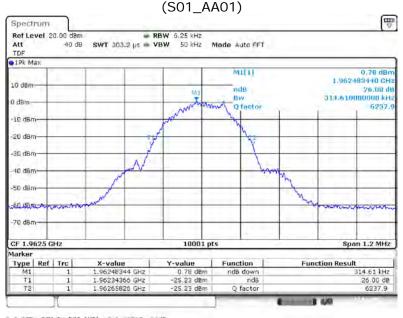
Input Signal



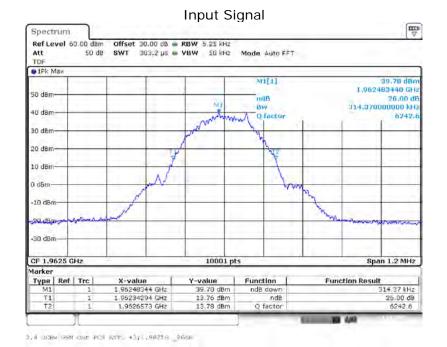
**Output Signal** 



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



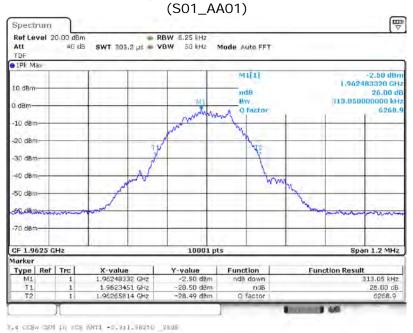
7.4 OCEW GSM IN FCS ANT1 +3;1.9625G \_16dB



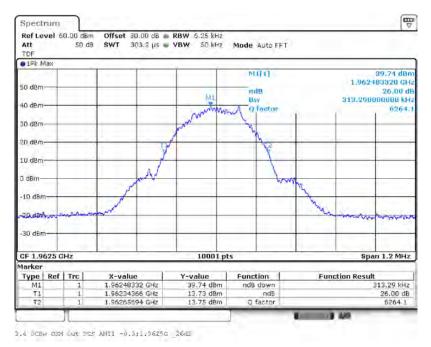
**Output Signal** 



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



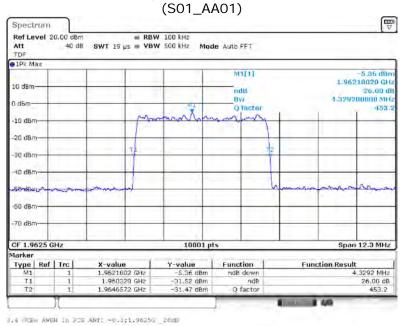
Input Signal



**Output Signal** 



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Input Signal

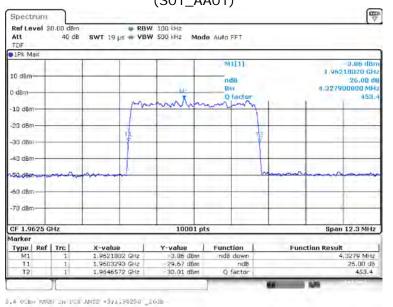


**Output Signal** 

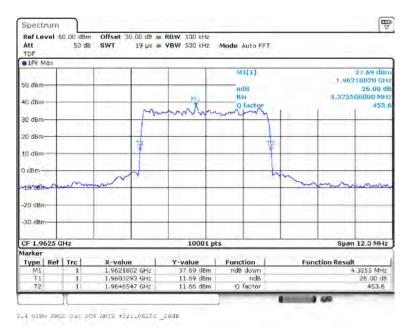


#### **MODULE 2:**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



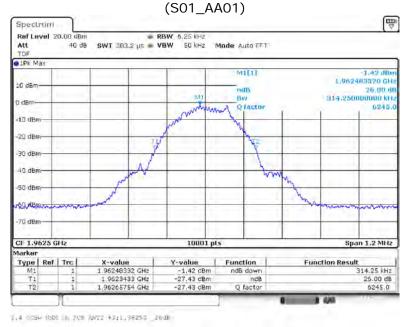
Input Signal



**Output Signal** 



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



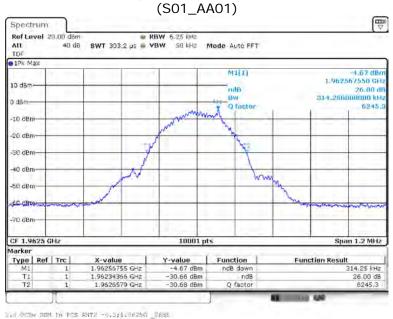
Input Signal



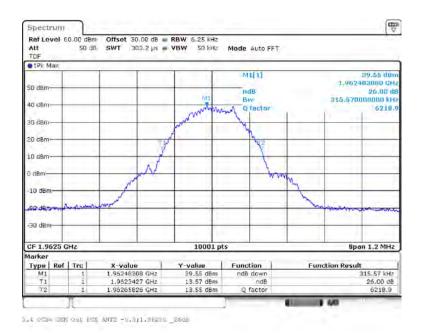
**Output Signal** 



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



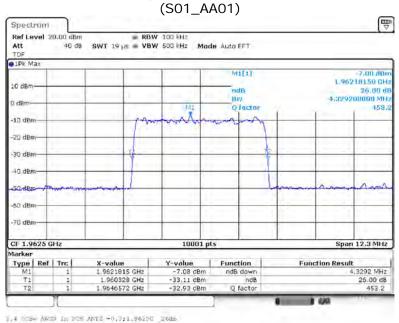
Input Signal



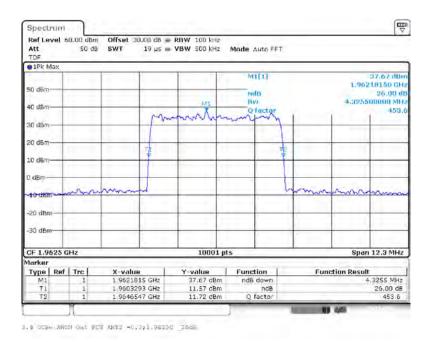
**Output Signal** 



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Input Signal



**Output Signal** 

# 4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

FCC Conducted Base Station / Repeater



### 4.4 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Standard FCC Part 2.1051

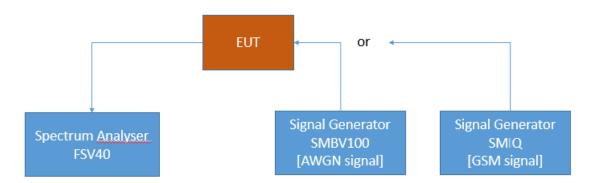
The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26

#### 4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable conducted spurious emission limits per § 2.1051. The limit comes from the applicable rule part for the operating band

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster - Test Setup; Conducted Spurious Emissions

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.

## 4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

#### FCC Part 2.1051; Measurement required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminal:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in §2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.



## Part 24, Subpart E – Broadband PCS; Band 2/25

## §24.238 – Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

## RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

## 6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- i. In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p(watts).
- ii. After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p(watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.



# 4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25	, downlink [						
Test Frequency	Signal Type	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
low	Wideband	1928.9	-26.1	RMS	100	-23.0	3.1
low	Wideband	2145.1	-21.5	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.5
low	Wideband	3865.0	-24.6	RMS	1000	-13.0	11.6
low	Wideband	6955.3	-20.7	PEAK	1000	-13.0	7.3
mid	Wideband	0.0215	-54.4	PEAK	2	-40.0	14.4
mid	Wideband	2145.1	-21.5	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.5
mid	Wideband	3924.8	-14.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	1.5
mid	Wideband	5886.8	-15.7	PEAK	1000	-13.0	2.7
high	Wideband	0.0126	-52.5	PEAK	2	-40.0	12.5
high	Wideband	1996.4	-24.4	RMS	100	-23.0	1.4
high	Wideband	2144.9	-21.5	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.5
high	Wideband	3984.8	-16.5	PEAK	1000	-13.0	3.5
high	Wideband	5979.3	-17.4	PEAK	1000	-13.0	4.4
low	Narrowband	0.0324	-54.8	PEAK	2	-40.0	14.8
low	Narrowband	2145.4	-21.6	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.6
low	Narrowband	3860.5	-21.0	PEAK	1000	-13.0	8.0
low	Narrowband	7696.3	-20.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	7.9
mid	Narrowband	0.0203	-53.1	PEAK	2	-40.0	13.1
mid	Narrowband	2145.0	-21.5	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.5
mid	Narrowband	3925.3	-21.7	PEAK	1000	-13.0	8.7
mid	Narrowband	6950.5	-20.3	PEAK	1000	-13.0	7.3
mid	Narrowband	7734.0	-21.7	PEAK	1000	-13.0	8.7
high	Narrowband	2145.2	-21.6	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.6
high	Narrowband	5373.3	-21.4	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.4
high	Narrowband	6953.3	-20.5	RMS	1000	-13.0	7.5
high	Narrowband	7707.8	-21.9	RMS	1000	-13.0	8.9

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

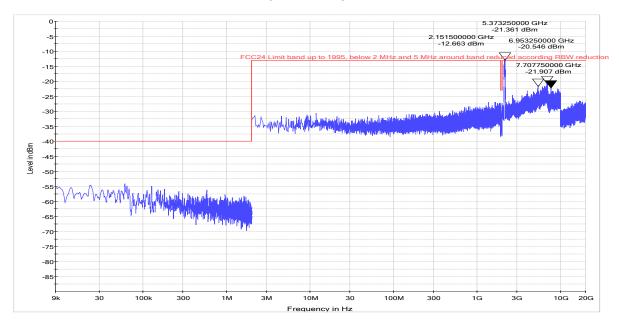
Only module 1 was measured

The peaks in the measurement plots are (input) wanted signal.

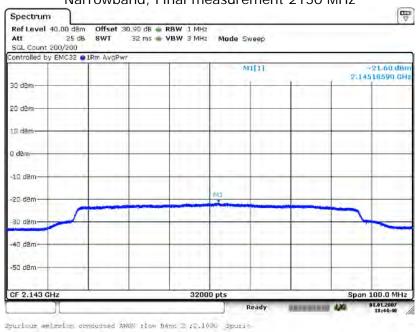


# 4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



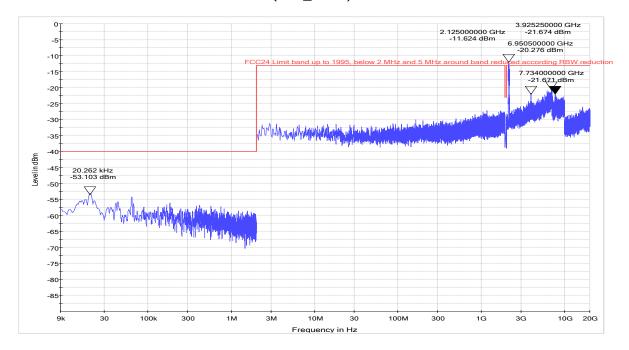
Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Narrowband, Final measurement 2150 MHz



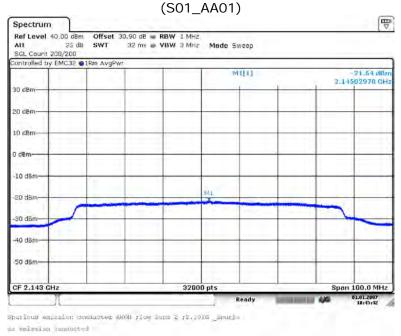
0 901 For 904 × 1



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

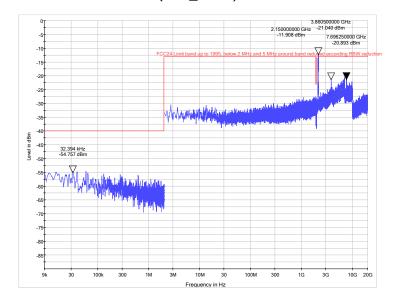


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Narrowband, Final measurement 2150 MHz

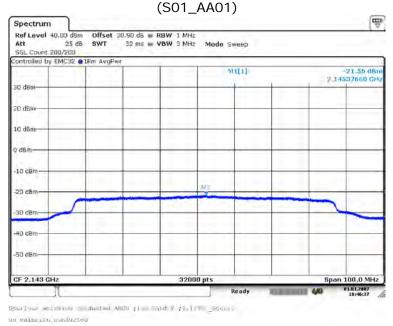




Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

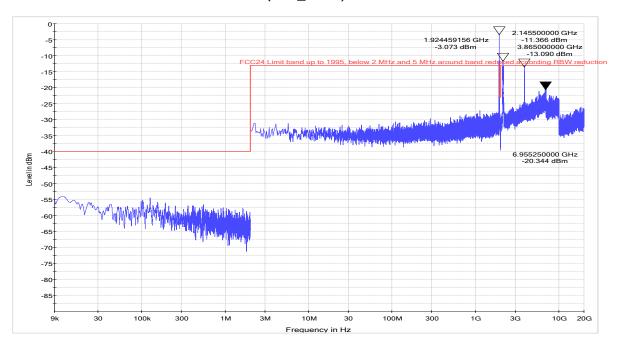


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = Iow, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Narrowband, Final measurement 2150 MHz

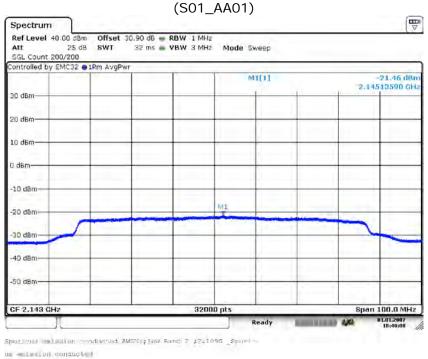




Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

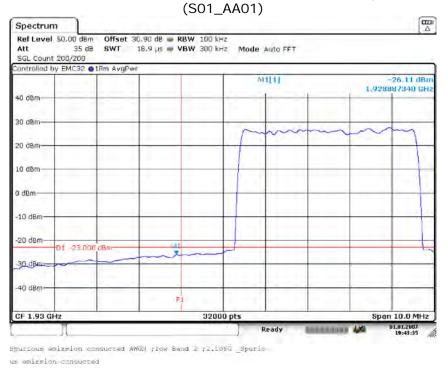


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband, Final measurement 2150 MHz

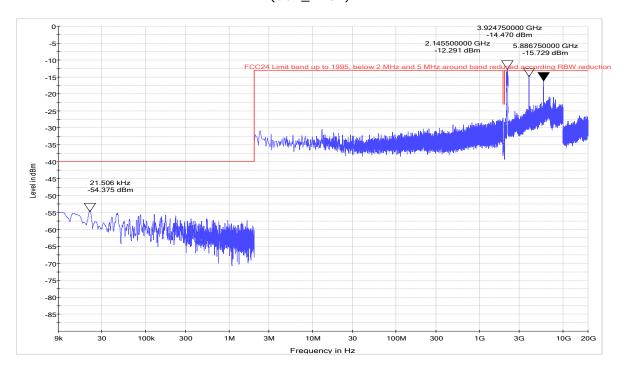




Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband, Final measurement Lower Band Edge



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

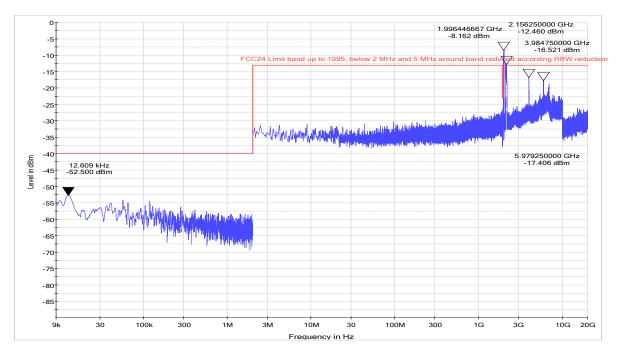




Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband, Final measurement 2150 MHz

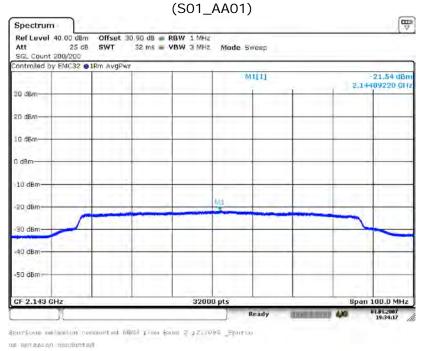


Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

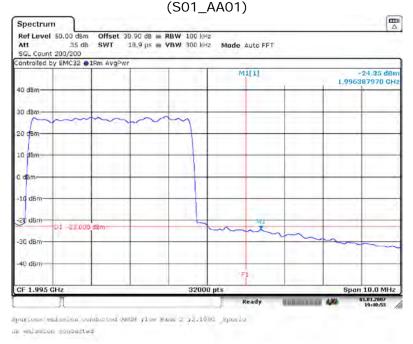




Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband, Final measurement 2150 MHz



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband, Final measurement Higher Band Edge



## 4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



### 4.5 OUT-OF-BAND EMISSION LIMITS

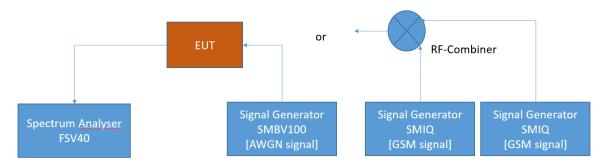
Standard FCC Part 24, §24.238

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r02: 3.6

#### 4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the out-of-band emission limit for industrial signal boosters. The limits itself come from the applicable rule part for each operating band.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; Out-of-band emissions

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.

## 4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

## FCC Part 24, Subpart E - Broadband PCS; Band 2/25 (Cellular)

## § 24.238 - Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.



## RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

## 6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- i. In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p(watts).
- ii. After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p(watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.

## 4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25, downlink, Number of input signals = 1 [Module 1]								
Signal Type	Input Power	Band Edge	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Limit Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1992.50	-0.7	-29.4	-13.0	16.4	
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	upper	1992.50	1.8	-29.2	-13.0	16.2	
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1994.80	-0.7	-18.0	-13.0	5.0	
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	upper	1994.80	1.8	-17.7	-13.0	4.7	
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1932.50	-0.7	-27.9	-13.0	14.9	
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	lower	1932.50	1.8	-29.0	-13.0	16.0	
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1930.20	-0.7	-18.7	-13.0	5.7	
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	lower	1930.20	1.8	-20.0	-13.0	7.0	

Band 2/25, downlink, Number of input signals = 2 [Module 1]								
Signal Type	Input Power	Band Edge	Signal Frequency f1 [MHz]	Signal Frequency f2 [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Limit Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
WB	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1992.50	1987.50	-0.7	-30.1	-13.0	17.1
WB	3 dB > AGC	upper	1992.50	1987.50	1.8	-30.2	-13.0	17.2
NB	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1994.80	1994.60	-0.7	-20.9	-13.0	7.9
NB	3 dB > AGC	upper	1994.80	1994.60	1.8	-21.0	-13.0	8.0
WB	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1932.50	1937.50	-0.7	-28.7	-13.0	15.7
WB	3 dB > AGC	lower	1932.50	1937.50	1.8	-30.2	-13.0	17.2
NB	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1930.20	1930.40	-0.7	-21.7	-13.0	8.7
NB	3 dB > AGC	lower	1930.20	1930.40	1.8	-21.9	-13.0	8.9



Band 2/25, downlink, Number of input signals = 1 [Module 2]								
Signal Type	Input Power	Band Edge	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Limit Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1992.50	-0.7	-27.8	-13.0	14.8	
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	upper	1992.50	1.8	-29.8	-13.0	16.8	
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1994.80	-0.7	-18.2	-13.0	5.2	
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	upper	1994.80	1.8	-18.9	-13.0	5.9	
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1932.50	-0.7	-29.2	-13.0	16.2	
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	lower	1932.50	1.8	-29.4	-13.0	16.4	
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1930.20	-0.7	-19.8	-13.0	6.8	
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	lower	1930.20	1.8	-20.2	-13.0	7.2	

Band 2/25, downlink, Number of input signals = 2 [Module 2]								
Signal Type	Input Power	Band Edge	Signal Frequency f1 [MHz]	Signal Frequency f2 [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Limit Out-of- band Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
WB	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1992.50	1987.50	-0.7	-30.7	-13.0	17.7
WB	3 dB > AGC	upper	1992.50	1987.50	1.8	-30.6	-13.0	17.6
NB	0.3 dB < AGC	upper	1994.80	1994.60	-0.7	-21.5	-13.0	8.5
NB	3 dB > AGC	upper	1994.80	1994.60	1.8	-20.7	-13.0	7.7
WB	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1932.50	1937.50	-0.7	-30.7	-13.0	17.7
WB	3 dB > AGC	lower	1932.50	1937.50	1.8	-31.6	-13.0	18.6
NB	0.3 dB < AGC	lower	1930.20	1930.40	-0.7	-22.7	-13.0	9.7
NB	3 dB > AGC	lower	1930.20	1930.40	1.8	-23.3	-13.0	10.3

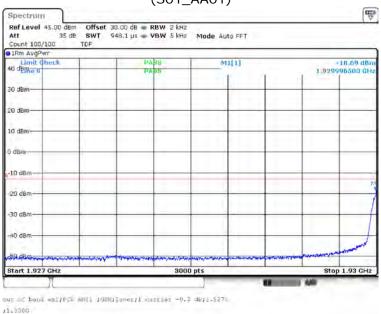
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



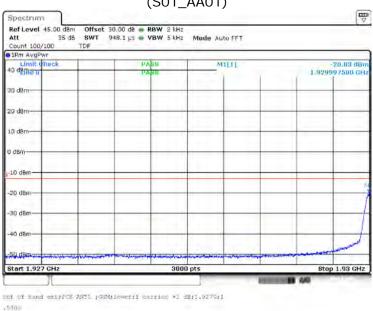
## 4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

### **MODULE 1**

Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

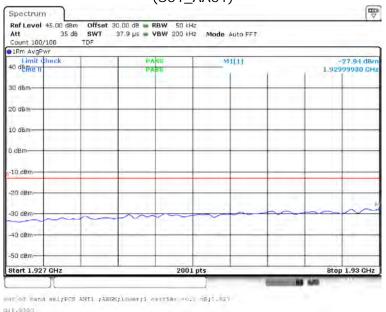


Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

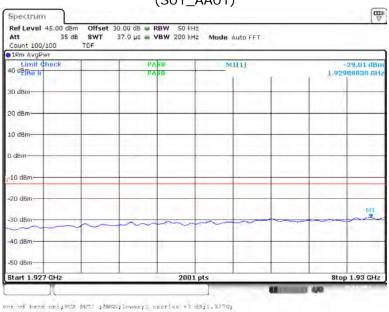




Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



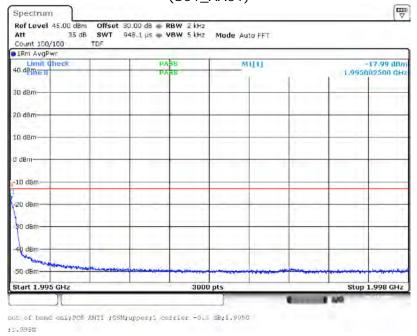
Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



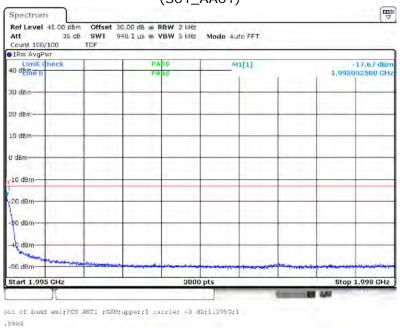
1,5500



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

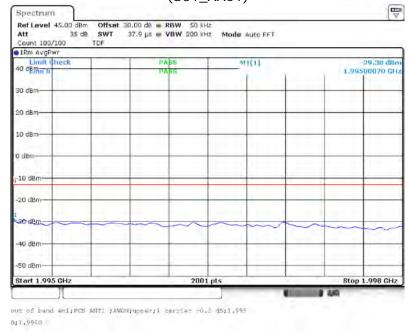


Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

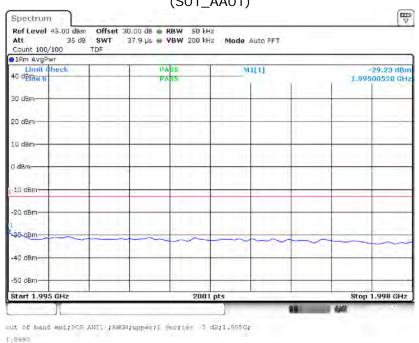




Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

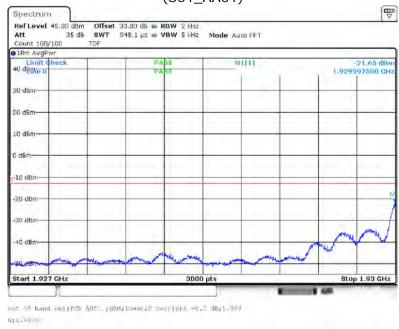


Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

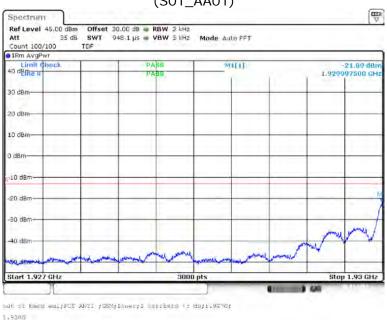




Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

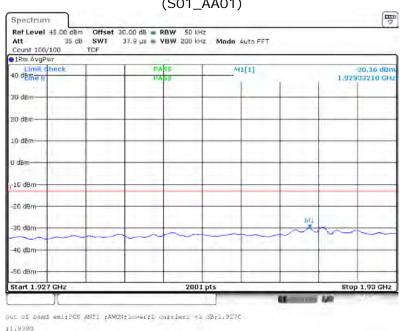




Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



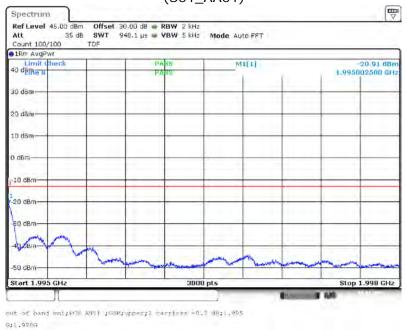
Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



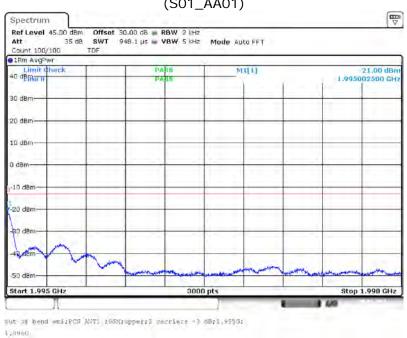
TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_BVNBG\_1806\_FCCa



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

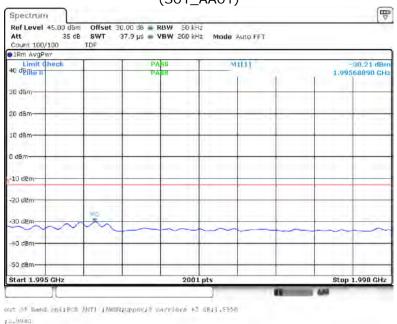




Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



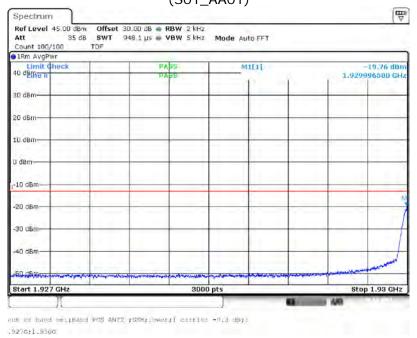
Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



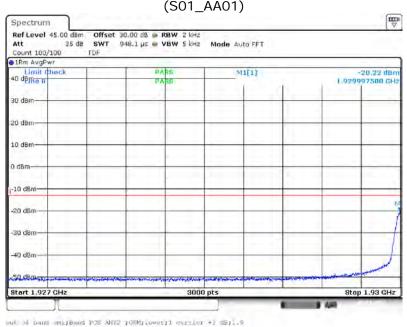


#### **MODULE 2**

Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



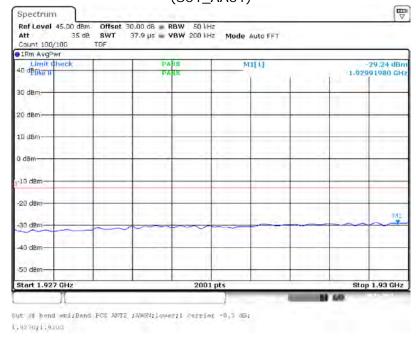
Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01 AA01)



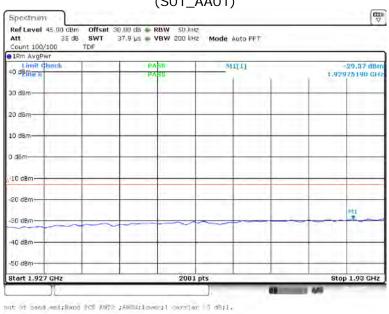
out of band oml; Band PCS ANTS ; GSM; lower; 1 curiler +1 dB; 1.9 E7G; 1.93VG



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

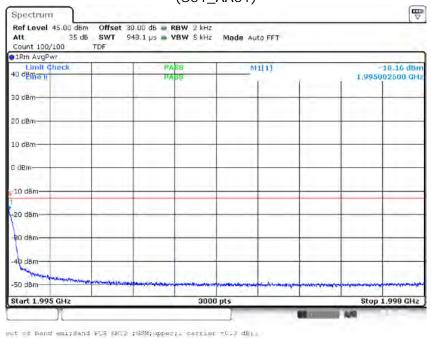


Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



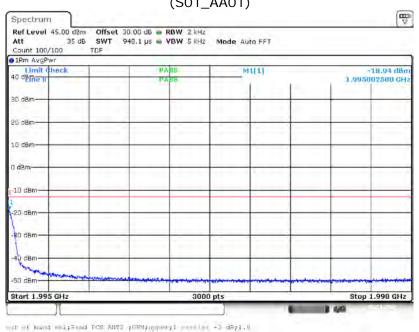


Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



wut or band emi;Band FCS FMTZ ;BSM;upper;1 cerrier =0.3 dB1a
1995G;1.99BG

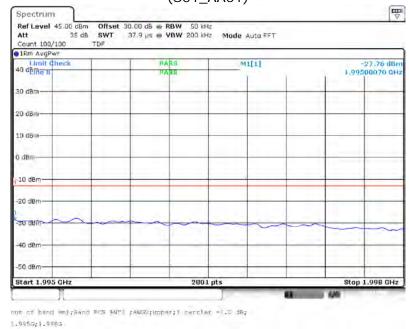
Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



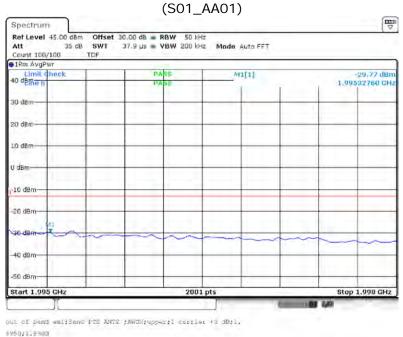
mun of band sulfaind PCS ANT2 (GSM)/uppers1 parties +3 dB;1.9 953:1.9980



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



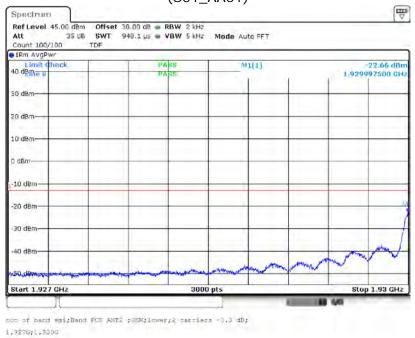
Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



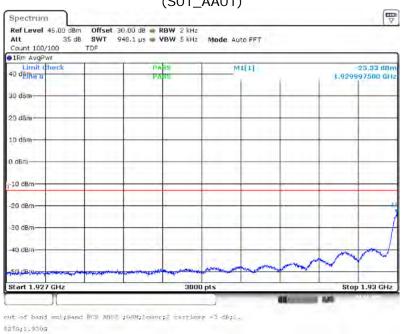
TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_BVNBG\_1806\_FCCa



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

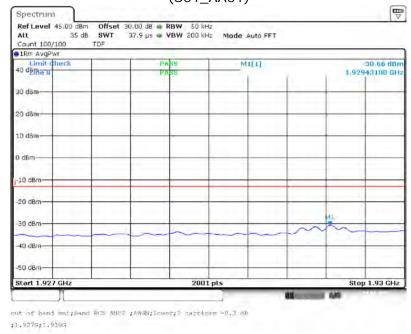


Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)

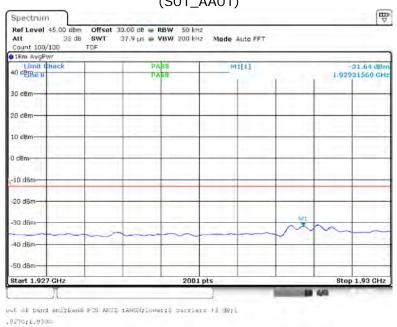




Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

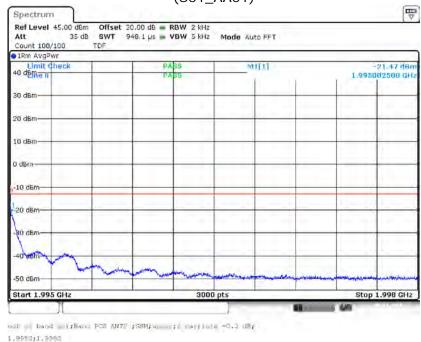


Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)

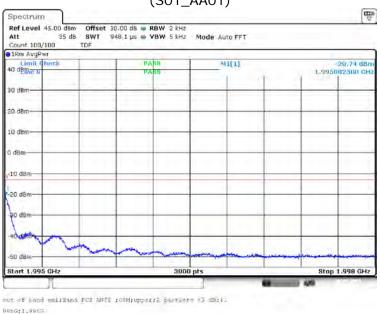




Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband (S01\_AA01)





Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband (S01\_AA01)



# 4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- FCC Conducted Base Station / Repeater



## 4.6 OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION

Standard FCC Part 24

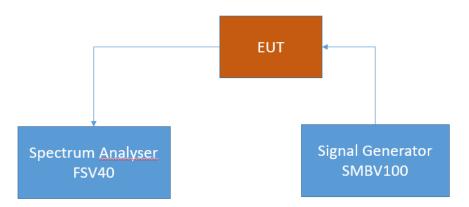
# The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26

## 4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the out-of-band rejection test case for industrial signal boosters.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; Out-of-band rejection

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.

# 4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For this test case exists no applicable limit



# 4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25, downl				
Highest Power Frequency [MHz]	Output Power [dBm/2MHz]	Lower Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]	Upper Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [kHz]
1956.200	22.750	1927.774	1997.259	69485.0

Band 2/25, downli				
Highest Power Frequency [MHz]	Output Power [dBm/2MHz]	Lower Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]	Upper Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [kHz]
1963.600	24.670	1927.871	1997.161	69290.0

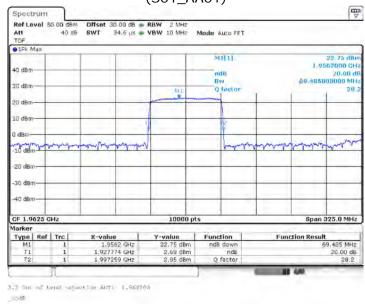
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



# 4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

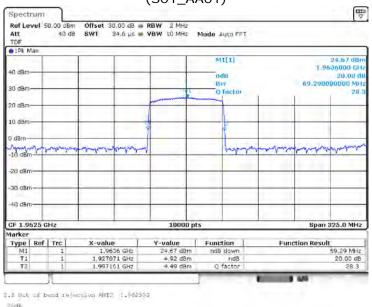
## **MODULE 1:**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink (S01\_AA01)



#### **MODULE 1:**

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Direction = RF downlink (S01\_AA01)



# 4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- FCC Conducted Base Station / Repeater



### 4.7 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC Part 24, §24.238

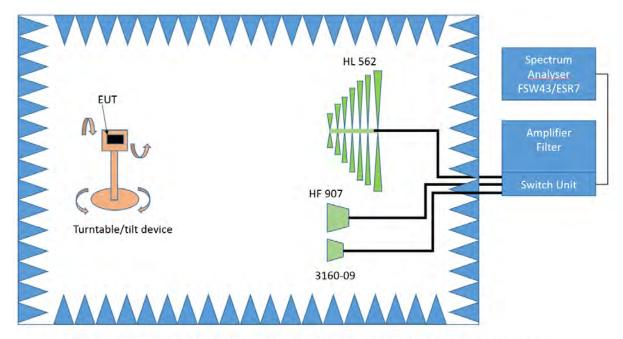
# The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26

## 4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per § 2.1053

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90; Industrial Signal Booster - Test Setup; Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.4 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table  $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$  in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30-1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

## 1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 1000 MHz

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_BVNBG\_1806\_FCCa



Frequency steps: 30 kHzIF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz

- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
Height variation step size: 2 m
Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

## Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm$  45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by  $\pm$  100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak - Maxhold

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHzMeasuring time: 100 ms

- Turntable angle range: ± 45 ° around the determined value

- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

## Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz

- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

### 3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

#### Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

### Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size  $\pm$  45° for the elevation axis is performed.



The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm$  22.5°. The elevation angle will slowly vary by  $\pm$  45°

The elevation arigie will slowly vary by ±

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average

- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

## Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHzMeasuring time: 1 s

## 4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

# FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate.

## Part 24, Subpart E - Broadband PCS, Band 2/25

# §24.238 – Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) \, dB$ .

## RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

### 6.5.1 Out-of-Block Emissions

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- i. In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p(watts).
- ii. After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p(watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.



# 4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 2/25, d						
Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Pin [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
-	-	2.0/-0.6/1.0	RMS	100	-13.0	
-	-	2.0/-0.6/1.0	RMS	100	-13.0	
-	-	2.0/-0.6/1.0	RMS	100	-13.0	
-	-	2.0/-0.6/1.0	RMS	100	-13.0	
-	-	2.0/-0.6/1.0	RMS	100	-13.0	

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

Only module 1 was tested

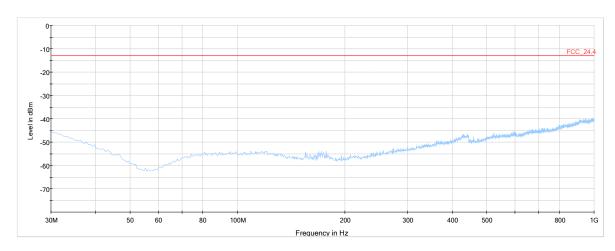
The three required test frequencies (low, mid, high) were injected simultaneously conducted into the EUT.

The RF output ports were terminated with 50 Ohm

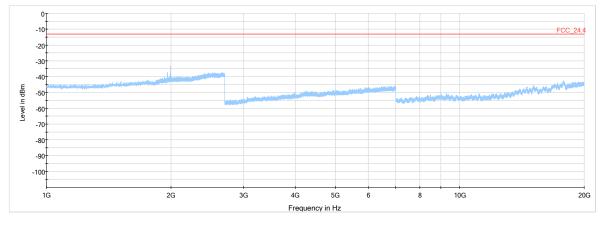
Pin: The single power of each of the three channels (bottom, middle, top).

# 4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink (S01\_AA01)



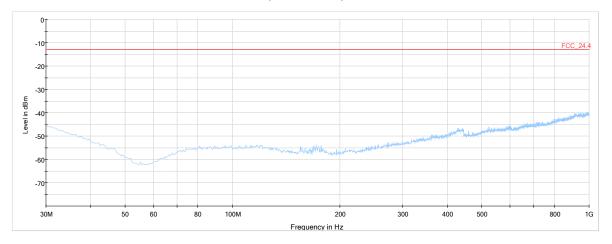
30 MHz - 1 GHz



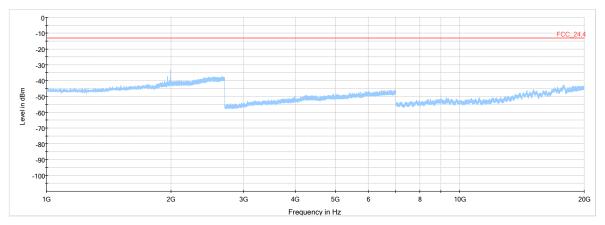
1 GHz - 20 GHz



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink (S01\_AA01)



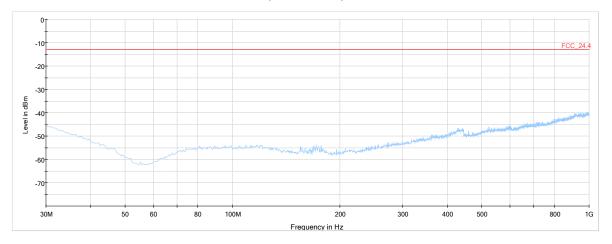
30 MHz - 1 GHz



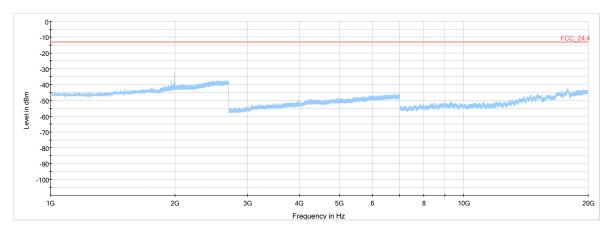
1 GHz - 20 GHz



Frequency Band = Band 2/25, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink (S01\_AA01)



30 MHz - 1 GHz



1 GHz - 20 GHz

# 4.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



# 5 TEST EQUIPMENT

# 1 R&S TS8997

EN300328/301893/FCC cond. Test Lab

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	SMB100A	Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	107695	2017-07	2020-07
1.2	MFS	Rubidium Frequency Standard	Datum-Beverly	5489/001	2018-07	2020-07
1.3	1515 / 93459		Weinschel Associates	LN673		
1.4	FSV30	Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 30 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	103005	2018-04	2020-04
1.5	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04
1.6	VT 4002	Climatic Chamber	Vötsch	58566002150010	2018-04	2020-04
1.7	A8455-4	4 Way Power Divider (SMA)		-		
1.8	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7482	2017-03	2019-03
1.9	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	259291	2016-10	2019-10
1.10	OSP120	Switching Unit with integrated power meter	Rohde & Schwarz	101158	2018-05	2021-05

# Radiated EmissionsLab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last	Calibration
		-			Calibration	Due
2.1	NRV-Z1	Sensor Head A	Rohde & Schwarz	827753/005	2018-07	2019-07
2.2	MFS	Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS	Datum GmbH	002	2018-10	2020-10
2.3	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	•	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-04	2019-04
2.4	ESW44	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	101603	2018-05	2019-05
2.5	Anechoic Chamber	10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m <sup>3</sup>	Frankonia	none	2018-06	2020-06
2.6	HL 562	Ultralog new biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz	830547/003	2018-07	2021-07
2.7	5HC2700/12750 -1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012		
2.8	ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_BVNBG\_1806\_FCCa



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.9	Fully Anechoic Room	8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001- PRB	2018-06	2020-06
2.10	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2018-04	2020-04
2.11	JS4-18002600- 32-5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785		
2.12	FSW 43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	103779	2016-12	2018-12
2.13	3160-09		EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00083069		
	WHKX 7.0/18G- 8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	09		
2.15	4HC1600/12750 -1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011		
2.16	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
2.17	JS4-00102600- 42-5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368		
2.18	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	=		
	HL 562 Ultralog	Logper. Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	100609	2016-04	2019-04
2.20	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00086675		
2.21	5HC3500/18000 -1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008		
2.22	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	ThermoHygro	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH		2017-03	2019-03
2.23	ESR 7	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2019-01	2020-01
2.24	JS4-00101800- 35-5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037		
2.25	AS 620 P	Antenna mast	HD GmbH	620/37		
2.26	Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell)	Antrieb TD1.5- 10kg		TD1.5- 10kg/024/37907 09		
2.27		Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
	AM 4.0		Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		
2.29	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2018-07	2021-07



# 3 FCC Conducted Base Station / Repeater EN300328/301893/FCC cond. Test Lab

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number		Calibration
					Calibration	Due
3.1	FSV40	Signal	Rohde & Schwarz	100886	2018-10	2019-10
		Analyzer 10 Hz				
		- 40 GHz				
3.2	SMBV100A	Vector Signal	Rohde & Schwarz	255975	2017-08	2019-08
		Generator 9				
		kHz - 6 GHz				
3.3	SMIQ	Vector Signal	Rohde & Schwarz	831389/062	2018-10	2020-10
		Generator 9				
		kHz – 3.3 GHz				

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"



# 6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

# 6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

_	
Frequency	Corr.
MHz	dB
0.15	10.1
5	10.3
7	10.5
10	10.5
12	10.7
14	10.7
16	10.8
18	10.9
20	10.9
22	11.1
24	11.1
26	11.2
28	11.2
30	11.3

	cable
LISN	loss
insertion	(incl. 10
loss	dB
ESH3-	atten-
<b>Z</b> 5	uator)
dB	dB
0.1	10.0
0.1	10.2
0.2	10.3
0.2	10.3
0.3	10.4
0.3	10.4
0.4	10.4
0.4	10.5
0.4	10.5
0.5	10.6
0.5	10.6
0.5	10.7
0.5	10.7
0.5	10.8
•	

## Sample calculation

 $U_{LISN}$  (dB  $\mu$ V) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.



# 6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

7.2 7		
	Λ.Γ.	
Fraguana	AF	Corr
Frequency	HFH-Z2)	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
0.009	20.50	-79.6
0.01	20.45	-79.6
0.015	20.37	-79.6
0.02	20.36	-79.6
0.025	20.38	-79.6
0.03	20.32	-79.6
0.05	20.35	-79.6
0.08	20.30	-79.6
0.1	20.20	-79.6
0.2	20.17	-79.6
0.3	20.14	-79.6
0.49	20.12	-79.6
0.490001	20.12	-39.6
0.5	20.11	-39.6
0.8	20.10	-39.6
1	20.09	-39.6
2	20.08	-39.6
3	20.06	-39.6
4	20.05	-39.5
5	20.05	-39.5
6	20.02	-39.5
8	19.95	-39.5
10	19.83	-39.4
12	19.71	-39.4
14	19.54	-39.4
16	19.53	-39.3
18	19.53	-39.3
20	19.57	-39.3
22	19.61	-39.3
24	19.61	-39.3
26	19.54	-39.3
28	19.46	-39.2
30	19.73	-39.1

· -		<u> </u>				
cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	$d_{Limit}$	dused
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-40 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

## Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = -40 \* LOG ( $d_{Limit}$ /  $d_{used}$ )

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values



# ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

(d<sub>L</sub>

$d_{Limit} = 3 m$		
Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
30	18.6	0.6
50	6.0	0.9
100	9.7	1.2
150	7.9	1.6
200	7.6	1.9
250	9.5	2.1
300	11.0	2.3
350	12.4	2.6
400	13.6	2.9
450	14.7	3.1
500	15.6	3.2
550	16.3	3.5
600	17.2	3.5
650	18.1	3.6
700	18.5	3.6
750	19.1	4.1
800	19.6	4.1
850	20.1	4.4
900	20.8	4.7
950	21.1	4.8
1000	21.6	4.9

cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	$d_{Limit}$	$d_{used}$
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-20 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

$(d_{Limit} = 10 \text{ m})$	1)								
30	18.6	-9.9	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
50	6.0	-9.6	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
100	9.7	-9.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
150	7.9	-8.8	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
200	7.6	-8.6	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
250	9.5	-8.3	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
300	11.0	-8.1	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
350	12.4	-7.9	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
400	13.6	-7.6	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
450	14.7	-7.4	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
500	15.6	-7.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
550	16.3	-7.0	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
600	17.2	-6.9	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
650	18.1	-6.9	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
700	18.5	-6.8	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
750	19.1	-6.3	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
800	19.6	-6.3	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
850	20.1	-6.0	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
900	20.8	-5.8	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
950	21.1	-5.6	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
1000	21.6	-5.6	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

# Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction =  $-20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used})$ 

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



# 6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

	AF R&S	
Frequency	HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

	,			
		cable		
cable		loss 3		
loss 1		(switch		
(relay +	cable	unit,		
cable	loss 2	atten-	cable	
inside	(outside	uator &	loss 4 (to	
chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	
dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79	
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38	
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33	
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31	
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40	
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47	
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

			cable		
			loss 4		
cable			(switch		
loss 1	cable	cable	unit,		used
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	atten-	cable	for
inside	(inside	(outside	uator &	loss 5 (to	FCC
chamber)	chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

cable					
loss 1	cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5	loss 6
inside	(High	(pre-	(inside	(outside	(to
chamber)	Pass)	amp)	chamber)	chamber)	receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

## Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



#### 6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ - 26.5 GHZ)

	AF EMCO	
Frequency	3160-09	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5
18500	40.2	-23.2
19000	40.2	-22.0
19500	40.3	-21.3
20000	40.3	-20.3
20500	40.3	-19.9
21000	40.3	-19.1
21500	40.3	-19.1
22000	40.3	-18.7
22500	40.4	-19.0
23000	40.4	-19.5
23500	40.4	-19.3
24000	40.4	-19.8
24500	40.4	-19.5
25000	40.4	-19.3
25500	40.5	-20.4
26000	40.5	-21.3
26500	40.5	-21.1

		,		
cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5
(inside	(pre-	(inside	(switch	(to
chamber)	amp)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

## Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



# 6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ - 40 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB
26.5	43.4	-11.2
27.0	43.4	-11.2
28.0	43.4	-11.1
29.0	43.5	-11.0
30.0	43.5	-10.9
31.0	43.5	-10.8
32.0	43.5	-10.7
33.0	43.6	-10.7
34.0	43.6	-10.6
35.0	43.6	-10.5
36.0	43.6	-10.4
37.0	43.7	-10.3
38.0	43.7	-10.2
39.0	43.7	-10.2
40.0	43.8	-10.1

cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d <sub>Limit</sub> (meas. distance (limit)	d <sub>used</sub> (meas. distance (used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
4.4				-15.6	3	0.5
4.5				-15.6	3	0.5
4.6				-15.6	3	0.5
4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
4.7				-15.6	3	0.5
4.8				-15.6	3	0.5
4.9				-15.6	3	0.5
5.0				-15.6	3	0.5
5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
5.1				-15.6	3	0.5
5.2				-15.6	3	0.5
5.3				-15.6	3	0.5
5.4				-15.6	3	0.5
5.5				-15.6	3	0.5

## Sample calculation

E (dB  $\mu$ V/m) = U (dB  $\mu$ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction =  $-20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used})$ 

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



# 7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case(s)	Parameter	Uncertainty
- Field strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
<ul><li>Out-of-band rejection</li><li>Occupied Bandwidth</li><li>Input versus output spectrum</li></ul>	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
<ul><li>Effective radiated power, mean output power and zone enhancer gain</li><li>Peak to Average Ratio</li></ul>	Power	± 2.2 dB
<ul><li>Out-of-band emission limits</li><li>Conducted Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal</li></ul>	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz

# 8 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.