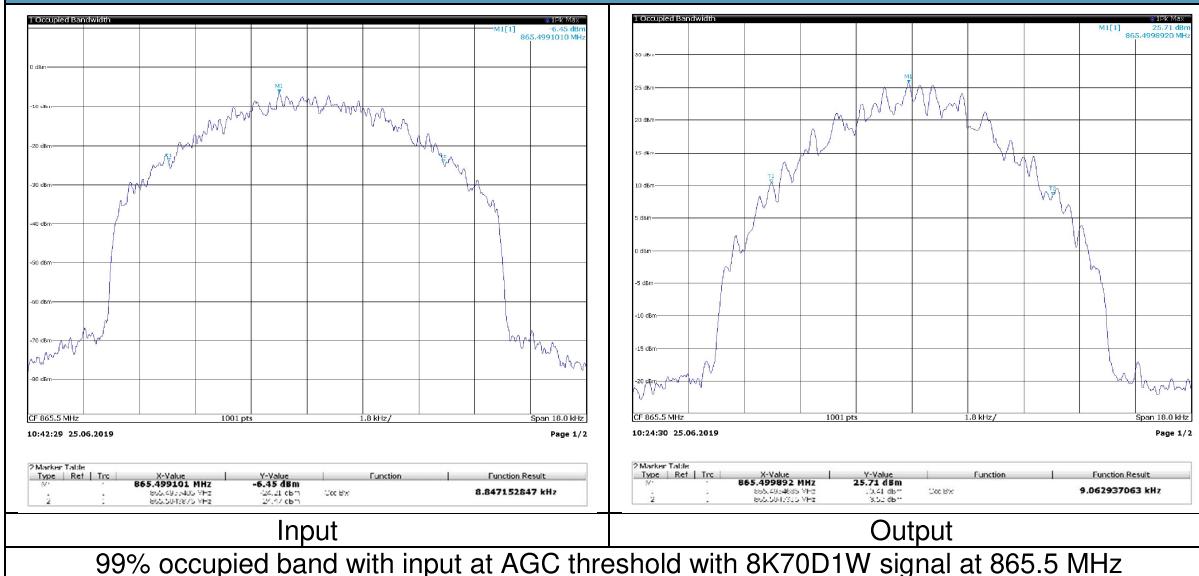
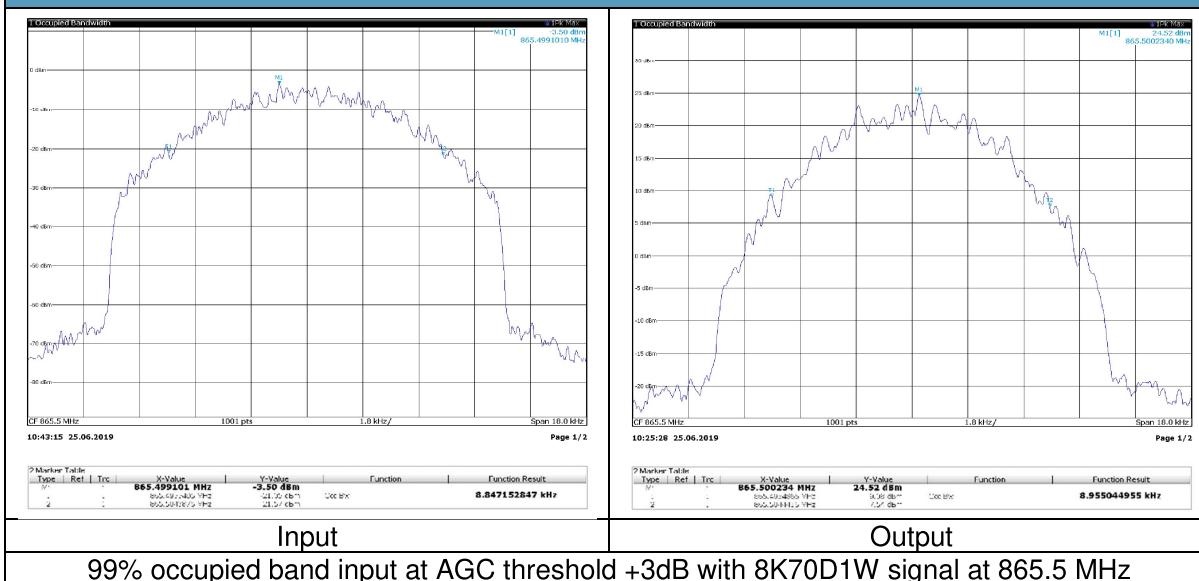


Test data



Test data



6.4 Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain

FCC 90.635(a)

The effective radiated power and antenna height for base stations may not exceed 1 kilowatt (30 dBw) and 304 m. (1,000 ft.) above average terrain (AAT), respectively, or the equivalent thereof as determined from the Table. These are maximum values, and applicants will be required to justify power levels and antenna heights requested.

RSS-131 clause 6.2

The output power of the zone enhancer shall comply with the transmitter output power of the equipment with which it is to be used (as specified in RSS-119) and shall be within ± 1.0 dB of the zone enhancer manufacturer's rated output power

RSS-119 clause 5.4

The output power shall be within ± 1 dB of the manufacturer's rated power listed in the equipment specifications. The transmitter output power limits set forth in Table 2 will come into force upon the publication of Issue 12 of this standard and will apply to newly certified equipment.

Table 2 —Transmitter Output Power

Frequency Bands (MHz)	Transmitter Output Power (W)	
	Base/Fixed Equipment	Mobile Equipment
27.41-28 and 29.7-50	300	30
72-76	No limit	1
138-174	110	60
217-218 and 219-220	110	30 <small>*</small>
220-222	See SRSP-512 for ERP limit	50
406.1-430 and 450-470	110	60
768-776 and 798-806	See SRSP-511 for ERP limit	30 3 W ERP for portable equipment
806-821/851-866 and 821-824/866-869	110	30
896-901/935-940	110	60
929-930/931-932	110	30
928-929/952-953 and 932-932.5/941-941.5	110	30
932.5-935/941.5-944	110	30

Test date: 2019-06-26

Test results: Pass

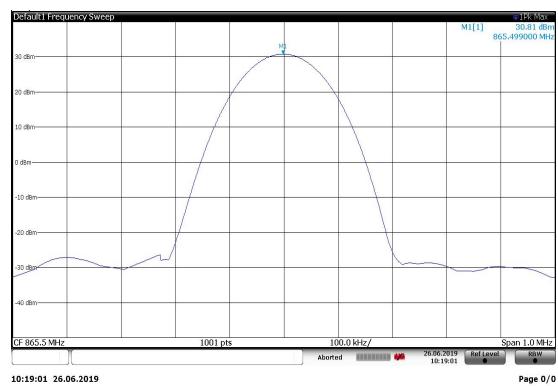
Special notes

Modulation used: CW and 8K70D1W

Test data

Gmax antenna gain (dBi) = 39.14 - 31.95 = 7.19 dBi

Test data



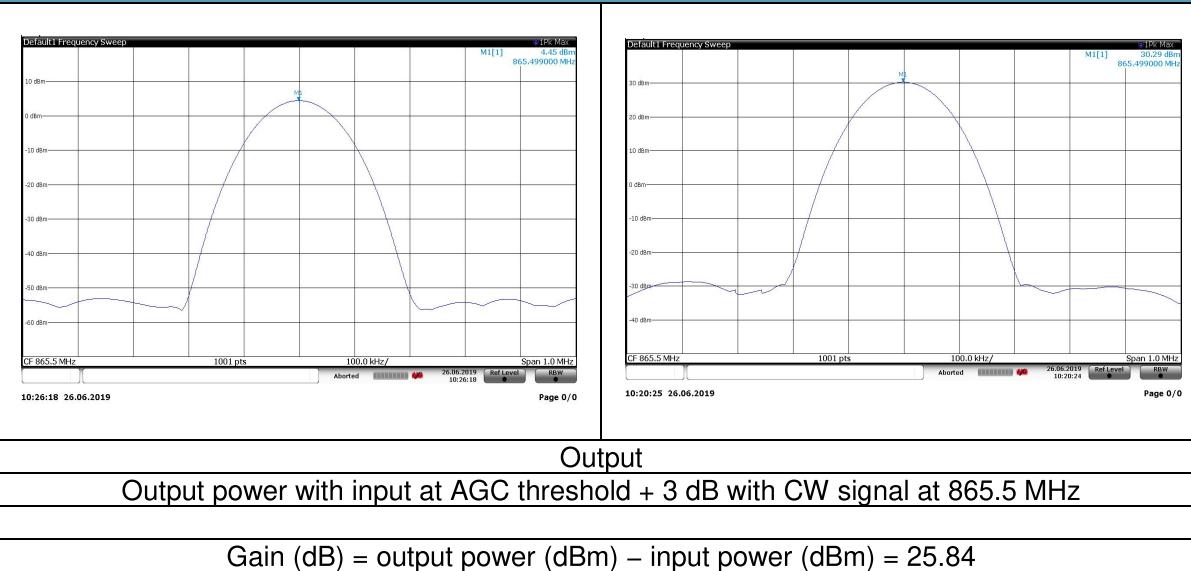
Input

Output power with input at AGC threshold with CW signal at 865.5 MHz

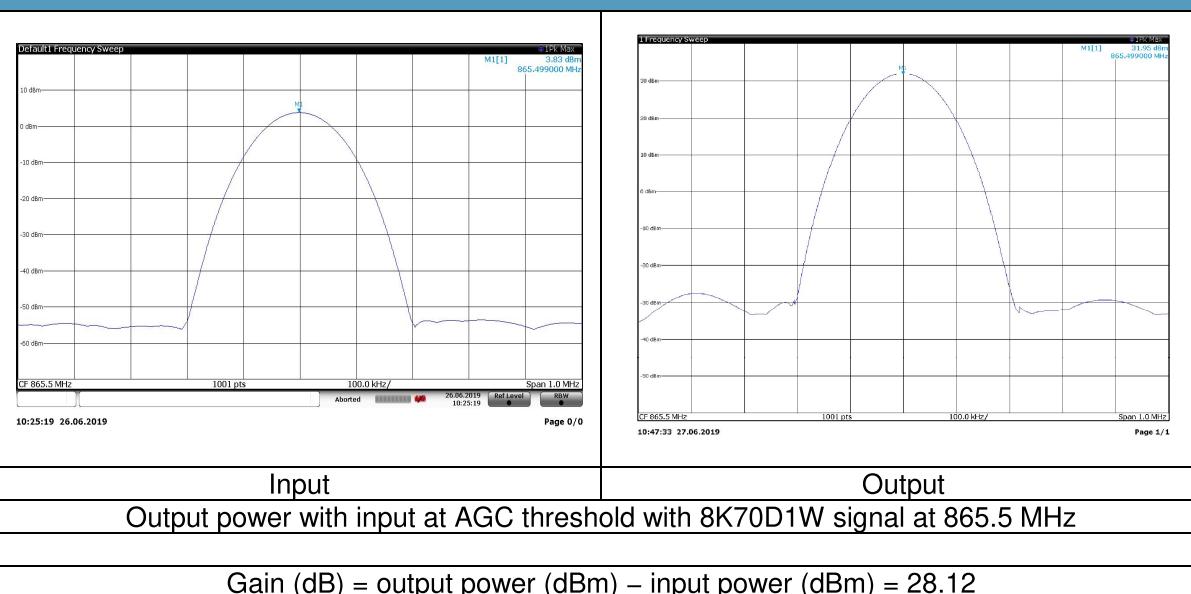
Output

Gain (dB) = output power (dBm) – input power (dBm) = 29.38

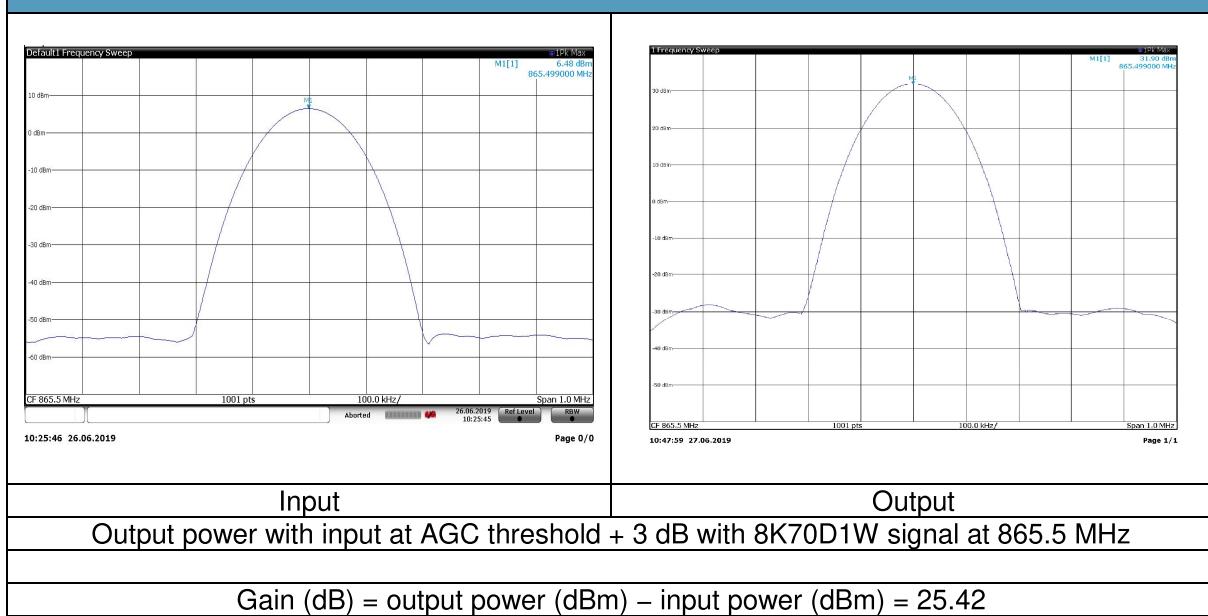
Test data



Test data



Test data



6.5 Noise figure measurements

RSS-131 clause 6.4

The ERP of noise within the passband should not exceed -43 dBm in a 10 kHz measurement bandwidth. The ERP of noise in spectrum more than 1 MHz outside of the passband should not exceed -70 dBm in a 10 kHz measurement bandwidth. The noise figure of a zone enhancer shall not exceed 9 dB in either direction.

Test date: 2019-06-26

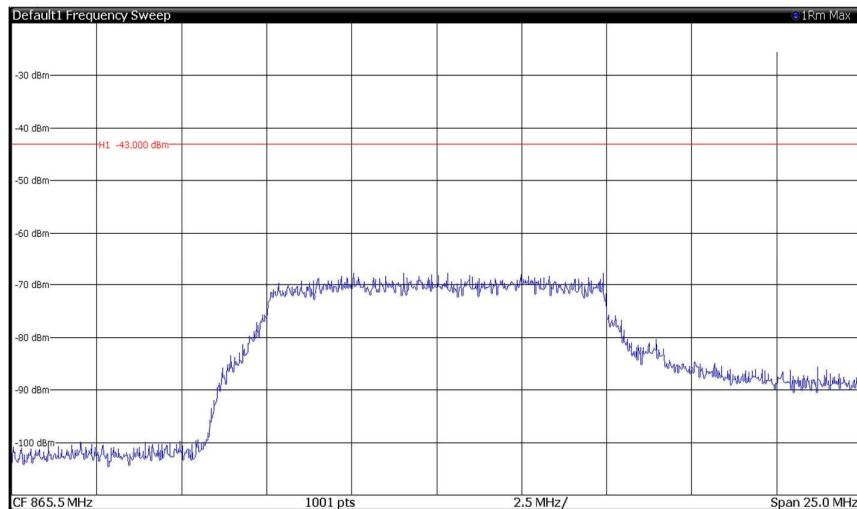
Test results: Pass

Special notes

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Resolution bandwidth	10 kHz
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times$ RBW
Frequency span	25 MHz
Detector mode	Rms
Trace mode	Max Hold

Test data



6.6 Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements

FCC 90.210(d)(3)

Emission Mask D — 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

RSS-131 clause 6.5

The spurious emissions of a zone enhancer shall not exceed -13 dBm in any 100 kHz measurement bandwidth.

RSS-119 clause 5.8.3

Emission Mask D for Transmitters Equipped With or Without an Audio Low-Pass Filter. The power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (dBW) as specified in Table 7.

Table 7 — Emission Mask D

Displacement Frequency, f_d (kHz)	Minimum Attenuation (dB)	Resolution Bandwidth (Hz)
$5.625 < f_d \leq 12.5$	$7.27(f_d - 2.88)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2
$f_d > 12.5$	Whichever is the lesser: 70 or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2

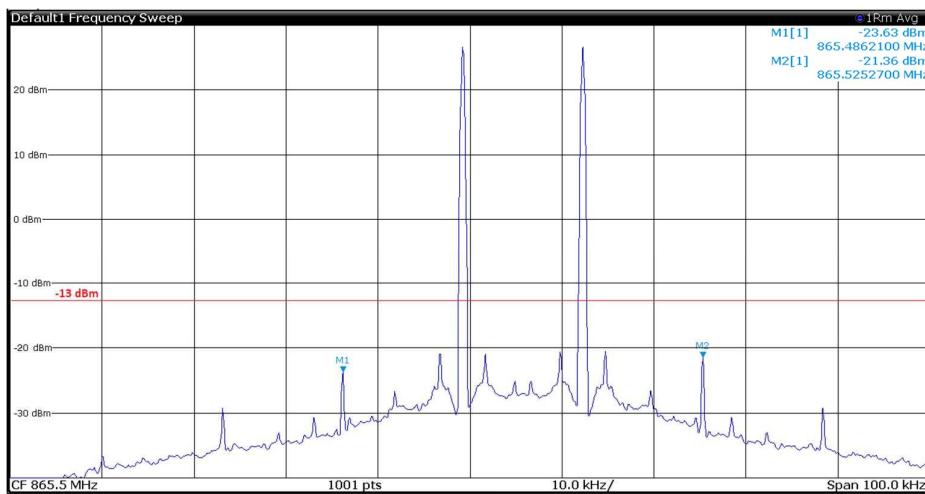
Test date: 2019-06-26

Test results: Pass

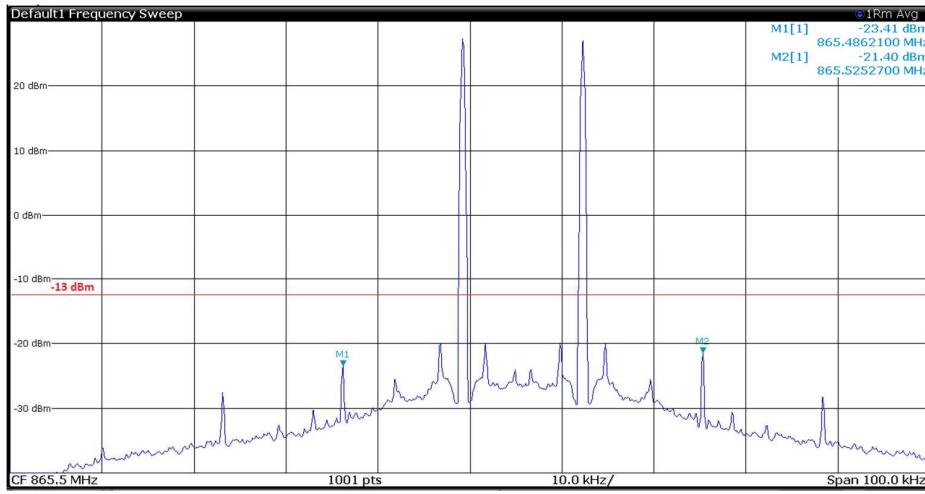
Special notes

Modulation used: CW and 8K70D1W

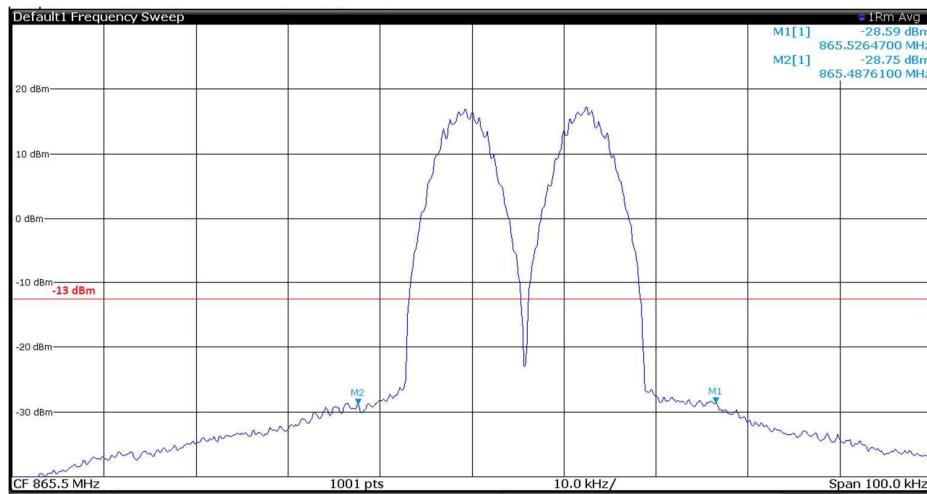
Test data



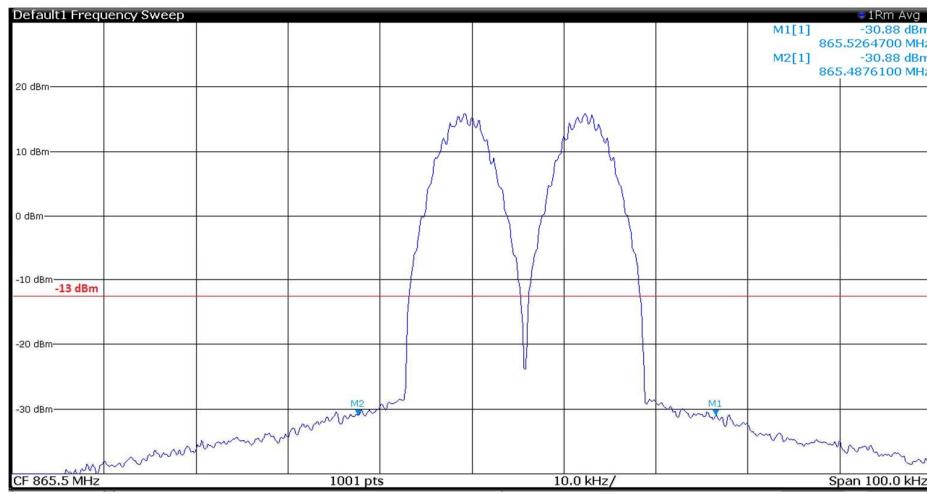
Out of band/out of block with input at AGC threshold with CW signal at 865.5 MHz



Out of band/out of block with input at AGC threshold + 3 dB with CW signal at 865.5 MHz



Out of band/out of block with input at AGC threshold with 8K70D1W signal at 865.5 MHz



Out of band/out of block with input at AGC threshold +3 dB with 8K70D1W signal at 865.5 MHz



6.7 EUT spurious emissions conducted measurements

FCC 90.210(d)

Emission Mask D — 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

RSS-131 clause 6.6(2)

The retransmitted signals shall meet the unwanted emission limits in the RSS that applies to the equipment with which the zone enhancer is to be used.

RSS-119 clause 5.8.3

Emission Mask D for Transmitters Equipped With or Without an Audio Low-Pass Filter. The power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (dBW) as specified in Table 7.

Table 7 — Emission Mask D

Displacement Frequency, f_d (kHz)	Minimum Attenuation (dB)	Resolution Bandwidth (Hz)
$5.625 < f_d \leq 12.5$	$7.27(f_d - 2.88)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2
$f_d > 12.5$	Whichever is the lesser: 70 or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2

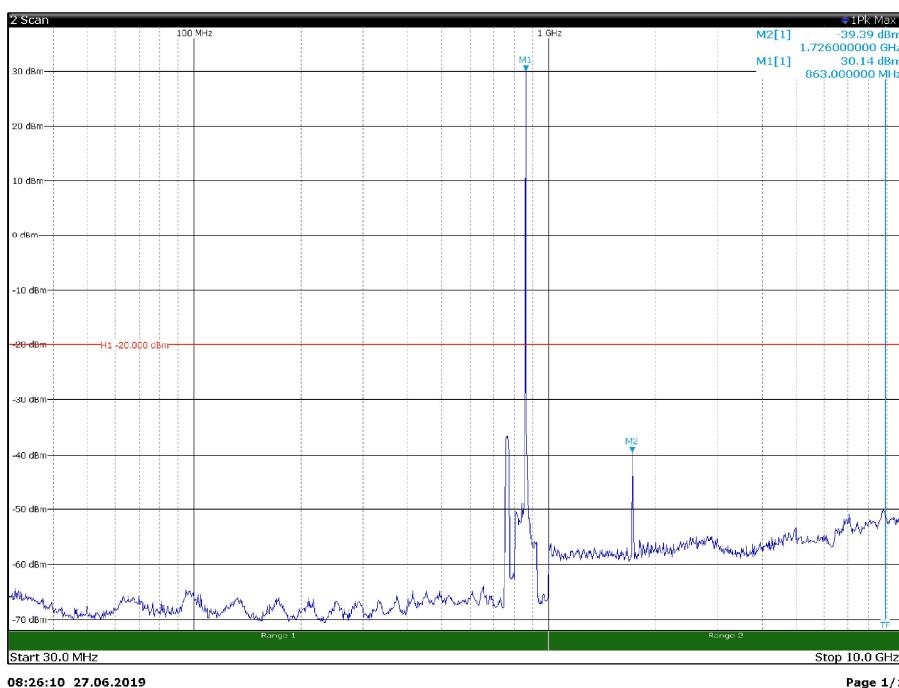
Test date: 2019-06-27

Test results: Pass

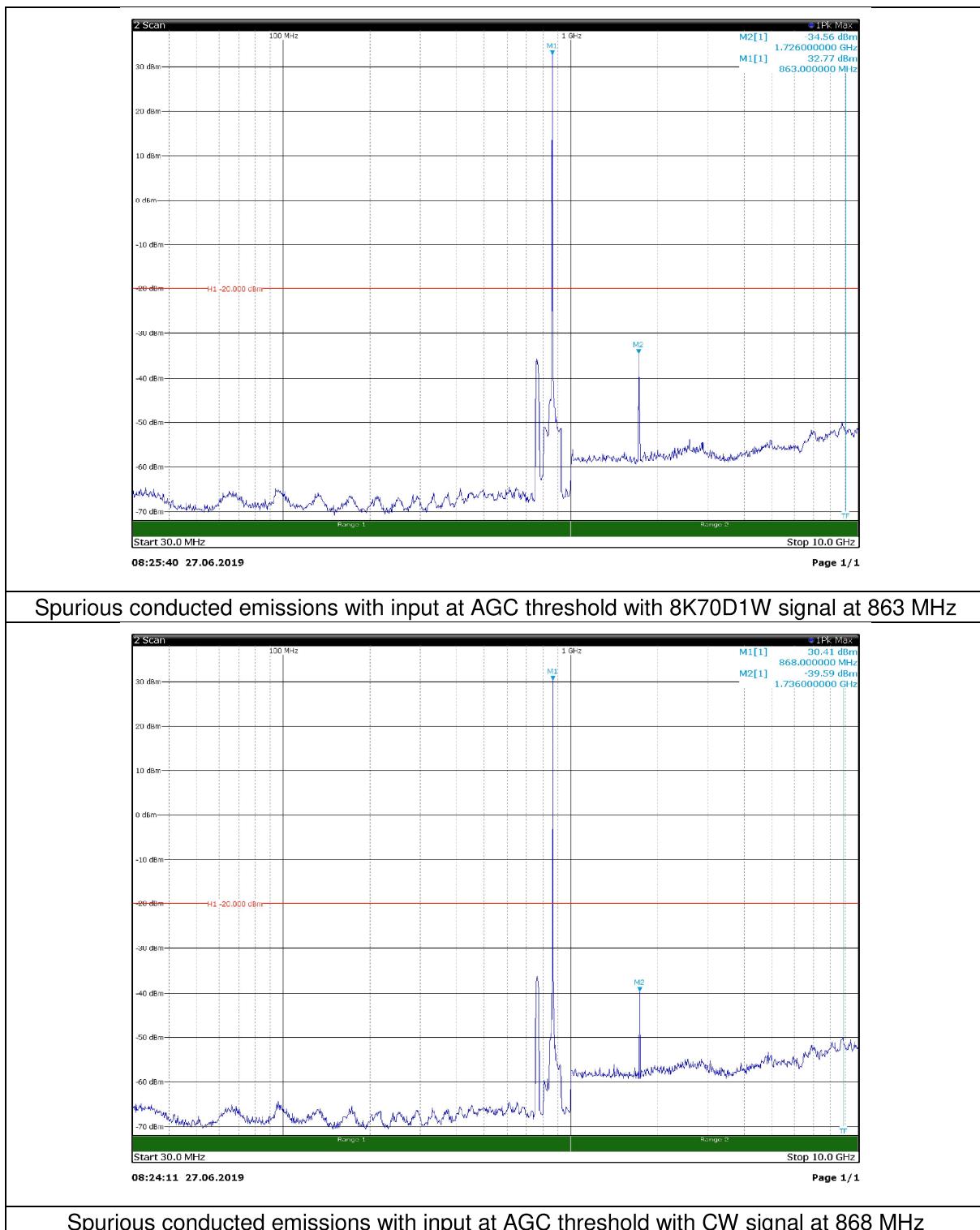
Special notes

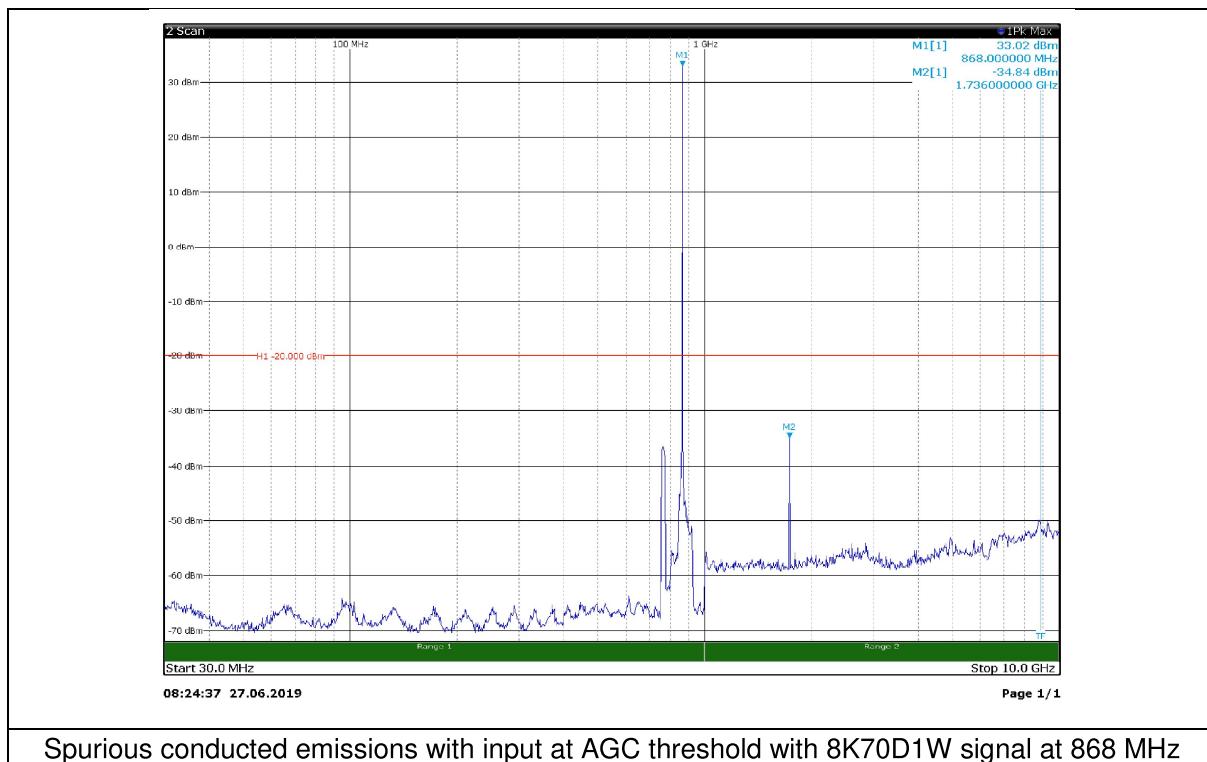
Modulation used: CW and 8K70D1W.

Test data



Spurious conducted emissions with input at AGC threshold with CW signal at 863 MHz





6.8 Frequency stability measurements

FCC 90.213(a)

(a) Unless noted elsewhere, transmitters used in the services governed by this part must have a minimum frequency stability as specified in the following table.

[Parts per million (ppm)]

Frequency range (MHz)	Fixed and base stations	Mobile stations	
		Over 2 watts output power	2 watts or less output power
Below 25	¹²³ 100	100	200
25-50	20	20	50
72-76	5		50
150-174	⁵¹¹ 5	⁶ 5	⁴⁶ 50
216-220	1.0		1.0
220-222 ¹²	0.1	1.5	1.5
421-512	⁷¹¹¹⁴ 2.5	⁸ 5	⁸ 5
806-809	¹⁴ 1.0	1.5	1.5
809-824	¹⁴ 1.5	2.5	2.5
851-854	1.0	1.5	1.5
854-869	1.5	2.5	2.5
896-901	¹⁴ 0.1	1.5	1.5
902-928	2.5	2.5	2.5
902-928 ¹³	2.5	2.5	2.5
929-930	1.5		
935-940	0.1	1.5	1.5
1427-1435	⁹ 300	300	300
Above 2450 ¹⁰			

¹Fixed and base stations with over 200 watts transmitter power must have a frequency stability of 50 ppm except for equipment used in the Public Safety Pool where the frequency stability is 100 ppm.

²For single sideband operations below 25 MHz, the carrier frequency must be maintained within 50 Hz of the authorized carrier frequency.

³Travelers information station transmitters operating from 530-1700 kHz and transmitters exceeding 200 watts peak envelope power used for disaster communications and long distance circuit operations pursuant to §§90.242 and 90.264 must maintain the carrier frequency to within 20 Hz of the authorized frequency.

⁴Stations operating in the 154.45 to 154.49 MHz or the 173.2 to 173.4 MHz bands must have a frequency stability of 5 ppm.

⁵In the 150-174 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.0 ppm.

⁶In the 150-174 MHz band, mobile stations designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth or designed to operate on a frequency specifically designated for itinerant use or designed for low-power operation of two watts or less, must have a frequency stability of 5.0 ppm. Mobile stations designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.0 ppm.

⁷In the 421-512 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 0.5 ppm.

⁸In the 421-512 MHz band, mobile stations designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 2.5 ppm. Mobile stations designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.0 ppm.

⁹Fixed stations with output powers above 120 watts and necessary bandwidth less than 3 kHz must operate with a frequency stability of 100 ppm. Fixed stations with output powers less than 120 watts and using time-division multiplex, must operate with a frequency stability of 500 ppm.

¹⁰Except for DSRCS equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band, frequency stability is to be specified in the station authorization. Frequency stability for DSRCS equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band is specified in subpart M of this part.

¹¹Paging transmitters operating on paging-only frequencies must operate with frequency stability of 5 ppm in the 150-174 MHz band and 2.5 ppm in the 421-512 MHz band.

¹²Mobile units may utilize synchronizing signals from associated base stations to achieve the specified carrier stability.

¹³Fixed non-multilateration transmitters with an authorized bandwidth that is more than 40 kHz from the band edge, intermittently operated hand-held readers, and mobile transponders are not subject to frequency tolerance restrictions.

¹⁴Control stations may operate with the frequency tolerance specified for associated mobile frequencies.

(b) For the purpose of determining the frequency stability limits, the power of a transmitter is considered to be the maximum rated output power as specified by the manufacturer.

RSS-119 clause 5.3

The carrier frequency shall not depart from the reference frequency in excess of the values given in Table 1. For transmitters that have an output power of less than 120 mW, the frequency stability shall comply with the limits listed in Table 1 or, alternatively, with the conditions in Section 5.10.

For fixed and base station equipment, in lieu of meeting the frequency stability limit specified in Table 1, the test report can show that the frequency stability is met by demonstrating that the unwanted emission limits, related to the equipment's nominal carrier frequency measured under normal operation, are met when the equipment is tested at the temperature and supply voltage variations specified for the frequency stability measurement in RSS-Gen.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Channel Bandwidth (kHz)	Frequency Stability (ppm)		
		Base/Fixed	Mobile Station	
806-821/851-866 and 821-824/866-869 (Note 6)	25 (Note 2)		Output Power > 2 W	Output Power ≤ 2 W
	25	1.5	2.5	2.5
	12.5	1	1.5	1.5
	6.25	0.1	0.4	0.4



Test date: 2019-06-18 and 2019-06-19

Test results: Pass

Special notes

Modulation used: CW.

Test data

Test conditions	Frequency, GHz	Drift, Hz	ppm
+50 °C, Nominal	865.499.358	12	0,01
+40 °C, Nominal	865.499.319	51	0,06
+30 °C, Nominal	865.499.296	74	0,09
+20 °C, +15 %	865.499.372	-2	0,00
+20 °C, Nominal	865.499.370	<i>Reference</i>	<i>Reference</i>
+20 °C, -15 %	865.499.380	-10	-0,01
+10 °C, Nominal	865.499.363	7	0,01
0 °C, Nominal	865.499.360	10	0,01
-10 °C, Nominal	865.499.333	37	0,04
-20 °C, Nominal	865.499.332	38	0,04
-30 °C, Nominal	865.499.333	37	0,04



6.9 Spurious emissions radiated measurements

FCC 90.210(d)(3)

Emission Mask D — 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

(4)

RSS-131 clause 6.6(2)

The retransmitted signals shall meet the unwanted emission limits in the RSS that applies to the equipment with which the zone enhancer is to be used.

RSS-119 clause 5.8.3

Emission Mask D for Transmitters Equipped With or Without an Audio Low-Pass Filter. The power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (dBW) as specified in Table 7.

Table 7 — Emission Mask D

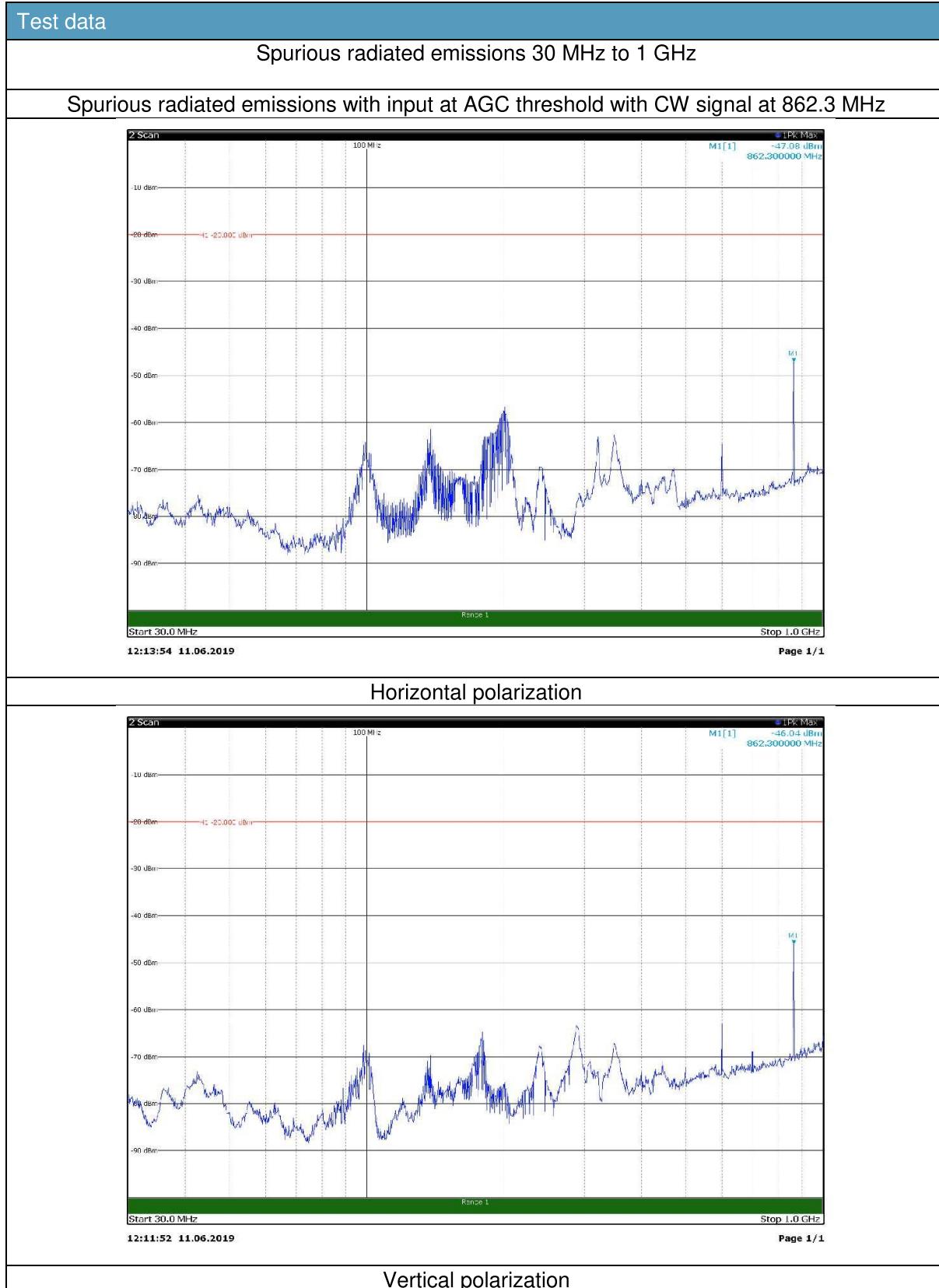
Displacement Frequency, f_d (kHz)	Minimum Attenuation (dB)	Resolution Bandwidth (Hz)
$5.625 < f_d \leq 12.5$	$7.27(f_d - 2.88)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2
$f_d > 12.5$	Whichever is the lesser: 70 or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2

Test date: 2019-06-10 and 2019-06-11

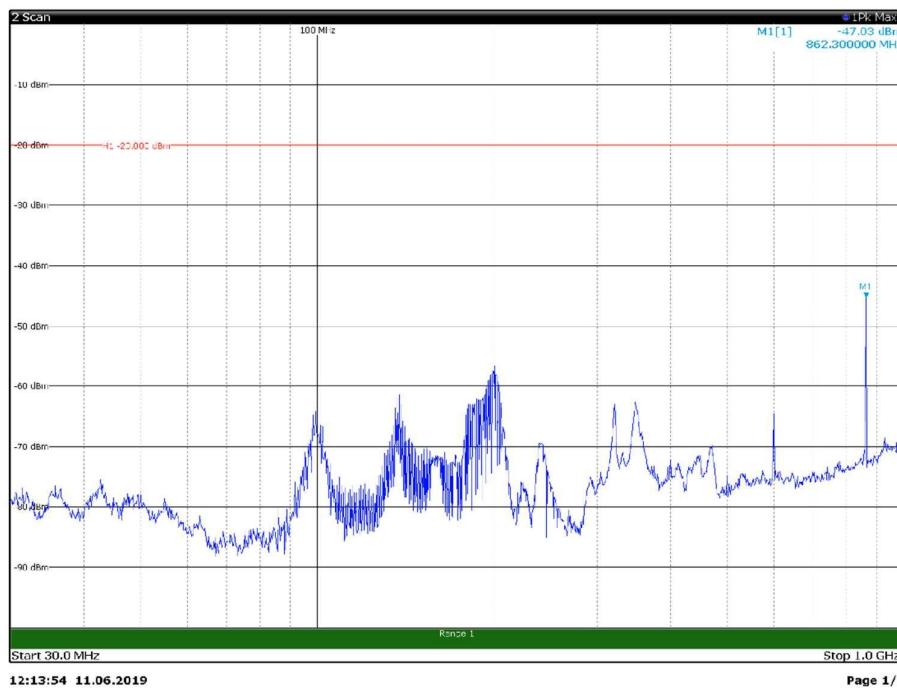
Test results: Pass

Special notes

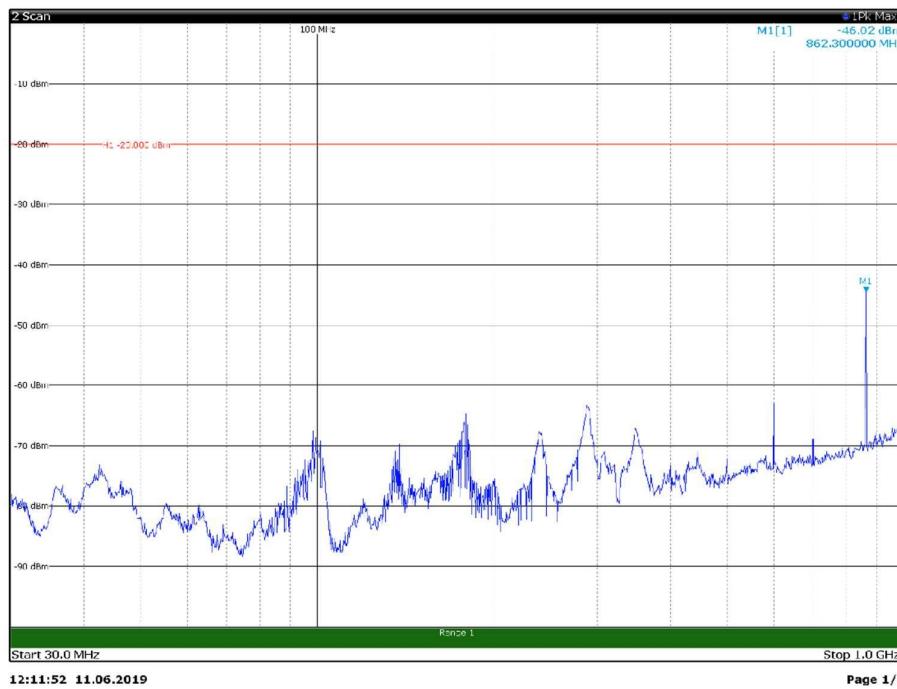
Modulation used: CW and 8K70D1W.



Spurious radiated emissions with input at AGC threshold with 8K70D1W signal at 862.3 MHz

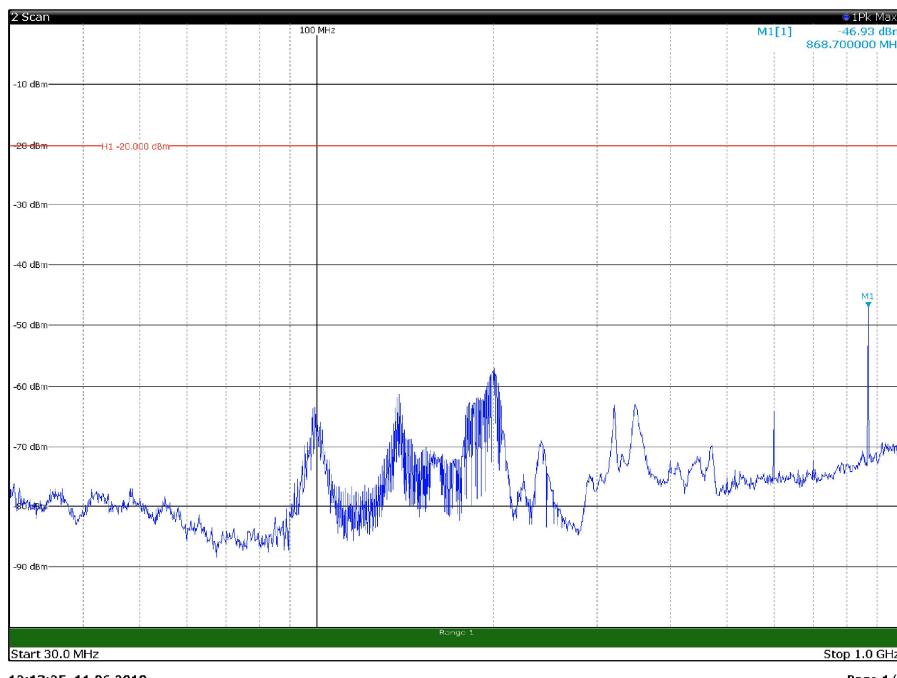


Horizontal polarization

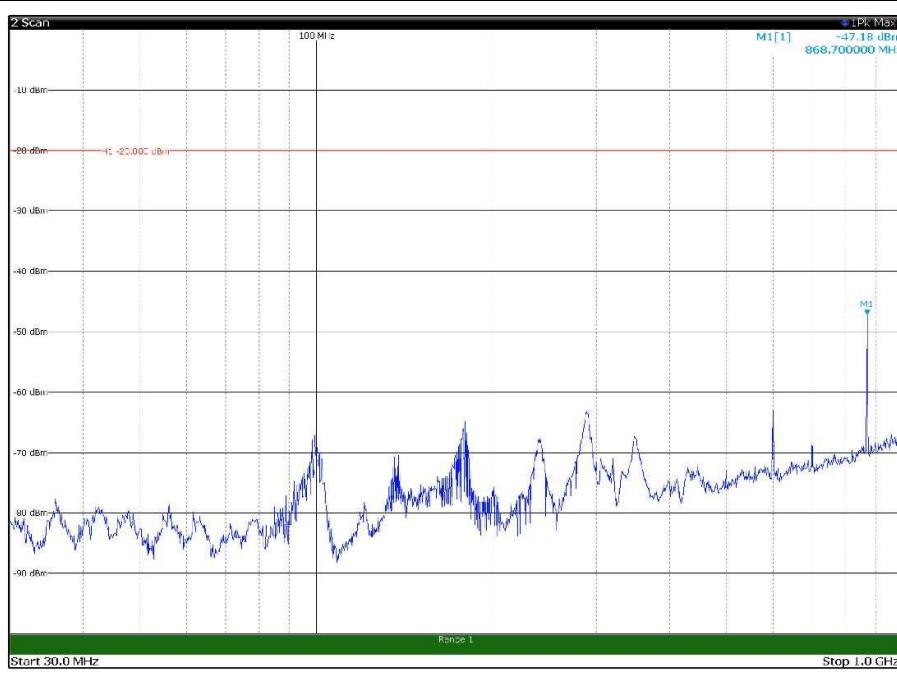


Vertical polarization

Spurious radiated emissions with input at AGC threshold with CW signal at 868.7 MHz



Horizontal polarization



Vertical polarization