



The Testcenter facility 'Dosimetric Test Lab' within IMST GmbH is accredited by the German National 'Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)' for testing according to the scope as listed in the accreditation certificate: D-PL-12139-01-01.

# Appendix to the Report

# Dosimetric Assessment of the Victor Reader Stream from HumanWare (FCC ID: XT5503VRC) (IC: 8670A-503VRC)

# According to the FCC Requirements Calibration Data

November 19, 2013

### **IMST GmbH**

Carl-Friedrich-Gauß-Str. 2
D-47475 Kamp-Lintfort

### Customer

HumanWare 445, Rue Du Parc-Industriel Longueuil, (Quebec) Canada J4H 3V7

The test results only relate to the items tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client IMST

P4

Certificate No: EX3-3860\_Jul13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3860

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

July 29, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)	Jan-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: July 29, 2013

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### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3860

Calibrated:

Manufactured: January 23, 2012 July 29, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3860

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²) <sup>A</sup>	0.15	0.12	0.38	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.8	108.9	101.9	

#### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.4	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		158.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		133.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3860

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	39.2	1.80	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.50	0.68	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.33	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.36	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.56	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3860

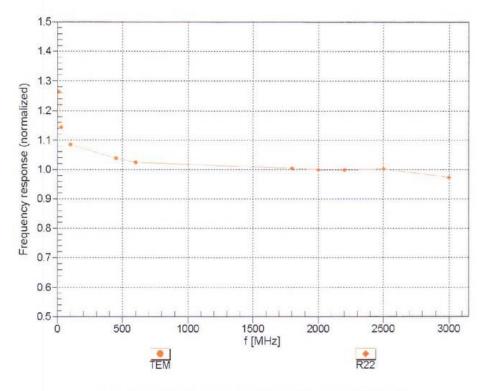
### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2450	52.7	1.95	7.47	7.47	7.47	0.46	0.72	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.43	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.78	3.78	3.78	0.56	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.64	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

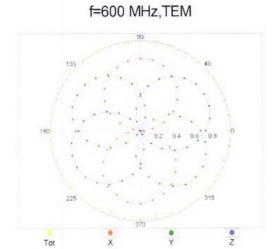


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

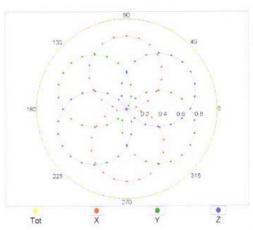
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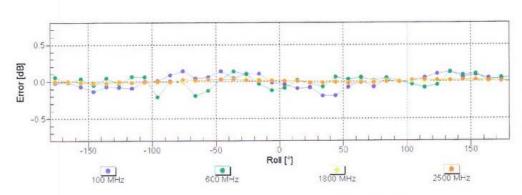
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





### f=1800 MHz,R22

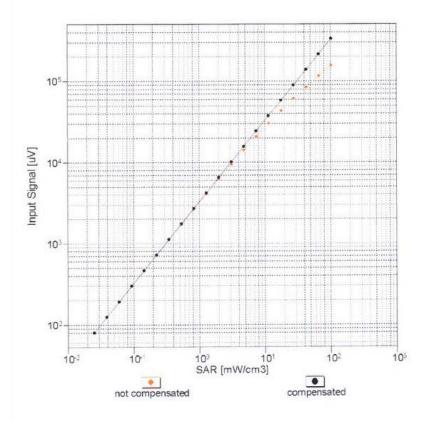


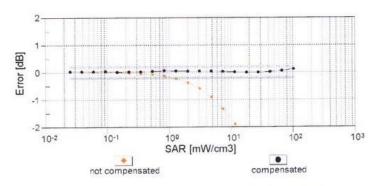


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

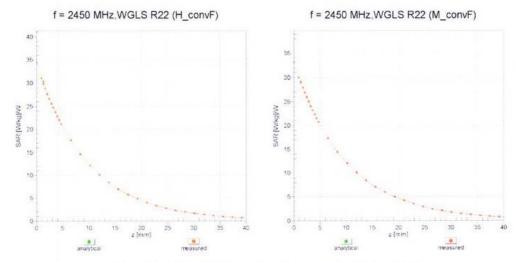




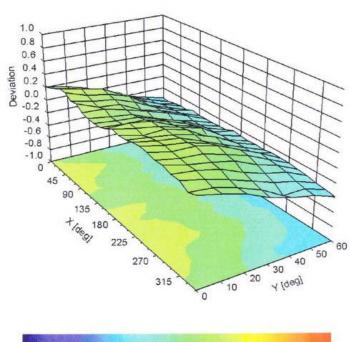
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3860

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	14
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm





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### **Calibration Certificate**

Certificate No: Cal\_D2450V2\_SN709\_Sep2013

Object: D2450V2 SN: 709

Date of Calibration: September 26, 2013

Next Calibration: September 2015

Object Condition: In Tolerance

**Calibration Equipment used:** 

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Last calibration	Calibrated by	Next calibration
Powermeter E4416A	GB41050414	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262487-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Power Sensor E9301H	US40010212	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262492-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Powermeter E4417A	GB41050441	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262488-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Power Sensor E9301A	MY41495584	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262489-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46103220	Jul 13	Rohde&Schwarz (11-300285997)	Jul 15
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3536	Sep 12	SPEAG (EX3-3536_Sep12)	Sep 13
DAE3	SN 335	Feb 13	SPEAG (DAE3-335_Feb13)	Feb 14

### Calibration is performed according the following standards:

### IEEE 1528-2003

"IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial - Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Technique", December 2003

### IEC 62209-1

"Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand - held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

### IEC 62209-2

"Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures ", Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters" Edition 1.0, 2010-01

Additional Documentation: DASY 4/5 System Handbook

prepared by:

Alexander Rahn test engineer

reviewed by:

André van den Bosch quality assurance engineer

Measurement Conditions				
DASY Version:	Dasy 4;	V4.7		
Phantom:	SAM Phantom	1176		
Distance Dipole Center – TSL:	10mm	With spacer		
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 10mm			
Zoom Scan resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5mm			
Frequency:	2450 MHz ± 1MHz			

Head TSL Parameters					
Temperature Permittivity Conductivity					
Nominal Head TSL Parameters	22.0	39.20	1.80		
Measured Head TSL Parameters	22.0	39.7 ± 6%	1.81 S/m ± 6%		

SAR Result with Head TSL						
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.80 mW/g			
ged ov	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	55.20 mW/g			
Averaged of 19	SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.21 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.21 mW/g			
yed ov 0g	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.84 mW/g			
Averaged 10g	SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.85 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			

Body TSL Parameters					
Temperature Permittivity Conductivity					
Nominal Body TSL Parameters	22.0	52.70	1.95		
Measured Body TSL Parameters	21.6	50.90 ± 6%	1.96 S/m ± 6%		

SAR Result with Body TSL						
/er	SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.90 mW/g			
yed ov	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	55.60 mW/g			
Averaged over 1g	SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.04 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.28 mW/g			
yed ov 0g	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.12 mW/g			
Averaged (	SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.95 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			

General Antenna Parameters		
Antenna Parameters with Head TSL	Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 Ω + 0.25 jΩ
	Return Loss	-30.90 dB
Antenna Parameter with Body TSL	Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.1 Ω – 0.99 jΩ
	Return Loss	-37.40 dB

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured. The dipole is made of standard semigrid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC signals.

Additional EUT Data		
Manufactured by:	SPEAG	
Manufactured on:	January 15, 1998	

#### **SAR Result with Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: 260913 b 3536.da4

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz SN: 709; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:709

Program Name: System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3536; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 24.09.2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 18.02.2013
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1176; Type: Speag; Serial: 1176
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 mW/g

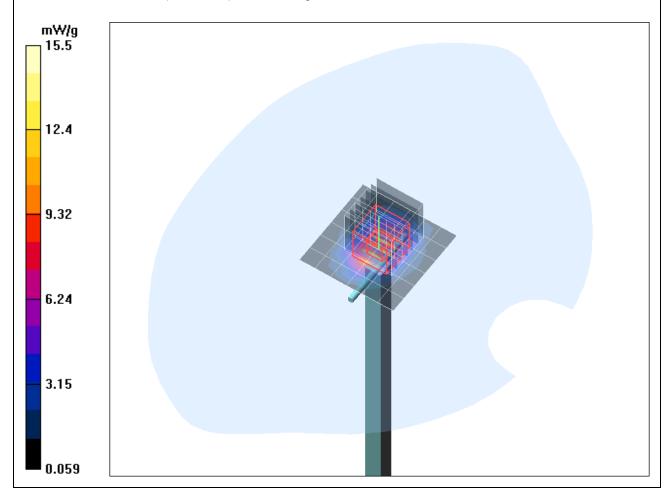
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 mW/g



### SAR Result with Body TSL

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: 260913\_b\_3536.da4

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz SN: 709; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:709

Program Name: System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3536; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 24.09.2012

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 18.02.2013
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1176; Type: Speag; Serial: 1176
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g

