



Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to isotropic

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

29.81	(dBm)
957	(mW)
9	(dBi)
7.94	(numeric)
25	(cm)
100	(%)
2400	(MHz)
1.0	(mW/cm^2)
0.968	(mW/cm^2)
9.68	(W/m^2)
0.14	(dB)
	957 9 7.94 25 100 2400 1.0 0.968 9.68