FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

TEST REPORT

For

Bluetooth Headset

Model: Vantage VX1

Trade Name: VerTix

Issued to

Xtreme DSP Global Pte Ltd.
9 Temasek Boulevard 31/F, Suntec Tower 2, Singapore 038989

Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc. No. 81-1, Lane 210, Pa-De 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Shien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	November 16, 2009	Initial Issue	ALL	Kosame Lin

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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Xtreme DSP Global Pte Ltd.

Applicant: 9 Temasek Boulevard 31/F, Suntec Tower 2,

Singapore 038989

Rayson Technology Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer: 1F NO.9 R&D Rd. II, Science-based Industrial

Park Hsin-Chu 300 Taiwan, R.O.C.

Equipment Under Test: Bluetooth Headset

Trade Name: VerTix

Model: VANTAGE VX1

Date of Test: November 2 ~ 13, 2009

APPLICABLE STANDARDS		
STANDARD	TEST RESULT	
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted	

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Ethan Huang

Section Manager

Reviewed by:

Stan Lin Supervisor

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an Lin

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	Bluetooth Headset
Trade Name	VerTix
Model Number	VANTAGE VX1
Model Discrepancy	N/A
EUT Power Rating	5VDC, 150mA from Battery
Power Adapter Manufacturer	I.T.E. MODEL: HES05-1250U015 I/P: 100-240V, 50-60Hz, 0.2A O/P: 5V, 0-0.15A
Operating Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Transmit Power	4.07 dBm (0.00255W)
Modulation Technique	GFSK; π/4-DQPS; 8DPSK
Transmit Data Rate	GFSK for 1Mbps; π /4-DQPSK for 2Mbps; 8DPSK for 3Mbps
Number of Channels	79 Channels
Antenna Specification	Multilayer Chip Antenna / Gain: 2.5 dBi

Remark:

- 1. The sample selected for test was production product and was provided by manufacturer.
- 2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: <u>XUR-VANTAGE-VX1</u> filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

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3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2003 and FCC CFR 47 Part 2, Part 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

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3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4: 2003 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4: 2003.

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3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

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² Above 38.6

⁽b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: VANTAGE VX1) had been tested under operating condition and had been reported as worst case on this test report.

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Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

During the preliminary test, GFSK, $\pi/4$ -QPSK & 8DPSK with DH1 were pre-tested and found that 8DPSK emits the highest output power. Then the tests were carried on with DH1 compare to DH3 & DH5 and found that 8DPSK with DH5 emit the highest output power, and therefore had been tested under operating condition.

Following channels were selected for the for radiated emission testing only as listed below:

Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type	Date Rate
Low, Mid, High	GFSK	DH 5	1
Low, Mid, High	8DPSK	DH 5	3

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

Channel Low (2402MHz), Mid (2441MHz) and High (2480MHz) were chosen for full testing.

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in stand-up position (Z axis) and the worst case was recorded.

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4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.1 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.+

Conducted Emissions Test Site					
Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration D					
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS30	845552/030	04/08/2010	
LISN	R&S	ENV216	100074	12/09/2010	
LISN	FCC	FCC-LISN-50/2 50-16-2-07	06013	10/12/2010	
Test S/W	LabVIEW 6.1 (CCS Conduction Test SW Version_01)			rsion_01)	

3M Semi Anechoic Chamber					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY48250064	11/05/2010	
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSEB	825829/011	10/29/2010	
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A06530	12/31/2010	
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8449B	3008A01738	04/17/2010	
EMI Test Receiver	SCHAFFNER	SCR 3501	436	01/21/2010	
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	2356	05/28/2010	
Bilog Antenna	SCHWAZBECK	VULB9160	3084	09/11/2010	
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	00022250	05/08/2010	
Turn Table	ccs	CC-T-1F	N/A	N.C.R	
Antenna Tower	ccs	CC-A-1F	N/A	N.C.R	
Test S/W	LabVIEW 6.1 (Wugu Chamber EMI Teat V1_4.5.3)				

Powerline Conducted Emissions Test Site					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due	
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS30	845552/030	04/08/2010	
LISN	R&S	ENV216	100074	12/09/2009	
LISN	FCC	FCC-LISN-50/2 50-16-2-07	06013	10/12/2010	
Test S/W	Test S/W LabVIEW 6.1 (CCS Conduction Test SW Version_01)			rsion_01)	

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4.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Parameter	Uncertainty
Powerline Conducted Emission	±1.7806
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 30MHz ~ 1GHz	±3.8856
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / Above 1GHz	±3.8721

Remark: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

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4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

For the test methods, according to the present document, the measurement uncertainty figures shall be calculated in accordance with TR 100 028-1 [2] and shall correspond to an expansion factor (coverage factor) k = 1,96 or k = 2 (which provide confidence levels of respectively 95 % and 95,45 % in the case where the distributions characterizing the actual measurement uncertainties are normal (Gaussian)).

Table 6 is based on such expansion factors.

Table 6: Maximum measurement uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty
RF frequency	+/-1 * 10 ⁻⁵
Total RF power conducted	+/- 1,5 dB
RF power density, conducted	+/- 3 dB
Spurious emissions, conducted	+/- 3 dB
All emissions, radiated	+/- 6 dB
Humidity	+/- 5 %
Temperature	+/- 1°C
DC and low frequency voltages	+/- 3%

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5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

ΑII	measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
	No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029
	No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045
\boxtimes	No. 81-1, Lane 210, Pa-De 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Shien, (338) Taiwan R.O.C.

All managers mant facilities used to collect the managers mant data are leasted at

Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7: 1992, ANSI C63.4: 2003 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

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5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	A2LA	CFR 47, FCC Part15/18, CISPR 22, EN 55022, ICES-003, AS/NZS CISPR 22, VCCI V-3, EN 55011, CISPR 11, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 61000-6-1/2/3/4, EN 55024, CISPR 24, AS/NZS CISPR 24, AS/NZS 61000.6.2, EN 55014-1/-2, ETSI EN 300 386 v1.3.2/v1.3.3, IEC/EN 61000-3-2, AS/NZS 61000.3.2, IEC/EN 61000-3-3, AS/NZS 61000.3.3	ACCREDITED No. 0824-01
USA	FCC MRA	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	FC _{TW1026}
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites and conducted test sites to perform radiated/conducted measurements	VCCI R-2882/2541/2798/725/1868 C-402/747/912 T-321/325
Taiwan	TAF	EN 55014-1, CISPR 14, CNS 13781-1, EN 55013, CISPR 13, CNS 13439, EN 55011, CISPR 11, CNS 13803, PLMN09, IS2045-0, LP0002 FCC Part 27/90, Part 15B/C/D/E, RSS-192/193/210/310 ETSI EN 300 328/ 300 220-1/ 300 220-2/ 301 893/ 301 489-01/ 301 489-03/ 301 489-07 / 301 489-17/ 300 440-1/ 300 440-2 AS/NZS 4268, AS/NZS 4771 CISPR 22, EN 55022, CNS 13438, AS/NZS CISPR 22, VCCI, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, CNS 14676-2/3/4/5/6/8, CNS 14934-2/3, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 13803	Taf Testing Laboratory 0363
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	SL2-IS-E-0014 / IN-E-0014 /A1-E-0014 /R1-E-0014 /R2-E-0014 /L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	RSS212, Issue 1	Canada IC 2324C-3 IC 2324C-5

Note: No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA, TAF or other government agency.

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6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

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6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

For (For Conducted Measurement							
No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord	
1.	Notebook PC	HP	COMPAQ NC 4010	CNU441F8LV	FCC DOC	Parallel Cable: Shielded, 1.8m	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core	

For	For Powerline and Radiated Measurement							
No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord	
1.	Notebook PC	HP	COMPAQ NC 4010	CNU441F8LV	FCC DOC	Parallel Cable: Shielded, 1.8m	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core	

Remark: Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

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016207-RP1 FCC ID: XUR-VANTAGE-VX1 Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

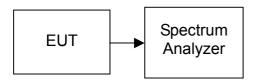
7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

7.1 20dB BANDWIDTH

<u>LIMIT</u>

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW=30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Span = 3MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and 20dB (upper and lower) frequency.
- 5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

TEST RESULTS

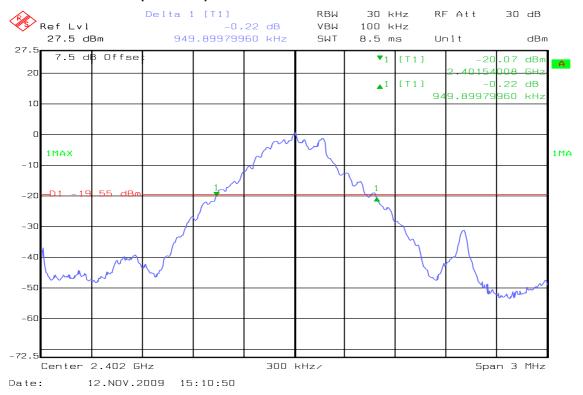
No non-compliance noted

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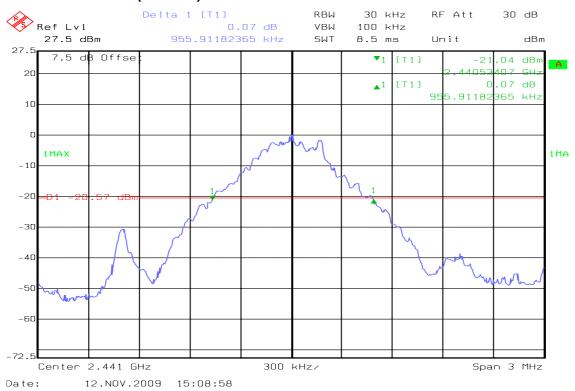
Test Plot

GFSK

20dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

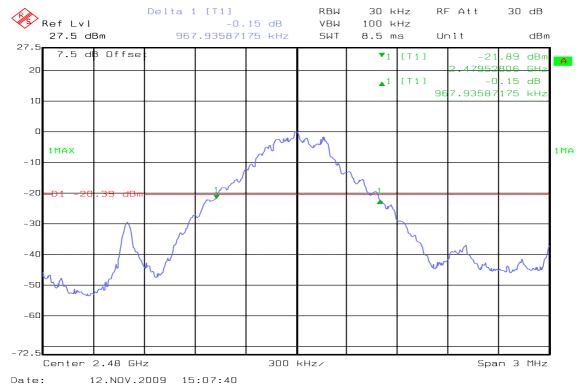


20dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



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20dB Bandwidth (CH High)



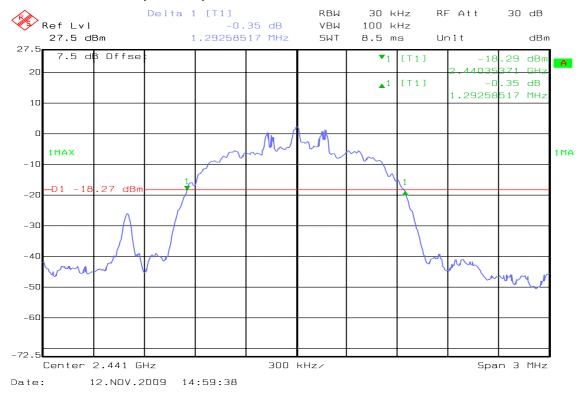
8DPSK

20dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

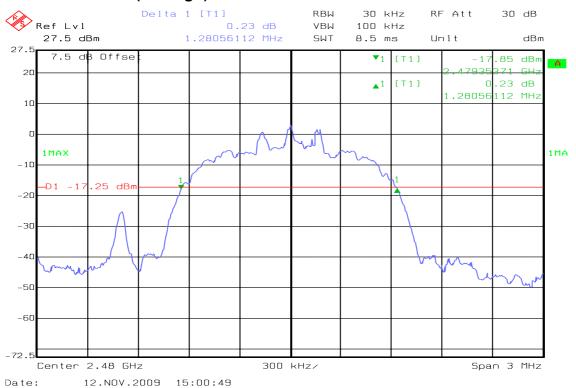


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20dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



20dB Bandwidth (CH High)



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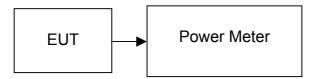
7.2 PEAK POWER

<u>LIMIT</u>

According to §15.247, the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 watt.
- 3. According to §15.247(b) (4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Power Meter. The Power Meter is set to the peak power detection.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

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TEST DATA

GFSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2402	0.78	0.00120		PASS
Mid	2441	0.38	0.00109	0.125	PASS
High	2480	0.38	0.00109		PASS

8DPSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2402	3.24	0.00211		PASS
Mid	2441	3.79	0.00239	0.125	PASS
High	2480	4.07	0.00255		PASS

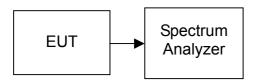
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7.3 AVERAGE POWER

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the average power detection.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

TEST DATA

GFSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2402	-6.97	0.00020
Mid	2441	-7.45	0.00018
High	2480	-7.49	0.00018

8DPSK

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2402	-6.85	0.00021
Mid	2441	-6.80	0.00021
High	2480	-6.53	0.00022

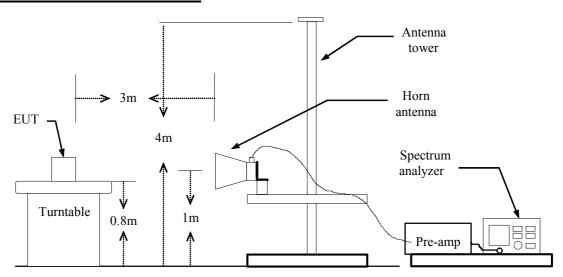
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7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
- 5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

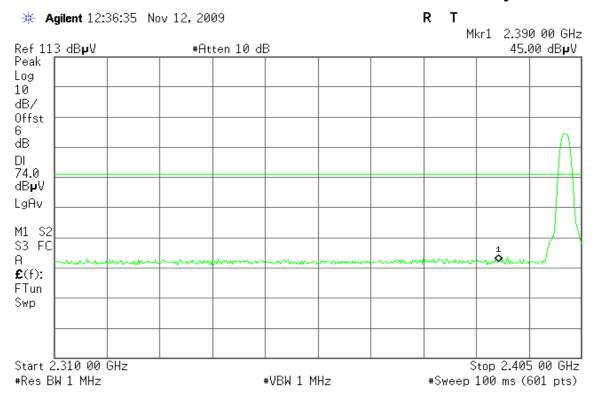
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TEST DATA

Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

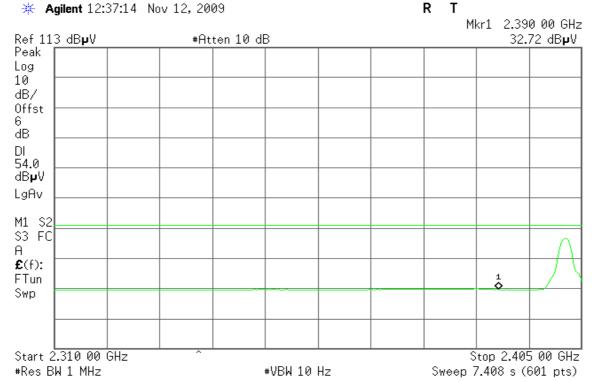
Band Edges (Bluetooth GFSK / CH Low)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical



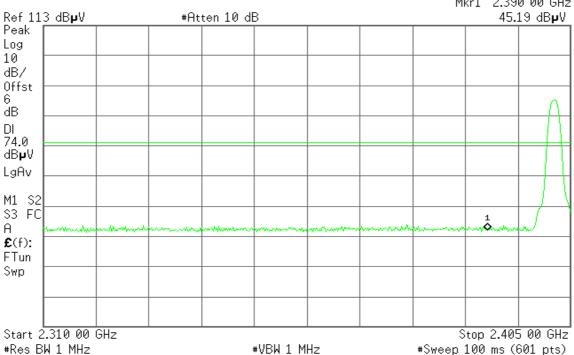
Detector mode: Average





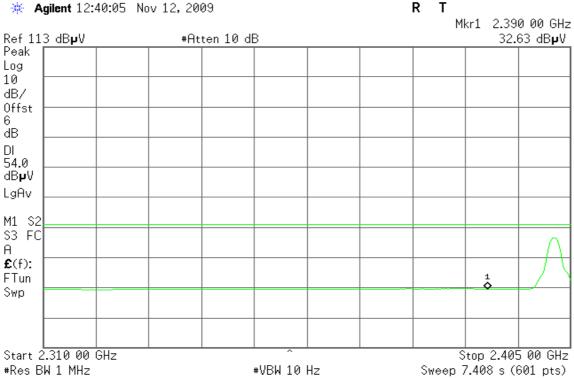
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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal * Agilent 12:39:32 Nov 12, 2009 R Т Mkr1 2.390 00 GHz Ref 113 dBpV #Atten 10 dB



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal



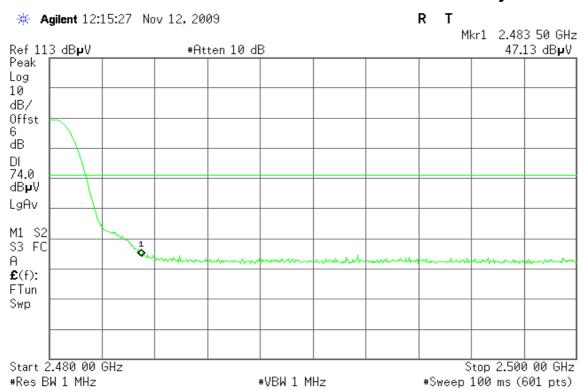
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ANTAGE-VX1 Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

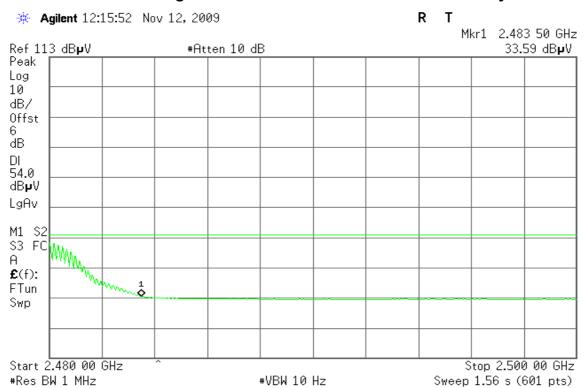
Polarity: Vertical

Band Edges (Bluetooth GFSK / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

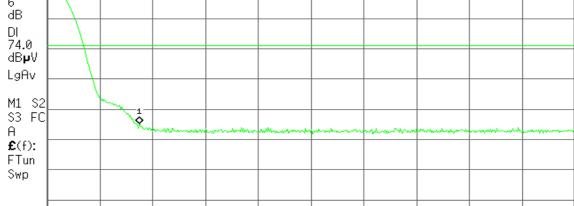


Detector mode: Average



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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal ★ Agilent 12:12:24 Nov 12, 2009 R T Mkr1 2.483 50 GHz Ref 113 dBμV #Atten 10 dB Peak Log 10 dB/ 0ffst 6 dB 48.12 dBμV



#VBW 1 MHz

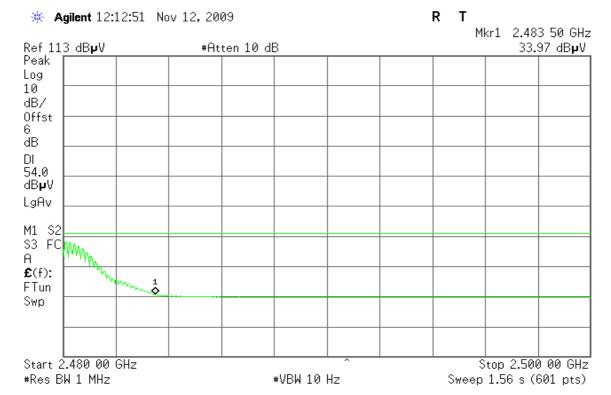
Detector mode: Average

Start 2.480 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts) Polarity: Horizontal

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

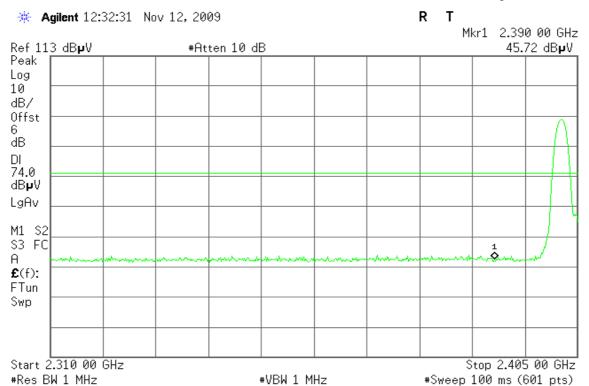


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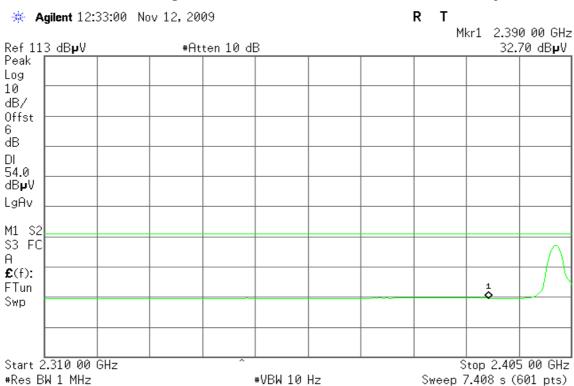
Polarity: Vertical

Band Edges (Bluetooth 8DPSK / CH Low)



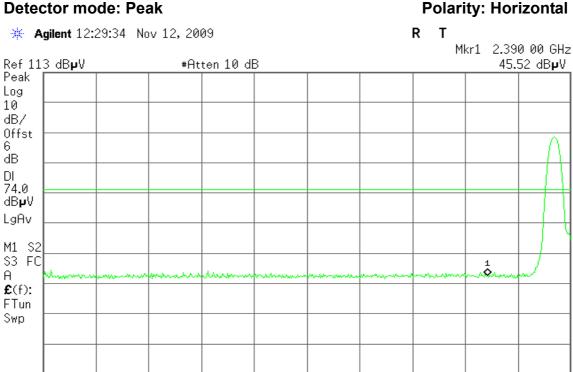


Detector mode: Average



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Detector mode: Peak



#VBW 1 MHz

Detector mode: Average

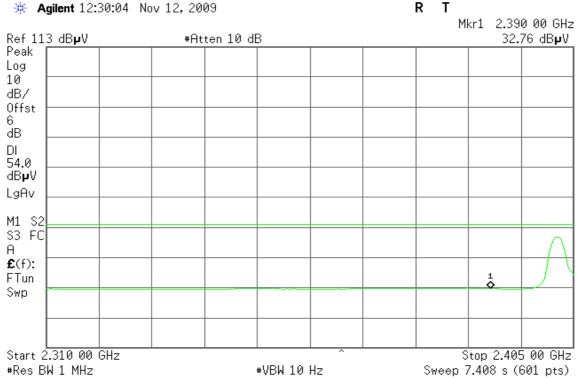
Start 2.310 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

* Agilent 12:30:04 Nov 12, 2009

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts) **Polarity: Horizontal**

Stop 2.405 00 GHz

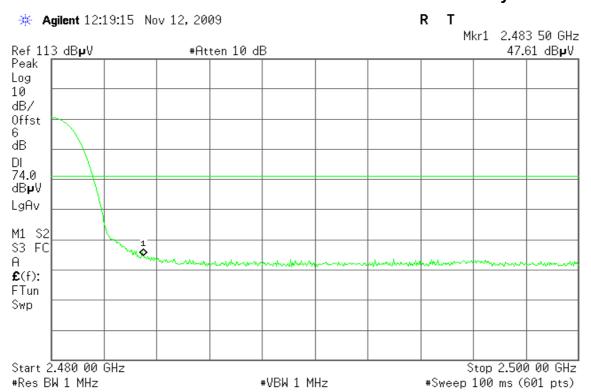


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Polarity: Vertical

Band Edges (Bluetooth 8DPSK / CH High)





Detector mode: Average

#Res BW 1 MHz

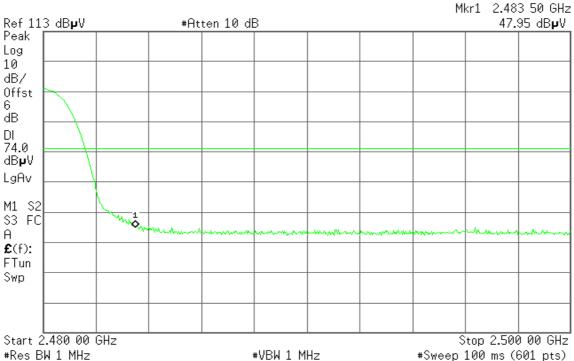
* Agilent 12:19:49 Nov 12, 2009 R Mkr1 2.483 50 GHz Ref 113 dBµV #Atten 10 dB 33.65 dB**µ**V Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst ďΒ 54.0 dB₽V LgAv M1 S2 S3 FC Α £(f): FTun Swp Start 2.480 00 GHz Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#VBW 10 Hz

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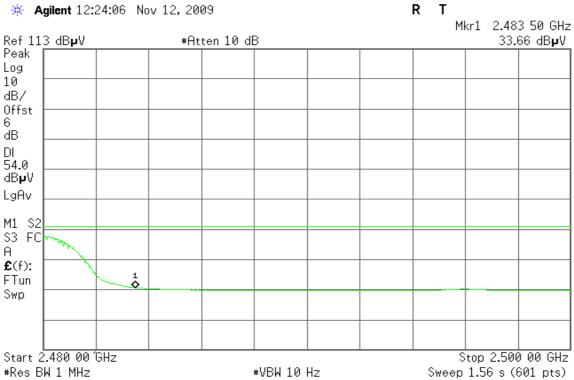
Sweep 1.56 s (601 pts)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal * Agilent 12:23:31 Nov 12, 2009 R T



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal



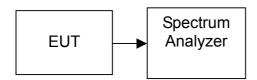
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7.5 FREQUENCY SEPARATION

LIMIT

1. According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = middle of hopping channel.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Span = 3MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 5. Max hold, mark 3 peaks of hopping channel and record the 3 peaks frequency.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

TEST DATA

GFSK

Channel Separation (MHz)	two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth (kHz)	Channel Separation Limit	Result
1.00	967	> 20dB Bandwidth or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth	Pass

8DPSK

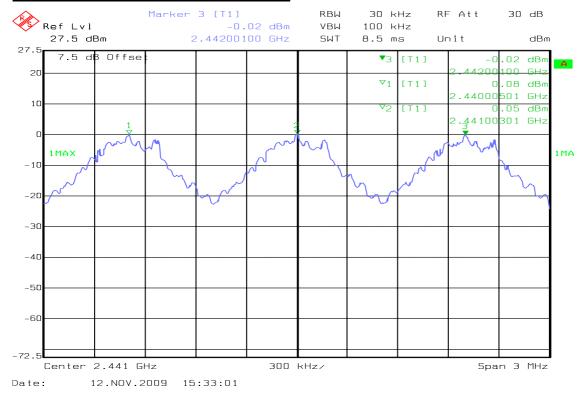
Channel Separation (MHz)	two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth (kHz)	Channel Separation Limit	Result
1.00	862	> 20dB Bandwidth or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth	Pass

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Test Plot

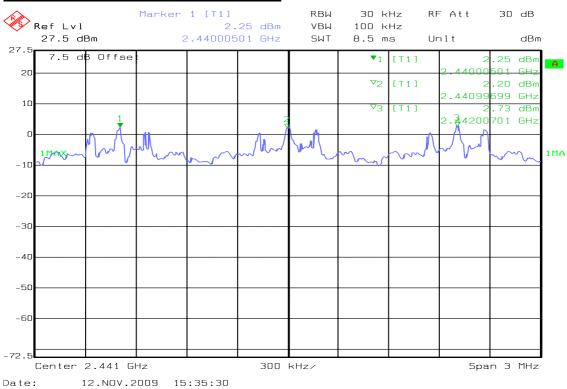
GFSK

Measurement of Channel Separation



8DPSK

Measurement of Channel Separation



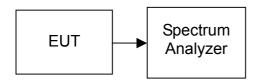
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7.6 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(ii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set spectrum analyzer Start=2400MHz, Stop = 2441.5MHz, Sweep = auto and Start=2441.5MHz, Stop = 2483.5MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW=500kHz.
- 5. Max hold, view and count how many channel in the band.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

TEST DATA

Result (No. of CH)	Limit (No. of CH)	Result
79	>15	PASS

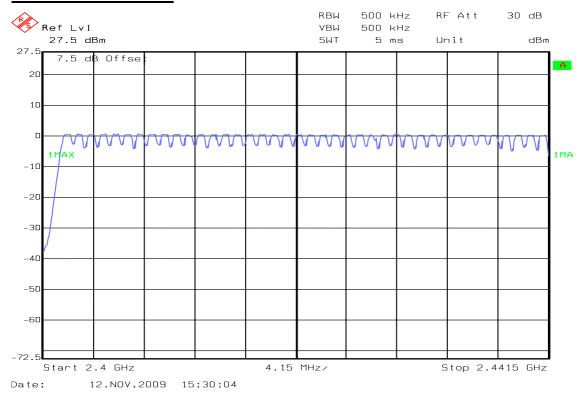
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Test Plot

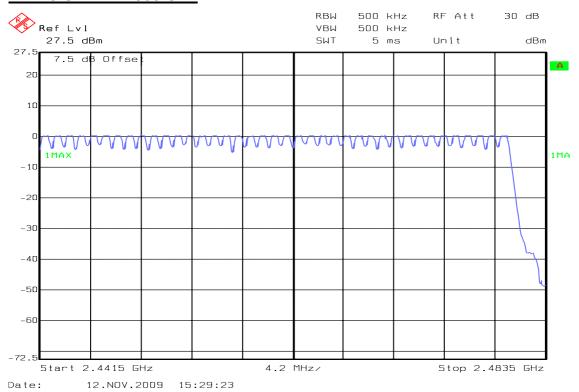
GFSK

Channel Number

2.4 GHz - 2.4415 GHz



2.4415 GHz - 2.4835 GHz

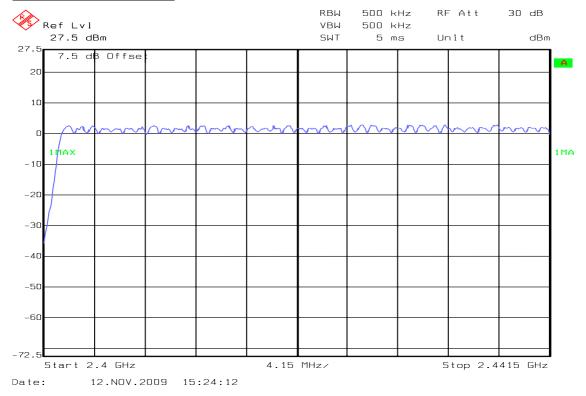


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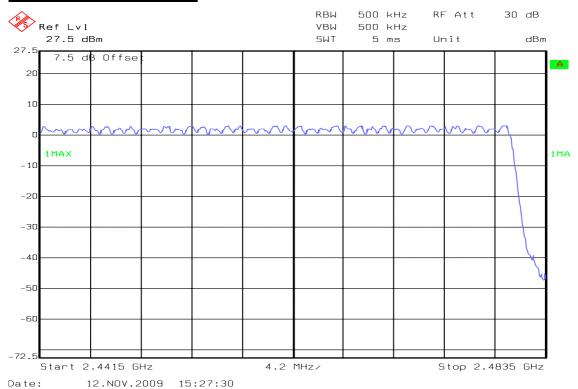
8DPSK

Channel Number

2.4 GHz - 2.4415 GHz



2.4415 GHz - 2.4835 GHz



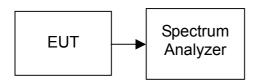
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7.7 TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

<u>LIMIT</u>

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = operating frequency.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW=1MHz, Span = 0Hz, Sweep = auto.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

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TEST DATA

GFSK

DH 1

CH Low: 0.40 * (1600/2)/79 * 31.6 = 128.00 (ms) CH Mid: 0.40 * (1600/2)/79 * 31.6 = 128.00 (ms) CH High: 0.40 * (1600/2)/79 * 31.6 = 128.00 (ms)

СН	Pulse Time (ms)	Total of Dwell Period Time (ms) (s)		Limit (ms)	Result	
Low	0.40	128.00	31.60		PASS	
Mid	0.40	128.00	31.60	400.00	PASS	
High	0.40	128.00	31.60		PASS	

<u>DH 3</u>

CH Low: 1.66 * (1600/4)/79 * 31.6 = 265.60 (ms) CH Mid: 1.66 * (1600/4)/79 * 31.6 = 265.60 (ms) CH High: 1.66 * (1600/4)/79 * 31.6 = 265.60 (ms)

СН	Pulse Time (ms)	Total of Dwell Period Time (ms) (s)		Limit (ms)	Result	
Low	1.66	265.60	31.60		PASS	
Mid	1.66	265.60	31.60	400.00	PASS	
High	1.66	265.60	31.60		PASS	

<u>DH 5</u>

CH Low: 2.92 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 311.47 (ms) CH Mid: 2.91 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 310.40 (ms) CH High: 2.91 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 310.40 (ms)

СН	Pulse Time (ms)	Total of Dwell Period Tim (ms) (s)		Limit (ms)	Result	
Low	2.92	311.47	31.60		PASS	
Mid	2.91	310.40	31.60	400.00	PASS	
High	2.91	310.40	31.60		PASS	

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8DPSK

<u>DH 1</u>

CH Low: 0.420 * (1600/2)/79 * 31.6 = 134.40 (ms) CH Mid: 0.420 * (1600/2)/79 * 31.6 = 134.40 (ms) CH High: 0.420 * (1600/2)/79 * 31.6 = 134.40 (ms)

СН	Pulse Time (ms)	Total of Dwell Period Time (ms) (s)		Limit (ms)	Result	
Low	0.420	134.40	31.60		PASS	
Mid	0.420	134.40	31.60	400.00	PASS	
High	0.420	134.40	31.60		PASS	

<u>DH 3</u>

CH Low: 1.663 * (1600/4)/79 * 31.6 = 266.08 (ms) CH Mid: 1.663 * (1600/4)/79 * 31.6 = 266.08 (ms) CH High: 1.663 * (1600/4)/79 * 31.6 = 266.08 (ms)

СН	Pulse Time (ms)			Limit (ms)	Result	
Low	1.663	266.08	31.60		PASS	
Mid	1.663	266.08	31.60	400.00	PASS	
High	1.663	266.08	31.60		PASS	

DH 5

CH Low: 2.906 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 309.97 (ms) CH Mid: 2.925 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 312.00 (ms) CH High: 2.925 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 312.00 (ms)

СН	Pulse Time (ms)	e Total of Dwell Period Time (ms) (s)		Limit (ms)	Result	
Low	2.906	309.97	31.60		PASS	
Mid	2.925	312.00	31.60	400.00	PASS	
High	2.925	312.00	31.60		PASS	

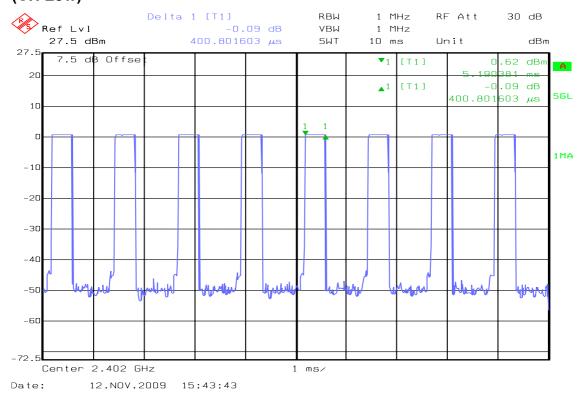
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Test Plot

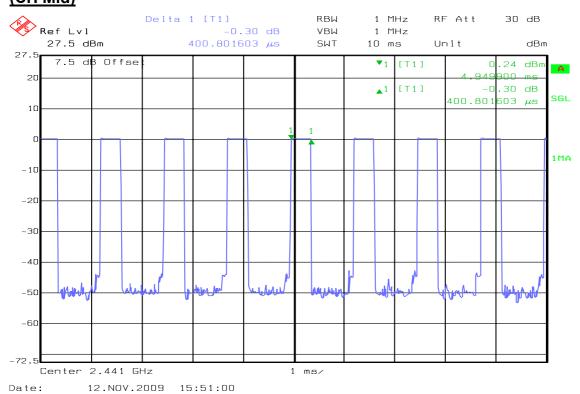
GFSK

DH 1

(CH Low)

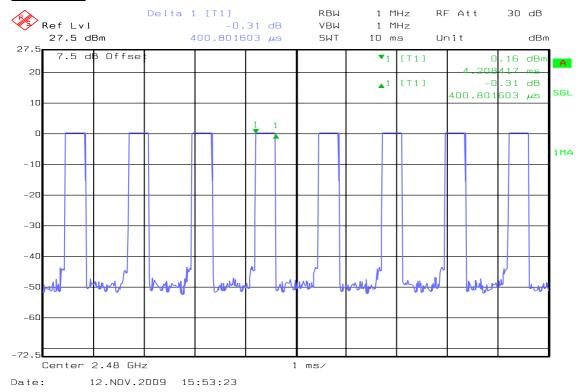


(CH Mid)



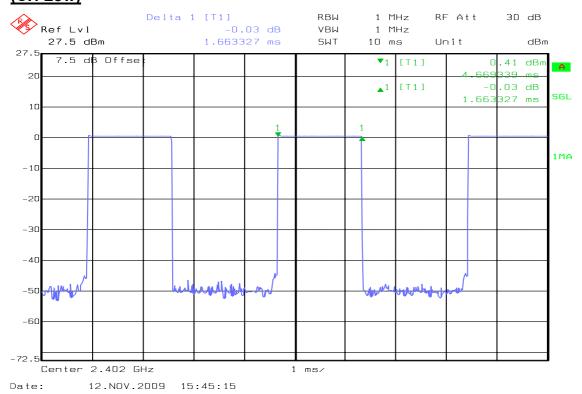
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(CH High)



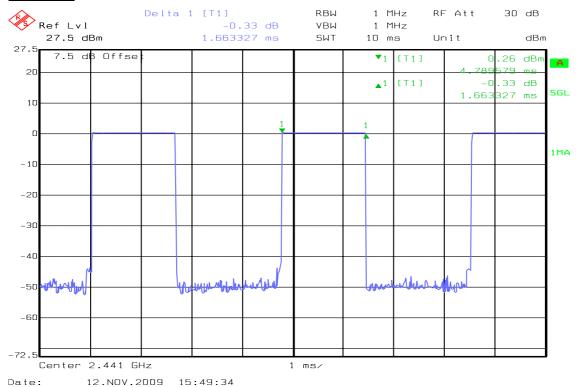
DH 3

(CH Low)

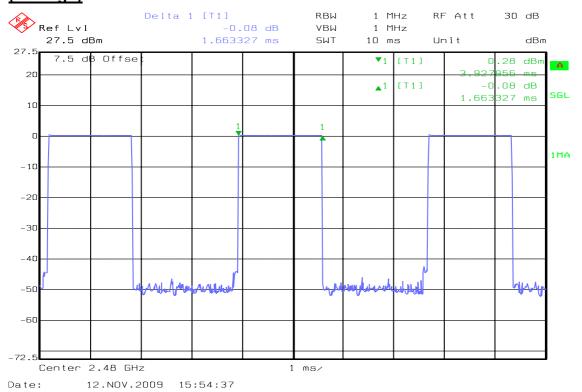


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(CH Mid)



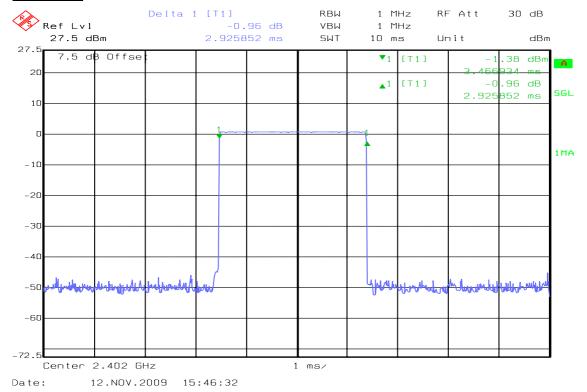
(CH High)



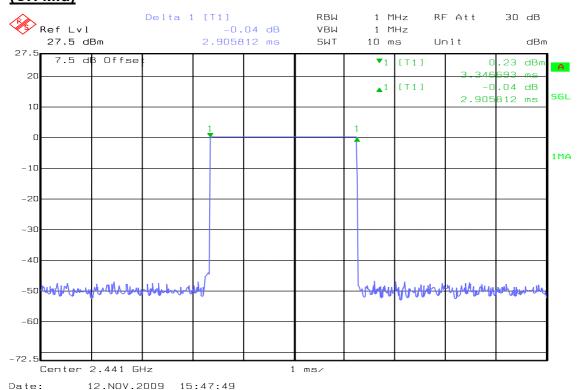
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<u>DH 5</u>

(CH Low)

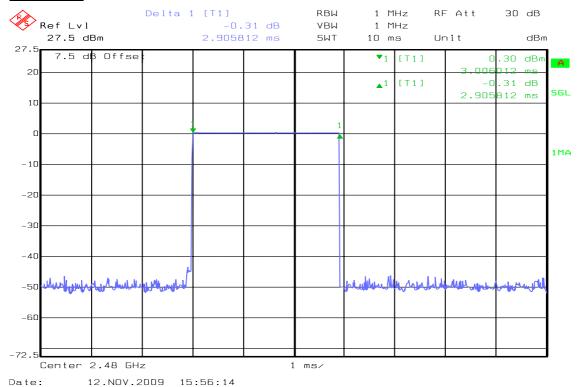


(CH Mid)



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(CH High)

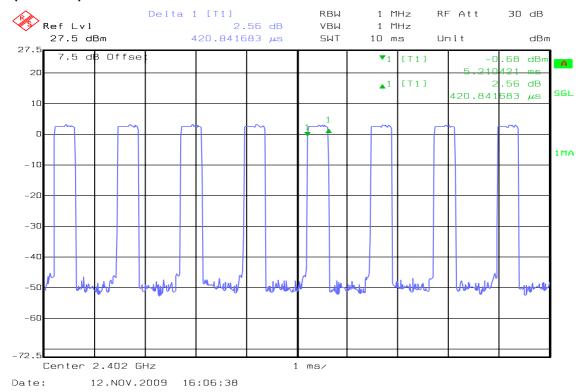


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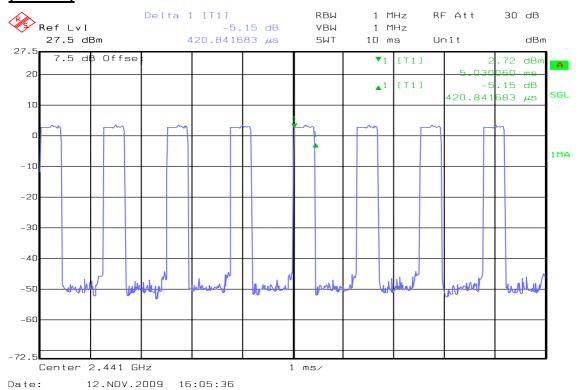
8DPSK

<u>DH 1</u>

(CH Low)

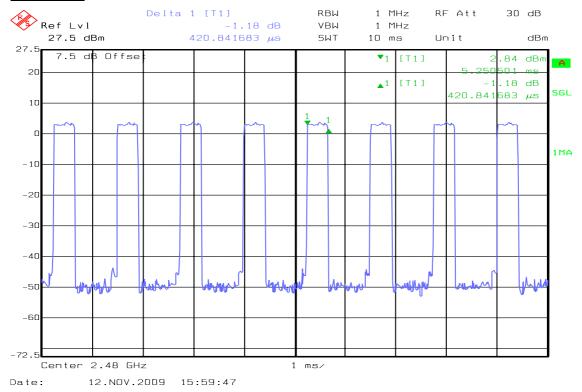


(CH Mid)



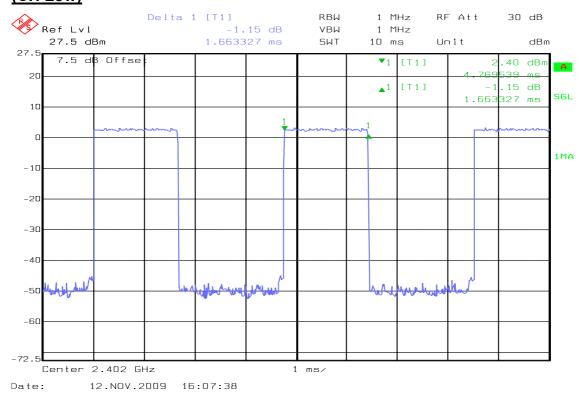
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(CH High)



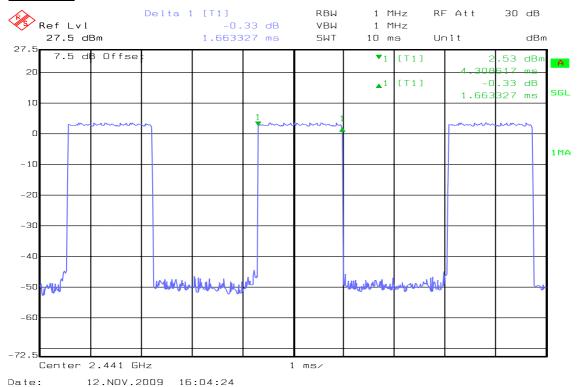
DH 3

(CH Low)

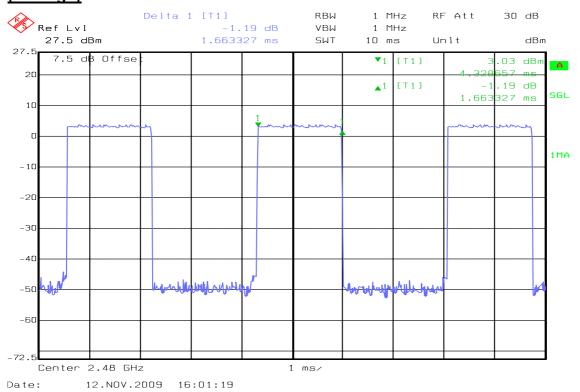


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(CH Mid)



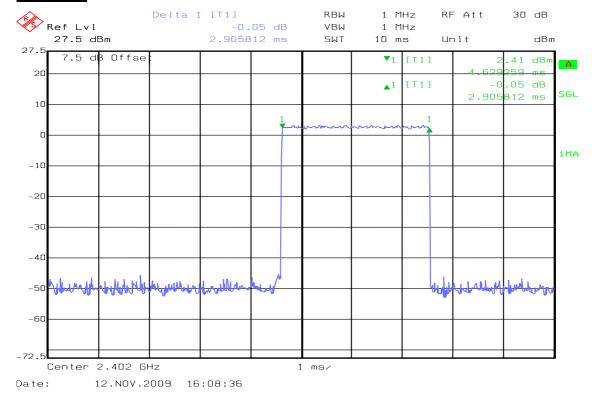
(CH High)



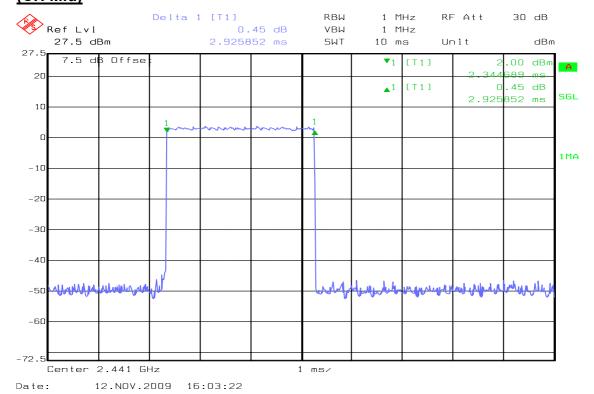
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<u>DH 5</u>

(CH Low)

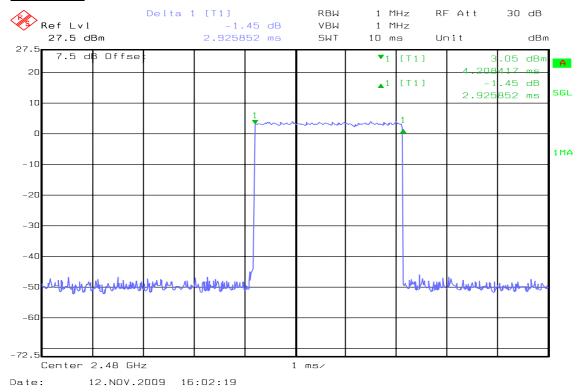


(CH Mid)



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(CH High)



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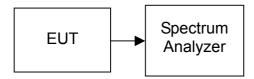
7.8 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.8.1 Conducted Measurement

LIMIT

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

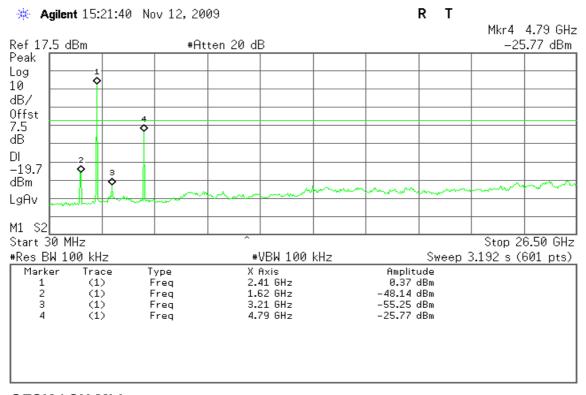
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TEST DATA

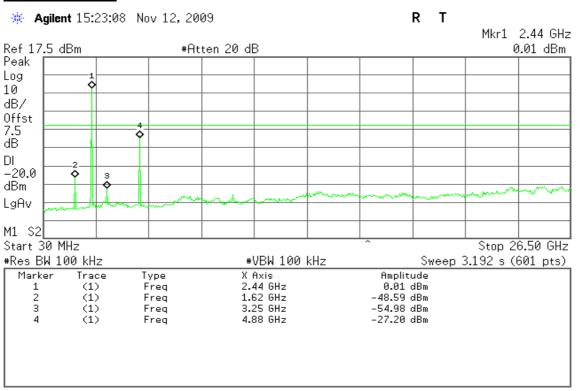
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

Test Plot

GFSK / CH Low

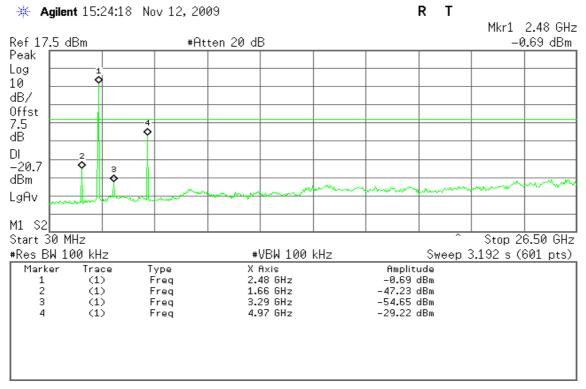


GFSK / CH Mid

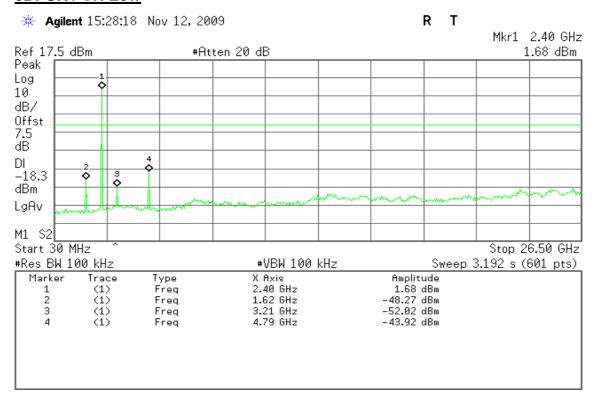


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GFSK / CH High

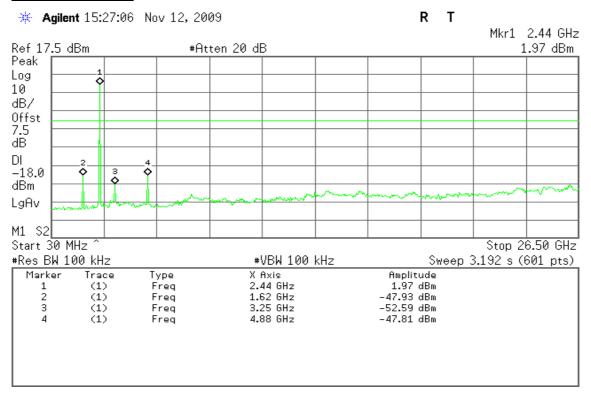


8DPSK / CH Low

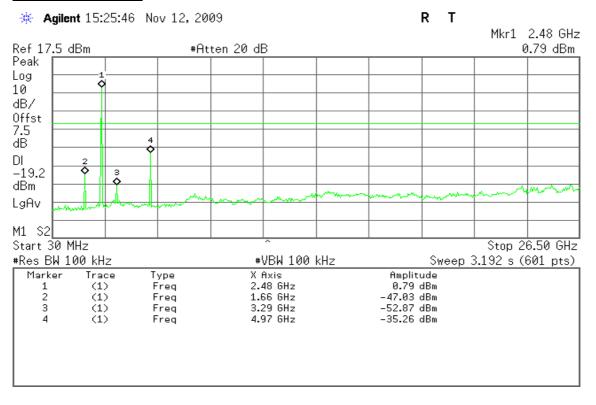


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8DPSK / CH Mid



8DPSK / CH High



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7.8.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)		
30-88	100*	3		
88-216	150*	3		
216-960	200*	3		
Above 960	500	3		

Remark: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

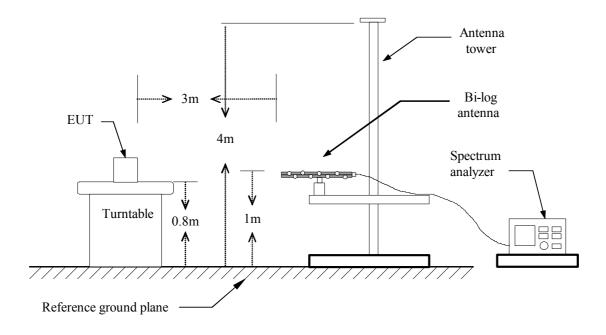
2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (Hz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)		
30-88	100	40		
88-216	150	43.5		
216-960	200	46		
Above 960	500	54		

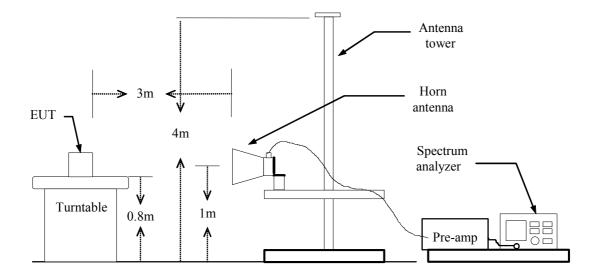
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TEST CONFIGURATION

Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Page 54 Rev. 00 **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.

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- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

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TEST DATA

Below 1 GHz

Operation Mode: Normal Link Test Date: November 13, 2009

Temperature:18°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:60 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Detector Mode (PK/QP)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Actual FS (dBuV/m)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	Safe Margin (dB)
34. 8500	V	peak	41. 36	-13. 88	27. 48	40. 00	-12. 52
170. 6500	V	peak	39. 10	-13. 05	26. 05	43. 50	-17. 45
211. 8977	V	peak	44. 81	-14. 45	30. 36	43. 50	-13. 14
253. 1000	V	peak	40. 13	-11. 65	28. 48	46. 00	-17. 52
301. 6000	V	peak	43. 17	-10. 43	32. 74	46. 00	-13. 26
333. 1250	V	peak	42. 11	-9. 44	32. 67	46. 00	-13. 33
694. 4500	V	peak	35. 53	-2. 54	32. 99	46. 00	-13. 01
170. 6500	Н	peak	39. 36	-13. 05	26. 31	43. 50	-17. 19
209. 4500	Н	peak	47. 90	-14. 52	33. 38	43. 50	-10. 12
255. 5250	Н	peak	44. 99	-11. 60	33. 39	46. 00	-12. 61
299. 1750	Н	peak	49. 05	-10. 50	38. 55	46. 00	-7. 45
340. 4000	Н	peak	47. 77	-9. 22	38. 55	46. 00	-7. 45
374. 3500	Н	peak	47. 58	-8. 89	38. 69	46. 00	-7. 31
393. 7500	Н	peak	47. 04	-8. 88	38. 16	46. 00	-7. 84

Remark:

- No emission found between lowest internal used / generated frequency to 30 MHz. (9kHz ~ 30MHz)
- 2. Measuring frequencies from 9 kHz to the 1GHz.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in the measured frequency range were made with an instrument using peak detector mode.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 30MHz to 1GHz was 100kHz.

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Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: GFSK / TX / CH Low Test Date: November 13, 2009

Temperature:20°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Eron.	Ant Dal	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Morain	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1773.33	V	49.38		-1.90	47.47		74.00	54.00	-6.53	Peak
2246.67	V	49.48		0.22	49.70		74.00	54.00	-4.30	Peak
2506.67	V	48.67		1.12	49.79		74.00	54.00	-4.21	Peak
4800.00	V	61.99	37.51	7.61	69.60	45.12	74.00	54.00	-8.88	AVG
N/A										
2100.00	Н	49.82		-1.25	48.57		74.00	54.00	-5.43	Peak
2700.00	Н	48.88		0.06	48.94		74.00	54.00	-5.06	Peak
4800.00	Н	65.10	38.13	6.71	71.81	44.84	74.00	54.00	-9.16	AVG
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: GFSK / TX / CH Mid Test Date: November 3, 2009

Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

Temperature:20°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Eron	Ant Dal	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Morain	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1626.67	V	52.28		-3.47	48.81		74.00	54.00	-5.19	Peak
2196.67	V	48.98		0.46	49.44		74.00	54.00	-4.56	Peak
2493.33	V	50.21		1.14	51.35		74.00	54.00	-2.65	Peak
4883.33	V	62.32	37.12	7.99	70.31	45.11	74.00	54.00	-8.89	AVG
N/A										
2133.33	Н	49.85		-1.87	47.98		74.00	54.00	-6.02	Peak
2593.33	Н	50.14		-0.24	49.89		74.00	54.00	-4.11	Peak
4883.33	Н	60.28	37.23	7.42	67.70	44.65	74.00	54.00	-9.35	AVG
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: GFSK / TX / CH High Test Date: November 3, 2009

Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

Temperature:23°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Even	Ant Dal	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	AV Margin	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	(dR)	Remark
1653.33	V	52.72		-2.98	49.74		74.00	54.00	-4.26	Peak
2210.00	V	49.02		0.51	49.53		74.00	54.00	-4.47	Peak
2723.33	٧	49.23		-0.50	48.73		74.00	54.00	-5.27	Peak
4958.33	٧	56.53	35.21	7.67	64.21	42.88	74.00	54.00	-11.12	AVG
N/A										
2116.67	Н	49.37		-1.56	47.81		74.00	54.00	-6.19	Peak
2740.00	Н	49.09		-0.08	49.01		74.00	54.00	-4.99	Peak
4958.33	Н	54.70	34.63	7.90	62.61	42.53	74.00	54.00	-11.47	AVG
N/A										

Remark:

- Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: 8DPSK / TX / CH LowTest Date: November 3, 2009

Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

Temperature:23°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Even	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Marain	
Freq. (MHz)	H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1603.33	V	52.61		-3.91	48.70		74.00	54.00	-5.30	Peak
2200.00	V	49.56		0.59	50.15		74.00	54.00	-3.85	Peak
2510.00	V	48.87		1.05	49.92		74.00	54.00	-4.08	Peak
4808.33	V	52.07	37.35	7.65	59.72	45.00	74.00	54.00	-9.00	AVG
N/A										
2136.67	Н	49.72		-1.93	47.79		74.00	54.00	-6.21	Peak
2640.00	Н	48.46		-0.11	48.35		74.00	54.00	-5.65	Peak
4800.00	Н	48.82	36.35	6.71	55.53	43.06	74.00	54.00	-10.94	AVG
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: 8DPSK / TX / CH Mid Test Date: November 3, 2009

Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

Temperature:23°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Eroa	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Margin	Remark
Freq. (MHz)		Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1626.67	V	52.77		-3.47	49.30		74.00	54.00	-4.70	Peak
1890.00	V	50.36		-2.19	48.17		74.00	54.00	-5.83	Peak
2170.00	V	49.37		-0.57	48.79		74.00	54.00	-5.21	Peak
2516.67	V	48.82		0.91	49.74		74.00	54.00	-4.26	Peak
4883.33	V	50.23	41.58	7.99	58.22	49.57	74.00	54.00	-4.43	AVG
N/A										
1803.33	Н	50.16		-3.69	46.47		74.00	54.00	-7.53	Peak
2120.00	Н	49.88		-1.62	48.26		74.00	54.00	-5.74	Peak
2550.00	Н	49.24		-0.40	48.84		74.00	54.00	-5.16	Peak
4883.33	Н	49.29	40.79	7.42	56.71	48.21	74.00	54.00	-5.79	AVG
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: 8DPSK / TX / CH High Test Date: November 3, 2009

Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

Temperature:23°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Eros	Ant. Pol	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Ant. / CL Actual Fs		Peak	AV	Margin	
Freq. (MHz)		Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	(dB)	Remark
1313.33	V	51.80		-6.27	45.54		74.00	54.00	-8.46	Peak
1653.33	V	52.76		-2.98	49.79		74.00	54.00	-4.21	Peak
2226.67	V	48.62		0.38	49.00		74.00	54.00	-5.00	Peak
2746.67	V	48.75		-0.71	48.04		74.00	54.00	-5.96	Peak
4958.33	V	49.95	41.27	7.67	57.63	48.94	74.00	54.00	-5.06	AVG
N/A										
1653.33	Н	50.99		-4.83	46.15		74.00	54.00	-7.85	Peak
1830.00	Н	49.94		-3.81	46.13		74.00	54.00	-7.87	Peak
1923.33	Н	50.68		-3.84	46.84		74.00	54.00	-7.16	Peak
4958.33	Н	46.98	37.21	7.90	54.89	45.11	74.00	54.00	-8.89	AVG
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: GFSK / RX / Mid Test Date: November 12, 2009

Date of Issue: November 16, 2009

Temperature:23°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Even	Ant.	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Marain	
Freq. (MHz)	Pol H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1630.00	V	46.48		-3.41	43.06		74.00	54.00	-10.94	Peak
2470.00	V	42.25		0.77	43.02		74.00	54.00	-10.98	Peak
4908.33	V	38.12		8.01	46.14		74.00	54.00	-7.86	Peak
12333.33	V	38.83		10.94	49.77		74.00	54.00	-4.23	Peak
N/A										
1626.67	Н	48.74		-5.08	43.67		74.00	54.00	-10.33	Peak
4433.33	Н	40.62		7.08	47.71		74.00	54.00	-6.29	Peak
7108.33	Н	40.57		9.62	50.19		74.00	54.00	-3.81	Peak
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: 8DPSK / RX / Mid Test Date: November 12, 2009

Temperature:23°CTested by:Alonso LuHumidity:52 % RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Even	Ant Dal	Peak	AV	Ant. / CL	Actu	al Fs	Peak	AV	Marain	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant. Pol H/V	Reading (dBuV)	Reading (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1630.00	V	47.94		-3.41	44.53		74.00	54.00	-9.47	Peak
2496.67	V	42.56		1.20	43.76		74.00	54.00	-10.24	Peak
4816.67	V	39.56		7.69	47.25		74.00	54.00	-6.75	Peak
N/A										
1630.00	Н	48.81		-5.05	43.77		74.00	54.00	-10.23	Peak
2496.67	Н	43.13		-0.60	42.53		74.00	54.00	-11.47	Peak
4291.67	Н	40.40		7.54	47.94		74.00	54.00	-6.06	Peak
N/A										

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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7.9 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

<u>LIMIT</u>

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBμV)						
Trequency Range (Minz)	Quasi-peak	Average					
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46					
0.50 to 5	56	46					
5 to 30	60	50					

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

TEST CONFIGURATION

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

TEST RESULTS

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

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TEST DATA

Operation Mode: Normal Link Test Date: November 16, 2009

Temperature: 20°C **Tested by**: Johnny Chen

Humidity: 58% RH

Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading	AV Reading	Corr. factor	QP Result	AV Result	QP Limit	AV Limit	QP Margin	AV Margin	Note
0.1594	19.07	10.27	9.73	28.80	20.00	65.49	55.50	-36.69	-35.50	L1
0.2754	23.07	11.86	9.72	32.79	21.58	60.95	50.95	-28.16	-29.37	L1
0.3665	21.73	11.09	9.72	31.45	20.81	58.58	48.58	-27.13	-27.77	L1
0.6179	22.24	11.11	9.62	31.86	20.73	56.00	46.00	-24.14	-25.27	L1
0.7102	20.86	10.43	9.63	30.49	20.06	56.00	46.00	-25.51	-25.94	L1
1.1708	18.87	10.38	9.65	28.52	20.03	56.00	46.00	-27.48	-25.97	L1
0.1592	16.57	12.05	9.73	26.30	21.78	65.50	55.51	-39.20	-33.73	L2
0.1784	16.18	11.63	9.73	25.91	21.36	64.56	54.56	-38.65	-33.20	L2
0.2669	18.31	11.21	9.72	28.03	20.93	61.21	51.21	-33.18	-30.28	L2
0.3734	19.68	13.11	9.72	29.40	22.83	58.42	48.42	-29.02	-25.59	L2
1.2653	15.31	11.41	9.66	24.97	21.07	56.00	46.00	-31.03	-24.93	L2
2.3027	18.20	14.03	9.74	27.94	23.77	56.00	46.00	-28.06	-22.23	L2

Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
- 2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
- 3. "---" denotes the emission level was or more than 2dB below the Average limit
- 4. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 10kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 9kHz;
- 5. L1 = Line One (Live Line) / L2 = Line Two (Neutral Line)

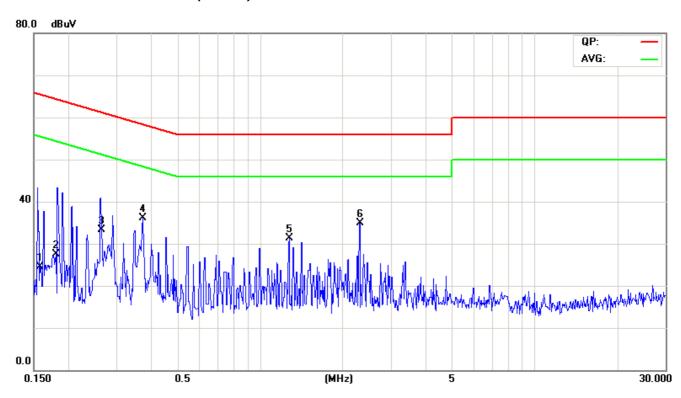
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Test Plots

Conducted emissions (Line 1) 80.0 dBuV



Conducted emissions (Line 2)



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8. APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

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EUT SPECIFICATION

EUT	Mobile computer
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz
(Operating)	☐ WEAN. 3.743GHz ~ 3.023GHz ☐ Others: Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation)☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)☐ Others
Exposure classification	 ☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna diversity	Single antennaMultiple antennas☐ Tx diversity☐ Rx diversity☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	4.07 dBm (0.00255W)
Antenna gain (Max)	2.5dBi (Numeric gain: 1.79)
Evaluation applied	
Remark:	
The maximum output power antenna gain.)	er is <u>4.07dBm (0. 00255W)</u> at <u>2441MHz</u> (with <u>1.79 numeric</u>

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

(SAR evaluation is not required for the PORTABLE device while its maximum output power is lower than the general population low threshold: 60/f (GHz)=60/2.441=24.58mW)

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APPENDIX II BLUETOOTH DECLARATION PER FCC 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

1 Output power and channel separation of a Bluetooth device in the different operating modes:

The different operating modes (data-mode, acquisition-mode) of a Bluetooth device don't influence the output power and the channel spacing. There is only one transmitter which is driven by identical input parameters concerning these two parameters. Only a different hopping sequence will be used.

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For this reason the check of these RF parameters in one op-mode is sufficient.

2 Frequency range of a Bluetooth device:

Hereby we declare that the maximum frequency of this device is: **2402 – 2480 M**Hz. This is according the Bluetooth Core Specification V 1.0B (+ critical errata) for devices which will be operated in the USA.

This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/04-E). Other frequency ranges (e.g. for Spain, France, Japan) which are allowed according the Core Specification are **not** supported by this device.

3 Co-ordination of the hopping sequence in data mode to avoid simultaneous occupancy by multiple transmitters:

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organized in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from it's BD address which is unique for every Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

4 Example of a hopping sequence in data mode:

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode: 40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67, 56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75, 09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06, 01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

5 Equally average use of frequencies in data mode and behaviour for short transmissions:

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:

- 1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection
- 2. Internal master clock The LAP (lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP (upper address part) are the 24 MSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS.

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For synchronisation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5 μ s. The clock has a cycle of about one day (23h30). In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire LAP (24 bits), 4 LSB's (4 bits) (Input 1) and the 27 MSB's of the clock (Input 2) are used.

With this input values different mathematical procedures (permutations, additions, XOR-operations) are performed to generate the sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following behaviors:

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The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.

The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact that the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer (and it cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock (312.5 µs). The hopping sequence will always differ from the first one.

6 Receiver input bandwidth and behaviors for repeated single or multiple packets:

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1 MHz.

In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is the slave. The master determines the hopping sequence (see chapter 5). The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master. Additionally the type of connection (e.g. single or multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.

Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.

7 Dwell time in data mode

The dwell time of 0.3797s within a 30 second period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). The calculation for a 30 second period is a follows: Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate / number of hopping channels *30s Example for a DH1 packet (with a maximum length of one time slot) Dwell time = $625 \mu s * 1600 1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s$ (in a 30s period) For multislot packet the hopping is reduced according to the length of the packet. Example for a DH5 packet (with a maximum length of five time slots) Dwell time = $5 * 625 \mu s * 1600 * 1/5 * 1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s$ (in a 30s period) This is according the Bluetooth Core Specification V 1.0B (+ critical errata) for all Bluetooth devices. There for all Bluetooth devices comply with the FCC dwell time requirement in data mode.

This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests.

The Dwell time in hybrid mode is measured and stated in the test report.

8 Channel Separation in hybrid mode

The nominal channel spacing of the Bluetooth system is 1Mhz independent of the operating mode.

The maximum "initial carrier frequency tolerance" which is allowed for Bluetooth is fcenter = 75 kHz.

This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/07-E) for three frequencies (2402, 2441, 2480 MHz).

Additionally an example for the channel separation is given in the test report

9 Derivation and examples for a hopping sequence in hybrid mode

For the generation of the inquiry and page hop sequences the same procedures as described for the data mode are used (see chapter 5), but this time with different input vectors:

- For the inquiry hop sequence, a predefined fixed address is always used. This results in the same 32 frequencies used by all devices doing an inquiry but every time with a different start frequency and phase in this sequence.
- For the page hop sequence, the device address of the paged unit is used as input vector. This results in the use of a subset of 32 frequencies which is specific for that initial state of the connection establishment between the two units. A page to

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different devices would result in a different subset of 32 frequencies.

So it is ensured that also in hybrid mode the frequency use equally averaged.

Example of a hopping sequence in inquiry mode:

48, 50, 09, 13, 52, 54,41, 45, 56, 58, 11, 15, 60, 62, 43, 47, 00, 02, 64, 68, 04, 06, 17, 21, 08, 10, 66, 70, 12, 14, 19, 23

Example of a hopping sequence in paging mode:

08, 57, 68, 70, 51, 02, 42, 40, 04, 61, 44, 46, 63, 14, 50, 48, 16, 65, 52, 54, 67, 18, 58, 56, 20, 53, 60, 62, 55, 06, 66, 64

10 Receiver input bandwidth and synchronisation in hybrid mode:

The receiver input bandwidth is the same as in the data mode (1 MHz). When two Bluetooth devices establish contact for the first time, one device sends an inquiry access code, the other device is scanning for this inquiry access code. If two devices have been connected previously and want to start a new transmission, a similar procedure takes place. The only difference is, instead of the inquiry access code, an special access code, derived from the BD_ADDRESS of the paged device will be, will be sent by the master of this connection. Due to the fact that both units have been connected before (in the inquiry procedure) the paging unit has timing and frequency information about the page scan of the paged unit. For this reason the time to establish the connection is reduced considerable.

11 Spread rate / data rate of the direct sequence signal

The Spread rate / Data rate in inquiry and paging mode can be defined via the access code. The access code is the only criterion for the system to check if there is a valid transmission or not. If you regard the presence of a valid access code as one bit of information, and compare it with the length of the access code of 68 bits, the Spread rate / Data rate will be 68/1.

12 Spurious emission in hybrid mode

The Dwell in hybrid mode is shorter than in data mode. For this reason the spurious emissions average level in data mode is worst case. The spurious emissions peak level is the same for both modes.

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