



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Shenzhen Hongjiayuan Communication Technology Co., Ltd.

Room 2406, Block A, Electronic and Technology Building,

2070 Shennan Zhong Road, Shenzhen, Guangdong 518000, China

FCC ID: XUTGMATE2011

Report Type: **Product Type:**

Original Report

Gmate (Mobile Phone Accessory)

Sandy Wany

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Report Number: RSZ110923001-20

Report Date: 2011-11-11

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* This report contain data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "★" (Rev.2)

Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name Shenzhen Hongjiayuan Communication Technology Co., Ltd.					
ELE TOD	EUT Description Gmate (Mobile phone accessory) FCC ID XUTGMATE2011 Model Number Gmate					
EUT Information						
	Test Date	2011.11.082011.11.09				
Frequency Band	N	Max. SAR Level (s) Measured	Limit (W/Kg)			
Cellular		1.514 W/kg, 1g Body Tissue	1.6			
PCS		0.338 W/kg, 1g Body Tissue				
	ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz					
	ANSI/IEEE C95.3: 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz. OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure To Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields					
Applicable Standards						
		I Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average R) in the Human Head from Wireless Communicat iques				

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C and IEEE 1528-2003.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ110923001-20	Original Report	2011-11-11	

Report No: RSZ110923001-20

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Shenzhen Hongjiayuan Communication Technology Co., Ltd and their product, FCC ID: XUTGMATE2011, Model: Gmate or the EUT (Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report. The EUT is a mobile phone accessory operates in cellular and PCS bands.

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Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Multi-slot Class:	Class 10 (GPRS), Class12 (E-GPRS)	
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice , GPRS, E-GPRS and Bluetooth Data	
	Cellular Band: 824-849 MHz (TX); 869-894 MHz (RX)	
Frequency Band:	PCS Band: 1850-1910 MHz (TX); 1930-1990 MHz (RX)	
	Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz (TX/RX)	
	Cellular Band: 33.40 dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	PCS Band: 31.60 dBm	
	Bluetooth: 3.0 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	82mm(L) × 46 mm(W) × 17 mm(H)	
Weight:	46 g	
Power Source:	3.7VDC/700mAh, Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn	

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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Additionally, Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200707-0).

NVLAP

Lab Code: 200707-0

The current scope of accreditations can be found at http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.

ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.



Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of $1000 \, \text{kg/m3}$ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is $10 \, \text{mm}$, with the side length of the 10 g cube $21,5 \, \text{mm}$.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

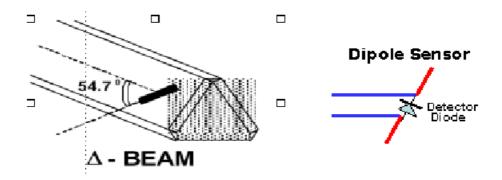
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

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Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)
Probe Length	289 mm
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB
Boundary Effect Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm	
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

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Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS	
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis	
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm	
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C	
Robot Reach	710 mm	
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible	

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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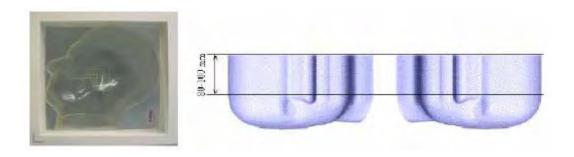


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



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APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	83	35	91	15	1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head '	Гissue	Body Tissue		
(MHz)	Er	O'(S/m)	Er	O'(S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

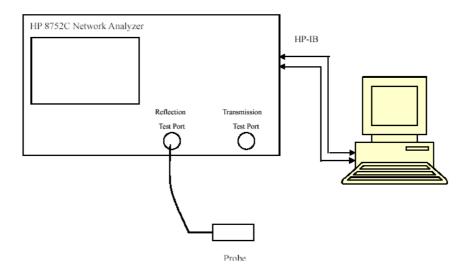
Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	N/A	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2011-07-14	500-00283
Dipole, 835 MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2011-08-25	210-00558
Dipole,1900 MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2011-08-25	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	2011-06-28	1100.0008.02
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-T-835-1-B	Each Time	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-T-1900-1-B	Each Time	295-02102
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	2011-07-05	849720/019

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Result
(MHz)	Type	E r	O' (S/m)	Kesuit
835	Body	55.44	0.99	In Tolerance
1900	Body	54.01	1.49	In Tolerance

^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2011-11-08.

Please refer to the following tables.

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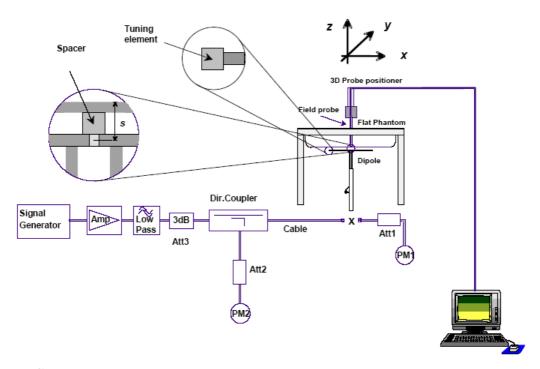
850 MHz Body				1900 MHz Body				
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''			
824.0	55.457892	21.407274	1850.0	53.884644	14.367602			
824.5	55.431598	21.415891	1851.2	53.871222	14.389579			
825.0	55.420111	21.419013	1852.4	53.895499	14.370219			
825.5	55.356494	21.447084	1853.6	53.845060	14.313437			
826.0	55.341064	21.379125	1854.8	53.862121	14.356578			
826.5	55.428758	21.423475	1856.0	53.847124	14.372549			
827.0	55.451663	21.413793	1857.2	53.857144	14.324893			
827.5	55.464768	21.407714	1858.4	53.852229	14.376689			
828.0	55.410787	21.371048	1859.6	53.854593	14.362056			
828.5	55.405601	21.329776	1860.8	53.887981	14.356834			
829.0	55.424840	21.267981	1862.0	53.875548	14.325756			
829.5	55.439204	21.294726	1863.2	53.877509	14.360087			
830.0	55.485172	21.287339	1864.4	53.852516	14.344059			
830.5	55.409599	21.281243	1865.6	53.900560	14.359038			
831.0	55.370580	21.283588	1866.8	53.869669	14.344736			
831.5	55.426346	21.361049	1868.0	53.852020	14.340770			
832.0	55.388419	21.219182	1869.2	53.922014	14.388044			
832.5	55.353273	21.231233	1870.4	53.893741	14.401323			
833.0	55.393117	21.237091	1871.6	53.919455	14.391542			
833.5	55.472347	21.288706	1872.8	53.932223	14.408591			
834.0	55.420024	21.196956	1874.0	53.922856	14.438287			
834.5	55.464108	21.228579	1875.2	53.944845	14.424363			
835.0	55.435773	21.243583	1876.4	53.948986	14.268114			
835.5	55.467506	21.213723	1877.6	53.946681	14.272626			
836.0	55.406811	21.230039	1878.8	53.986687	14.294618			
836.5	55.412464	21.276045	1880.0	54.011086	14.270951			
837.0	55.426595	21.214449	1881.2	53.981260	14.326996			
837.5	55.513741	21.229257	1882.4	53.974225	14.305777			
838.0	55.491584	21.230918	1883.6	53.991411	14.314895			
838.5	55.452183	21.244632	1884.8	54.031980	14.324999			
839.0	55.406264	21.255374	1886.0	54.018873	14.358259			
839.5	55.467219	21.230652	1887.2	54.033252	14.339837			
840.0	55.432469	21.198916	1888.4	54.010126	14.333564			
840.5	55.440221	21.178210	1889.6	54.007243	14.357330			
841.0	55.414693	21.170332	1890.8	53.992520	14.313383			
841.5	55.461915	21.167181	1892.0	54.025517	14.276339			
842.0	55.416032	21.205332	1893.2	54.029082	14.329428			
842.5	55.465373	21.179474	1894.4	53.997418	14.293601			
843.0	55.441061	21.160312	1895.6	53.986910	14.241753			
843.5	55.419052	21.189189	1896.8	53.967017	14.255051			
844.0	55.396652	21.174744	1898.0	53.966152	14.280724			
844.5	55.392593	21.207529	1899.2	53.999014	14.237634			
845.0	55.378192	21.157476	1900.4	53.971826	14.242884			
845.5	55.397292	21.137872	1901.6	53.987701	14.237995			
846.0	55.325885	21.164247	1902.8	53.984347	14.228559			
846.5	55.397233	21.167642	1904.0	53.979614	14.257878			
847.0	55.424117	21.112539	1905.2	53.965568	14.190861			
847.5	55.412934	21.126343	1906.4	53.941043	14.178681			
848.0	55.362673	21.122953	1907.6	53.964838	14.150133			
848.5	55.360941	21.133043	1908.8	53.931781	14.060991			
849.0	55.402371	21.115478	1910.0	53.945150	14.073367			

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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2011-11-08	835	Body	1g	9.562	9.684	-1.260	±10
2011-11-06	1900	Body	1g	38.842	39.769	-2.331	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Report No: RSZ110923001-20

System Performance Check 835 MHz, Body Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No. : 180-00558
Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-835-S-2 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time
Power Drift-Start
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift(%)

1 W
2 min(s)
2 10.341 W/kg
2 9.927 W/kg
3 -3.579

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center
Description : Default

Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : Body Serial No. : 270-02101 Frequency : 835.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 08-Nov -2011 : 20.00 °C Temperature Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C Humidity : 56.00 RH% Epsilon : 55.44 F/m Sigma : 0.99 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Jul-2011
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

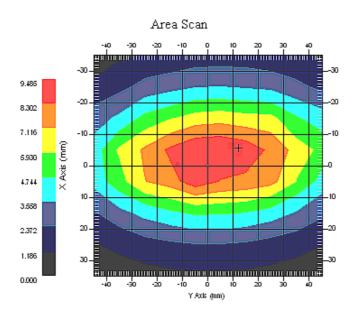
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 9.562 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 6.120 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 9.485 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 15.012 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

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Report No: RSZ110923001-20

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 1900 MHz, Body Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz Serial No. : 210-00710 Type : Dipole

Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr
Drift Time
Power Drift-Start
Power Drift-Finish
Power Drift(%)

1 W
2 3 min(s)
2 40.755 W/kg
2 41.887 W/kg
2 0.592

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default

Location : Center Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Body Serial No. : 295-02102 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 08-Nov -2011 Temperature : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C Ambient Temp. Humidity : 56.00 RH% Epsilon : 54.01 F/m Sigma : 1.49 S/m Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Name : E-Field Model : E-020

Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 500-00283 Last Calib. Date : 14-Jul-2011 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor : 1 Conversion Factor : 5.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

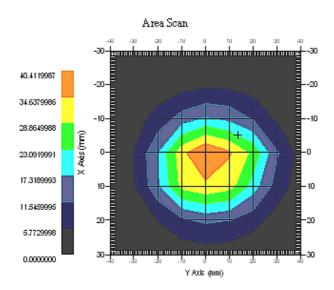
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C

Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

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1 gram SAR value : 38.842 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 19.564 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 40.412 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 70.155 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

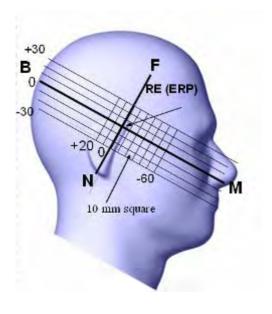
SAR Evaluation Report 23 of 74

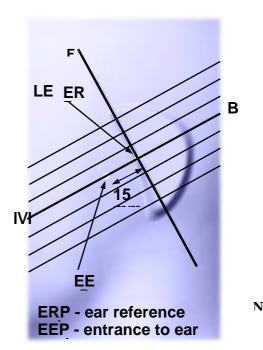
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

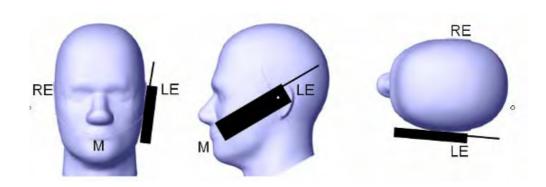
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

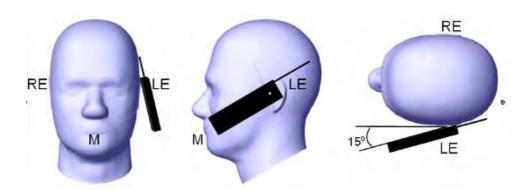
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

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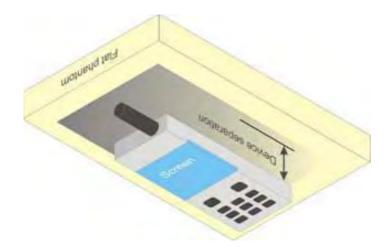
Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

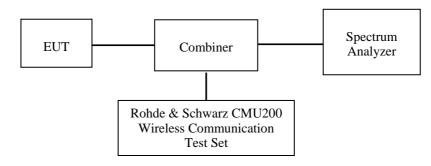
Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Test Block Diagram & Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



Test Results

Band	Frequency	GSM (GMSK), Conducted Output Power		
Danu	(MHz)	(dBm)	(Watt)	
	824.2	33.32	2.147	
Cellular	836.6	33.39	2.183	
	848.8	33.40	2.188	
	1850.2	31.60	1.445	
PCS	1880.0	31.00	1.259	
	1909.8	30.66	1.164	

Mode Channel		Frequency	GRPS (GMSK, Class 10), RF Output Power (dBm)				
No	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	32.44	32.38	Not support	Not support	
Cellular	190	836.6	32.29	32.27	Not support	Not support	
	251	848.8	32.29	32.25	Not support	Not support	
	512	1850.2	30.07	30.06	Not support	Not support	
PCS	661	1880.0	29.90	29.90	Not support	Not support	
	810	1909.8	30.29	30.29	Not support	Not support	

Mode	Channel	Frequency	E-GPRS (8PSK, Class 12), RF Output Power (dBm)					
Mode	No	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	25.61	25.41	25.20	24.97		
Cellular	190	836.6	25.94	25.84	25.68	25.39		
	251	848.8	25.34	25.15	24.93	24.63		
	512	1850.2	25.01	24.74	24.46	24.04		
PCS	661	1880.0	24.34	24.17	23.89	23.55		
	810	1909.8	25.25	25.18	24.91	24.63		

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For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time-based average output power

GMSK

Band	Channel	Frequency	Time based aver	age Power (dBm)
Danu	No	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots
	128	824.2	23.44	26.38
Cellular	190	836.6	23.29	26.27
	251	848.8	23.29	26.25
	512	1850.2	21.07	24.06
PCS	661	1880.0	20.90	23.90
	810	1909.8	21.29	24.29

8PSK

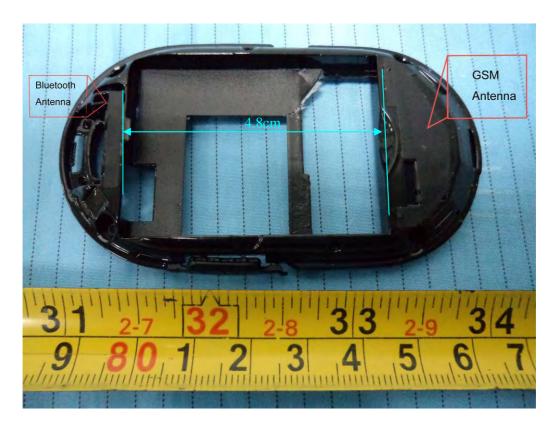
Band Channel		Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)				
Danu	No	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	16.61	19.41	20.95	21.97	
Cellular	190	836.6	16.94	19.84	21.43	22.39	
	251	848.8	16.34	19.15	20.68	21.63	
	512	1850.2	16.01	18.74	20.21	21.04	
PCS	661	1880.0	15.34	18.17	19.64	20.55	
	810	1909.8	16.25	19.18	20.66	21.63	

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION EVALUATION

KDB648474 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMITION CONSIDERATION

Stand-alone and simultaneous SAR evaluation for a cell phone with multiple transmitters is base on the antennas distance and the output power of each radio.



BT and GSM Antenna Location

CONCLUSION

Individual transmitter	Stand-alone SAR	Simultaneous SAR
Bluetooth	Not required	GSM with Bluetooth is not required
GSM	Required	Simultaneous SAR of GSM with Bluetooth is not required

Note:

- 1) GSM can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth.
- 2) The max output power of Bluetooth antenna is 4.325 mW < P_{Ref} (12mW). According to KDB648474, stand-alone SAR is not required for BT antenna and simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required for Bluetooth and GSM antennas.

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	50%
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

^{*} Testing was performed by Sandy Wang on 2011-11-08---2011-11-09.

GSM 850:

EUT	Frequency (MHz)		Test Antenna	Antenna	SAR		
Position	Channel	MHz	Mode	Туре	Measured (W/Kg)	FCC Limit (W/Kg)	
	251 (High)	848.8	GSM	Integral	0.720	1.6	
	128 (Low)	824.2	GPRS	Integral	1.282	1.6	
	190 (Middle)	836.6	GPRS	Integral	1.489	1.6	
Body -Worn	251 (High)	848.8	GPRS	Integral	1.514	1.6	
	128 (Low)	824.2	E-GPRS	Integral	0.992	1.6	
	190 (Middle)	836.6	E-GPRS	Integral	1.038	1.6	
	251 (High)	848.8	E-GPRS	Integral	1.132	1.6	

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DCS 1900:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)		Test		SAR	
	Channel	MHz	Mode	Antenna Type	Measured (W/Kg)	FCC Limit (W/Kg)
Body -Worn	512 (Low)	1850.2	GSM	Integral	0.152	1.6
	810 (High)	1909.8	GPRS	Integral	0.338	1.6
	810 (High)	1909.8	E-GPRS	Integral	0.271	1.6

Note: 1. The device is not applicable for head operation.

- 2. The EUT is Class B mobile phone accessory which can be attached to GSM, GPRS and E-GPRS services, using one service at a time.
- 3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 10 for GPRS which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 2 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3 DL+2 UL is the worst case.
- 4. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 for E-GPRS which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4 UL is the worst case.

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EUT SCAN RESULTS

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-worn Back (835 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : : Complete

Area Scan : 13x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.580 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.561 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -3.182

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

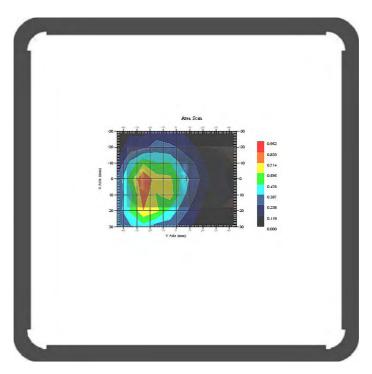
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.720 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.431 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.834 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.030 W/kg

Plot 1#



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Body-worn Back (835 MHz Low Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 4
Scan Type : : Complete

Area Scan : 13x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.996 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 1.029 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.634

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

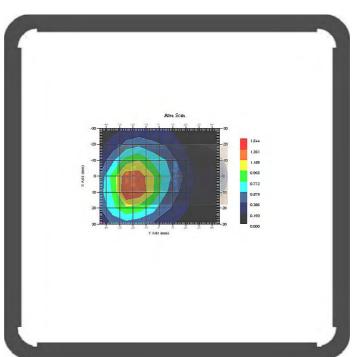
Duty Cycle Factor : 4 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.282 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.730 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.354 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.961 W/kg

Plot 2#



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Body-worn Back (835 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 4
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.957 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.971 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.404

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

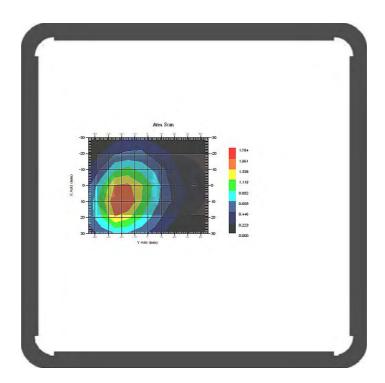
Duty Cycle Factor : 4 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.489 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.890 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.564 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 2.272 W/kg

Plot 3#



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Body-worn Back (835 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 4
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 1.019 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 1.047 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.721

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

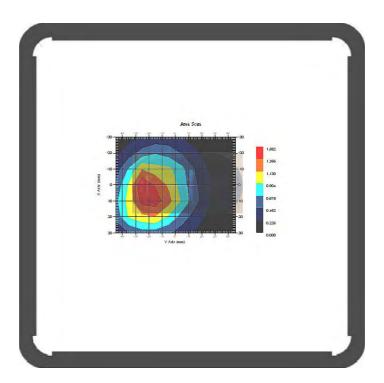
Duty Cycle Factor : 4 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mmd

1 gram SAR value : 1.514 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.802 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.581 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 2.372 W/kg

Plot 4#



SAR Evaluation Report 35 of 74

Body-worn Back (835 MHz Low Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : E-GPRS Crest Factor : 2

Scan Type: : Complete

Area Scan : 13x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.435 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.450 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 3.466

Tissue Data

 Type
 : Body

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

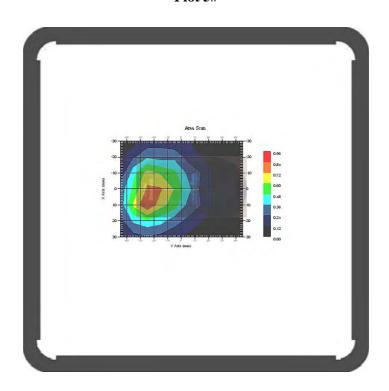
Duty Cycle Factor : 2 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.992 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.453 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.941 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.311 W/kg

Plot 5#



SAR Evaluation Report 36 of 74

Body-worn Back (835 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : E-GPRS Crest Factor : 2

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.668 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.698 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 4.424

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

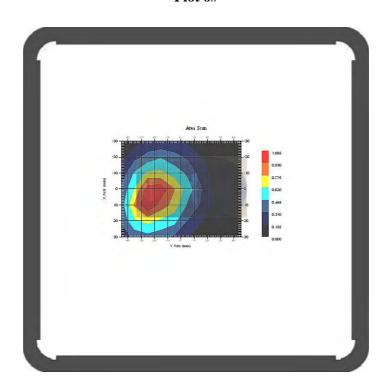
Duty Cycle Factor : 2 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.038 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.617 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.085 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.791 W/kg

Plot 6#



SAR Evaluation Report 37 of 74

Body-worn Back (835 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : E-GPRS Crest Factor : 2

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.821 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.835 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 1.654

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 835.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 55.44 F/m

 Sigma
 : 0.99 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

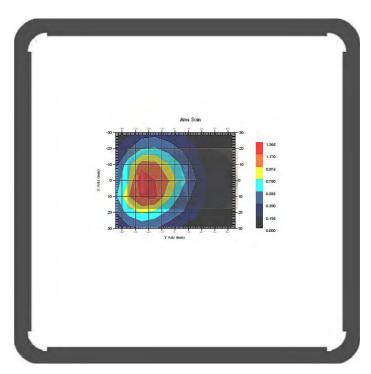
Duty Cycle Factor : 2 Conversion Factor : 6.6

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mmd

1 gram SAR value : 1.132 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.769 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.364 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.911 W/kg

Plot 7#



SAR Evaluation Report 38 of 74

Body-worn Back (1900 MHz Low Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.162 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.165 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 3.677

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 1900.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 54.01 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.49 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

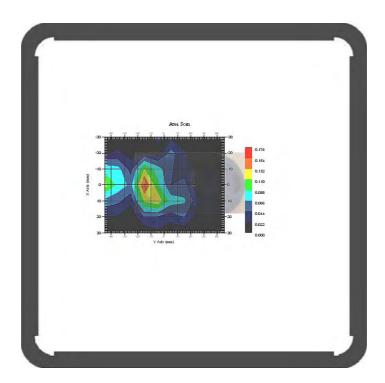
Duty Cycle Factor : 8 Conversion Factor : 5.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.152 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.064 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.156 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.290 W/kg

Plot 8#



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Body- worn Back (1900 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 4
Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.295 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.287 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -1.444

Tissue Data

 Type
 : BODY

 Frequency
 : 1900.00 MHz

 Epsilon
 : 54.01 F/m

 Sigma
 : 1.49 S/m

 Density
 : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

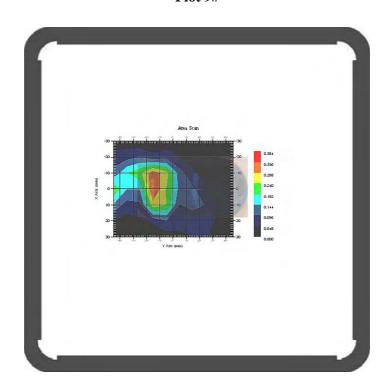
Duty Cycle Factor : 4 Conversion Factor : 5.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)$ 2

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.338 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.149 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.337 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.870 W/kg

Plot 9#



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Body- worn Back (1900 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data

Test mode : E-GPRS Crest Factor : 2

Scan Type : Complete

Area Scan : 9x13x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Power Drift-Start : 0.219 W/kg Power Drift-Finish : 0.220 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 0.867

Tissue Data

Type : Body

Frequency : 1900.00 MHz
Epsilon : 54.01 F/m
Sigma : 1.49 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

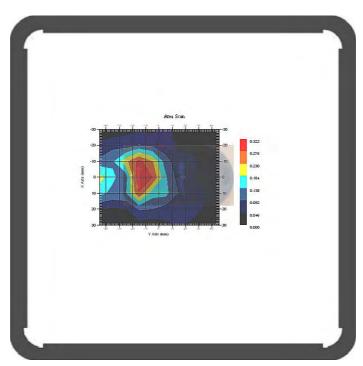
Duty Cycle Factor : 2 Conversion Factor : 5.0

Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$

Compression Point : 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.271 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.124 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.321 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.820 W/kg

Plot 10#



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APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	(1-cp) ¹	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
		Res	triction				
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	4.0	normal	1	1	1	4.0	4.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Drift of Output Power	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
		Phantor	n and Setu	ıp			
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.6	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.8	1.3
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	2.7	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.6	1.4
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.7	9.4
Combined Uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.4	18.8

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APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: 1251-1258

Client.: BACL Lab

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Model No.: E-020

Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole Project No: BACL-5607

Calibrated: 14th July 2011 Released on: 14th July 2011

Approved By: Stuart Nicol

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Kanata, Ontario CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528 (2003) including Amendment 1
 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- EN 62209-1 (2006)
 - Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2 Ed. 1.0 (2010-03)
 Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a new probe taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ +/- $1.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative Humidity: $< 60 \,^{\circ}$

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Power meter Anritsu MA2408A	90025437	Nov.4, 2011
Power Sensor Anritsu MA2481D	103555	Nov 4, 2011
Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB)	1944A10711	Sept. 14, 2011
Network Analyzer Anritsu MT8801C	MB11855	Feb. 8, 2012

Secondary Measurement Standards

Signal Generator Agilent E4438C -506 MY55182336 June 7, 2012

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Jesse Hones

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Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe E020

Serial Number: 500-00283

Frequency: As presented on page 5

 Sensor Offset:
 1.56

 Sensor Length:
 2.5

Tip Enclosure: Composite*

Tip Diameter: < 2.9 mm

Tip Length: 55 mm

Total Length: 289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Channel X:} & 1.2 \ \mu \text{V/(V/m)}^2 \\ \text{Channel Y:} & 1.2 \ \mu \text{V/(V/m)}^2 \\ \text{Channel Z:} & 1.2 \ \mu \text{V/(V/m)}^2 \\ \end{array}$

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

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Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Calibration Uncertainty	Tolerance Uncertainty for 5%*	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	X
450 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	X
750 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
750 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
835 H	Head	42.35	0.938	3.5	3.4	6.6
835 B	Body	56.65	1.018	3.5	3.4	6.6
900 H	Head	41.35	0.98	3.5	3.4	6
900 B	Body	56.08	1.05	3.5	3.4	6
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.72	1.35	3.5	3.4	5.1
1750 B	Body	51.62	1.48	3.5	3.4	4.8
1800 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	38.72	1.35	3.5	2.7	5.2
1900 B	Body	51.62	1.48	3.5	2.7	5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	38.06	1.87	3.5	3.5	4.9
2450B	Body	50.22	2.03	3.5	3.5	4.3
2600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	X	X	Х	X	X
3600 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
5200 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
5200 B	Body	X	X	Х	X	X
5600 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
5600 B	Body	Х	X	Х	Х	X
5800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
5800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X

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Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 0.58 mm the worst case evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2.1%.

NOTES:

*The maximum deviation from the centre frequency when comparing the lower to upper range is listed.

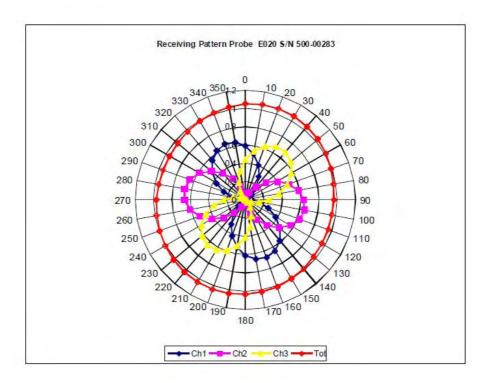
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Division of APREL Inc.

Receiving Pattern Air



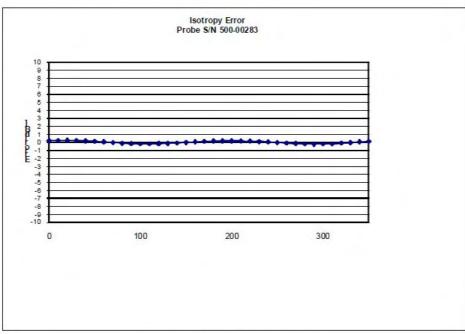
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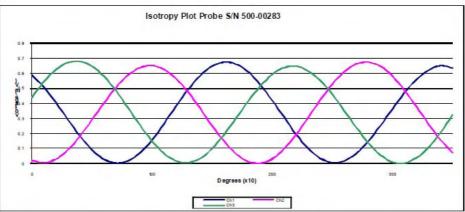
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air





Isotropicity Tissue:

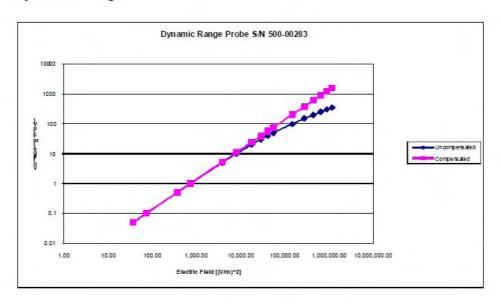
0.10 dB

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Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range

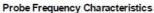


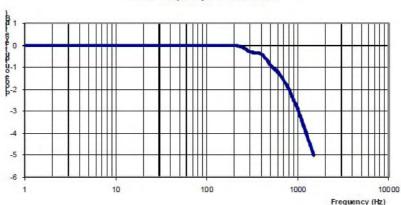
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Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth





Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2011.

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APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1327 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5618

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 25th August 2011 Released on: 25th August 2011

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

cuite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received in good condition and a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

C. Teodorian

Primary Measurement Standards Instrument

Power meter Anritsu MA2408A Power Sensor Anritsu MA2481D Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB) 1 Network Analyzer Agilent E5071C Secondary Measurement Standards

Signal Generator Agilent E4438C

Serial Number 245025437

103555 944A10711 1334746J

-506 MY55182336

Cal due date

Nov.4, 2011 Nov 4, 2011 Aug.8, 2012 Feb. 8, 2012

June 7, 2012

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SAR Evaluation Report 54 of 74

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

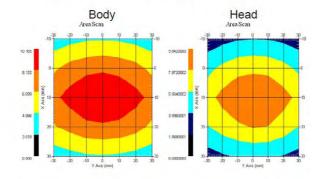
Length: 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.0417 U	-35.395dB	49.020 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.1177 U	-25.424dB	55.435 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.590	6.003	15.013
Body	835 MHz	9.684	6.263	14.23



3

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SAR Evaluation Report 55 of 74

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was new taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

 Mechanical
 1%

 Positioning Error
 1.22%

 Electrical
 1.7%

 Tissue
 2.2%

 Dipole Validation
 2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

Report No: RSZ110923001-20

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-35.395 dB	1.0417 U	49.020Ω
Body	-25.454 dB	1.1177 U	55.435Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε _r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	41.78	0.92
Body Tissue 835MHz	56.37	0.95

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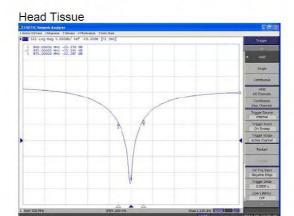
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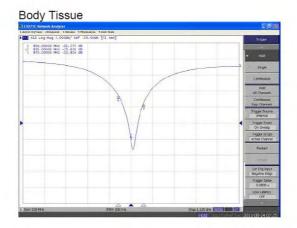
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss





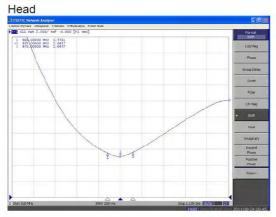
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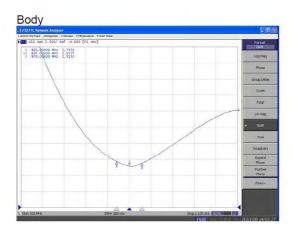
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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR





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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2011.

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NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ110923001-20

Calibration File No: DC-1331 Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5615

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 25th August, 2011 Released on: 25th August, 2011

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $21 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

C. Teodorian

Primary Measurement Standards Instrument Serial Number Cal due date Power meter Anritsu MA2408A 245025437 Nov.4, 2011 Power Sensor Anritsu MA2481D 103555 Nov 4, 2011 Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB) 1 944A10711 Aug.8, 2012 Network Analyzer Agilent E5071C 1334746J Feb. 8, 2012 Secondary Measurement Standards June 7, 2012 Signal Generator Agilent E4438C -506 MY55182336

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

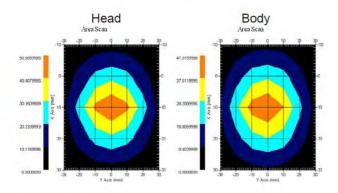
Length: 67.1 mm Height: 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.0417 U	-35.395dB	49.020 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.1177 U	-25.424dB	55.435 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.648	20.311	73.365
Body	1900 MHz	39.769	20.176	75.866



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless
Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was new taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5 °C 20 °C +/- 0.5 °C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-29.360 dB	1.0732 U	47.869 Ω
Body	-22.799 dB	1.1566 U	48.022 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε _r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	38.4	1.43
Body Tissue 1900MHz	51.87	1.59

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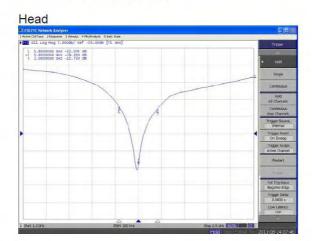
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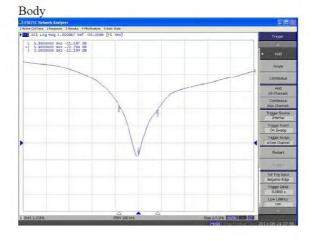
SAR Evaluation Report 66 of 74

Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss





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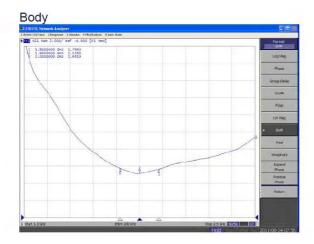
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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR





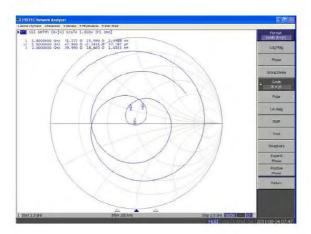
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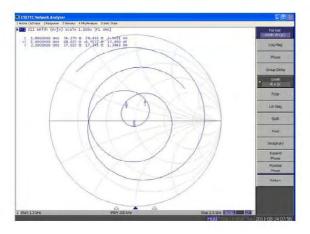
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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



Body



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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2011

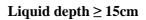
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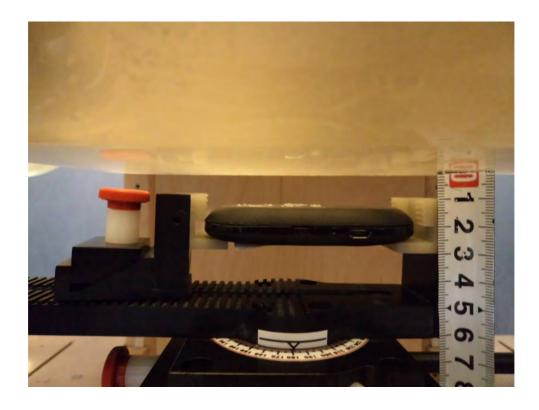
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APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS





Body-worn Setup Photo



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APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS





EUT – Back Side View



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EUT – Uncovered View



EUT- Right Side View



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APPENDIX F- INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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- [14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, \Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10.
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***** END OF REPORT *****

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