APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

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EUT Specification

EUT	Navigation Device
	☐ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz
Frequency band	\square WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz
(Operating)	☐ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz
	Others: Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz
	Portable (<20cm separation)
Device category	Mobile (>20cm separation)
	Others
	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$
Exposure classification	☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure
-	$(S=1mW/cm^2)$
	Single antenna
	Multiple antennas
Antenna diversity	Tx diversity
	Rx diversity
	Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	3.68dBm (2.33mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	-0.24 dBi (Numeric gain: 0.95)
	MPE Evaluation
Evaluation applied	SAR Evaluation
	□ N/A
Remark:	
The maximum output power is <u>3.68dBm (2.33mW) at 2441MHz</u> (with <u>0.95 numeric antenna</u>	
g <u>ain</u> .)	

MPE EVALUATION

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

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Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 2.33mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 0.95

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.00044mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)