RF Exposure Evaluation Result

1. Requirement

Systems operating under the provisions of FCC 47 CFR section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device, and below RF Permissible Exposure limit shall comply with.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm ²)	Averaging Time $ \mathbf{E} ^2$, $ \mathbf{H} ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

2. Calculation Method

$$E(V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density: $S(mW/cm^2) = \frac{E^2}{377}$

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output power (mW)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)=

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

We can change the formula to:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2} \text{ or, } d = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times S}}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

3. Estimation Result

Worse case:

802.11b/CH6 /2437MHz:

18.72dBm(PK output power),

So output power is 74.47 mW;

Ant gain is 0dBi,

So

 $S = 74.47/4x3.14x400=0.0148 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

 $< 1 \text{mW/cm}^2$

Note: The distance between EUT and user is

20cm

Conclusion: Pass