APPLICANT : Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd.

EQUIPMENT : Lenovo Mobile Phone

BRAND NAME : Lenovo

MODEL NAME : Lenovo A6020I36

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Prepared by: Mark Qu / Manager

Mark Qu



Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC. No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China

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Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version.: 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 1 of 59

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Standard	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	
4.1 General Information	
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	
5. RF Exposure Limits	
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	9
5.2 Controlled Environment	9
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	10
6.1 Introduction	
6.2 SAR Definition	10
7. System Description and Setup	
7.1 E-Field Probe	
7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
7.3 Phantom	
7.4 Device Holder	
8. Measurement Procedures	
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	16
8.3 Area Scan	
8.4 Zoom Scan	
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
9. Test Equipment List	
10. System Verification	
10.1 Tissue Verification	
10.2 System Performance Check Results	
11. RF Exposure Positions	
11.1 Ear and handset reference point	
11.2 Definition of the cheek position	
11.3 Definition of the tilt position	
11.4 Body Worn Accessory	
11.5 Wireless Router	
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	
13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	
14. Antenna Location	
15. SAR Test Results	
15.1 Head SAR	
15.2 Hotspot SAR	
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement	
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions	
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	
17. Uncertainty Assessment	
18. References	
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	
Appendix E. Product Equality Declaration	

Revision History

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

		ite vision instory	
REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA5D0806-02	Rev. 01	This is a variant product for Lenovo A6020l36. The product equality declaration could be referred to Appendix E. Based on the difference between two products, only WWAN SAR were performed full test, all other test results of conducted power and WLAN SAR were leveraged from original report Number FA5D0806.	Feb. 02, 2016

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 3 of 59

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd., Lenovo Mobile Phone, Lenovo A6020I36 are as follows.

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

	Equipment Frequency Class Band		Highest SAR Summary					
			Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission		
				1g SAR (V	V/kg)			
	GSM	GSM850	0.60	1.14	1.14			
	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.72	1.07	1.07			
	. WCDMA	Band II	0.80	1.04	1.04			
Licensed		Band IV	0.62	0.75	0.75	1.52		
Licensed		Band V	0.25	0.54	0.54	1.52		
		Band 2	0.74	1.00	1.00			
	LTE	Band 4	0.53	0.67	0.67			
		Band 7	0.32	0.79	0.79			
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.22			1.52		
	Date of Testing:		2015/12/26~ 2016/01/30					

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version.: 151208 Page 4 of 59

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.				
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958				

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

Applicant Applicant				
Company Name	Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd.			
	No. 999, Qishan North 2nd Road, Information & Optoelectronics Park, Torch Hi-tech Industry Development Zone, Xiamen, P. R. China			

Manufacturer				
Company Name	Lenovo PC HK Limited			
Address	23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong			

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 5 of 59 Form version. : 151208

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Lenovo Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo A6020l36
FCC ID	YCNA6020L36
IMEI Code	SIM1: 868526021058156 SIM2: 868526021058164
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth v2.1+EDR, Bluetooth v4.1 LE
HW Version	H201
SW Version	A6020l36_S003_151202_ROW
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

Remark

- 1. This device 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
- 2. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 33.
- 4. This device does not support DTM operation.
- 5. This device has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose dual SIM1 card to perform all tests.

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 6 of 59 Form version. : 151208

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized r	nece	essary items	address	sed in K	DB 941	225 D05	v02r05		
FCC ID	YCNA6020L36								
Equipment Name	Lenovo Mobile Phone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE	Band 2: 185 Band 4: 171 Band 7: 250	10.7 MHz	~ 1754.	3 MHz				
Channel Bandwidth	LTE	Band 2:1.4 Band 4:1.4 Band 7: 5M	MHz, 3MI	Hz, 5MH	z, 10MH	lz, 15MH			
uplink modulations used	QΡ	SK, and 16Q	AM						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Dat	e only							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by							MPR (dB)		
design			1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	İ	QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	s 1
		16 QAM	≤5	54	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting or all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)								
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A p	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and powe measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offse configuration are not included in the SAR report.							
LTE Release	R9								

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 7 of 59 Form version. : 151208



	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band											
	LTE Band 2											
		idth 1.4 Hz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bandwi	dth 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 MH.	z Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwid	th 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
М	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
Н	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
						LTE Ba	nd 4					
		idth 1.4 Hz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bandwi	dth 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 MH	z Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwid	th 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq.		Freq.		Freq.		Eroa		Freq.		1
	O <i>"</i>	(MHz)	Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957		Ch. #		Ch. #		Ch. #	(MHz)	Ch. #		Ch. #	
L M		(MHz)		(MHz)		(MHz)		(MHz)	20025	(MHz)		(MHz)
M H	19957	(MHz) 1710.7	19965	(MHz) 1711.5	19975	(MHz) 1712.5	20000	(MHz) 1715	20025	(MHz) 1717.5	20050	(MHz) 1720
	19957 20175	(MHz) 1710.7 1732.5	19965 20175	(MHz) 1711.5 1732.5	19975 20175	(MHz) 1712.5 1732.5	20000 20175 20350	(MHz) 1715 1732.5	20025 20175	(MHz) 1717.5 1732.5	20050 20175	(MHz) 1720 1732.5
	19957 20175 20393	(MHz) 1710.7 1732.5	19965 20175 20385	(MHz) 1711.5 1732.5 1753.5	19975 20175	(MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 LTE Ba	20000 20175 20350 and 7	(MHz) 1715 1732.5	20025 20175 20325	(MHz) 1717.5 1732.5 1747.5	20050 20175	(MHz) 1720 1732.5 1745
	19957 20175 20393	(MHz) 1710.7 1732.5 1754.3 dwidth 5 I	19965 20175 20385	(MHz) 1711.5 1732.5 1753.5	19975 20175 20375 dwidth 10	(MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 LTE Ba	20000 20175 20350 and 7	(MHz) 1715 1732.5 1750 dwidth 18	20025 20175 20325	(MHz) 1717.5 1732.5 1747.5	20050 20175 20300 dwidth 20	(MHz) 1720 1732.5 1745
	19957 20175 20393 Ban	(MHz) 1710.7 1732.5 1754.3 dwidth 5 I	19965 20175 20385 MHz	(MHz) 1711.5 1732.5 1753.5	19975 20175 20375 dwidth 10	(MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 LTE Ba	20000 20175 20350 nd 7 Band	(MHz) 1715 1732.5 1750 dwidth 15	20025 20175 20325	(MHz) 1717.5 1732.5 1747.5	20050 20175 20300 dwidth 20	(MHz) 1720 1732.5 1745 MHz
	19957 20175 20393 Ban Ch. #	(MHz) 1710.7 1732.5 1754.3 dwidth 5 I	19965 20175 20385 MHz q. (MHz)	(MHz) 1711.5 1732.5 1753.5 Band Ch. #	19975 20175 20375 dwidth 10	(MHz) 1712.5 1732.5 1752.5 LTE Ba 0 MHz eq. (MHz)	20000 20175 20350 nd 7 Band Ch. #	(MHz) 1715 1732.5 1750 dwidth 15	20025 20175 20325 5 MHz eq. (MHz)	(MHz) 1717.5 1732.5 1747.5 Band Ch. #	20050 20175 20300 dwidth 20	(MHz) 1720 1732.5 1745 MHz eq. (MHz)

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 8 of 59

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

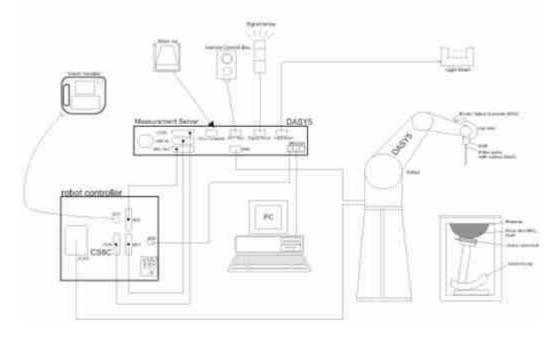
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 10 of 59 Form version. : 151208

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	20000
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	- 100 m
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	- 10
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	34
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	40
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	18.00°
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	44
	mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Report No. : FA5D0806-02

Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version.: 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 12 of 59

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

\LLI I Halltolli>		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 14 of 59 Form version. : 151208

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume (c)
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version.: 151208 Page 15 of 59

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test of measurement point on the test.	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding device with at least one

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version.: 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 16 of 59

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Z _{Zoom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	n zoom scan x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 17 of 59 Form version. : 151208

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Turno/Mondal	Carial Neuroban	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 2016	
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	Mar. 20, 2015	Mar. 19, 2016	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 25, 2015	Nov. 24, 2016	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	Jul. 21, 2015	Jul. 20, 2016	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 21, 2015	May 20, 2016	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	Nov. 27, 2015	Nov. 26, 2016	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 28, 2015 May 27, 201		
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1644	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1542	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300654	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	May 04, 2015	May 03, 2016	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	May 04, 2015	May 03, 2016	
SPEAG	DAK Kit	DAK3.5	1144	Nov. 24, 2015	Nov. 23, 2016	
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100783	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1339163	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1435004	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016	
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1339163	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1435004	Jan. 20, 2016	Jan. 19, 2017	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	100319	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note1		
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note1		
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note1		
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	333096	Note1		
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	162601250	No	te1	

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version.: 151208 Page 18 of 59

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)		
For Head										
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0		
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2		
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0		
				For Body						
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2		
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3		
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7		
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5		

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.8	0.904	41.212	0.90	41.50	0.44	-0.69	±5	2016/01/28
1750	Head	22.6	1.396	40.486	1.37	40.10	1.90	0.96	±5	2016/01/29
1900	Head	22.6	1.426	40.734	1.40	40.00	1.86	1.84	±5	2016/01/28
2450	Head	22.6	1.824	40.176	1.80	39.20	1.33	2.49	±5	2015/12/26
2600	Head	22.5	1.974	38.204	1.96	39.00	0.71	-2.04	±5	2016/01/28
835	Body	22.8	0.970	55.690	0.97	55.20	0.00	0.89	±5	2016/01/28
1750	Body	22.9	1.540	53.324	1.49	53.40	3.36	-0.14	±5	2016/01/30
1900	Body	22.9	1.538	54.773	1.52	53.30	1.18	2.76	±5	2016/01/29
2600	Body	22.7	2.136	52.925	2.16	52.50	-1.11	0.81	±5	2016/01/28

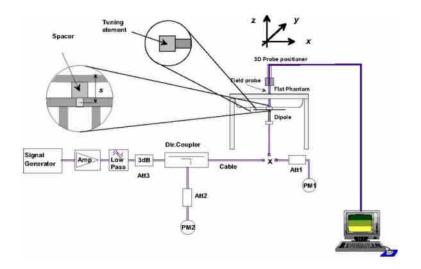
TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version.: 151208

FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 19 of 59

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/01/28	835	Head	250	4d091	3954	1279	2.40	9.14	9.6	5.03
2016/01/29	1750	Head	250	1069	3857	1210	9.79	37.00	39.16	5.84
2016/01/28	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	9.80	39.40	39.2	-0.51
2015/12/26	2450	Head	250	908	3857	1210	13.40	52.30	53.6	2.49
2016/01/28	2600	Head	250	1061	3954	1279	13.90	58.10	55.6	-4.30
2016/01/28	835	Body	250	4d091	3954	1279	2.44	9.55	9.76	2.20
2016/01/30	1750	Body	250	1069	3954	1279	9.60	35.90	38.4	6.96
2016/01/29	1900	Body	250	5d118	3954	1279	9.78	40.60	39.12	-3.65
2016/01/28	2600	Body	250	1061	3954	1279	13.10	54.60	52.4	-4.03





Report No. : FA5D0806-02

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version.: 151208 Page 20 of 59

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

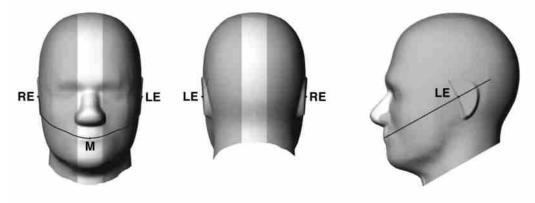


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

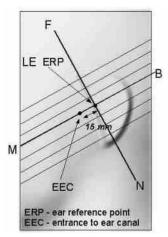
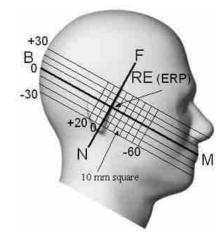


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 21 of 59 Form version. : 151208

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

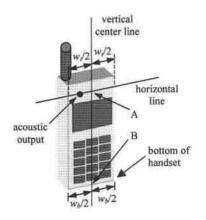
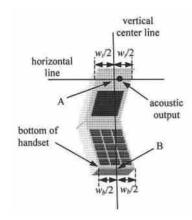
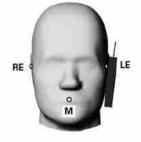


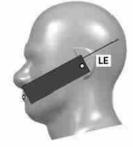
Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"





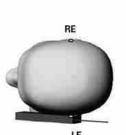


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

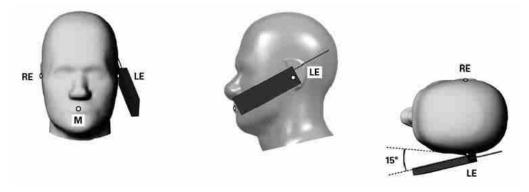
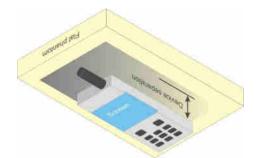


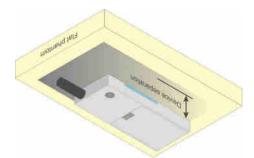
Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Av	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Tune-up Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	24.2 836.4 848.8		(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.25	33.35	33.15	33.50	24.25	24.35	24.15	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.20	33.34	33.10	33.50	24.20	24.34	24.10	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.48	30.60	30.38	31.00	24.48	24.60	24.38	25.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	29.06	29.14	29.33	29.50	24.80	24.88	25.07	25.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.94	28.12	28.18	28.50	24.94	25.12	25.18	25.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.53	26.48	26.52	27.00	17.53	17.48	17.52	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.48	25.38	25.46	26.00	19.48	19.38	19.46	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.40	24.30	24.38	25.00	20.14	20.04	20.12	20.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.27	23.16	23.26	24.00	20.27	20.16	20.26	21.00
	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Frame-Average Power (c				
Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
Band GSM1900 TX Channel	Burst Av 512	erage Pow 661	ver (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit	Frame-A	verage Pov 661	ver (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit
			· · · · ·				, ,	
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
TX Channel Frequency (MHz)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 30.32	661 1880 30.12	810 1909.8 30.35	Limit (dBm) 30.50	512 1850.2 21.32	661 1880 21.12	810 1909.8 21.35	Limit (dBm)
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 30.32 30.31	661 1880 30.12 30.11	810 1909.8 30.35 30.32	Limit (dBm) 30.50 30.50	512 1850.2 21.32 21.31	661 1880 21.12 21.11	810 1909.8 21.35 21.32	Limit (dBm) 21.50 21.50
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	512 1850.2 30.32 30.31 29.04	661 1880 30.12 30.11 28.82	810 1909.8 30.35 30.32 29.17	Limit (dBm) 30.50 30.50 29.50	512 1850.2 21.32 21.31 23.04	661 1880 21.12 21.11 22.82	810 1909.8 21.35 21.32 23.17	Limit (dBm) 21.50 21.50 23.50
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	512 1850.2 30.32 30.31 29.04 26.85	661 1880 30.12 30.11 28.82 27.07	810 1909.8 30.35 30.32 29.17 27.00	Limit (dBm) 30.50 30.50 29.50 27.50	512 1850.2 21.32 21.31 23.04 22.59	661 1880 21.12 21.11 22.82 22.81	810 1909.8 21.35 21.32 23.17 22.74	Limit (dBm) 21.50 21.50 23.50 23.24
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	512 1850.2 30.32 30.31 29.04 26.85 25.72	661 1880 30.12 30.11 28.82 27.07 25.99	810 1909.8 30.35 30.32 29.17 27.00 25.90	Limit (dBm) 30.50 30.50 29.50 27.50 26.50	512 1850.2 21.32 21.31 23.04 22.59 22.72	661 1880 21.12 21.11 22.82 22.81 22.99	810 1909.8 21.35 21.32 23.17 22.74 22.90	Limit (dBm) 21.50 21.50 23.50 23.24 23.50
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 30.32 30.31 29.04 26.85 25.72 25.56	661 1880 30.12 30.11 28.82 27.07 25.99 25.49	810 1909.8 30.35 30.32 29.17 27.00 25.90 25.48	Limit (dBm) 30.50 30.50 29.50 27.50 26.50 26.00	512 1850.2 21.32 21.31 23.04 22.59 22.72 16.56	661 1880 21.12 21.11 22.82 22.81 22.99 16.49	810 1909.8 21.35 21.32 23.17 22.74 22.90 16.48	Limit (dBm) 21.50 21.50 23.50 23.24 23.50 17.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters vi.
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 х.
 - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits

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The transmitted maximum output power was recorded. d.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βa	β _d (SF)	βе/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

NACK, Δ NACK and Δ cqi = 30/15 with β_{lm} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ and $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$ = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$ = 24/15 with $\beta_{ts} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

CM = 1 for β_e/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_e =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_0/β_0 ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and β_d = 15/15

Setup Configuration

FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version.: 151208 Page 26 of 59

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	βa	β _d (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_0/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{1s}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15. Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_d/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15. Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to
- TS25.306 Table 5.1g. Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 27 of 59 Form version. : 151208

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors $(\beta_c$ and $\beta_d)$ and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
- c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12 Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12 Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate kbps TTI's Inter-TTI Distance Number of HARQ Processes 6 ses Bits Information Bit Payload (N_{tsr}) 120 Number Code Blocks Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Total Available SML's in UE Number of SML's per HARQ Proc Coding Rate SML's SML's Number of Physical Channel Codes Codes Modulation C Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used. Inf. Bit Payload 120 **CRC** Addition 24 CRC 120 Code Block 144 Segmentation Turba-Encoding 432 12 Tail Bits (R=1/3) 1st Rate Matching 432 **RV** Selection Physical Channel Segmentation

Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 28 of 59 Form version. : 151208



< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band		WC	DMA Bar	nd V		WCDMA Band II				WC	d IV		
Т	X Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up Limit
R	x Channel	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)	9662	9800	9938	(dBm)	1537	1638	1738	(dBm)
Fred	quency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	, ,	1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.88	22.90	22.83	23.50	22.87	22.85	22.98	23.50	23.50	23.57	23.56	24.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.89	<mark>22.92</mark>	22.85	23.50	22.89	22.87	<mark>22.99</mark>	23.50	23.52	<mark>23.58</mark>	23.57	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.81	21.96	21.84	22.50	22.08	22.04	22.03	22.50	22.70	22.82	22.75	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.80	21.91	21.85	22.50	22.05	22.01	22.03	22.50	22.68	22.76	22.71	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.44	21.47	21.51	22.00	21.58	21.54	21.50	22.00	22.31	22.27	22.23	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.42	21.47	21.50	22.00	21.57	21.52	21.49	22.00	22.27	22.26	22.20	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.78	21.81	21.74	22.00	22.03	21.99	21.99	22.50	22.67	22.72	22.63	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.75	21.87	21.80	22.00	22.01	21.92	22.00	22.50	22.54	22.62	22.59	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.36	21.33	21.47	22.00	21.53	21.41	21.38	22.00	22.09	22.14	22.10	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.38	21.43	21.48	22.00	21.52	21.48	21.46	22.00	22.13	22.10	22.07	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.13	21.25	21.09	21.50	21.37	21.32	21.29	21.50	21.96	22.05	22.03	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.85	20.92	20.80	21.50	21.05	21.01	20.94	21.50	21.61	21.75	21.69	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.57	20.67	20.51	21.00	20.75	20.68	20.64	21.50	21.62	21.76	21.71	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.10	21.25	21.03	21.50	21.37	21.26	21.21	21.50	21.78	21.93	21.89	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.21	21.35	21.16	21.50	21.41	21.32	21.23	21.50	21.89	22.04	21.98	22.50



<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958



<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		18700	18900	19100	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.44	22.51	22.57		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.21	22.50	22.41	23.00	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.25	22.27	22.19		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.34	21.27	21.52		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.27	21.21	21.33	22.00	0-1
20	QPSK	50	50	21.19	21.25	21.27		0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.27	21.25	21.28		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.87	21.64	21.88	22.00	
20	16QAM	1	49	21.48	21.47	21.63		0-1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.42	21.67	21.53		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.31	20.28	20.51	21.00	
20	16QAM	50	24	20.15	20.26	20.31		0-2
20	16QAM	50	50	20.17	20.24	20.18		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.26	20.33	20.32		
	Cha	nnel		18675	18900	19125	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1857.5	1880	1902.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.21	22.44		
15	QPSK	1	37	21.90	22.08	22.10	23.00	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.09	22.17	22.06		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.14	21.33	21.29		
15	QPSK	36	20	21.11	21.20	21.09	22.00	0.1
15	QPSK	36	39	21.05	21.21	21.10	22.00	0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.10	21.20	21.10		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.56	21.67	21.74		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.31	21.52	21.50	22.00	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.39	21.53	21.67		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.11	20.31	20.37		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.17	20.17	20.11	21.00	0.2
15	16QAM	36	39	20.21	20.21	20.20	21.00	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.09	20.19	20.09		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 31 of 59



	Cha	innel		18650	18900	19150	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1855	1880	1905	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.39	22.34	22.41		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.16	22.22	22.20	23.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.05	22.24	22.25		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.05	21.17	21.27		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.06	21.20	21.22	00.00	0-1
10	QPSK	25	25	21.06	21.19	21.29	22.00	
10	QPSK	50	0	21.06	21.24	21.26		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.53	21.48	21.73		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.50	21.74	21.58	22.00	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.52	21.59	21.51		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.33	20.26	20.28	21.00	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.24	20.38	20.25		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.22	20.18	20.23		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.17	20.04	20.10		
	Cha	nnel		18625	18900	19175	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1852.5	1880	1907.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	21.95	22.17	22.34		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.32	22.37	22.22	23.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.12	22.13	22.03		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.08	21.11	21.17		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.07	21.12	21.13	22.00	0-1
5	QPSK	12	13	21.05	21.15	21.14	22.00	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.10	21.18	21.15		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.48	21.28	21.56		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.37	21.43	21.22	22.00	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.32	21.53	21.44		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.07	20.19	20.44		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.14	20.27	20.16	21.00	0.0
5	16QAM	12	13	20.10	20.08	20.19		0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.09	20.16	20.44		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 32 of 59



	Cha	nnel		18615	18900	19185	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1851.5	1880	1908.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.30	22.26	22.29		
3	QPSK	1	8	22.21	22.14	22.02	23.00	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.27	22.25	22.14		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.17	21.23	21.28		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.17	21.21	21.09	00.00	0.4
3	QPSK	8	7	21.16	21.19	21.05	22.00	0-1
3	QPSK	15	0	21.23	21.22	21.10		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.85	21.79		
3	16QAM	1	8	21.35	21.45	21.36	22.00	0-1
3	16QAM	1	14	21.50	21.50	21.30		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.32	20.33	20.40	21.00	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.34	20.06	20.33		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.38	20.42	20.30		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.23	20.31	20.32		
	Cha	nnel		18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1850.7	1880	1909.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.09	22.01	21.93		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.15	22.13	22.03		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.01	21.96	22.00	23.00	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.17	22.08	22.07	23.00	U
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.29	22.05	22.15		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.11	22.11	21.93		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.19	21.21	21.04	22.00	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.29	21.30	21.04		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.44	21.45	21.11		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.30	21.34	20.93	22.00	0-1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.19	21.35	20.97		0-1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.23	21.31	21.07		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.19	21.33	20.85		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.15	20.16	19.89	21.00	0-2

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 33 of 59



<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Channel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.45	22.55	22.28		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.12	22.21	22.06	23.00	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.11	22.03	21.99		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.26	21.28	21.15		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.11	21.15	20.94	22.00	0.1
20	QPSK	50	50	21.06	21.04	20.86	22.00	0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.14	21.25	21.08		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.65	21.75	21.72	22.00	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.35	21.16	21.42		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.35	21.20	21.24		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.26	20.37	20.13	21.00	
20	16QAM	50	24	19.96	20.20	19.92		0-2
20	16QAM	50	50	20.03	20.17	19.93		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.30	20.20	20.12		
	Cha	nnel		20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.45	22.53	22.32		
15	QPSK	1	37	21.97	21.99	21.87	23.00	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.26	22.08	22.02		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.20	21.11	21.06		
15	QPSK	36	20	20.95	21.09	20.90	22.00	0-1
15	QPSK	36	39	21.00	20.99	20.93	22.00	0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.08	21.11	21.00		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.83	21.85	21.79		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.92	21.22	20.66	22.00	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.39	21.58	21.36		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.27	20.25	20.13		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.01	20.14	19.96	21.00	0-2
15	16QAM	36	39	20.07	20.12	19.98	21.00	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.24	20.05	20.06		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 34 of 59



	Cha	ınnel		20000	20175	20350	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.43	22.15		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.15	22.11	22.00	23.00	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.11	22.34	22.21		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.18	21.13	20.99		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.11	21.03	20.78	22.00	0.4
10	QPSK	25	25	20.98	21.01	20.95	22.00	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.13	21.05	21.07		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.83	21.48		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.02	21.43	20.98	22.00	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.35	21.33	21.74		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.27	20.30	20.17	21.00	
10	16QAM	25	12	20.18	20.16	19.93		0-2
10	16QAM	25	25	20.05	20.00	20.02		0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.20	20.14	20.14		
	Cha	nnel		19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.25	22.19	21.94		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.09	22.12	22.05	23.00	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.08	22.00	21.83		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.15	20.96	20.93		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.10	20.98	20.91	22.00	0-1
5	QPSK	12	13	21.00	20.95	20.93	22.00	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.03	21.00	20.99		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.80	21.14		
5	16QAM	1	12	20.96	21.18	21.12	22.00	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.41	21.30	21.22		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.15	20.11	19.95		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.07	20.05	19.98	21.00	0-2
5	16QAM	12	13	19.97	20.01	19.99	21.00	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.21	19.95	19.92		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36



	Cha	nnel		19965	20175	20385	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.05	21.94	22.08		
3	QPSK	1	8	21.92	22.02	22.17	23.00	0
3	QPSK	1	14	21.86	22.10	22.15		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.99	21.13	20.89		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.00	21.16	20.91	00.00	0.1
3	QPSK	8	7	21.00	21.05	20.96	22.00	0-1
3	QPSK	15	0	20.99	21.03	20.93		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.47	21.27		
3	16QAM	1	8	20.79	21.06	21.17	22.00	0-1
3	16QAM	1	14	21.40	21.33	21.34		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.18	19.92	19.84	21.00	
3	16QAM	8	4	20.31	20.03	19.83		0.0
3	16QAM	8	7	20.18	20.00	19.87		0-2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.10	19.86	19.83		
	Cha	nnel		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.46	22.00	21.83		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.46	22.00	21.88		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.34	21.95	21.79	23.00	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.57	22.09	21.99	23.00	U
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.50	22.18	22.06		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.46	22.16	22.05		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.47	21.53	21.52	22.00	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.79	20.99	21.20		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.58	21.27	21.01	22.00	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.78	21.32	21.19		0-1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.39	21.07	20.96		0-1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.30	20.82	21.02		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.57	21.02	20.84		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.45	20.55	20.48	21.00	0-2

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 36 of 59



<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	ı	Measured Powe	èΓ	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.20	22.00	22.08		
20	QPSK	1	49	21.97	21.65	21.93	22.50	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.00	21.80	21.77		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.00	20.87	20.83		
20	QPSK	50	24	20.74	20.68	20.75	04.50	0.4
20	QPSK	50	50	20.74	20.71	20.81	21.50	0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	20.82	20.80	20.75		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.45	21.40	21.17		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.26	20.98	20.95	21.50	0-1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.14	21.07	20.95		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.02	19.73	19.79		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.83	19.60	19.64	00.50	0.0
20	16QAM	50	50	19.99	19.64	19.59	20.50	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	19.97	19.91	19.64		
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	21.99	21.94	21.85		
15	QPSK	1	37	21.70	21.61	21.60	22.50	0
15	QPSK	1	74	21.88	21.90	21.51		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.90	20.78	20.73		
15	QPSK	36	20	20.87	20.69	20.66	24.50	0.4
15	QPSK	36	39	20.87	20.72	20.74	21.50	0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	20.82	20.73	20.65		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.34	21.30	21.28		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.07	20.92	20.95	21.50	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.48	21.38	21.03		
15	16QAM	36	0	19.93	19.76	19.61		
15	16QAM	36	20	19.80	19.68	19.65	00.50	0.0
15	16QAM	36	39	19.86	19.69	19.63	20.50	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	19.94	19.60	19.62		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 37 of 59



	Cha	ınnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	21.96	21.78	21.91		
10	QPSK	1	25	21.94	21.75	21.73	22.50	0
10	QPSK	1	49	21.86	21.90	21.54		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.88	20.75	20.80		
10	QPSK	25	12	20.94	20.66	20.63	04.50	0.4
10	QPSK	25	25	20.82	20.67	20.67	21.50	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	20.96	20.77	20.68		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.31	21.25	21.17		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.23	21.06	20.75	21.50	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.15	21.06	21.02		
10	16QAM	25	0	19.84	19.73	19.76		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.87	19.73	19.69	00.50	2.2
10	16QAM	25	25	19.87	19.72	19.48	20.50	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	19.85	19.56	19.65		
	Cha	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	21.95	21.85	21.78		
5	QPSK	1	12	21.91	21.73	21.76	22.50	0
5	QPSK	1	24	21.89	21.70	21.51		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.81	20.71	20.76		
5	QPSK	12	7	20.78	20.62	20.71	24.50	0.4
5	QPSK	12	13	20.82	20.63	20.62	21.50	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	20.82	20.71	20.68		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.15	21.14	20.95		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.12	21.02	20.94	21.50	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.08	20.99	20.86		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.79	19.62	19.64		
5	16QAM	12	7	19.85	19.51	19.53	20.50	0.0
5	16QAM	12	13	19.84	19.62	19.51	20.50	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	19.91	19.70	19.64		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 38 of 59



<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. For 2.4GHz WLAN Body SAR Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Since the tune-up limit is 12.50dBm, distance is 10mm and calculated threshold is 2.8, which is <= 3, therefore the 2.4GHz WLAN body SAR in not necessary.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

 TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958
 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 39 of 59 Form version. : 151208



<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		CH 1	2412		9.68	10.00		
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	<mark>11.98</mark>	12.50	97.62	
2.4GHz WLAN		CH 11	2462		11.17	12.50		
2.4GHZ WLAN	802.11g	CH 1	2412		8.28	9.00		
		CH 6	2437	6Mbps	10.01	10.50	87.28	
		CH 11	2462		9.57	10.00		
		CH 1	2412		7.28	8.00		
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	9.08	9.50	86.50	
		CH 11	2462		8.50	9.00		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 40 of 59

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)								
Wode Band	Bluetooth v2.1+EDR	Bluetooth v4.1 LE							
2.4GHz Bluetooth	11.00	2.50							

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

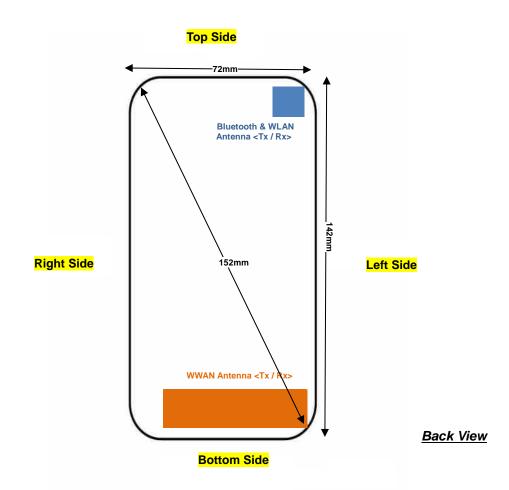
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
11.00	10	2.48	2.1

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, a distance of 10 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 2.1 which is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

14. Antenna Location



Report No. : FA5D0806-02

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	134mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm						
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm 130mm 58mm ≤ 25mm												

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes						
BT&WLAN Yes Yes No No Yes												

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version. : 151208 Page 42 of 59

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - \cdot ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

UMTS Note:

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- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016

FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Form version. : 151208 Page 43 of 59



LTE Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC. TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958



15.1 <u>Head SAR</u>

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
#01	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.06	0.559	<mark>0.602</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Tilted	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.02	0.406	0.437
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.18	0.464	0.499
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Tilted	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.06	0.378	0.407
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	-0.01	0.612	0.688
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Tilted	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.07	0.271	0.305
#02	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.1	0.638	<mark>0.717</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Tilted	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.05	0.432	0.486

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
#03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.01	0.218	<mark>0.249</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.04	0.142	0.162
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.06	0.203	0.232
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.04	0.144	0.165
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.04	0.477	0.525
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.05	0.225	0.248
#04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	-0.03	0.563	<mark>0.620</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.11	0.262	0.289
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.05	0.476	0.535
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	-0.01	0.198	0.223
#05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.07	0.708	<mark>0.796</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.05	0.292	0.328

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016

Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 45 of 59



FOR SAR Test Report

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.07	0.416	0.461
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.04	0.406	0.479
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.03	0.144	0.160
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.16	0.114	0.135
#06	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.05	0.477	<mark>0.529</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.02	0.388	0.458
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.06	0.232	0.257
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	-0.1	0.388	0.458
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Cheek	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.09	0.446	0.492
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Cheek	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.17	0.346	0.386
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Tilted	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.1	0.198	0.219
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Right Tilted	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.04	0.154	0.172
#07	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Cheek	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.01	0.672	0.742
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Cheek	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.15	0.528	0.590
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Tilted	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.17	0.281	0.310
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0Offset	QPSK	Left Tilted	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.06	0.219	0.245
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Cheek	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.08	0.14	0.150
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Cheek	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0	0.113	0.127
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Tilted	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.07	0.062	0.066
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Tilted	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0	0.055	0.062
#08	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Cheek	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	-0.04	0.295	<mark>0.316</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Cheek	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0.04	0.232	0.260
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Tilted	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.04	0.039	0.042
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Tilted	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0.1	0.032	0.036

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Peak SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
#09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	11.98	12.50	1.127	97.62	1.024	0.310	-0.18	0.189	<mark>0.218</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	11.98	12.50	1.127	97.62	1.024	0.193			
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	11.98	12.50	1.127	97.62	1.024	0.096			
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	11.98	12.50	1.127	97.62	1.024	0.136			

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 46 of 59



15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.09	0.629	0.677
#10	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	0.02	1.060	<mark>1.141</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	128	824.2	27.94	28.50	1.138	0.06	0.807	0.918
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	189	836.4	28.12	28.50	1.091	0.01	0.943	1.029
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Side	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.01	0.696	0.749
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	0.09	0.861	0.927
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	10	128	824.2	27.94	28.50	1.138	0.07	0.658	0.749
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	10	189	836.4	28.12	28.50	1.091	0.04	0.872	0.952
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	0.08	0.170	0.183
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	-0.04	0.485	0.545
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.08	0.887	0.998
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	512	1850.2	25.72	26.50	1.197	-0.07	0.743	0.889
#11	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	810	1909.8	25.90	26.50	1.148	-0.15	0.933	1.071
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Side	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.05	0.452	0.508
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	-0.04	0.215	0.242
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.05	0.336	0.378

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0	0.275	0.314
#12	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	-0.01	0.468	0.535
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.01	0.258	0.295
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.05	0.289	0.330
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0.12	0.075	0.086
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	-0.02	0.596	0.657
#13	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.05	0.684	0.753
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	-0.04	0.220	0.242
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.06	0.349	0.384
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.06	0.454	0.500
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.04	0.711	0.800
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.11	0.623	0.717
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.87	23.50	1.155	0.02	0.661	0.764
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.09	0.834	0.938
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.02	0.857	0.986
#14	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.87	23.50	1.155	0.03	0.896	1.035
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.07	0.457	0.514
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.04	0.252	0.283
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.07	0.451	0.507

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 47 of 59



<LTE SAR>

										Average	Tune-Up	Tune-up	Power	Measured	Reported
Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.06	0.513	0.569
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.02	0.443	0.523
#15	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.06	0.600	0.666
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.05	0.497	0.587
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.01	0.242	0.268
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.04	0.218	0.257
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.1	0.140	0.155
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.05	0.118	0.139
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.03	0.371	0.412
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	-0.02	0.299	0.353
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.1	0.673	0.743
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0	0.529	0.591
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.04	0.882	0.974
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0	0.816	0.928
#16	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	22.51	23.00	1.119	-0.06	0.891	0.997
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.02	0.733	0.819
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18700	1860	21.34	22.00	1.164	-0.03	0.668	0.778
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	21.27	22.00	1.183	-0.06	0.814	0.963
	LTE Band 2	20M	100RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	21.28	22.00	1.180	0	0.755	0.891
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Side	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.12	0.418	0.462
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Side	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.1	0.337	0.376
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Side	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.07	0.285	0.315
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Side	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.13	0.224	0.250
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.13	0.412	0.455
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.01	0.332	0.371
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	-0.1	0.448	0.480
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0.09	0.37	0.415
#17	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.06	0.734	0.786
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0.02	0.609	0.683
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Side	10	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.05	0.136	0.146
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Left Side	10	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	-0.11	0.108	0.121
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Side	10	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.15	0.028	0.030
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Right Side	10	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	-0.09	0.00269	0.003
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	20850	2511	22.20	22.50	1.072	-0.15	0.637	0.683
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	20850	2512	21.00	21.50	1.122	-0.12	0.549	0.616

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 48 of 59

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.09	0.629	0.677
#10	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	0.02	1.06	<mark>1.141</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	128	824.2	27.94	28.50	1.138	0.06	0.807	0.918
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	189	836.4	28.12	28.50	1.091	0.01	0.943	1.029
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	-0.04	0.485	0.545
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	661	1880	25.99	26.50	1.125	0.08	0.887	0.998
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	512	1850.2	25.72	26.50	1.197	-0.07	0.743	0.889
#11	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	810	1909.8	25.90	26.50	1.148	-0.15	0.933	1.071

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	0	0.275	0.314
#12	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4182	836.4	22.92	23.50	1.143	-0.01	0.468	0.535
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	-0.02	0.596	0.657
#13	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1413	1732.6	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.05	0.684	<mark>0.753</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.04	0.711	0.800
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.11	0.623	0.717
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.87	23.50	1.155	0.02	0.661	0.764
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	22.99	23.50	1.125	0.09	0.834	0.938
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.02	0.857	0.986
#14	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.87	23.50	1.155	0.03	0.896	1.035



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.06	0.513	0.569
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.02	0.443	0.523
#15	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.06	0.6	0.666
	LTE Band 4	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20175	1732.5	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.05	0.497	0.587
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.1	0.673	0.743
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	0	0.529	0.591
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.04	0.882	0.974
	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18700	1860	22.44	23.00	1.138	0	0.816	0.928
#16	LTE Band 2	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	22.51	23.00	1.119	-0.06	0.891	0.997
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.02	0.733	0.819
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18700	1860	21.34	22.00	1.164	-0.03	0.668	0.778
	LTE Band 2	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	18900	1880	21.27	22.00	1.183	-0.06	0.814	0.963
	LTE Band 2	20M	100RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	19100	1900	21.28	22.00	1.180	0	0.755	0.891
	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	-0.1	0.448	0.480
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Front	10	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0.09	0.37	0.415
#17	LTE Band 7	20M	1RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20850	2510	22.20	22.50	1.072	0.06	0.734	0.786
	LTE Band 7	20M	50RB	0offset	QPSK	Back	10	20850	2510	21.00	21.50	1.122	0.02	0.609	0.683

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 50 of 59

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version.: 151208

Report No. : FA5D0806-02



15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	0.02	1.06	1	1.141
2nd	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	251	848.8	28.18	28.50	1.076	-0.02	0.975	1.087	1.050
1st	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	810	1909.8	25.90	26.50	1.148	-0.15	0.933	1	1.071
2nd	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	810	1909.8	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.05	0.913	1.022	1.048

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

FCC ID : YCNA6020L36 Page 51 of 59 Form version. : 151208

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	P	ortable Handse	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
- WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. 5.
- For head, WLAN 2.4GHz, chose the worse zoom scan SAR for co-located with WWAN.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg. ii) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

MODE	Max Power	Exposure Position	Hotspot	Body worn
MODE	Max Fower	Test separation	10 mm	10 mm
Bluetooth	11.0dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)		0.273W/kg
WLAN2.4GHz	12.5dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.377W/kg	0.377W/kg

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version.: 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 52 of 59



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz >

	WLAN 2.4GF		WWAN	WLAN	Summed		
1AWW	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Right Cheek	0.602	0.218	0.82		
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.437	0.218	0.66		
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.499	0.218	0.72		
GSM		Left Tilted	0.407	0.218	0.63		
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.688	0.218	0.91		
	CCM4000	Right Tilted	0.305	0.218	0.52		
	GSM1900	Left Cheek	0.717	0.218	0.94		
		Left Tilted	0.486	0.218	0.70		
		Right Cheek	0.535	0.218	0.75		
	6	Right Tilted	0.223	0.218	0.44		
	Band II	Left Cheek	0.796	0.218	1.01		
		Left Tilted	0.328	0.218	0.55		
		Right Cheek	0.525	0.218	0.74		
		Right Tilted	0.248	0.218	0.47		
WCDMA	Band IV -	Left Cheek	0.620	0.218	0.84		
		Left Tilted	0.289	0.218	0.51		
		Right Cheek	0.249	0.218	0.47		
		Right Tilted	0.162	0.218	0.38		
	Band V	Left Cheek	0.232	0.218	0.45		
		Left Tilted	0.165	0.218	0.38		
		Right Cheek	0.492	0.218	0.71		
		Right Tilted	0.219	0.218	0.44		
	Band 2	Left Cheek	0.742	0.218	0.96		
		Left Tilted	0.310	0.218	0.53		
		Right Cheek	0.479	0.218	0.70		
		Right Tilted	0.160	0.218	0.38		
LTE	Band 4	Left Cheek	0.529	0.218	0.75		
		Left Tilted	0.458	0.218	0.68		
		Right Cheek	0.150	0.218	0.37		
		Right Tilted	0.066	0.218	0.28		
	Band 7	Left Cheek	0.316	0.218	0.53		
		Left Tilted	0.042	0.218	0.26		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 53 of 59



16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz>

	F WLAN 2.40		WWAN	WLAN	Summed		
WWA	AN Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Front	0.677	0.377	1.05		
		Back	1.141	0.377	1.52		
	GSM850	Left side	0.749	0.377	1.13		
	GSIVIOSO	Right side	0.952		0.95		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
GSM		Bottom side	0.183		0.18		
GSIVI		Front	0.545	0.377	0.92		
		Back	1.071	0.377	1.45		
	GSM1900	Left side	0.508	0.377	0.89		
	G3W1900	Right side	0.242		0.24		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.378		0.38		
		Front	0.800	0.377	1.18		
		Back	1.035	0.377	1.41		
	Dond II	Left side	0.514	0.377	0.89		
	Band II	Right side	0.283		0.28		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.507		0.51		
		Front	0.657	0.377	1.03		
		Back	0.753	0.377	1.13		
WCDMA	Band IV	Left side	0.242	0.377	0.62		
WCDIVIA	Danu IV	Right side	0.384		0.38		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.500		0.50		
		Front	0.314	0.377	0.69		
	Band V	Back	0.535	0.377	0.91		
		Left side	0.295	0.377	0.67		
		Right side	0.330		0.33		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.086		0.09		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 54 of 59



			WWAN	WLAN	Summed		
WW	AN Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Front	0.743	0.377	1.12		
		Back	0.997	0.377	1.37		
	Band 2	Left side	0.462	0.377	0.84		
	Band 2	Right side	0.315		0.32		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.455		0.46		
		Front	0.569	0.377	0.95		
		Back	0.666	0.377	1.04		
LTE	Band 4	Left side	0.268	0.377	0.65		
LIE	Danu 4	Right side	0.155		0.16		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.412		0.41		
		Front	0.480	0.377	0.86		
		Back	0.786	0.377	1.16		
	Band 7	Left side	0.146	0.377	0.52		
	Danu /	Right side	0.030		0.03		
		Top side		0.377	0.38		
		Bottom side	0.683		0.68		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 55 of 59



16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz>

			WWAN	WLAN	Summed		
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	Front	0.677	0.377	1.05		
GSM	GSIVIOSU	Back	1.141	0.377	<mark>1.52</mark>		
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.545	0.377	0.92		
	G3W1900	Back	1.071	0.377	1.45		
	Band II	Front	0.800	0.377	1.18		
	Danu II	Back	1.035	0.377	1.41		
WCDMA	Band IV	Front	0.657	0.377	1.03		
VVCDIVIA	Danu iv	Back	0.753	0.377	1.13		
	Band V	Front	0.314	0.377	0.69		
	Danu v	Back	0.535	0.377	0.91		
	Band 2	Front	0.743	0.377	1.12		
	Dallu Z	Back	0.997	0.377	1.37		
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.569	0.377	0.95		
LIE	Dallu 4	Back	0.666	0.377	1.04		
	Band 7	Front	0.480	0.377	0.86		
	Dallu /	Back	0.786	0.377	1.16		

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth	Summed	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.677	0.273	0.95		
		Back	1.141	0.273	1.41		
	GSM1900	Front	0.545	0.273	0.82		
		Back	1.071	0.273	1.34		
WCDMA	Band II	Front	0.800	0.273	1.07		
		Back	1.035	0.273	1.31		
	Band IV	Front	0.657	0.273	0.93		
		Back	0.753	0.273	1.03		
	Band V	Front	0.314	0.273	0.59		
		Back	0.535	0.273	0.81		
LTE	Band 2	Front	0.743	0.273	1.02		
		Back	0.997	0.273	1.27		
	Band 4	Front	0.569	0.273	0.84		
		Back	0.666	0.273	0.94		
	Band 7	Front	0.480	0.273	0.75		
		Back	0.786	0.273	1.06		

Test Engineer: Fulu Hu

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 56 of 59

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA5D0806-02

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Cor	11.4%	11.4%					
Coverage Factor for 95 %							K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty							22.7%

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

Issued Date: Feb. 02, 2016 Form version. : 151208 FCC ID: YCNA6020L36 Page 58 of 59

18. References

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Report No. : FA5D0806-02

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

System Check_Head_835MHz_160128

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.212$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.1.28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.03 W/kg

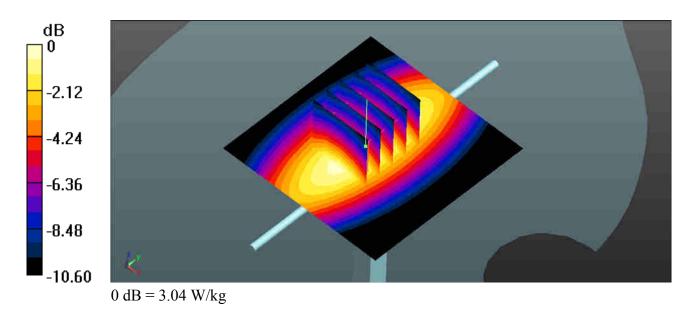
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.04 W/kg



System Check_Head_1750MHz_160129

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.396$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.486$; ρ

Date: 2016.1.29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.06, 8.06, 8.06); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

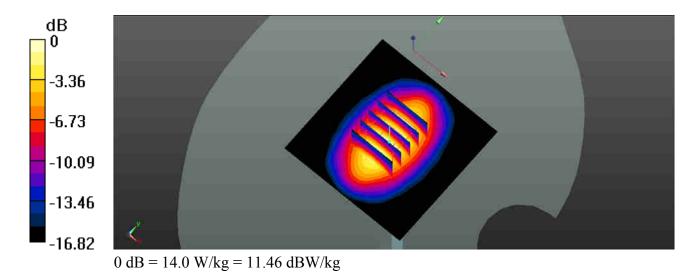
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



System Check_Head_1900MHz_160128

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.734$; ρ

Date: 2016.1.28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.1 W/kg

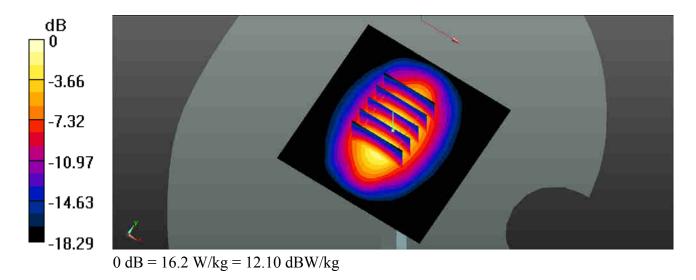
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.80 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.90 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg



System Check_Head_2450MHz_151226

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_151226 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.176$; ρ

Date: 2015.12.26

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

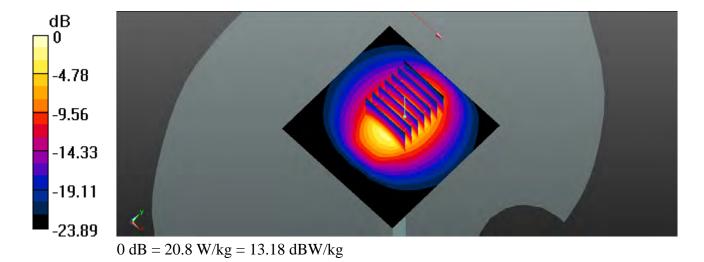
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



System Check_Head_2600MHz_160128

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.974$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.204$; ρ

Date: 2016.1.28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.7 W/kg

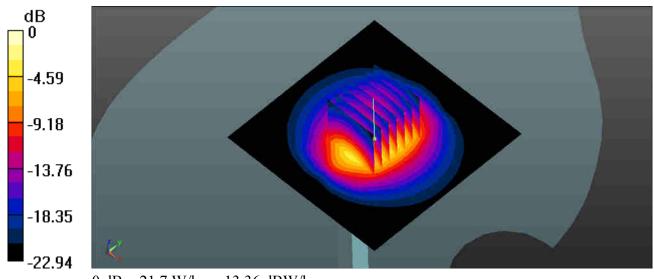
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.36 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_835MHz_160128

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.69$; $\rho =$

Date: 2016.1.28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8°C

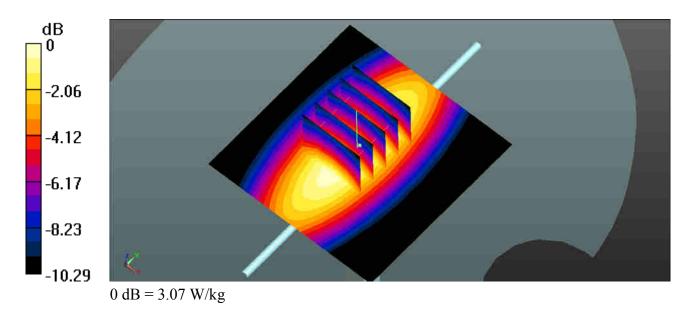
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.06 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.07 W/kg



System Check_Body_1750MHz_160130

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_160130 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.324$; ρ

Date: 2016.1.30

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

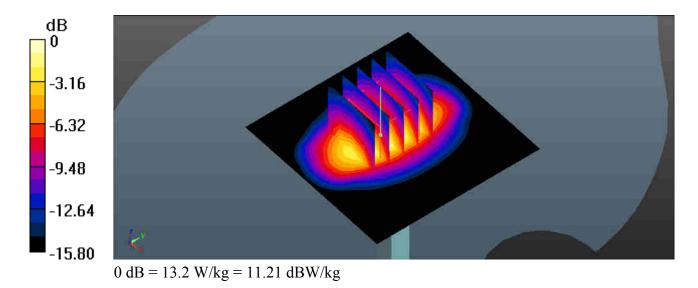
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg



System Check_Body_1900MHz_160129

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.538$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.773$; ρ

Date: 2016.1.29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

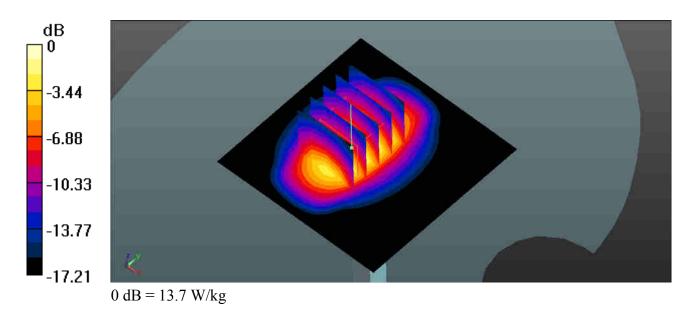
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 72.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



System Check_Body_2600MHz_160128

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.136$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.925$; ρ

Date: 2016.1.28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.0 W/kg

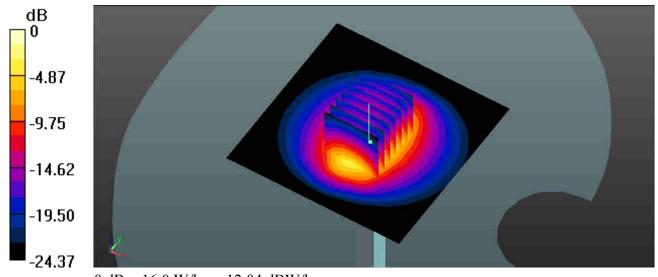
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.97 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No. : FA5D0806-02

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

#01_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots _Right Cheek_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.1.28

Medium: HSL_835_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.915 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.067; ρ

 $=1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

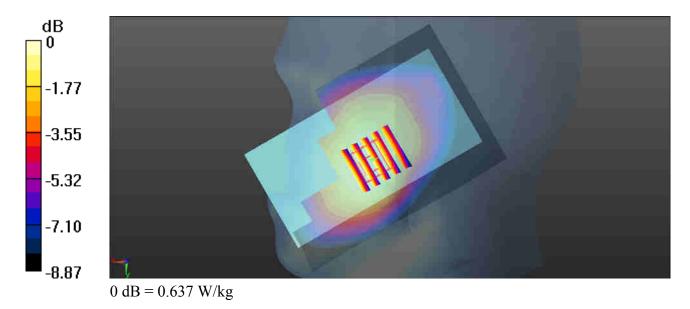
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.632 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.699 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.559 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.428 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.637 W/kg



#02_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots Left Cheek_0mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.1.28

Medium: HSL_1900_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.409 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.813; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

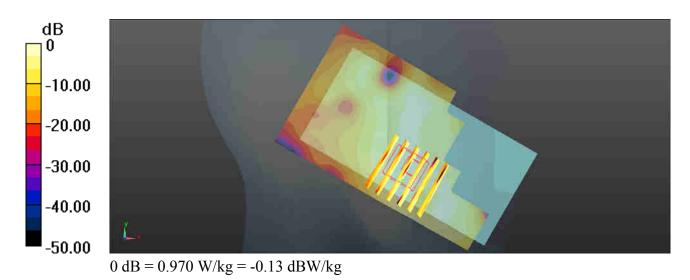
Ch661/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.458 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.638 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.970 W/kg



#03_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps _Right Cheek_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_835_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.905$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.197$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.28

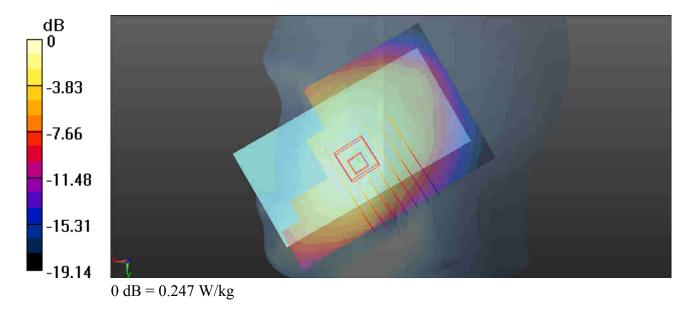
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.1, 10.1, 10.1); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.251 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (9x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.648 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.269 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 W/kg



#04_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.378 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.556$;

Date: 2016.1.29

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.06, 8.06, 8.06); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1413/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.731 W/kg

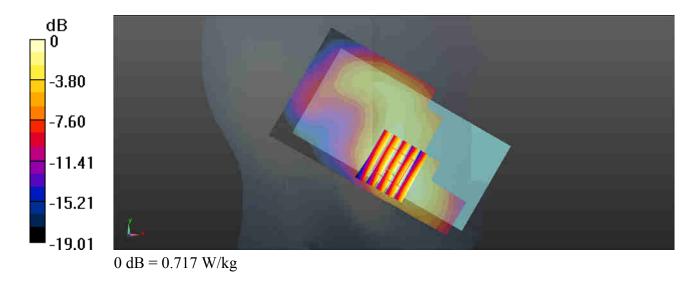
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.480 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 W/kg



#05 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2Kbps Left Cheek 0mm Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.434$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.28

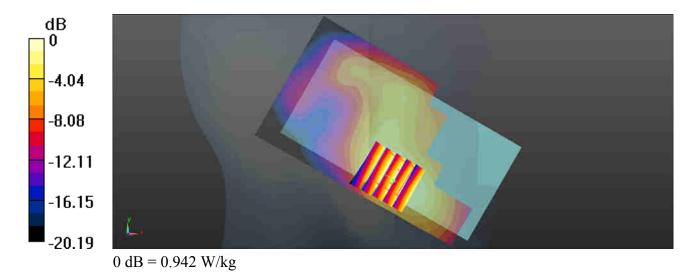
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.942 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.630 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.708 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.942 W/kg



#06 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Left Cheek 0mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.378$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.558$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.29

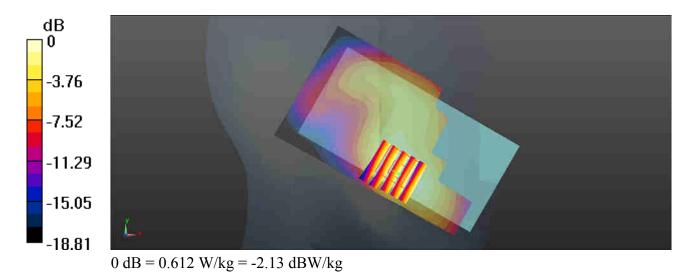
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.06, 8.06, 8.06); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.641 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.185 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.736 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.477 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.612 W/kg



#07 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Left Cheek 0mm Ch19100

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.734$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.28

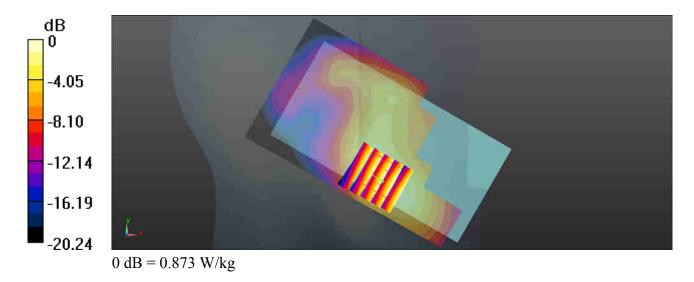
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.906 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.338 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.672 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.401 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.873 W/kg



#08_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Left Check_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_2600_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.893$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.61$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.28

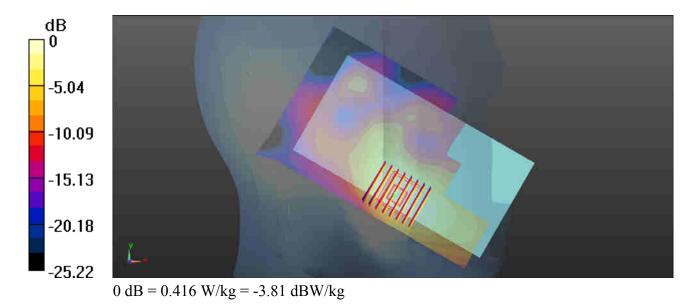
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.397 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.656 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.541 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.295 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg



#09 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b 1Mbps Right Cheek 0mm Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: HSL_2450_151226 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.806$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.227$; ρ

Date: 2015.12.26

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 W/kg

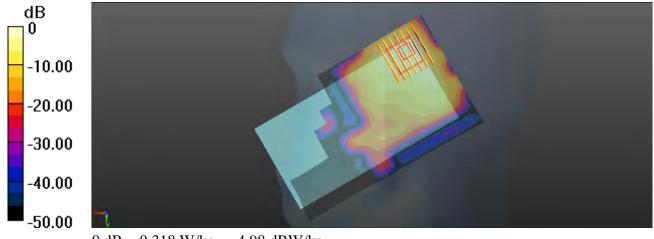
Ch6/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.951 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 W/kg



0 dB = 0.318 W/kg = -4.98 dBW/kg

#10_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.1.28

Medium: MSL_850_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.982$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.568$; ρ

 $=1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

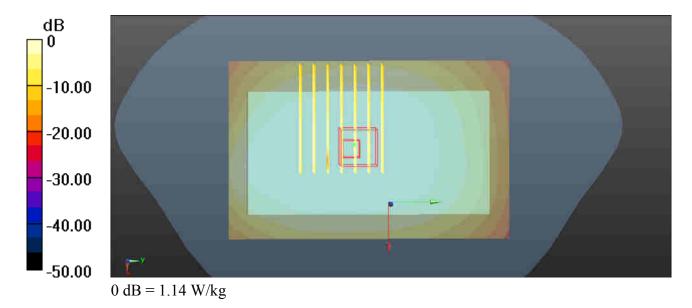
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (9x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.789 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



#11_GSM1900_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2016.1.29

Medium: MSL_1900_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.548 S/m; $ε_r = 54.743$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.75 W/kg

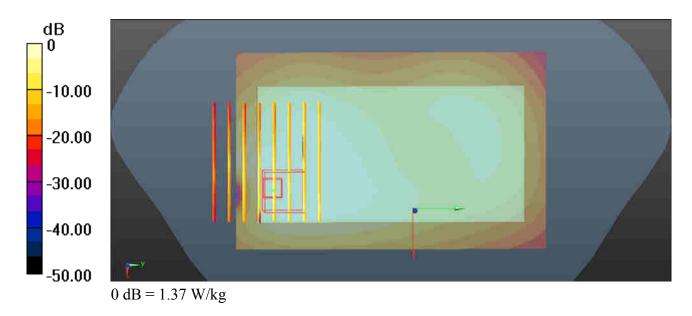
Ch810/Zoom Scan (9x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.933 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



#12_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps _Back_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_850_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.678$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.28

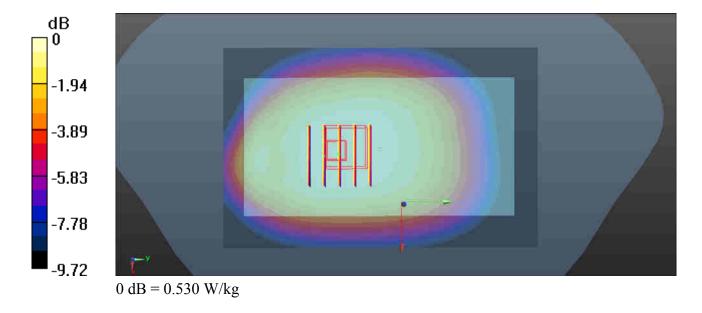
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.525 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.579 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.468 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 W/kg



#13_WCDMA Band IV_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1750_160130 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.523$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.348$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.30

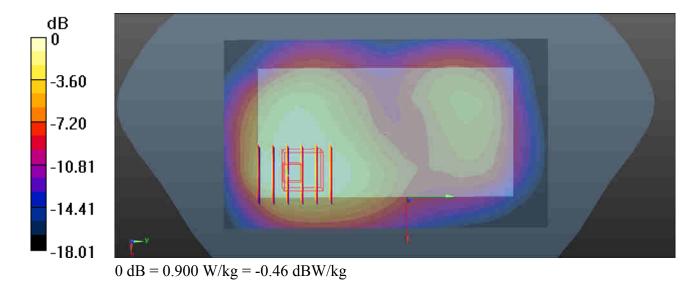
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1413/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.966 W/kg

Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.684 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.900 W/kg



#14 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2Kbps Back 10mm Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.516$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.833$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.29

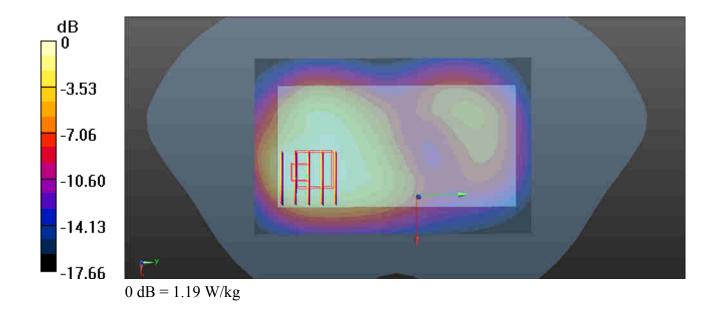
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9400/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.896 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.542 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



#15_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1750_160130 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.522$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.349$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.30

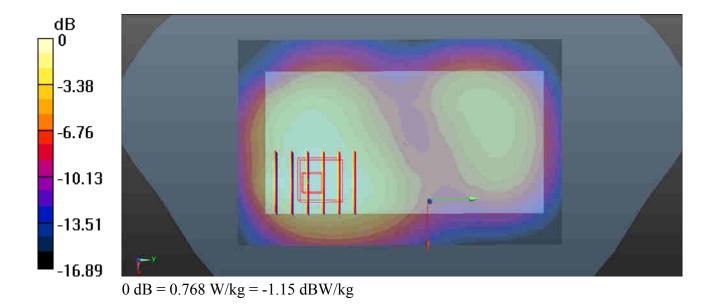
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.804 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.671 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.925 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.600 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 W/kg



#16_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900_160129 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.516$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.833$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.29

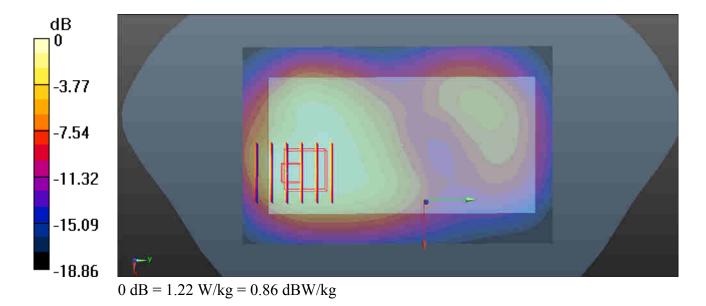
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch18900/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 W/kg

Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.891 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



#17_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2600_160128 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 2.041$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.15$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2016.1.28

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.734 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg

