

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA140804C19

Applicant : Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd.

Address : No.999, Qishan North 2nd Road, Information & Optoelectronics Park, Torch

Hi-tech Industry Development Zone, Xiamen, P.R.China

Product : Lenovo Mobile Phone

FCC ID : YCNA606

Brand : lenovo

Model No. : Lenovo A606

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2003

IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 / KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 / KDB 648474 D04 v01r02 / KDB 941225 D01 v02 KDB 941225 D02 v02r02 / KDB 941225 D03 v01 / KDB 941225 D05 v02r03

KDB 941225 D06 v01r01

Sample Received Date : Aug. 04, 2014

Date of Testing : Aug. 14, 2014 ~ Aug. 26, 2014

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., China Branch - Dongguan Lab**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA140804C19	Initial release	Sep. 01, 2014

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR _{1q} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Body-Worn SAR _{1q} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)	Highest Reported Hotspot SAR _{1q} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.46	0.66	1.12
	GSM1900	0.11	0.65	1.01
	WCDMA II	0.28	1.36	1.36
PCE	WCDMA V	0.35	0.57	0.57
	LTE 2	0.32	1.32	1.32
	LTE 4	0.21	0.95	0.95
	LTE 7	0.11	1.44	1.44
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.16	0.04	0.04
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head (W/kg)	Body-Worn (W/kg)	Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE+DTS		0.62	1.48	1.48
PCE+DSS		N/A	1.51	N/A

Note:

1. The SAR limit **(Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg)** for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Lenovo Mobile Phone
FCC ID	YCNA606
Brand Name	lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo A606
MID	60600031
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 LTE Band 2: 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (1.4M), 1851.5 ~ 1908.5 (3M), 1852.5 ~ 1907.5 (5M), 1855 ~ 1905 (10M), 1857.5 ~ 1902.5 (15M), 1860 ~ 1900 (20M) LTE Band 4: 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (1.4M), 1711.5 ~ 1753.5 (3M), 1712.5 ~ 1752.5 (5M), 1715 ~ 1750 (10M), 1717.5 ~ 1747.5 (15M), 1720 ~ 1745 (20M) LTE Band 7: 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 (5M), 2505 ~ 2565 (10M), 2507.5 ~ 2562.5 (15M), 2510 ~ 2560 (20M) WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462 Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850: 32.5 GSM1900: 29.0 WCDMA Band II: 24.5 WCDMA Band V: 24.0 LTE Band 2: 23.5 LTE Band 4: 23.5 LTE Band 7: 23.0 WLAN 2.4G: 18.0 Bluetooth: 4.0
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

	Brand Name	sunwoda
Dettem	Model Name	BL-210
Battery	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 2020mAh
	Туре	Li-ion
	Brand Name	newleader
Earphone	Model Name	53250649
	Signal Line Type	1.5 meter non-shielded cable without ferrite core

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 <u>Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)</u>

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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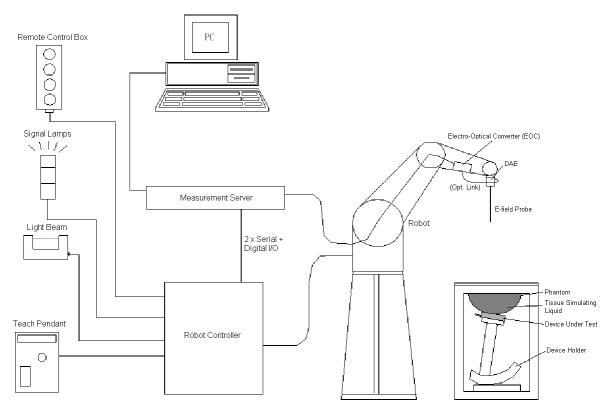
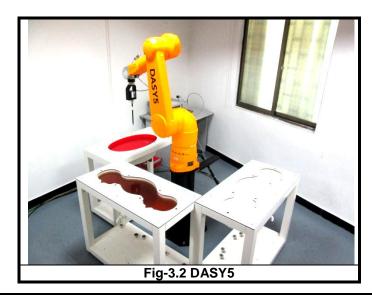


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	M
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AST .
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	الطارية ا
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm } (6 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm at ear point})$	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume approx. 25 liters	



Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	



3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	



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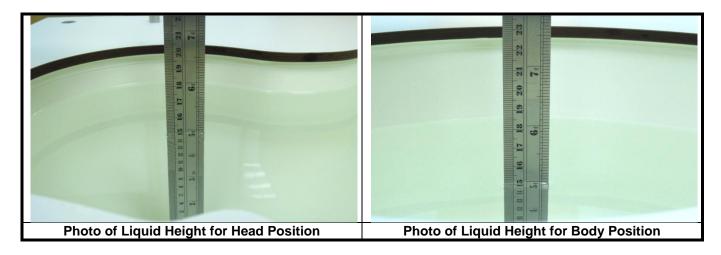


3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SPEAG DAK-3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Erogueney	Frequency Target Range of Target Range of									
(MHz)	Target Permittivity	±5%	Conductivity	±5%						
(**************************************	,	For Head								
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93						
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95						
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02						
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26						
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35						
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44						
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75						
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89						
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06						
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06						
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89						
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00						
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21						
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32						
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53						
	<u> </u>	For Body	1							
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01						
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02						
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10						
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37						
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47						
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56						
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60						
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60						
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60						
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90						
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05						
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27						
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48						
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57						
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69						
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93						
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06						
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30						

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

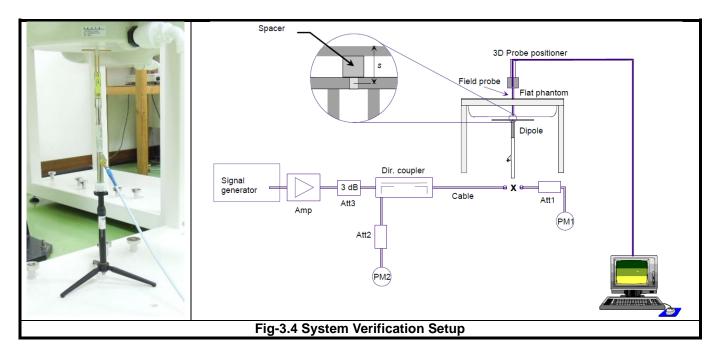
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0		0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	1	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5		0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	ı	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	ı	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5		0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	ı	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

The EUT is a voice/data transmitter device that contains one WWAN transmitters (GSM / WCDMA / LTE). Confirming the LTE transmitter follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, FDD-LTE band 2/4 (BW 1.4/3/5/10/15/20 MHz), FDD-LTE band 7 (BW 5/10/15/20 MHz) supports QPSK / 16QAM modulations, and supports data transmission only. Tested per 3GPP 36.521 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK / 16QAM.

LTE Maximum Power Reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101: Power Reduction in accordance to 3GPP is active all times during LTE operation.

		Channel Bandwidth / RB Configurations								
Modulation	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	Setting (dB)			
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1			
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1			
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2			

Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with A-MPR requirements defined in 36.101 section 6.2.4 that may be required to meet 3GPP Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio ("ACLR") requirements. A-MPR was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Configuration	Head (Voice / VoIP)	Body Worn (Voice / VoIP)	Hotspot (Data)
1	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	LTE Band 2 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	LTE Band 4 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	LTE Band 7 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
9	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
10	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
11	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
12	LTE Band 2 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
13	LTE Band 4 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
14	LTE Band 7 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No

Note:

1. The WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and BT.

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For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C is used for GSM/WCDMA/CDMA2000, and Anritsu MT8820C is used for LTE). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GSM850, the power control level is set to 5. For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For EDGE850 (8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 8. For GSM1900, the power control level is set to 0. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0. For EDGE1900 (8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 2.

For WCDMA, head and body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

For LTE, set the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, set the simulator to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power. The steps for system simulator (Anritsu MT8820C) setup are as below.

- 1. Press the "Std" button to select "LTE 22.20S" function
- 2. Choose the "Screen Select" item to "Fundamental Measurement"
- 3. Enter the "Common" item
- 4. Set the Operating Band
- 5. Set the Channel Bandwidth
- 6. Set the UL Channel & Frequency
- 7. Set the Modulation
- 8. Set the RB number and RB shift
- 9. Press "Start Call" button when EUT register to the system simulator
- 10. Set the TX-1 Max. Power to make the EUT transmit maximum output power

For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. According to KDB 248227 D01, WLAN SAR should tested at the lowest data rate, and testing at higher data rate is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. Since the WLAN power at lowest data rate has highest output power, WLAN SAR for this device was performed at the lowest data rate.

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4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset
- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

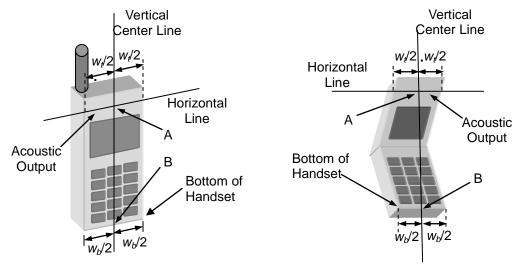


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

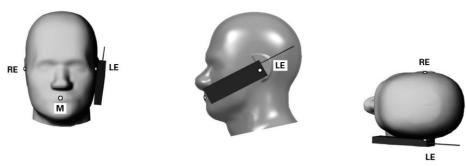


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).



Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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4.2.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

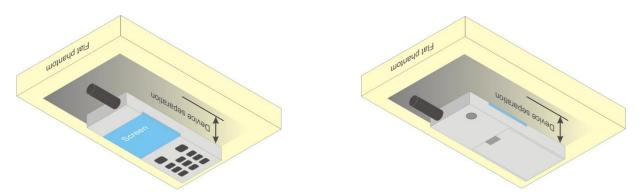


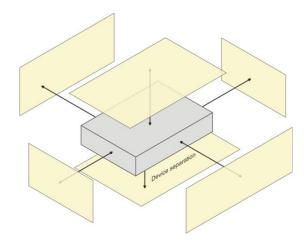
Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

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4.2.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225 D06. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



Based on the antenna location shown on section 4.1 of this report, the SAR testing required for hotspot mode is listed as below.

Antenna	Front Face	Rear Face	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side
WWAN	V	V		V	V	V
WLAN / BT	V	V	V			V

4.2.4 SAR Test Exclusions

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

$$\frac{\text{Max.Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min.Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

	Max.	Max.		Body-Worn			
Mode	Tune-up	Tune-up	Ant. to Surface	Exclusion	Require		
mouc	Power	Power	(mm)	Threshold	SAR		
	(dBm)	(mW)	(11111)	(mW)	Testing?		
BT	4.0	3	10	0.5	No		

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4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Aug. 16, 2014	Head	835	20.8	0.928	42.982	0.90	41.5	3.11	3.57
Aug. 23, 2014	Head	1750	20.9	1.371	39.766	1.37	40.1	0.07	-0.83
Aug. 16, 2014	Head	1900	21.1	1.409	40.842	1.40	40.0	0.64	2.11
Aug. 22, 2014	Head	1900	21.3	1.457	40.195	1.40	40.0	4.07	0.49
Aug. 19, 2014	Head	2450	21.1	1.832	38.661	1.80	39.2	1.78	-1.38
Aug. 26, 2014	Head	2600	20.5	1.987	37.62	1.96	39.0	1.38	-3.54
Aug. 18, 2014	Body	835	20.9	0.957	56.452	0.97	55.2	-1.34	2.27
Aug. 25, 2014	Body	1750	20.9	1.462	54.616	1.49	53.4	-1.88	2.28
Aug. 17, 2014	Body	1900	21.3	1.561	54.788	1.52	53.3	2.70	2.79
Aug. 23, 2014	Body	1900	21.2	1.544	52.191	1.52	53.3	1.58	-2.08
Aug. 14, 2014	Body	2450	20.9	2.026	52.800	1.95	52.7	3.90	0.19
Aug. 26, 2014	Body	2600	20.5	2.196	52.35	2.16	52.5	1.67	-0.29

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Tool	Draha			Measured	Measured	Va	lidation for C	w	Validation for Modulation		
Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibrati	on Point	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Aug. 16, 2014	3661	Head	835	0.928	42.982	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Aug. 23, 2014	3661	Head	1750	1.371	39.766	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aug. 16, 2014	3661	Head	1900	1.409	40.842	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Aug. 22, 2014	3661	Head	1900	1.457	40.195	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aug. 19, 2014	3661	Head	2450	1.832	38.661	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Aug. 26, 2014	3661	Head	2600	1.987	37.62	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aug. 18, 2014	3661	Body	835	0.957	56.452	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Aug. 25, 2014	3661	Body	1750	1.462	54.616	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aug. 17, 2014	3661	Body	1900	1.561	54.788	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Aug. 23, 2014	3661	Body	1900	1.544	52.191	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aug. 14, 2014	3661	Body	2450	2.026	52.800	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Aug. 26, 2014	3661	Body	2600	2.196	52.35	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A

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4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Aug. 16, 2014	Head	835	9.52	2.34	9.36	-1.68	4d139	3661	905
Aug. 23, 2014	Head	1750	36.60	9.48	37.92	3.61	1071	3661	905
Aug. 16, 2014	Head	1900	39.50	9.65	38.60	-2.28	5d159	3661	905
Aug. 22, 2014	Head	1900	39.50	9.98	39.92	1.06	5d159	3661	905
Aug. 19, 2014	Head	2450	53.20	13.8	55.20	3.76	893	3661	905
Aug. 26, 2014	Head	2600	57.80	15.0	60.00	3.81	1058	3661	905
Aug. 18, 2014	Body	835	9.52	2.33	9.32	-2.10	4d139	3661	905
Aug. 25, 2014	Body	1750	37.50	9.41	37.64	0.37	1071	3661	905
Aug. 17, 2014	Body	1900	40.70	10.8	43.20	6.14	5d159	3661	905
Aug. 23, 2014	Body	1900	40.70	10.7	42.80	5.16	5d159	3661	905
Aug. 14, 2014	Body	2450	50.50	12.3	49.20	-2.57	893	3661	905
Aug. 26, 2014	Body	2600	53.90	14.0	56.00	3.90	1058	3661	905

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850	GSM1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	29.0
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	29.0
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	31.5	28.0
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	29.5	26.5
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	28.5	25.5
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.5	25.5
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	25.5	24.5
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	23.5	22.5
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	22.5	21.5

Mode	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V		
RMC 12.2K	24.5	24.0		
HSDPA / HSUPA	24.5	23.5		

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Mode	LTE 2	LTE 4		
QPSK / 16QAM	23.5	23.5		

Mode	LTE 7
QPSK / 16QAM	23.0

Mode	2.4G WLAN				
802.11b	18.0				
802.11g	15.0				
802.11n HT20	15.0				

Mode	Bluetooth				
All	4.0				

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band		GSM850			GSM1900	
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
		Maximum Burst	-Averaged Outp	ut Power		
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	31.99	32.15	31.97	28.49	27.58	27.94
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	31.93	32.08	31.92	28.48	27.57	27.93
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	30.89	31.04	30.93	27.69	26.82	27.22
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	28.93	29.07	29.00	26.02	25.12	25.58
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	27.92	28.05	27.87	24.95	24.05	24.52
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	25.91	25.93	26.00	25.14	24.55	24.56
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	24.87	24.89	24.93	24.16	23.51	23.62
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	22.85	22.87	22.96	22.20	21.47	21.55
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	21.81	21.81	21.83	21.11	20.37	20.33
		Maximum Frame	e-Averaged Outp	ut Power		
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	22.99	23.15	22.97	19.49	18.58	18.94
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	22.93	23.08	22.92	19.48	18.57	18.93
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	24.89	25.04	24.93	21.69	20.82	21.22
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	24.67	24.81	24.74	21.76	20.86	21.32
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	24.92	25.05	24.87	21.95	21.05	21.52
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	16.91	16.93	17.00	16.14	15.55	15.56
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	18.87	18.89	18.93	18.16	17.51	17.62
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	18.59	18.61	18.70	17.94	17.21	17.29
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	18.81	18.81	18.83	18.11	17.37	17.33

Note:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

 Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

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Band	\	WCDMA Band	II	V	VCDMA Band	V	3GPP
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	MPR
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	(dB)
RMC 12.2K	24.30	24.23	24.14	23.58	23.56	23.41	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.91	23.90	23.84	23.09	22.98	22.87	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.82	23.72	23.74	23.10	22.96	22.87	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.36	23.44	23.16	22.60	22.50	22.39	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.35	23.42	23.15	22.58	22.49	22.40	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.81	23.68	23.52	22.88	22.87	22.72	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.80	21.91	21.63	21.09	20.98	20.83	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.82	22.89	22.63	22.08	21.94	21.83	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.10	22.23	21.93	21.20	21.25	21.15	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.90	23.87	23.88	23.06	22.90	22.74	0

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18607	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19193	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18607	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19193	3GPP MPR
			1850.7 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.3 MHz	(dB)	1850.7 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.99	22.92	23.09	0	21.93	21.86	22.03	1
	1	2	22.68	22.71	22.87	0	21.62	21.65	21.81	1
	1	5	22.64	22.64	22.86	0	21.58	21.58	21.80	1
2 / 1.4M	3	0	22.77	22.81	23.04	0	21.71	21.75	21.98	1
	3	1	22.76	22.76	23.03	0	21.70	21.70	21.97	1
	3	3	22.75	22.77	23.01	0	21.69	21.71	21.95	1
	6	0	21.79	21.77	22.05	1	20.73	20.71	20.99	2

			QPSK							
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18615	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19185	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18615	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19185	3GPP MPR
DVV	O12C	Oliset	1851.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1908.5 MHz	(dB)	1851.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1908.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.97	22.90	23.07	0	21.91	21.84	22.01	1
	1	7	22.66	22.69	22.85	0	21.60	21.63	21.79	1
	1	14	22.62	22.62	22.84	0	21.56	21.56	21.78	1
2 / 3M	8	0	21.75	21.79	22.02	1	20.69	20.73	20.96	2
	8	3	21.74	21.74	22.01	1	20.68	20.68	20.95	2
	8	7	21.73	21.75	21.99	1	20.67	20.69	20.93	2
	15	0	21.77	21.75	22.03	1	20.71	20.69	20.97	2

Band /	RB	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH Mid CH High CH 18625 18900 19175			3GPP MPR	16QAM Low CH Mid CH High CH 18625 18900 19175			3GPP
BW	Size		1852.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	19175 1907.5 MHz	(dB)	1852.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	19175 1907.5 MHz	MPR (dB)
	1	0	23.03	22.96	23.13	0	21.97	21.90	22.07	1
	1	12	22.72	22.75	22.91	0	21.66	21.69	21.85	1
	1	24	22.68	22.68	22.90	0	21.62	21.62	21.84	1
2 / 5M	12	0	21.81	21.85	22.08	1	20.75	20.79	21.02	2
	12	6	21.80	21.80	22.07	1	20.74	20.74	21.01	2
	12	13	21.79	21.81	22.05	1	20.73	20.75	20.99	2
	25	0	21.83	21.81	22.09	1	20.77	20.75	21.03	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18650	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19150	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18650	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19150	3GPP MPR
BVV	Size	Oliset	1855.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1905.0 MHz	(dB)	1855.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1905.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.06	22.99	23.16	0	22.00	21.93	22.10	1
	1	24	22.75	22.78	22.94	0	21.69	21.72	21.88	1
	1	49	22.71	22.71	22.93	0	21.65	21.65	21.87	1
2 / 10M	25	0	21.84	21.88	22.11	1	20.78	20.82	21.05	2
	25	12	21.83	21.83	22.10	1	20.77	20.77	21.04	2
	25	25	21.82	21.84	22.08	1	20.76	20.78	21.02	2
	50	0	21.86	21.84	22.12	1	20.80	20.78	21.06	2

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR
DVV	3126	Oliset	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.07	23.00	23.17	0	22.01	21.94	22.11	1
	1	37	22.76	22.79	22.95	0	21.70	21.73	21.89	1
	1	74	22.72	22.72	22.94	0	21.66	21.66	21.88	1
2 / 15M	36	0	21.85	21.89	22.12	1	20.79	20.83	21.06	2
	36	19	21.84	21.84	22.11	1	20.78	20.78	21.05	2
	36	39	21.83	21.85	22.09	1	20.77	20.79	21.03	2
	75	0	21.87	21.85	22.13	1	20.81	20.79	21.07	2

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18700	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19100	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18700	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19100	3GPP MPR
DVV	O IZE	Oliset	1860.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1900.0 MHz	(dB)	1860.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1900.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	23.08	23.01	23.18	0	22.02	21.95	22.12	1
	1	50	22.77	22.80	22.96	0	21.71	21.74	21.90	1
	1	99	22.73	22.73	22.95	0	21.67	21.67	21.89	1
2 / 20M	50	0	21.86	21.90	22.13	1	20.80	20.84	21.07	2
	50	25	21.85	21.85	22.12	1	20.79	20.79	21.06	2
	50	50	21.84	21.86	22.10	1	20.78	20.80	21.04	2
	100	0	21.88	21.86	22.14	1	20.82	20.80	21.08	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band /	RB	RB Offerst	Low CH 19957	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20393	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19957	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20393	3GPP MPR
BW	Size	Offset	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	(dB)	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.68	22.62	22.77	0	21.61	21.55	21.70	1
	1	2	22.51	22.61	22.72	0	21.44	21.54	21.65	1
	1	5	22.41	22.59	22.41	0	21.34	21.52	21.34	1
4 / 1.4M	3	0	22.56	22.58	22.74	0	21.49	21.51	21.67	1
	3	1	22.57	22.60	22.76	0	21.50	21.53	21.69	1
	3	3	22.53	22.63	22.75	0	21.46	21.56	21.68	1
	6	0	21.56	21.59	21.77	1	20.49	20.52	20.70	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19965	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20385	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19965	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20385	3GPP MPR
DVV	Size	Oliset	1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	(dB)	1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.71	22.65	22.80	0	21.64	21.58	21.73	1
	1	7	22.54	22.64	22.75	0	21.47	21.57	21.68	1
	1	14	22.44	22.62	22.44	0	21.37	21.55	21.37	1
4 / 3M	8	0	21.59	21.61	21.87	1	20.52	20.54	20.80	2
	8	3	21.60	21.63	21.79	1	20.53	20.56	20.72	2
	8	7	21.56	21.66	21.80	1	20.49	20.59	20.73	2
	15	0	21.59	21.62	21.80	1	20.52	20.55	20.73	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19975	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20375	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19975	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20375	3GPP MPR
BVV	Size	Oliset	1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz	(dB)	1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.76	22.70	22.85	0	21.69	21.63	21.78	1
	1	12	22.59	22.69	22.80	0	21.52	21.62	21.73	1
	1	24	22.49	22.67	22.49	0	21.42	21.60	21.42	1
4 / 5M	12	0	21.64	21.66	21.92	1	20.57	20.59	20.85	2
	12	6	21.65	21.68	21.84	1	20.58	20.61	20.77	2
	12	13	21.61	21.71	21.85	1	20.54	20.64	20.78	2
	25	0	21.64	21.67	21.85	1	20.57	20.60	20.78	2

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20000	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20350	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20000	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20350	3GPP MPR
BVV	Size	Offset	1715.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750.0 MHz	(dB)	1715.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.78	22.72	22.87	0	21.71	21.65	21.80	1
	1	24	22.61	22.71	22.82	0	21.54	21.64	21.75	1
	1	49	22.51	22.69	22.51	0	21.44	21.62	21.44	1
4 / 10M	25	0	21.66	21.68	21.94	1	20.59	20.61	20.87	2
	25	12	21.67	21.70	21.86	1	20.60	20.63	20.79	2
	25	25	21.63	21.73	21.87	1	20.56	20.66	20.80	2
	50	0	21.66	21.69	21.87	1	20.59	20.62	20.80	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band /	RB Sino	RB Offeet	Low CH 20025	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20325	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20025	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20325	3GPP MPR
BW	Size	Offset	1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	(dB)	1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	(dB)
	4	0				0				4
	1	0	22.77	22.71	22.86	0	21.70	21.64	21.79	1
	1	37	22.60	22.70	22.81	0	21.53	21.63	21.74	1
	1	74	22.50	22.68	22.50	0	21.43	21.61	21.43	1
4 / 15M	36	0	21.65	21.67	21.93	1	20.58	20.60	20.86	2
	36	19	21.66	21.69	21.85	1	20.59	20.62	20.78	2
	36	39	21.62	21.72	21.86	1	20.55	20.65	20.79	2
	75	0	21.65	21.68	21.86	1	20.58	20.61	20.79	2

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				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20050	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20300	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20050	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20300	3GPP MPR
BW	Size	Oliset	1720.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1745.0 MHz	(dB)	1720.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1745.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.79	22.73	22.88	0	21.72	21.66	21.81	1
	1	50	22.62	22.72	22.83	0	21.55	21.65	21.76	1
	1	99	22.52	22.70	22.52	0	21.45	21.63	21.45	1
4 / 20M	50	0	21.67	21.69	21.95	1	20.60	20.62	20.88	2
	50	25	21.68	21.71	21.87	1	20.61	20.64	20.80	2
	50	50	21.64	21.74	21.88	1	20.57	20.67	20.81	2
	100	0	21.67	21.70	21.88	1	20.60	20.63	20.81	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20775	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21425	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20775	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21425	3GPP MPR
BW	Size	Oliset	2502.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2567.5 MHz	(dB)	2502.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2567.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.39	22.43	22.34	0	21.38	21.42	21.33	1
	1	12	22.32	22.39	22.27	0	21.31	21.38	21.26	1
	1	24	22.29	22.31	22.30	0	21.28	21.30	21.29	1
7 / 5M	12	0	21.39	21.51	21.28	1	20.38	20.50	20.27	2
	12	6	21.44	21.41	21.22	1	20.43	20.40	20.21	2
	12	13	21.49	21.43	21.27	1	20.48	20.42	20.26	2
	25	0	21.44	21.46	21.19	1	20.43	20.45	20.18	2

				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20800	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21400	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20800	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21400	3GPP MPR
			2505.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2565.0 MHz	(dB)	2505.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2565.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.40	22.44	22.35	0	21.39	21.43	21.34	1
	1	24	22.33	22.40	22.28	0	21.32	21.39	21.27	1
	1	49	22.30	22.32	22.31	0	21.29	21.31	21.30	1
7 / 10M	25	0	21.40	21.52	21.29	1	20.39	20.51	20.28	2
	25	12	21.45	21.42	21.23	1	20.44	20.41	20.22	2
	25	25	21.50	21.44	21.28	1	20.49	20.43	20.27	2
	50	0	21.45	21.47	21.20	1	20.44	20.46	20.19	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20825	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21375	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20825	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21375	3GPP MPR
DVV	Size	Offset	2507.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2562.5 MHz	(dB)	2507.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2562.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.49	22.53	22.44	0	21.48	21.52	21.43	1
	1	37	22.42	22.49	22.37	0	21.41	21.48	21.36	1
	1	74	22.39	22.41	22.40	0	21.38	21.40	21.39	1
7 / 15M	36	0	21.49	21.61	21.38	1	20.48	20.60	20.37	2
	36	19	21.54	21.51	21.32	1	20.53	20.50	20.31	2
	36	39	21.59	21.53	21.37	1	20.58	20.52	20.36	2
	75	0	21.54	21.56	21.29	1	20.53	20.55	20.28	2

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				QPSK						
Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20850	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21350	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20850	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21350	3GPP MPR
DVV	Size	Oliset	2510.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2560.0 MHz	(dB)	2510.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2560.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.56	22.60	22.51	0	21.55	21.59	21.50	1
	1	50	22.49	22.56	22.44	0	21.48	21.55	21.43	1
	1	99	22.46	22.48	22.47	0	21.45	21.47	21.46	1
7 / 20M	50	0	21.56	21.68	21.45	1	20.55	20.67	20.44	2
	50	25	21.61	21.58	21.39	1	20.60	20.57	20.38	2
	50	50	21.66	21.60	21.44	1	20.65	20.59	20.43	2
	100	0	21.61	21.63	21.36	1	20.60	20.62	20.35	2

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode		802.11b	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	16.95	17.10	17.42
Mode		802.11g	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	11 (2462)	
Average Power	14.11	14.41	14.74
Mode		802.11n (HT20)	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	14.13	14.46	14.72

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Results for Head

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	189	32.5	32.15	1.08	0.07	0.415	0.45
	GSM850	GSM	Right Tilted	189	32.5	32.15	1.08	0.01	0.268	0.29
01	GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	189	32.5	32.15	1.08	0.13	0.427	<mark>0.46</mark>
	GSM850	GSM	Left Tilted	189	32.5	32.15	1.08	0.09	0.265	0.29
02	GSM1900	GSM	Right Cheek	512	29.0	28.49	1.12	-0.18	0.102	<mark>0.11</mark>
	GSM1900	GSM	Right Tilted	512	29.0	28.49	1.12	0.09	0.053	0.06
	GSM1900	GSM	Left Cheek	512	29.0	28.49	1.12	0.14	0.094	0.11
	GSM1900	GSM	Left Tilted	512	29.0	28.49	1.12	0.09	0.053	0.06
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	-0.13	0.266	<mark>0.28</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.06	0.151	0.16
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.03	0.251	0.26
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.13	0.13	0.14
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	0.06	0.298	0.33
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	0.07	0.198	0.22
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	0.19	0.319	<mark>0.35</mark>
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	-0.14	0.198	0.22

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
05	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Right Cheek	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	-0.12	0.297	<mark>0.32</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Right Tilted	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.04	0.14	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Left Cheek	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.11	0.257	0.28
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Left Tilted	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.04	0.138	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Right Cheek	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.01	0.242	0.26
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Right Tilted	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.16	0.115	0.13
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Left Cheek	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.14	0.22	0.24
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Left Tilted	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.07	0.114	0.12
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Right Cheek	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.16	0.15	0.17
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Right Tilted	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.18	0.096	0.11
06	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Left Cheek	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.06	0.184	<mark>0.21</mark>
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Left Tilted	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.12	0.085	0.10
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Right Cheek	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	-0.01	0.124	0.14
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Right Tilted	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	0.11	0.079	0.09
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Left Cheek	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	-0.15	0.154	0.17
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Left Tilted	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	0.16	0.068	0.08
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Right Cheek	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.05	0.09	0.10
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Right Tilted	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.11	0.025	0.03
07	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Left Cheek	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.15	0.102	<mark>0.11</mark>
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Left Tilted	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.06	0.043	0.05
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Right Cheek	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.09	0.079	0.09
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Right Tilted	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	0.18	0.022	0.02
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Left Cheek	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.11	0.087	0.09
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Left Tilted	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	0.14	0.034	0.04

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11b	Right Cheek	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	-0.08	0.097	0.11
	802.11b	Right Tilted	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.01	0.082	0.09
80	802.11b	Left Cheek	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.07	0.143	<mark>0.16</mark>
	802.11b	Left Tilted	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.11	0.133	0.15

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
- 2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.

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4.7.2 SAR Results for Body-Worn (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Earphone	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GSM	Front Face	w/o	189	32.5	32.15	1.08	-0.01	0.529	0.57
09	GSM850	GSM	Rear Face	w/o	189	32.5	32.15	1.08	0.04	0.605	<mark>0.66</mark>
	GSM1900	GSM	Front Face	w/o	512	29.0	28.49	1.12	-0.04	0.311	0.35
10	GSM1900	GSM	Rear Face	w/o	512	29.0	28.49	1.12	0.07	0.582	<mark>0.65</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	w/o	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.07	0.706	0.74
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	w/o	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	-0.06	1.24	1.30
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	w/o	9400	24.5	24.23	1.06	0.03	1.24	1.32
13	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	w/o	9538	24.5	24.14	1.09	0.02	1.25	<mark>1.36</mark>
	WCDMA II	HSUPA	Rear Face	w/o	9538	24.5	23.88	1.15	-0.04	1.18	1.36
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	w/	9538	24.5	24.14	1.09	0.04	1.21	1.31
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	w/o	9538	24.5	24.14	1.09	-0.05	1.17	1.27
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	w/o	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	0.01	0.437	0.48
14	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	w/o	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	-0.02	0.514	<mark>0.57</mark>

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Earphone	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Front Face	w/o	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.04	0.732	0.79
15	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	-0.06	1.23	<mark>1.32</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Front Face	w/o	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	-0.03	0.632	0.69
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.05	1.02	1.11
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	18700	1	0	23.5	23.08	1.10	0.05	1.02	1.12
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	18900	1	0	23.5	23.01	1.12	0	1.13	1.26
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	18700	50	0	22.5	21.86	1.16	0.05	0.807	0.94
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	18900	50	0	22.5	21.9	1.15	0.03	0.909	1.04
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	19100	100	0	22.5	22.14	1.09	0.06	1.11	1.21
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.02	1.2	1.29
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0	1.19	1.28
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Front Face	w/o	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.02	0.484	0.56
16	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.02	0.823	<mark>0.95</mark>
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Front Face	w/o	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	-0.01	0.398	0.45
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	0.04	0.678	0.77
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20050	1	0	23.5	22.79	1.18	0.06	0.749	0.88
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20175	1	0	23.5	22.73	1.19	0.01	0.698	0.83
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20300	100	0	22.5	21.88	1.15	0.04	0.608	0.70
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	-0.04	0.738	0.85

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	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Front Face	w/o	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.13	0.57	0.62
17	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.07	1.31	<mark>1.44</mark>
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Front Face	w/o	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.05	0.471	0.51
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.14	1.09	1.17
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20850	1	0	23.0	22.56	1.11	0.03	1.12	1.24
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	21350	1	0	23.0	22.51	1.12	0.09	1.22	1.37
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	20850	50	50	22.0	21.66	1.08	0.14	1.3	1.41
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	21350	50	0	22.0	21.45	1.14	0.05	1.27	1.44
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	21100	100	0	22.0	21.63	1.09	0.00	1.21	1.32
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.17	1.29	1.41
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	w/o	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.06	1.26	1.38

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11b	Front Face	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.04	0.014	0.02
18	802.11b	Rear Face	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.03	0.038	<mark>0.04</mark>

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
- 2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.

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4.7.3 SAR Results for Hotspot (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS12	Front Face	189	28.5	28.05	1.11	0.01	0.853	0.95
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	189	28.5	28.05	1.11	-0.02	0.95	1.05
	GSM850	GPRS12	Left Side	189	28.5	28.05	1.11	0.00	0.68	0.75
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	189	28.5	28.05	1.11	0.18	0.78	0.87
	GSM850	GPRS12	Bottom Side	189	28.5	28.05	1.11	-0.13	0.333	0.37
	GSM850	GPRS12	Front Face	128	28.5	27.92	1.14	-0.05	0.646	0.74
	GSM850	GPRS12	Front Face	251	28.5	27.87	1.16	0.01	0.835	0.97
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	128	28.5	27.92	1.14	-0.09	0.767	0.88
11	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	28.5	27.87	1.16	-0.11	0.972	<mark>1.12</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	128	28.5	27.92	1.14	-0.02	0.544	0.62
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	251	28.5	27.87	1.16	0.01	0.723	0.84
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	28.5	27.87	1.16	-0.01	0.967	1.12
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Front Face	512	25.5	24.95	1.14	0.02	0.502	0.57
12	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	512	25.5	24.95	1.14	-0.10	0.89	1.01
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Left Side	512	25.5	24.95	1.14	-0.01	0.095	0.11
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	512	25.5	24.95	1.14	0.18	0.078	0.09
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Bottom Side	512	25.5	24.95	1.14	0.08	0.842	0.96
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	661	25.5	24.05	1.40	0.09	0.706	0.99
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	810	25.5	24.52	1.25	0.01	0.793	0.99
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Bottom Side	661	25.5	24.05	1.40	0.01	0.598	0.84
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Bottom Side	810	25.5	24.52	1.25	0.03	0.655	0.82
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	512	25.5	24.95	1.14	0.03	0.84	0.95
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.07	0.706	0.74
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	-0.06	1.24	1.30
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Side	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.07	0.173	0.18
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.13	0.142	0.15
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9262	24.5	24.30	1.05	0.03	1.06	1.11
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9400	24.5	24.23	1.06	0.03	1.24	1.32
13	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9538	24.5	24.14	1.09	0.02	1.25	<mark>1.36</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9400	24.5	24.23	1.06	0.04	1.03	1.10
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9538	24.5	24.14	1.09	0.04	1.03	1.12
	WCDMA II	HSUPA	Rear Face	9538	24.5	23.88	1.15	-0.04	1.18	1.36
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9538	24.5	24.14	1.09	-0.05	1.17	1.27
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	0.01	0.437	0.48
14	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	-0.02	0.514	0.57
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Side	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	-0.15	0.409	0.45
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	0.04	0.412	0.45
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	4132	24.0	23.58	1.10	-0.02	0.15	0.17

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

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	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Front Face	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.04	0.732	0.79
15	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	-0.06	1.23	<mark>1.32</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Left Side	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	-0.02	0.17	0.18
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Right Side	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	-0.01	0.159	0.17
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.06	0.891	0.96
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Front Face	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	-0.03	0.632	0.69
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.05	1.02	1.11
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Left Side	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.01	0.143	0.16
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Right Side	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.02	0.138	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	19100	50	0	22.5	22.13	1.09	0.06	0.69	0.75
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	18700	1	0	23.5	23.08	1.10	0.05	1.02	1.12
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	18900	1	0	23.5	23.01	1.12	0.00	1.13	1.26
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	18700	1	0	23.5	23.08	1.10	0.04	0.809	0.89
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	18900	1	0	23.5	23.01	1.12	0.06	0.869	0.97
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	18700	50	0	22.5	21.86	1.16	0.05	0.807	0.94
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	18900	50	0	22.5	21.90	1.15	0.03	0.909	1.04
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	19100	100	0	22.5	22.14	1.09	0.06	1.11	1.21
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	19100	100	0	22.5	22.14	1.09	0.05	0.772	0.84
	LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	19100	1	0	23.5	23.18	1.08	0.00	1.19	1.28
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Front Face	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.02	0.484	0.56
16	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.02	0.823	<mark>0.95</mark>
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Left Side	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	-0.02	0.097	0.11
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Right Side	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.14	0.055	0.06
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	0.04	0.649	0.75
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Front Face	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	-0.01	0.398	0.45
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	0.04	0.678	0.77
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Left Side	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	-0.03	0.081	0.09
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Right Side	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	0.15	0.045	0.05
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	20300	50	0	22.5	21.95	1.14	0.08	0.534	0.61
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20050	1	0	23.5	22.79	1.18	0.06	0.749	0.88
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20175	1	0	23.5	22.73	1.19	0.01	0.698	0.83
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20300	100	0	22.5	21.88	1.15	0.04	0.608	0.70
	LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20300	1	0	23.5	22.88	1.15	-0.04	0.738	0.85

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

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	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Front Face	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.13	0.57	0.62
17	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.07	1.31	<mark>1.44</mark>
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Left Side	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.17	0.102	0.11
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Right Side	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.09	0.055	0.06
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	-0.02	1.13	1.24
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Front Face	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.05	0.471	0.51
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.14	1.09	1.17
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Left Side	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.09	0.082	0.09
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Right Side	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	0.17	0.045	0.05
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	21100	50	0	22.0	21.68	1.08	-0.17	0.942	1.01
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20850	1	0	23.0	22.56	1.11	0.03	1.12	1.24
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21350	1	0	23.0	22.51	1.12	0.09	1.22	1.37
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	20850	1	0	23.0	22.56	1.11	-0.07	1.09	1.21
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	21350	1	0	23.0	22.51	1.12	0.07	0.924	1.03
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20850	50	50	22.0	21.66	1.08	0.14	1.3	1.41
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21350	50	0	22.0	21.45	1.14	0.05	1.27	1.44
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	20850	50	50	22.0	21.66	1.08	0.01	0.996	1.08
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	21350	50	0	22.0	21.45	1.14	0.17	1.01	1.15
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21100	100	0	22.0	21.63	1.09	0.00	1.21	1.32
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Bottom Side	21100	100	0	22.0	21.63	1.09	-0.18	1.02	1.11
	LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21100	1	0	23.0	22.60	1.10	0.06	1.26	1.38

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11b	Front Face	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.04	0.014	0.02
18	802.11b	Rear Face	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	0.03	0.038	<mark>0.04</mark>
	802.11b	Right Side	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	-0.09	0.00782	0.01
	802.11b	Top Side	11	18.0	17.42	1.14	-0.03	0.00998	0.01

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
- 2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.

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4.7.4 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9538	1.25	1.17	1.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 2	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	19100	1.23	1.19	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 4	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	20300	0.823	0.738	1.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 7	QPSK_20M	Rear Face	21100	1.31	1.26	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	0.972	0.967	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	512	0.89	0.84	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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4.7.5 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	4.0	Body-worn	10	0.05

Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

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			Right Cheek	0.45	0.11	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		llaad	Right Tilted	0.29	0.09	0.38	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Left Cheek	0.46	0.16	0.62	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.29	0.15	0.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dody Mare	Front Face	0.57	0.02	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
١,	GSM850	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.66	0.04	0.70	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
1	+ WLAN (DTS)	WLAN (DTS) Hotspot	Front Face	0.97	0.02	0.99	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.12	0.04	1.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.75	0.00	0.75	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.87	0.01	0.88	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.37	0.00	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM850	Body-Worn -	Front Face	0.57	0.05	0.62	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	2 + BT (DSS)		Rear Face	0.66	0.05	0.71	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.11	0.11	0.22	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.06	0.09	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.11	0.16	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.06	0.15	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Warn	Front Face	0.35	0.02	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	GSM1900	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.65	0.04	0.69	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
ď	WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.57	0.02	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.01	0.04	1.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.09	0.01	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.96	0.00	0.96	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900 4 + BT (DSS)	Body-Worn -	Front Face	0.35	0.05	0.40	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4			Rear Face	0.65	0.05	0.70	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.28	0.11	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		llaad	Right Tilted	0.16	0.09	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Left Cheek	0.26	0.16	0.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.15	0.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Warn	Front Face	0.74	0.02	0.76	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
_	WCDMA II	Body-Worn	Rear Face	1.36	0.04	1.40	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
5	+ WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.74	0.02	0.76	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.36	0.04	1.40	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.01	0.16	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	1.12	0.00	1.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
•	WCDMA II	Body-Worn	Front Face	0.74	0.05	0.79	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	+ BT (DSS)		Rear Face	1.36	0.05	1.41	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.33	0.11	0.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.22	0.09	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.35	0.16	0.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.22	0.15	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Warn	Front Face	0.48	0.02	0.50	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
7	WCDMA V	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.57	0.04	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
(+ WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.48	0.02	0.50	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.57	0.04	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.45	0.00	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.45	0.01	0.46	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA V		Front Face	0.48	0.05	0.53	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.57	0.05	0.62	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.32	0.11	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.15	0.09	0.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Left Cheek	0.28	0.16	0.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.15	0.15	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.79	0.02	0.81	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	LTE 2		Rear Face	1.32	0.04	1.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
9	+ WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.79	0.02	0.81	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.32	0.04	1.36	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.17	0.01	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.97	0.00	0.97	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
40	LTE 2		Front Face	0.79	0.05	0.84	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
10	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	1.32	0.05	1.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.17	0.11	0.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.11	0.09	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.21	0.16	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.10	0.15	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Rody Worn	Front Face	0.56	0.02	0.58	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
11	LTE 4	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.95	0.04	0.99	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
"	WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.56	0.02	0.58	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.95	0.04	0.99	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.06	0.01	0.07	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.75	0.00	0.75	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12	LTE 4	Dody Mare	Front Face	0.56	0.05	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.95	0.05	1.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.10	0.11	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.03	0.09	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.11	0.16	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.05	0.15	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Dady Warn	Front Face	0.62	0.02	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
13	LTE 7	Body-Worn	Rear Face	1.44	0.04	1.48	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
13	+ WLAN (DTS)	(DTS)	Front Face	0.62	0.02	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.44	0.04	1.48	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.11	0.00	0.11	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.06	0.01	0.07	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.01	0.01	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	1.24	0.00	1.24	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4.	LTE 7	Body-Worn	Front Face	0.62	0.05	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
14	+ BT (DSS)		Rear Face	1.46	0.05	1.51	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d139	Aug. 29, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1071	Sep. 03, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d159	Sep. 03, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	893	Aug. 30, 2013	2 Years
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1058	Dec. 17, 2013	2 Years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3661	Mar. 10, 2014	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	905	Jul. 14, 2014	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50260600	Mar. 12, 2013	2 Years
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201300717	Sep. 26, 2013	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214638	Sep. 25, 2013	1 Year
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	MY45118807	May 13, 2014	1 Year
MXG Analong Signal Generator	Agilent	N5183A	MY50140980	Nov. 04, 2013	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	ML2495A	1139001	Feb. 21, 2014	1 Year
Power Sensor	Agilent	MA2411B	1126068	Feb. 21, 2014	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	YONGFA	YF-160A	120100323	Oct. 14, 2013	1 Year

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi	
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞	
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞	
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞	
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞	
Readout Electronics	0.6	Normal	1	1	± 0.6 %	∞	
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0 %	∞	
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.0 %	∞	
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞	
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞	
Probe Positioner	0.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.3 %	∞	
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞	
Max. SAR Eval.	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.3 %	∞	
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31	
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19	
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞	
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	29	
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	29	
Combined Standard Uncertain	Combined Standard Uncertainty						
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 23.4 %		

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	± 6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	30
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	30
Combined Standard Uncertain	inty				± 13.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 26.8 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., China Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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System Check H835 140816

DUT: Dipole:835 MHz; Type:D835V2; SN;4d139

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H835-A_0816 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.982$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(10.13, 10.13, 10.13); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

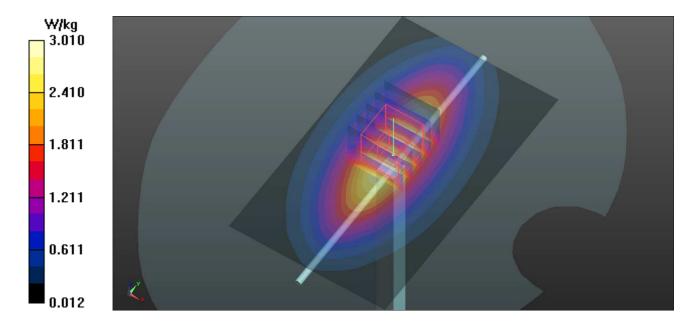
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.01 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 W/kg



System Check H1750 140823

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz ;Type:D1750V2; SN:1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H1750-A_0823 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.371$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.766$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

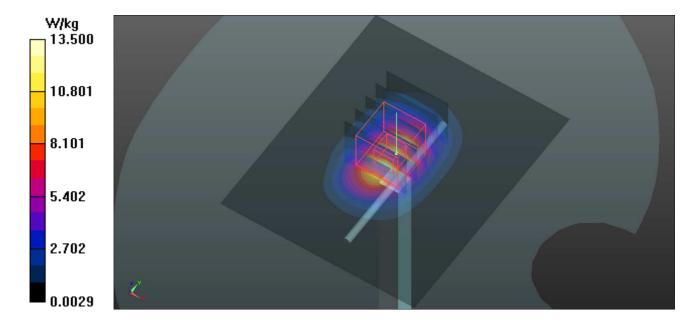
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.12 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg



System Check H1900 140816

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d159

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H1900-A_0816 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.409$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.842$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

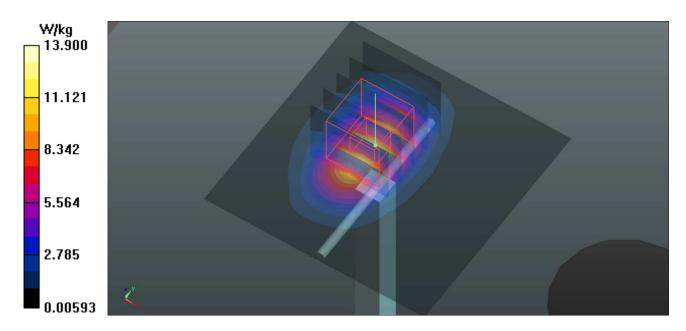
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg

Reference Value = 92.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB



System Check_H2450_140819

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2; SN:893

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H2450-Å_0819 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.832$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.661$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/19

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

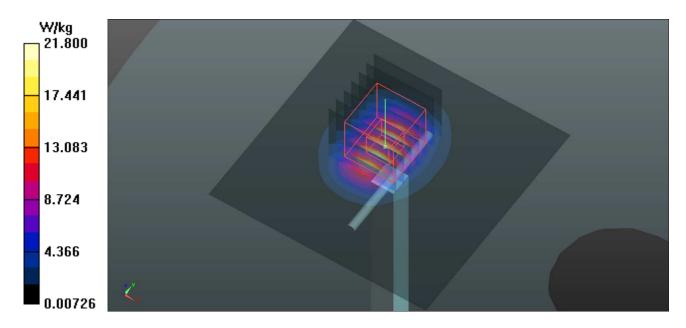
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.59, 7.59, 7.59); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



System Check_H2600_140826

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; SN:1058

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H2600-A 0826 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.987$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.62$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/26

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.5 °C

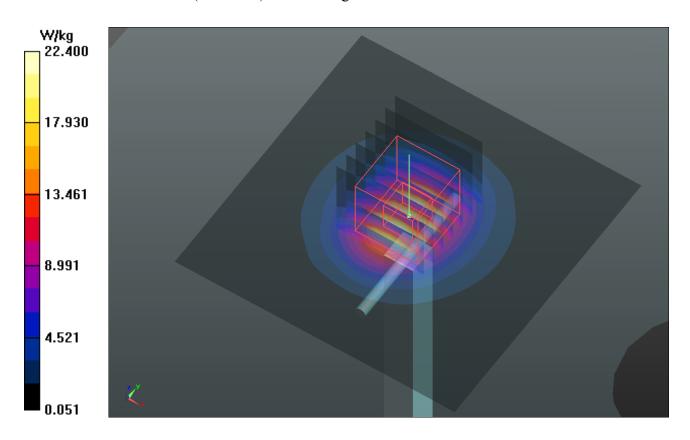
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 105.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 7.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg



System Check B850 140818

DUT: Dipole:835 MHz; Type:D835V2; SN:4d139

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B850-A_0818 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.957$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.452$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

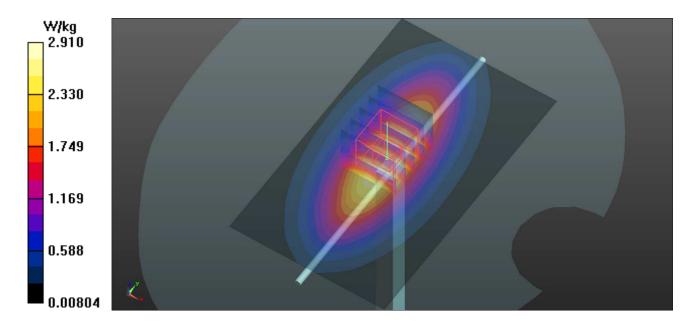
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.91 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 W/kg



System Check_B1750_140825

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz ;Type:D1750V2; SN:1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1750-A_0825 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.462$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.616$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

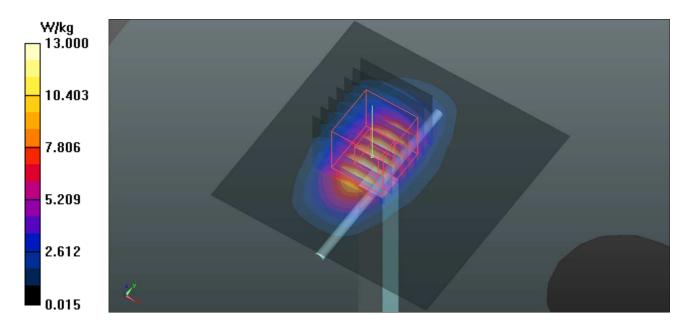
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.06, 8.06, 8.06); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 W/kg



System Check B1900 140817

DUT: Dipole:1900MHz; Type:D1900V2; SN:5d159

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1900-A_0817 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.788$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

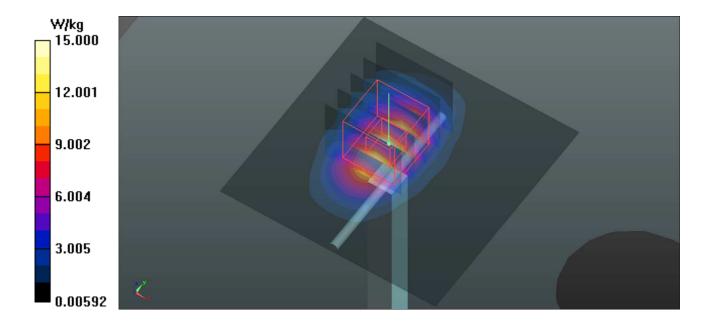
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.2 W/kg



System Check B2450 140814

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2; SN:893

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450-A_0814 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.026$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature ∶ 22.2 °C; Liquid Temperature ∶ 20.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

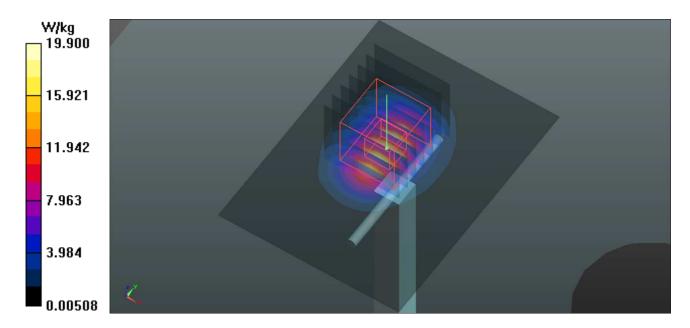
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 83.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.62 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



System Check_B2600_140826

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; SN:1058

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2600-A_0826 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.196$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.35$; $\rho = 2.196$ Medium: B2600-A_0826 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 2.196$ S/m; $\sigma = 2.1$

Date: 2014/08/26

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22 °C; Liquid Temperature : 20.5 °C

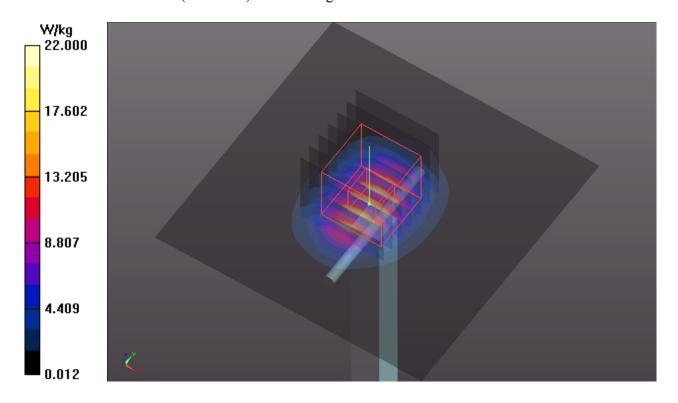
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg







Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

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Report No.: SA140804C19

P01 GSM850_GSM_Left Cheek_Ch189

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

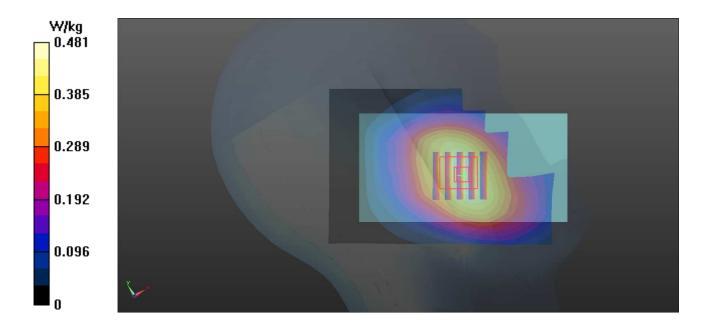
Medium: H835-A_0816 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.929$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.963$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(10.13, 10.13, 10.13); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.481 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.511 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.524 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.427 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 W/kg



P02 GSM1900_GSM_Right Cheek_Ch512

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

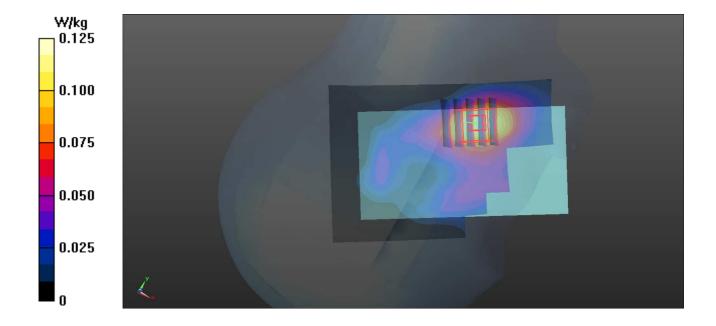
Medium: H1900-Å_0816 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.348$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.079$; $\rho = 1.079$

Date: 2014/08/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.878 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.155 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.129 W/kg



P03 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch9262

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

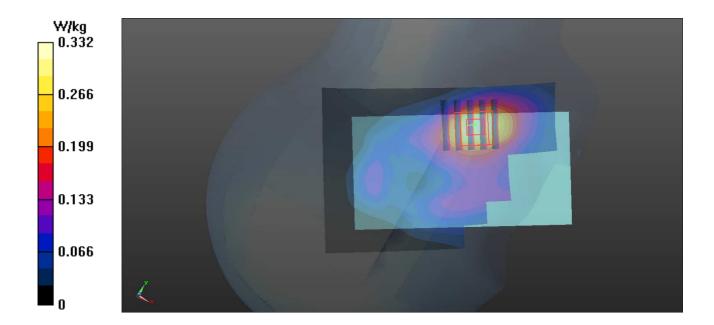
Medium: H1900-Å_0816 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.064$; $\rho = 1.064$

Date: 2014/08/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.332 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.775 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.393 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg



P04 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch4132

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

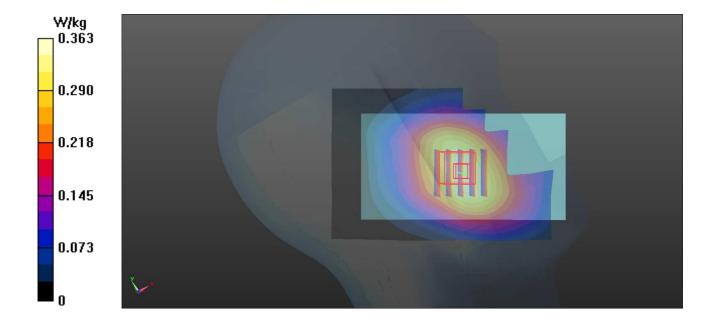
Medium: H835-A_0816 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.083$; $\rho = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.083$

Date: 2014/08/16

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(10.13, 10.13, 10.13); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.363 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.714 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.394 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.319 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg



P05 LTE 2_QPSK_20M_Right Cheek_Ch19100_1RB_OS0

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

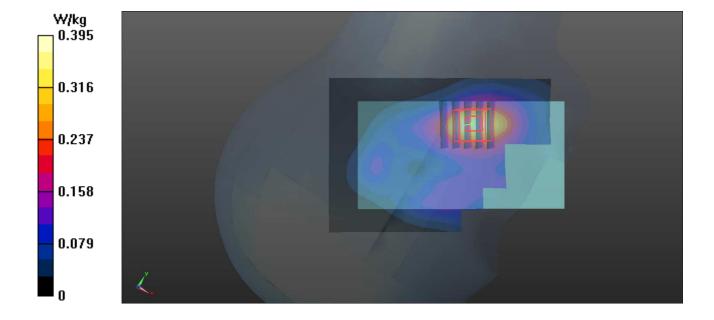
Medium: H1900-Å_0822 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.457$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.195$; $\rho = 1.457$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.195$

Date: 2014/08/22

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.18, 8.18, 8.18); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.395 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.894 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 W/kg



P06 LTE 4_QPSK_20M_Left Cheek_Ch20300_1RB_OS0

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

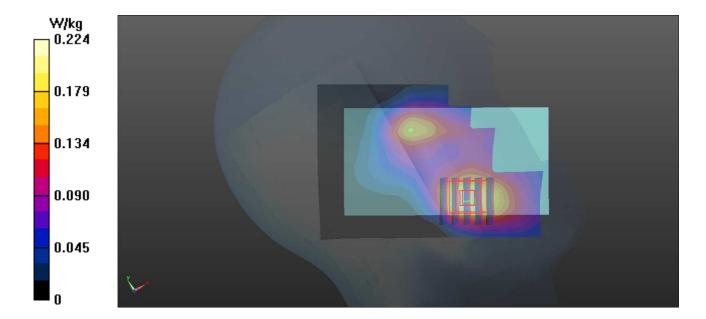
Medium: H1750-A_0823 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.366$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.792$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/23

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.224 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.841 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.184 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 W/kg



P07 LTE 7_QPSK_20M_Left Cheek_Ch21100_1RB_OS0

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

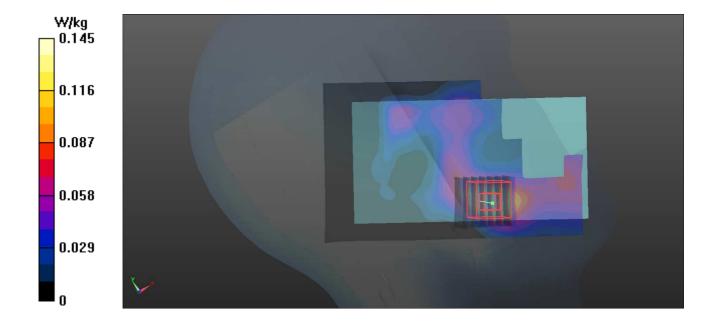
Medium: H2600-A_0826 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.913$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.903$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/26

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.59, 7.59, 7.59); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 W/kg



P08 802.11b_Left Cheek_Ch11

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

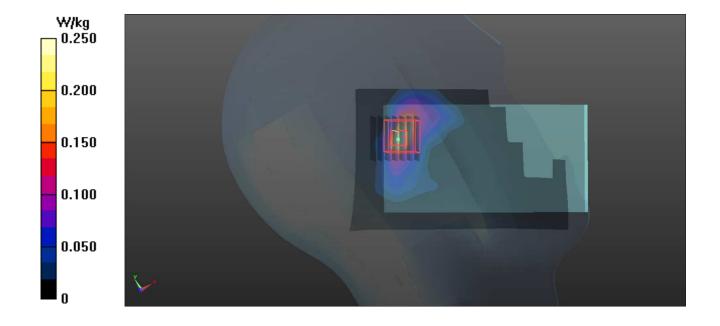
Medium: H2450-A_0819 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.846$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.614$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/19

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.1 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.59, 7.59, 7.59); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.250 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.442 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.143 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg



P09 GSM850_GSM_Rear Face_1cm_Ch189

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

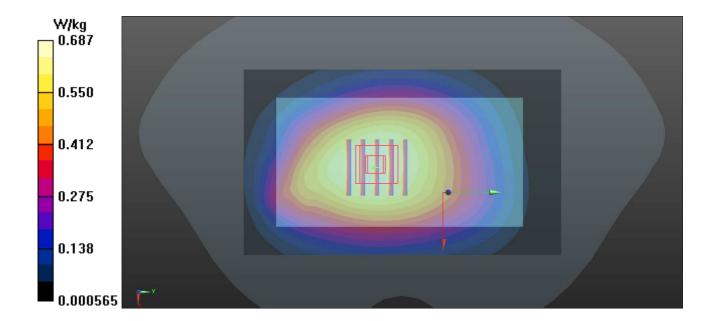
Medium: B835-A_0818 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.959$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.44$; $\rho = 0.959$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.44$; $\epsilon_r = 56.44$;

Date: 2014/08/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.687 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.755 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.471 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.689 W/kg



P10 GSM1900_GSM_Rear Face_1cm_Ch512

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

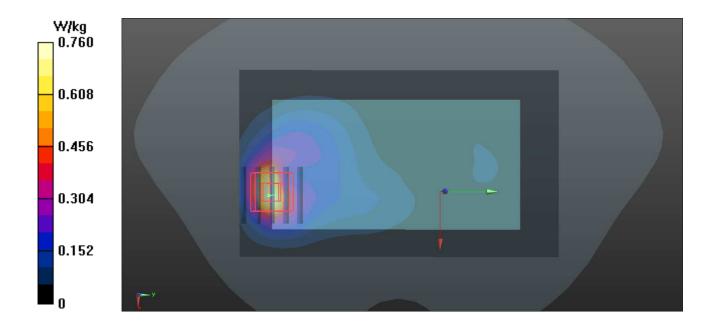
Medium: B1900-A_0817 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.945$; $\rho = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.945$; $\epsilon_r = 54.94$

Date: 2014/08/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.760 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.904 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.999 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.582 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.815 W/kg



P11 GSM850_GPRS12_Rear Face_1cm_Ch251

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

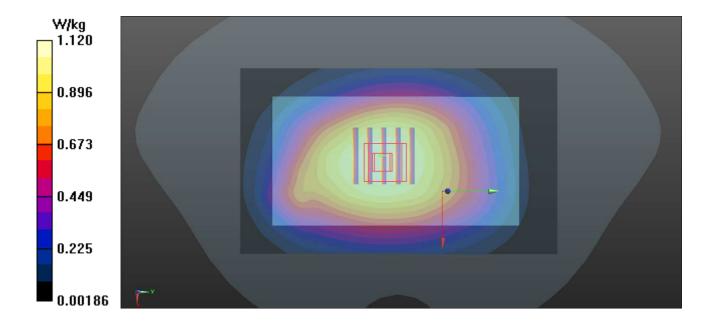
Medium: B835-A_0818 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.325$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 32.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.972 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.754 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg



P12 GSM1900_GPRS12_Rear Face_1cm_Ch512

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

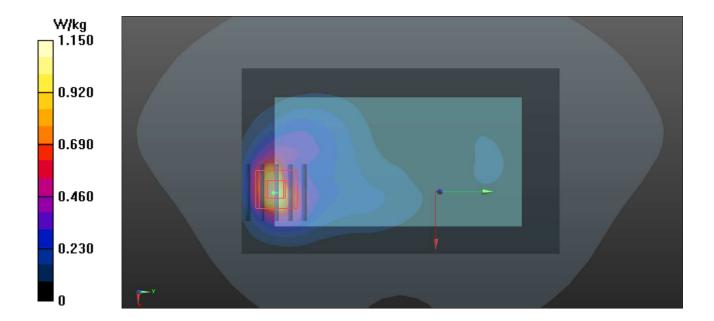
Medium: B1900-A_0817 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.945$; $\rho = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.945$; $\epsilon_r = 54.94$

Date: 2014/08/17

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mmMaximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.280 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.890 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.459 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



P13 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1cm_Ch9538

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1900-A_0817 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; $\sigma = 1.568$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.776$; $\rho = 1.568$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.776$; $\epsilon_r = 54.776$

Date: 2014/08/17

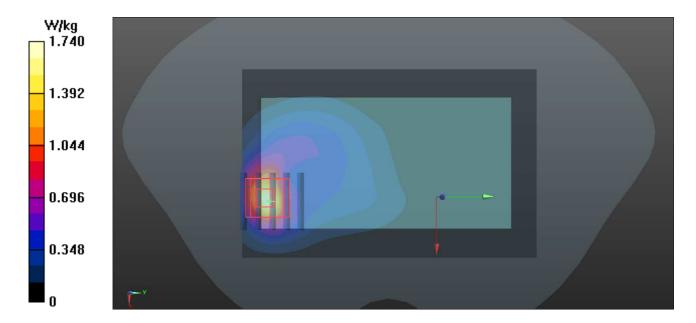
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.74 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.965 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.13 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.640 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.640 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.73 W/kg



P14 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1cm_Ch4132

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

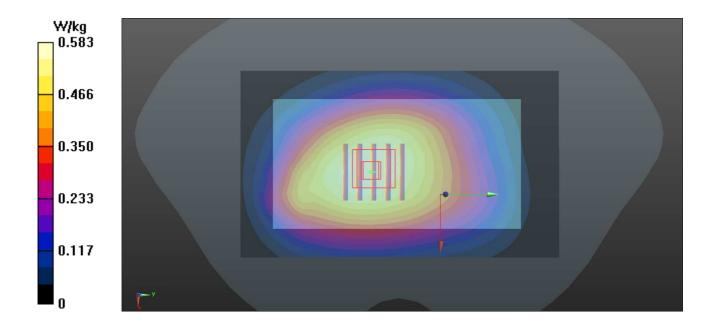
Medium: B835-A_0818 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.949$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.535$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/18

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.638 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.514 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.400 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 W/kg



P15 LTE 2_QPSK_20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch19100_1RB_OS0

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1900-A_0823 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.544$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.191$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/23

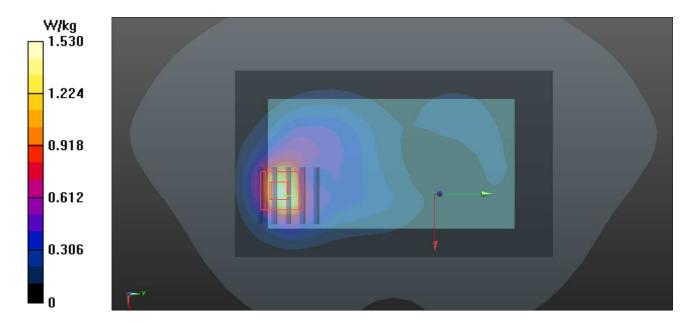
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.53 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.063 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.641 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.641 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 W/kg



P16 LTE 4_QPSK_20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch20300_1RB_OS0

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

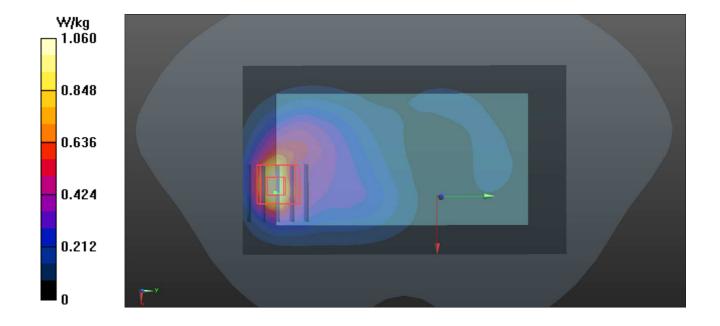
Medium: B1750-A_0825 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.455$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.633$; $\rho = 1.455$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.633$

Date: 2014/08/25

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.06, 8.06, 8.06); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.823 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.448 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



P17 LTE 7_QPSK_20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch21100_1RB_OS0

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

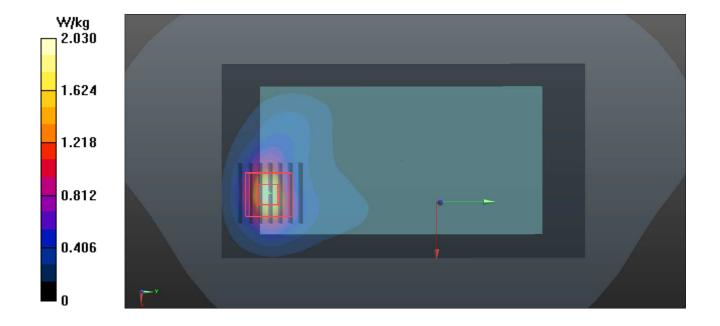
Medium: B2600-A_0826 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.111$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.582$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/26

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.03 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.645 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.81 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.591 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg



P18 802.11b_Rear Face_1cm_Ch11

DUT: 140804N016

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B2450-A_0814 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.044$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.761$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/08/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2014/03/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn905; Calibrated: 2014/07/14
- Phantom: Right Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0657 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.106 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0990 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0561 W/kg

