

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA150519C09

Applicant : Lenovo Mobile Communication Technology Ltd.

Address : No.999, Qishan North 2nd Road, Information & Optoelectronics Park, Torch

Hi-tech Industry Development Zone, Xiamen, P.R.China

Product : Lenovo Mobile Phone

FCC ID : YCNA2010-L

Brand : lenovo

Model No. : Lenovo A2010-I

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2003

IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r01

KDB 248227 D01 v02r01 / KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 / KDB 648474 D04 v01r02 / KDB 941225 D01 v03 / KDB 941225 D05 v02r03 / KDB 941225 D06 v02

Sample Received Date : May 19, 2015

Date of Testing : May 26, 2015 ~ Jun. 14, 2015

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 1 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



Page No.

: 2 of 53

Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015

Table of Contents

Rel	ease C	Control Record	3
1.	Sumr	nary of Maximum SAR Value	4
2.		ription of Equipment Under Test	
3.		Measurement System	
	3.1	Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
	3.2	SPEAG DASY System	
	0	3.2.1 Robot	
		3.2.2 Probes	
		3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
		3.2.4 Phantoms	
		3.2.5 Device Holder	
		3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles	
		3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids	
	3.3	SAR System Verification	
	3.4	SAR Measurement Procedure	
	0.4	3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure	
		3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure	
		3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring	
		3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
		3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods	
1	SAR	Measurement Evaluation	17
٠.	4.1	EUT Configuration and Setting	
	4.2	EUT Testing Position	
	7.2	4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions	
		4.2.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	
		4.2.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions	
		4.2.4 SAR Test Exclusions	22
	4.3	Tissue Verification	
	4.4	System Validation	
	4.5	System Verification	
	4.6	Maximum Output Power	
	4.0	4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power	
		4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result	20
	4.7	SAR Testing Results	
	4.7	4.7.1 SAR Results for Head	
		4.7.2 SAR Results for Body-Worn (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)	
		4.7.2 SAR Results for Hotspot (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)	ა
		4.7.4 SAR Results for Hotspot (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)	
		5.7.1 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation	4
5.	Calib	ration of Test Equipment	4
5. 6.		urement Uncertaintyurement	
0. 7.		nation on the Testing Laboratories	

Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup



Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA150519C09	Initial release	Jun. 16, 2015

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 3 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Body-Worn SAR _{1q} Body SAR _{1g} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)	Highest Reported Hotspot SAR _{1q} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.72	1.19	1.19
	GSM1900	0.35	0.52	0.76
	WCDMA II	0.38	0.54	0.81
PCE	WCDMA V	0.33	0.46	0.46
PCE	LTE 2	0.31	0.50	0.71
	LTE 4	0.30	0.32	0.45
	LTE 7	0.22	0.68	1.19
	LTE 17	0.20	0.33	0.33
DTS	2.4G WLAN	1.15	0.21	0.21
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head (W/kg)	Body-Worn (W/kg)	Hotspot (W/kg)
	PCE+DTS	1.48	1.40	1.40
	PCE+DSS	N/A	1.30	N/A

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 4 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Lenovo Mobile Phone
FCC ID	YCNA2010-L
Brand Name	lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo A2010-l
EUT Configuration	main sample: LCD Panel 1 + Front Camera 1 + Rear Camera 1 + eMMC 1 2nd sample: LCD Panel 2 + Front Camera 2 + Rear Camera 2 + eMMC 2
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 LTE Band 2: 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (1.4M), 1851.5 ~ 1908.5 (3M), 1852.5 ~ 1907.5 (5M), 1855 ~ 1905 (10M), 1857.5 ~ 1902.5 (15M), 1860 ~ 1900 (20M) LTE Band 4: 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (1.4M), 1711.5 ~ 1753.5 (3M), 1712.5 ~ 1752.5 (5M), 1715 ~ 1750 (10M), 1717.5 ~ 1747.5 (15M), 1720 ~ 1745 (20M) LTE Band 7: 2502.5 ~ 2567.5 (5M), 2505 ~ 2565 (10M), 2507.5 ~ 2562.5 (15M), 2510 ~ 2560 (20M) LTE Band 17: 706.5 ~ 713.5 (5M), 709 ~ 711 (10M) WLAN: 2412 ~ 2462 Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11g/n : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850: 32.5 GSM1900: 29.5 WCDMA Band II: 23.5 WCDMA Band V: 22.5 LTE Band 2: 22.5 LTE Band 4: 22.5 LTE Band 7: 21.5 LTE Band 17: 22.5 WLAN 2.4G: 16.5 Bluetooth: 7.0
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Production Unit

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

	Brand Name	lenovo
	Model Name	BL253
Battery 1	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 2000mAh
	Туре	Li-ion
	Manufacturer	SUNWODA
Earphone 1	Brand Name	LIANYUN
Earphone i	Model Name	TS990B-28AMS05-M
Earphone 2	Brand Name	TIANZHI
Earphone 2	Model Name	TJ101247A

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 5 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 <u>Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)</u>

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 6 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



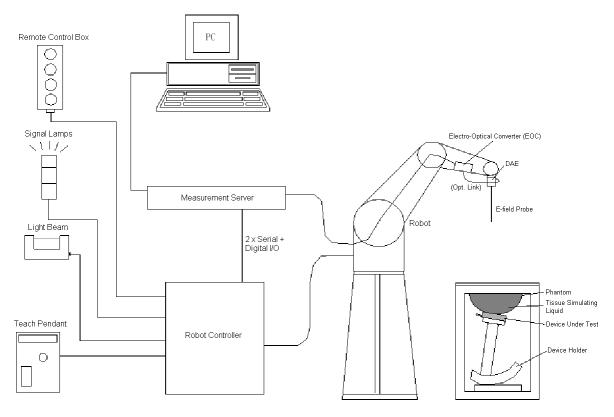
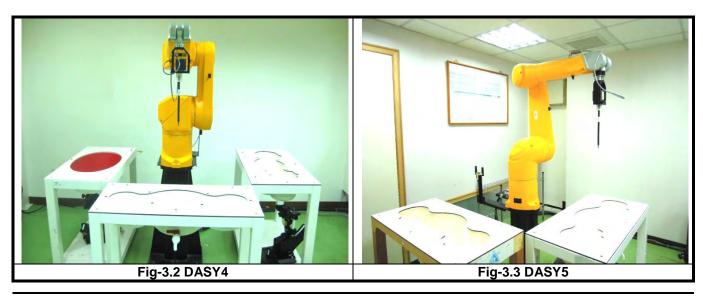


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 7 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	///
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	A. Committee of the com
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AST
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	الطالبا
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 8 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	



Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters



 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 9 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	-
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

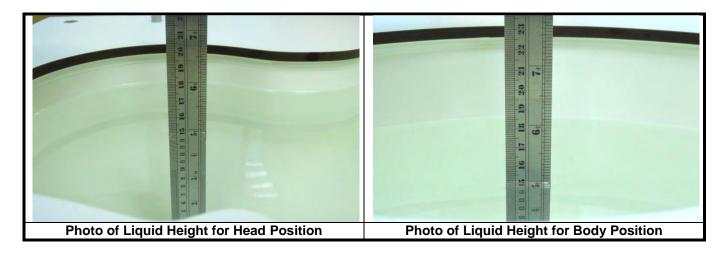
Model	D-Serial	
Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.		
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 10 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 11 of 53
Report No. : SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Eregueney		Denga of		Danga of
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
		For Head		
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
	<u> </u>	For Body	1	
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 12 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015





The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

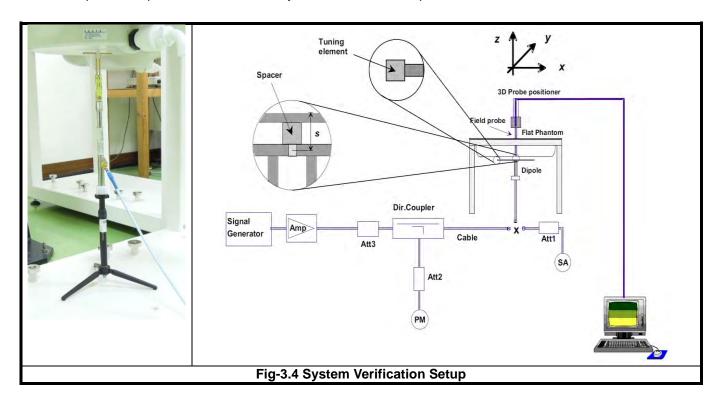
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 13 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 14 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 15 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015

FCC SAR Test Report



3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 16 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

The EUT is a voice/data transmitter device that contains one WWAN transmitter (GSM / WCDMA / LTE). Confirming the LTE transmitter follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, FDD-LTE band 2/4 (BW 1.4/3/5/10/15/20 MHz), FDD-LTE band 7 (BW 5/10/15/20 MHz), FDD-LTE band 17 (BW 5/10 MHz), supports QPSK / 16QAM modulations, and supports data transmission only. Tested per 3GPP 36.521 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK / 16QAM.

LTE Maximum Power Reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101: Power Reduction in accordance to 3GPP is active all times during LTE operation.

			LTE MPR				
Modulation	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	Setting (dB)
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with A-MPR requirements defined in 36.101 section 6.2.4 that may be required to meet 3GPP Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio ("ACLR") requirements. A-MPR was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Configuration	Head (Voice / VoIP)	Body Worn (Voice / VoIP)	Hotspot (Data)
1	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	LTE 2 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	LTE 4 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	LTE 7 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	LTE 17 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	GSM850 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
10	GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
11	WCDMA II (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
12	WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
13	LTE 2 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
14	LTE 4 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
15	LTE 7 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
16	LTE17 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No

Note:

1. The WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and BT.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 17 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



FCC SAR Test Report

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GSM850, the power control level is set to 5. For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For EDGE850 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 8. For GSM1900, the power control level is set to 0. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0. For EDGE1900 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 2.

For WCDMA, head and body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

For LTE, set the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, set the simulator to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power. The steps for system simulator (Anritsu MT8820C) setup are as below.

- 1. Press the "Std" button to select "LTE 22.20S" function
- 2. Choose the "Screen Select" item to "Fundamental Measurement"
- 3. Enter the "Common" item
- 4. Set the Operating Band
- 5. Set the Channel Bandwidth
- 6. Set the UL Channel & Frequency
- 7. Set the Modulation
- 8. Set the RB number and RB shift
- 9. Press "Start Call" button when EUT register to the system simulator
- 10. Set the TX-1 Max. Power to make the EUT transmit maximum output power

For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. According to KDB 248227 D01, WLAN SAR for this device was performed at the lowest data rate.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 18 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset
- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

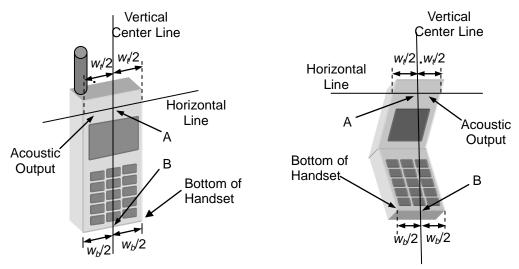


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 19 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

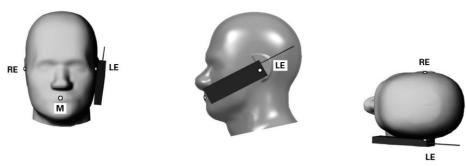


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).



Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 20 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.2.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 D01 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

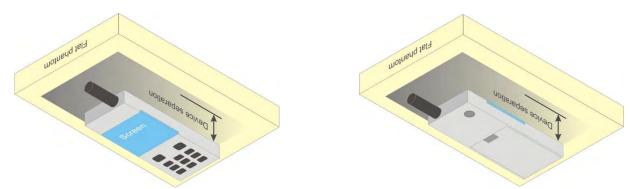


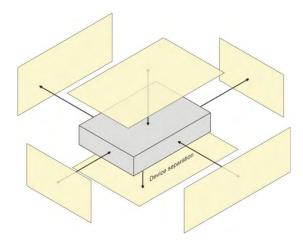
Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 21 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.2.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225 D06. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



Based on the antenna location shown on appendix D of this report, the SAR testing required for hotspot mode is listed as below.

Antenna	Front Face	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Ant	V	V	V	V		V
WLAN / BT	V	V		V	V	

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 22 of 53
Report No. : SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.2.4 SAR Test Exclusions

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance <= 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times \left(\frac{f_{(\text{MHz})}}{150} \right) \right]_{(\text{mW})}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz [(Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1) + (Test Separation Distance -50 mm) \times 10]_(mW)

	Max.	Max. Body-worn				
Mode	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	
ВТ	7.0	5	10	0.8	No	

Note:

1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 23 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	750	22.4	0.894	40.229	0.89	41.9	0.45	-3.99
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	835	22.4	0.905	43.363	0.90	41.5	0.56	4.49
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	1750	22.4	1.320	40.623	1.37	40.1	-3.65	1.30
May. 28, 2015	Head	1900	21.7	1.460	38.514	1.40	40.0	4.29	-3.71
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	2450	21.3	1.833	38.274	1.80	39.2	1.83	-2.36
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	2600	21.4	2.038	38.997	1.96	39.0	3.98	-0.01
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	750	21.8	0.968	55.448	0.96	55.5	0.83	-0.09
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	835	21.8	0.950	54.631	0.97	55.2	-2.06	-1.03
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	1750	21.6	1.498	52.238	1.49	53.4	0.54	-2.18
May. 26, 2015	Body	1900	21.8	1.544	53.693	1.52	53.3	1.58	0.74
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	1900	21.5	1.534	51.024	1.52	53.3	0.92	-4.27
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	2450	21.8	1.972	51.360	1.95	52.7	1.13	-2.54
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	2600	21.8	2.193	52.150	2.16	52.5	1.53	-0.67

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

-	5			Measured	Measured	Va	lidation for C	w	Valida	Validation for Modulation		
Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibrati	on Point	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR	
Jun. 13, 2015	3864	Head	750	0.894	40.229	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Jun. 13, 2015	3864	Head	835	0.905	43.363	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A	
Jun. 13, 2015	3864	Head	1750	1.320	40.623	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A	
May. 28, 2015	3650	Head	1900	1.460	38.514	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A	
Jun. 13, 2015	3864	Head	2450	1.833	38.274	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	
Jun. 13, 2015	3864	Head	2600	2.038	38.997	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	Pass	
Jun. 14, 2015	3864	Body	750	0.968	55.448	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Jun. 14, 2015	3864	Body	835	0.950	54.631	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A	
Jun. 14, 2015	3864	Body	1750	1.498	52.238	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A	
May. 26, 2015	3864	Body	1900	1.544	53.693	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A	
Jun. 14, 2015	3864	Body	1900	1.534	51.024	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A	
Jun. 14, 2015	3864	Body	2450	1.972	51.360	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	
Jun. 14, 2015	3864	Body	2600	2.193	52.150	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	Pass	

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 24 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	750	8.35	2.07	8.28	-0.84	1013	3864	510
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	835	9.43	2.47	9.88	4.77	4d121	3864	510
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	1750	37.30	8.97	35.88	-3.81	1055	3864	510
May. 28, 2015	Head	1900	40.70	10.70	42.80	5.16	5d036	3650	1277
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	2450	51.00	12.90	51.60	1.18	737	3864	510
Jun. 13, 2015	Head	2600	57.50	14.70	58.80	2.26	1020	3864	510
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	750	8.71	2.13	8.52	-2.18	1013	3864	510
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	835	9.55	2.38	9.52	-0.31	4d121	3864	510
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	1750	37.70	9.15	36.60	-2.92	1055	3864	510
May. 26, 2015	Body	1900	40.50	9.97	39.88	-1.53	5d036	3864	510
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	1900	40.50	10.30	41.20	1.73	5d036	3864	510
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	2450	49.50	13.00	52.00	5.05	737	3864	510
Jun. 14, 2015	Body	2600	56.50	14.10	56.40	-0.18	1020	3864	510

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 25 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850	GSM1900
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.5	29.5
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.5	29.5
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	32.0	29.0
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	30.5	27.5
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	29.5	26.5
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	28.0	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	27.0	26.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3Tx-slot)	25.0	24.0
EDGE (8PSK, 4Tx-slot)	24.0	23.5

Mode	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V		
RMC 12.2K	23.5	22.5		
HSDPA	22.5	20.5		
HSUPA	21.5	21.0		

Mode	LTE 2	LTE 4
QPSK / 16QAM	22.5	22.5

Mode	LTE 7	LTE 17		
QPSK / 16QAM	21.5	22.5		

Mode	2.4G WLAN
802.11b	16.5
802.11g	13.5
802.11n HT20	12.5
802.11n HT40	12.5

Mode	Bluetooth
All	7.0

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 26 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015





4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band		GSM850			GSM1900	
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
		Maximum Burst	-Averaged Outp	ut Power		
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.41	32.40	32.42	29.30	29.19	29.29
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.40	32.39	32.41	29.29	29.18	29.28
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	31.87	31.86	31.88	28.69	28.58	28.68
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	30.24	30.23	30.25	27.06	26.95	27.05
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	29.11	29.10	29.12	26.06	25.95	26.05
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	27.92	27.91	27.93	26.73	26.62	26.72
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	26.95	26.94	26.96	25.89	25.78	25.88
EDGE (8PSK, 3Tx-slot)	24.90	24.89	24.91	23.88	23.77	23.87
EDGE (8PSK, 4Tx-slot)	23.82	23.81	23.83	23.05	22.94	23.04
		Maximum Frame	e-Averaged Outp	ut Power		
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	23.41	23.40	23.42	20.30	20.19	20.29
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	23.40	23.39	23.41	20.29	20.18	20.28
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	25.87	25.86	25.88	22.69	22.58	22.68
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	25.98	25.97	25.99	22.80	22.69	22.79
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	26.11	26.10	26.12	23.06	22.95	23.05
EDGE (8PSK, 1Tx-slot)	18.92	18.91	18.93	17.73	17.62	17.72
EDGE (8PSK, 2Tx-slot)	20.95	20.94	20.96	19.89	19.78	19.88
EDGE (8PSK, 3Tx-slot)	20.64	20.63	20.65	19.62	19.51	19.61
EDGE (8PSK, 4Tx-slot)	20.82	20.81	20.83	20.05	19.94	20.04

Note:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

 Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

Band	\ \	WCDMA Band II WCDMA Band V				V	3GPP
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	MPR
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	(dB)
RMC 12.2K	23.03	22.73	22.91	22.16	22.01	22.03	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.03	21.73	21.91	20.24	20.09	20.11	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.05	21.75	21.93	20.23	20.08	20.10	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.63	21.33	21.51	20.24	20.09	20.11	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.62	21.32	21.50	20.24	20.09	20.11	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.17	19.87	20.05	19.27	19.12	19.14	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	19.16	18.85	19.03	19.28	19.13	19.15	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.16	19.84	20.01	20.28	20.13	20.15	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.16	18.86	19.04	19.32	19.17	19.19	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.08	20.78	20.50	20.70	20.55	20.57	0

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 27 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015





				QPSK						
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18607	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19193	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18607	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19193	3GPP MPR
Ballu / BVV	Size	Oliset	1850.7 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.3 MHz	(dB)	1850.7 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.02	21.62	21.46	0	21.00	20.60	20.44	1
	1	2	21.82	21.42	21.26	0	20.80	20.40	20.24	1
	1	5	21.54	21.14	20.98	0	20.52	20.12	19.96	1
2 / 1.4M	3	0	21.06	20.66	20.50	0	20.04	19.64	19.48	1
	3	1	20.92	20.52	20.36	0	19.90	19.50	19.34	1
	3	3	20.78	20.38	20.22	0	19.76	19.36	19.20	1
	6	0	20.90	20.50	20.34	1	19.88	19.48	19.32	2

				QPSK						
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18615	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19185	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18615	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19185	3GPP MPR
Balla, Bil			1851.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1908.5 MHz	(dB)	1851.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1908.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.04	21.64	21.48	0	21.02	20.62	20.46	1
	1	7	21.84	21.44	21.28	0	20.82	20.42	20.26	1
	1	14	21.56	21.16	21.00	0	20.54	20.14	19.98	1
2/3M	8	0	21.08	20.68	20.52	1	20.06	19.66	19.50	2
	8	3	20.94	20.54	20.38	1	19.92	19.52	19.36	2
	8	7	20.80	20.40	20.24	1	19.78	19.38	19.22	2
	15	0	20.92	20.52	20.36	1	19.90	19.50	19.34	2

				QPSK						
LTE	RB Sino	RB Offeet	Low CH 18625	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19175	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18625	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19175	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Offset	1852.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1907.5 MHz	(dB)	1852.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1907.5 MHz	(dB)
	4	0				0				4
	1	0	22.09	21.69	21.53	0	21.07	20.67	20.51	1
	1	12	21.89	21.49	21.33	0	20.87	20.47	20.31	1
	1	24	21.61	21.21	21.05	0	20.59	20.19	20.03	1
2/5M	12	0	21.13	20.73	20.57	1	20.11	19.71	19.55	2
	12	6	20.99	20.59	20.43	1	19.97	19.57	19.41	2
	12	13	20.85	20.45	20.29	1	19.83	19.43	19.27	2
	25	0	20.97	20.57	20.41	1	19.95	19.55	19.39	2

				QPSK						
LTE Bond / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18650	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19150	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18650	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19150	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Oliset	1855.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1905.0 MHz	(dB)	1855.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1905.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.11	21.71	21.55	0	21.09	20.69	20.53	1
	1	24	21.91	21.51	21.35	0	20.89	20.49	20.33	1
	1	49	21.63	21.23	21.07	0	20.61	20.21	20.05	1
2/10M	25	0	21.15	20.75	20.59	1	20.13	19.73	19.57	2
	25	12	21.01	20.61	20.45	1	19.99	19.59	19.43	2
	25	25	20.87	20.47	20.31	1	19.85	19.45	19.29	2
	50	0	20.99	20.59	20.43	1	19.97	19.57	19.41	2

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 28 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015





				QPSK						
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18675	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19125	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Oliset	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)	1857.5 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1902.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.26	21.86	21.70	0	21.24	20.84	20.68	1
	1	37	22.06	21.66	21.50	0	21.04	20.64	20.48	1
	1	74	21.78	21.38	21.22	0	20.76	20.36	20.20	1
2 / 15M	36	0	21.30	20.90	20.74	1	20.28	19.88	19.72	2
	36	19	21.16	20.76	20.60	1	20.14	19.74	19.58	2
	36	39	21.02	20.62	20.46	1	20.00	19.60	19.44	2
	75	0	21.14	20.74	20.58	1	20.12	19.72	19.56	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 18700	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19100	3GPP MPR	Low CH 18700	Mid CH 18900	High CH 19100	3GPP MPR
			1860.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1900.0 MHz	(dB)	1860.0 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1900.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.31	21.91	21.75	0	21.29	20.89	20.73	1
	1	50	22.11	21.71	21.55	0	21.09	20.69	20.53	1
	1	99	21.83	21.43	21.27	0	20.81	20.41	20.25	1
2 / 20M	50	0	21.35	20.95	20.79	1	20.33	19.93	19.77	2
	50	25	21.21	20.81	20.65	1	20.19	19.79	19.63	2
	50	50	21.07	20.67	20.51	1	20.05	19.65	19.49	2
	100	0	21.19	20.79	20.63	1	20.17	19.77	19.61	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE	RB Sino	RB Offeet	Low CH 19957	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20393	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19957	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20393	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Offset	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	(dB)	1710.7 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1754.3 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.05	21.08	22.09	0	20.02	20.05	21.06	1
	1	2	20.97	21.00	22.01	0	19.94	19.97	20.98	1
	1	5	20.87	20.90	21.91	0	19.84	19.87	20.88	1
4 / 1.4M	3	0	20.11	20.14	21.15	0	19.08	19.11	20.12	1
	3	1	20.05	20.08	21.09	0	19.02	19.05	20.06	1
	3	3	19.99	20.02	21.03	0	18.96	18.99	20.00	1
	6	0	20.04	20.07	21.08	1	19.01	19.04	20.05	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19965	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20385	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19965	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20385	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Oliset	1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	(dB)	1711.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1753.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.13	21.16	22.17	0	20.10	20.13	21.14	1
	1	7	21.05	21.08	22.09	0	20.02	20.05	21.06	1
	1	14	20.95	20.98	21.99	0	19.92	19.95	20.96	1
4 / 3M	8	0	20.19	20.22	21.23	1	19.16	19.19	20.20	2
	8	3	20.13	20.16	21.17	1	19.10	19.13	20.14	2
	8	7	20.07	20.10	21.11	1	19.04	19.07	20.08	2
	15	0	20.12	20.15	21.16	1	19.09	19.12	20.13	2

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 29 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015





				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 19975	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20375	3GPP MPR	Low CH 19975	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20375	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Oliset	1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz	(dB)	1712.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1752.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.18	21.21	22.22	0	20.15	20.18	21.19	1
	1	12	21.10	21.13	22.14	0	20.07	20.10	21.11	1
	1	24	21.00	21.03	22.04	0	19.97	20.00	21.01	1
4 / 5M	12	0	20.24	20.27	21.28	1	19.21	19.24	20.25	2
	12	6	20.18	20.21	21.22	1	19.15	19.18	20.19	2
	12	13	20.12	20.15	21.16	1	19.09	19.12	20.13	2
	25	0	20.17	20.20	21.21	1	19.14	19.17	20.18	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20000	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20350	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20000	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20350	3GPP MPR
Dallu / DVV	312e	Oliset	1715.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750.0 MHz	(dB)	1715.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1750.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.26	21.29	22.30	0	20.23	20.26	21.27	1
	1	24	21.18	21.21	22.22	0	20.15	20.18	21.19	1
	1	49	21.08	21.11	22.12	0	20.05	20.08	21.09	1
4 / 10M	25	0	20.32	20.35	21.36	1	19.29	19.32	20.33	2
	25	12	20.26	20.29	21.30	1	19.23	19.26	20.27	2
	25	25	20.20	20.23	21.24	1	19.17	19.20	20.21	2
	50	0	20.25	20.28	21.29	1	19.22	19.25	20.26	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20025	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20325	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20025	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20325	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Offset	1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	(dB)	1717.5 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1747.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.31	21.34	22.35	0	20.28	20.31	21.32	1
	1	37	21.23	21.26	22.27	0	20.20	20.23	21.24	1
	1	74	21.13	21.16	22.17	0	20.10	20.13	21.14	1
4 / 15M	36	0	20.37	20.40	21.41	1	19.34	19.37	20.38	2
	36	19	20.31	20.34	21.35	1	19.28	19.31	20.32	2
	36	39	20.25	20.28	21.29	1	19.22	19.25	20.26	2
	75	0	20.30	20.33	21.34	1	19.27	19.30	20.31	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20050	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20300	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20050	Mid CH 20175	High CH 20300	3GPP MPR
Band / BW	Size	Oliset	1720.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1745.0 MHz	(dB)	1720.0 MHz	1732.5 MHz	1745.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.37	21.40	22.41	0	20.34	20.37	21.38	1
	1	50	21.29	21.32	22.33	0	20.26	20.29	21.30	1
	1	99	21.19	21.22	22.23	0	20.16	20.19	21.20	1
4 / 20M	50	0	20.43	20.46	21.47	1	19.40	19.43	20.44	2
	50	25	20.37	20.40	21.41	1	19.34	19.37	20.38	2
	50	50	20.31	20.34	21.35	1	19.28	19.31	20.32	2
	100	0	20.36	20.39	21.40	1	19.33	19.36	20.37	2

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 30 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



FCC SAR Test Report

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20775	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21425	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20775	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21425	3GPP MPR
Ballu / BVV	Size	Oliset	2502.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2567.5 MHz	(dB)	2502.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2567.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	20.82	21.01	20.97	0	19.79	19.98	19.94	1
	1	12	20.80	20.99	20.95	0	19.77	19.96	19.92	1
	1	24	20.93	21.12	21.08	0	19.90	20.09	20.05	1
7 / 5M	12	0	19.85	20.04	20.00	1	18.82	19.01	18.97	2
	12	6	19.86	20.05	20.01	1	18.83	19.02	18.98	2
	12	13	19.89	20.08	20.04	1	18.86	19.05	19.01	2
	25	0	19.85	20.04	20.00	1	18.82	19.01	18.97	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20800	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21400	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20800	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21400	3GPP MPR
	0.20	G.II.GCI	2505.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2565.0 MHz	(dB)	2505.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2565.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	20.91	21.10	21.06	0	19.88	20.07	20.03	1
	1	24	20.89	21.08	21.04	0	19.86	20.05	20.01	1
	1	49	21.02	21.21	21.17	0	19.99	20.18	20.14	1
7 / 10M	25	0	19.94	20.13	20.09	1	18.91	19.10	19.06	2
	25	12	19.95	20.14	20.10	1	18.92	19.11	19.07	2
	25	25	19.98	20.17	20.13	1	18.95	19.14	19.10	2
	50	0	19.94	20.13	20.09	1	18.91	19.10	19.06	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20825	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21375	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20825	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21375	3GPP MPR
Ballu / BVV	Size	Oliset	2507.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2562.5 MHz	(dB)	2507.5 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2562.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	20.98	21.17	21.13	0	19.95	20.14	20.10	1
	1	37	20.96	21.15	21.11	0	19.93	20.12	20.08	1
	1	74	21.09	21.28	21.24	0	20.06	20.25	20.21	1
7 / 15M	36	0	20.01	20.20	20.16	1	18.98	19.17	19.13	2
	36	19	20.02	20.21	20.17	1	18.99	19.18	19.14	2
	36	39	20.05	20.24	20.20	1	19.02	19.21	19.17	2
	75	0	20.01	20.20	20.16	1	18.98	19.17	19.13	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 20850	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21350	3GPP MPR	Low CH 20850	Mid CH 21100	High CH 21350	3GPP MPR
			2510.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2560.0 MHz	(dB)	2510.0 MHz	2535.0 MHz	2560.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	21.04	21.23	21.19	0	20.01	20.20	20.16	1
	1	50	21.02	21.21	21.17	0	19.99	20.18	20.14	1
	1	99	21.15	21.34	21.30	0	20.12	20.31	20.27	1
7 / 20M	50	0	20.07	20.26	20.22	1	19.04	19.23	19.19	2
	50	25	20.08	20.27	20.23	1	19.05	19.24	19.20	2
	50	50	20.11	20.30	20.26	1	19.08	19.27	19.23	2
	100	0	20.07	20.26	20.22	1	19.04	19.23	19.19	2

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 31 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



FCC SAR Test Report

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23755	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23825	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23755	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23825	3GPP MPR
Band / BVV	Size	Oliset	706.5 MHz	710.0 MHz	713.5 MHz	(dB)	706.5 MHz	710.0 MHz	713.5 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.26	22.24	22.28	0	21.23	21.21	21.25	1
	1	12	22.38	22.36	22.40	0	21.35	21.33	21.37	1
	1	24	22.39	22.37	22.41	0	21.36	21.34	21.38	1
17 / 5M	12	0	21.34	21.32	21.36	1	20.31	20.29	20.33	2
	12	6	21.38	21.36	21.40	1	20.35	20.33	20.37	2
	12	13	21.39	21.37	21.41	1	20.36	20.34	20.38	2
	25	0	21.37	21.35	21.39	1	20.34	20.32	20.36	2

				QPSK				16QAM		
LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	Low CH 23780	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23800	3GPP MPR	Low CH 23780	Mid CH 23790	High CH 23800	3GPP MPR
		Offset	709.0 MHz	710.0 MHz	711.0 MHz	(dB)	709.0 MHz	710.0 MHz	711.0 MHz	(dB)
	1	0	22.35	22.33	22.37	0	21.32	21.30	21.34	1
	1	24	22.47	22.45	22.49	0	21.44	21.42	21.46	1
	1	49	22.48	22.46	22.50	0	21.45	21.43	21.47	1
17 / 10M	25	0	21.43	21.41	21.45	1	20.40	20.38	20.42	2
	25	12	21.47	21.45	21.49	1	20.44	20.42	20.46	2
	25	25	21.48	21.46	21.50	1	20.45	20.43	20.47	2
	50	0	21.46	21.44	21.48	1	20.43	20.41	20.45	2

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode		802.11b	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	15.20	16.06	15.20
Mode		802.11g	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	11.23	13.18	11.33
Mode		802.11n (HT20)	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	11.02	12.16	11.27
Mode		802.11n (HT40)	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	3 (2422)	6 (2437)	9 (2452)
Average Power	9.07	12.06	8.91

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 32 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015





4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Results for Head

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Cheek	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.14	0.176	0.19
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Tilted	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.04	0.106	0.12
	GSM850	GPRS12	Left Cheek	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.13	0.174	0.19
	GSM850	GPRS12	Left Tilted	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.07	0.106	0.12
01	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Cheek	251	2	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	0.12	0.664	<mark>0.72</mark>
02	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Cheek	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	0.04	0.318	<mark>0.35</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Tilted	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.02	0.143	0.16
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Left Cheek	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.08	0.274	0.30
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Left Tilted	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.08	0.143	0.16
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Cheek	512	2	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.13	0.225	0.25
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.02	0.34	<mark>0.38</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	-0.05	0.159	0.18
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.17	0.271	0.30
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.08	0.14	0.16
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	2	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	-0.16	0.253	0.28
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.11	0.041	0.04
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Tilted	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.14	0.053	0.06
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.15	0.059	0.06
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Tilted	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.11	0.040	0.04
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	4132	2	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.07	0.302	<mark>0.33</mark>

Note:

- 1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.
- 2. Since GPRS/EDGE of this device supports VOIP capability through 3rd party apps software, we have evaluated data mode for head SAR.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 33 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



FCC SAR Test Report

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
05	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.07	0.296	<mark>0.31</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.07	0.233	0.24
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.05	0.132	0.14
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.12	0.101	0.10
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.08	0.260	0.27
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.07	0.210	0.22
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.05	0.121	0.13
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	-0.11	0.1	0.10
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	18700	2	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	-0.14	0.246	0.26
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.04	0.129	0.13
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.06	0.121	0.12
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.04	0.038	0.04
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.09	0.036	0.04
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	-0.04	0.094	0.10
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.01	0.087	0.09
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.07	0.029	0.03
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.08	0.027	0.03
06	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20300	2	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	-0.08	0.29	<mark>0.30</mark>
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.12	0.121	0.13
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0.15	0.096	0.10
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.11	0.00139	0.00
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0	0	0.00
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.12	0.142	0.15
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0.05	0.112	0.12
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0	0	0.00
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0	0	0.00
07	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	21100	2	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.11	0.216	<mark>0.22</mark>
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.07	0.045	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	-0.02	0.028	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.11	0.026	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.02	0.017	0.02
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.08	0.047	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	-0.01	0.029	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.06	0.027	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.08	0.018	0.02
08	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23800	2	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.14	0.199	<mark>0.20</mark>

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 34 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



FCC SAR Test Report

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Cheek	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.01	0.348	0.39
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Tilted	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.05	0.292	0.32
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.07	0.485	0.54
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Tilted	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.03	0.381	0.42
09	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	2	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.07	1.04	<mark>1.15</mark>
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	2	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.05	1.02	1.13
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Cheek	11	2	1	16.5	15.20	1.35	-0.16	0.463	0.62
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Tilted	6	2	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	-0.03	0.714	0.79

Note:

- 1. For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.</p>
- 2. For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 35 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015





4.7.2 SAR Results for Body-Worn (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS12	Front Face	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.05	0.285	0.31
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.05	0.37	0.40
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	2	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.02	0.935	1.02
10	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	128	2	1	29.5	29.11	1.09	-0.08	1.09	<mark>1.19</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	128	2	1	29.5	29.11	1.09	-0.02	1.08	1.18
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	189	2	1	29.5	29.10	1.10	0.01	0.995	1.09
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Front Face	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.03	0.425	0.47
11	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.04	0.470	<mark>0.52</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	512	2	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.12	0.442	0.49
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.04	0.430	0.48
12	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.04	0.482	<mark>0.54</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	2	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	-0.06	0.45	0.50
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.01	0.1	0.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.03	0.134	0.14
13	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4132	2	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.02	0.429	<mark>0.46</mark>

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.05	0.374	0.39
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.02	0.304	0.31
14	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.01	0.482	<mark>0.50</mark>
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.05	0.380	0.39
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	2	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	-0.09	0.478	0.50
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	-0.13	0.238	0.24
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.01	0.218	0.22
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.07	0.298	0.30
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.08	0.284	0.29
15	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	2	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.08	0.314	<mark>0.32</mark>
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Front Face	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	-0.15	0.330	0.34
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Front Face	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	-0.01	0.256	0.27
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.11	0.429	0.45
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0.04	0.337	0.35
16	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	21100	2	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.19	0.659	<mark>0.68</mark>
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.1	0.063	0.06
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.09	0.04	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.12	0.088	0.09
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	-0.04	0.058	0.06
17	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	2	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.18	0.333	<mark>0.33</mark>

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 36 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.

5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Front Face	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.04	0.11	0.12
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.01	0.149	0.16
18	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	6	2	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	-0.16	0.194	<mark>0.21</mark>

Note:

- 1. For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.</p>
- 2. For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 37 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015





4.7.3 SAR Results for Hotspot (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS12	Front Face	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.05	0.285	0.31
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.05	0.37	0.40
	GSM850	GPRS12	Left Side	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	0.07	0.258	0.28
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	0.01	0.322	0.35
	GSM850	GPRS12	Bottom Side	251	1	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	0.05	0.036	0.04
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	251	2	1	29.5	29.12	1.09	-0.02	0.935	1.02
10	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	128	2	1	29.5	29.11	1.09	-0.08	1.09	<mark>1.19</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	128	2	1	29.5	29.11	1.09	-0.02	1.08	1.18
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	189	2	1	29.5	29.10	1.10	0.01	0.995	1.09
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Front Face	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.03	0.425	0.47
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.04	0.470	0.52
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Left Side	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	0.12	0.186	0.21
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	-0.03	0.097	0.11
19	GSM1900	GPRS12	Bottom Side	512	1	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	0.01	0.690	<mark>0.76</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Bottom Side	512	2	1	26.5	26.06	1.11	0.13	0.65	0.72
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Front Face	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.04	0.430	0.48
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.04	0.482	0.54
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Left Side	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.08	0.245	0.27
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0	0.090	0.10
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9262	1	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.06	0.634	0.71
20	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9262	2	1	23.5	23.03	1.11	0.07	0.729	<mark>0.81</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9400	2	1	23.5	22.73	1.19	0.11	0.653	0.78
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	9538	2	1	23.5	22.91	1.15	0.1	0.625	0.72
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Front Face	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.01	0.1	0.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.03	0.134	0.14
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Left Side	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.1	0.101	0.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.02	0.106	0.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Bottom Side	4132	1	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	0.15	0.011	0.01
13	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	4132	2	1	22.5	22.16	1.08	-0.02	0.429	<mark>0.46</mark>

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 38 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.05	0.374	0.39
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.02	0.304	0.31
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.01	0.482	0.50
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.05	0.380	0.39
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.04	0.203	0.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.01	0.165	0.17
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	-0.03	0.074	0.08
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.01	0.06	0.06
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18700	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.12	0.584	0.61
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18700	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.35	1.04	0.07	0.474	0.49
21	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18700	2	1	1	0	22.5	22.31	1.04	0.10	0.676	0.71
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	-0.13	0.238	0.24
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.01	0.218	0.22
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.07	0.218	0.30
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.02	0.07	0.296	0.30
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	20300	1	1	1	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.08	0.284	0.29
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.01	0.134	0.14
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	20300	1	1	1	0	22.5	22.41	1.02	0.15	0.127	0.13
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	20300	1	1	50	0	21.5	21.47	1.01	0.03	0.108	0.10
			_				1						1	
	LTE 4	QPSK20M QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20300	1	1	50	0	22.5 21.5	22.41 21.47	1.02	0.06	0.286	0.29
22	LTE 4		Bottom Side	20300	2	1	50	0	22.5		1.02		0.304	0.31 0.45
22		QPSK20M	Bottom Side							22.41		0.15		
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Front Face	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	-0.15	0.330	0.34
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Front Face	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	-0.01	0.256	0.27
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.11	0.429	0.45
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Rear Face	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0.04	0.337	0.35
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.08	0.145	0.15
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Left Side	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	-0.04	0.111	0.12
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Side	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.11	0.117	0.12
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Right Side	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0.03	0.091	0.10
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	1	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.11	0.607	0.63
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	1	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	0.12	0.463	0.48
23	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	2	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.13	1.15	<mark>1.19</mark>
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	2	1	1	99	21.5	21.34	1.04	0.12	1.13	1.17
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20850	2	1	1	99	21.5	21.15	1.08	0.17	1.07	1.16
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21350	2	1	1	99	21.5	21.30	1.05	0.11	1.08	1.13
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	2	1	50	50	20.5	20.30	1.05	-0.08	0.93	0.97
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20850	2	1	50	50	20.5	20.11	1.09	0.07	0.85	0.93
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21350	2	1	50	50	20.5	20.26	1.06	0.04	0.86	0.91
	LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	2	1	100	0	20.5	20.26	1.06	0.17	0.9	0.95
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.1	0.063	0.06
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Front Face	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.09	0.04	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.12	0.088	0.09
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	-0.04	0.058	0.06
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Side	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.05	0.05	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Left Side	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.05	0.03	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Side	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	0.1	0.052	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Right Side	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.06	0.031	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	23800	1	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.03	0.014	0.01
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	23800	1	1	25	25	21.5	21.50	1.00	0.11	0.00847	0.01
17	LTE 17	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23800	2	1	1	49	22.5	22.50	1.00	-0.18	0.333	0.33

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required when the reported SAR of highest power 1RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 2. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 39 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



- not required when the reported SAR of highest power 50% RB configuration is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 3. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 100% RB is not required when the maximum power of 100% RB is less than the maximum power of 1RB and 50% RB, and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50% RB is less than 0.8 W/kg.
- 4. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for 16QAM is not required when the maximum power of 16QAM is less 1/2 dB higher than QPSK, and the highest reported SAR of QPSK is less than 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. According to KDB 941225, LTE SAR testing for smaller channel bandwidth is not required when the maximum power of smaller channel bandwidth is less 1/2 dB higher than largest channel bandwidth, and the highest reported SAR of largest channel bandwidth is less than 1.45 W/kg.

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Battery	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Front Face	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.04	0.11	0.12
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.01	0.149	0.16
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Right Side	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.07	0.055	0.06
	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Top Side	6	1	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	0.01	0.095	0.11
18	2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Rear Face	6	2	1	16.5	16.06	1.11	-0.16	0.194	<mark>0.21</mark>

Note:

- 1. For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.</p>
- 2. For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 40 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



4.7.4 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
 - 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

5

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
2.4G WLAN	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	1.04	1.02	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	128	1.09	1.08	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 7	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	21100	1.15	1.13	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

5.7.1 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$Estimated SAR = \frac{Max. Tune \ up \ Power_{(mW)}}{Min. Test \ Separation \ Distance_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	7.0	Body-worn	10	0.11

Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 41 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis				
			Right Cheek	0.72	0.39	1.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
		Hood	Right Tilted	0.12	0.32	0.44	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
		Head	Left Cheek	0.19	1.15	1.34	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
			Left Tilted	0.12	0.79	0.91	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.31	0.12	0.43	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
	GSM850 + WLAN (DTS)		Rear Face	1.19	0.21	1.40	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
1			Front Face	0.31	0.12	0.43	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
			Rear Face	1.19	0.21	1.40	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
		Hatanat	Left Side	0.28	0.00	0.28	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
		Hotspot	Right Side	0.35	0.06	0.41	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
		-			 	 	Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.04	0.00	0.04	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
	GSM850	Dady Mare	Front Face	0.31	0.11	0.42	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
2	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	1.19	0.11	1.30	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 42 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis												
			Right Cheek	0.35	0.39	0.74	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
		Head	Right Tilted	0.16	0.32	0.48	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.30	1.15	1.45	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
			Left Tilted	0.16	0.79	0.95	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.47	0.12	0.59	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
3	GSM1900 +	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.52	0.21	0.73	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
3	WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.47	0.12	0.59	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
									Rear Face	0.52	0.21	0.73	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required						
			Left Side	0.21	0.00	0.21	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
			Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Ησιερσι	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Right Side	0.11	0.06	0.17	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900														Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.76	0.00	0.76	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
4		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.47	0.11	0.58	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												
4	+ BT (DSS)	Bouy-Worn	Rear Face	0.52	0.11	0.63	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required												

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 43 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis					
			Right Cheek	0.38	0.39	0.77	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		Head	Right Tilted	0.18	0.32	0.50	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.30	1.15	1.45	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
			Left Tilted	0.16	0.79	0.95	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		Pady Warn	Front Face	0.48	0.12	0.60	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
_	WCDMA II	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.54	0.21	0.75	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
5	WLAN (DTS)	Hotspot	Front Face	0.48	0.12	0.60	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
								Rear Face	0.54	0.21	0.75	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.27	0.00	0.27	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		поіѕроі	Right Side	0.10	0.06	0.16	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
	WCDMA II		Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
			Bottom Side	0.81	0.00	0.81	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
_		Dady Warn	Front Face	0.48	0.11	0.59	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
6	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.54	0.11	0.65	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 44 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis					
			Right Cheek	0.04	0.39	0.43	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		Head	Right Tilted	0.06	0.32	0.38	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.33	1.15	1.48	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
			Left Tilted	0.04	0.79	0.83	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.11	0.12	0.23	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
7	WCDMA V	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.46	0.21	0.67	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
l ′	WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.11	0.12	0.23	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
									Rear Face	0.46	0.21	0.67
		Untopot	Left Side	0.11	0.00	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		Hotspot	Right Side	0.11	0.06	0.17	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
	WCDMA V		Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
			Bottom Side	0.01	0.00	0.01	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
		Pady Warn	Front Face	0.11	0.11	0.22	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					
8	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.46	0.11	0.57	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required					

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 45 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis			
			Right Cheek	0.31	0.39	0.70	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
		Llood	Right Tilted	0.14	0.32	0.46	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
		Head	Left Cheek	0.27	1.15	1.42	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
			Left Tilted	0.13	0.79	0.92	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
		Pady Warn	Front Face	0.39	0.12	0.51	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
9	LTE 2	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.50	0.21	0.71	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
9	WLAN (DTS)		Front Face	0.39	0.12	0.51	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
							Rear Face	0.50	0.21	0.71
		Hotopot	Left Side	0.21	0.00	0.21	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
		Hotspot	Right Side	0.08	0.06	0.14	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
				Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required		
			Bottom Side	0.71	0.00	0.71	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
40	LTE 2	Dody Warn	Front Face	0.39	0.11	0.50	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			
10	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.50	0.11	0.61	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required			

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 46 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis											
			Right Cheek	0.30	0.39	0.69	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
		Head	Right Tilted	0.04	0.32	0.36	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
		пеац	Left Cheek	0.10	1.15	1.25	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
			Left Tilted	0.03	0.79	0.82	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.24	0.12	0.36	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
11	LTE 4	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.32	0.21	0.53	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
''	WLAN (DTS)			Front Face	0.24	0.12	0.36	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required										
						Rear Face	0.30	0.21	0.51	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required								
		Hotopot	Left Side	0.14	0.00	0.14	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
		Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Ποιεροι	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	поізроі	Hotspot	Hotspot	Right Side	0.11	0.06	0.17	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
										Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required				
			Bottom Side	0.45	0.00	0.45	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
12	LTE 4	Body-Worn	Front Face	0.24	0.11	0.35	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											
12	BT (DSS)	Bouy-Worn	Rear Face	0.32	0.11	0.43	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required											

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 47 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
	LTE 7 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.13	0.39	0.52	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.00	0.32	0.32	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.22	1.15	1.37	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.00	0.79	0.79	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.34	0.12	0.46	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
13			Rear Face	0.68	0.21	0.89	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.34	0.12	0.46	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.45	0.21	0.66	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.15	0.00	0.15	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.12	0.06	0.18	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	1.19	0.00	1.19	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
44	LTE 7	Pady Warn	Front Face	0.34	0.11	0.45	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
14	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.13	0.11	0.79	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 48 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
15	LTE 17 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.05	0.39	0.44	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.03	0.32	0.35	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.20	1.15	1.35	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.03	0.79	0.82	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.06	0.12	0.18	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.33	0.21	0.54	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.06	0.12	0.18	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.33	0.21	0.54	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.05	0.06	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.11	0.11	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.01	0.00	0.01	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
	LTE 17		Front Face	0.06	0.11	0.17	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
16	+ BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Rear Face	0.33	0.11	0.44	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer: Smith Chen, and Kevin Yao

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No. : 49 of 53

 Report No. : SA150519C09
 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1013	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1055	Aug. 28, 2014	2 Years	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 26, 2015	2 Years	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 21, 2014	2 Years	
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1020	Aug. 21, 2014	2 Years	
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3650	Jul. 28, 2014	1 Year	
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3864	Jul. 25, 2014	1 Year	
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	510	Aug. 26, 2014	1 Year	
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1277	Jul. 22, 2014	1 Year	
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266628	Dec. 05, 2013	2 Years	
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201300638	Jul. 22, 2014	1 Year	
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46107999	Apr. 07, 2015	1 Year	
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470455	Feb. 26, 2015	1 Year	
MXG Analong Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jun. 26, 2014	1 Year	
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jun. 26, 2014	1 Year	
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jun. 26, 2014	1 Year	
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	130504579	Aug. 21, 2014	1 Year	

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 50 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Toleranc e (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertai nty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertai nty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.5 / 0.7	Normal	1	1	1	1.5	0.7	32
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.2 / 1.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.2	1.8	32
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty	1.0	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	0.6	0.4	25
Liquid Permittivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	0.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	0.3	0.2	25
Combined Standard Uncertainty		± 11.2 %	± 10.4 %					
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 22.4 %	± 20.8 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 51 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



Source of Uncertainty	Toleranc e (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertai nty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertai nty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	8
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	8
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	8
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.5 / 0.7	Normal	1	1	1	1.5	0.7	32
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.2 / 1.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.2	1.8	32
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty	1.0	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	0.6	0.4	25
Liquid Permittivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	0.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	0.3	0.2	25
Combined Standard Uncertainty	Combined Standard Uncertainty							
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)							± 23.0 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

 Report Format Version 5.0.0
 Page No.
 : 52 of 53

 Report No.: SA150519C09
 Issued Date
 : Jun. 16, 2015



7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

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Tel: 886-3-318-3232 Fax: 886-3-327-0892

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Tel: 886-2-2605-2180 Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:

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Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Report Format Version 5.0.0 Page No. : 53 of 53
Report No.: SA150519C09 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015



Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015

Report No. : SA150519C09

System Check_H750_150613

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H07T08N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.229$; $\rho = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.229$; $\rho = 0.894$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 0.894$ S/m

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

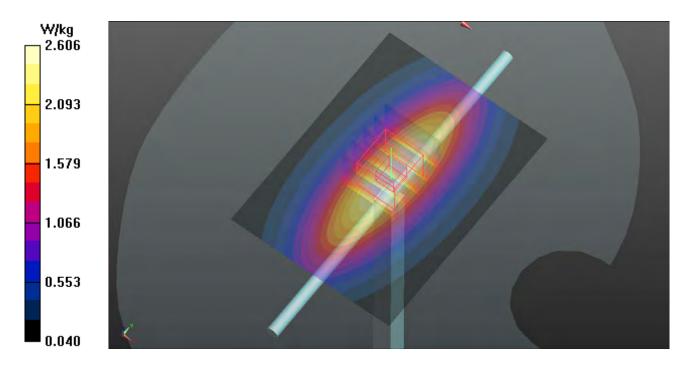
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.44, 10.44, 10.44); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 W/kg



System Check_H835_150613

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H08T09N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.905$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.363$; $\rho = 0.905$ Medium: $\varepsilon_r = 43.363$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

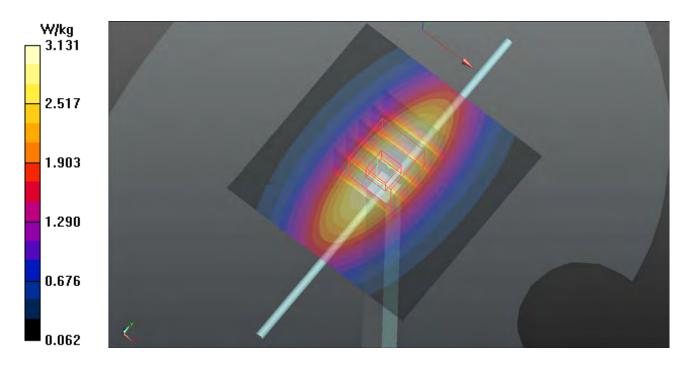
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.13 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 59.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.13 W/kg



System Check_H1750_150613

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H17T18N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.32$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.623$; $\rho = 1.32$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.623$; $\epsilon_r = 40.623$;

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

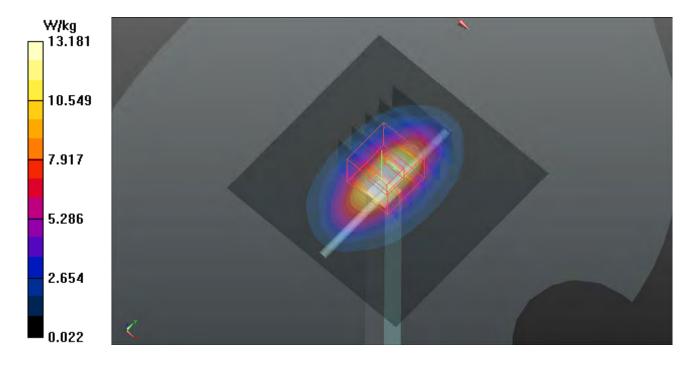
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.84 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



System Check_H1900_150528

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H18T19N1_0528 Medium parameters used: f=1900 MHz; $\sigma=1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=38.514$; $\rho=1.46$ Medium: $\epsilon_r=38.514$

Date: 2015/05/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

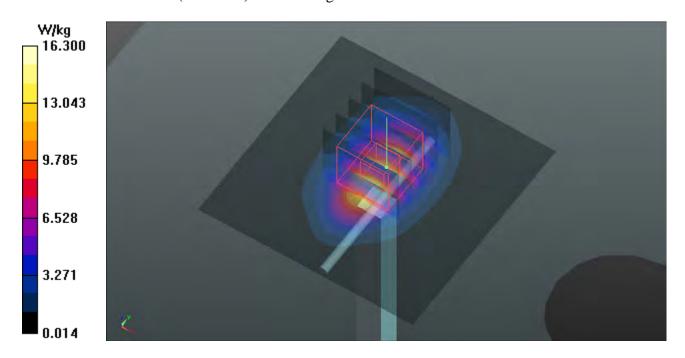
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2014/07/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2014/07/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 103.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



System Check_H2450_150613

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H24T25N2_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.833$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.274$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

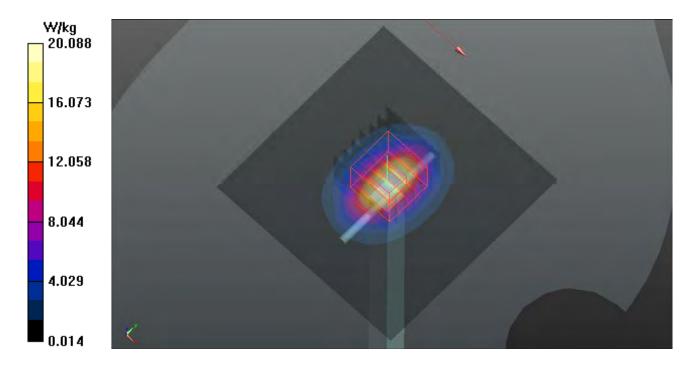
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



System Check_H2600_150613

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; SN: 1020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H25T27N2_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.038$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.997$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4°C

DASY5 Configuration:

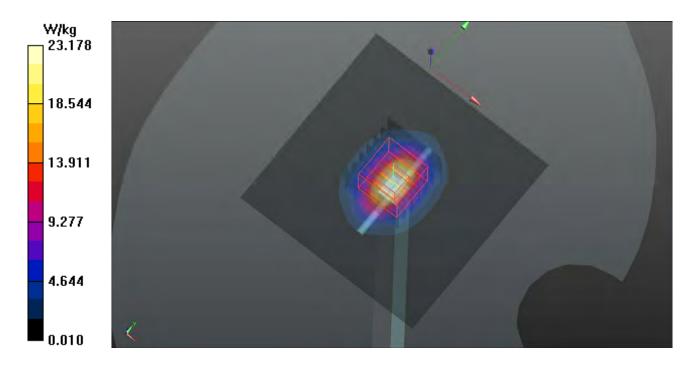
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 108.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.0 W/kg



System Check_B750_150614

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B07T08N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.448$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

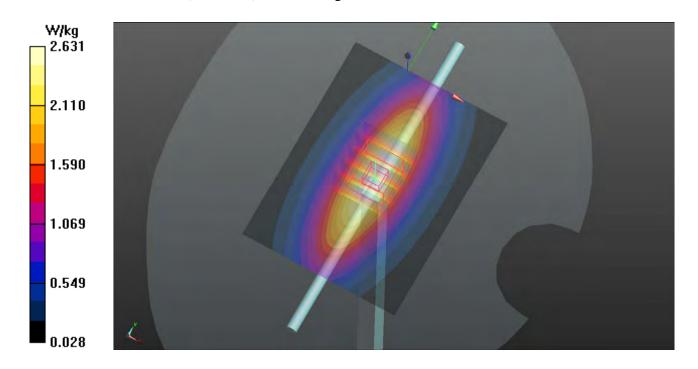
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.08, 10.08, 10.08); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.63 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg



System Check_B835_150614

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B08T09N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.631$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

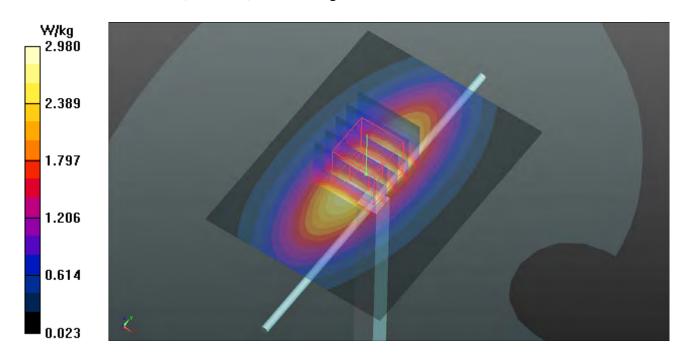
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.98 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.00 W/kg



System Check_B1750_150614

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; SN: 1055

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B17T18N3_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.498$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.238$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

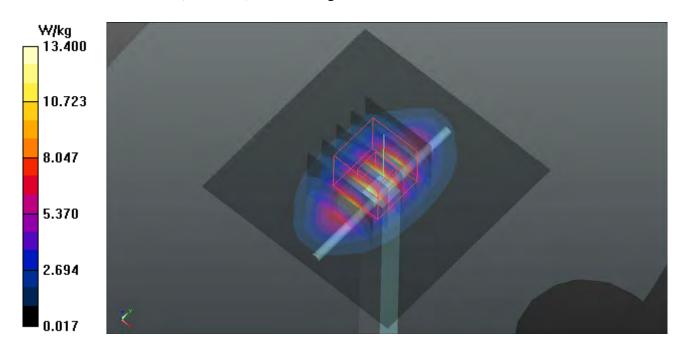
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



System Check_B1900_150614

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B18T19N3_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.534$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.024$; $\rho = 1.534$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.024$; $\epsilon_r = 51.024$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

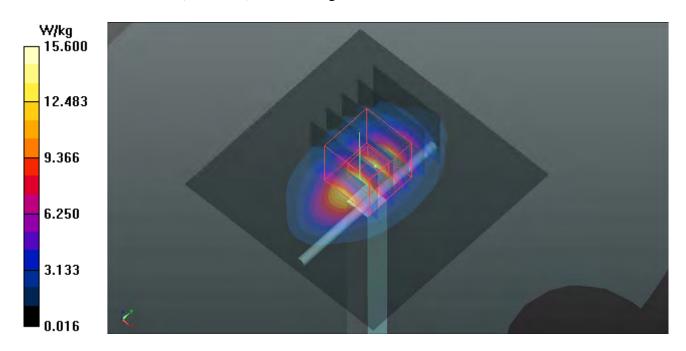
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



System Check_B2450_150614

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B24T25N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.972$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.36$; $\rho = 1.972$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.36$; $\rho = 1.972$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 1.972$ S/m; ε

Date: 2016/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

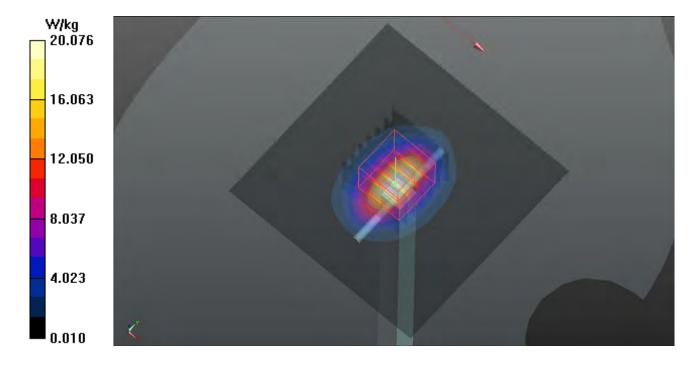
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



System Check_B2600_150614

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; SN: 1020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B25T27N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.193$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.15$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8°C

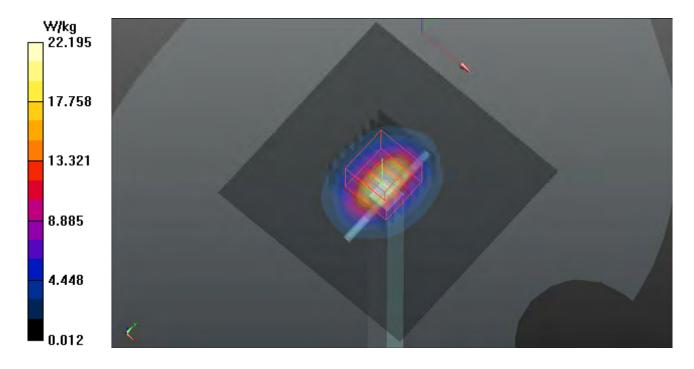
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg







Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jun. 16, 2015

Report No. : SA150519C09

P01 GSM850_GPRS12_Right Cheek_Ch251_Sample2_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

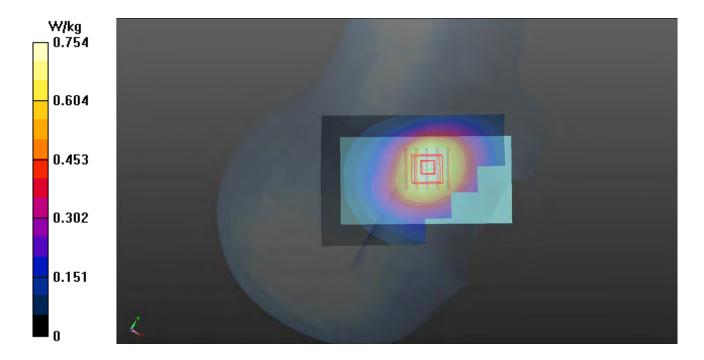
Medium: H08T09N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.918$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.182$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.754 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.007 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.821 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.664 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.511 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.746 W/kg



P02 GSM1900_GPRS12_Right Cheek_Ch512_Sample1_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

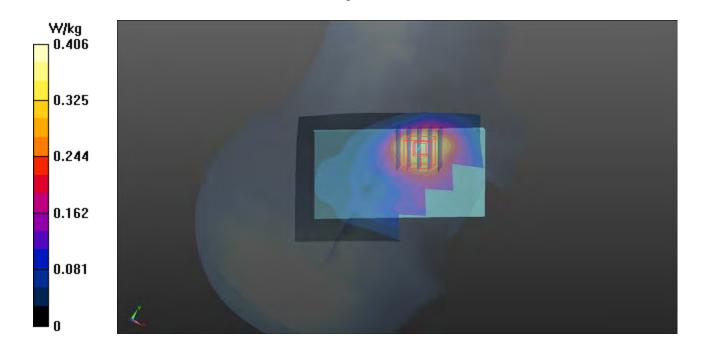
Medium: H18T19N1_0528 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.412$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.754$; ρ

Date: 2015/05/28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2014/07/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2014/07/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.406 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.009 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.486 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.318 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 W/kg



P03 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch9262_Sample1_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

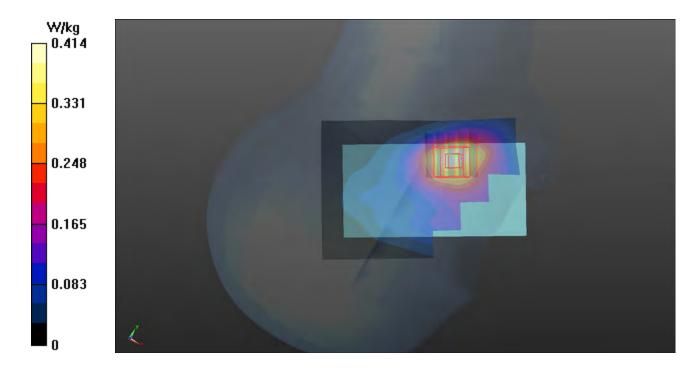
Medium: H18T19N1_0528 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.414$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.745$; ρ

Date: 2015/05/28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2014/07/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2014/07/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.940 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.518 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.428 W/kg



P04 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch4132_Sample2_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

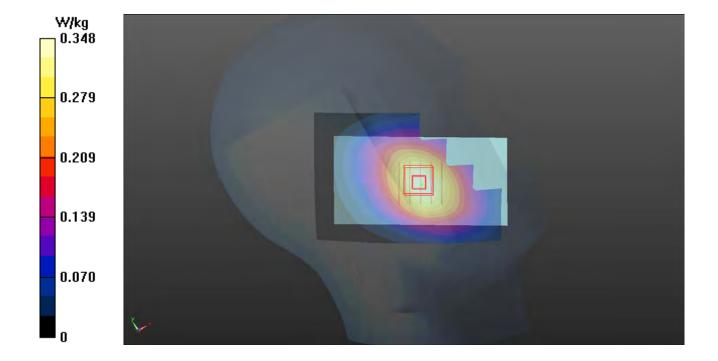
Medium: H08T09N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.469$; $\rho = 0.896$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.469$; $\varepsilon_r = 43.46$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.757 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 W/kg



P05 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Right Cheek_Ch18700_Sample1_Battery1_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

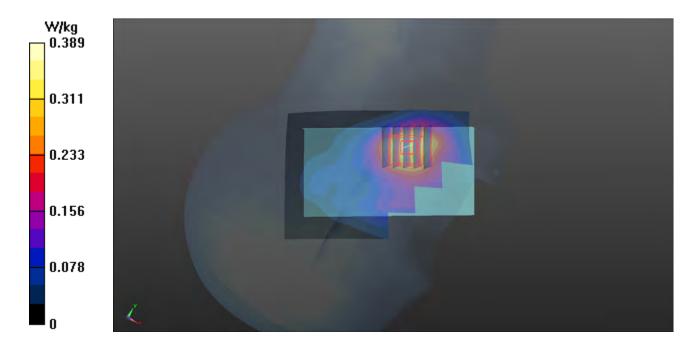
Medium: H18T19N1_0528 Medium parameters used: f=1860 MHz; $\sigma=1.421$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=38.712$; $\rho=1.421$ MHz; $\sigma=1.421$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=38.712$; $\rho=1.421$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=38.712$; $\epsilon_r=38$

Date: 2015/05/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.7 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2014/07/28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2014/07/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.389 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.487 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.296 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 W/kg



P06 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Right Cheek_Ch20300_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS0

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

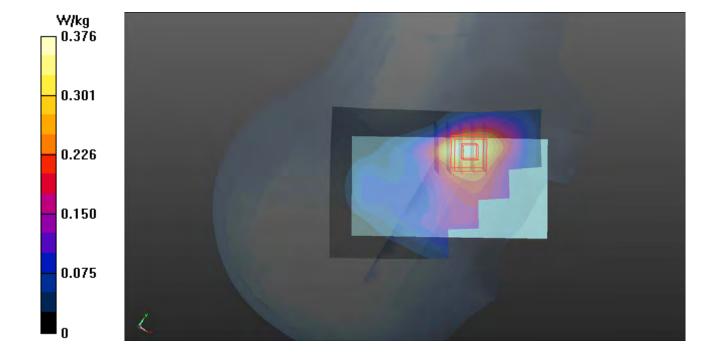
Medium: H17T18N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.317$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.635$; $\rho = 1.317$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.635$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.376 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.152 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.290 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 W/kg



P07 LTE 7_QPSK20M_Left Cheek_Ch21100_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS99

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

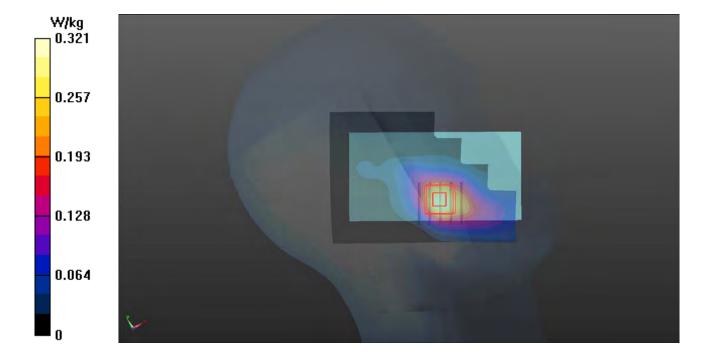
Medium: H25T27N2_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.264$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4°C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.321 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.659 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.216 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.293 W/kg



P08 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Left Cheek_Ch23800_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS49

Date: 2015/06/13

DUT: 150519C09

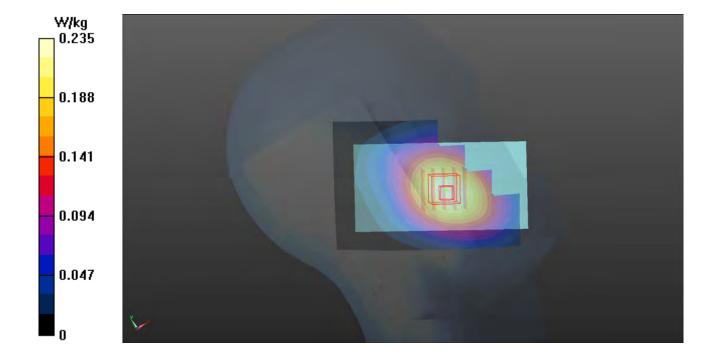
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H07T08N1_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; $\sigma = 0.86$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.728$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.44, 10.44, 10.44); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.915 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.242 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



P09 2.4G WLAN 802.11b Left Cheek Ch6 Sample2 Bettery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

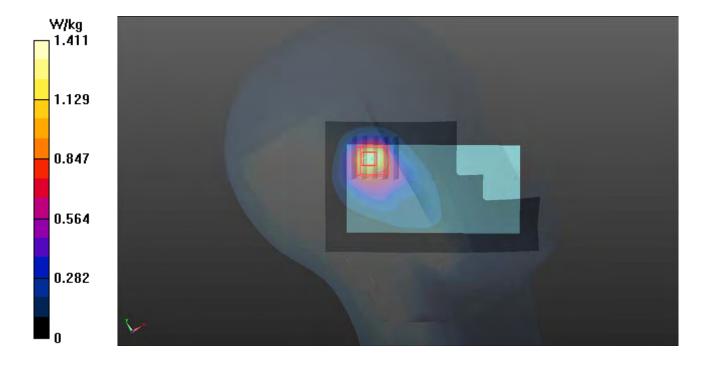
Medium: H24T25N2_0613 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.819$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.332$; $\rho = 1.819$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.332$; $\epsilon_r = 38.332$

Date: 2015/06/13

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 18.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.508 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg



P10 GSM850_GPRS12_Rear Face_1cm_Ch128_Sample2_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

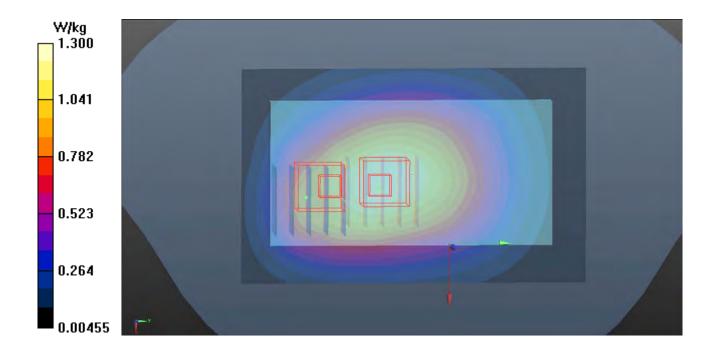
Medium: B08T09N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.73$; $\rho = 0.939$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 0.939$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 36.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.839 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 36.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.851 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.559 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



P11 GSM1900_GPRS12_Rear Face_1cm_Ch512_Sample1_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

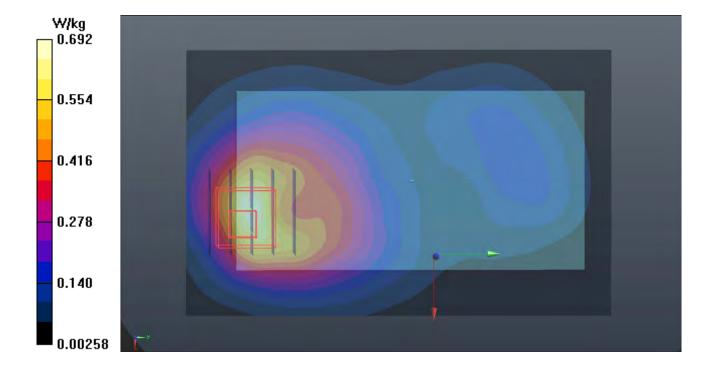
Medium: B18T19N1_0526 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.514$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.654$; ρ

Date: 2015/05/26

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.692 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.657 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.800 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.470 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.643 W/kg



P12 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1cm_Ch9262_Sample1_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

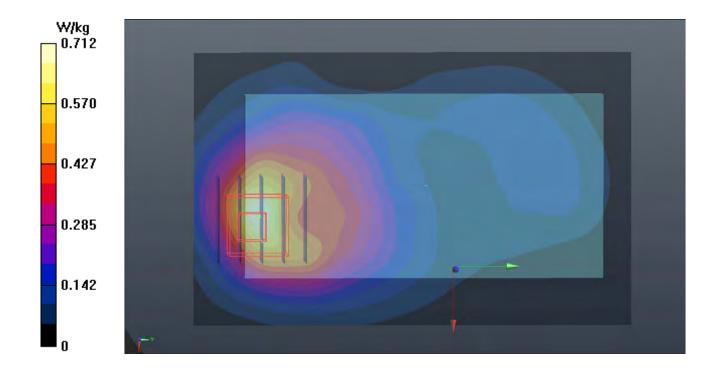
Medium: B18T19N1_0526 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.515$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.662$; ρ

Date: 2015/05/26

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.712 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.967 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.837 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.482 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.666 W/kg



P13 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Rear Face_1cm_Ch4132_Sample2_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

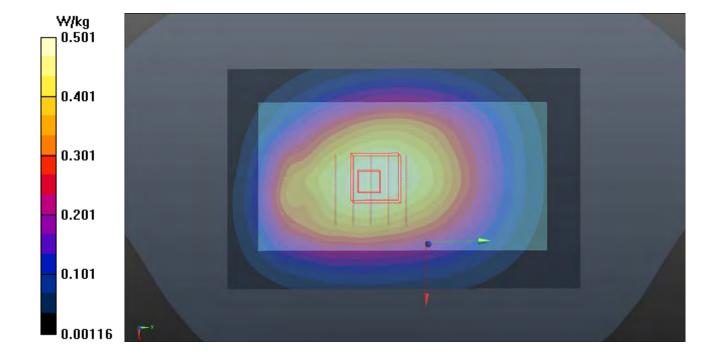
Medium: B08T09N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.941$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.713$; $\rho = 0.941$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.713$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.501 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.545 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.429 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.494 W/kg



P14 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch18700_Sample1_Battery1_1RB_OS0

Date: 2015/05/26

DUT: 150519C09

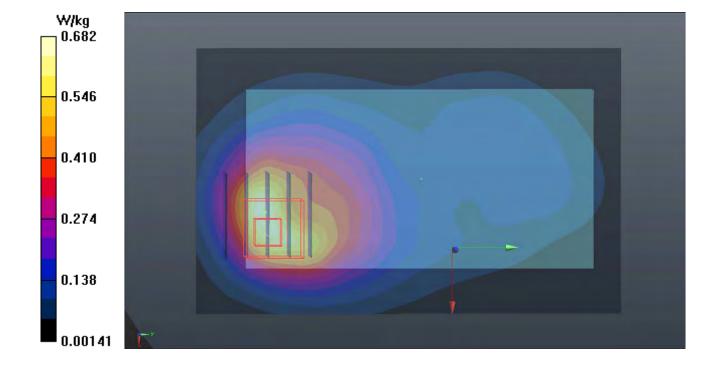
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B18T19N1_0526 Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; $\sigma = 1.518$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.685$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.682 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.611 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.482 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 W/kg



P15 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch20300_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS0

Date: 2015/06/14

DUT: 150519C09

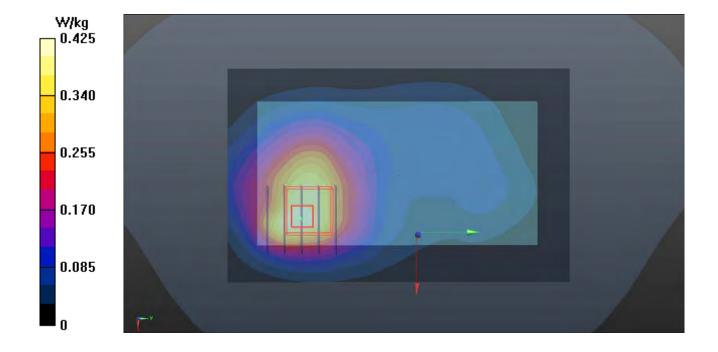
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B17T18N3_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.265$; $\rho = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.265$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.152 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.507 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.314 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 W/kg



P16 LTE 7_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch21100_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS99

Date: 2015/06/14

DUT: 150519C09

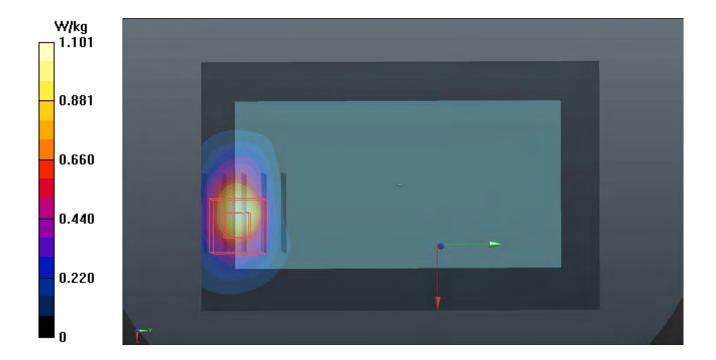
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B25T27N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.106$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.364$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.573 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.659 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.879 W/kg



P17 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch23800_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS49

Date: 2015/06/14

DUT: 150519C09

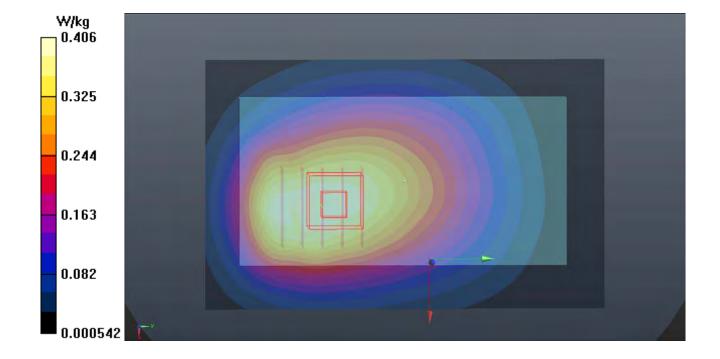
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B07T08N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; $\sigma = 0.935$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.769$; $\rho = 0.935$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.769$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.769$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(10.08, 10.08, 10.08); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.406 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.437 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.333 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.384 W/kg



P18 2.4G WLAN_802.11b_Rear Face_1cm_Ch6_Sample2_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B24T25N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.953$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.413$; $\rho =$

Date: 2015/06/14

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

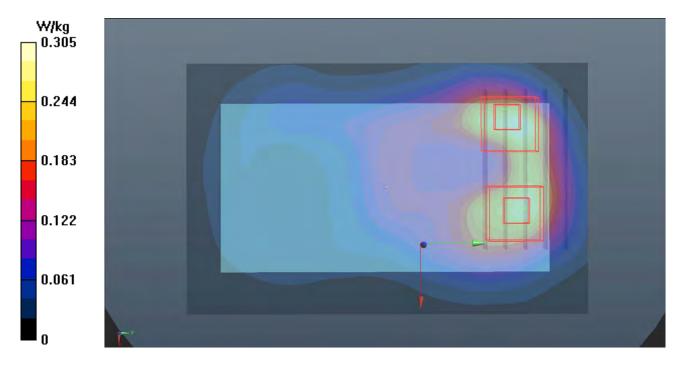
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.312 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.340 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.312 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.383 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 W/kg



P19 GSM1900_GPRS12_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch512_Sample1_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: GPRS12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: B18T19N1_0526 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.514$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.654$; ρ

Date: 2015/05/26

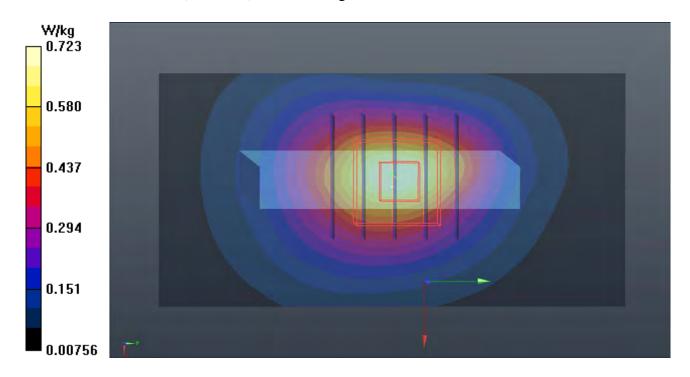
 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.723 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.690 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.948 W/kg



P20 WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9262_Sample2_Battery1

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

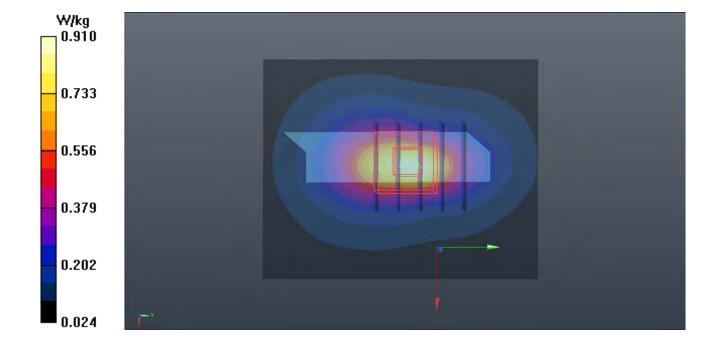
Medium: B18T19N3_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.489$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.097$; ρ

Date: 2015/06/14

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.910 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.729 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 W/kg



P21 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch18700_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS0

Date: 2015/06/14

DUT: 150519C09

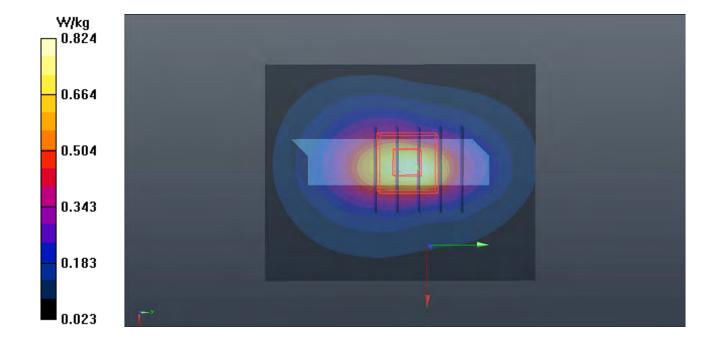
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B18T19N3_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.086$; $\rho = 1.495$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.086$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.824 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.676 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.903 W/kg



P22 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20300_Sample2_Battery1_50RB_OS0

Date: 2015/06/14

DUT: 150519C09

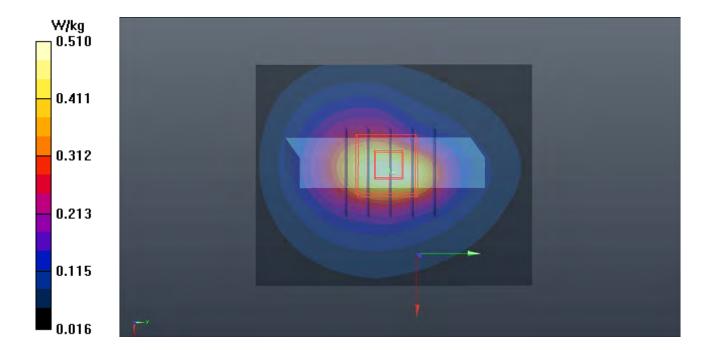
Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B17T18N3_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.265$; $\rho = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.265$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.510 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.704 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 W/kg



P23 LTE 7_QPSK20M_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch21100_Sample2_Battery1_1RB_OS99

Date: 2015/06/14

DUT: 150519C09

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B25T27N1_0614 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.106$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.364$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3864; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2014/07/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2014/08/26
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1653; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)
- Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.59 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.31 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.534 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg

