

# **TEST REPORT**

Date: 2011-03-09

Report No.: 60.870.10.016.01F

Applicant: Pandachip Ltd.

> Unit 211, 2/F., IC Development Centre, No.6 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science

Park, Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong

Skype Video Gateway System (Camera) **Description of Samples:** Model name:

> **OVIZee** Brand name: Model no.: SC880 YE7-SC880 FCCID:

**Date Samples Received:** 2010-12-09

**Date Tested:** 2010-12-09 to 2011-02-28

**Investigation Requested:** FCC Part 15 Subpart C, Section 15.247

Conclusions: The submitted product **COMPLIED** with the

requirements of Federal Communications Commission [FCC] Rules and Regulations Part 15. The tests were performed in accordance with the standards described above and on Section 2.2

in this Test Report.

Remarks:

Checked by: Approved by:-

Prudence Poon Technical Manager

Wireless & Telecom Department

Jeff Pong **Duty Manager** 

Wireless & Telecom Department

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# 1.0 General Details

# 1.1 Test Laboratory

Hong Kong Standards and Testing Centre Registration Number: 607756

Tested by:



### 1.2 Applicant Details Applicant

### Pandachip Ltd.

Unit 211, 2/F., IC Development Centre, No.6 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong

#### Manufacturer

#### Pandachip Ltd.

Unit 211, 2/F., IC Development Centre, No.6 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, N.T. Hong Kong

### 1.3 Equipment Under Test [EUT]

#### **Description of EUT**

Product Description: Skype Video Gateway System (Camera)

Model No.: SC880
Brand Name: OVIZee
FCCID: YE7-SC880

Rating: - DC 5.0V, 500mA powered by AC/DC power adaptor

or DC 3.7V,"Li-ion rechargeable battery.

Operated Frequency: 2410 - 2469 MHz

No. of Operated Channel: 58

Accessories and Auxiliary Equipments: - AC/DC power adaptor.

Antenna Type: Integral Manufacture of Antenna: Pandachip Ltd.

Antenna Gain: 0dBi Antenna Model: N/A

#### **General Operation of EUT**

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a Camera of the Skype Video Gateway System operated at 2.4GHz. The Camera has two set build-in transceivers for communication with the Gateway and each transceiver has own unique channel frequency list.

#### FHSS Operation Principle:

This module is controlled by microchip to generate Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence, this module support 58 hopping channels. Refer to section 4.5 of this report to have more detail of Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm.

#### 1.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a signal application subjected to Certificate Authorization.

# 2.0 Technical Details

# 2.1 Investigations Requested

Perform ElectroMagnetic Interference measurement in accordance with FCC 47CFR [Codes of Federal Regulations] Part 15: 2009 and ANSI C63.4: 2003 for FCC Verification

# 2.2 Test Standards and Results Summary Tables

Test Condition	Test Requirement	Test Re	sult
		Pass	N/A
Number of Frequency Hopping	Section 15.247 (a1)		
20dB Bandwidth Measurement	Section 15.247 ( a1 )		
Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Average Time of Occupancy	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm	Section 15.247 (a1)		
Band Edge Measurement	Section 15.247		
Maximum Output Power	Section 15.247 ( b1 )		
Out of Band Emission	Section 15.247 ( d )		
Radiated Emission in Restricted Band	Section 15.247 ( d )		
Conducted Emission on AC Mains	Section 15.207		
RF Exposure	Section 15.247 (i)	$\boxtimes$	
Antenna Requirement	Section 15.203	See note 1	

Note 1: The EUT uses a permanently attached antenna, which in accordance to Section 15.203, is considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Remark: N/A - Not Applicable

#### 3.0 Test Methodology

#### 3.1 Radiated Emission

The sample was placed 0.8m above the ground plane on a standard emission test site \*. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.

\*On a standard emission test site with a metal ground plane filed with the FCC pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC rules, with Registration Number: 607756.

### 3.2 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength at 3 m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer to the factors associated with antenna correction factor, cable loss, preamplifiers and filter attenuation.

The equation is expressed as follow:

FS = R + System Factor System Factor = AF + CF + FA - PA

Where FS = Net Field Strength in dBuV/m at 3 meters.

R = Reading of Spectrum Analyzer / Test Receiver in dBuV.

AF = Antenna Factor in dB.

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB.

FA = Filter Attenuation Factor in dB.

PA = Preamplifier Factor in dB.

FA and PA are only be used for the measuring frequency above 1 GHz.

#### 3.3 Conducted Emissions

The test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2003, with the following: initial measurements were performed in peak and average detection modes on the live line of personal computer, any emissions recorded within 30dB of the relevant limit lines were re-measured using quasi-peak and average detection on the live and neutral lines with the worst case recorded in the table of results.

# 4.0 Test Results

### 4.1 Number of Hopping Frequency

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)(iii)

Test Date: 2011-02-28

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

#### **Result: PASS**

#### Measured Result:

Operating Channel Frequency in sequence (MHz):

```
2410; 2412; 2414; 2416; 2418; 2420; 2422; 2424; 2426; 2428; 2430; 2432; 2434; 2436; 2438;
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2440; 2442; 2444; 2446; 2448; 2450; 2452; 2454; 2456; 2458; 2460; 2462; 2464; 2466

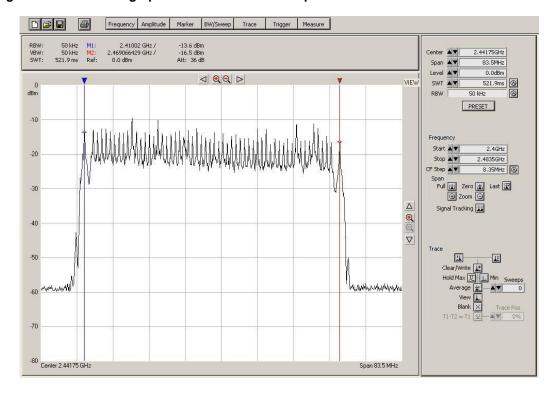
2413; 2415; 2417; 2419; 2421; 2423; 2425; 2427; 2429; 2431; 2433; 2435; 2437; 2439; 2441;

2443; 2445; 2447; 2449; 2451; 2453; 2455; 2457; 2459; 2461; 2463; 2465; 2467; 2469

#### Limit for Number of Hopping Channel [ Section 15.247 (a1)(iii) ]

At least 15 non-overlapping channels for 2400-2483.5MHz.

Figure 1 – Result data graph shows the number of operation channels:



#### 4.2 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

Test Date: 2011-02-28

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

#### Test Setup:

The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at the fundamental frequency. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with typical modulating signal to produce the worst-case (i.e. the widest) bandwidth.

Transceiver A Channel	Measured frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Lowest	2410	2.04
Middle	2436	2.04
Highest	2466	2.09

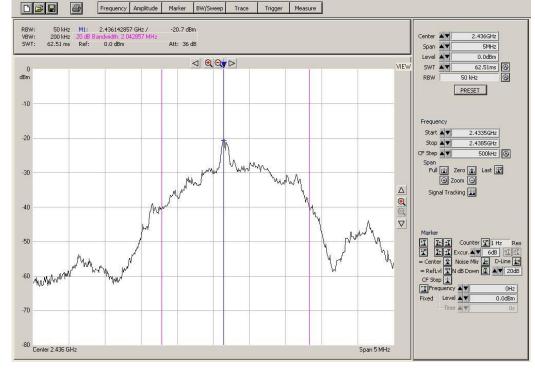
Transceiver B Channel	Measured frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Lowest	2413	2.09
Middle	2441	2.09
Highest	2469	2.04

This result is used for checking the hopping channel carrier frequencies separation.



Figure 2 – Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2.410GHz, BW = 2.04MHz





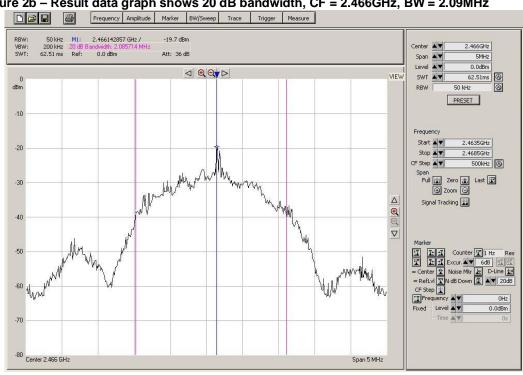
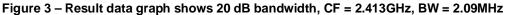
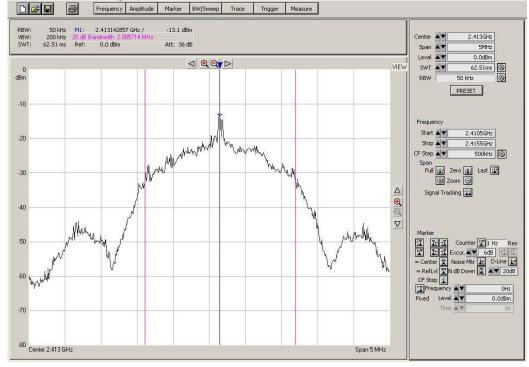


Figure 2b – Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2.466GHz, BW = 2.09MHz





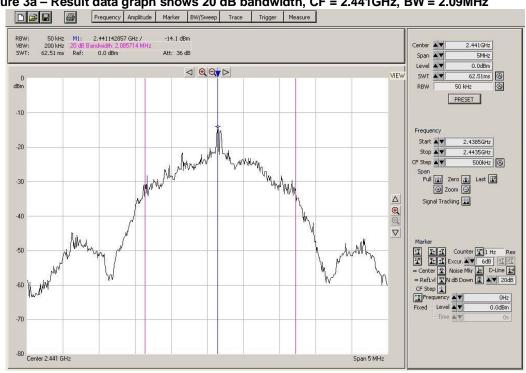
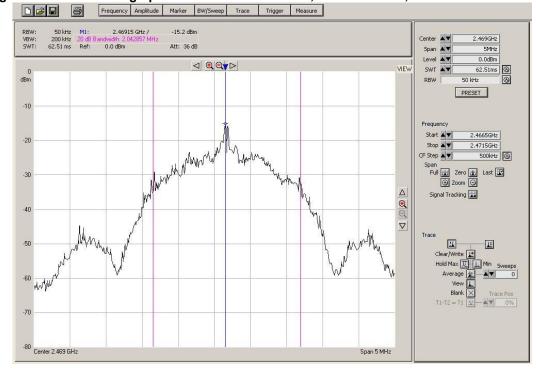


Figure 3a – Result data graph shows 20 dB bandwidth, CF = 2.441GHz, BW = 2.09MHz





#### 4.3 Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

Test Date: 2011-02-28

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

#### **Result: PASS**

#### Measured Result:

Refer to the delta marker, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels is 2 MHz, therefore, the requirement of channel separated by a two-third of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is applied.

According to the test result shown in section 4.2, the maximum 20dB bandwidth is 2.09 MHz, so the hopping channel separation of this EUT is found to comply with the requirement.

### Limits for Hopping Channel Separation [ Section 15.247 (a1) ]:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25KHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

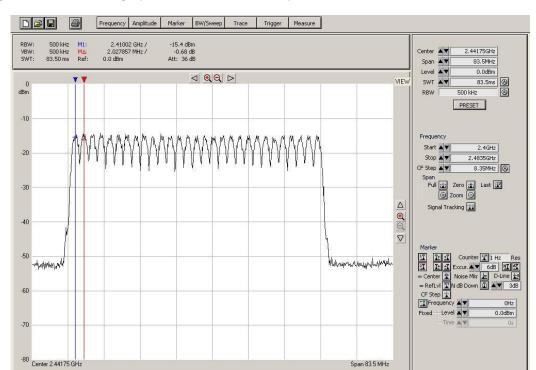


Figure 4 – Result data graph shows the channel separation:

#### 4.4 Average Time of Channel Occupancy

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)(iii)

Test Date: 2011-02-24

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Zero span, Sweep time 1s

**Result: PASS** 

#### Measured Result:

During each transmission, only 58 channels will be used.

Observe time = 58 channels  $\times 0.4s = 23.2s$ 

Figure 6 shows One set of pulse-train =  $160\mu s \times 62 = 9.92 \text{ ms}$ 

Therefore, the average channel occupancy times (ms)

 $= (7/15 \times 23.2) \times (60 \times 0.16 \text{ ms})$ 

So, total transmitting time is 0.104s. (<0.4s).

#### Limits for Average Time of Occupancy [ Section 15.247 (a1)(iii) ]:

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

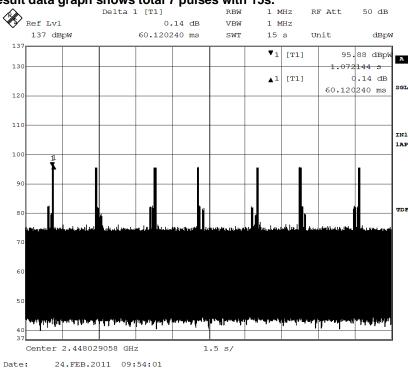


Figure 5 – Result data graph shows total 7 pulses with 15s.



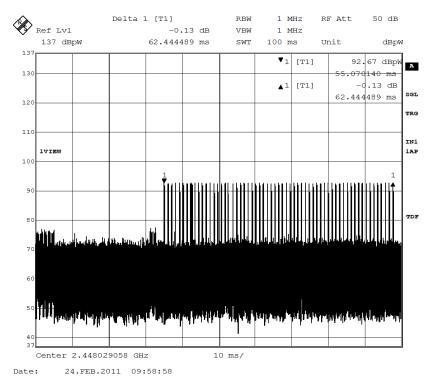
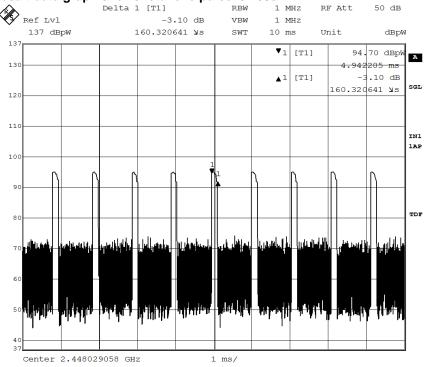


Figure 7 – Result data graph shows total one pulse is 160s.

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Date:



#### 4.5 Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm

#### **Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping**

SC880 uses FHSS technology with total 58 hopping frequencies of two transceivers. Each transceiver contains unique 29 hopping channels. Each channel frequency is selected from a pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies, from 2410MHz to 2469MHz with separating in 2 MHz apart from each of the channels. A single data frame is transmitted on each frequency location before skipping to the next hopping frequency in the list.

PM202 RF module utilizes dual RF transceivers operating together at highest data throughput. Each transceiver will contain its own packet ID and same data packet format, i.e. 32bit preamble, 32 bit ID, Max. payload 64 byte. On each transceiver, there are 29 non overlapping channels, and will adopt FHSS modulation according to the frequency table below.

Frequency list (in MHz):

	Transceiver A	Transceiver B
CH 1	2410	2413
CH 2	2412	2415
CH 3	2414	2417
CH 4	2416	2419
CH 5	2418	2421
CH 6	2420	2423
CH 7	2422	2425
CH 8	2424	2427
CH 9	2426	2429
CH 10	2428	2431
CH 11	2430	2433
CH 12	2432	2435
CH 13	2434	2437
CH 14	2436	2439
CH 15	2438	2441
CH 16	2440	2443
CH 17	2442	2445
CH 18	2444	2447
CH 19	2446	2449
CH 20	2448	2451
CH 21	2450	2453
CH 22	2452	2455
CH 23	2454	2457
CH 24	2456	2459
CH 25	2458	2461
CH 26	2460	2463
CH 27	2462	2465
CH 28	2464	2467
CH 29	2466	2469

#### Requirement for Pseudorandom Hopping Algorithm [ Section 15.247 (a1) ]:

The channel frequencies shall be selected from a pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on average by the transmitter.

#### 4.6 Band Edge Measurement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247

Test Date: 2011-02-28

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Max Hold

**Result: PASS** 

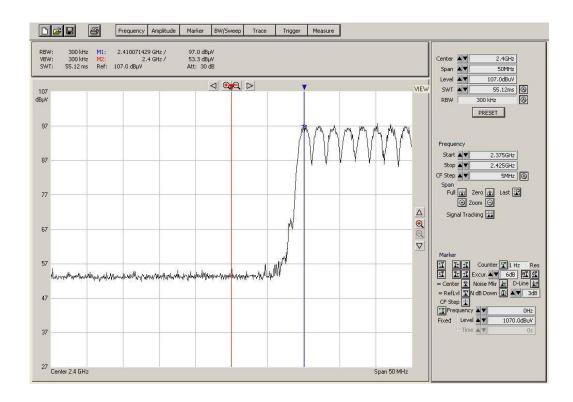
#### **Measured Result:**

Refer to the figure 8 and 9, it shows the frequency of lower band edge and upper band edge is 2.4075GHz and 2.475GHz separately.

#### Limits of Band Edge for Carrier Frequencies Operated within the Bands [ Section 15.247 ]:

The carrier frequencies should operate within 2400-2483.5MHz.

Figure 8 – Result data graph shows the frequency of lowest channel.



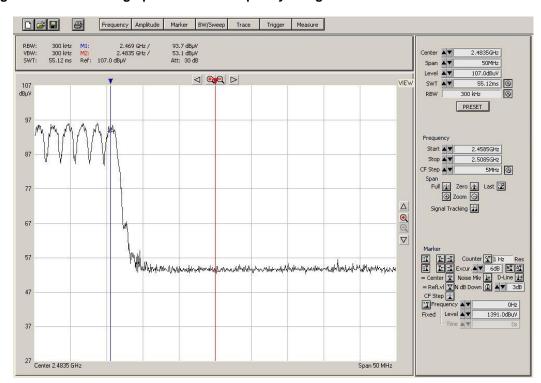


Figure 9 – Result data graph shows the frequency of highest channel.

# 4.7 Maximum Output Power

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (a1)

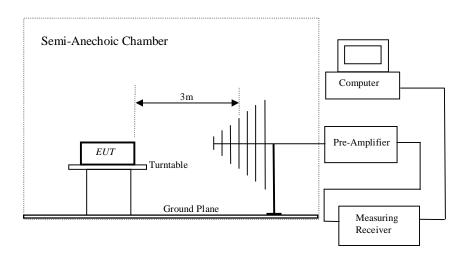
Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2003 Test Date: 2011-02-28

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Peak

Measurement BW: RBW 3MHz ; VBW 3MHz

### Test Setup:



**Result: PASS** 

Transceiver A	Output Power		Max. Output Power	Max. Average Power			
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(V/m)	(mW)	(mW)			
Lowest Channel : 2410	111.1	0.3589	38.6	6.1			
Middle Channel : 2436	111.7	0.3846	44.4	7.0			
Highest Channel: 2466	108.9	0.2786	23.3	3.9			
Limit	116.20	0.645	125.0				

Transceiver B	Output Power		Max. Output Power	Max. Average Power			
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(V/m)	(mW)	(mW)			
Lowest Channel : 2413	109.1	0.2851	24.4	4.9			
Middle Channel : 2441	110.8	0.3467	36.1	4.3			
Highest Channel: 2469	108.7	0.2723	22.2	4.5			
Limit	116.20	0.645	125.0				

Calculate the transmitter's peak power using the following equation:

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30PG}}{d}$$

Where:E is the measured maximum fundamental field strength in V/m, utilizing a RBW  $\geq$  the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, VBW > RBW, peak detector function. Follow the procedures in C63.4-2003 with respect to maximizing the emission.

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna with reference to an isotropic radiator. This antenna gain declared by manufacture is 0dBi, antenna is PCB integrated in the actual use. 0dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1. So, we apply G = 1.0.

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured.

P is the power in watts for which you are solving:

$$P = \frac{(E*d)^2}{30G}$$

#### Limits for Maximum Output Power [ Section 15.247 (a1)(iii) ]:

For frequency hopping systems employing at least 75 hopping channels: 1 Watt For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 Watts

#### 4.8 Out of Band Emissions and Emissions in Restricted Bands

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (d )

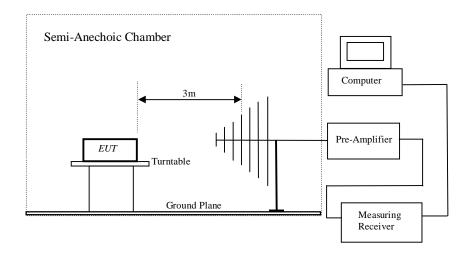
Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2003 Test Date: 2011-02-28

Mode of Operation: Transmitting mode.

Detector Function: Peak

Measurement BW: RBW 100KHz ; VBW 300KHz

### **Test Setup:**



**Result: PASS** 

#### **Out of Frequency Band Emissions:**

For out of band emissions that are close to or exceed 20dB attenuation requirement, and emission falls into restricted band, radiated emission was performed in order to show compliance with the general radiated emission requirement.

#### **Result Summary:**

Refer to Figure 10 to 11 for the emission data graph, result shows that the significant emissions detected are with more than 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

### Limits for Out of Frequency Band Emission [ Section 15.247 (d) ]:

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

#### Limit for Radiated Emission Falling in Restricted Bands [ Section 15.209 ]:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength	Field Strength	
1 requerity (IVII IZ)	[μV/m]	[dBµV/m]	
30-88	100	40.0	
88-216	150	43.5	
216-960	200	46.0	
Above 960	500	54.0	

Radiated emissions, which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209.

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurement employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector and above 1000MHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.

**Result: PASS** 

### Transceiver A

### All Emission and Emissions Fall into Restricted Band were recorded as below:

	Radiated Emissions							
	Emissions Frequency	E-Field Polarity	Reading	System Factor	Field strength at 3m	Limit	Delta to Limit	
	MHz		dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
	Lowest Chann	nel						
PK	1802.00	V	27.40	27.10	54.50	74.00	-19.50	
AV		V	17.60	27.10	44.70	54.00	-9.30	
PK	*4821.00	V	37.70	33.90	71.60	74.00	-2.40	
AV		V	9.30	33.90	43.20	54.00	-10.80	
PK	7232.00	V	28.90	36.80	65.70	74.00	-8.30	
AV		V	8.10	36.80	44.90	54.00	-9.10	
	Middle Channe							
PK	1828.00	V	30.50	27.10	57.60	74.00	-16.40	
AV		V	20.60	27.10	47.70	54.00	-6.30	
PK	*4872.00	V	37.00	34.20	71.20	74.00	-2.80	
AV		V	8.90	34.20	43.10	54.00	-10.90	
PK	*7306.00	V	27.40	36.90	64.30	74.00	-9.70	
AV		V	7.20	36.90	44.10	54.00	-9.90	
					<u> </u>			
	Highest Chann							
PK	1858.00	V	31.50	27.20	58.70	74.00	-15.30	
AV	+4000 00	V	22.00	27.20	49.20	54.00	-4.80	
PK	*4933.00	V	36.90	35.20	72.10	74.00	-1.90	
AV	+= 400 00	V	5.30	35.20	40.50	54.00	-13.50	
PK	*7400.00	V	24.60	40.50	65.10	74.00	-8.90	
AV		V	4.60	40.50	45.10	54.00	-8.90	
	Carriere Frais							
QP	Spurious Emis 33.80	SSIONS	23.40	9.40	32.80	40.00	-7.20	
QP	40.80	V	23.40	10.10	32.80	40.00	-7.20 -6.40	
QP	53.10	V	23.50	10.10	33.60	40.00	-6.40 -7.50	
QP	161.00	V	20.40	13.00	34.60	40.00	-7.50 -8.90	
QP	217.00	V	22.30	13.00	35.60	43.50	-8.90 -10.40	
QP	245.00	V	27.00	13.40	40.40	46.00	-10.40	
Ų٢	245.00	V	27.00	13.40	40.40	40.00	-5.60	

Refer to Figure 10 to 13 shows the worst case channel's emission data graph from 30MHz-26GHz.

**Result: PASS** 

### **Transceiver B**

### All Emission and Emissions Fall into Restricted Band were recorded as below:

	Radiated Emissions							
	Emissions Frequency	E-Field Polarity	Reading	System Factor	Field strength at 3m	Limit	Delta to Limit	
	MHz		dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
	Lowest Chann	nel					•	
PK	1804.00	V	27.00	27.10	54.10	74.00	-19.90	
AV		V	17.10	27.10	44.20	54.00	-9.80	
PK	*4826.00	V	38.80	33.90	72.70	74.00	-1.30	
AV		V	7.40	33.90	41.30	54.00	-12.70	
PK	7238.00	V	27.60	36.80	64.40	74.00	-9.60	
AV		V	10.50	36.80	47.30	54.00	-6.70	
	Middle Chann	el						
PK	1834.00	V	33.80	27.10	60.90	74.00	-13.10	
AV		V	23.00	27.10	50.10	54.00	-3.90	
PK	*4883.00	V	38.00	34.20	72.20	74.00	-1.80	
ΑV		V	5.20	34.20	39.40	54.00	-14.60	
PK	*7325.00	V	24.90	36.90	61.80	74.00	-12.20	
AV		V	7.20	36.90	44.10	54.00	-9.90	
	Highest Chani	nel						
PK	1860.00	V	33.90	27.20	61.10	74.00	-12.90	
AV		V	24.10	27.20	51.30	54.00	-2.70	
PK	*4938.00	V	35.40	35.20	70.60	74.00	-3.40	
AV		V	3.90	35.20	39.10	54.00	-14.90	
PK	*7408.00	V	20.90	40.50	61.40	74.00	-12.60	
AV		V	5.10	40.50	45.60	54.00	-8.40	
	Spurious Emissions							
QP	33.80	V	23.40	9.40	32.80	40.00	-7.20	
QP	40.80	V	23.50	10.10	33.60	40.00	-6.40	
QP	53.10	V	20.40	12.10	32.50	40.00	-7.50	
QP	161.00	V	21.60	13.00	34.60	43.50	-8.90	
QP	217.00	V	22.30	13.30	35.60	46.00	-10.40	
QP	245.00	V	27.00	13.40	40.40	46.00	-5.60	

Refer to Figure 10 to 13 shows the worst case channel's emission data graph from 30MHz-26GHz.

#### **Result Summary:**

- 1) Communication mode: All other emissions are more than 20dB below FCC part 15.209 limit.
- 2) No further spurious emissions found between 30 MHz and lowest internal used/generated frequency and from 30MHz to 1GHz.

#### Remarks:

- 1. "\*" Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands as defined in Section 15.205(a).
- 2. Emission level with more than 20dB below the FCC required limit is not mentioned in table.
- 3. Delta to Limit = Field strength  $(dB\mu V/m)$  Limit  $(dB\mu V/m)$ .
- 4. Calculated measurement uncertainty: 9kHz -30MHz: 1.8dB.

30MHz -1GHz: 5.2dB. 1GHz -18GHz: 5.1dB.

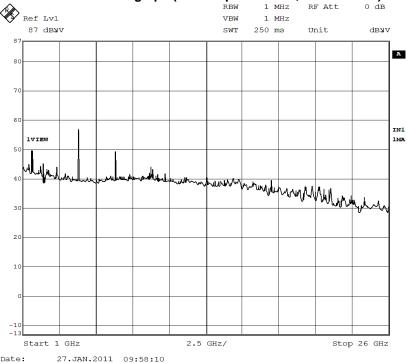
MA/QP Trd Att 0 dB AUTO 120 kHz ResBW Preamp INPUT 2 Meas T 100 ms Unit 1MA Muhama manana 1 GHz 30 MHz

Figure 10 – Radiated emission data graph (Vertical polarization, 30MHz-1GHz)



30.DEC.2010 13:55:52

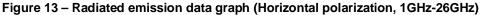
Date:

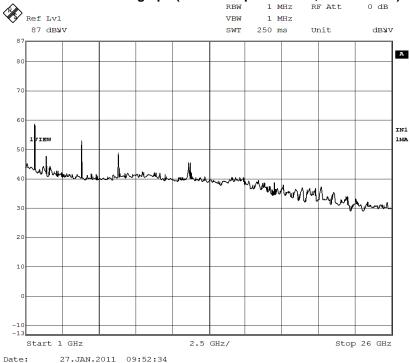


Remark: Only background noise was measured from 18GHz-26GHz.

Det MA/OP Trd 3142B-H
ResBW 120 kHz
Preamp INPUT 2 Meas T 100 ms Unit dBNV

Figure 12 – Radiated emission data graph (Horizontal polarization, 30MHz-1GHz)





Remark: Only background noise was measured from 18GHz-26GHz.

### 4.9 Conducted Emissions (0.15MHz to 30MHz)

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 Section 15.207 Class B

Test Method: ANSI C63.4:2003 Test Date: 2010-12-29

Mode of Operation: -Transmitting mode
Detector Function: CISPR Quasi Peak

Measurement BW: 9 kHz Worst Case Channel: 1

**Results: PASS** 

- Refer Figure 14 for the result data graph.

#### **Limits for Conducted Emission [ Section 15.207]:**

Frequency Range	Quasi-Peak Limit	Average Limit
[MHz]	[dBµV]	[dBµV]
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5.0	56	46
5.0-30.0	60	50

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Remarks:

Calculated measurement uncertainty: ±2.8dB

Level [dB:][]

80

70

60

40

30

150k 300k 500k 1M 2M 5M 7M 10M 30M

Frequency [Hz]

X MES vol.0001\_fin QP

+ MES vol.0001\_pre PK

MES vol.0001\_pre PK

Figure 14– Result data graph shows the conducted emission (Live and Neutral).

Refer to the following page for the result details:

Frequency (MHz)	Detector (QP/AV)	Phase	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin
0.245	QP	L	33.50	61.90	-28.40
0.335	QP	L	36.90	59.30	-22.40
0.890	QP	L	31.50	56.00	-24.50
2.080	QP	L	24.20	56.00	-31.80
3.260	QP	L	28.80	56.00	-27.20
3.850	QP	L	29.40	56.00	-26.60
6.220	QP	L	31.00	60.00	-29.00
25.170	QP	L	24.90	60.00	-35.10
0.510	QP	N	29.90	56.00	-26.10
11.225	QP	N	20.00	60.00	-40.00
0.370	AV	L	27.00	48.50	-21.50
0.890	AV	Ш	23.80	46.00	-22.20
1.480	AV	L	23.90	46.00	-22.10
3.860	AV	لــ	15.80	46.00	-30.20
6.215	AV	لــ	22.60	50.00	-27.40
11.565	AV	L	13.90	50.00	-36.10
0.250	AV	N	22.60	51.80	-29.20
0.710	AV	N	22.80	46.00	-23.20
3.260	AV	N	22.20	46.00	-23.80
25.060	AV	N	17.20	50.00	-32.80

### 5.0 RF Exposure Compliance Requirement

Test Requirement: FCC part 15 section 15.247 (i)
Test Method: FCC part 15 section 1.1307 (b1)
OET Bulletin 65, Edition 01-01

**Results: PASS** 

Systems operation under the provision of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guideline,

The EUT is considered as a mobile device according to OET Bulletin 65, Edition 01-01, therefore distance to human body of min. 20cm is determined.

Frequency Band:	2.410 GHz ~2.469GHz	
Device Category:	☐ Portable (< 20cm separation ) ☐ Mobile ( >20cm separation ) ☐ Others :	
Exposure Classification:	☐ Occupational/ Controlled exposure ☐ General Population / Uncontrolled exposure	
Max. Average Output Power	7.0 mW	
Antenna Gain	0dBi ( Numeric gain:1)	
Evaluation Applied:	<ul><li>☑ MPE Evaluation</li><li>☐ SAR Evaluation</li></ul>	

MPE calculation:

The radiated (EIRP) = 7.0 mW

The power density at 20cm from the antenna : = EIRP /  $4\pi$  R<sup>2</sup>

 $= 0.0014 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2$ 

# Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure [OET Bulletin 65, Edition 01-01]:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time $ E ^2$ , $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$(180/f^2)*$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
500-100,000			1.0	30

# 6.0 List of Measurement Equipment

### **Radiated Emission**

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	S/N	Cal Date	Due Date
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB40	100248	02 Nov 10	02 Nov 11
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB7	100072	01 Jul 10	01 Jul 11
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142B	1671	09 Feb 11	09 Feb 12
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	4032	02 Sep 10	02 Sep 11
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3160-09	00045565	03 Sep 10	03 Sep 11
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	1189-2424	26 Jul 10	26 Jul 11
Anechoic Chamber	ETS-Linggren	FACT-3		25 Oct 10	25 Oct 11

### **Line Conducted**

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	S/N	Cal Date	<b>Due Date</b>
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB7	100072	01 Jul 10	01 Jul 11
LISN	EMCO	4825/2	1193	13 Oct 10	13 Oct 11

N/A Not Applicable or Not Available