

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : CT Asia

EQUIPMENT: mobile phone

BRAND NAME: BLU

MODEL NAME: Magic

FCC ID : YHLBLUMAGIC

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE C95.1-1991 IEEE 1528-2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The product was received on Mar. 04, 2011 and completely tested on Mar. 21, 2011. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Roy Wu / Manager

lac-MRA



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC. No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P.R.C.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA130433A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 21, 2011
FA130433A	Rev. 02	Update report of revising battery label	Apr. 26, 2011

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia mobile phone BLU Magic** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.4 % for 300 MHz to 3 GHz).

Band	Position	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
COMOFO	Head	0.969	
GSM850	Body (1 cm Gap)	0.828	
CSM4000	Head	0.796	
GSM1900	Body (1 cm Gap)	1.03	
WCDMA Bond V	Head	0.912	
WCDMA Band V	Body (1 cm Gap)	0.743	
WCDMA Down II	Head	1.16	
WCDMA Band II	Body (1 cm Gap)	0.882	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

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2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.		
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P.R.C. TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958		

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	CT Asia
	RMA 2011, 20/F., GOLDEN CENTRAL TOWER, NO. 3037# JINTIAN ROAD, FUTIAN DISTRICT

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	CT Asia
	RMA 2011, 20/F., GOLDEN CENTRAL TOWER, NO. 3037# JINTIAN ROAD, FUTIAN DISTRICT

2.4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	Mar. 04, 2011
Date of Start during the Test	Mar. 09, 2011
Date of End during the Test	Mar. 21, 2011

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3. General Information

3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Product Feature & Specification					
DUT Type	mobile phone				
Brand Name	BLU				
Model Name	Magic				
FCC ID	YHLBLUMAGIC				
	GSM850 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz				
Ty Fraguency	GSM1900 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz				
Tx Frequency	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz				
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz				
	GSM850 : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz				
D. F	GSM1900 : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz				
Rx Frequency	WCDMA Band V : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz				
	WCDMA Band II : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz				
	GSM850 : 32.50 dBm				
Maximum Output Bower to Antonna	GSM1900 : 30.44 dBm				
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	WCDMA Band V : 22.95 dBm				
	WCDMA Band II : 23.24 dBm				
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna				
HW Version	HW03				
SW Version	SW07				
	GSM / GPRS : GMSK				
Type of Modulation	EDGE: 8PSK				
Type of Modulation	WCDMA: QPSK				
	HSDPA: QPSK / 16QAM				
DUT Stage	Identical Prototype				

3.2 Product Photos

Please refer to Appendix D.

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3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1991
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D04 v01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 **Ambient Condition**

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 **Test Configuration**

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For WWAN SAR testing, the DUT is in GSM or GPRS or WCDMA link mode.

In general, the crest factor is 8.3 for GSM and GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 8, 4 for GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 10 2 for GPRS/EDGE multi-slot class 12, and 1 for WCDMA/HSDPA.

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For GSM/GPRS/EDGE body SAR testing, the DUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class 10 with 2 uplink slots due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power as following table:

Source-Based Time-Averaged Power							
Band	nd GSM850			GSM1900			
Channel	128 189 251		512	661	810		
GSM (1 Uplink)	23.50	23.45	23.43	20.74	21.07	21.44	
GPRS 8 (1 Uplink)	23.49	23.44	23.43	20.73	21.05	21.43	
GPRS 10 (2 Uplink)	<mark>23.95</mark>	23.88	23.85	23.18	23.45	<mark>23.77</mark>	
GPRS 12 (4 Uplink)	22.93	22.85	22.81	22.14	22.33	22.56	
EDGE 8 (1 Uplink)	18.02	17.96	17.93	17.25	17.46	17.72	
EDGE 10 (2 Uplink)	21.01	20.95	20.92	20.23	20.44	20.71	
EDGE 12 (4 Uplink)	20.00	19.94	19.90	21.20	21.40	21.63	

Note:

The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Uplink) - 9 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Uplink) - 6 dB

Source based time averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Uplink) - 3 dB The maximum burst averaged power can be referred to section 11.1 of this report.

<Maximum SAR list for each band and position>

	GSM 850	GSM 1900	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	802.11b/g	Max. SAR Summation
Right Cheek	0.969	0.603	0.869	0.962	0.049	1.018
Right Tilted	0.666	0.473	0.604	0.669	0.00915	0.67815
Left Cheek	0.94	0.796	0.912	1.16	0.031	1.191
Left Tilted	0.652	0.479	0.573	0.671	0.013	0.684
Rear Face	0.756	0.866	0.743	0.678	0.015	0.881
Front Face	0.828	1.03	0.656	0.882	0.02	1.05
Left Side	0.318	0.342	0.424	0.29	0	0.424
Right Side	0.352	0.247	0.465	0.201	0.051	0.516
Top Side	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bottom Side	0.06	0.929	0.064	0.732	0.00546	0.93446

Note: The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

According to KDB 648474, the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and WLAN was not required, because all SAR summations are less than 1.6 W/kg. The BT standalone SAR and simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and Bluetooth were not required, because the closest separation distance of these antennas (0.5 cm) is less than 2.5 cm and the output power of Bluetooth (8.07 dBm) is less than P_{Ref} (10.8 dBm) and the WWAN SAR is less than 1.2 W/kg. WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously.

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4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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5. SAR Measurement System



Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<ES3DV3>

		_		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	Fig 5.2 Photo of ES3DV3		
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB			
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm			

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		3014
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		1
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	Fig 5.3	Photo of EX3DV4
		1 19 0.0	THOSE OF EXODER

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5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.4 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 5.5 **Photo of DASY5**

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5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 5.6 Photo of Server for DASY5

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5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	1 1 1
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	
		Fig 5.7 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

YELIT I HUITOIII		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	Fig 5.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.9 Device Holder

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5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

Conversion factor
 Diode compression point
 Frequency
 ConvF_i
 dcp_i
 f

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

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with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field Probes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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5.8 Test Equipment List

Manager	Name of Freedom	T /b4l - l	One-in-I Normalian	Calibration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model Serial Number		Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3697	Nov. 23, 2010	Nov. 22, 2011
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	Nov. 18, 2010	Nov. 17, 2011
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d082	Jul. 20, 2010	Jul. 19, 2011
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d018	Jun. 15, 2010	Jun. 14, 2011
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD OVA 001 BB	1079	NCR	NCR
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	Jul. 06, 2010	Jul. 05, 2011
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48367160	Feb. 16, 2010	Feb. 15, 2012
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	116456	Sep. 11, 2010	Sep. 10, 2011
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300475	NCR	NCR
AR	Amplifier	551G4	0333096	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR40	100455	Jan. 06, 2011	Jan. 05, 2012
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100819	Apr. 09, 2010	Apr. 08, 2011

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note: The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.

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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity	
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)	
	For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5	
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5	
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0	
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2	
				For Body					
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2	
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0	
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3	
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7	

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

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Tho	following	table gives	the teres	to for ticour	simulating li	auid
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Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε _r)	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3

Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Temperature (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Measurement Date
835	Head	21.5	0.909	41.7	Mar. 09, 2011
835	Body	21.4	0.970	56.5	Mar. 10, 2011
1900	Head	21.4	1.46	38.4	Mar. 09, 2011
1900	Body	21.6	1.54	54.5	Mar. 10, 2011
1900	Body	21.1	1.53	54.6	Mar. 21, 2011

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

⁽a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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⁽b) κ is the coverage factor

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)
Measurement System		-			
Probe Calibration	5.5	Normal	1	1	± 5.5 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup					
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	± 1.6 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	± 1.5 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Uncertainty					± 21.4 %

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

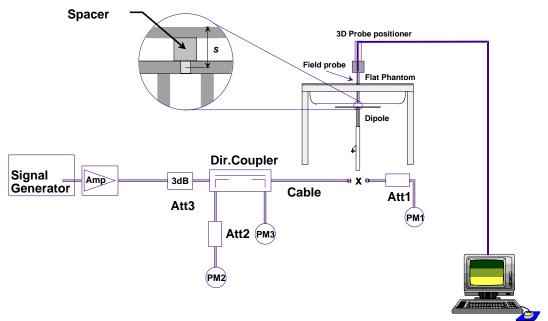


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250 mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Mar. 09, 2011	835	9.65	2.28	9.12	-5.49
Mar. 10, 2011	835	10.00	2.32	9.28	-7.20
Mar. 09, 2011	1900	39.20	10.10	40.40	3.06
Mar. 10, 2011	1900	40.90	10.60	42.40	3.67
Mar. 21, 2011	1900	40.90	10.20	40.80	-0.24

Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

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9. **DUT Testing Position**

This DUT was tested in nine different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, Rear face of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Front Face of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Left Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, Right Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, and Bottom Side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap as illustrated below:

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

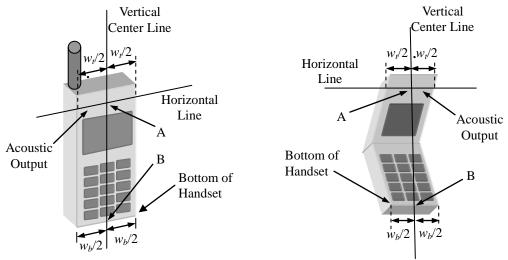


Fig 9.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.2).



Fig 9.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.3).



Fig 9.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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4. Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

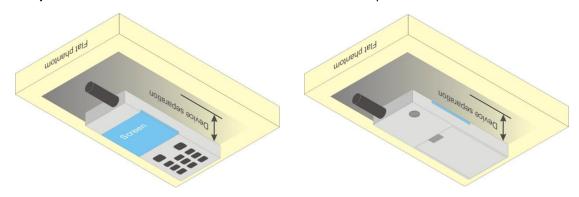


Fig 9.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

5. DUT Setup Photos

Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

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10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) For WWAN function, link DUT with base station emulator in highest power channel
- (b) Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
- (d) Place the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
- (f) Taking data for the middle channel on each testing position
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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10.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

10.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

10.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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11. SAR Test Results

11.1 Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)

Band	GSM850			GSM1900			
Channel	128 189		251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM (1 Uplink)	32.50	32.45	32.43	29.74	30.07	30.44	
GPRS 8 (1 Uplink)	32.49	32.44	32.43	29.73	30.05	30.43	
GPRS 10 (2 Uplink)	29.95	29.88	29.85	29.18	29.45	29.77	
GPRS 12 (4 Uplink)	25.93	25.85	25.81	25.14	25.33	25.56	
EDGE 8 (1 Uplink)	27.02	26.96	26.93	26.25	26.46	26.72	
EDGE 10 (2 Uplink)	27.01	26.95	26.92	26.23	26.44	26.71	
EDGE 12 (4 Uplink)	23.00	22.94	22.90	24.20	24.40	24.63	

Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			
Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	
RMC 12.2K	22.78	22.93	22.95	22.85	23.20	23.24	
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.68	20.95	20.80	21.32	21.75	21.52	
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.74	20.89	20.83	21.30	21.76	21.38	
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.80	20.93	20.86	21.29	21.65	21.37	
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.77	20.88	20.85	21.30	21.68	21.43	

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11.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
21	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	128	0.938
22	GSM850	GSM	Right Tilted	128	0.666
23	GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	128	0.94
24	GSM850	GSM	Left Tilted	128	0.652
25	GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	189	0.956
26	GSM850	GSM	Left Cheek	251	0.843
27	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	189	<mark>0.969</mark>
28	GSM850	GSM	Right Cheek	251	0.857
9	GSM1900	GSM	Right Cheek	810	0.603
10	GSM1900	GSM	Right Tilted	810	0.473
11	GSM1900	GSM	Left Cheek	810	<mark>0.796</mark>
12	GSM1900	GSM	Left Tilted	810	0.479
13	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4233	0.869
14	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	4233	0.604
15	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4233	<mark>0.912</mark>
16	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	4233	0.573
17	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4132	0.639
18	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4182	0.636
19	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4132	0.687
20	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4182	0.65
1	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9538	0.832
2	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	9538	0.669
3	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9538	<mark>1.16</mark>
4	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	9538	0.671
5	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	0.956
6	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9400	0.962
7	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9262	1.06
8	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9400	1.07

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11.3 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Channel	Earphone	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
29	GSM850	GPRS 10	Rear Face	1	128	w/o	0.756
30	GSM850	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	128	w/o	<mark>0.828</mark>
31	GSM850	GPRS 10	Left Side	1	128	w/o	0.318
32	GSM850	GPRS 10	Right Side	1	128	w/o	0.352
34	GSM850	GPRS 10	Bottom Side	1	128	w/o	0.06
35	GSM850	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	128	w/	0.613
36	GSM850	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	189	w/o	0.813
37	GSM850	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	251	w/o	0.762
54	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Rear Face	1	810	w/o	0.866
55	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	810	w/o	<mark>1.03</mark>
56	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Left Side	1	810	w/o	0.342
57	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Right Side	1	810	w/o	0.247
59	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Bottom Side	1	810	w/o	0.929
60	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Rear Face	1	512	w/o	0.648
61	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Rear Face	1	661	w/o	0.795
62	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	512	w/o	0.737
63	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	661	w/o	0.909
64	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Bottom Side	1	512	w/o	0.646
65	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Bottom Side	1	661	w/o	0.817
66	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	810	w/	0.964
78	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	512	w/	0.667
79	GSM1900	GPRS 10	Front Face	1	661	w/	0.824
38	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Rear Face	1	4233	w/o	<mark>0.743</mark>
39	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	4233	w/o	0.656
40	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	4233	w/o	0.424
41	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	4233	w/o	0.465
43	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	4233	w/o	0.064
44	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Rear Face	1	4233	w/	0.528

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Channel	Earphone	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
45	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Rear Face	1	9538	w/o	0.678
46	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	9538	w/o	<mark>0.882</mark>
47	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	9538	w/o	0.29
48	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9538	w/o	0.201
50	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9538	w/o	0.732
51	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	9262	w/o	0.794
52	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	9400	w/o	0.79
53	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	9538	w/	0.846
80	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	9262	w/	0.703
81	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	1	9400	w/	0.688

Note: According to October 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures Update, the WWAN Antenna SAR for hotspot mode only Front Face, Rear Face, Bottom Side, Left Side, and Right Side are needed due to the antenna location is within 2.5 cm from the edge.

Test Engineer : Suhe Yin

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

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