

Report No. : FA3D1103

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : CT Asia

EQUIPMENT: Mobile Phone

BRAND NAME : BLU

MODEL NAME : Studio 5.0 e

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

The product was testing completed on Jan. 14, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014



Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
2.1 Testing Laboratory	5
2.2 Applicant	5
2.3 Manufacturer	5
2.4 Application Details	
3. General Information	
3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)	6
3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units	7
3.3 Applied Standard	8
3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits.	8
3.5 Test Conditions	
4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
4.1 Introduction	
4.2 SAR Definition	
5. SAR Measurement System	
5.1 E-Field Probe	
5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
5.3 Robot	
5.4 Measurement Server	
5.5 Phantom	
5.6 Device Holder	13
5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation	
5.8 Test Equipment List	
6. Tissue Simulating Liquids	
7. System Verification Procedures	19
7.1 Purpose of System Performance check	19
7.2 System Setup	19
7.3 SAR System Verification Results	20
8. EUT Testing Position	
8.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset	21
8.2 Cheek Position	22
8.3 Tilted Position	
8.4 Body Worn Position	
9. Measurement Procedures	
9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
9.2 Power Reference Measurement	25
9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures	
9.4 Volume Scan Procedures	
9.5 SAR Averaged Methods	
9.6 Power Drift Monitoring	26
10. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	26
11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	27
12. Antenna Location	
13. SAR Test Results	
13.1 Head SAR	
13.2 Hotspot SAR	
13.3 Body Worn SAR	
13.4 Repeated SAR Measurement	
13.5 Highest SAR Plot	
14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
14.1 Head Exposure Conditions	41
14.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
14.3 Body-Worn Exposure Conditions	43
14.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis	
15. Uncertainty Assessment	
16. References	
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	
Appendix 5. 1001 detap 1 fieto	

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Report No.: FA3D1103



Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA3D1103	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 21, 2014

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

: 3 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for CT Asia, DUT: Mobile Phone, Brand Name: BLU, Model Name: Studio 5.0 e are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM 850	0.32	PCE	0.22	
Head	GSM 1900	0.22	PCE	0.32	
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.23	DTS	0.23	
Hotspot (Separation 1cm)	GSM 850	1.43	PCE	1.43	
	GSM 1900	0.80	PCE	1.43	
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.47	DTS	0.47	
Body-worn (Separation 1cm)	GSM 850	1.43	PCE	1.43	
	GSM 1900	0.80	FUE	1.43	
(Separation Terri)	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.54	DTS	0.54	

<Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Body-worn	GSM 850	PCE	1.43
(Separation 1cm)	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	DTS	1.43
Body-worn	GSM 850	PCE	1.51
(Separation 1cm)	Bluetooth	DSS	1.51

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

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FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 4 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.				
Test Site Location	1F, Building A3, No. 39 Chuangye Rd., Xi'an Hi-teck Zone, Shanxi Province, P. R. C. TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791				

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	CT Asia
	Unit 01, 15/F, Seaview Centre, 139-141 Hoi bun road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hongkong

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	Fortune Ship Technology (HK) Limited
	Rm.402, B District, TCL King Electronics Company, No.33th.NanhaiRoad, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P.R.C

2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Jan. 13, 2014
Date of End during the Test	Jan. 14, 2014

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TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

: 5 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



3. General Information

3.1 <u>Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification			
EUT	Mobile Phone		
Brand Name	BLU		
Model Name	Studio 5.0 e		
FCC ID	YHLBLUSTUDIO50E		
IMEI Code	#1: 862613029818066 #2: 862613029818074		
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz		
Mode	GSM/GPRS 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE		
Antenna Type	WWAN: PIFA Antenna WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna		
HW Version	V0.3		
SW Version	BLU-D530e-V06-GENERIC		
Transfer Mode Category	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.		
EUT Stage	Pre-Production		
Domark:			

Remark:

- The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.
- 2. 802.11n- HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz frequency band.
- 3. The EUT supports GPRS Class 12 and has no DTM function.

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FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 6 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units

Burst Average Power (dBm)				
Mode / Band	GSM1900			
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	34	31		
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	34	31		
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	33	30		
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	31	28		
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	30	27.5		

Average Power (dBm)			
Mode / Band	IEEE 802.11b/g/n		
Wode / Ballu	11b	11g	11n-HT20
WLAN 2.4GHz Band	16	13	11

Average Power (dBm)					
Mode / Band 1Mbps 2Mbps 3Mbps BT4.0-LE (GFSK) (π/4-DQPSK) (8-DPSK) (GFSK)					
Bluetooth	6	4	4	1	

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Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r02
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

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FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 8 of 47 Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA3D1103

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

Page Number

Report Version

: 9 of 47

: Rev. 01

Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E



5. SAR Measurement System



Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

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TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 10 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core		
	Built-in shielding against static charges	1	16
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic		
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)		Ī
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		1
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm		
		Fig 5.2	Photo of EX3DV4

5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Report No.: FA3D1103

Fig 5.3 **Photo of DAE**

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: 11 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014 Report Version : Rev. 01

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- > High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 5.4 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 5.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

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TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 12 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

NOTIVITY HALLONIA		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	THE THE
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	
		Fig. F.C. Dhoto of CAM Dhonton
		Fig 5.6 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

5.6 <u>Device Holder</u>

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.7 **Device Holder**

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: 13 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



5.7 <u>Data Storage and Evaluation</u>

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

Device parameters:

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

> - Conversion factor ConvF: - Diode compression point dcpi - Frequency

- Crest factor cf Media parameters: - Conductivity σ - Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

: 14 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes : $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field Probes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$\mathbf{E_{tot}} = \sqrt{\mathbf{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{o \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Report No.: FA3D1103



5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Madel	Carial Number	Calibration		
wanutacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	Mar. 25, 2013	Mar. 24, 2014	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	Mar. 27, 2013	Mar. 26, 2014	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	Mar. 26, 2013	Mar. 25, 2014	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	Apr. 08, 2013	Apr. 07, 2014	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3911	Apr. 11, 2013	Apr. 10, 2014	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1753	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1754	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300751	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102600	Nov. 17, 2013	Nov. 16, 2014	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	Apr. 22, 2013	Apr. 21, 2014	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Mar. 28, 2013	Mar. 27, 2014	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Mar. 28, 2013	Mar. 27, 2014	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te 2	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 2	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 2	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 2	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	328767	Note 3		
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101230	Aug. 14, 2013	Aug. 13, 2014	

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 3. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 4. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 16 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



Report No.: FA3D1103

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity				
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)				
For Head												
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5				
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0				
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2				
				For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2				
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3				
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7				

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 17 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.916	41.029	0.90	41.5	1.78	-1.13	±5	2014/1/13
1900	Head	22.7	1.417	39.706	1.40	40.0	1.21	-0.73	±5	2014/1/13
2450	Head	22.3	1.807	37.921	1.80	39.2	0.39	-3.26	±5	2014/1/14
835	Body	22.8	0.974	54.252	0.97	55.2	0.41	-1.72	±5	2014/1/14
1900	Body	22.6	1.501	53.849	1.52	53.3	-1.25	1.03	±5	2014/1/13
2450	Body	22.3	1.940	53.374	1.95	52.7	-0.51	1.28	±5	2014/1/14

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 18 of 47 Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No. : FA3D1103



Report No.: FA3D1103

7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

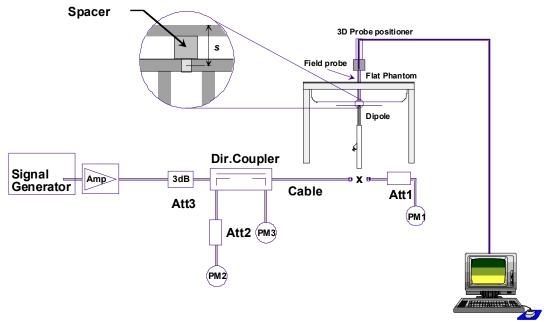


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 19 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014



- Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole



Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

7.3 SAR System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/1/13	835	Head	250	4d151	3911	1358	2.32	9.49	9.28	-2.21
2014/1/13	1900	Head	250	5d170	3911	1358	9.70	40.20	38.8	-3.48
2014/1/14	2450	Head	250	908	3911	1358	13.20	54.00	52.8	-2.22
2014/1/14	835	Body	250	4d151	3911	1358	2.29	9.43	9.16	-2.86
2014/1/13	1900	Body	250	5d170	3911	1358	9.87	41.20	39.48	-4.17
2014/1/14	2450	Body	250	908	3911	1358	12.00	50.40	48.00	-4.76

Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 20 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Report No.: FA3D1103

8. EUT Testing Position

8.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

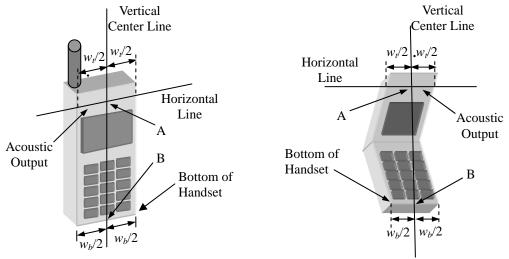


Fig 8.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

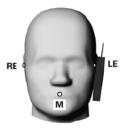
SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 21 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

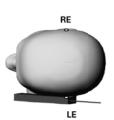


8.2 Cheek Position

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.2).







Report No.: FA3D1103

Illustration for Cheek Position Fig 8.2

8.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.3).





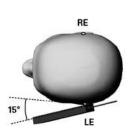


Fig 8.3 **Illustration for Tilted Position**

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

: 22 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

8.4 Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

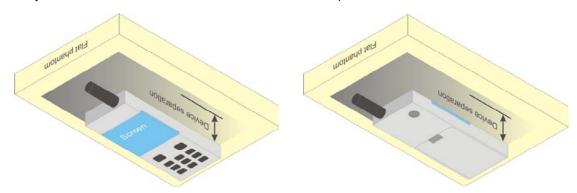


Fig 8.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

8.5 Hotspot Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with all sides and either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device and the flat phantom to 1.0cm.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 23 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA3D1103

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.
 Page Number
 : 24 of 47

 TEL: +86-029-8860-8767
 Report Issued Date
 : Jan. 21, 2014

 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E



9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r02 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			½-8·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Ana}			, is smaller than the above, the e≤ the corresponding x or y
atial resolu	tion: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 - 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
grid Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·Δa	z _{Zoom} (n-1)
x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
	be sensors) from probe a ent location tial resolution uniform g graded grid	be sensors) to phantom surface from probe axis to phantom surface ent location tial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Ana} patial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom} uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n) $ \Delta z_{Zoom}(1): \text{ between } 1^{st} \text{ two points closest to phantom surface} $ $ \Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1): \text{ between subsequent points} $	tial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} when the x or y dimension of the test device with point on the test device. Satisfal resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} watial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom} and $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between subsequent points $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 25 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1q aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Report No.: FA3D1103

9.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)				
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0+LE			
2.4GHz Bluetooth	6	1			

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the 1-q and 10-q SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f}(GHz)] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)		Test Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
	6	0	2.48	1.26

2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 exclusion thresholds is 1.26 < 3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC. Page Number : 26 of 47 TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. The EUT do not support DTM function.
- For head SAR testing, the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average
- For hotspot SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest 4. frame-average power.
- For body worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots and GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM1900 due 5. to their highest frame-average power.

<SIM1>

NOIM 12									
Band: GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)					
Channel	128	189	251	128	189	251			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8			
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.53	32.80	<mark>32.91</mark>	23.53	23.80	23.91			
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.52	32.74	32.85	23.52	23.74	23.85			
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31.85	32.18	32.31	25.85	26.18	26.31			
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	30.18	30.50	30.70	25.92	26.24	26.44			
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	29.16	29.47	29.69	26.16	26.47	26.69			
Band: GSM1900	Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)					
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8			
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.40	29.63	<mark>29.86</mark>	20.40	20.63	20.86			
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.34	29.59	29.82	20.34	20.59	20.82			
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	28.60	28.86	29.13	22.60	22.86	23.13			
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	26.80	27.05	27.32	22.54	22.79	23.06			
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	25.76	25.86	26.29	22.76	22.86	23.29			
or its (smert, i ix siets)	20.10	20.00	20.20		22.00				

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

: 27 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103



<SIM2>

Band: GSM850	Burst A	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	128	189	251	128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.64	32.90	33.03	23.64	23.90	24.03	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.60	32.86	32.98	23.60	23.86	23.98	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32.00	32.31	32.45	26.00	26.31	26.45	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	30.35	30.66	30.86	26.09	26.40	26.60	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	29.28	29.64	29.86	26.28	26.64	<mark>26.86</mark>	
Band: GSM1900	Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.58	29.83	30.02	20.58	20.83	21.02	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.56	29.80	30.00	20.56	20.80	21.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	28.84	29.10	29.37	22.84	23.10	23.37	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	27.05	27.30	27.55	22.79	23.04	23.29	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	26.01	26.25	26.52	23.01	23.25	23.52	

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 28 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



<WLAN 2.4GHz Band Conducted Power>

		802.1	1b Average Power (dBn	າ)										
Channel	Channel Frequency Data Rate (bps)													
Chamilei	MHz) 1M bps 2M bps 5.5M bps 11M bps													
CH 01	2412	15.11	15.04	15.15	14.99									
CH 06	2437	15.01	14.98	14.99	14.85									
CH 11	2462	<mark>15.35</mark>	15.29	15.33	15.15									

	802.11g Average Power (dBm)														
Channel	Frequency				Data Ra	ate (bps)									
Channel	(MHz)	6M bps	I bps 9M bps 12M bps 18M bps 24M bps 36M bps 48M bps 54M bps												
CH 01	2412	12.17	12.12	12.10	12.13	12.08	12.13	12.15	11.99						
CH 06	2437	11.86	11.84	11.79	11.78	11.81	11.79	11.82	11.91						
CH 11	2462	12.35	12.35 12.24 12.28 12.35 12.31 12.30 12.31 12.33												

	WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)														
Channel	Frequency				MCS	Index									
Chamilei	(MHz)	MCS0	CS0 MCS1 MCS2 MCS3 MCS4 MCS5 MCS6 MCS7												
CH 01	2412	10.23	10.21	10.18	10.21	10.09	10.12	10.15	10.09						
CH 06	2437	10.05	0.05 10.00 9.94 10.00 9.93 9.96 9.95 9.87												
CH 11	2462	10.42	10.42 10.38 10.38 10.35 10.30 10.34 10.36 10.39												

Note:

- Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 3. Apply the test exclusion rule in KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 11g, 11n-HT20 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

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FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

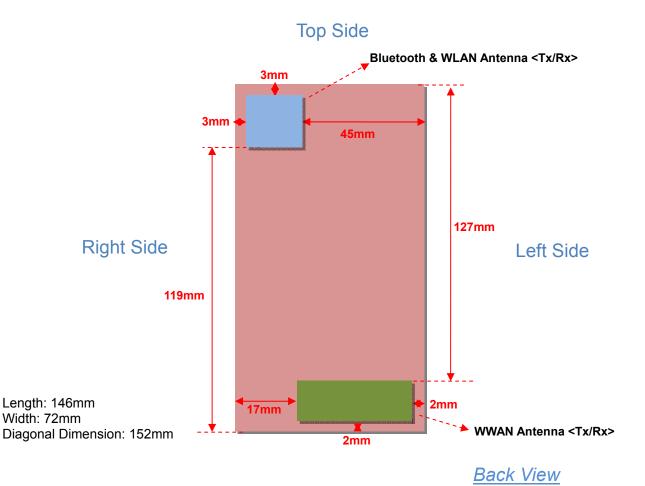
TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 29 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Report No. : FA3D1103

12. Antenna Location



Bottom Side

Antennas	Wireless Interface
WWAN Main Antenna (Tx / Rx)	GSM850
(GSM1900
BT&WLAN Antenna (Tx / Rx)	WLAN 2.4GHz
DI QVVLAIN AIILEIIIIa (1X / KX)	Bluetooth

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 30 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge													
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	127mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm							
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	119mm	≤ 25mm	45mm							

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode													
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes							
BT&WLAN Yes Yes No Yes No													

Note:

- 1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- 2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for handsets the *test separation distance* is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user; which is 0mm for head SAR, 10mm for hotspot SAR, 10mm for body-worn SAR.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 31 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



13. SAR Test Results

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 3. For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v01r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- 4. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call and GPRS operations, therefore GSM voice call and GPRS modes are selected to be tested.
- 5. Pre KDB648474 D04v02, When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory for GSM Voice, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.
- 6. Though per KDB 648474 D04v02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, the SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required, but considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn, we still perform the WLAN SAR with headset mode.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 32 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



13.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
12	GSM 850	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	251	848.8	33.03	34	1.250	-0.07	0.255	0.319
13	GSM 850	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	251	848.8	33.03	34	1.250	-0.11	0.154	0.193
14	GSM 850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	251	848.8	33.03	34	1.250	0.07	0.240	0.300
15	GSM 850	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	251	848.8	33.03	34	1.250	-0.1	0.154	0.193
07	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	30.02	31	1.253	0.04	0.115	0.144
08	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	30.02	31	1.253	0.12	0.060	0.075
09	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	30.02	31	1.253	-0.09	0.174	<mark>0.218</mark>
10	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	30.02	31	1.253	-0.04	0.056	0.070

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
29	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Right Cheek	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	0.04	0.087	0.101
30	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Right Tilted	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	0.09	0.077	0.089
31	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Left Cheek	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	-0.02	0.199	0.231
32	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Left Tilted	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	0.09	0.134	0.156

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 33 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



13.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
17	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Front	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.03	0.555	0.573
18	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.02	1.220	1.260
19	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Left side	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	-0.07	0.538	0.556
20	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Right side	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.01	0.656	0.677
21	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Bottom side	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	-0.09	0.160	0.165
22	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	128	824.2	29.28	30	1.180	-0.03	1.210	1.428
23	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	189	836.4	29.64	30	1.086	-0.13	1.190	1.293
01	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Front	1	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	-0.05	0.478	0.599
02	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	-0.09	0.636	0.797
03	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Left side	1	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	0.07	0.329	0.412
04	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Right side	1	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	-0.04	0.077	0.096
05	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Bottom side	1	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	0.04	0.520	0.652

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
33	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Front	1	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	0.08	0.042	0.049
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	1	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	-0.05	0.403	<mark>0.468</mark>
35	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Right side	1	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	-0.05	0.101	0.117
36	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Top side	1	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	-0.06	0.060	0.070

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 34 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



13.3 Body Worn SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
17	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Front	1	-	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.03	0.555	0.573
18	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	-	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.02	1.220	1.260
22	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	-	128	824.2	29.28	30	1.180	-0.03	1.210	1.428
23	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	-	189	836.4	29.64	30	1.086	-0.13	1.190	1.293
24	GSM 850	GSM Voice	Back	1	-	251	848.8	33.03	34	1.250	0.01	0.566	0.708
25	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	Headset	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.03	0.860	0.888
26	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	Headset	128	824.2	29.28	30	1.180	-0.02	0.963	1.137
27	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	Headset	189	836.4	29.64	30	1.086	0.04	0.912	0.991
01	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Front	1	-	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	-0.05	0.478	0.599
02	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	-	810	1909.8	26.52	27.5	1.253	-0.09	0.636	<mark>0.797</mark>
06	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Back	1	-	810	1909.8	30.02	31	1.253	-0.14	0.352	0.441

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data	Dawer	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
33	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Front	1	-	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	0.08	0.042	0.049
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	1	-	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	-0.05	0.403	0.468
37	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	1	Headset	11	2462	1M	15.35	16	1.161	0.12	0.464	0.539

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC. TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 35 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



13.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
18	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.02	1.22	1	1.260
28	GSM 850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot)	Back	1	251	848.8	29.86	30	1.033	0.06	1.16	1.052	1.198

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r02, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r02, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the largest SAR to the smallest SAR among original and repeated measurement.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC. TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 36 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Report No.: FA3D1103

13.5 Highest SAR Plot

TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab Date: 2014.01.14

22 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Back 1.0cm Ch128

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.331$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

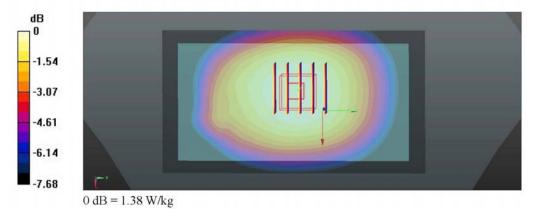
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.807 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.210 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.941 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 W/kg



TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

: 37 of 47 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report Version : Rev. 01

Report No.: FA3D1103

TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab Date: 2014.01.13

02 GSM1900_GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Back_1.0cm_Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot);Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.511 S/m; ϵ_{τ} = 53.819; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

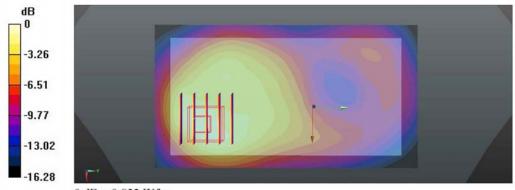
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.831 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.490 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.636 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.822 W/kg



0 dB = 0.822 W/kg

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 38 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

Report No.: FA3D1103

TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab Date: 2014.01.14

37 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Back_1.0cm_Ch11_Headset

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.964 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.325;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 W/kg

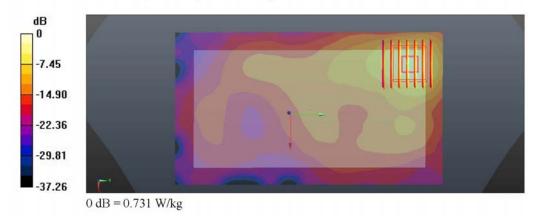
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.279 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.731 W/kg



TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 39 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations		Phone		Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Comigurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	-	-
2.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	-	-
3.	GPRS(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	-	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
4.	GPRS(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

Note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR₁ + SAR₂)^{1.5} / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x₁-x₂)² + (y₁-y₂)² + (z₁-z₂)²], where (x₁, y₁, z₁) and (x₂, y₂, z₂) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
 - If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

In this report, 50mm separation is applied to conservatively estimate SAR value for separation distance > 50mm

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	0 mm	10 mm	10 mm
6 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.168 W/kg	0.084 W/kg	0.084 W/kg

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC. TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 40 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103

Report Version : Rev. 01



14.1 Head Exposure Conditions

< WWAN + WLAN >

		WWAN		WL	.AN			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	WWAN+WLAN Summation SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
Dight Chook	GSM 850	12	0.319	29	0.101	0.42		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	07	0.144	29	0.101	0.25		
Right Tilted	GSM 850	13	0.193	30	0.089	0.28		
Right Tilled	GSM1900	08	0.075	30	0.089	0.16		
Left Cheek	GSM 850	14	0.300	31	0.231	0.53		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	09	0.218	31	0.231	0.45		
Left Tilted	GSM 850	15	0.193	32	0.156	0.35		
Leit Tilled	GSM1900	10	0.070	32	0.156	0.23		

< WWAN + Bluetooth >

		WWAN		Bluetooth			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	WWAN+BT Summation SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
Right Cheek	GSM 850	12	0.319	0.168	0.49		
Right Cheek	GSM1900	07	0.144	0.168	0.31		
Right Tilted	GSM 850	13	0.193	0.168	0.36		
Right Tilled	GSM1900	08	0.075	0.168	0.24		
Left Cheek	GSM 850	14	0.300	0.168	0.47		
Left Cheek	GSM1900	09	0.218	0.168	0.39		
Left Tilted	GSM 850	15	0.193	0.168	0.36		
Len Tilled	GSM1900	10	0.070	0.168	0.24		

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 41 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

14.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

< WWAN + WLAN >

	١	WWAN		WL	_AN			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	WWAN+WLAN Summation SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM 850	17	0.573	33	0.049	0.62		
FIOIIL	GSM1900	01	0.599	33	0.049	0.65		
Back	GSM 850	22	1.428	34	0.468	<mark>1.90</mark>	0.04	1
Dack	GSM1900	02	0.797	34	0.468	1.27		
Left Side	GSM 850	19	0.556			0.56		
Leit Side	GSM1900	03	0.412			0.41		
Right Side	GSM 850	20	0.677	35	0.117	0.79		
Right Side	GSM1900	04	0.096	35	0.117	0.21		
Top Side	GSM 850			36	0.070	0.07		
Top Side	GSM1900			36	0.070	0.07		
Pottom Sido	GSM 850	21	0.165			0.17		
Bottom Side	GSM1900	05	0.652			0.65		

< WWAN + Bluetooth >

- WWAII : I	Biuetooth >						
	١	WWAN		Bluetooth			
Position	WWAN Band	VAN Band Plot No		Estimated SAR (W/kg)	WWAN+BT Summation SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM 850	17	0.573	0.084	0.66		
FIOIIL	GSM1900	01	0.599	0.084	0.68		
Back	GSM 850	22	1.428	0.084	1.51		
Dack	GSM1900	02	0.797	0.084	0.88		
Left Side	GSM 850	19	0.556		0.56		
Leit Side	GSM1900	03	0.412		0.41		
Dight Cide	GSM 850	20	0.677	0.084	0.76		
Right Side	GSM1900	04	0.096	0.084	0.18		
Ton Cido	GSM 850			0.084	0.08		
Top Side	GSM1900			0.084	0.08		
Dottom Cido	GSM 850	21	0.165		0.17		
Bottom Side	GSM1900	05	0.652		0.65		

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 42 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

14.3 Body-Worn Exposure Conditions

< WWAN + WLAN >

· HIMI · HEM /												
		WWAN		W	'LAN							
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	WWAN+WLAN Summation SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No				
Front	GSM 850	17	0.573	33	0.049	0.62						
FIORE	GSM1900	01	0.599	33	0.049	0.65						
Back	GSM 850	22	1.428	34	0.468	<mark>1.90</mark>	0.04	1				
Dack	GSM1900	02	0.797	34	0.468	1.27						
Back (w/ Headset)	GSM 850	26	1.137	37	0.539	1.68	0.03	2				

< WWAN + Bluetooth >

		WWAN		Bluetooth			
Position	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	WWAN+BT Summation SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
Front	GSM 850	17	0.573	0.084	0.66		
FIOIIL	GSM1900	01	0.599	0.084	0.68		
Dook	GSM 850	22	1.428	0.084	<mark>1.51</mark>		
Back	GSM1900	02	0.797	0.084	0.88		
Back (w/ Headset)	GSM 850	26	1.137	0.084	1.22		

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 43 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Report No. : FA3D1103

14.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

Plot	Rand	Band Position	SAR	Gap		eak locati	on (m)	3D distance	Pair SAR sum	SPLSR	Simultaneous
No	Dallu	Fosition	(W/kg)	(cm)	X	Υ	Z	(cm)	(W/kg)	OF LOIK	SAR
22	GSM850		1.428	1	-0.0245	-0.002	-0.205				
34	WLAN 2.4GHz	Back	0.468	1	-0.046	0.0602	-0.205	65.8	1.90	0.04	Not required
	-4.63 -9.25 -13.8 -18.5	88 00 3	= 0.63	1 W/	kg		WWAN	1	WLAN2.4GHz		

Plot	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR p	eak locati	on (m)	3D distance	Pair SAR sum	SPLSR	Simultaneous
No	Dallu	Position	(W/kg)	(cm)	Х	Υ	Z	(cm)	(W/kg)	SPLSK	SAR
26	GSM850	Back+	1.137	1	-0.026	-0.0005	-0.206				
37	WLAN 2.4GHz	Headset	0.539	1	-0.0436	0.0626	-0.205	65.5	1.68	0.03	Not required
	-7.45 -14.9 -22.3 -29.8	00 86 81	s = 0.73	1 W/	kg		WWAN	W W	ZLAN2.4GHz		

Remark

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio, SPLSR. If SPLSR \leq 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR is not necessary.

Test Engineer: Kat Yin

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 44 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

15. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA3D1103

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 15.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.
 Page Number
 : 45 of 47

 TEL: +86-029-8860-8767
 Report Issued Date
 : Jan. 21, 2014

 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %

Table 15.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Rectangular

Normal

Rectangular

Normal

5.0

2.5

5.0

2.5

0.64

0.64

0.6

0.6

0.43

0.43

0.49

0.49

± 1.8 %

± 1.6 %

± 1.7 %

± 1.5 %

± 11.0 %

± 22.0 %

K=2

± 1.2 %

± 1.1 %

± 1.4 %

± 1.2 %

± 10.8 %

± 21.5 %

√3

1

√3

1

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Liquid Conductivity (Target)

Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)

Liquid Permittivity (Target)

Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)

Combined Standard Uncertainty

Coverage Factor for 95 %

Expanded Uncertainty

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : 46 of 47 Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No. : FA3D1103

Report Version : Rev. 01



16. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", May 2013
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Dec 2013.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations", May 2013

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767

Page Number : 47 of 47
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103

Report Version : Rev. 01



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E Page Number : A1 of A1
Report Issued Date : Jan. 21, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

System Check Head 835MHz 140113

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151

Communication System: CW;Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.916 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.029; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

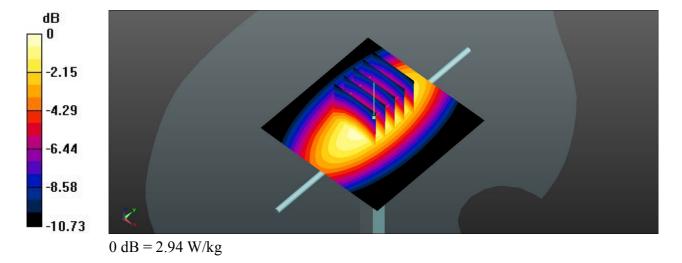
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.94 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.890 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg



System Check Head 1900MHz 140113

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170

Communication System: CW;Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.417$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.706$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

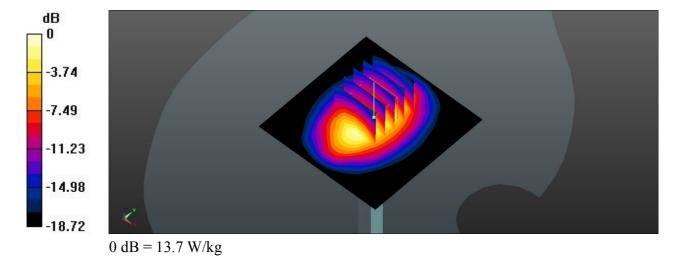
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.653 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.70 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.02 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



System Check Head 2450MHz 140114

DUT: D2450V2-SN:908

Communication System: CW;Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.807$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.921$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

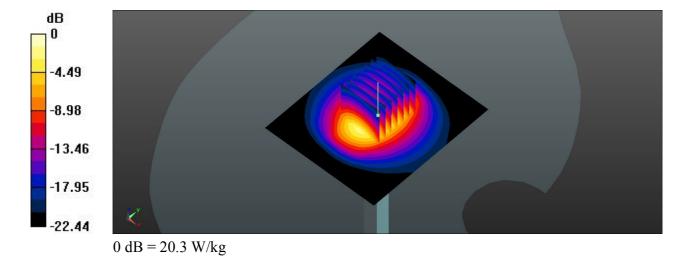
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 107.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.20 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



System Check Body 835MHz 140114

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151

Communication System: CW;Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.252$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

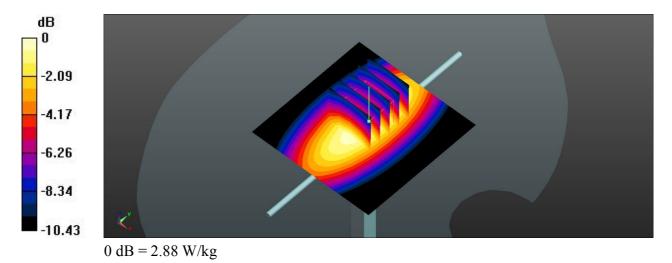
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.90 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.866 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 W/kg



System Check Body 1900MHz 140113

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170

Communication System: CW;Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.849$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

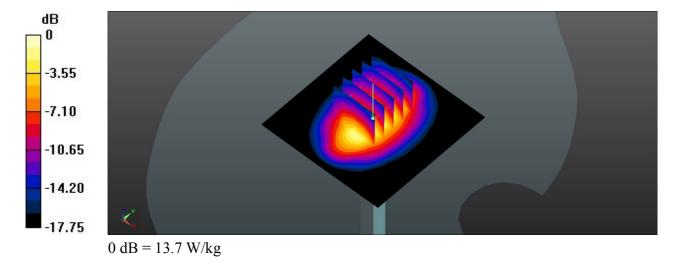
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.102 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



System Check Body 2450MHz 140114

DUT: D2450V2-SN:908

Communication System: CW;Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.940 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.374; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

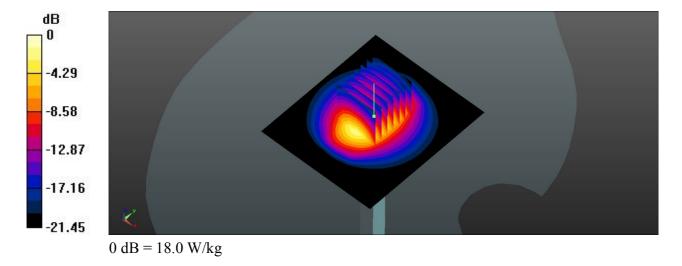
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.592 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.00 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.61 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg





Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTUDIO50E

: B1 of B1 Page Number Report Issued Date: Jan. 21, 2014

Report No.: FA3D1103

Report Version : Rev. 01

12 GSM850 GSM Voice Right Cheek Ch251

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.928 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.874; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.293 W/kg

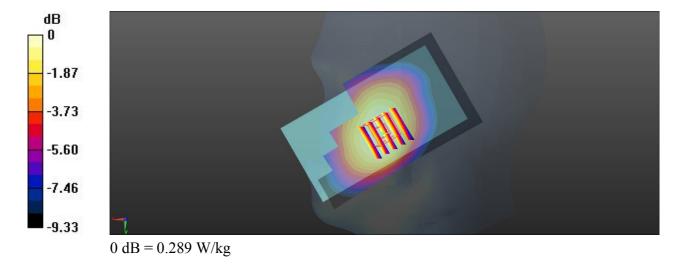
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.587 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.255 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 W/kg



13 GSM850_GSM Voice_Right Tilted_Ch251

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.928 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.874; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.172 W/kg

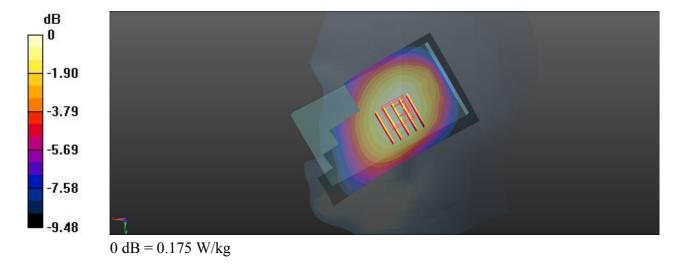
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.557 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.190 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 W/kg



14 GSM850 GSM Voice Left Cheek Ch251

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.928 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.874; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.272 W/kg

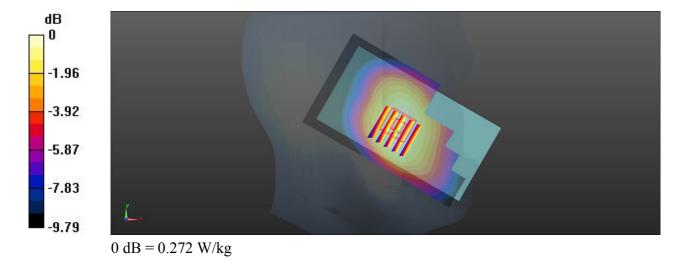
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.301 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.296 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.240 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 W/kg



15 GSM850 GSM Voice Left Tilted Ch251

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.928 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.874; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

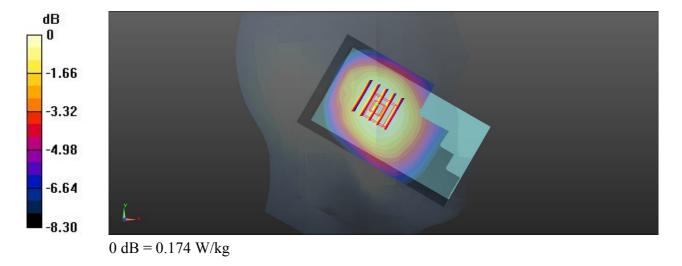
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.328 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.189 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 W/kg



07 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Right Cheek_Ch810

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

 $Medium: HSL_1900_140113 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: \ f=1909.8 \ MHz; \ \sigma=1.426 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r=39.668;$

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.164 W/kg

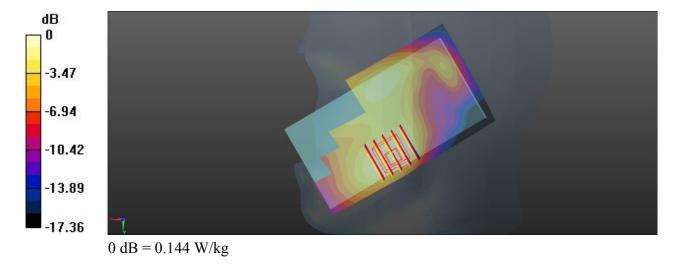
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.397 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.185 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 W/kg



08 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Right Tilted_Ch810

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

 $Medium: HSL_1900_140113 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: \ f=1909.8 \ MHz; \ \sigma=1.426 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r=39.668;$

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0865 W/kg

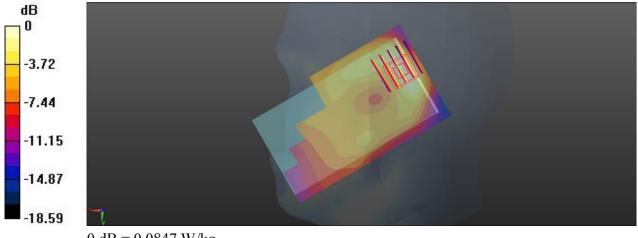
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.478 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.103 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0847 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0847 W/kg

09 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Left Cheek_Ch810

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.668$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 W/kg

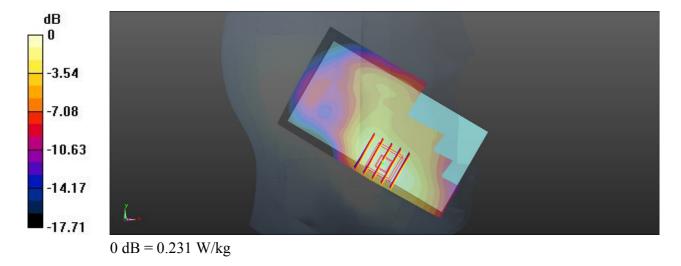
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.619 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.282 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 W/kg



10 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Left Tilted_Ch810

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.668$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0736 W/kg

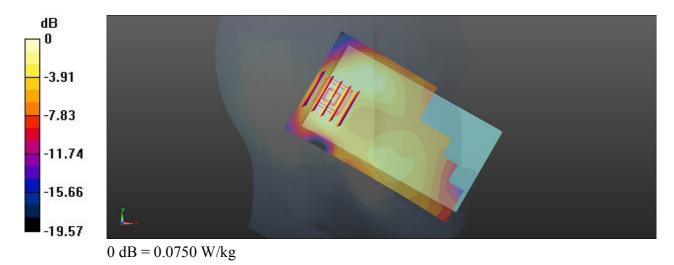
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.546 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.056 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0750 W/kg



29 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Right Cheek Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.823$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.857$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 W/kg

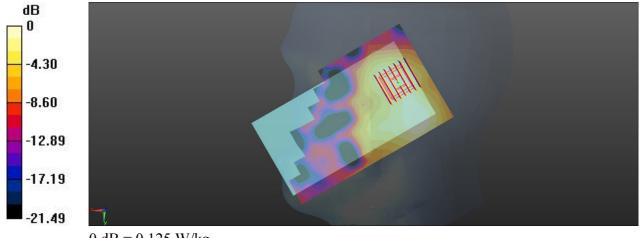
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.282 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.161 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 W/kg



0 dB = 0.125 W/kg

30 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Right Tilted Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.823$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.857$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.112 W/kg

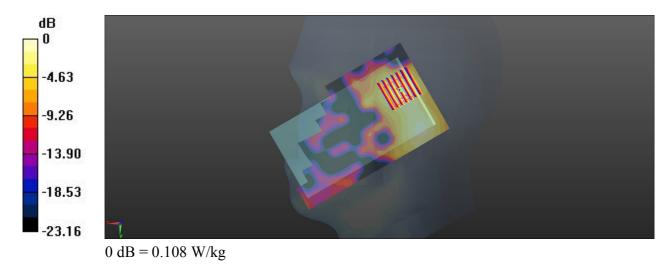
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.490 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.144 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.108 W/kg



31 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Left Cheek Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.823$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.857$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.302 W/kg

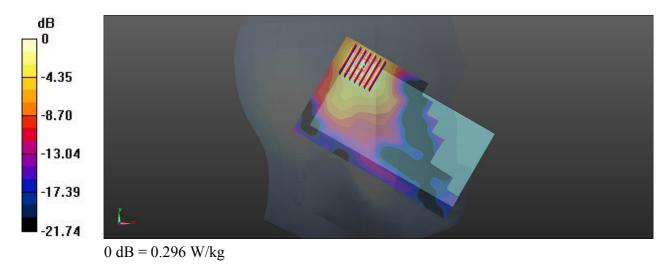
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.675 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.403 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 W/kg



32 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Left Tilted Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.823$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.857$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 W/kg

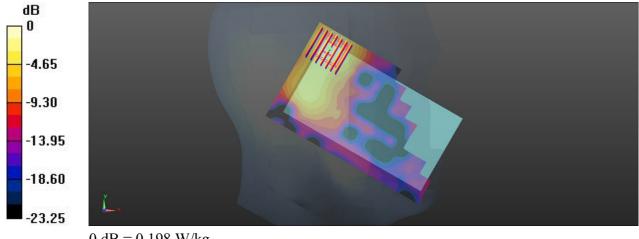
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.471 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.270 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.134 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.198 W/kg



0 dB = 0.198 W/kg

17 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Front 1.0cm Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.988 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

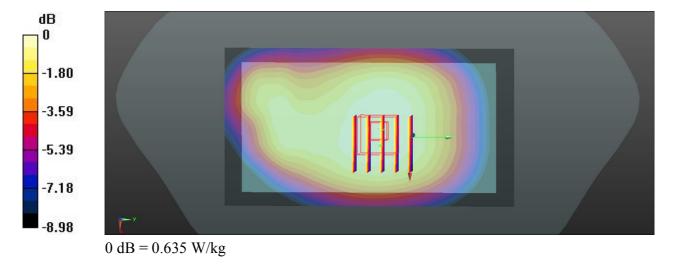
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.114 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.697 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.555 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.429 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.555 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.429 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.635 W/kg



18 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Back 1.0cm Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot);Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.988 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

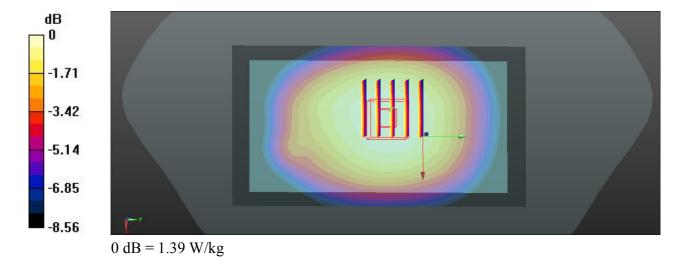
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.811 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.220 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.938 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg



28 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Back 1.0cm Ch251 Repeat SAR

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.988 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

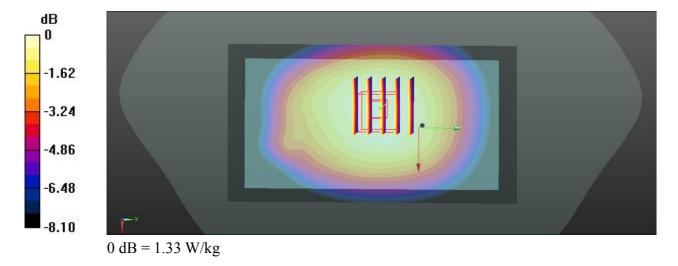
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.681 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.895 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg



19 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Left side 1.0cm Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.988 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

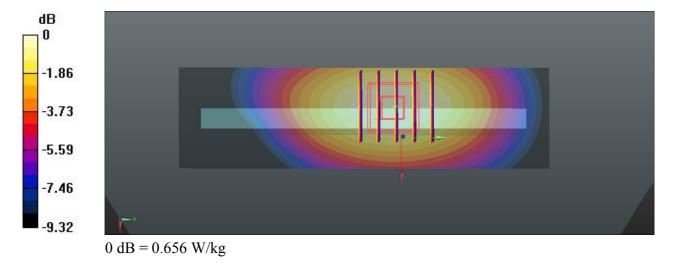
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (31x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.755 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.538 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.538 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.656 W/kg



20 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Right side 1.0cm Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.127$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

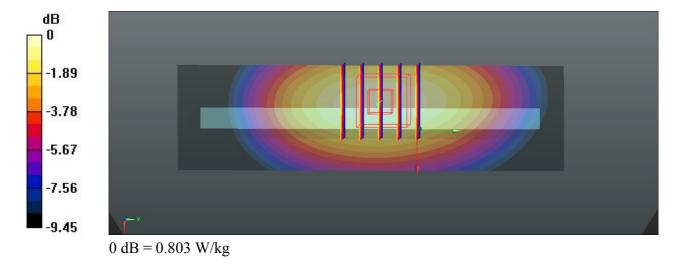
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (31x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.803 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.739 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.923 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.656 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.457 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.803 W/kg



21 GSM850_GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Bottom side_1.0cm_Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot);Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.988 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

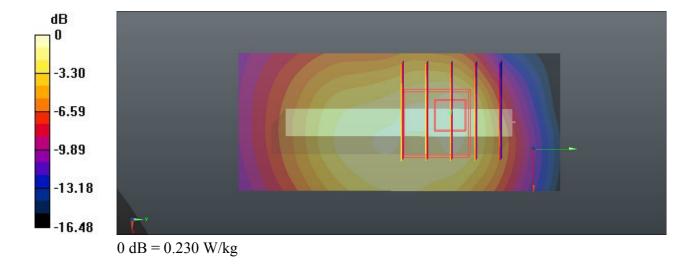
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.278 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.291 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 W/kg



22 GSM850_GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Back_1.0cm_Ch128

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot);Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.331$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

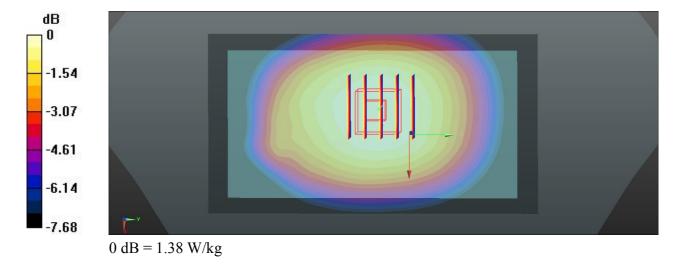
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.807 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.210 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.941 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 W/kg



23 GSM850_GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Back_1.0cm_Ch189

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot);Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

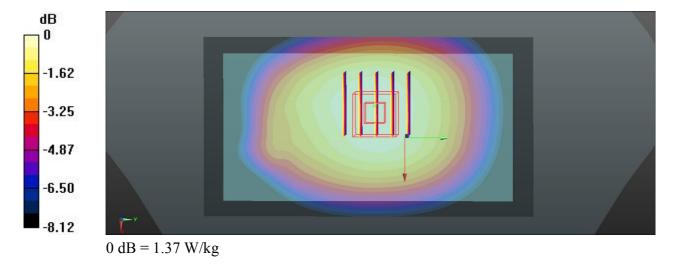
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch189/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.38 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 35.807 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.190 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.919 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



24 GSM850 GSM Voice Back 1.0cm Ch251

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL_835_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.127$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 W/kg

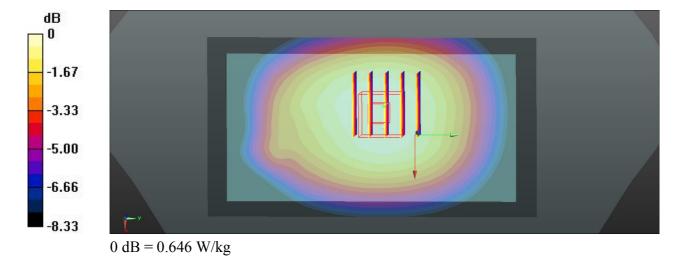
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.311 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.713 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.566 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.437 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 W/kg



25 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Back 1.0cm Ch251 Headset

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.127$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

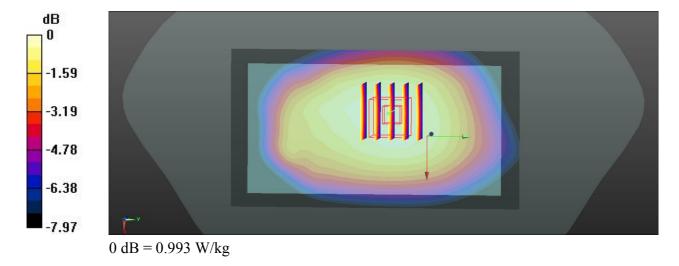
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.974 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 29.927 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.860 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.662 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 W/kg



26 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Back 1.0cm Ch128 Headset

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2014.01.14

Medium: MSL 835 140113 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.964 \text{ MHz}$

S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.331$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch128/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg

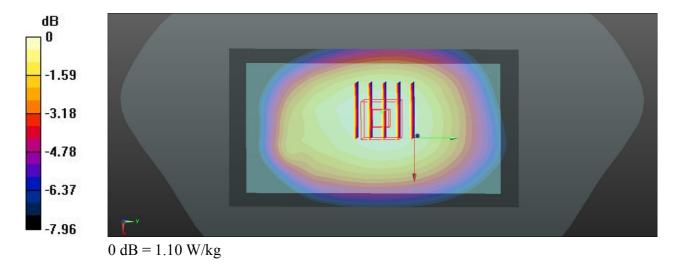
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.152 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.963 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.748 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg



27 GSM850 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Back 1.0cm Ch189 Headset

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot);Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.241$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

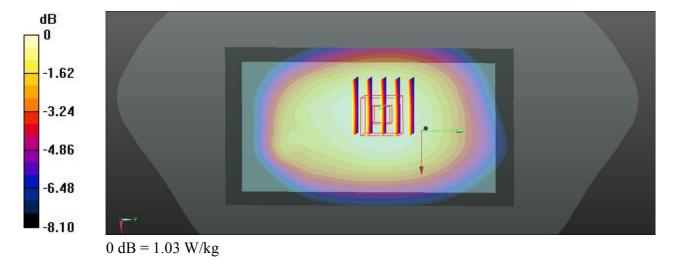
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch189/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.100 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.912 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.708 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.912 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.708 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



01 GSM1900_GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Front_1.0cm_Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.13

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

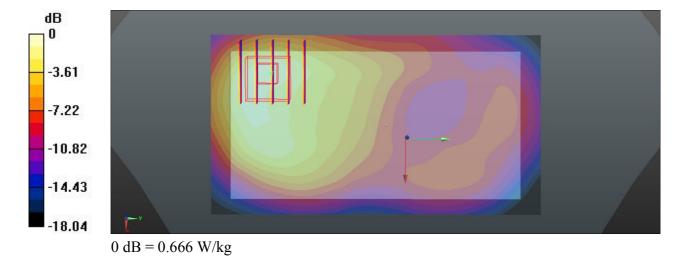
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.669 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.961 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.843 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.478 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.666 W/kg



02 GSM1900_GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Back_1.0cm_Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.01.13

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

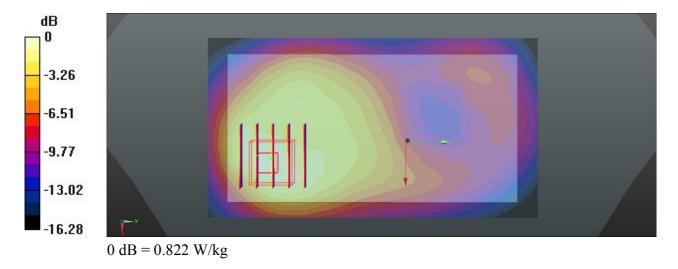
Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.831 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.490 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.636 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.822 W/kg



03 GSM1900 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Left side 1.0cm Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

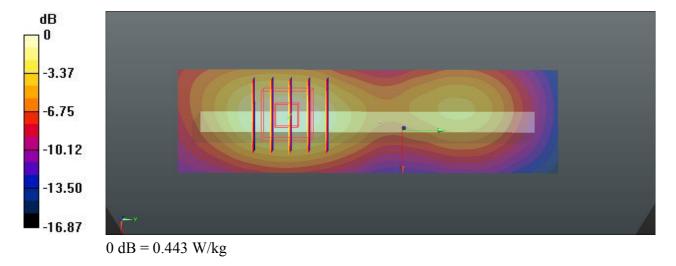
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (31x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.442 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.478 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.544 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 W/kg



04 GSM1900 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Right side 1.0cm Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

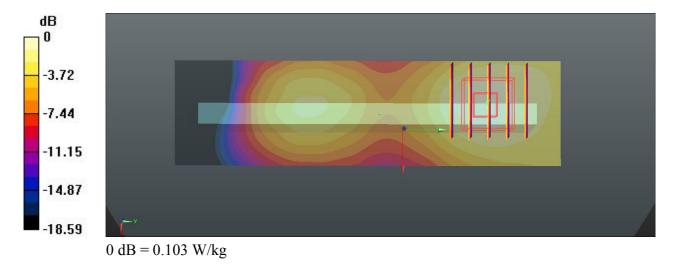
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (31x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0998 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.996 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 W/kg



05 GSM1900 GPRS(GMSK 4 Tx slots) Bottom side 1.0cm Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slot); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

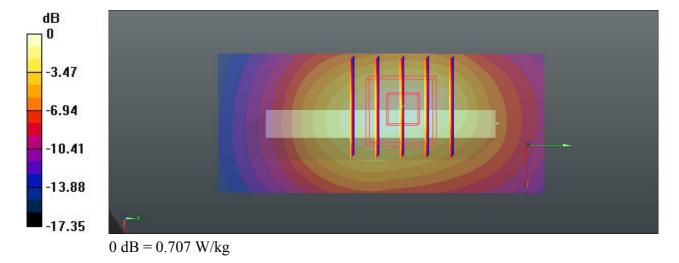
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.712 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.054 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.860 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.520 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.707 W/kg



06 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Back_1.0cm_Ch810

Communication System: GSM Voice; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL 1900 140113 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.819$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.438 W/kg

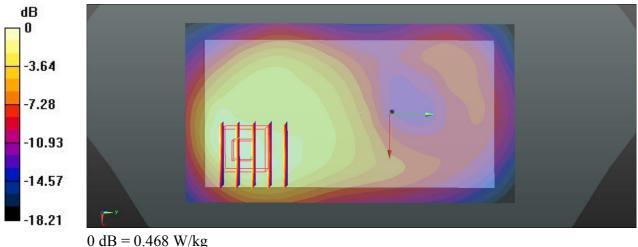
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.050 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.584 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg



33 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Front 1.0cm Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.964$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.325$;

Date: 2014.01.14

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0631 W/kg

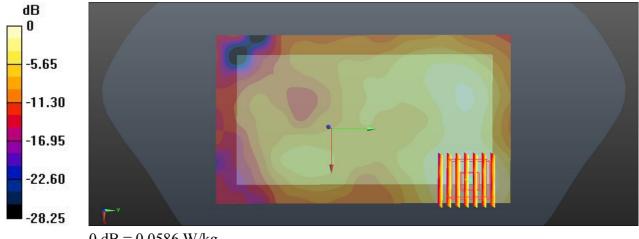
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.301 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0790 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0586 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0586 W/kg

34 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Back 1.0cm Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.964$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.325$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.627 W/kg

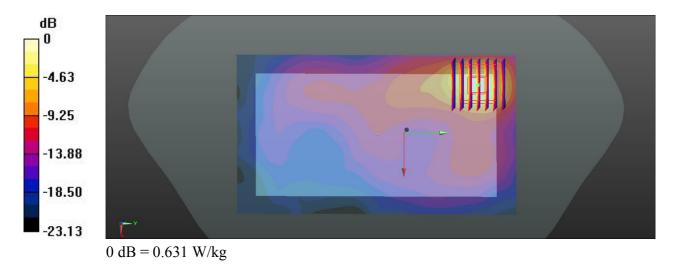
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.783 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.866 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.403 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 W/kg



35 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Right side 1.0cm Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.964 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.325;

Date: 2014.01.14

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (31x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 W/kg

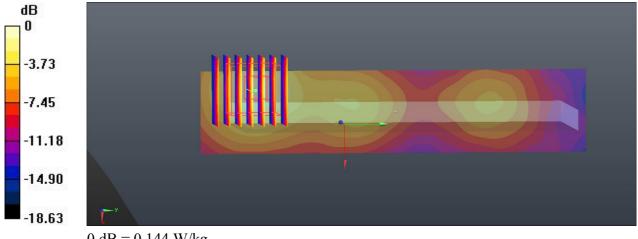
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.719 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.194 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 W/kg



0 dB = 0.144 W/kg

36 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Top side_1.0cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.964$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.325$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0906 W/kg

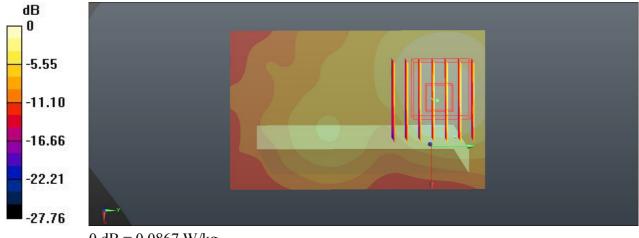
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.963 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0867 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0867 W/kg

37 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Back 1.0cm Ch11 Headset

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140114 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.964 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.325;

Date: 2014.01.14

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 W/kg

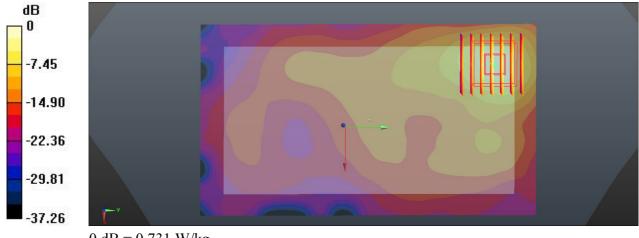
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.279 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.731 W/kg



0 dB = 0.731 W/kg