# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : CT Asia (HK) Ltd.

**EQUIPMENT** : Smartphone

**BRAND NAME** : BLU

MODEL NAME : STUDIO C 5+5 LTE

**FCC ID** : YHLBLUSTC55LTE

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Este huan

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

Testing Laboratory 2353

**Report No. : FA571406** 

### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

1F & 2F, Building A., Morning Business Center, No. 4003 ShiGu Rd., Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date: Sep. 08, 2015 Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 1 of 53

## **Table of Contents**

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Standard	5
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	6
4.1 General Information	6
4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit	
4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	10
5. RF Exposure Limits	11
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	11
5.2 Controlled Environment	11
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	12
6.1 Introduction	12
6.2 SAR Definition	12
7. System Description and Setup	13
8. Measurement Procedures	
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	14
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	15
8.3 Area Scan	
8.4 Zoom Scan	16
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	16
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
9. Test Equipment List	
10. System Verification	
10.1 Tissue Verification	
10.2 System Performance Check Results	19
11. RF Exposure Positions	20
11.1 Ear and handset reference point	20
11.2 Definition of the cheek position	21
11.3 Definition of the tilt position	22
11.4 Body Worn Accessory	
11.5 Wireless Router	23
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	24
13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	
14. Antenna Location	37
15. SAR Test Results	38
15.1 Head SAR	
15.2 Hotspot SAR	
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions	
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	48
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	50
17. Uncertainty Assessment	51
18. References	53
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

## **Revision History**

Report No.: FA571406

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA571406	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 08, 2015

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 3 of 53

### 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for CT Asia (HK) Ltd., Smartphone, STUDIO C 5+5 LTE, are as follows.

Report No.: FA571406

		Highest SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM850	0.37	0.34	0.34		
	GSM1900	0.37	0.48	0.48		
	WCDMA Band V	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.95	
PCE	WCDMA Band IV	0.43	0.74	0.74		
FUE	WCDMA Band II	0.46	0.62	0.62		
	LTE Band 17	0.15	0.20	0.20		
	LTE Band 4	0.47	0.73	0.73		
	LTE Band 7	0.87	0.84	0.84		
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.16	<0.10	<0.10	0.95	
Date	of Testing:	2015.08.04 ~ 2015.08.10				

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

### 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory				
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.				
	1F & 2F,Building A, Morning Business Center, No. 4003 ShiGu Rd., Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China			
Test Site Location	TEL: +86-755-8637-9589			
	FAX: +86-755-8637-9595			

Report No.: FA571406

Applicant Applicant			
Company Name	CT Asia (HK) Ltd.		
Address	Unit1309-11, 13th Floor 9 Wing Hong Street Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon, Hong Kong		

Manufacturer Manufacturer			
Company Name	CT Asia (HK) Ltd.		
Address	Unit1309-11, 13th Floor 9 Wing Hong Street Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon, Hong Kong		

### 3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

## 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

### 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification				
Equipment Name	Smartphone			
Brand Name	BLU			
Model Name	STUDIO C 5+5 LTE			
FCC ID	YHLBLUSTC55LTE			
IMEI Code	353924026794432			
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz			
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · HSPA+ (Downlink Only) · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11b/g/n/ HT20/HT40 · Bluetooth v3.0+EDR · Bluetooth v4.0 LE			
HW Version	V1.0			
SW Version	BLU_S0050UU_V04.01_GENERIC			
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.			
EUT Stage	Pre-Production			
Remark:				

Report No.: FA571406

- 1. This device 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation.
- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class33.
- The EUT do not support DTM function.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Form version. : 150415 Page 6 of 53

### 4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)		
iviode	GSM 850	GSM 1900	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.00	29.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.00	29.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	29.50	29.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.00	27.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.00	26.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.00	24.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.00	24.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	25.00	23.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	24.00	23.00	

**Report No. : FA571406** 

Mode	Average power(dBm)			
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV	
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.50	23.00	23.00	
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.50	23.00	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.00	21.50	21.50	
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	21.50	21.50	



## SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

LTE Band 4					
Average Power (dBm)					
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power	
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	23.5	
QPSK	20	> 18	1	22.5	
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	22.5	
16QAM	20	> 18	2	21.5	
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	23.5	
QPSK	15	> 16	1	22.5	
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	22.5	
16QAM	15	> 16	2	21.5	
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5	
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5	
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5	
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5	
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5	
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5	
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5	
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5	
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	23.5	
QPSK	3	> 4	1	22.5	
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	22.5	
16QAM	3	> 4	2	21.5	
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	23.5	
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	22.5	
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	22.5	
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	21.5	

Report No.: FA571406

	LTE Band 7					
	Average Power (dBm)					
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power		
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	24.0		
QPSK	20	> 18	1	23.0		
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	23.0		
16QAM	20	> 18	2	22.0		
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	24.0		
QPSK	15	> 16	1	23.0		
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	23.0		
16QAM	15	> 16	2	22.0		
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.0		
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.0		
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.0		
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.0		
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.0		
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.0		
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.0		
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.0		

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 8 of 53

## SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

LTE Band 17						
	Average Power (dBm)					
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power		
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5		
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5		
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5		
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5		
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5		
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5		
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5		
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5		

Report No.: FA571406

	Mode		Maximum Average Power (dBm)
		CH 1	14.0
	802.11b	CH 6	11.0
		CH 11	13.0
		CH 1	12.5
	802.11g	CH 6	10.0
2.4GHz		CH 11	11.5
2.4602		CH 1	12.0
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	10.0
		CH 11	11.5
		CH 3	11.0
	802.11n-HT40	CH 6	12.0
		CH 9	10.5
	Bluetooth v3.0+ED	R	7.5
	Bluetooth v4.0 LE		-2.0

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 9 of 53

### 4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d ne	cessary item	s address	ed in KDI	3 94122	25 D05 v02	2r03			
FCC ID	YHL	BLUSTC55LT	E							
Equipment Name	Sma	artphone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE	Band 17: 706 Band 4: 1710 Band 7: 2502	0.7 MHz ~	1754.3 MF	łz					
Channel Bandwidth	5MF	MHz, 3MHz, 5l Hz, 10MHz, 15 Hz, 10MHz (LT	MHz, 20M	Hz (LTE E		lz (LTE Ba	and4)			
uplink modulations used	QPS	PSK, and 16QAM								
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data	a only								
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design								(RB)	MPR (dB)	
		QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	1
	-	16 QAM 16 QAM	≤ 5 > 5	≤ 4 > 4	≤8 >8	≤ 12 > 12	≤ 16 > 16	≤ 18 > 18	≤ 1 ≤ 2	-
LTE A-MPR	A-M	ne base station PR during SA ximum TTI)								
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	mea	properly confinence of the con	erefore, sp	ectrum plo						

**Report No. : FA571406** 

								LTE Bar	nd 17							
				Bandwid	th 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz							
		Chan	nel#			Freq.(	(MHz)	)		Channel #				Freq. (MHz)		
L		237	755			70	6.5			23780				70	9	
М		237	790		710				237	790			71	0		
Н		238	325			71:	3.5			238	300		711			
								LTE Ba	nd 4							
	Bandwidth	h 1.4 I	MHz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 N	MHz Bandwidth		h 15 MHz	15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MH		h 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Fre (Mł		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre (Mł	eq. Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	171	0.7	19965	1711.5	199	975	1712.5	20000	17	15	20025	1717.5	200	50	1720
М	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	201	175	1732.5	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	201	75	1732.5
Н	20393	175	4.3	20385	1753.5	203	375	1752.5	20350	17	50	20325	1747.5	203	00	1745
								LTE Ba	nd 7							
	Baı	ndwid	th 5 N	lHz	Ban	dwidt	h 10 l	MHz	Ban	dwidt	h 15 l	ИHz	Ban	ıdwidth	1 20 N	ИHz
	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	:	Fre	q. (MHz)
L	20775	5	2	2502.5	20800	)		2505	20825	5	2	2507.5	20850	)		2510
M	21100	)		2535	21100	)		2535	21100	)		2535	21100	)		2535
Н	21425		2	2567.5	21400	)		2565	21375		2	2562.5	21350			2560

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 10 of 53 Form version. : 150415

### 5. RF Exposure Limits

### 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

### 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

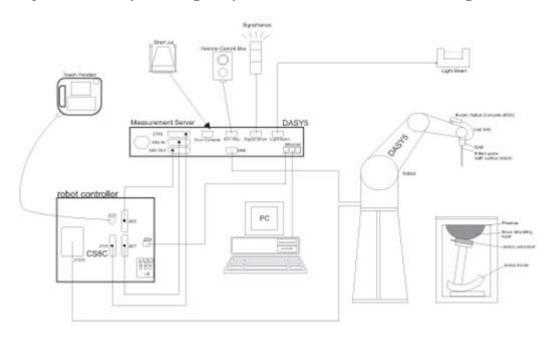
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

### 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 13 of 53

Form version.: 150415

**Report No. : FA571406** 

### 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- Area scan (b)
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

Page 14 of 53

### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test.	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding device with at least one

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No. : FA571406

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	n graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 08, 2015

Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 16 of 53

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



### 9. Test Equipment List

	No contract to the second	T (0.0 . 1 . 1	0 : 1 11	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1065	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1386	Feb. 19, 2015	Feb. 18, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7346	Jan. 08, 2015	Jan. 07, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 13, 2014	Nov. 12, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3898	Aug. 06, 2015	Aug. 05, 2016
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD OVA 002 AA	TP-1149	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201432827	Jan. 15, 2015	Jan. 14, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100963	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101634	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	No	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	No	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	No	te1

Report No.: FA571406

#### **General Note:**

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE

Page 17 of 53 Form version.: 150415

### 10. System Verification

### 10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

Report No.: FA571406

tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

tiodad paramotore		ioi ioadiiio						
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Tissue Dielectric Faraineter Check Nesuits/										
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.8	0.881	40.783	0.89	41.90	-1.01	-2.67	±5	2015/8/7
835	Head	22.7	0.910	42.910	0.90	41.50	1.11	3.40	±5	2015/8/7
1750	Head	22.9	1.387	39.752	1.37	40.10	1.24	-0.87	±5	2015/8/10
1900	Head	22.6	1.455	40.068	1.40	40.00	3.93	0.17	±5	2015/8/10
2450	Head	22.8	1.834	39.654	1.80	39.20	1.89	1.16	±5	2015/8/8
2600	Head	22.7	2.053	38.335	1.96	39.00	4.74	-1.71	±5	2015/8/8
750	Body	22.7	0.964	54.284	0.96	55.50	0.42	-2.19	±5	2015/8/4
835	Body	22.9	0.972	53.975	0.97	55.20	0.21	-2.22	±5	2015/8/4
1750	Body	22.7	1.527	51.995	1.49	53.40	2.48	-2.63	±5	2015/8/5
1900	Body	22.8	1.538	53.790	1.52	53.30	1.18	0.92	±5	2015/8/5
2450	Body	22.7	1.992	52.291	1.95	52.70	2.15	-0.78	±5	2015/8/9
2600	Body	22.8	2.196	50.730	2.16	52.50	1.67	-3.37	±5	2015/8/6

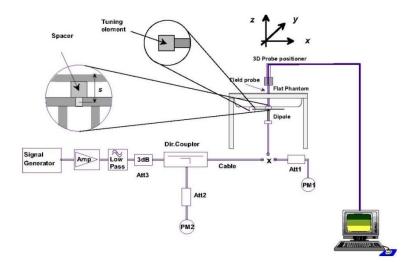
TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Form version.: 150415 Page 18 of 53

### 10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/8/7	750	Head	250	D750V3-1065	7346	1386	1.95	8.14	7.8	-4.18
2015/8/7	835	Head	250	D835V2-4d091	7346	1386	2.09	9.11	8.36	-8.23
2015/8/10	1750	Head	250	D1750V2-1069	3819	1303	9.97	37.10	39.88	7.49
2015/8/10	1900	Head	250	D1900V2-5d118	3819	1303	10.90	40.10	43.6	8.73
2015/8/8	2450	Head	250	D2450V2-840	7346	1386	12.10	52.30	48.4	-7.46
2015/8/8	2600	Head	250	D2600V2-1061	7346	1386	13.60	56.90	54.4	-4.39
2015/8/4	750	Body	250	D750V3-1065	7346	1386	2.10	8.64	8.4	-2.78
2015/8/4	835	Body	250	D835V2-4d091	7346	1386	2.28	9.60	9.12	-5.00
2015/8/5	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1069	7346	1386	9.00	38.10	36	-5.51
2015/8/5	1900	Body	250	D1900V2-5d118	7346	1386	9.39	40.00	37.56	-6.10
2015/8/9	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-840	7346	1386	12.50	51.00	50	-1.96
2015/8/6	2600	Body	250	D2600V2-1061	3898	1386	14.10	54.90	56.4	2.73





Report No.: FA571406

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Form version.: 150415 Page 19 of 53

### Report No. : FA571406

### 11. RF Exposure Positions

### 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

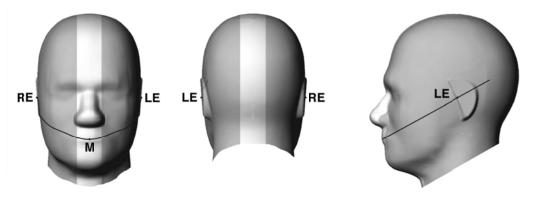
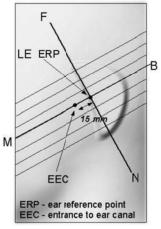
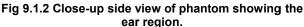


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom





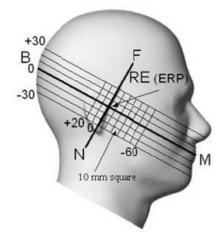


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 08, 2015

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 20 of 53 Form version. : 150415

SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

### 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2). especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

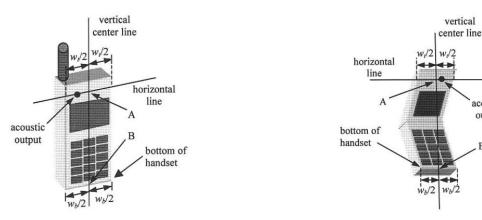


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

acoustic output

Report No.: FA571406

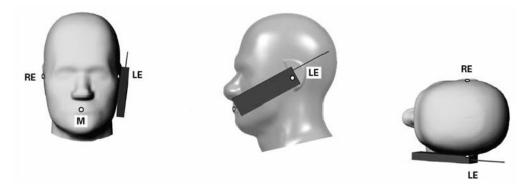


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC. TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 08, 2015 SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

### 11.3 <u>Definition of the tilt position</u>

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

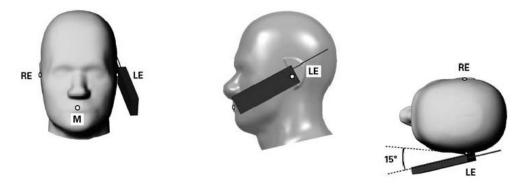


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

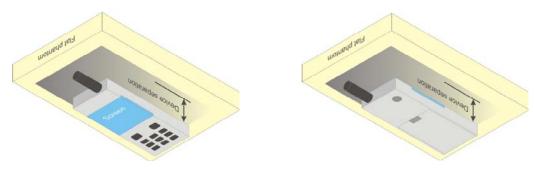


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

#### 11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L  $\times$  W  $\ge$  9 cm  $\times$  5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

### 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### <GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4x slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4x slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-un	Frame-Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	Tune-un
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.25	<b>31.40</b>	31.28	32.00	22.25	22.40	22.28	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	31.23	31.32	31.27	32.00	22.23	22.32	22.27	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.67	28.84	28.70	29.50	22.67	22.84	22.70	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	27.15	27.23	27.20	28.00	22.89	22.97	22.94	23.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	26.45	26.57	26.54	27.00	23.45	<b>23.57</b>	23.54	24.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	25.44	25.37	25.35	26.00	16.44	16.37	16.35	17.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.88	24.82	24.72	25.00	18.88	18.82	18.72	19.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.25	24.26	24.15	25.00	19.99	20.00	19.89	20.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.62	23.65	23.60	24.00	20.62	20.65	20.60	21.00
Band GSM1900	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.12	<b>28.21</b>	28.17	29.00	19.12	19.21	19.17	20.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	28.08	28.20	28.14	29.00	19.08	19.20	19.14	20.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.01	28.18	28.13	29.00	22.01	22.18	22.13	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	26.15	26.20	26.17	27.00	21.89	21.94	21.91	22.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	25.17	25.21	25.18	26.00	22.17	<b>22.21</b>	22.18	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1 EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	25.17 23.94	25.21 23.95	25.18 23.96	26.00 24.00	22.17 14.94	<b>22.21</b> 14.95	22.18 14.96	23.00 15.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	23.94	23.95	23.96	24.00	14.94	14.95	14.96	15.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 24 of 53 Form version. : 150415

#### < WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

**Report No. : FA571406** 

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. h.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121 ii.
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 Χ.
  - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β <sub>0</sub> /β <sub>d</sub>	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 24/15

with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β<sub>d</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gan factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d$ = 15/15

**Setup Configuration** 

FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 25 of 53

#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_0/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{1s}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**Setup Configuration** 



#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

Report No.: FA571406

2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

110	DPA / HSUPA	١.									
	E	Band	WC	DMA Bar	nd V	WC	DMA Bar	nd II	WCI	DMA Ban	d IV
	TX (	Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
	Rx (	Channel	4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
	Freque	ncy (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	21.87	21.98	21.80	22.45	22.35	22.38	22.56	22.58	22.70
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	21.89	<mark>21.99</mark>	21.82	<mark>22.48</mark>	22.36	22.40	22.58	22.59	<b>22.72</b>
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	20.50	20.70	20.56	21.09	20.98	20.91	20.99	21.26	21.45
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	20.62	20.77	20.37	21.02	20.90	20.85	20.99	21.17	21.40
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	20.14	20.28	20.16	20.51	20.40	20.42	20.58	20.68	20.91
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.13	20.29	20.16	20.50	20.03	20.40	20.58	20.68	20.90
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.21	20.70	20.16	20.20	20.17	20.54	21.04	21.21	21.28
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.57	19.37	19.55	19.88	19.78	19.86	19.69	19.99	19.80
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.36	19.58	19.34	19.51	19.50	19.51	19.58	19.91	20.00
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.54	19.59	19.96	20.14	20.05	19.78	19.69	20.00	20.29
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.60	20.70	20.60	21.00	21.00	20.90	21.00	21.20	21.30

#### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 28 of 53 Form version. : 150415

### <LTE Band 4>

TETE Dan	<u> </u>							
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low	Power Middle	Power High	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha	nnol		Ch. / Freq. 20050	Ch. / Freq. 20175	Ch. / Freq. 20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen			1720	1732.5	1745	- `	
20	QPSK	1	0	22.41	22.65	22.54		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.35	22.55	22.43	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.35	22.55	22.43	23.5	U
20	QPSK	50	0	21.20	21.46	21.33		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.18	21.36	21.33	-	
20	QPSK	50	49	21.10	21.39	21.34	22.5	0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.21	21.35	21.34	-	
20	16QAM	100	0	21.80	22.11	21.72		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.33	21.46	21.72	22.5	0-1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.72	21.40	21.53	22.5	0-1
20	16QAM	50	0	20.39	20.35	20.38		
	16QAM	50	24	20.39	20.33	20.36	-	
20	16QAM	50	49	20.20	20.21	20.25	21.5	0-2
20 20	16QAM	100	0	20.25	20.25	20.27	_	
20			U					MDD
	Cha			20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
45	Frequen			1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(ubiii)	(db)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.28	22.63	22.49	22.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.15	22.54	22.43	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.19	22.46	22.35		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.42	21.40	21.45	-	
15	QPSK	36	18	21.14	21.26	21.28	22.5	0-1
15	QPSK	36	37	21.22	21.26	21.34	-	
15	QPSK	75	0	21.13	21.31	21.43		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.77	21.76	22.05		0.4
15	16QAM	1	37	21.05	21.40	21.38	22.5	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.45	21.92	21.68		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.35	20.42	20.43	-	
15	16QAM	36	18	20.26	20.40	20.39	21.5	0-2
15	16QAM	36	37	20.14	20.28	20.47	_	
15	16QAM	75	0	20.09	20.31	20.32		
	Cha			20000	20175	20350	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
10	Frequence	, ,		1715	1732.5	1750	(dbiii)	(ub)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.49	22.49	22.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.25	22.43	22.48	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1 25	49	22.27	22.41	22.45		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.09	21.33	21.35		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.15	21.25	21.40	22.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.10	21.18	21.44	-	
10	QPSK	50	0	21.29	21.22	21.34		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.02	21.44	21.64	20.5	0.4
10	16QAM	1	24	21.22	20.97	21.17	22.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.80	21.29	21.50		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.08	20.29	20.41	-	
10	16QAM	25	12	20.14	20.34	20.46	21.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	24	20.49	20.27	20.49	-	
10	16QAM	50	0	20.23	20.22	20.45		

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 29 of 53



lo. : FA57								
MPR	Tune up Limit	20375	20175	19975		nnel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1752.5	1732.5	1712.5		y (MHz)	Frequenc	
		22.46	22.29	22.27	0	1	QPSK	5
0	23.5	22.52	22.39	22.32	12	1	QPSK	5
		22.41	22.25	22.05	24	1	QPSK	5
		21.43	21.23	21.13	0	12	QPSK	5
0.4	00.5	21.38	21.20	21.06	6	12	QPSK	5
0-1	22.5	21.39	21.30	21.06	11	12	QPSK	5
		21.36	21.23	21.16	0	25	QPSK	5
		21.98	21.79	21.21	0	1	16QAM	5
0-1	22.5	21.49	21.29	21.01	12	1	16QAM	5
		21.49	21.10	21.88	24	1	16QAM	5
		20.40	20.28	20.23	0	12	16QAM	5
0-2	21.5	20.39	20.17	20.19	6	12	16QAM	5
0-2	21.5	20.27	20.27	20.07	11	12	16QAM	5
		20.52	20.36	20.11	0	25	16QAM	5
MPR	Tune up Limit	20385	20175	19965		nnel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1753.5	1732.5	1711.5		y (MHz)	Frequenc	
		22.52	22.43	22.26	0	1	QPSK	3
0	23.5	22.33	22.27	22.25	7	1	QPSK	3
		22.36	22.42	22.23	14	1	QPSK	3
		21.49	21.36	21.07	0	8	QPSK	3
0.1	22.5	21.36	21.36	21.11	4	8	QPSK	3
0-1	22.5	21.40	21.38	21.09	7	8	QPSK	3
		21.35	21.26	21.03	0	15	QPSK	3
		22.12	21.51	21.48	0	1	16QAM	3
0-1	22.5	21.56	21.39	21.18	7	1	16QAM	3
		21.61	21.65	21.85	14	1	16QAM	3
		20.46	20.52	20.39	0	8	16QAM	3
0-2	21.5	20.29	20.50	20.12	4	8	16QAM	3
0-2	21.5	20.32	20.43	20.14	7	8	16QAM	3
		20.39	20.45	20.02	0	15	16QAM	3
MPR	Tune up Limit	20393	20175	19957		nnel	Char	
(dB)	(dBm)	1754.3	1732.5	1710.7		y (MHz)	Frequenc	
		22.26	22.15	21.82	0	1	QPSK	1.4
		22.33	22.43	21.90	2	1	QPSK	1.4
0	22.5	22.35	22.32	21.84	5	1	QPSK	1.4
0	23.5	22.51	22.36	22.00	0	3	QPSK	1.4
		22.48	22.55	22.02	1	3	QPSK	1.4
		22.50	22.35	22.01	2	3	QPSK	1.4
0-1	22.5	21.41	21.35	21.00	0	6	QPSK	1.4
		21.40	21.22	21.54	0	1	16QAM	1.4
		21.93	21.73	21.65	2	1	16QAM	1.4
0.1	22.5	21.77	21.63	21.16	5	1	16QAM	1.4
0-1	22.5	21.33	21.42	21.02	0	3	16QAM	1.4
		21.38	21.52	21.03	1	3	16QAM	1.4
		21.38	21.48	21.11	2	3	16QAM	1.4
0-2	21.5	20.39	20.21	19.91	0	6	16QAM	1.4

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 30 of 53



## FCC SAR Test Report

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
	Cha			20850	21100	21350	(UDIII)	(ub)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.10	<mark>23.21</mark>	23.00		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.89	22.97	22.83	24.0	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.76	22.81	22.76		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.00	22.10	21.90		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.90	21.90	21.76	23.0	0-1
20	QPSK	50	49	21.79	21.85	21.63		0-1
20	QPSK	100	0	21.71	21.82	21.57		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.46	22.39	21.92		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.82	22.09	21.63	23.0	0-1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.76	21.91	21.79		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.83	20.77	20.59		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.81	20.80	20.49	22.0	0.0
20	16QAM	50	49	20.51	20.77	20.36	22.0	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.74	20.89	20.45		
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.98	23.13	22.51		
15	QPSK	1	37	22.82	22.78	22.36	24.0	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.72	22.74	22.33		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.97	21.81	21.42		
15	QPSK	36	18	21.90	21.69	21.37	00.0	0.4
15	QPSK	36	37	21.81	21.75	21.39	23.0	0-1
15	QPSK	75	0	21.79	21.83	21.43		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.97	22.48	21.62		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.95	21.43	21.17	23.0	0-1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.89	21.77	21.76		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.92	20.76	20.22		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.92	20.68	20.46	1	
15	16QAM	36	37	20.93	20.72	20.48	22.0	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.81	20.79	20.29		

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 31 of 53



## SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

	Cha	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.99	22.98	22.52		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.98	22.97	22.42	24.0	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.93	22.82	22.37		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.96	21.86	21.37		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.79	21.70	21.30	23.0	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.85	21.73	21.33	23.0	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.80	21.74	21.32		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.50	21.86	21.53		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.65	21.55	21.13	23.0	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.72	21.62	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.73	20.75	20.36		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.71	20.68	20.30	22.0	0-2
10	16QAM	25	24	20.82	20.80	20.31	22.0	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.92	20.67	20.32		
	Cha	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.99	22.86	22.31		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.90	22.93	22.42	24.0	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.80	22.80	22.23		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.74	21.66	21.26		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.76	21.65	21.14	23.0	0-1
5	QPSK	12	11	21.78	21.63	21.12	25.0	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.82	21.74	21.18		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.97	22.42	21.42		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.82	21.86	21.31	23.0	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.85	21.79	21.67		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.79	20.76	20.15		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.71	20.69	20.13	22.0	0-2
5	16QAM	12	11	20.69	20.65	20.06	22.0	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.61	20.88	20.39		

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 32 of 53



## SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

**<LTE Band 17>** 

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		23780	23790	23800	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	<mark>22.66</mark>	22.61	22.58		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.53	22.55	22.52	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.59	22.58	22.55		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.67	21.62	21.56		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.62	21.61	21.52	22.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.71	21.64	21.62	22.5	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	21.65	21.63	21.57		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.91	22.27		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.45	21.82	21.93	22.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.19	21.95	22.05		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.61	20.60	20.55		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.54	20.47	20.44	21.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	24	20.55	20.58	20.58		0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.54	20.56	20.59		
	Cha	nnel		23755	23790	23825	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		706.5	710	713.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.63	22.56	22.53		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.62	22.59	22.50	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.64	22.58	22.55		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.61	21.52	21.68		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.55	21.54	21.60	22.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	11	21.63	21.53	21.62	22.5	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.58	21.55	21.58		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.56	21.97		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.32	21.12	21.57	22.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.42	21.84	21.78		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.51	20.56	20.55		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.39	20.57	20.25	24.5	0.0
5	16QAM	12	11	20.42	20.49	20.43	21.5	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.55	20.68	20.79		

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 33 of 53

#### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA571406

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.**TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595



## FCC SAR Test Report

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %	
		CH 1	2412		13.63		
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	10.35	97.68	
		CH 11	2462		12.26		
	802.11g	CH 1	2412		12.01		
2.4GHz WLAN		CH 6	2437	6Mbps	9.33	87.04	
		CH 11	2462		11.16		
		CH 1	2412		11.98		
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	9.29	86.60	
		CH 11	2462		11.16		
		CH 3	2422		10.66		
	802.11n-HT40	CH 6	2437	MCS0	11.81	76.30	
		CH 9	2452		10.19		

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE

### 13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)					
Mode Dalid	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE				
2.4GHz Bluetooth	7.5	-2.0				

Report No.: FA571406

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

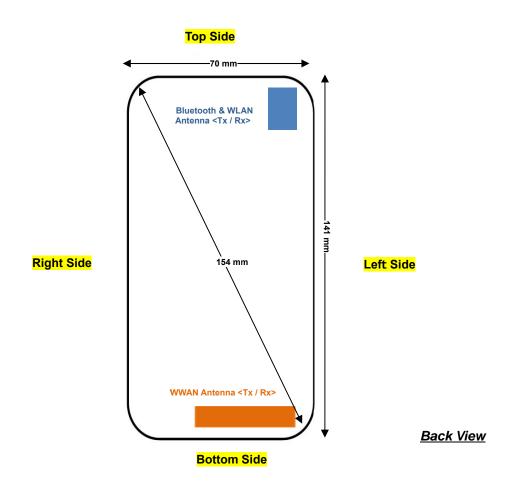
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
7.5	10	2.48	0.9

#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the test exclusion threshold is 0.9 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

# 14. Antenna Location



**Report No. : FA571406** 

	Distance	of the Antenna	to the EUT surf	face/edge										
Antennas	Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	124mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm								
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm 125mm 60mm ≤ 25mm														

	Posi	itions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot m	iode										
Antennas	Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes								
BT&WLAN Yes Yes No No Yes														

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 37 of 53 Form version.: 150415

#### 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4x slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4x slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 10. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 11. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 12. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 13. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 14. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 15. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595 Issued Date: Sep. 08, 2015

Form version.: 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 38 of 53



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

16. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

Report No.: FA571406

# 15.1 Head SAR

### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	-0.08	0.227	0.251
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	-0.07	0.117	0.129
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	0.05	0.188	0.208
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	0.09	0.145	0.160
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	26.45	27.00	1.135	-0.17	0.246	0.279
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	26.54	27.00	1.112	0.07	0.332	<mark>0.369</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.02	0.181	0.217
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	0.05	0.097	0.116
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	0.08	0.306	0.36 <mark>7</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	0.05	0.115	0.138
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	25.17	26.00	1.211	0.18	0.286	0.346
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	25.18	26.00	1.208	-0.08	0.238	0.287

#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.08	0.245	0.276
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.04	0.127	0.143
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.09	0.269	0.303
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.09	0.164	0.184
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.15	0.247	0.284
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	21.82	22.50	1.169	0.06	0.285	<mark>0.333</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.09	0.229	0.244
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.04	0.136	0.145
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.01	0.403	<mark>0.430</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.13	0.139	0.148
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.08	0.301	0.332
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.05	0.327	0.359
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.07	0.224	0.252
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	0.04	0.144	0.162
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.05	0.408	<mark>0.460</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.02	0.165	0.186
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.08	0.394	0.457
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.40	23.00	1.148	0.07	0.297	0.341

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 39 of 53 Form version. : 150415



# FCC SAR Test Report

### <LTE SAR>

Plot	Band	BW	RB	RB	Modulation	Test	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Tune-up Scaling	Power Drift	Measured 1g SAR	Reported 1g SAR
No.		(MHz)	Size	offest		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	0.06	0.083	0.101
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	0.06	0.04	0.049
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.12	0.092	0.112
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.07	0.041	0.050
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	23790	710	22.61	23.50	1.227	-0.06	0.096	0.118
06	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	23800	711	22.58	23.50	1.236	0.13	0.124	<mark>0.153</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Cheek	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	0.07	0.077	0.092
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Tilted	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	0.09	0.038	0.046
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Cheek	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	0.08	0.086	0.103
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Tilted	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.13	0.041	0.049
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.02	0.221	0.269
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.03	0.11	0.134
07	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.02	0.39	<mark>0.474</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.03	0.117	0.142
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20050	1720	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.06	0.311	0.400
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20300	1745	22.54	23.50	1.247	0.09	0.334	0.417
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	-0.06	0.174	0.221
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.05	0.091	0.116
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.01	0.303	0.385
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.04	0.095	0.121
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.06	0.323	0.387
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.08	0.321	0.385
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.03	0.593	0.711
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.04	0.175	0.210
80	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20850	2510	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.03	0.709	<mark>0.872</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	21350	2560	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.02	0.484	0.609
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.04	0.258	0.317
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.07	0.239	0.294
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.03	0.462	0.568
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.03	0.128	0.157
	LTE Band 7	20M	100	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	21100	2535	21.82	23.00	1.312	-0.06	0.344	0.451

Report No.: FA571406

### <DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
09	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	0.01	0.14	0.156
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.03	0.059	0.066
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.02	0.066	0.074
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.08	0.016	0.018
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	10.35	11.00	1.161	97.68	1.024	0.01	0.029	0.034
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	12.26	13.00	1.185	97.68	1.024	0.03	0.058	0.070

# 15.2 Hotspot SAR

	Distance	of the Antenna	to the EUT surf	ace/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	124mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm							
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm 125mm 60mm ≤ 25mm													

Report No.: FA571406

	Pos	itions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot m	iode										
Antennas	Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes								
BT&WLAN Yes Yes No No Yes														

**General Note:** Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

#### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	0.09	0.157	0.173
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	0.04	0.275	0.304
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	-0.07	0.134	0.148
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	-0.08	0.139	0.153
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	-0.07	0.046	0.051
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.06	0.274	0.311
10	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	26.54	27.00	1.112	-0.05	0.304	<mark>0.338</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.1	0.355	0.426
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.02	0.397	0.476
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	0.07	0.212	0.254
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.09	0.058	0.070
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.04	0.369	0.443
11	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	25.17	26.00	1.211	-0.04	0.396	0.479
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	25.18	26.00	1.208	-0.05	0.38	0.459



# FCC SAR Test Report

### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.09	0.163	0.183
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.06	0.266	0.299
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.06	0.143	0.161
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.03	0.147	0.165
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.11	0.048	0.054
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4132	826.4	21.89	22.50	1.151	-0.08	0.273	0.314
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4233	846.6	21.82	22.50	1.169	0.11	0.273	<mark>0.319</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.02	0.425	0.453
13	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.04	0.693	0.739
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.11	0.265	0.283
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	0.01	0.067	0.071
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.02	0.4	0.427
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1312	1712.4	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.07	0.511	0.563
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1413	1732.6	22.59	23.00	1.099	-0.04	0.543	0.597
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.04	0.459	0.517
14	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.06	0.546	0.615
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	0.01	0.28	0.316
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.02	0.073	0.082
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.03	0.472	0.532
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	1880	22.36	23.00	1.159	-0.07	0.506	0.586
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	1907.6	22.40	23.00	1.148	-0.11	0.47	0.540

Report No.: FA571406



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

#### <LTE SAR>

	_									A	T 1 la	T	D	Management	Danastad
Plot	Band	BW	RB	RB	Modulation	Test	Gap	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Tune-up Scaling	Power Drift	Measured 1g SAR	1g SAR
No.	Danu	(MHz)	Size	offest	Iviodulation	Position	(cm)	OII.	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.07	0.069	0.084
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.07	0.151	0.183
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.08	0.04	0.049
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.05	0.027	0.033
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.05	0.017	0.021
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.07	0.074	0.089
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.06	0.164	0.197
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Side	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.07	0.046	0.055
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.08	0.03	0.036
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.08	0.019	0.023
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	21.64	22.50	1.219	-0.08	0.159	0.194
15	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23800	711	21.62	22.50	1.225	-0.06	0.162	<mark>0.198</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.09	0.339	0.412
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.1	0.562	0.683
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.06	0.213	0.259
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.17	0.052	0.063
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	0.11	0.259	0.315
16	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.09	0.564	0.72 <mark>5</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	22.54	23.50	1.247	-0.03	0.578	0.721
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.08	0.272	0.346
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.11	0.451	0.573
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.05	0.171	0.217
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	-0.07	0.042	0.053
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	-0.06	0.214	0.272
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.04	0.513	0.615
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.05	0.577	0.692
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.15	0.432	0.518
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.18	0.024	0.029
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.04	0.25	0.300
17	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20850	2510	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.09	0.685	<mark>0.843</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	21350	2560	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.07	0.483	0.608
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.02	0.39	0.480
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.07	0.49	0.603
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.161	0.336	0.413
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.03	0.016	0.020
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.02	0.189	0.233

Report No.: FA571406

#### <DTS WLAN SAR>

Plo No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.17	0.019	0.021
18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	0.09	0.032	0.036
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	1	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.16	0.017	0.019
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.04	0.011	0.012
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	6	2437	10.35	11.00	1.161	97.68	1.024	-0.08	0.01	0.012
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	12.26	13.00	1.185	97.68	1.024	-0.13	0.015	0.018

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 43 of 53 Form version. : 150415

# 15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	0.09	0.157	0.173
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	26.57	27.00	1.104	0.04	0.275	0.304
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	26.45	27.00	1.135	0.06	0.274	0.311
10	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	26.54	27.00	1.112	-0.05	0.304	<mark>0.338</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.1	0.355	0.426
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	661	1880	25.21	26.00	1.199	-0.02	0.397	0.476
11	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	25.17	26.00	1.211	-0.04	0.396	<mark>0.479</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	25.18	26.00	1.208	-0.05	0.38	0.459

**Report No. : FA571406** 

#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	-0.09	0.163	0.183
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.06	0.266	0.299
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4132	826.4	21.89	22.50	1.151	-0.08	0.273	0.314
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4233	846.6	21.82	22.50	1.169	0.11	0.273	<mark>0.319</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.02	0.425	0.453
13	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1513	1752.6	22.72	23.00	1.067	-0.04	0.693	<mark>0.739</mark>
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1312	1712.4	22.58	23.00	1.102	-0.07	0.511	0.563
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1413	1732.6	22.59	23.00	1.099	-0.04	0.543	0.597
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.04	0.459	0.517
14	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	1852.4	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.06	0.546	0.615
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	1880	22.36	23.00	1.159	-0.07	0.506	0.586
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	1907.6	22.40	23.00	1.148	-0.11	0.47	0.540



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

### <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offest	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.07	0.069	0.084
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	22.66	23.50	1.213	-0.07	0.151	0.183
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.07	0.074	0.089
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	21.71	22.50	1.199	-0.06	0.164	0.197
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	21.64	22.50	1.219	-0.08	0.159	0.194
15	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23800	711	21.62	22.50	1.225	-0.06	0.162	<mark>0.198</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.09	0.339	0.412
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.50	1.216	-0.1	0.562	0.683
16	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	22.41	23.50	1.285	0.09	0.564	<mark>0.725</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	22.54	23.50	1.247	-0.03	0.578	0.721
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.08	0.272	0.346
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.46	22.50	1.271	0.11	0.451	0.573
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.04	0.513	0.615
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.05	0.577	0.692
17	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20850	2510	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.09	0.685	0.843
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	21350	2560	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.07	0.483	0.608
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.02	0.39	0.480
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.07	0.49	0.603

Report No.: FA571406

#### <DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	-0.17	0.019	0.021
18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	1	2412	13.63	14.00	1.088	97.68	1.024	0.09	0.032	0.036
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	6	2437	10.35	11.00	1.161	97.68	1.024	-0.08	0.01	0.012
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	12.26	13.00	1.185	97.68	1.024	-0.13	0.015	0.018

#### SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

# 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Р	ortable Handse	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Comigurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP

**Report No.: FA571406** 

#### **General Note:**

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS/EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation. 2.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not 3. operate simultaneously at any moment.
- The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. 4.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	10 mm
7.5dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.126 W/kg

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC. TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

# 16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.369	0.156	0.53
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.129	0.066	0.20
	GSW650	Left Cheek	0.208	0.074	0.28
GSM		Left Tilted	0.160	0.018	0.18
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.217	0.156	0.37
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.116	0.066	0.18
	GSW1900	Left Cheek	0.367	0.074	0.44
		Left Tilted	0.138	0.018	0.16
		Right Cheek	0.276	0.156	0.43
	WCDMA V	Right Tilted	0.143	0.066	0.21
	WCDIVIA V	Left Cheek	0.333	0.074	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.184	0.018	0.20
		Right Cheek	0.244	0.156	0.40
VAVODAMA	NA/ODAMA IV/	Right Tilted	0.145	0.066	0.21
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Left Cheek	0.430	0.074	0.50
		Left Tilted	0.148	0.018	0.17
	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.252	0.156	0.41
		Right Tilted	0.162	0.066	0.23
		Left Cheek	0.460	0.074	0.53
		Left Tilted	0.186	0.018	0.20
		Right Cheek	0.101	0.156	0.26
	LTE Band 17	Right Tilted	0.049	0.066	0.12
	LIE Ballu 17	Left Cheek	0.153	0.074	0.23
		Left Tilted	0.050	0.018	0.07
		Right Cheek	0.269	0.156	0.43
LTE	LTE Dand 4	Right Tilted	0.134	0.066	0.20
LTE	LTE Band 4	Left Cheek	0.474	0.074	0.55
		Left Tilted	0.142	0.018	0.16
		Right Cheek	0.387	0.156	0.54
	LTE Dood 7	Right Tilted	0.385	0.066	0.45
	LTE Band 7	Left Cheek	0.872	0.074	0.95
		Left Tilted	0.210	0.018	0.23

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 47 of 53

# 16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	0.173	0.021	0.19
		Back	0.338	0.036	0.37
	GSM850	Left side	0.148	0.019	0.17
	GSW650	Right side	0.153		0.15
		Top side		0.012	0.01
GSM		Bottom side	0.051		0.05
GSIVI		Front	0.426	0.021	0.45
		Back	0.479	0.036	0.52
	GSM1900	Left side	0.254	0.019	0.27
	GSW1900	Right side	0.070		0.07
Top side  Bottom side		0.012	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.443		0.44
		Front	0.183	0.021	0.20
		Back	0.319	0.036	0.36
	WCDMA V	Left side	0.161	0.019	0.18
		Right side	0.165		0.17
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.054		0.05
		Front	0.453	0.021	0.47
		Back	0.739	0.036	0.78
VALCEDAAA	VA/CDNAA IV/	Left side	0.283	0.019	0.30
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Right side	0.071		0.07
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.427		0.43
		Front	0.517	0.021	0.54
		Back	0.615	0.036	0.65
	WODAA II	Left side	0.316	0.019	0.34
	WCDMA II	Right side	0.082		0.08
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.532		0.53

**Report No. : FA571406** 

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 48 of 53



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

		Front	0.089	0.021	0.11
		Back	0.198	0.036	0.23
	LTE Band 17	Left side	0.055	0.019	0.07
	LIE Band 17	Right side	0.036		0.04
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.023		0.02
		Front	0.412	0.021	0.43
		Back	0.725	0.036	0.76
LTE	LTE Band 4	Left side	0.259	0.019	0.28
LTE		Right side	0.063		0.06
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.315		0.32
		Front	0.615	0.021	0.64
		Back	0.843	0.036	0.88
	LTE Band 7	Left side	0.518	0.019	0.54
	LIE Ballu /	Right side	0.029		0.03
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.300		0.30

Report No.: FA571406

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 49 of 53

# 16.3 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

			1	2	3		
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.173	0.021	0.126	0.19	0.30
GSM	GSIVIOSU	Back	0.338	0.036	0.126	0.37	0.46
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.426	0.021	0.126	0.45	0.55
	GSW1900	Back	0.479	0.036	0.126	0.52	0.61
	WCDMA V	Front	0.183	0.021	0.126	0.20	0.31
	VVCDIVIA V	Back	0.319	0.036	0.126	0.36	0.45
MODAAA	WCDMA IV	Front	0.453	0.021	0.126	0.47	0.58
WCDMA		Back	0.739	0.036	0.126	0.78	0.87
	WCDMA II	Front	0.517	0.021	0.126	0.54	0.64
	WCDMA II	Back	0.615	0.036	0.126	0.65	0.74
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.089	0.021	0.126	0.11	0.22
	LIE Band 17	Back	0.198	0.036	0.126	0.23	0.32
	LTE David 4	Front	0.412	0.021	0.126	0.43	0.54
LTE	LTE Band 4	Back	0.725	0.036	0.126	0.76	0.85
	LTC Daniel 7	Front	0.615	0.021	0.126	0.64	0.74
	LTE Band 7	Back	0.843	0.036	0.126	0.88	0.97

**Report No. : FA571406** 

Test Engineer: Luke Lu

TEL: 86-755-8637-9589/ FAX: 86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date : Sep. 08, 2015 Form version. : 150415 FCC ID: YHLBLUSTC55LTE Page 50 of 53

### 17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

**Report No.: FA571406** 

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### **Table 17.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution**

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Cor	nbined Std. Un	certainty				11.4%	11.4%
Co	verage Factor	for 95 %				K=2	K=2
Ехр	anded STD Un	certainty				22.9%	22.7%

**Report No. : FA571406** 

Table 17.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

### 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

**Report No.: FA571406** 

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Jun 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Report No.: FA571406

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

# System Check\_Head\_750MHz\_150807

#### **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_750\_150807 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.881$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.783$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.07

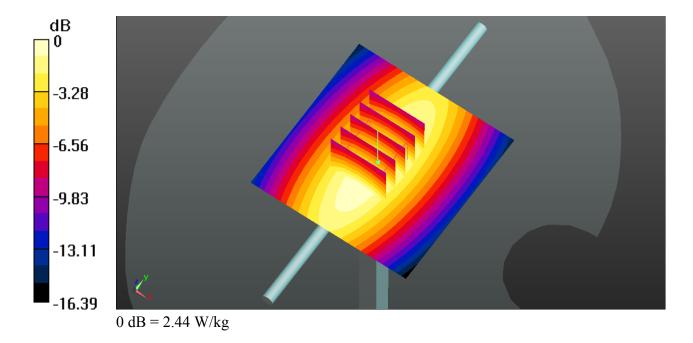
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.44 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.84 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.3 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.43 W/kg



# System Check\_Head\_835MHz\_150807

#### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_835\_150807 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.07

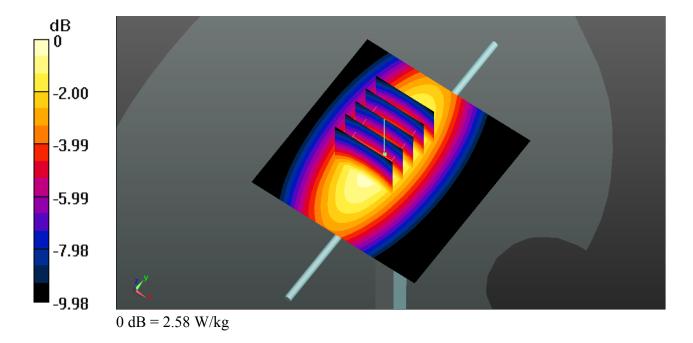
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.78, 9.78, 9.78); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.04 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_1750MHz\_150810

#### **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1800 150810 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.752$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.10

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

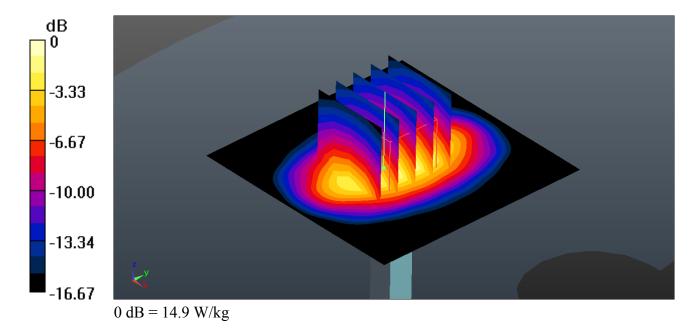
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15, dy=15m Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_1900MHz\_150810

#### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_150810 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.455$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.068$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.10

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 ℃

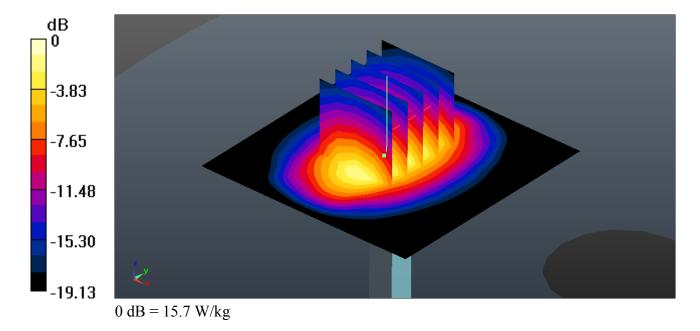
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.2 W/kg



# System Check\_Head\_2450MHz\_150808

#### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_2450\_150808 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.834$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.654$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.08

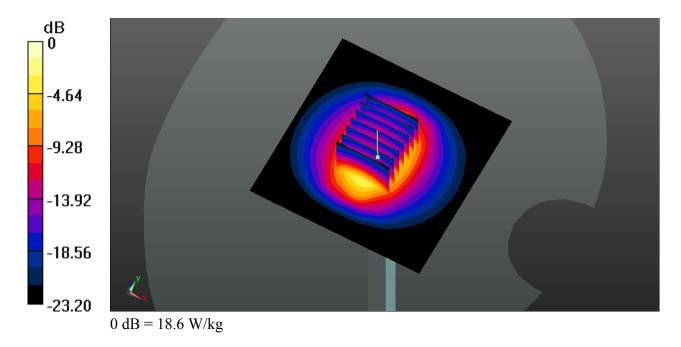
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.78 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



# System Check\_Head\_2600MHz\_150808

#### **DUT: D2600V2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_2600\_150808 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.053$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.335$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.08

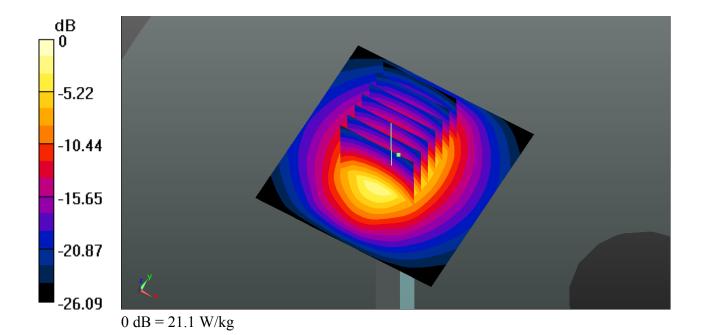
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



# System Check\_Body\_750MHz\_150804

#### **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_750\_150804 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.964$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.284$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.04

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.2 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 °C

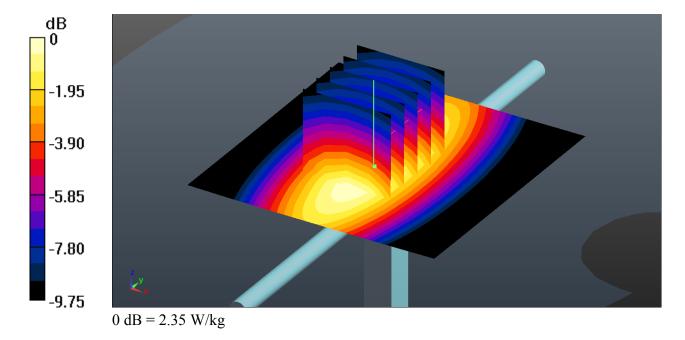
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.36 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 46.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.72 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/kg



# System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_150804

#### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_835\_150804 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.972$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.975$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.04

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

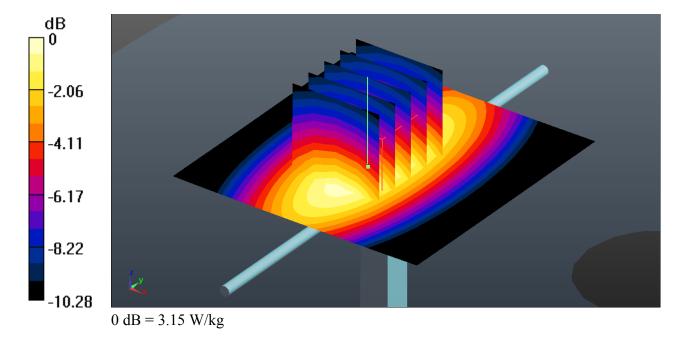
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.15 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 46.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.94 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 W/kg



# System Check\_Body\_1750MHz\_150805

#### **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium:  $MSL_21800_150805$  Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.527$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.995$ ;

Date: 2015.08.05

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

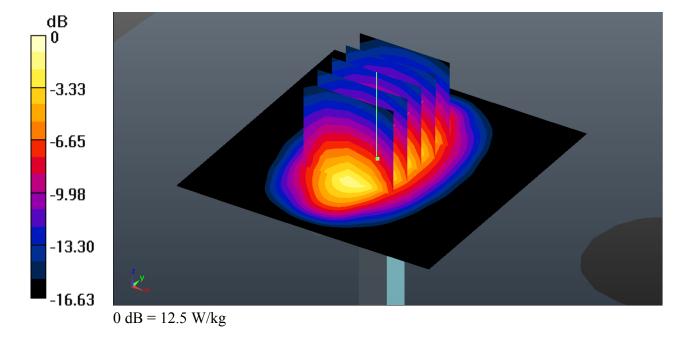
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 92.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



# System Check\_Body\_1900MHz\_150805

#### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_1900\_150805 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.538$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.79$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.05

**Ambient Temperature**: 23.5 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.8 °C

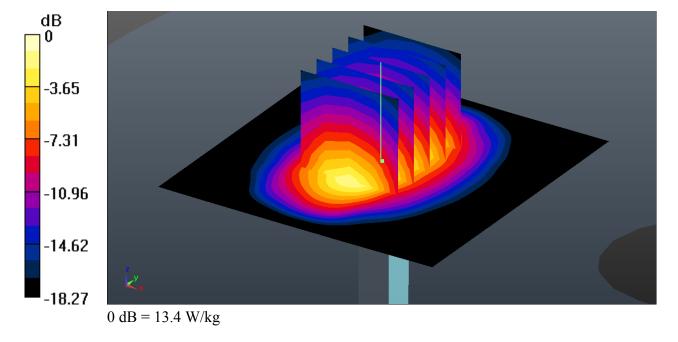
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 82.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



# System Check\_Body\_2450MHz\_150809

#### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_2450\_150809 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.992$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.291$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.09

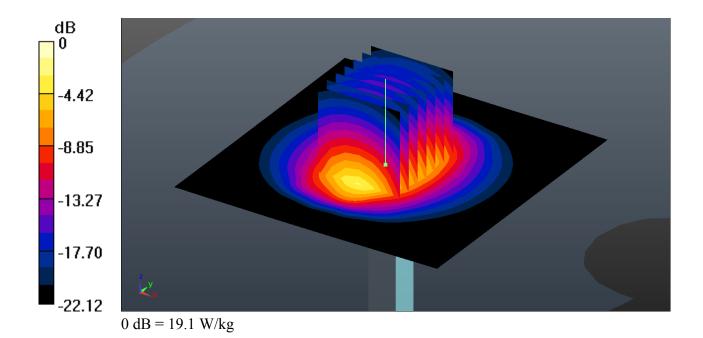
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 84.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.74 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



# System Check\_Body\_2600MHz\_150806

#### **DUT: D2600V2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_2600\_150806 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.196$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.73$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.06

Ambient Temperature: 23.6  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8  $^{\circ}$ C

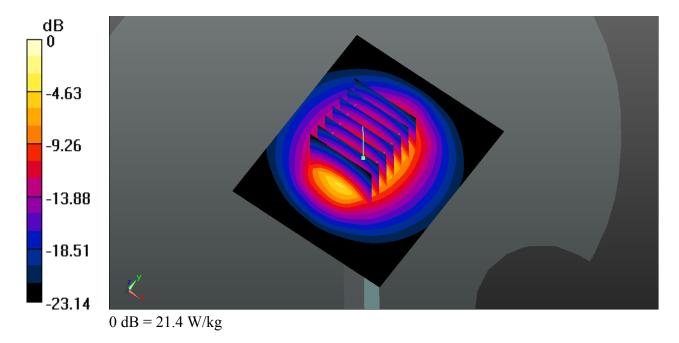
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 34.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 117.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 42.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



# Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA571406

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

# 21\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Right Cheek\_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_835\_150807 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.925$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.729$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.07

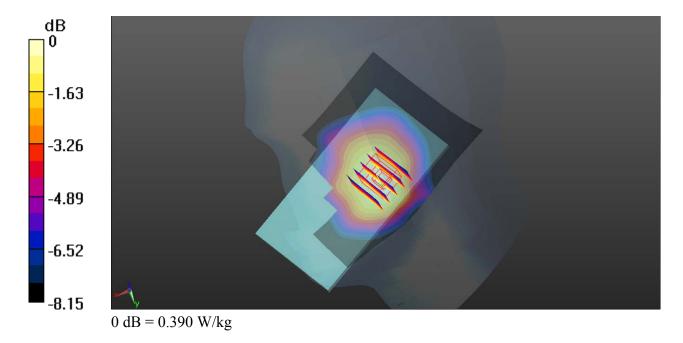
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.78, 9.78, 9.78); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.040 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.332 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.373 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_1900\_150810 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.435$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.161$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.10

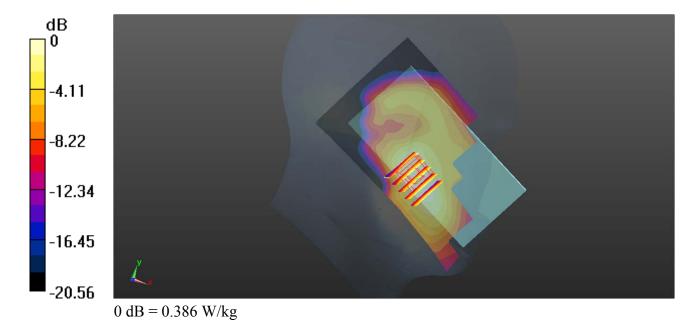
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.255 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.482 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 W/kg



# 03\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Left Cheek\_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_835\_150807 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.923 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 42.747;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.07

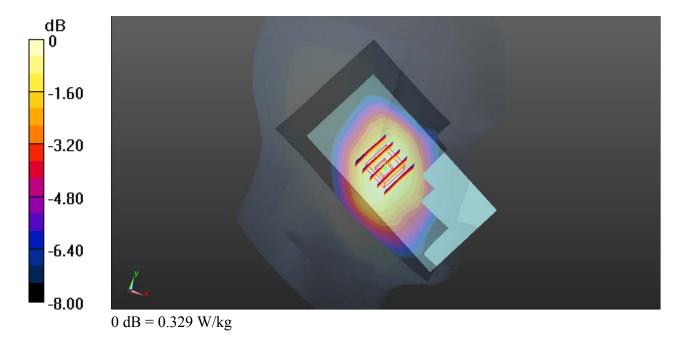
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.78, 9.78, 9.78); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.329 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.082 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.340 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.285 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1800\_150810 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.389$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.731$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.08.10

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 ℃

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

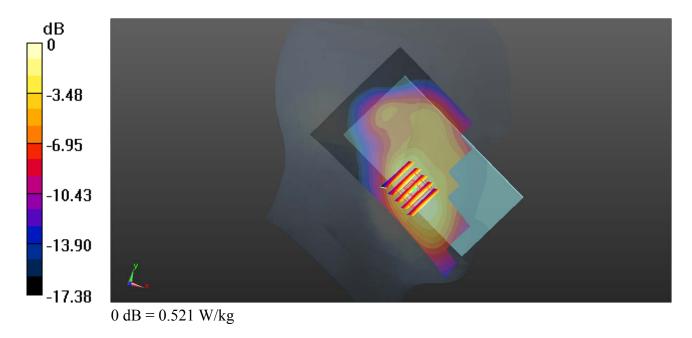
**Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.521 W/kg

**Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.228 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.403 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_150810 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.405$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.286$ ;

Date: 2015.08.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

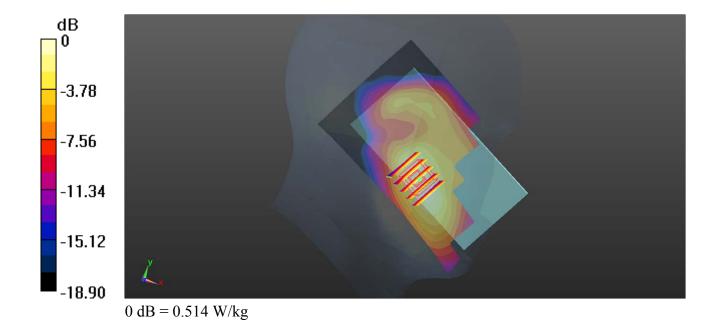
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.517 W/kg

- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.514 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.936 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.408 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_750\_150807 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.862$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.688$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.07

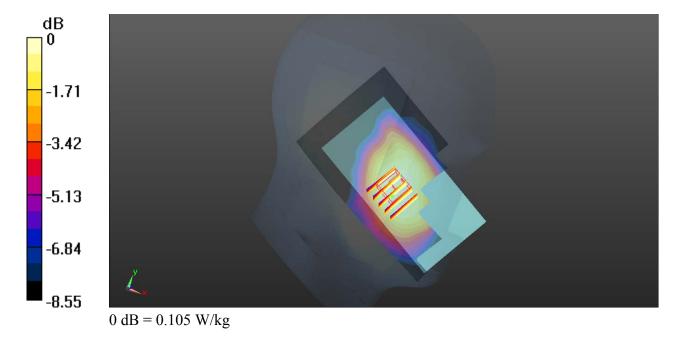
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch23800/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 W/kg

Ch23800/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.3440 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.124 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 W/kg



#### Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1800\_150810 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.374$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.805$ ;

Date: 2015.08.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

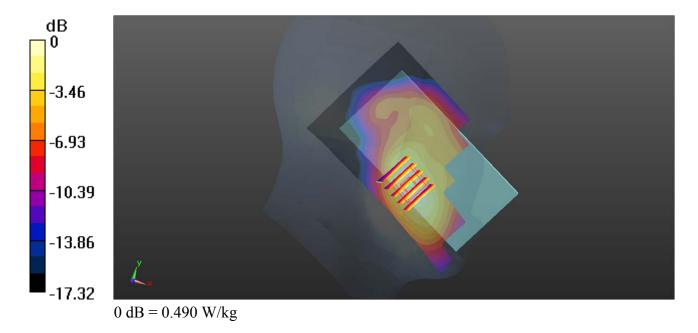
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# **Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.490 W/kg

**Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.124 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.587 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600\_150808 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.948$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.667$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.08

p = 1000 kg/III

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

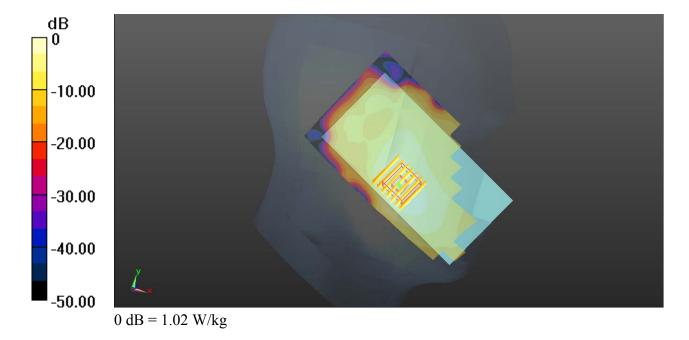
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.763 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.709 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.401 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.946 W/kg



# 09\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Right Cheek\_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024 Medium: HSL\_2450\_150808 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.791$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.777$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.08

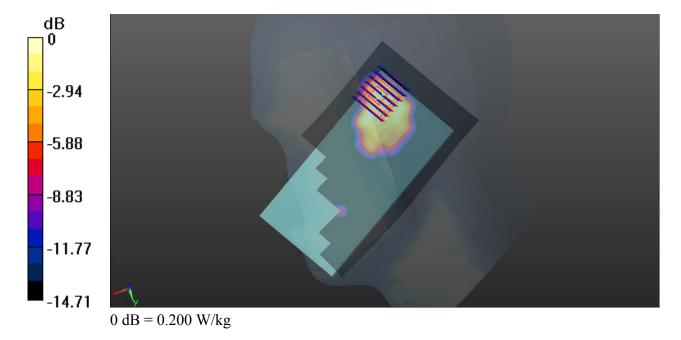
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.354 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.140 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg



# 10\_GSM850\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Back\_10mm\_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_835\_150804 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.987$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.847$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.04

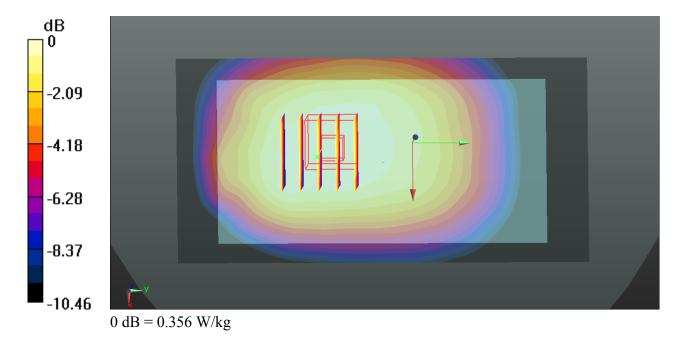
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch251/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.114 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.304 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



# 11\_GSM1900\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Back\_10mm\_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Date: 2015.08.05

Medium: MSL\_1900\_150805 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.479$ 

S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.882$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8  $^{\circ}$ C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.532 W/kg

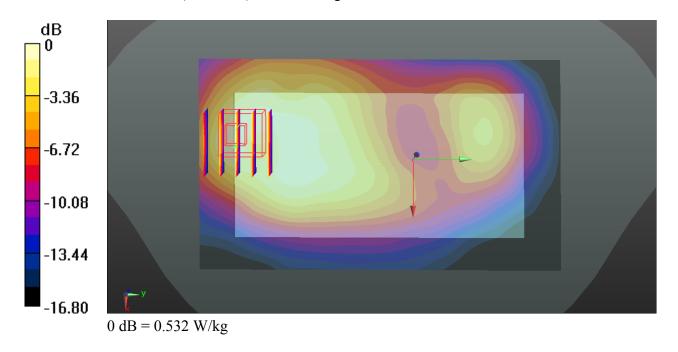
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.753 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.625 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.527 W/kg



# 12\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_835\_150804 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.985$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.865$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2015.08.04

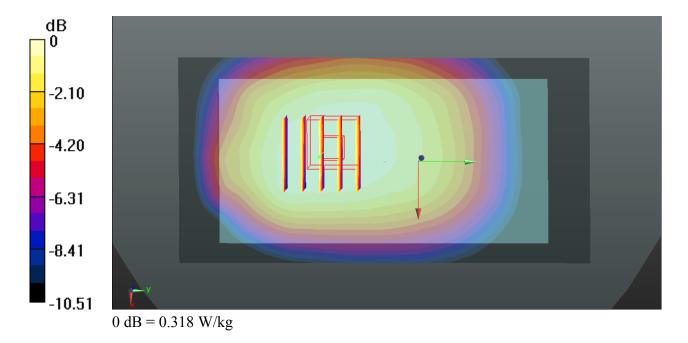
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.318 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.837 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.337 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.273 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.308 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1800\_150805 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.531$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.987$ ;

Date: 2015.08.05

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# **Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.909 W/kg

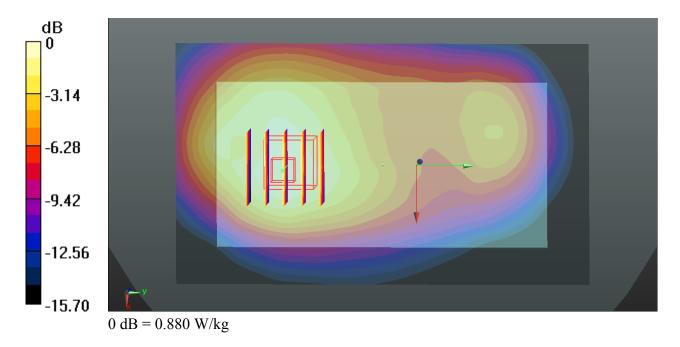
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.455 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.693 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.880 W/kg



# 14\_WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_1900\_150805 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.481$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.876$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.05

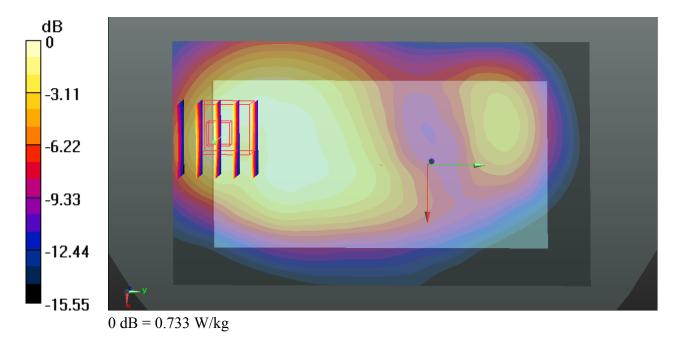
Ambient Temperature: 23.5  $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8  $^{\circ}$ C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.742 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.046 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.866 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.546 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.733 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL\_750\_150804 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.938$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.204$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.04

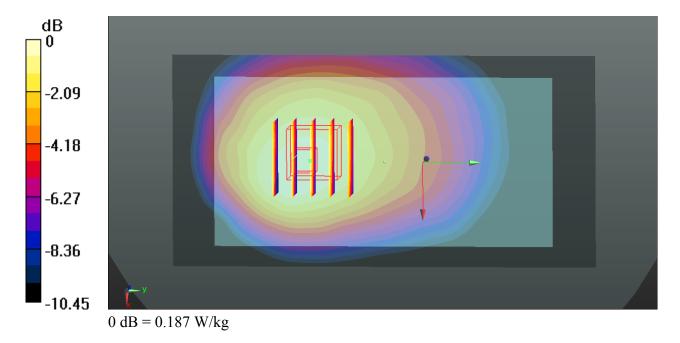
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch23800/Area Scan (61x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

Ch23800/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.476 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.119 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.187 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1800\_150805 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.493$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.122$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.05

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Ch20050/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.677 W/kg

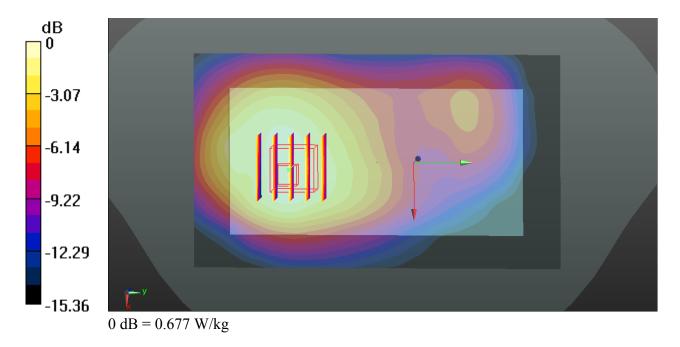
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.827 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.836 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.564 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.701 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2600\_150806 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.086$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.266$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.06

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

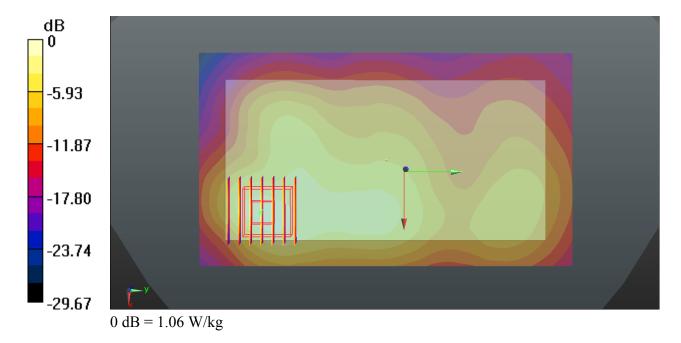
**Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

**Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.831 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.315 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



# 18\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back\_10mm\_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024 Medium: MSL\_2450\_150809 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.947$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.484$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.08.09

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0481 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.8550 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0700 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0505 W/kg

