

Report No.: FA431805

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : CT Asia

EQUIPMENT: Mobile Phone

BRAND NAME: BLU

MODEL NAME : Life Pure XL

FCC ID : YHLBLUPUREXL

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





Issued Date : Apr. 28, 2014

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SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

No. 101, Complex Building C, Guanlong Village, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C.



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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA431805	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 28, 2014

 $\mathsf{FCC}\:\mathsf{ID}:\mathsf{YHLBLUPUREXL}$

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia, Mobile Phone, Life Pure XL**, are as follows.

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				Highest	SAR Summary	
Equipment Frequency Class Band	Operating Mode	Head 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn 1g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 1cm)	Wireless Router 1g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 1cm)	Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM850	Voice/Data	0.29	0.68	0.68	
PCE	GSM1900	Voice/Data	0.30	0.98	1.02	1.50
PCE	WCDMA Band V	Voice/Data	0.33	0.41	0.41	
	WCDMA Band II	Voice/Data	0.43	1.13	1.28	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	Data	0.79	0.55	0.55	1.50
DSS	Bluetooth	Data	0.11	0.02	0.02	1.28
Date of Testing:			04/01/201	4 ~ 04/17/2014		

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Operating Mode	Highest SAR Summary Extremity 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0cm)
			(Separation ocm)
PCE	WCDMA Band II	Voice/Data	2.40

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

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2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory			
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.			
Test Site Location	No. 101, Complex Building C, Guanlong Village, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C. TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595		

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Applicant Applicant		
Company Name CT Asia		
Address	Unit 01, 15/F, Seaview Centre, 139-141 Hoi bun road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hongkong	

Manufacturer			
Company Name Gionee Communication Equipment Co., Ltd.			
Address	21/F, Times Technology Building, No. 7028, Shennan Avenue, Futian District, Shenzhen, China		

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01

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4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification				
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone			
Brand Name	LU			
Model Name	e Pure XL			
FCC ID	HLBLUPUREXL			
IMEI Code	354147040170079			
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC:13.56MHz			
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR • Bluetooth v4.0 LE • NFC:ASK			
HW Version	E7_0101_V5006			
SW Version	E7_Mainboard_P1.1			
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.			
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype			

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Remark:

- 1. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.
- 2. This device supported VoIP in GPRS/EDGE, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 3. This device supports GPRS/EDGE mode up to class12 and does not support DTM operation.

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4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)		
wode	GSM 850	GSM 1900	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33	29.5	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33	29.5	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31	28.5	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	30	27.5	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	29	26.5	
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27	26	
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	27	26	
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	27	26	
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	27	26	

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Mode	Average power(dBm)		
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.5	24	
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.5	24	
HSDPA Subtest-1	22	22	
HSDPA Subtest-2	22	22.5	
HSDPA Subtest-3	22	22.5	
HSDPA Subtest-4	22	22.5	
HSUPA Subtest-1	22	22	
HSUPA Subtest-2	21	21	
HSUPA Subtest-3	21	21	
HSUPA Subtest-4	22	22	
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.5	22	

Mode		Maximum Average Power (dBm)
	802.11b	16
802.11g		13
2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20	13
802.11n-HT40		11
Bluetooth v3.0+EDR		10
Bluetooth v4.0+LE		2.5

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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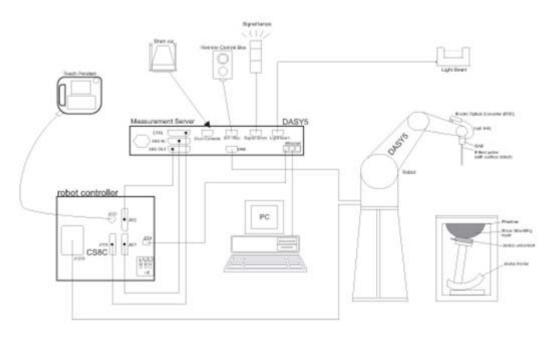
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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Z _{Oom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
1				

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9. Test Equipment List

Name of Street	Name of Frankrick	To 100 of 100 of 100	Osmisl Namelson	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 18, 2011	Nov. 14, 2014
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2011	Nov. 14, 2014
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	Mar. 26, 2013	Mar. 24, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	910	Dec. 17, 2013	Dec. 16, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 27, 2013	Nov. 26, 2014
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Oct. 10, 2013	Oct. 09, 2014
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Nov. 07, 2013	Nov. 06, 2014
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Mar. 03. 2014	Mar. 02. 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Mar. 03. 2014	Mar. 02. 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101230	Jun. 13, 2013	Jun. 12, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	*C	BT
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	*C	BT
PE	Attenuator	PE7005-10	N/A	*C	BT
PE	Attenuator	PE7005- 3	N/A	*C	BT
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	*C	BT
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	*C	ВТ
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	*C	ВТ

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General Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r03, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole D835V2, SN: 4d091, D1900V2, SN: 5d118, D2450V2, SN: 908 can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.
- 4. *CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing an amplifier, coupler and attenuator were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurement.

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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.900	42.153	0.90	41.50	0.00	1.57	±5	2014/4/3
835	Head	22.7	0.910	42.910	0.90	41.50	1.11	3.40	±5	2014/4/13
1900	Head	22.7	1.422	40.315	1.40	40.00	1.57	0.79	±5	2014/4/1
1900	Head	22.6	1.448	39.150	1.40	40.00	3.43	-2.13	±5	2014/4/13
2450	Head	22.8	1.878	40.464	1.80	39.20	4.33	3.22	±5	2014/4/17
835	Body	22.8	0.977	54.442	0.97	55.20	0.72	-1.37	±5	2014/4/2
835	Body	22.8	1.000	54.086	0.97	55.20	3.09	-2.02	±5	2014/4/13
1900	Body	22.8	1.545	53.535	1.52	53.30	1.64	0.44	±5	2014/4/13
2450	Body	22.7	2.001	52.089	1.95	52.70	2.62	-1.16	±5	2014/4/17

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10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/4/3	835	Head	250	4d091	3819	910	2.43	9.40	9.72	3.40
2014/4/13	835	Head	250	4d091	3819	910	2.30	9.40	9.2	-2.13
2014/4/1	1900	Head	250	5d118	3819	910	9.44	40.30	37.76	-6.30
2014/4/13	1900	Head	250	5d118	3819	910	9.62	40.30	38.48	-4.52
2014/4/17	2450	Head	250	908	3819	910	13.90	54.00	55.6	2.96
2014/4/2	835	Body	250	4d091	3819	910	2.22	9.42	8.88	-5.73
2014/4/13	835	Body	250	4d091	3819	910	2.36	9.42	9.44	0.21
2014/4/13	1900	Body	250	5d118	3819	910	10.40	41.80	41.6	-0.48
2014/4/17	2450	Body	250	908	3819	910	13.50	50.40	54	7.14

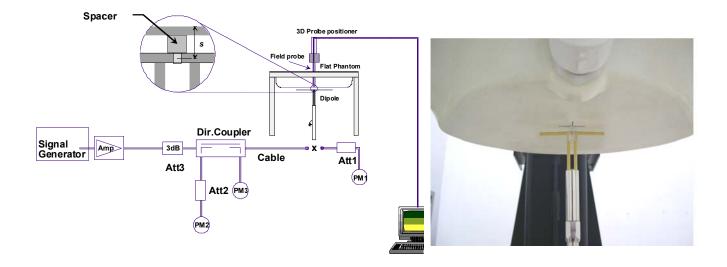


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

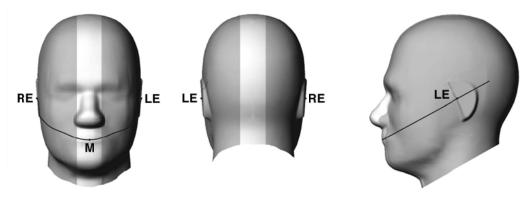
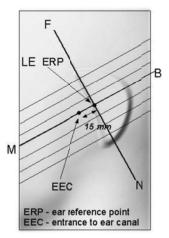
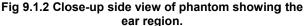
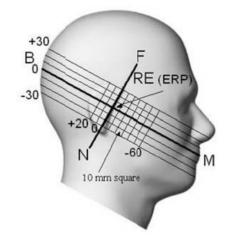


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom







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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

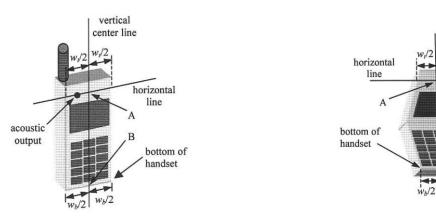


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

vertical

center line

acoustic output

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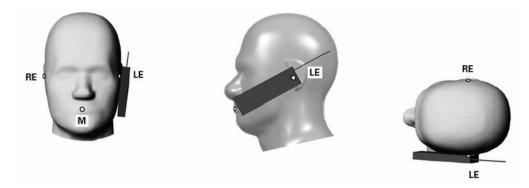


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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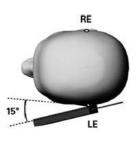


11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







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Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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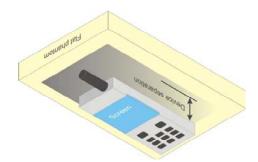
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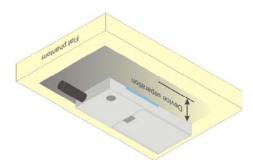
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11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





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Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Extremity Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474D04v01r02, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test 1. reduction.

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- According to October 2013TCB Workshop, For GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR 2. should correspond to the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output power configuration, Considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.
- 3. For head/body-worn/hotspot SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 and GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Band GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	/erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.63	32.46	32.64	33	23.63	23.46	23.64	24
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.62	32.42	32.61	33	23.62	23.42	23.61	24
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	30.84	30.71	30.86	31	24.84	24.71	24.86	25
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	29.76	29.76	29.79	30	25.50	25.50	25.53	25.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	28.71	28.69	28.81	29	25.71	25.69	<mark>25.81</mark>	26
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.74	26.69	26.74	27	17.74	17.69	17.74	18
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.68	26.69	26.68	27	20.68	20.69	20.68	21
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.63	26.53	26.64	27	22.37	22.27	22.38	22.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.52	26.49	26.54	27	23.52	23.49	23.54	24
	Burst Average Power (dBm)							
Band GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
Band GSM1900 TX Channel	Burst Av 512	erage Pow 661	er (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit	Frame-Av 512	verage Pov 661	ver (dBm) 810	Limit
			· · · · ·					
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
TX Channel Frequency (MHz)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 29.43	661 1880 29.34	810 1909.8 29.31	Limit (dBm) 29.5	512 1850.2 20.43	661 1880 20.34	810 1909.8 20.31	Limit (dBm) 20.5
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	512 1850.2 29.43 29.42	661 1880 29.34 29.32	810 1909.8 29.31 29.24	Limit (dBm) 29.5 29.5	512 1850.2 20.43 20.42	661 1880 20.34 20.32	810 1909.8 20.31 20.24	Limit (dBm) 20.5 20.5
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 29.43 29.42 28.00	661 1880 29.34 29.32 28.01	810 1909.8 29.31 29.24 27.97	Limit (dBm) 29.5 29.5 28.5	512 1850.2 20.43 20.42 22.00	661 1880 20.34 20.32 22.01	810 1909.8 20.31 20.24 21.97	Limit (dBm) 20.5 20.5 22.5
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 29.43 29.42 28.00 26.80	661 1880 29.34 29.32 28.01 26.91	810 1909.8 29.31 29.24 27.97 26.95	Limit (dBm) 29.5 29.5 28.5 27.5	512 1850.2 20.43 20.42 22.00 22.54	661 1880 20.34 20.32 22.01 22.65	810 1909.8 20.31 20.24 21.97 22.69	Limit (dBm) 20.5 20.5 22.5 23.24
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 29.43 29.42 28.00 26.80 26.29	661 1880 29.34 29.32 28.01 26.91 26.27	810 1909.8 29.31 29.24 27.97 26.95 26.19	Limit (dBm) 29.5 29.5 28.5 27.5 26.5	512 1850.2 20.43 20.42 22.00 22.54 23.29	661 1880 20.34 20.32 22.01 22.65 23.27	810 1909.8 20.31 20.24 21.97 22.69 23.19	Limit (dBm) 20.5 20.5 22.5 23.24 23.5
TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1 EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	512 1850.2 29.43 29.42 28.00 26.80 26.29 25.80	661 1880 29.34 29.32 28.01 26.91 26.27 25.78	810 1909.8 29.31 29.24 27.97 26.95 26.19 25.70	Limit (dBm) 29.5 29.5 28.5 27.5 26.5 26	512 1850.2 20.43 20.42 22.00 22.54 23.29 16.80	661 1880 20.34 20.32 22.01 22.65 23.27 16.78	810 1909.8 20.31 20.24 21.97 22.69 23.19 16.70	Limit (dBm) 20.5 20.5 22.5 23.24 23.5 17

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βа	β _d (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β _{Iss} = 30/15 * β _c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15

with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_{\text{e}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$ =12/15, $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{e}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β _d (SF)	βς/βα	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI	
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75	
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67	
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92	
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71	
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81	

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

- Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 V9.1.0 to Rel. 6 HSPA.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB 2. higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.

 By design, HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in

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- 3. Tune-up Procure exhibit.
- It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.
- Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

	Ва	ind		WCDMA	A Band V			WCDMA	A Band II	
	TX Cr	nannel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up
	Frequen	826.4	836.4	846.6	Limit (dBm)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	Limit (dBm)	
3GPP MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.11	23.22	23.06	23.5	23.27	23.41	23.35	24
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.12	23.25	23.08	23.5	23.29	23.45	23.38	24
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.66	21.84	21.58	22	21.76	21.93	21.90	22
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.69	21.97	21.78	22	21.84	22.09	21.96	22.5
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.65	21.93	21.75	22	21.78	22.06	21.91	22.5
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.74	21.92	21.74	22	21.86	22.03	21.98	22.5
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.14	21.89	21.65	22	21.83	21.66	21.94	22
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.66	20.71	20.73	21	20.76	20.48	20.46	21
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.44	20.51	20.33	21	20.54	20.70	20.65	21
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.60	21.89	21.67	22	21.77	21.90	21.88	22
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.12	21.60	21.76	22.5	21.58	21.73	21.69	22

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<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

- Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

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3. Following KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 and 802.11n-HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

	802.11b Average Power (dBm)											
Channel	Frequency	cy Data Rate (bps)										
Chainei	(MHz)	1M bps	1M bps 2M bps 5.5M bps 11M bps									
CH 01	2412	<mark>15.52</mark>	15.36	15.47	15.50							
CH 06	2437	15.41	15.37	15.39	15.39							
CH 11	2462	15.45 15.39 15.41 15.42										

802.11g Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Frequency		Data Rate (bps)						
Channel	(MHz)	6M bps	9M bps	12M bps	18M bps	24M bps	36M bps	48M bps	54M bps
CH 01	2412	<mark>12.24</mark>	12.19	12.18	12.21	12.22	12.22	12.21	12.22
CH 06	2437	12.08	12.03	12.02	12.05	12.06	12.06	12.05	12.06
CH 11	2462	12.13	12.08	12.07	12.10	12.11	12.11	12.10	12.11

		WLAN 2.4	GHz Band 80	02.11n-HT20) Average Po	ower (dBm)			
Channel	Frequency				MCS	Index			
(MHz) MCS0 MCS1 MCS2 MCS3 MCS4								MCS6	MCS7
CH 01	2412	10.96	10.90	10.93	10.94	10.91	10.95	10.95	10.94
CH 06	2437	12.16	12.10	12.13	12.14	12.11	12.15	12.15	12.14
CH 11	2462	12.09	12.03	12.06	12.07	12.04	12.08	12.08	12.07

		WLAN 2.4	WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)								
Channel	Frequency				MCS	Index					
Channel	(MHz)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7		
CH 03	2422	10.38	10.36	10.35	10.21	10.27	10.34	10.24	10.32		
CH 06	2437	10.35	10.31	10.33	10.13	10.22	10.32	10.18	10.28		
CH 09	2452	10.33	10.31	10.32	10.15	10.21	10.30	10.21	10.23		

<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

	Bluetooth Burst Average Power (dBm)_DH5								
Channal	Fraguadov (MHz)	Data Rate							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps					
CH 00	2402	8.96	7.88	7.85					
CH 39	2441	9.18	8.10	8.09					
CH 78	2480	<mark>9.68</mark>	8.61	8.60					

Channel	Frequency	Burst Average power (dBm)
Channel (MHz)		BT v4.0, GFSK
CH 00	2402	1.57
CH 19	2440	2.05
CH 39	2480	<mark>2.27</mark>

Note:

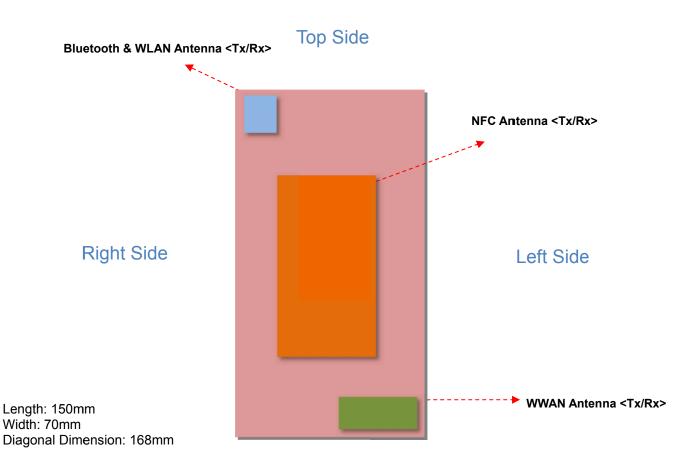
- 1. The burst average power is the average power level during the "ON" burst of Bluetooth transmitter
- Bluetooth SAR testing was performed at the data rate of 1Mbps and at DH5 due to highest duty factor which is maximum 77.29%

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13. Antenna Location



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Bottom Side

Back View

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side									
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	140mm	≤ 25mm	39mm	≤ 25mm			
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	134mm	≤ 25mm	59mm			

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode									
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side			
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes			
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No			

General Note:

- 1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- 2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN/BT: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor, For WLAN 802.11b with maximum duty cycle 97.68% for SAR test.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 4. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.
- 5. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output power configuration; When time slots with equivalent maximum average output power specifications, including tolerance, if the measured maximum output power levels are within 0.25 dB of each other, test the configuration with the most number of time slots.
- 6. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

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14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	0.05	0.277	<mark>0.289</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	-0.02	0.159	0.166
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	-0.05	0.272	0.284
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	0.07	0.167	0.174
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.04	0.208	0.218
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.04	0.176	0.185
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	-0.06	0.285	<mark>0.299</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.05	0.229	0.240

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	0.01	0.308	0.326
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	0.09	0.198	0.210
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	0.04	0.311	<mark>0.329</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	-0.01	0.209	0.221
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	-0.08	0.258	0.293
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	-0.02	0.161	0.183
04	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	0.04	0.377	<mark>0.428</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	-0.07	0.208	0.236

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
05	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.01	0.690	0.789
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.09	0.183	0.209
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	-0.09	0.464	0.530
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.04	0.391	0.447

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Right Cheek	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.09	0.037	0.040
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Right Tilted	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.09	0.031	0.033
06	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Left Cheek	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.04	0.098	0.10 <mark>5</mark>
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Left Tilted	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.08	0.079	0.085

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14.2 Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
	Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side		
	WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	140mm	≤ 25mm	39mm	≤ 25mm		
BT&WLAN		≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	134mm	≤ 25mm	59mm		

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	Po	ositions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot mod	de		
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	-0.12	0.577	0.603
07	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	0.09	0.654	<mark>0.683</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	0.03	0.467	0.488
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	0.09	0.542	0.566
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.09	0.828	0.869
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.11	0.53	0.556
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	-0.05	0.298	0.313
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.04	0.816	0.856
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	26.27	26.5	1.054	0.02	0.888	0.936
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	26.19	26.5	1.074	0.12	0.912	0.979
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	661	1880	26.27	26.5	1.054	0.04	0.883	0.931
80	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	810	1909.8	26.19	26.5	1.074	0.04	0.950	1.020

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	0.01	0.362	0.383
09	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	-0.06	0.390	0.413
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	-0.04	0.371	0.393
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	0.05	0.263	0.279
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	-0.15	0.997	1.132
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	0.05	0.714	0.810
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	1	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	-0.04	0.362	0.411
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	0.04	1.1	1.249
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	1852.4	23.29	24	1.178	-0.12	0.916	1.079
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	-0.04	0.936	1.080
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	1852.4	23.29	24	1.178	0.04	0.639	0.752
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	0.08	0.706	0.814
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	23.29	24	1.178	0.04	0.981	1.155
10	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	0.05	1.110	1.280

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< WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.03	0.325	0.372
11	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	-0.05	0.483	0.552
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Side	1	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.07	0.322	0.368
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Top Side	1	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.05	0.369	0.422

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<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Front	1	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.03	0.016	0.017
12	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Back	1	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.08	0.021	0.023
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Right Side	1	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.07	0.015	0.016
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Top Side	1	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.09	0.00839	0.009

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14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	-0.12	0.577	0.603
07	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	28.81	29	1.045	0.09	0.654	<mark>0.683</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.09	0.828	0.869
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	26.29	26.5	1.050	0.11	0.53	0.556
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	26.27	26.5	1.054	0.02	0.888	0.936
14	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	26.19	26.5	1.074	0.12	0.912	0.979

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	0.01	0.362	0.383
09	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	23.25	23.5	1.059	-0.06	0.390	0.413
15	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	-0.15	0.997	1.132
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	0.05	0.714	0.810
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	1852.4	23.29	24	1.178	-0.12	0.916	1.079
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	-0.04	0.936	1.080
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	1852.4	23.29	24	1.178	0.04	0.639	0.752
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	0.08	0.706	0.814

< WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	0.03	0.325	0.372
11	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	1	2412	15.52	16	1.116	1.024	-0.05	0.483	0.552

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Front	1	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.03	0.016	0.017
12	Bluetooth	1Mbps DH5	Back	1	78	2480	9.68	10	1.076	-0.08	0.021	0.023

14.4 Test Records for Extremity SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	0	9400	1880	23.45	24	1.135	0.10	2.100	2.384
13	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	0	9262	1852.4	23.29	24	1.178	0.02	2.040	2.402
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	0	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	0.05	1.960	2.261

Note: When hotspot mode applies, 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg, and the limit for hand SAR is 4.0W/kg as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue.

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14.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

- 1	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Limit	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
ĺ	1st	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	0.05	1.110	1	1.280
ĺ	2nd	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.38	24	1.153	0.08	1.080	1.027	1.246

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General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO	Cimultana and Tanana in Confirmation	Po	ortable Hands	set	Ness
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
8.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

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General Note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not transmit simultaneously.
- 3. The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

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15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.289	0.789	1.08		
		Right Tilted	0.166	0.209	0.38		
GSM		Left Cheek	0.284	0.530	0.81		
		Left Tilted	0.174	0.447	0.62		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.218	0.789	1.01		
		Right Tilted	0.185	0.209	0.39		
		Left Cheek	0.299	0.530	0.83		
		Left Tilted	0.240	0.447	0.69		
WCMDA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.326	0.789	1.12		
		Right Tilted	0.210	0.209	0.42		
	Band v	Left Cheek	0.329	0.530	0.86		
		Left Tilted	0.221	0.447	0.67		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.293	0.789	1.08		
		Right Tilted	0.183	0.209	0.39		
		Left Cheek	0.428	0.530	0.96		
		Left Tilted	0.236	0.447	0.68		

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<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)			
	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.289	0.040	0.33		
		Right Tilted	0.166	0.033	0.20		
		Left Cheek	0.284	0.105	0.39		
GSM		Left Tilted	0.174	0.085	0.26		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.218	0.040	0.26		
		Right Tilted	0.185	0.033	0.22		
		Left Cheek	0.299	0.105	0.40		
		Left Tilted	0.240	0.085	0.33		
WCMDA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.326	0.040	0.37		
		Right Tilted	0.210	0.033	0.24		
		Left Cheek	0.329	0.105	0.43		
		Left Tilted	0.221	0.085	0.31		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.293	0.040	0.33		
		Right Tilted	0.183	0.033	0.22		
		Left Cheek	0.428	0.105	0.53		
		Left Tilted	0.236	0.085	0.32		

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15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure	WWAN	WLAN	Summed		Case No
		Position	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	
	GSM850	Front	0.603	0.372	0.98		
		Back	0.683	0.552	1.24		
		Left side	0.488		0.49		
		Right side		0.368	0.37		
		Top side		0.422	0.42		
GSM		Bottom side	0.566		0.57		
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.979	0.372	1.35		
		Back	0.556	0.552	1.11		
		Left side	0.313		0.31		
		Right side		0.368	0.37		
		Top side		0.422	0.42		
		Bottom side	1.020		1.02		
	Band V	Front	0.383	0.372	0.76		
		Back	0.413	0.552	0.97		
		Left side	0.393		0.39		
		Right side		0.368	0.37		
WCMDA		Top side		0.422	0.42		
		Bottom side	0.279		0.28		
	Band II	Front	1.132	0.372	1.50		
		Back	0.814	0.552	1.37		
		Left side	0.411		0.41		
		Right side		0.368	0.37		
		Top side		0.422	0.42		
		Bottom side	1.280		1.28		

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<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)			
	GSM850	Front	0.603	0.017	0.62		
		Back	0.683	0.023	0.71		
		Left side	0.488		0.49		
		Right side		0.016	0.02		
		Top side		0.009	0.01		
GSM		Bottom side	0.566		0.57		
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.979	0.017	1.00		
		Back	0.556	0.023	0.58		
		Left side	0.313		0.31		
		Right side		0.016	0.02		
		Top side		0.009	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.020		1.02		
	Band V	Front	0.383	0.017	0.40		
		Back	0.413	0.023	0.44		
		Left side	0.393		0.39		
		Right side		0.016	0.02		
WCMDA		Top side		0.009	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.279		0.28		
	Band II	Front	1.132	0.017	1.15		
		Back	0.814	0.023	0.84		
		Left side	0.411		0.41		
		Right side		0.016	0.02		
		Top side		0.009	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.280		1.28		

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15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN	Summed	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.603	0.372	0.98		
		Back	0.683	0.552	1.24		
	GSM1900	Front	0.979	0.372	1.35		
		Back	0.556	0.552	1.11		
WCMDA	Band V	Front	0.383	0.372	0.76		
		Back	0.413	0.552	0.97		
	Band II	Front	1.132	0.372	1.50		
		Back	0.814	0.552	1.37		

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<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure	WWAN	Bluetooth	Summed	SPLSR	Case No
		Position	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.603	0.017	0.62		
		Back	0.683	0.023	0.71		
	GSM1900	Front	0.979	0.017	1.00		
		Back	0.556	0.023	0.58		
WCMDA	Band V	Front	0.383	0.017	0.40		
		Back	0.413	0.023	0.44		
	Band II	Front	1.132	0.017	1.15		
		Back	0.814	0.023	0.84		

Test Engineer: Luke Lu

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16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 14.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K=2		
Expanded Uncertainty					± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %	

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Table 14.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA", October 2007
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced", May 2013.
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

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System Check Head 835MHz 140403

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_140403 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.153$; $\rho = 0.9$ Medium: $\rho = 0.9$ S/m; $\rho = 0.9$ S/m;

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

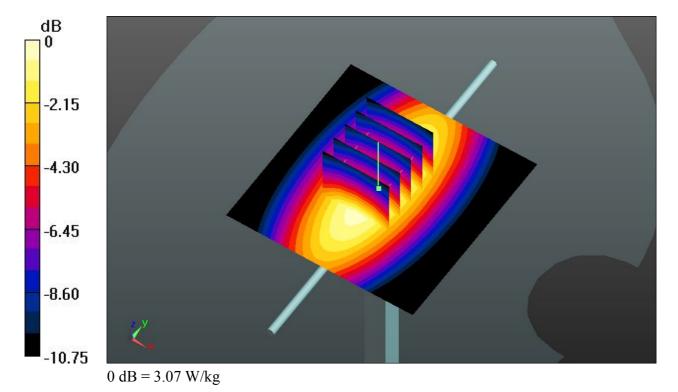
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.06 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 59.876 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.07 W/kg



System Check Head 835MHz 140413

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.91$; $\rho = 0.91$ Medium: $\rho = 0.91$ Med

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

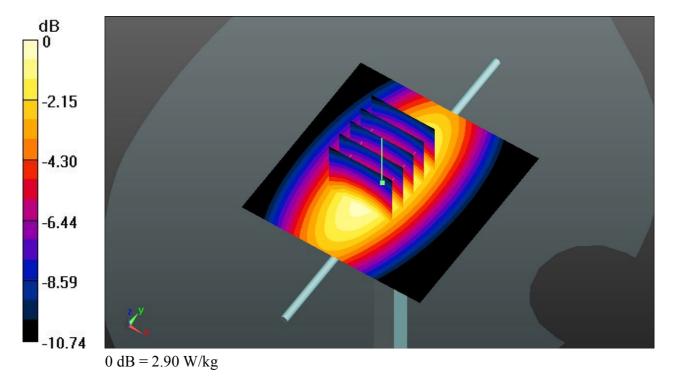
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.89 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.316 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 W/kg



System Check Head 1900MHz 140401

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 140401 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.422$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.315$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

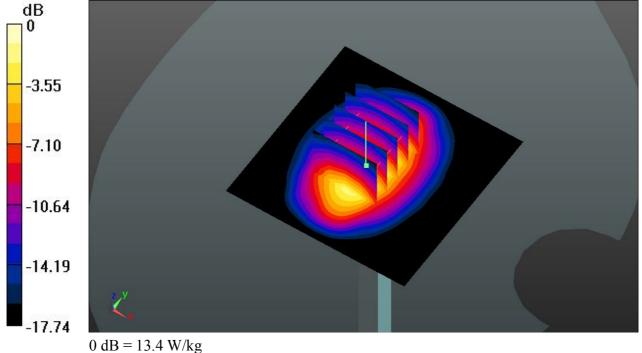
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.780 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 9.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



System Check Head 1900MHz 140413

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.448$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.15$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

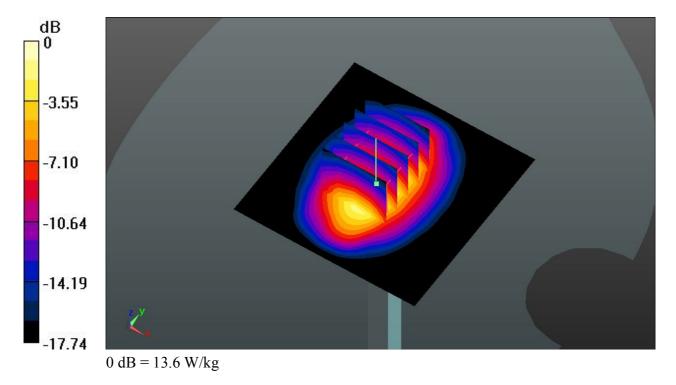
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.780 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



System Check Head 2450MHz 140417

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_140417 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.878$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.464$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

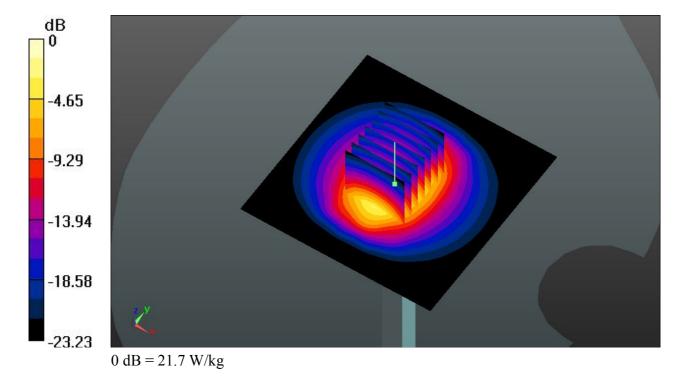
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 91.574 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.31 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



System Check Body 835MHz 140402

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_140402 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.977 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.442; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

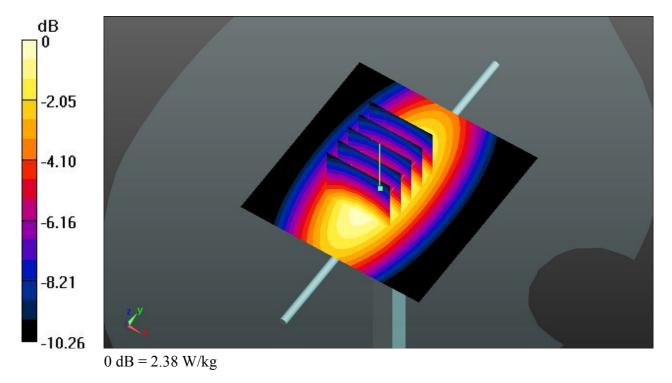
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.39 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 49.652 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 W/kg



System Check Body 835MHz 140413

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.086$; $\rho = 1$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

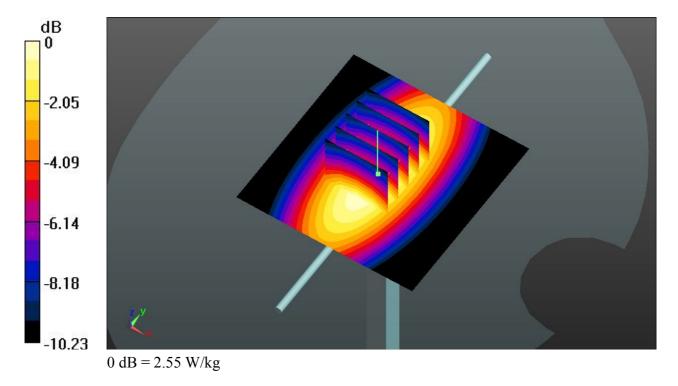
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.909 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 W/kg



System Check Body 1900MHz 140413

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.545$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.535$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

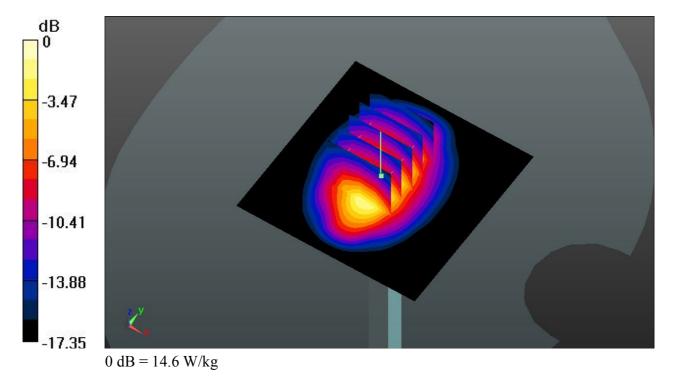
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 85.580 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.48 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



System Check Body 2450MHz 140417

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_140417 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.001$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.089$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

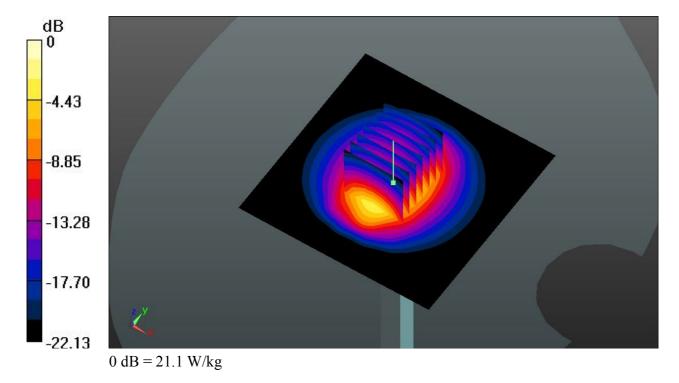
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.624 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.34 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg





Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA431805

The plots are shown as follows.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.
 Issued Date : Apr. 28, 2014

 TEL: 86-755-8637-9589 / FAX: 86-755-8637-9595
 Form version. : 140305

FCC ID: YHLBLUPUREXL Page B1 of B1

01 GSM850 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Right Cheek Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_835_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.729$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

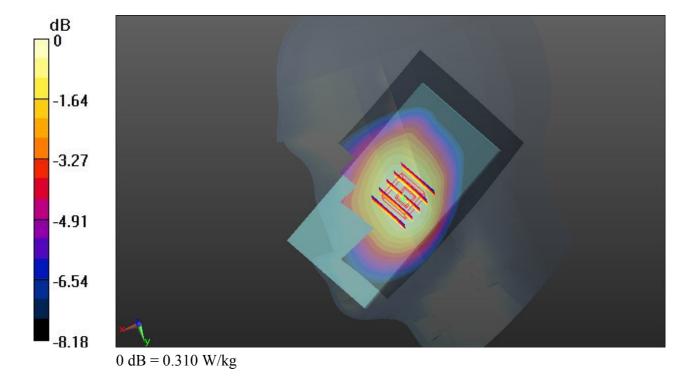
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.311 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.311 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.328 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.277 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 W/kg



02 GSM1900 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Left Cheek Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.398$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.327$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

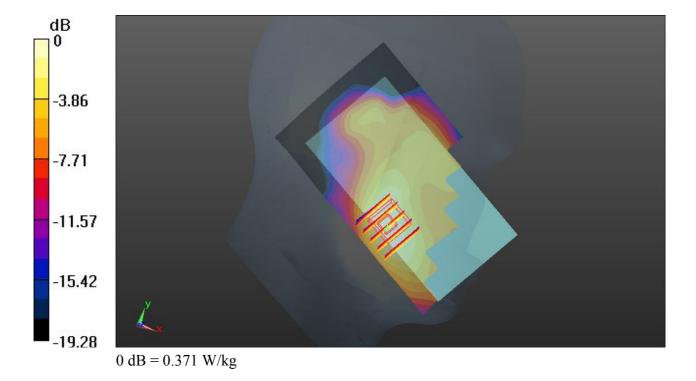
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.155 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.285 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.371 W/kg



03 WCDMA Band V RMC 12.2K Left Cheek Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_140403 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.137$;

Date: 2014.04.03

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.340 W/kg

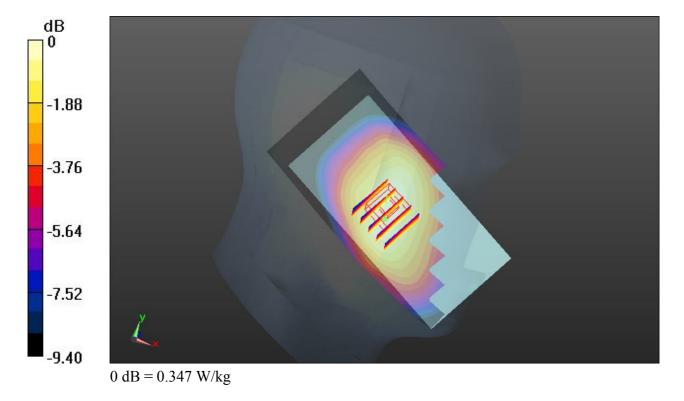
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.371 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.311 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg



04 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2K Left Cheek Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: HSL_1900_140401 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: \ f=1880 \ MHz; \ \sigma=1.402 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r=40.407;$

Date: 2014.04.01

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch9400/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.484 W/kg

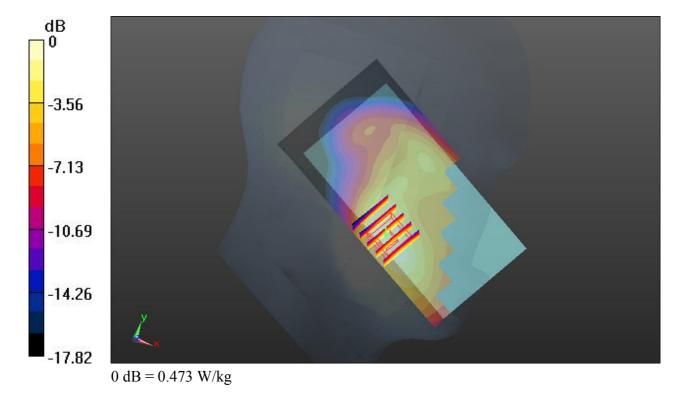
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.723 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.580 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.377 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 W/kg



05 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Right Cheek Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: HSL_22450_140417 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.834$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.615$;

Date: 2014.04.17

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

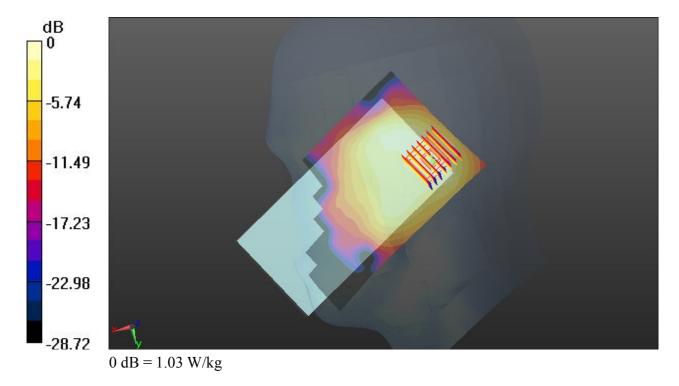
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.210 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.690 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



06 BT_Bluetooth DH5_Left Cheek_Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.29 Medium: HSL_2450_140417 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.913$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.327$;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

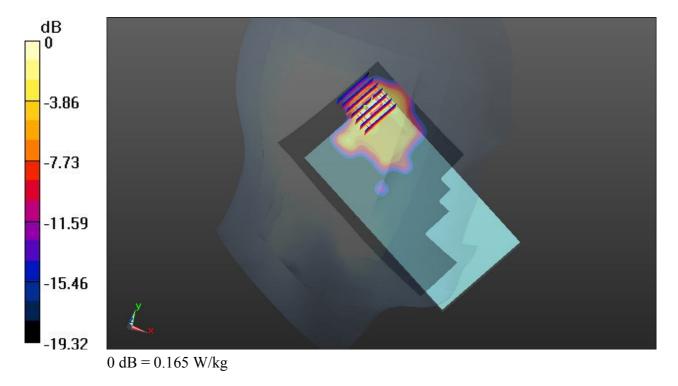
Ch78/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.196 W/kg

Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.403 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.098 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 W/kg



07 GSM850 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Back 1cm Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.018$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.954$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

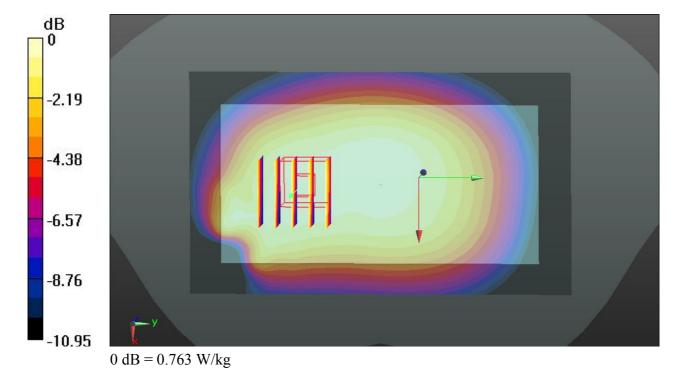
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.750 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.344 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.856 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.654 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.492 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 W/kg



08 GSM1900 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Bottom Side 1cm Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.557$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.511$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.04.13

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8°C

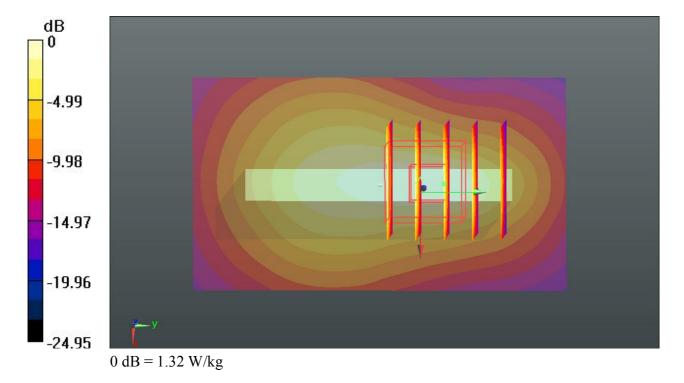
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.271 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.950 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.497 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



09 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 835 140402 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.979$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.429$;

Date: 2014.04.02

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.450 W/kg

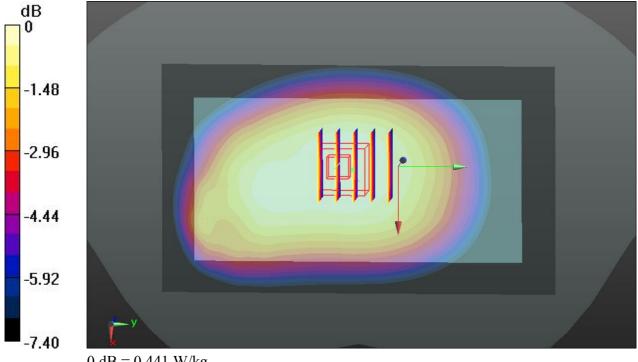
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.708 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.481 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.441 W/kg



0 dB = 0.441 W/kg

10 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2K Bottom Side 1cm Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: MSL_1900_140413 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: f = 1907.6 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 1.554 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 53.517;$

Date: 2014.04.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.48 W/kg

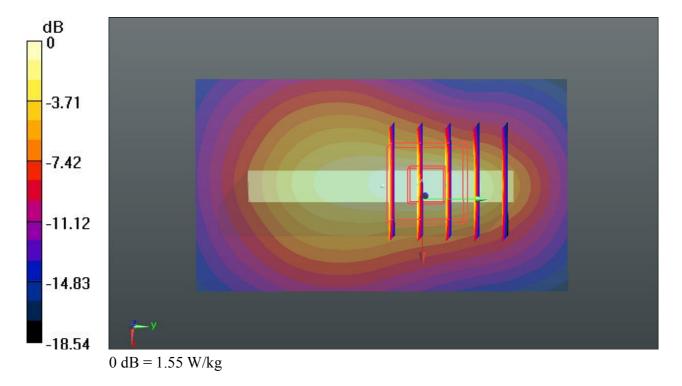
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.719 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.110 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.577 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.55 W/kg



11 WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b Back 1cm Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: MSL_2450_140417 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.954 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.252;

Date: 2014.04.17

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.701 W/kg

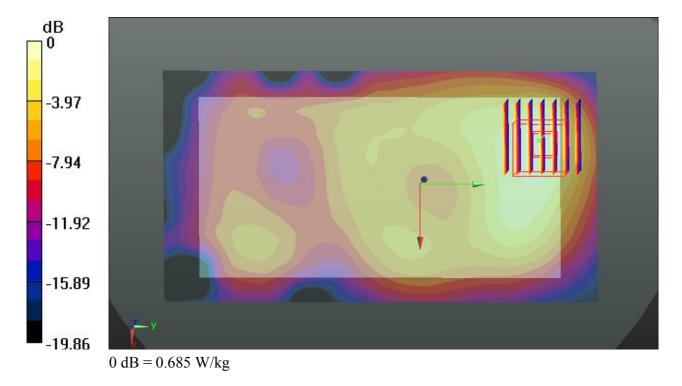
Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.372 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.914 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.685 W/kg



12 BT Bluetooth DH5 Back 1cm Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.29

 $Medium: MSL_2450_140417 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: f = 2480 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 2.045 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 51.996;$

Date: 2014.04.17

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch78/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0509 W/kg

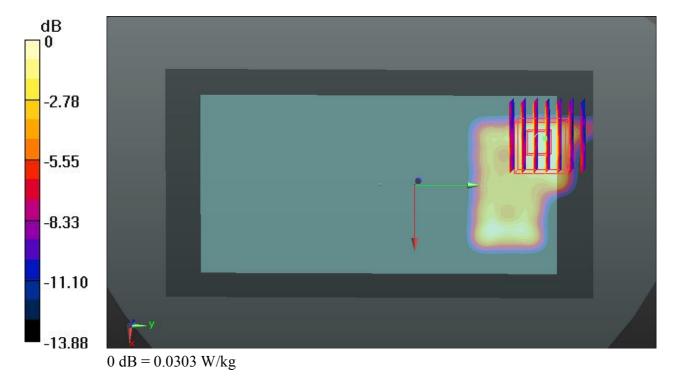
Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.012 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00879 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0303 W/kg



13 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2K Bottom Side 0cm Ch9262 Hand SAR

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.49 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.632;

Date: 2014.04.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

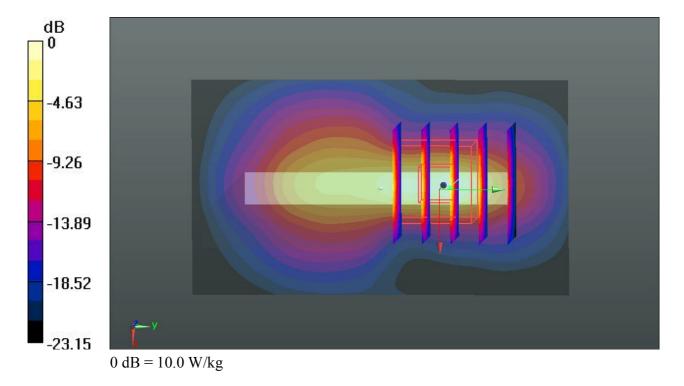
Ch9262/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.51 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.737 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.040 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.0 W/kg



14 GSM1900 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Front 1cm Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_140413 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.557$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.511$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2014.04.13

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

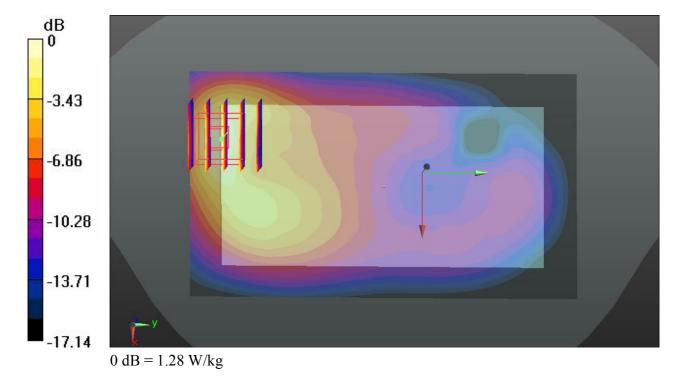
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.124 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.912 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.477 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



15 WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2K Front 1cm Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: MSL_1900_140413 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: f = 1880 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 1.521 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 53.575;$

Date: 2014.04.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2013.11.27;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn910; Calibrated: 2013.12.17
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch9400/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.47 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.063 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.997 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg

