FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : CT Asia (HK) Ltd.

EQUIPMENT : Tablet PC

: BLU **BRAND NAME**

MODEL NAME : **STUDIO 7.0 II**

FCC ID : YHLBLUSTUDIO7II

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



Report No.: FA570301

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA570301	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 10, 2015

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia (HK) Ltd., Tablet PC, STUDIO 7.0 II** are as follows.

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			Highest SAR Summa	ary
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.21	1.16	
	GSM1900	0.13	0.87	
PCB	WCDMA Band V	0.11	0.68	1.58
	WCDMA Band IV	0.11	0.97	
	WCDMA Band II	0.11	0.85	
DTS WLAN 2.4GHz Band		0.44	1.18	1.58
Date of Testing:		Aug	g. 15, 2015 ~ Aug. 18	, 2015

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory				
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.			
	1F & 2F,Building A, Morning Business Center, No. 4003 ShiGu Rd., Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China			
Test Site Location	TEL: +86-755-8637-9589			
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Applicant Applicant		
Company Name CT Asia (HK) Ltd.		
Address	Unit1309-11, 13th Floor 9 Wing Hong Street Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon, Hong Kong	

Manufacturer Manufacturer		
Company Name CT Asia (HK) Ltd.		
Address	Unit1309-11, 13th Floor 9 Wing Hong Street Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon, Hong Kong	

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification				
Equipment Name Tablet PC				
Brand Name BLU				
Model Name STUDIO 7.0 II				
FCC ID	YHLBLUSTUDIO7II			
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz			
Mode	 GSM/GPRS/EDGE RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA HSPA+(Downlink Only) 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE 			
HW Version	AW1998_PCB_MB_V2.0			
SW Version	BLU_S480U_V06_GENERIC			
GSM / GPRS(EDGE) Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.			
EUT Stage	Production Unit			
Remark:				

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Remark:

- 1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device supports voice function.
- 3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12.

4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

	Burst average power (dBm)				
Mode	GSM	1 850	GSM 1900		
Mode	Full	Reduced	Full	Reduced	
	power mode	power mode	power mode	power mode	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.00	30.00	29.50	26.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.00	30.00	29.50	26.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32.00	27.00	29.00	23.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	31.00	25.00	28.00	21.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	30.00	24.00	27.00	20.50	
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.00	23.00	26.00	21.50	
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.00	20.00	25.00	18.50	
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.00	18.00	23.00	16.50	
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.00	17.00	22.00	15.00	

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	Average power(dBm)					
Mode	WCDMA Band V		WCDMA Band II		WCDMA Band IV	
	Full	Reduced	Full	Reduced	Full	Reduced
	power mode	power mode	power mode	power mode	power mode	power mode
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.50	19.50	22.00	18.00	22.00	18.00
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.50	19.50	22.00	18.00	22.00	18.00
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	19.00	21.00	18.00	21.00	17.50
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	19.00	21.00	18.00	21.00	17.50
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.00	18.50	20.00	17.50	20.00	17.00
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.00	18.50	20.00	17.50	20.00	17.00
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.00	17.00	19.00	16.00	19.00	16.00
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.00	17.50	19.00	16.00	19.00	16.00
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	18.50	20.00	16.50	20.00	16.50
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.00	17.00	18.00	15.00	18.00	15.00
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.00	19.50	21.00	17.50	21.00	17.50

Mode			Average Power (dBm)
		CH 1	10.00
	802.11b	CH 6	9.00
		CH 11	8.50
		CH 1	8.00
	802.11g	CH 6	9.50
2.4GHz		CH 11	6.50
2.4GHZ	000 44 11700	CH 1	8.00
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	9.00
		CH 11	7.00
	802.11n-HT40	CH 3	6.00
		CH 6	8.00
		CH 9	7.00
	Bluetooth v3.0 + EDF	₹	1.00
	Bluetooth v4.0 LE		-7.00

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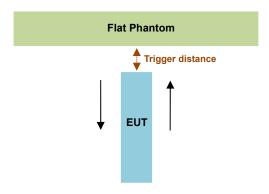
5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2)>:

Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed. The details are illustrated in the exhibit "P-Sensor operational description", and the shortest triggering distances were reported and used for SAR assessment.

In the preliminary triggering distance testing, the tissue-equivalent medium for different frequency bands were used for verification; no other frequency bands tissue-equivalent medium was found to result in shortest triggering distance than that for 1900MHz, and the tissue-equivalent medium for 1900MHz was used for formal proximity sensor triggering testing.

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Proximity Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)			
Position	Edge 3		
Minimum	22	14	

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.3)>:

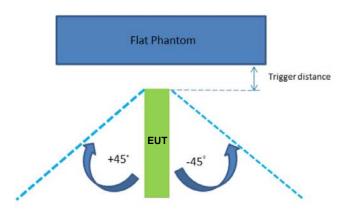
If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

<a href="mailto: Tablet Tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.4)>:

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering was determined by positioning each tablet edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at 14 mm separation. Rotating the tablet around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^{\circ}$ from the vertical

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position at 0°, and the maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.



The Sens	or Trigger Distance (mm)
Position	Edge 3
Minimum	14

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Proximity sensor power reduction

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Exposure Position / wireless mode	Bottom Face ⁽¹⁾	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3 ⁽¹⁾	Edge 4
GSM 850 (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	2.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	2.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 GPRS (GMSK 1 Tx slot) - CS1	2.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	2.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 GPRS (GMSK 2 Tx slot) - CS1	5.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	5.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 GPRS (GMSK 3 Tx slots) - CS1	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots) - CS1	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 EDGE (8PSK 1 Tx slot) - MCS5	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 EDGE (8PSK 2 Tx slot) - MCS5	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 EDGE (8PSK 3 Tx slot) - MCS5	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB
GSM850 EDGE (8PSK 4 Tx slot) - MCS5	6.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.0 dB	0 dB
GSM 1900 (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	3.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	3.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 GPRS (GMSK 1 Tx slot) - CS1	3.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	3.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 GPRS (GMSK 2 Tx slot) - CS1	5.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	5.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 GPRS (GMSK 3 Tx slots) - CS1	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots) - CS1	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 EDGE (8PSK 1 Tx slot) - MCS5	4.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 EDGE (8PSK 2 Tx slot) - MCS5	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 EDGE (8PSK 3 Tx slot) - MCS5	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 EDGE (8PSK 4 Tx slot) - MCS5	7.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	7.0 dB	0 dB
WCDMA Band V RMC 12.2Kbps	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB
WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2Kbps	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB
WCDMA Band IV RMC 12.2Kbps	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB

Remark:

- 1. (1): Reduced maximum limit applied by activation of proximity sensor.
- Power reduction is not applicable for WLAN and Bluetooth.
 Tests were performed in accordance with KDB 616217 D04 section 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 and 6.5 and compliant results are shown and described in exhibit "P-Sensor operational description
- 4. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed:
 - Bottom Face: 9 mm
 - Edge3: 5 mm

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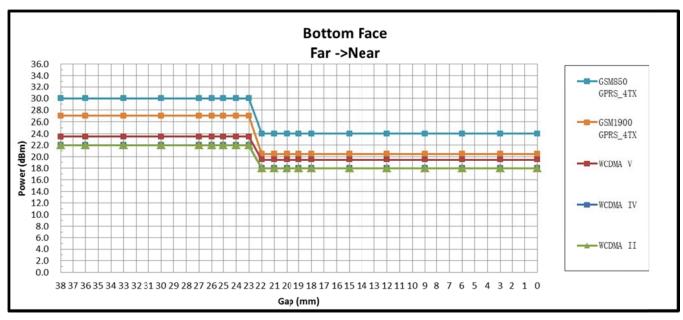


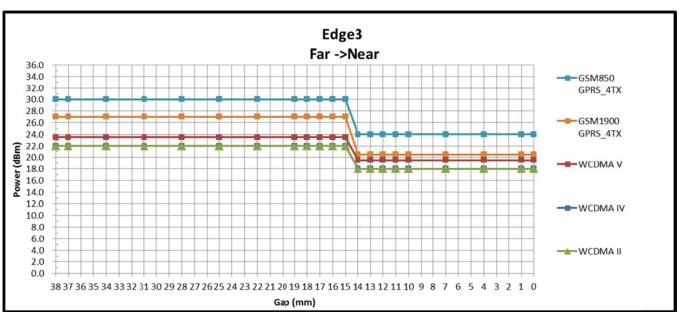
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Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

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Band/Mode	Ch#	Measured power	reduction (dBm)	Reduction Levels
Daliu/Moue	CII#	w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
GSM850 GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	189	29.34	23.42	5.9
GSM1900 GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	661	26.34	19.73	6.6
WCDMA Band V RMC 12.2Kbps	4182	22.89	19.12	3.8
WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2Kbps	9400	21.49	17.57	3.9
WCDMA Band IV RMC 12.2Kbps	1413	21.36	17.42	3.9





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6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

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9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medal	Carial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1386	Feb. 19, 2015	Feb. 18, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3898	Aug. 06, 2015	Aug. 05, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 13, 2014	Nov. 12, 2015
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QDOVA001BB	TP-1232	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QDOVA001BB	TP-1233	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101634	Aug. 07, 2015	Aug. 06, 2016
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005-3	N/A	No	te1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	No	te1

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

1.000.0								
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(Er)
				For Head				
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

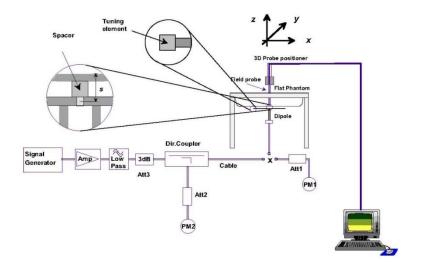
<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.913	40.859	0.90	41.50	1.44	-1.54	±5	2015/8/16
1750	Head	22.9	1.383	39.897	1.37	40.10	0.95	-0.51	±5	2015/8/17
1900	Head	22.6	1.450	40.004	1.40	40.00	3.57	0.01	±5	2015/8/17
2450	Head	22.7	1.829	40.081	1.80	39.20	1.61	2.25	±5	2015/8/18
835	Body	22.7	0.972	53.975	0.97	55.20	0.21	-2.22	±5	2015/8/15
1750	Body	22.8	1.527	51.995	1.49	53.40	2.48	-2.63	±5	2015/8/15
1900	Body	22.6	1.577	54.209	1.52	53.30	3.75	1.71	±5	2015/8/15
2450	Body	22.6	1.992	52.291	1.95	52.70	2.15	-0.78	±5	2015/8/18

11.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/8/16	835	Head	250	D835V2-4d091	3898	1386	2.21	9.11	8.84	-2.96
2015/8/17	1750	Head	250	D1750V2-1069	3819	1303	9.81	37.10	39.24	5.77
2015/8/17	1900	Head	250	D1900V2-5d118	3819	1303	10.50	40.10	42.00	4.74
2015/8/18	2450	Head	250	D2450V2-840	3898	1386	13.40	52.30	53.60	2.49
2015/8/15	835	Body	250	D835V2-4d091	3898	1386	2.45	9.60	9.80	2.08
2015/8/15	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1069	3898	1386	9.20	38.10	36.80	-3.41
2015/8/15	1900	Body	250	D1900V2-5d118	3898	1386	10.30	40.00	41.20	3.00
2015/8/18	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-840	3898	1386	12.80	51.00	51.20	0.39





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

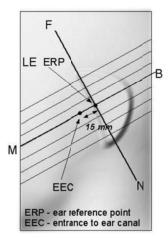
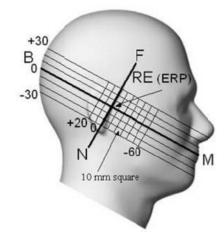


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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12.2 Definition of the cheek position

Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2). especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

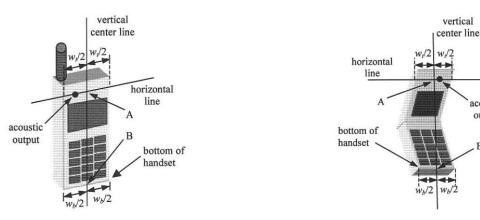


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

acoustic output

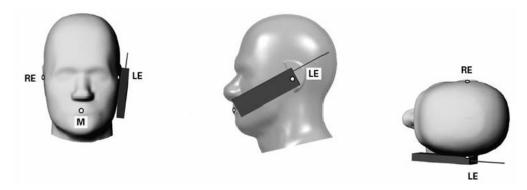


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

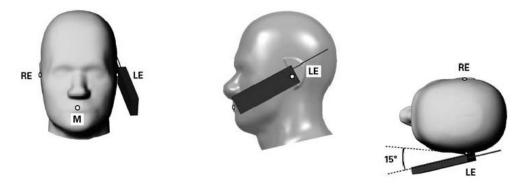


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v05r02 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

This EUT was tested in five different positions. They are bottom-face of tablet PC, Edge1, Edge2, Edge3 and Edge4. EUT has proximity sensor function, it would be on bottom-face and Edge3 active, the sensor trigger distance is 9mm for bottom-face and 5mm for Edge3, EUT transmitting reduced power was performed at 0mm. Additional the surface of EUT is touching with phantom 0 cm for Edge1, Edge2 and Edge 4 with full power.

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13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test 1. reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test 3. reduction.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Body SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the 4. source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the GPRS 4Tx slots modes was selected when EUT operating without power back-off, the GPRS 4Tx slots modes was selected when EUT operating with power back-off, according to the highest source-based time-averaged output power.

Maximum Average RF Power (Proximity Sensor Inactive)

Maximum Average RF Power (Proximity	ochisor in	aotivoj						
Band GSM850	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.68	31.70	31.72	32.00	22.68	22.70	22.72	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	31.53	31.55	31.59	32.00	22.53	22.55	22.59	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.45	31.47	31.50	32.00	25.45	25.47	25.50	26.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	30.41	30.42	30.45	31.00	26.15	26.16	26.19	26.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	29.29	29.34	29.35	30.00	26.29	26.34	26.35	27.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.87	26.65	26.44	27.00	17.87	17.65	17.44	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	25.76	25.62	25.43	26.00	19.76	19.62	19.43	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.64	23.40	23.26	24.00	19.38	19.14	19.00	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.47	22.19	22.02	23.00	19.47	19.19	19.02	20.00
== 0= (or ort, r rx oroto)		22.10	22.02	20.00	10.17	10.10	10.02	20.00
Band GSM1900					_		wer (dBm)	
				Tune-up Limit	_			Tune-up Limit
Band GSM1900	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Po	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
Band GSM1900 TX Channel	Burst Ave 512	erage Pov 661	ver (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit	Frame-Av 512	erage Pov 661	wer (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz)	Burst Ave 512 1850.2	erage Pov 661 1880	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Av 512 1850.2	rerage Pov 661 1880	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 28.89	erage Pov 661 1880 28.98	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8 <mark>29.00</mark>	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 29.50	Frame-Av 512 1850.2 19.89	erage Pov 661 1880 19.98	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8 20.00	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 20.50
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	512 1850.2 28.89 28.62	661 1880 28.98 28.72	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8 29.00 28.73	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50	Frame-Av 512 1850.2 19.89 19.62	661 1880 19.98 19.72	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8 20.00 19.73	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 28.89 28.62 28.40	661 1880 28.98 28.72 28.51	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8 29.00 28.73 28.55	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 29.00	512 1850.2 19.89 19.62 22.40	661 1880 19.98 19.72 22.51	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8 20.00 19.73 22.55	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 23.00
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	Burst Ave 512 1850.2 28.89 28.62 28.40 27.25	erage Pov 661 1880 28.98 28.72 28.51 27.42	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8 29.00 28.73 28.55 27.48	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 29.00 28.00	Frame-Av 512 1850.2 19.89 19.62 22.40 22.99	rerage Pov 661 1880 19.98 19.72 22.51 23.16	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8 20.00 19.73 22.55 23.22	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 23.00 23.74
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1 EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5 EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	Burst Ave 512 1850.2 28.89 28.62 28.40 27.25 26.12	erage Pow 661 1880 28.98 28.72 28.51 27.42 26.34	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8 29.00 28.73 28.55 27.48 26.38	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 29.00 28.00 27.00	Frame-Av 512 1850.2 19.89 19.62 22.40 22.99 23.12	rerage Pov 661 1880 19.98 19.72 22.51 23.16 23.34	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8 20.00 19.73 22.55 23.22 23.38	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 23.00 23.74 24.00
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1 EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	Burst Ave 512 1850.2 28.89 28.62 28.40 27.25 26.12 25.79	erage Pov 661 1880 28.98 28.72 28.51 27.42 26.34 25.62	ver (dBm) 810 1909.8 29.00 28.73 28.55 27.48 26.38 25.56	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 29.00 28.00 27.00 26.00	Frame-Av 512 1850.2 19.89 19.62 22.40 22.99 23.12 16.79	rerage Pov 661 1880 19.98 19.72 22.51 23.16 23.34 16.62	wer (dBm) 810 1909.8 20.00 19.73 22.55 23.22 23.38 16.56	Tune-up Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 23.00 23.74 24.00 17.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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Reduced Average RF Power (Proximity Sensor active)

Band GSM850	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.40	29.50	29.51	30.00	20.40	20.50	20.51	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.39	29.46	29.47	30.00	20.39	20.46	20.47	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	26.42	26.47	26.50	27.00	20.42	20.47	20.50	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	24.61	24.73	24.75	25.00	20.35	20.47	20.49	20.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	23.34	23.42	23.44	24.00	20.34	20.42	20.44	21.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	22.81	22.53	22.24	23.00	13.81	13.53	13.24	14.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	19.78	19.45	19.30	20.00	13.78	13.45	13.30	14.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	17.87	17.53	17.40	18.00	13.61	13.27	13.14	13.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	16.46	16.25	16.11	17.00	13.46	13.25	13.11	14.00
Band GSM1900	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Po	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
	Burst Ave 512	erage Pov 661	ver (dBm) 810	Limit	Frame-Av 512	erage Pov 661	wer (dBm) 810	Limit
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz)								
Band GSM1900 TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	512 1850.2 25.44	661 1880 25.72	810 1909.8 25.82	Limit (dBm) 26.00	512 1850.2 16.44	661 1880 16.72	810 1909.8 16.82	Limit (dBm) 17.00
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	512 1850.2 25.44 25.42	661 1880 25.72 25.71	810 1909.8 25.82 25.80	Limit (dBm) 26.00 26.00	512 1850.2 16.44 16.42	661 1880 16.72 16.71	810 1909.8 16.82 16.80	Limit (dBm) 17.00 17.00
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 25.44 25.42 22.33	661 1880 25.72 25.71 22.85	810 1909.8 25.82 25.80 23.01	Limit (dBm) 26.00 26.00 23.50	512 1850.2 16.44 16.42 16.33	661 1880 16.72 16.71 16.85	810 1909.8 16.82 16.80 17.01	Limit (dBm) 17.00 17.00 17.50
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 25.44 25.42 22.33 20.53	661 1880 25.72 25.71 22.85 21.08	810 1909.8 25.82 25.80 23.01 21.29	Limit (dBm) 26.00 26.00 23.50 21.50	512 1850.2 16.44 16.42 16.33 16.27	661 1880 16.72 16.71 16.85 16.82	810 1909.8 16.82 16.80 17.01 17.03	Limit (dBm) 17.00 17.00 17.50 17.24
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	512 1850.2 25.44 25.42 22.33 20.53 19.15	661 1880 25.72 25.71 22.85 21.08 19.73	810 1909.8 25.82 25.80 23.01 21.29 20.00	Limit (dBm) 26.00 26.00 23.50 21.50 20.50	512 1850.2 16.44 16.42 16.33 16.27 16.15	661 1880 16.72 16.71 16.85 16.82 16.73	810 1909.8 16.82 16.80 17.01 17.03 17.00	Limit (dBm) 17.00 17.00 17.50 17.24 17.50
Band GSM1900 TX Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1 EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	512 1850.2 25.44 25.42 22.33 20.53 19.15 20.62	661 1880 25.72 25.71 22.85 21.08 19.73 20.89	810 1909.8 25.82 25.80 23.01 21.29 20.00 21.36	Limit (dBm) 26.00 26.00 23.50 21.50 20.50 21.50	512 1850.2 16.44 16.42 16.33 16.27 16.15 11.62	661 1880 16.72 16.71 16.85 16.82 16.73 11.89	810 1909.8 16.82 16.80 17.01 17.03 17.00 12.36	Limit (dBm) 17.00 17.00 17.50 17.24 17.50 12.50

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Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting: C.
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) ٧.
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 Χ.
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	Bc βd		β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15 15/15		64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{ls} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 1:
- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH lest in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15

with $\beta_{ls} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

- CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- For subtest 2 the β_e/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β _d (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$, $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$ and $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$ = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_0/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{1s}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_0/β_0 ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15. Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

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< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Body exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

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Maximum Average RF Power (Proximity Sensor Inactive)

	В	and	W	CDMA Ba	nd V	WC	DMA Band	II	WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
	Frequency (MHz)			836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.10	22.87	23.03	21.50	21.48	21.42	21.37	21.35	21.49
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.12	22.89	23.04	<mark>21.51</mark>	21.49	21.43	21.38	21.36	<mark>21.51</mark>
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.91	21.85	21.89	20.25	20.22	20.14	20.05	20.13	20.30
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.93	21.84	21.90	20.24	20.25	20.15	20.09	20.15	20.30
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.45	21.37	21.37	19.78	19.80	19.71	19.63	19.70	19.83
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.41	21.34	21.36	19.76	19.74	19.68	19.59	19.66	19.85
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.89	19.89	19.81	18.35	18.29	18.25	18.15	18.18	18.42
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.90	19.90	19.84	18.30	18.29	18.25	18.17	18.24	18.44
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.90	20.90	20.84	19.28	19.26	19.24	19.15	19.18	19.38
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.38	19.32	19.32	17.76	17.73	17.71	17.59	17.66	17.86
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.90	21.90	21.80	20.20	20.20	20.20	20.10	20.20	20.30

Reduced Average RF Power (Proximity Sensor active)

	Ва	and	W	CDMA Baı	nd V	WC	DMA Band	II	WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
	Rx Channel			4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
	Frequency (MHz)			836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	19.22	19.11	19.10	17.57	17.56	17.54	17.38	17.40	17.50
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	<mark>19.24</mark>	19.12	19.11	<mark>17.59</mark>	17.57	17.56	17.39	17.42	<mark>17.51</mark>
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	18.92	18.93	18.86	17.27	17.32	17.25	17.13	17.22	17.40
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	18.93	18.95	18.87	17.30	17.31	17.29	17.14	17.21	17.39
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	18.48	18.48	18.45	16.83	16.85	16.81	16.65	16.78	16.97
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	18.46	18.46	18.40	16.83	16.82	16.81	16.63	16.74	16.93
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	16.94	16.98	16.94	15.42	15.41	15.39	15.27	15.33	15.55
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	16.98	17.00	16.90	15.35	15.34	15.35	15.25	15.31	15.51
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	17.95	18.00	17.91	16.40	16.30	16.31	16.24	16.34	16.46
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	16.41	16.39	16.38	14.86	14.82	14.75	14.72	14.78	14.96
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	18.90	19.00	18.80	17.30	17.30	17.30	17.20	17.20	17.40

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<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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<2.4GHz WLAN >

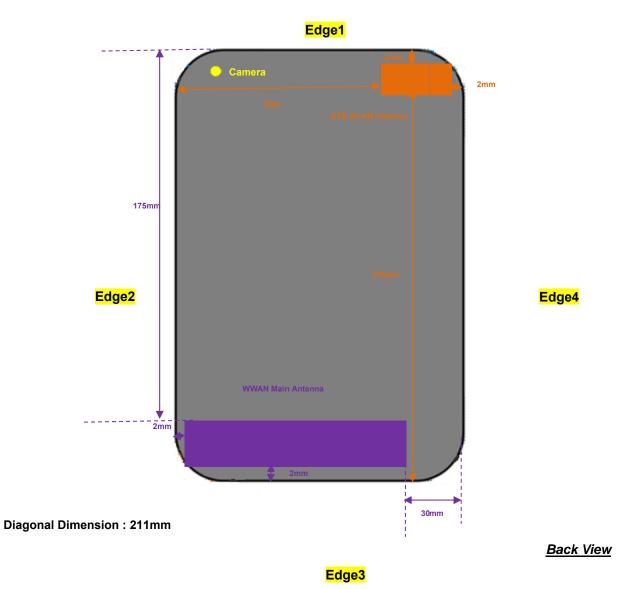
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %		
		CH 1	2412		9.61			
	802.11b	CH 6	2437	1Mbps	8.80	97.88		
		CH 11	2462		8.04			
		CH 1	2412		7.58	89.36		
2.4GHz WLAN Antenna A	802.11g	CH 6	2437	6Mbps	9.20			
		CH 11	2462		6.32			
		CH 1	2412		7.98			
	802.11n-HT20	CH 6	2437	MCS0	8.46	87.91		
		CH 11	2462		6.71			
		CH 3	2422		5.60			
	802.11n-HT40	CH 6	2437	MCS0	7.30	79.63		
		CH 9	2452		6.73			

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14. Antenna Location



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General Note:

The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"

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- 2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

SAR test exclusion table distance is ≤ 50mm

	Wireless Interface	GPRS 850 4 Tx slots	GPRS 1900 4 Tx slots	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II	Bluetooth	802.11b
Exposure	Calculated Frequency	848.8MHz	1909.8MHz	846.6MHz	1752.6MHz	1907.6MHz	2480MHz	2462MHz
Position	Maximum power (dBm)	27	24	23.5	22	22	1	10
	Maximum rated power(mW)	501.0	251.0	224.0	158.0	158.0	1.0	10.0
Bottom	Separation distance(mm)			5.0	5.0			
Face	exclusion threshold	92.3	69.4	41.2	41.8	43.6	0.3	3.1
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)			2.0	2.0			
Edge 1	exclusion threshold						0.3	3.1
	Testing required?						No	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)							
Edge 2	exclusion threshold	92.3	69.4	41.2	41.8	43.6		
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	Separation distance(mm)			2.0				
Edge 3	exclusion threshold	92.3	69.4	41.2	41.8	43.6		
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	Separation distance(mm)			2.0	2.0			
Edge 4	exclusion threshold	15.4	11.6	6.9	7.0	7.3	0.3	3.1
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

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SAR test exclusion table distance is >50mm

OAIT TOOL OX	Clusion table distance	<u> </u>						
	Wireless Interface	GPRS 850 4 Tx slots	GPRS 1900 4 Tx slots	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II	Bluetooth	802.11b
Exposure	Calculated Frequency	848.8MHz	1909.8MHz	846.6MHz	1752.6MHz	1907.6MHz	2480MHz	2462MHz
Position	Maximum power (dBm)	27	24	23.5	22	22	1	10
	Maximum rated power(mW)	501.0	251.0	224.0	158.0	158.0	1.0	10.0
	Separation distance(mm)							
Edge 1	exclusion threshold	870.0	1359.0	868.0	1363.0	1359.0		
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No	No		
	Separation distance(mm)						83.0	83.0
Edge 2	exclusion threshold						425.0	426.0
	Testing required?						No	No
	Separation distance(mm)				176.0	176.0		
Edge 3	exclusion threshold						1355.0	1356.0
	Testing required?						No	No

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15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. For the exposure positions that proximity sensor power reduction is applied for SAR compliance, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting full power in normal mode was performed; 0.9cm for bottom face and 0.5cm for edge 3.
- 4. Considering the curvature transition from bottom face to the edge, SAR testing at the curvature was performed. The SAR test setup is included in test setup photo exhibit, and the details of the curvature are included in operation description exhibit.
- For SAR testing of the curved region of the device, the device was placed directly against the phantom at the point where the distance between the antenna and device exterior is a minimum.
- Curved region diagram of the device according to the test setup photo (exterior radius dimension), for WWAN, X=2.04mm, Y=1.53mm, Z=1.46mm, X>Z, Y>Z, Per KDB 616217 D04v01r01, curved SAR evaluation is required. More detail information please refer to the setup photo.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 8. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Body exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 9. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
- 10. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.
- 11. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 12. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 13. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 14. Additional WLAN SAR Test Position of bottom Face 9mm testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.



15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Back-off	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	0.01	0.094	0.109
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	0.02	0.053	0.062
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	0.02	0.139	0.161
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	0.02	0.05	0.058
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Off	128	824.2	29.29	30.00	1.178	0.07	0.136	0.160
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Off	189	836.4	29.34	30.00	1.164	0.07	0.181	<mark>0.211</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	0.06	0.11	0.127
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	-0.01	0.00285	0.003
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	0.08	0.031	0.036
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	0.08	8.37E-05	<0.001
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Off	512	1850.2	26.12	27.00	1.225	0.07	0.106	<mark>0.130</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Off	661	1880	26.34	27.00	1.164	-0.09	0.023	0.027

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FCC SAR Test Report

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Back-off	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.02	0.056	0.061
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.03	0.046	0.050
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.02	0.09	0.098
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.09	0.031	0.034
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Off	4182	836.4	22.89	23.50	1.151	0.03	0.092	<mark>0.106</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Off	4233	846.6	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.06	0.076	0.084
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.1	0.099	0.111
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.06	0.043	0.048
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.07	0.041	0.046
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.09	0.071	0.079
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	1312	1712.4	21.38	22.00	1.153	-0.01	0.021	0.024
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	1413	1732.6	21.36	22.00	1.159	0.04	0.058	0.067
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.08	0.096	0.107
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.02	0.053	0.059
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.08	0.015	0.017
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.01	0.00221	0.002
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	9400	1880	21.49	22.00	1.125	0.05	0.097	0.109
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Off	9538	1907.6	21.43	22.00	1.140	0.05	0.074	0.084

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	0.02	0.375	0.419
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	0.01	0.202	0.226
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	0.02	0.145	0.162
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	-0.06	0.114	0.127
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	8.80	9.00	1.046	97.88	1.022	-0.08	0.389	0.416
06	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	8.04	8.50	1.111	97.88	1.022	0.04	0.386	<mark>0.438</mark>

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15.2 **Body SAR**

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Back-off	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	251	848.8	23.44	24.00	1.138	0.07	0.347	0.395
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 3	0	Sensor On	251	848.8	23.44	24.00	1.138	-0.08	0.149	0.170
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	251	848.8	23.44	24.00	1.138	-0.07	0.244	0.278
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	-0.04	0.707	0.821
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 1	0	Sensor Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	0.07	0.014	0.016
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 2	0	Sensor Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	0.05	0.313	0.364
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	-0.01	0.324	0.376
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Curved surface of Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	-0.12	0.586	0.681
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 4	0	Sensor Off	251	848.8	29.35	30.00	1.161	-0.03	0.171	0.199
07	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	128	824.2	29.29	30.00	1.178	0.1	0.987	<mark>1.162</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	189	836.4	29.34	30.00	1.164	-0.07	0.977	1.137
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	810	1909.8	20.00	20.50	1.122	-0.02	0.526	0.590
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 3	0	Sensor On	810	1909.8	20.00	20.50	1.122	0.18	0.401	0.450
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	810	1909.8	20.00	20.50	1.122	-0.05	0.575	0.645
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	-0.09	0.426	0.491
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 2	0	Sensor Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	-0.02	0.123	0.142
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	0.03	0.667	0.769
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Curved surface of Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	-0.07	0.637	0.735
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 4	0	Sensor Off	810	1909.8	26.38	27.00	1.153	0.12	0.043	0.050
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	512	1850.2	26.12	27.00	1.225	0.06	0.693	0.849
08	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	661	1880	26.34	27.00	1.164	-0.01	0.747	<mark>0.870</mark>

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Back-off	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	4132	826.4	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.07	0.358	0.380
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0	Sensor On	4132	826.4	19.24	19.50	1.062	0.01	0.171	0.182
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	4132	826.4	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.01	0.267	0.283
09	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.07	0.62	<mark>0.677</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0	Sensor Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.02	0.013	0.014
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0	Sensor Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.04	0.252	0.275
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.01	0.285	0.311
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.06	0.573	0.625
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0	Sensor Off	4132	826.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.02	0.154	0.168
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	4182	836.4	22.89	23.50	1.151	-0.17	0.416	0.479
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	4233	846.6	23.04	23.50	1.112	0.13	0.419	0.466
10	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	1513	1752.6	17.51	18.00	1.119	-0.16	0.87	0.974
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0	Sensor On	1513	1752.6	17.51	18.00	1.119	0.04	0.341	0.382
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	1513	1752.6	17.51	18.00	1.119	-0.02	0.817	0.915
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.06	0.482	0.540
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0	Sensor Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.16	0.302	0.338
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.09	0.315	0.353
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.04	0.646	0.723
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0	Sensor Off	1513	1752.6	21.51	22.00	1.119	0.05	0.065	0.073
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	1312	1712.4	17.39	18.00	1.151	0.07	0.84	0.967
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	1413	1732.6	17.42	18.00	1.143	0.07	0.663	0.758
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	1312	1712.4	17.39	18.00	1.151	-0.03	0.761	0.876
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	1413	1732.6	17.42	18.00	1.143	-0.01	0.607	0.694
11	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	9262	1852.4	17.59	18.00	1.099	-0.03	0.77	0.846
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0	Sensor On	9262	1852.4	17.59	18.00	1.099	0.05	0.447	0.491
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	0	Sensor On	9262	1852.4	17.59	18.00	1.099	-0.08	0.72	0.791
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.06	0.399	0.447
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0	Sensor Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.04	0.2	0.224
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.02	0.575	0.644
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Curved surface of Edge 3	5	Sensor Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.06	0.573	0.641
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0	Sensor Off	9262	1852.4	21.51	22.00	1.119	-0.07	0.052	0.058
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	9400	1880	17.57	18.00	1.104	-0.05	0.714	0.788
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	9538	1907.6	17.56	18.00	1.107	0.01	0.609	0.674

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
12	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	0.17	1.06	<mark>1.184</mark>
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	-0.09	0.312	0.349
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	0.08	0.229	0.256
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	6	2437	8.80	9.00	1.046	97.88	1.022	-0.05	1.09	1.166
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	11	2462	8.04	8.50	1.111	97.88	1.022	-0.01	1.04	1.181
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	9	1	2412	9.61	10.00	1.093	97.88	1.022	-0.07	0.105	0.117

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15.3 Repeated SAR Measurement

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Back- off	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	128	824.2	29.29	30.00	1.178	100	1.000	0.1	0.987	1	1.162
2nd	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	9	Sensor Off	128	824.2	29.29	30.00	1.178	100	1.000	-0.08	0.985	1.002	1.160
1st	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	1513	1752.6	17.51	18.00	1.119	100	1.000	-0.16	0.87	1	0.974
2nd	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0	Sensor On	1513	1752.6	17.51	18.00	1.119	100	1.000	0.08	0.869	1.001	0.973
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	-	6	2437	8.80	9.00	1.046	97.88	1.022	-0.05	1.09	1	1.166
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	-	6	2437	8.80	9.00	1.046	97.88	1.022	0.06	1.07	1.019	1.144

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General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Tak	olet	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Comigurations	Head	Body	
1.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
2.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)		Yes	WWAN VoIP
4.	WCDMA + Bluetooth(data)		Yes	WWAN VoIP

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General Note:

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- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 1.
- EUT will choose each GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. 4.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if, 5.
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.2.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]· [√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.
 - iv) Bluetooth estimated SAR is conservatively determined by 5mm separation, for all applicable exposure positions.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	All Positions
1.0dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.042 W/kg

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16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN >

			1	2	1+2		
IAWW	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHzWLAN	Summed 1g SAR	SPLSR	Case No
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		Right Cheek at 0mm	0.109	0.438	0.55		
	GSM850	Right Tilted at 0mm	0.062	0.226	0.29		
	GSIVIOOU	Left Cheek at 0mm	0.211	0.162	0.37		
GSM		Left Tilted at 0mm	0.058	0.127	0.19		
GSIVI		Right Cheek at 0mm	0.130	0.438	0.57		
	GSM1900	Right Tilted at 0mm	0.003	0.226	0.23		
	GSW1900	Left Cheek at 0mm	0.036	0.162	0.20		
		Left Tilted at 0mm	<0.001	0.127	0.13		
		Right Cheek at 0mm	0.061	0.438	0.50		
	WCDMA V	Right Tilted at 0mm	0.050	0.226	0.28		
	WCDIVIA V	Left Cheek at 0mm	0.106	0.162	0.27		
		Left Tilted at 0mm	0.034	0.127	0.16		
		Right Cheek at 0mm	0.111	0.438	0.55		
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Right Tilted at 0mm	0.048	0.226	0.27		
VVCDIVIA	VVCDIVIA IV	Left Cheek at 0mm	0.046	0.162	0.21		
		Left Tilted at 0mm	0.079	0.127	0.21		
		Right Cheek at 0mm	0.109	0.438	0.55		
	WCDMA II	Right Tilted at 0mm	0.059	0.226	0.29		
	WCDIVIA II	Left Cheek at 0mm	0.017	0.162	0.18		
		Left Tilted at 0mm	0.002	0.127	0.13		

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16.2 Body Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN >

			1	2	1+2		
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Summed 1g SAR	SPLSR	Case No
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.395	1.184	1.58		
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.016	0.349	0.37		
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.364		0.36		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.170		0.17		
	GSM850	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.199	0.256	0.46		
	-	Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.278		0.28		
	-	Bottom Face at 9mm	1.162	0.117	1.28		
	-	Edge 3 at 5mm	0.376		0.38		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.681		0.68		
GSM		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.590	1.184	1.77	0.01	1
	-	Edge 1 at 0mm		0.349	0.35		
	-	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.142		0.14		
	-	Edge 3 at 0mm	0.450		0.45		
	GSM1900	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.050	0.256	0.31		
	-	Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.645		0.65		
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.491	0.117	0.61		
	-	Edge 3 at 5mm	0.870		0.87		
	-	Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.735		0.74		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.380	1.184	1.56		
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.014	0.349	0.36		
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.275		0.28		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.182		0.18		
	WCDMA V	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.168	0.256	0.42		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.283		0.28		
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.677	0.117	0.79		
VCDMA		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.311		0.31		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.625		0.63		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.974	1.184	2.16	0.02	2
		Edge 1 at 0mm		0.349	0.35		
	WCDMA IV	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.338		0.34		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.382		0.38		
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.073	0.256	0.33		

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		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.915		0.92		
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.540	0.117	0.66		
		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.353		0.35		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.723		0.72		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.846	1.184	2.03	0.02	3
		Edge 1 at 0mm		0.349	0.35		
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.224		0.22		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.491		0.49		
	WCDMA II	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.058	0.256	0.31		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.791		0.79		
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.447	0.117	0.56		
		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.644		0.64		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.641		0.64		

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<WWAN + Bluetooth>

			1	2			
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed 1g SAR	SPLSR	Case No
			1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.395	0.042	0.44		
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.016	0.042	0.06		
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.364	0.042	0.41		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.170	0.042	0.21		
	GSM850	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.199	0.042	0.24		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.278	0.042	0.32		
	<u> </u>	Bottom Face at 9mm	1.162	0.042	1.20		
		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.376	0.042	0.42		
0011		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.681	0.042	0.72		
GSM		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.590	0.042	0.63		
	-	Edge 1 at 0mm		0.042	0.04		
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.142	0.042	0.18		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.450	0.042	0.49		
	GSM1900	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.050	0.042	0.09		
	GSM1900	Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.645	0.042	0.69		
	-	Bottom Face at 9mm	0.491	0.042	0.53		
	-	Edge 3 at 5mm	0.870	0.042	0.91		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.735	0.042	0.78		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.380	0.042	0.42		
	-	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.014	0.042	0.06		
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.275	0.042	0.32		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.182	0.042	0.22		
	WCDMA V	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.168	0.042	0.21		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.283	0.042	0.33		
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.677	0.042	0.72		
WCDMA		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.311	0.042	0.35		
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.625	0.042	0.67		
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.974	0.042	1.02		
		Edge 1 at 0mm		0.042	0.04		
	WCDMA IV	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.338	0.042	0.38		
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.382	0.042	0.42		
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.073	0.042	0.12		

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		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.915	0.042	0.96				
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.540	0.042	0.58				
		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.353	0.042	0.40				
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.723	0.042	0.77				
		Bottom Face at 0mm	0.846	0.042	0.89				
		Edge 1 at 0mm		0.042	0.04				
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.224	0.042	0.27				
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.491	0.042	0.53				
,	WCDMA II	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.058	0.042	0.10				
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 0mm	0.791	0.042	0.83				
		Bottom Face at 9mm	0.447	0.042	0.49				
		Edge 3 at 5mm	0.644	0.042	0.69				
		Curved surface of Edge 3 at 5mm	0.641	0.042	0.68				

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16.3 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

0 dB = 2.03 W/kg

General Note:

-25.20

SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$. If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

measurement is not necessary											
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap SAR peak location (m)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case				(cm)			(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR	
1	GSM1900	Bottom	0.59	0	-0.029	-0.0845	-0.182	180.9	1.77	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz	Face	1.184	0	0.0336	0.0852	-0.18				
-6.30 -12.60 -18.90											

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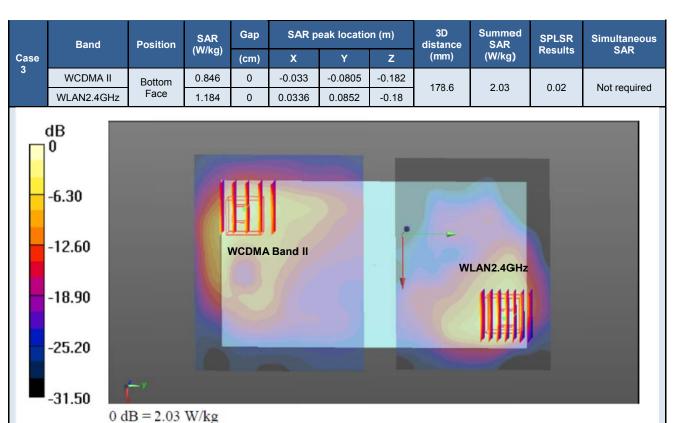
0 dB = 2.03 W/kg

Summed SAR (W/kg) 3D Gap SAR peak location (m) Simultaneous SAR SAR SPLSR Band Position distance (W/kg) Results Case 2 (mm) (cm) х z WCDMA IV 0.974 0 -0.033 -0.0805 -0.182 Bottom 178.6 2.16 0.02 Not required Face WLAN2.4GHz -0.18 1.184 0 0.0336 0.0852 dB -6.30-12.60WCDMA Band IV WLAN2.4GHz -18.90-25.20 -31.50

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Test Engineer: Luke Lu

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Cor	nbined Std. Un	certainty				11.4%	11.4%
	verage Factor					K=2	K=2
Exp	anded STD Un	ncertainty				22.9%	22.7%

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Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Jun 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [9] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", May 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

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Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_150816 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.859$; ρ

Date: 2015.08.16

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

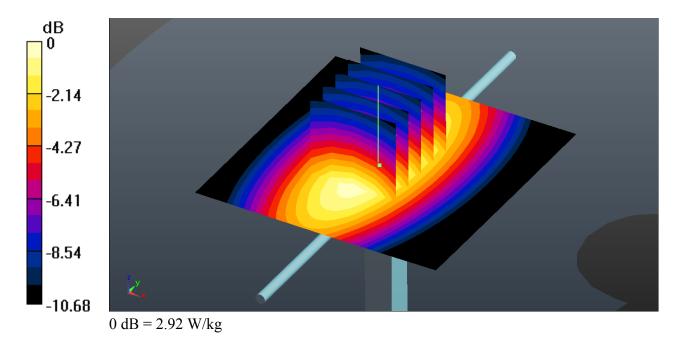
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.90 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 66.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 W/kg



System Check_Head_1750MHz_150817

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1800_150817 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.383$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.897$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.17

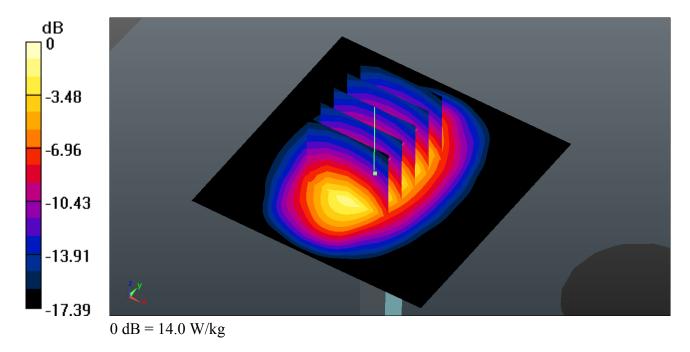
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.18 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



System Check_Head_1900MHz_150817

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_150817 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.004$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.17

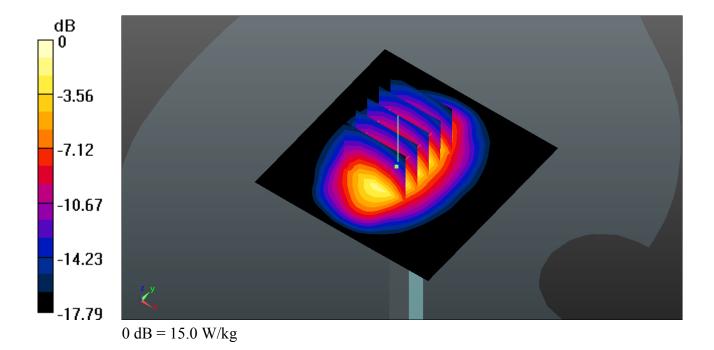
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 W/kg



System Check_Head_2450MHz_150818

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_2450_150818 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.829$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.081$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.18

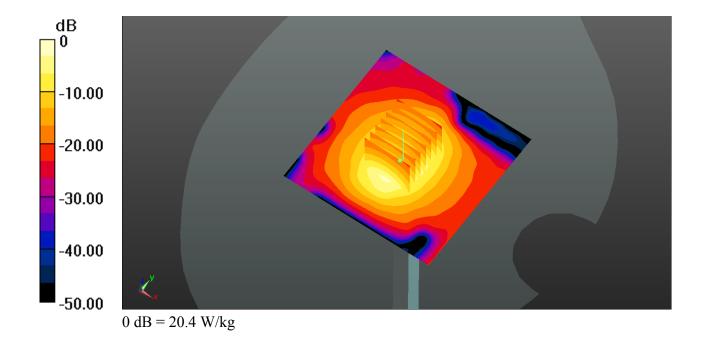
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



System Check_Body_835MHz_150815

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_835_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.975$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

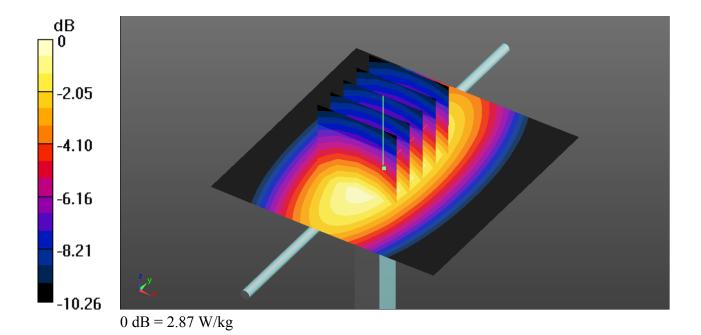
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(9.97, 9.97, 9.97); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1233
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.87 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.04 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



System Check_Body_1750MHz_150815

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1800_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.527$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.995$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

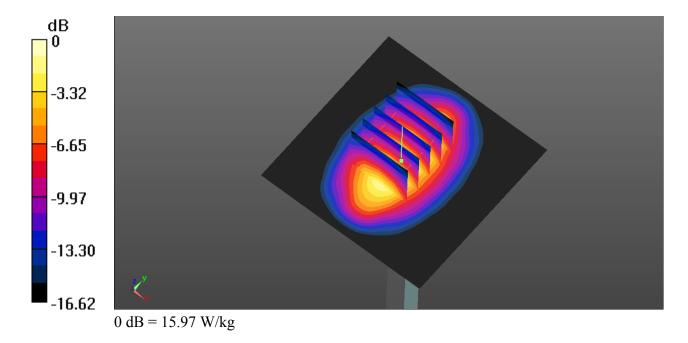
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1232
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.97 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.53 W/kg SAR(1 g) = ; .2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.03 W/kg



System Check_Body_1900MHz_150815

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.577$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.209$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

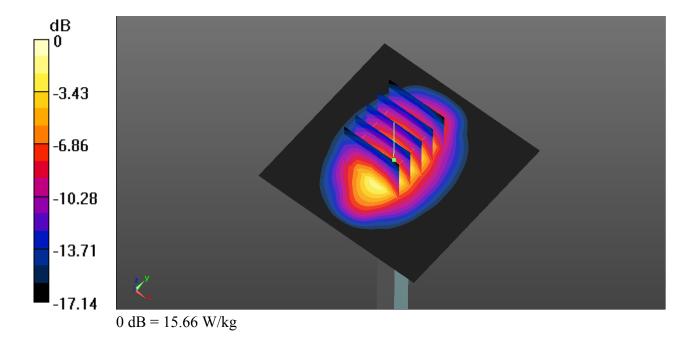
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1232
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.66 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.81 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.39 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.68 W/kg



System Check_Body_2450MHz_150818

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2450_150818 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.992$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.291$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.18

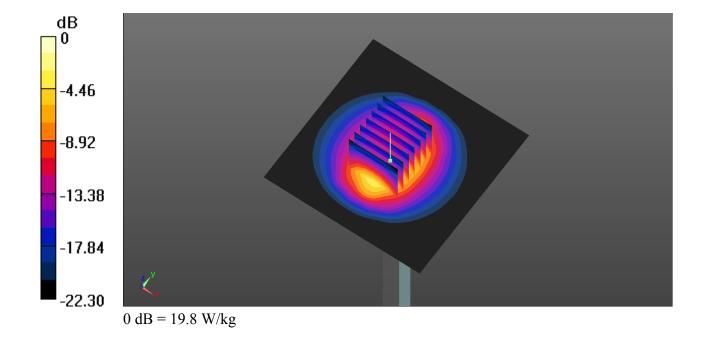
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1233
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 85.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.9 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA570301

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

01 GSM850 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Left Cheek Ch189 Sensor Off

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_835_150816 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.842$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.16

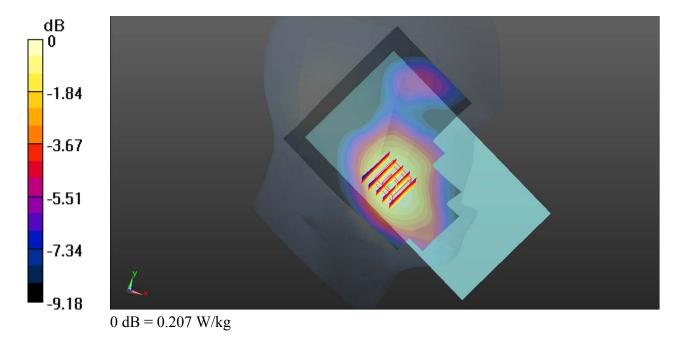
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch189/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.206 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.651 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.218 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900_150817 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.398$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.229$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.17

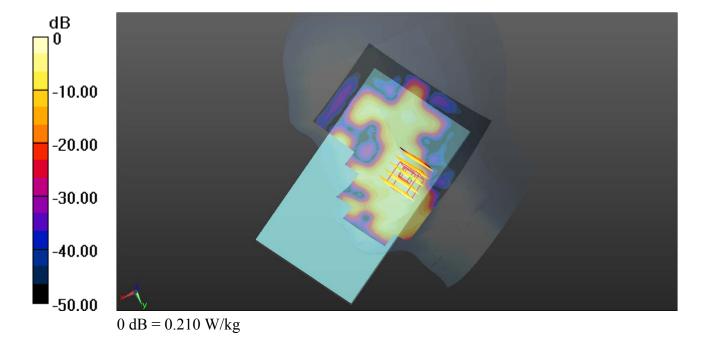
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 $^{\circ}$ C ; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch512/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.210 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.301 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.159 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.106 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: $HSL_{2}835_{1}50816$ Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.842$;

Date: 2015.08.16

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

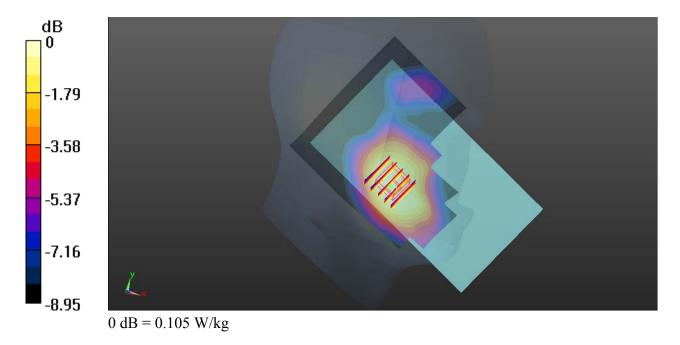
Ch4182/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.103 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.910 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.113 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.092 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 W/kg



04_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch1513 _Sensor Off

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1800_150817 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.878$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.17

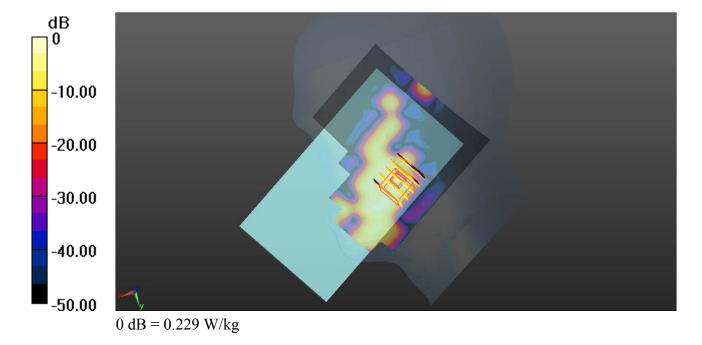
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.229 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.259 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 W/kg



05_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900_150817 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.097$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.17

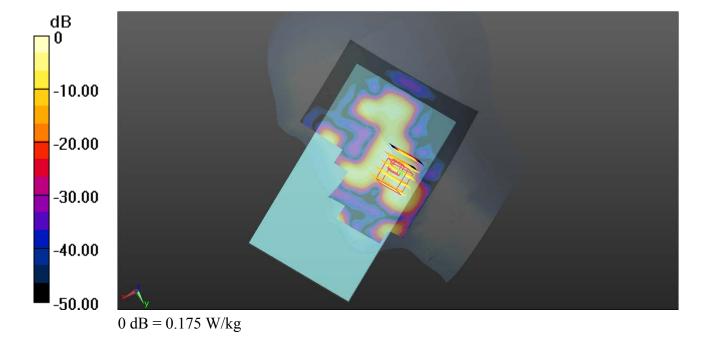
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9400/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.607 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.097 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.022

Medium: $HSL_{\frac{1}{2}}2450_{-}150818$ Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.842$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.039$;

Date: 2015.08.18

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (111x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 W/kg

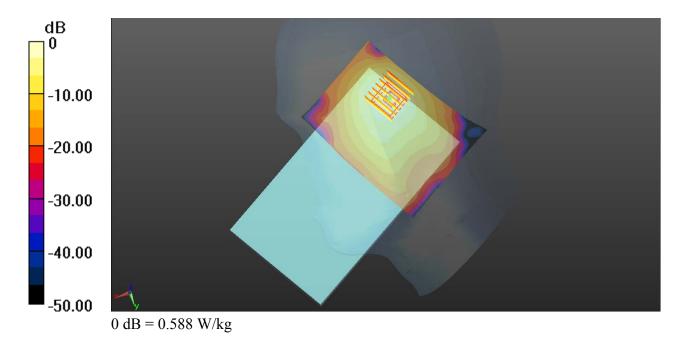
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.733 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.386 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_835_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.07$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

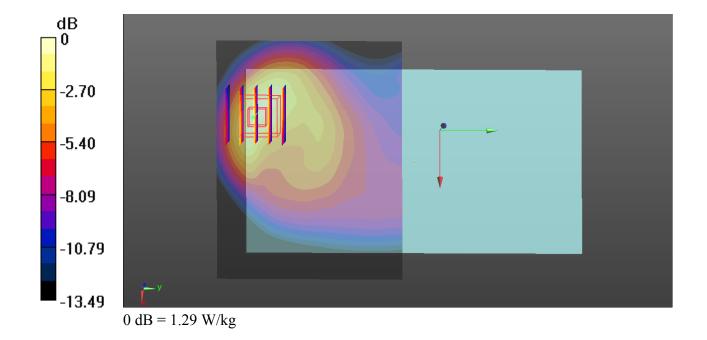
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(9.97, 9.97, 9.97); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1233
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.832 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.59 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.987 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.588 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.555$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.282$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

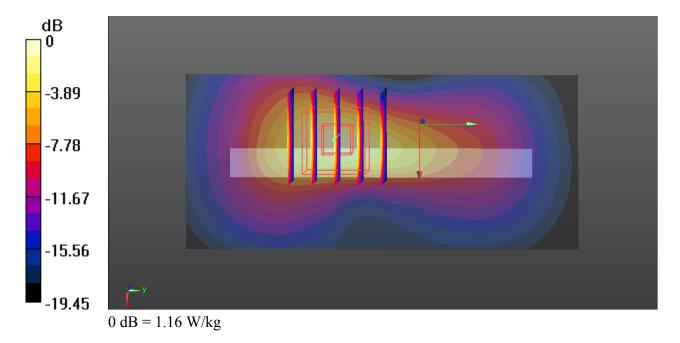
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1232
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.549 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.747 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.051$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(9.97, 9.97, 9.97); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1233
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.726 W/kg

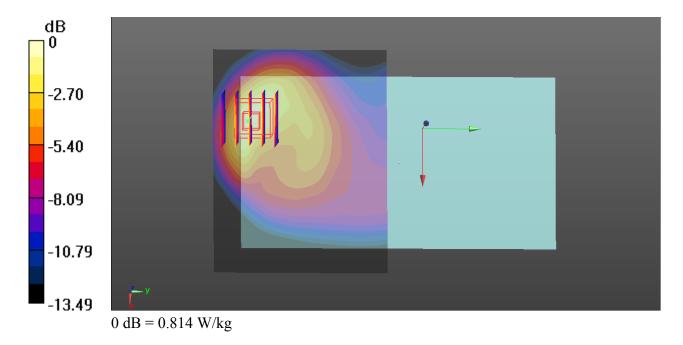
Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.999 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.620 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1800_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.531$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.987$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1232
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.57 W/kg

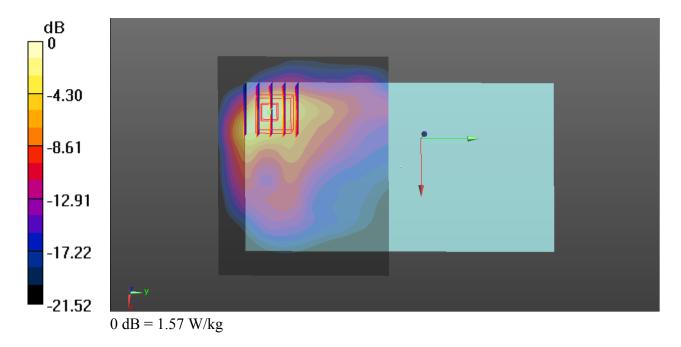
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.652 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.870 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 W/kg



Date: 2015.08.15

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900_150815 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.523$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.384$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

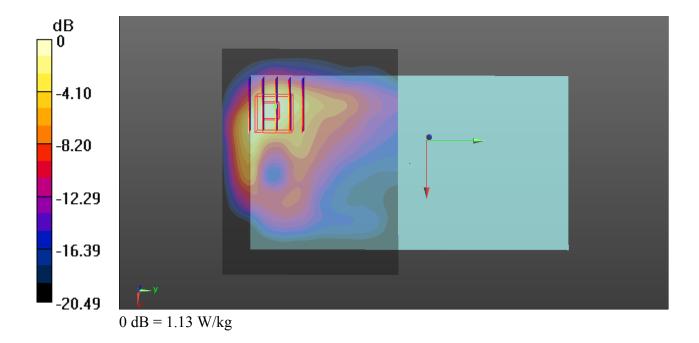
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1232
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.580 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.770 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



12_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Bottom Face_0mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.022 Medium: MSL_2450_150818 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.455$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2015.08.18

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3898; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2015.08.06;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1233
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (111x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.21 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.7390 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.403 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 W/kg

