

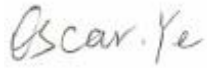
# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

**BLU Products, Inc.**

10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172, United States

**FCC ID: YHLBLUSTJ8LTE**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Mobile Phone
<b>Report Number:</b> RSZ170601004-20	
<b>Report Date:</b> 2017-07-06	
Oscar Ye 	
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Attestation of Test Results			
<b>EUT Information</b>	<b>Company Name</b>	BLU Products, Inc.	
	<b>EUT Description</b>	Mobile Phone	
	<b>Tested Model</b>	STUDIO J8 LTE	
	<b>Multiple Model</b>	STUDIO M5 PLUS LTE	
	<b>FCC ID</b>	YHLBLUSTJ8LTE	
	<b>Test Date</b>	2017-06-20 to 2017-06-24	
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit (W/Kg)
<b>GSM 850</b>	1g Head SAR	0.16	<b>1.6</b>
	1g Body SAR	0.43	
<b>PCS 1900</b>	1g Head SAR	0.04	
	1g Body SAR	0.20	
<b>WCDMA Band 5</b>	1g Head SAR	0.13	
	1g Body SAR	0.34	
<b>WCDMA Band 4</b>	1g Head SAR	0.14	
	1g Body SAR	0.35	
<b>WCDMA Band 2</b>	1g Head SAR	0.13	
	1g Body SAR	0.41	
<b>LTE Band 2</b>	1g Head SAR	0.10	
	1g Body SAR	0.40	
<b>LTE Band 4</b>	1g Head SAR	0.12	
	1g Body SAR	0.22	
<b>LTE Band 7</b>	1g Head SAR	0.12	
	1g Body SAR	0.12	
<b>LTE Band 12</b>	1g Head SAR	0.01	
	1g Body SAR	0.03	
<b>LTE Band 17</b>	1g Head SAR	0.01	
	1g Body SAR	0.03	
<b>Simultaneous</b>	1g Head SAR	0.49	
	1g Body SAR	0.60	
	1g Body SAR	0.60 (Hotspot)	

<b>Applicable Standards</b>	<b>FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093</b> Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
	<b>IEEE1528:2013</b> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
	<b>IEC 62209-2:2010</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)
	<b>KDB procedures</b> KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
<b>Note:</b> This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures. <b>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</b>	

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**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

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Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ170601004-20	Original Report	2017-07-06

## EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of BLU Products, Inc. and their product, FCC ID: YHLBLUSTJ8LTE, Model: STUDIO J8 LTE or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*Notes: This series products model: STUDIO M5 PLUS LTE and STUDIO J8 LTE are identical; they have the identical schematics, only named differently. Model STUDIO J8 LTE was selected for fully testing, the detailed information can be referred to the declaration which was stated and guaranteed by the applicant.*

### Note:

1. The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. WLAN Hotspot mode permits the device to share its cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz WLAN enabled devices.
2. All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 17060100403(Assigned by BACL, Kunshan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2017-06-01.

## Technical Specification

<b>Product Type</b>	Portable
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
<b>Antenna Type(s):</b>	Internal Antenna
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	Headset
<b>Face-Head Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Multi-slot Class:</b>	Class12
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	GSM Voice, GPRS/EGPRS Data, WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA, HSDPA) LTE WLAN Bluetooth
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 4: 1710-1755MHz(TX); 2110-2155MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755MHz(TX); 2110-2155MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX) ; 2620-2690 MHz(RX) LTE Band 12: 698-716 MHz(TX) ; 728-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 17: 704-716 MHz(TX) ; 734-746 MHz(RX) WLAN(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2472 MHz WLAN(802.11n40): 2422MHz-2462 MHz Bluetooth:2402-2480MHz
<b>Dimensions (L*W*H):</b>	153 mm (L) × 74 mm (W) × 8 mm (H)
<b>Power Source:</b>	3.8 V <sub>DC</sub> Rechargeable Battery
<b>Normal Operation:</b>	Head and Body-worn

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## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

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### **FCC:**

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the RF radiation exposure evaluation requirement was provided in part 2.1093. According to KDB447498 D01 “General RF Exposure Guidance”, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices.

### **CE:**

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For portable devices, the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields was recommended on Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC. According to the Standard IEC62209-1/2, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body portable devices.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

**SAR Limits**

## FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

## CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



## **FACILITIES**

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The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (kunshan) to collect test data is located on No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

## DASY4 SAR Evaluation Procedure

### Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. By default, the Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4mm. This distance can be modified by the user, but cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

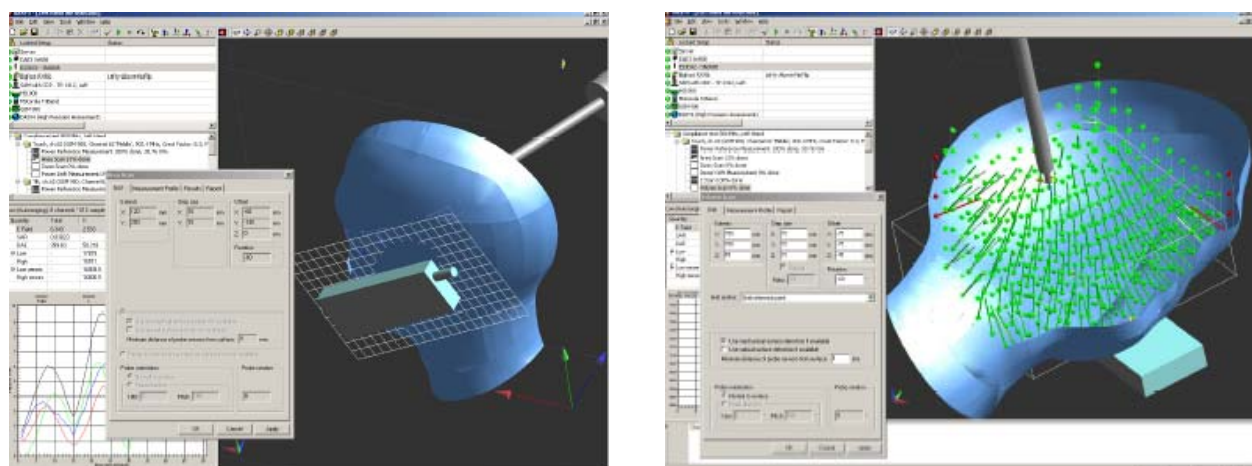
### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids.

The scanning area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the Area Scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid settings can be edited by a user.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-1:2006 and IEC 62209-2:2010 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

After measurement is completed, all maxima and their coordinates are listed in the Results property page. The maximum selected in the list is highlighted in the 3-D view. For the secondary maxima returned from an Area Scan, the user can specify a lower limit (peak SAR value), in addition to the Find secondary maxima within x dB condition. Only the primary maximum and any secondary maxima within x dB from the primary maximum and above this limit will be measured.



## Zoom Scan

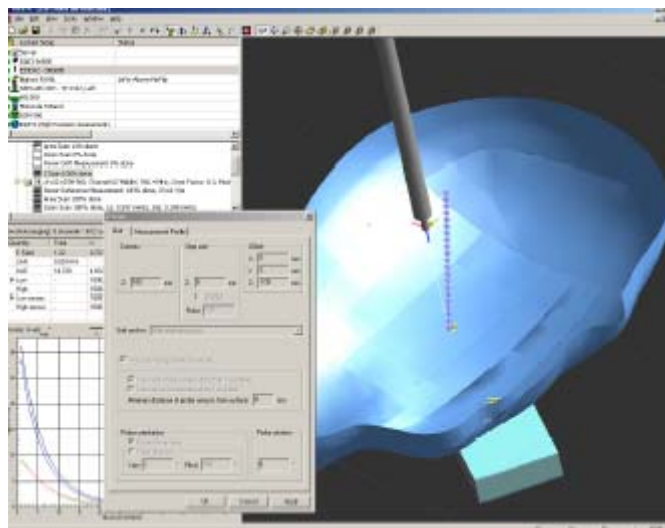
Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

## Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

## Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the section reference point, to any defined user point or to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z axis of the anchor location establishes the Z axis of the grid.



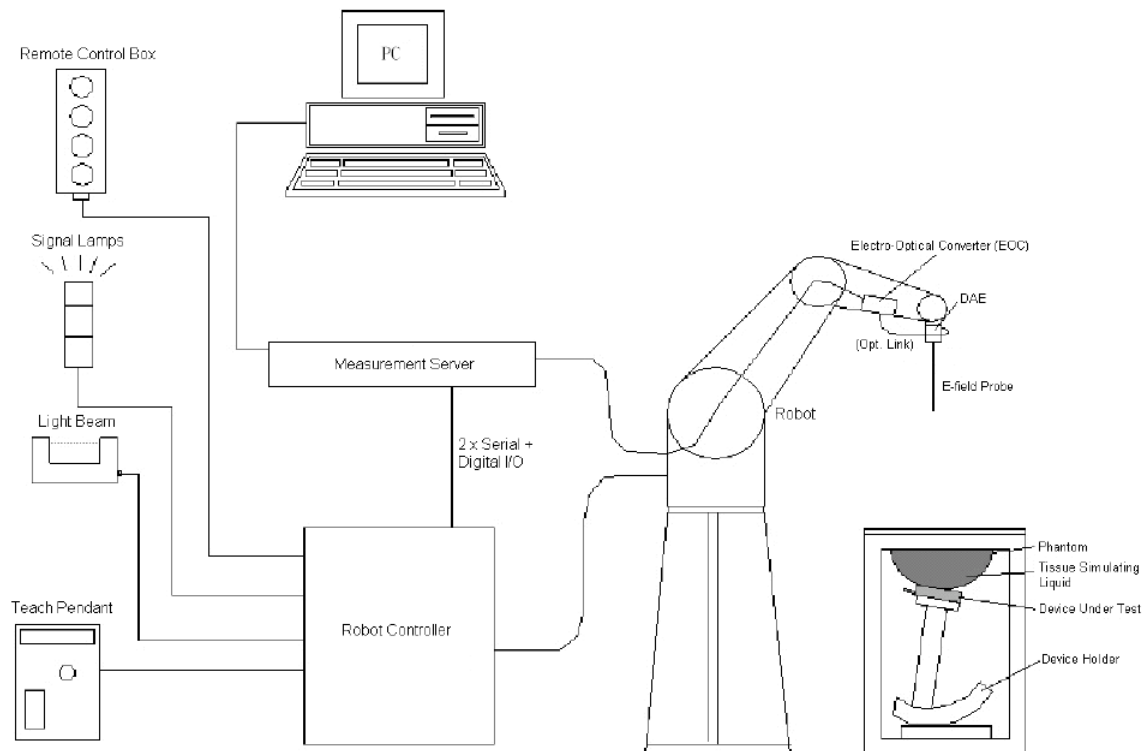
## DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY4 System Description

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY42 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **DASY4 Measurement Server**

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

**EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
<b>Compatibility</b>	DASY3, DASY4, DASY42 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

**SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_ Left hand
- \_ Right hand
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o\_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.





## Robots

The DASY4 system uses the high precision industrial robots RX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

## Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

## Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY4 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

### Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

#### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00



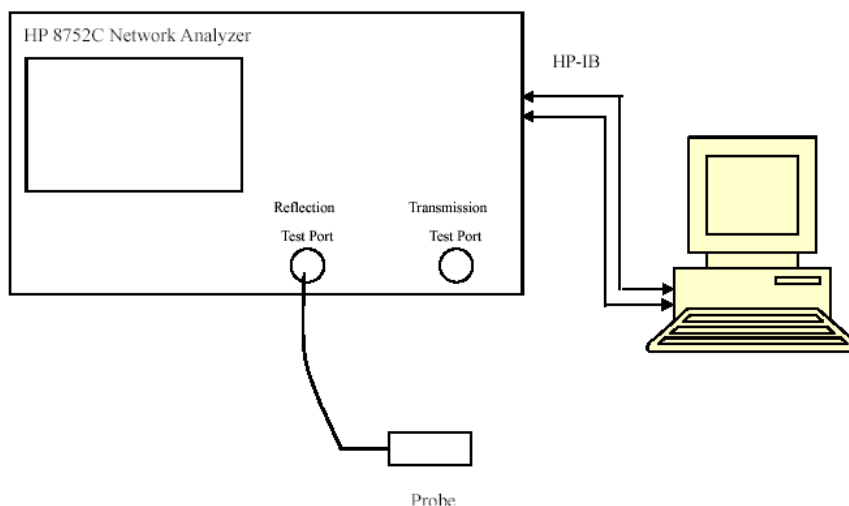
## EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

### Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	5L79A1	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Test Software	DASY4.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	DASY 4.5.12	1180	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	772	2016/10/25	2017/10/24
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7382	2016/10/26	2017/10/25
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1167	2016/11/08	2019/11/07
Dipole, 835 MHz	D835V2	453	2015/08/17	2018/08/16
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1140	2015/07/09	2018/07/08
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/07/14	2018/07/13
Dipole, 2600 MHz	D2600V2	1132	2016/11/10	2019/11/09
Mounting Device	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1909	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	TS-750-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	TS-750-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	TS-1750-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	TS-1750-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz Head	TS-2600-H	N/A	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2600 MHz Body	TS-2600-B	N/A	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2625A00809	2016/10/06	2017/10/05
S-Parameter Test Set	85047A	3033A02428	2016/10/06	2017/10/05
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	SMBV100A	261558	2016/07/04	2017/07/04
Wideband Radio Communication Test	CMU200	103113	2016-11-11	2017-11-10
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	1201.002K50-116218-UY	2016/09/08	2017/09/07
Power Meter	N1912A	MY5000492	2016/11/17	2017/11/16
Power Sensor	N1921A	MY54210024	2016/11/17	2017/11/16
Power Amplifier	10S1G4M1	18060	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	3dB, 150W	N/A	N/A	N/A

## SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
703	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Head	42.82	0.90	42.15	0.89	1.590	1.124	$\pm 5$
707	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Head	43.06	0.90	42.15	0.89	2.159	1.124	$\pm 5$
709	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Head	42.90	0.90	42.15	0.89	1.779	1.124	$\pm 5$
710	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Head	42.79	0.89	42.15	0.89	1.518	0.000	$\pm 5$
711	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Head	42.73	0.89	42.14	0.89	1.400	0.000	$\pm 5$
750	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Head	42.76	0.91	41.94	0.89	1.955	2.247	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-24.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O$ (S/m)	
703	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Body	56.95	0.96	55.69	0.96	2.263	0.000	±5
707	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Body	56.48	0.98	55.69	0.96	1.419	2.083	±5
709	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Body	56.47	0.98	55.69	0.96	1.401	2.083	±5
710	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Body	56.22	0.98	55.69	0.96	0.952	2.083	±5
711	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Body	56.16	0.97	55.68	0.96	0.862	1.042	±5
750	Simulated Tissue 750MHz Body	55.31	0.99	55.53	0.96	-0.396	3.125	±5

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-24.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O$ (S/m)	
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.12	0.92	41.56	0.90	-1.059	2.222	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.45	0.91	41.54	0.90	-0.217	1.111	±5
835	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.25	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.602	1.111	±5
836.5	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.92	0.92	41.50	0.90	1.012	2.222	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.92	0.92	41.50	0.90	1.012	2.222	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	40.36	0.92	41.50	0.91	-2.747	1.099	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Head	41.45	0.92	41.50	0.91	-0.120	1.099	±5

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-23.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O$ (S/m)	
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	56.17	0.96	55.20	0.97	1.757	-1.031	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.67	0.97	55.20	0.97	0.851	0.000	±5
835	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.31	0.99	55.20	0.97	0.199	2.062	±5
836.5	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.65	0.99	55.20	0.97	0.815	2.062	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.65	0.99	55.20	0.97	0.815	2.062	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.31	1.01	55.20	0.98	0.199	3.061	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835MHz Body	55.43	1.01	55.20	0.98	0.417	3.061	±5

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-23.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1712.4	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	39.57	1.38	40.09	1.37	-1.297	0.730	$\pm 5$
1720	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	39.94	1.38	40.07	1.37	-0.324	0.730	$\pm 5$
1732.5	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	40.39	1.37	40.07	1.37	0.799	0.000	$\pm 5$
1732.6	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	40.39	1.37	40.07	1.37	0.799	0.000	$\pm 5$
1745	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	39.93	1.39	40.06	1.38	-0.325	0.725	$\pm 5$
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	39.97	1.41	40.05	1.38	-0.200	2.174	$\pm 5$
1752.6	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Head	40.24	1.40	40.05	1.38	0.474	1.449	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-20.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1712.4	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	53.19	1.48	53.45	1.48	-0.486	0.000	$\pm 5$
1720	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	52.81	1.50	53.42	1.49	-1.142	0.671	$\pm 5$
1732.5	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	53.60	1.52	53.42	1.49	0.337	2.013	$\pm 5$
1732.6	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	53.60	1.52	53.42	1.49	0.337	2.013	$\pm 5$
1745	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	52.91	1.54	53.39	1.50	-0.899	2.667	$\pm 5$
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	53.28	1.52	53.39	1.50	-0.206	1.333	$\pm 5$
1752.6	Simulated Tissue 1750MHz Body	52.88	1.53	53.38	1.50	-0.937	2.000	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-20.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.52	1.44	40.00	1.40	1.300	2.857	$\pm 5$
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.44	1.43	40.00	1.40	1.100	2.143	$\pm 5$
1860	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.14	1.42	40.00	1.40	0.350	1.429	$\pm 5$
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.41	1.44	40.00	1.40	-1.475	2.857	$\pm 5$
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	40.54	1.41	40.00	1.40	1.350	0.714	$\pm 5$
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.67	1.43	40.00	1.40	-0.825	2.143	$\pm 5$
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Head	39.94	1.42	40.00	1.40	-0.150	1.429	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-21.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	53.39	1.53	53.30	1.52	0.169	0.658	$\pm 5$
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	53.95	1.52	53.30	1.52	1.220	0.000	$\pm 5$
1860	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	53.21	1.54	53.30	1.52	-0.169	1.316	$\pm 5$
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.45	1.52	53.30	1.52	-1.595	0.000	$\pm 5$
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	51.95	1.54	53.30	1.52	-2.533	1.316	$\pm 5$
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.34	1.52	53.30	1.52	-1.801	0.000	$\pm 5$
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900MHz Body	52.18	1.53	53.30	1.52	-2.101	0.658	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-21.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
2510	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Head	39.84	1.89	39.12	1.87	1.840	1.070	$\pm 5$
2535	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Head	39.73	1.90	39.09	1.89	1.637	0.529	$\pm 5$
2560	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Head	39.81	1.93	39.06	1.92	1.920	0.521	$\pm 5$
2600	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Head	39.10	1.95	39.01	1.96	0.231	-0.510	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-22.

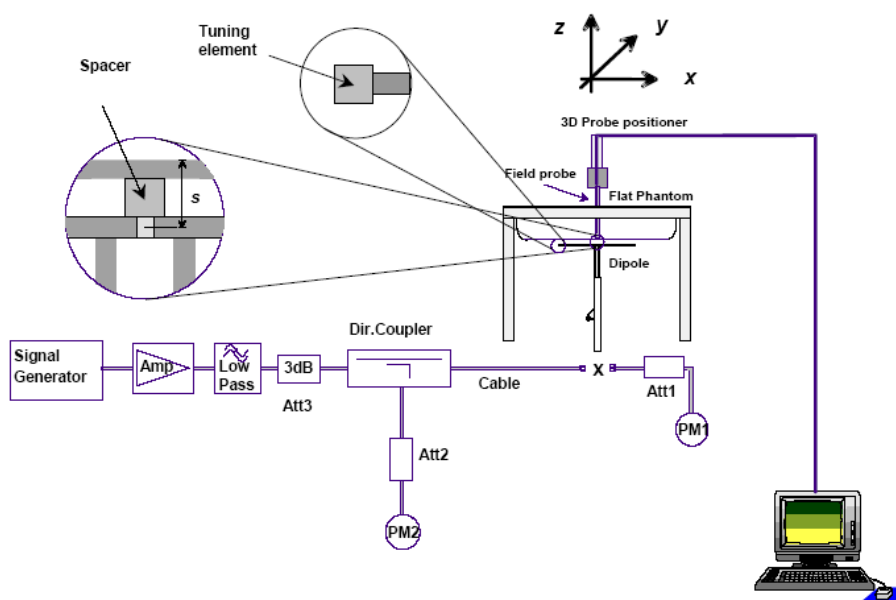
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
2510	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Body	53.40	2.10	52.62	2.04	1.482	2.941	$\pm 5$
2535	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Body	53.08	2.11	52.59	2.07	0.932	1.932	$\pm 5$
2560	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Body	52.86	2.18	52.56	2.11	0.571	3.318	$\pm 5$
2600	Simulated Tissue 2600MHz Body	52.07	2.22	52.51	2.16	-0.838	2.778	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification was performed on 2017-06-22.

## System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



### System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2017-06-24	750	Head	1g	8.45	8.23	2.673	$\pm 10$
2017-06-24	750	Body	1g	8.39	8.58	-2.214	$\pm 10$
2017-06-23	835	Head	1g	9.51	9.43	0.848	$\pm 10$
2017-06-23	835	Body	1g	9.71	9.55	1.675	$\pm 10$
2017-06-20	1750	Head	1g	35.5	36.8	-3.533	$\pm 10$
2017-06-20	1750	Body	1g	36.5	37.2	-1.882	$\pm 10$
2017-06-21	1900	Head	1g	39.5	40.7	-2.948	$\pm 10$
2017-06-21	1900	Body	1g	38.3	40.8	-6.127	$\pm 10$
2017-06-22	2600	Head	1g	58.5	56.1	4.278	$\pm 10$
2017-06-22	2600	Body	1g	55.5	53.9	2.968	$\pm 10$

**Note:**

The power inputted to dipole is 0.1Watt; the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power by multiplying 10 times.

**SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA****DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; S/N: 1167**

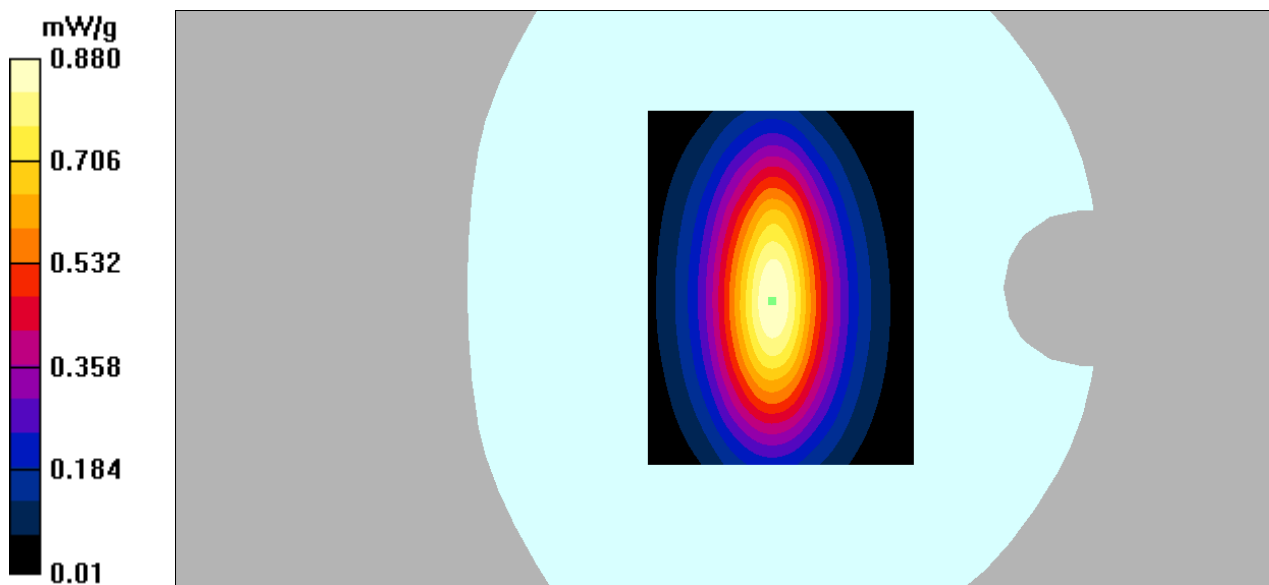
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(11.04, 11.04, 11.04); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**750 Head system check/Area Scan (91x121x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=10\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=10\text{mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.865 \text{ mW/g}$ **750 Head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value =  $36.5 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.032 \text{ dB}$ Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $1.22 \text{ W/kg}$ **SAR(1 g) =  $0.845 \text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.527 \text{ mW/g}$** Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.880 \text{ mW/g}$ 

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; S/N: 1167**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.31$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(10.94, 10.94, 10.94); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**750 Body system check/Area Scan (91x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.907 mW/g

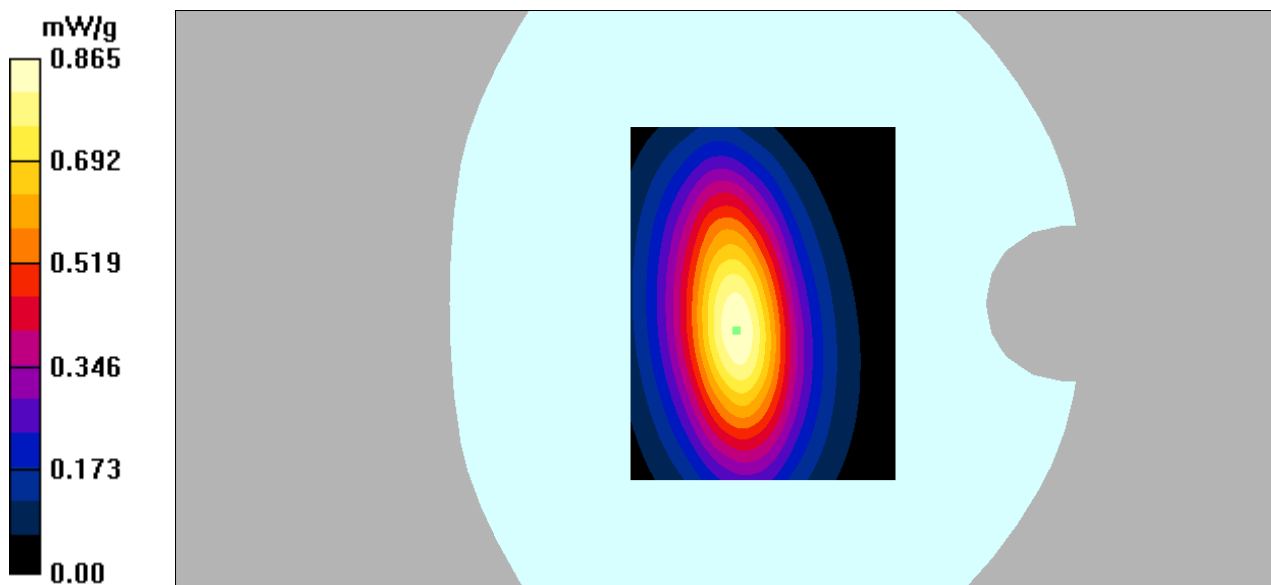
**750 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.839 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.865 mW/g





**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; S/N: 453**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.25$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(10.50, 10.50, 10.50); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**835 Head system check/Area Scan (91x141x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

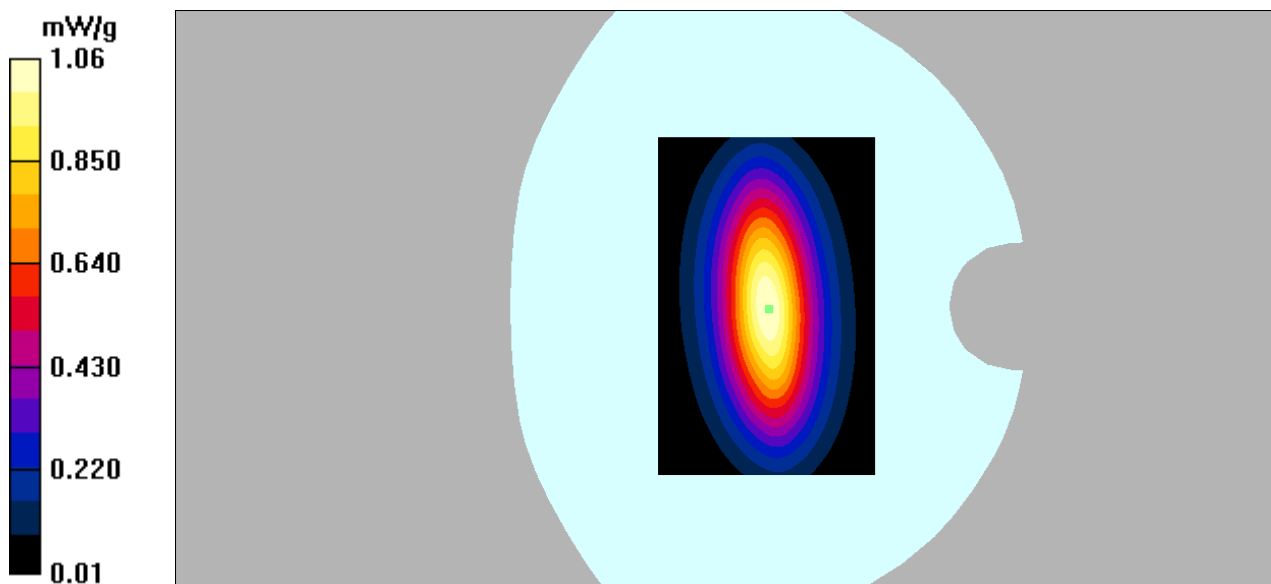
**835 Head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.951 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.611 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; S/N: 453**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.31$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(10.54, 10.54, 10.54); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**835 Body system check/Area Scan (91x141x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=10\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=10\text{mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $1.07 \text{ mW/g}$

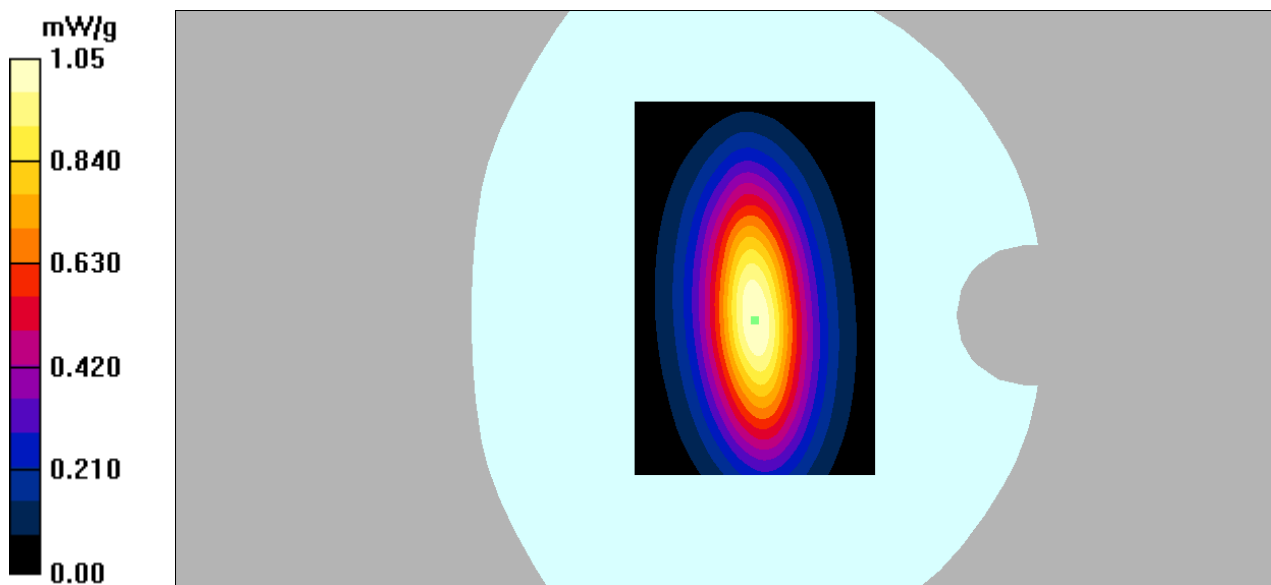
**835 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value =  $35.6 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.132 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $1.52 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.971 \text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.632 \text{ mW/g}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $1.05 \text{ mW/g}$



**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; S/N: 1140**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**1750 Head system check/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.96 mW/g

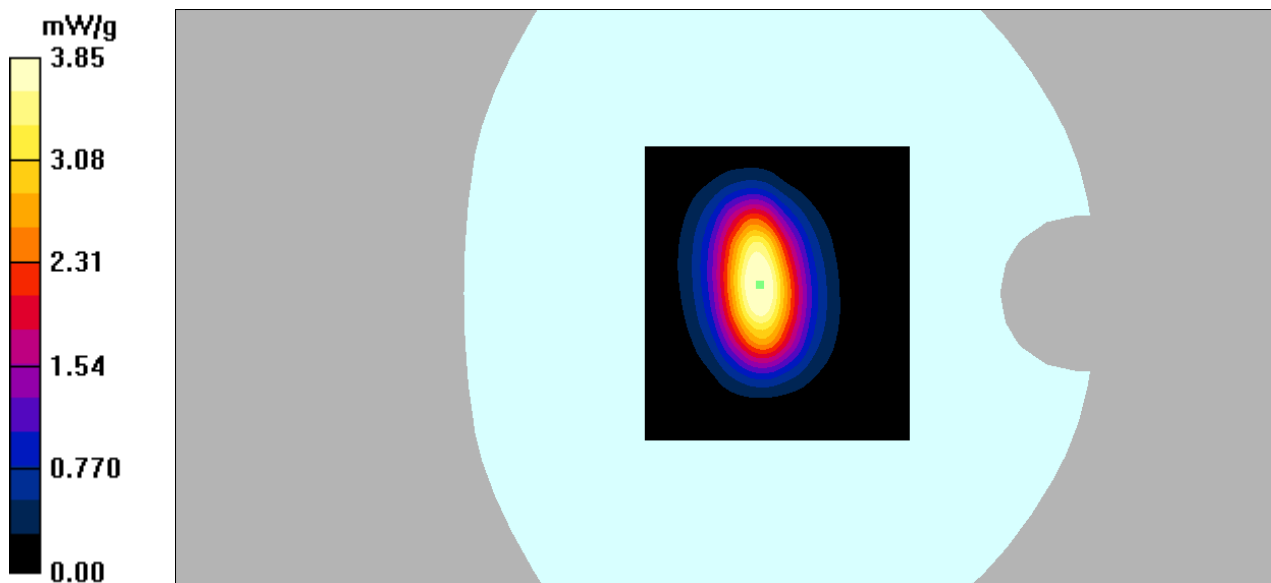
**1750 Head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.44 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.91 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.85 mW/g



**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; S/N: 1140**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(8.65, 8.65, 8.65); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**1750 Body system check/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.97 mW/g

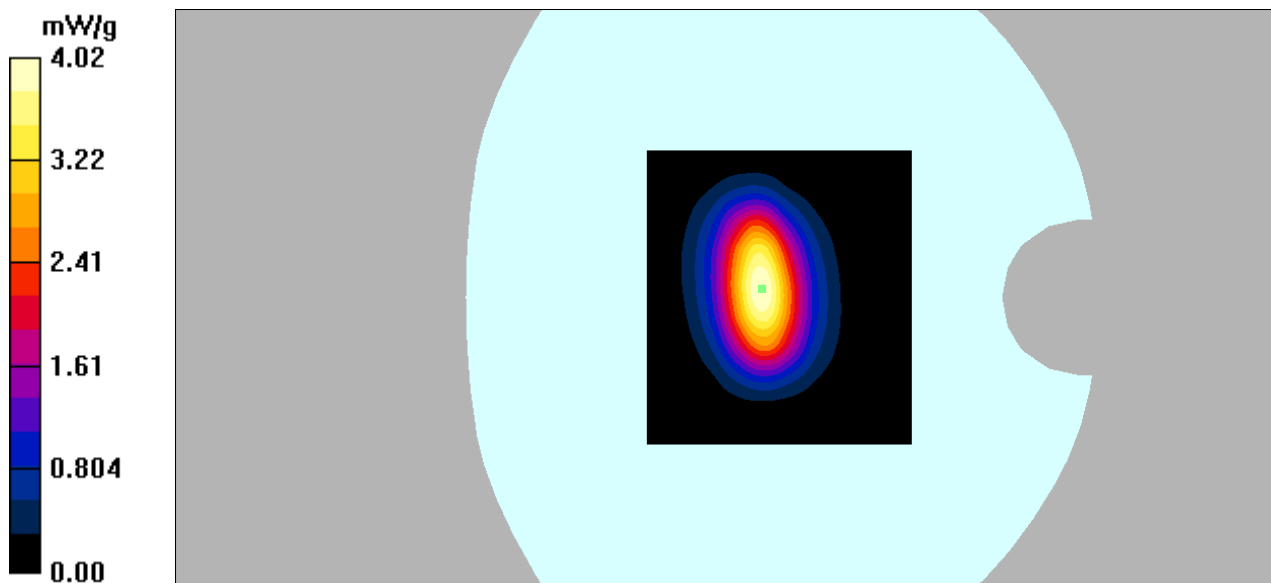
**1750 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.32 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.96 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.02 mW/g



**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; S/N: 5d206**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(8.71, 8.71, 8.71); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**1900 head system check/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.37 mW/g

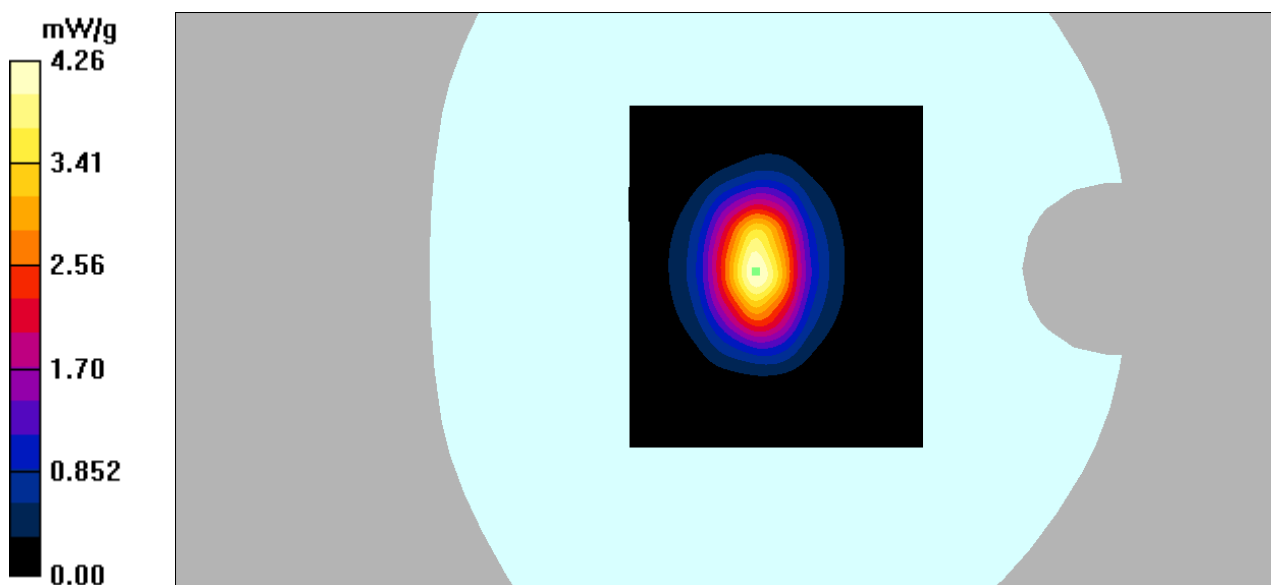
**1900 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.93 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.26 mW/g



**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; S/N: 5d206**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.95$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(8.31, 8.31, 8.31); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**1900 Body system check/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.38 mW/g

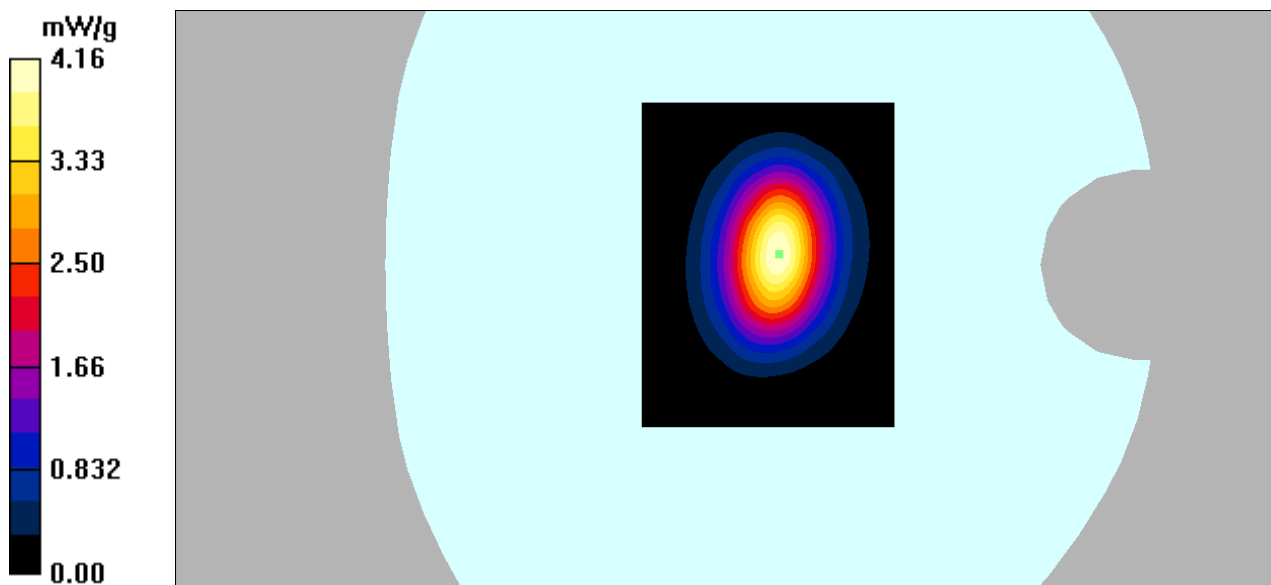
**1900 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.61 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.83 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.16 mW/g



**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; S/N: 1132**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.95$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**2600 head system check/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.44 mW/g

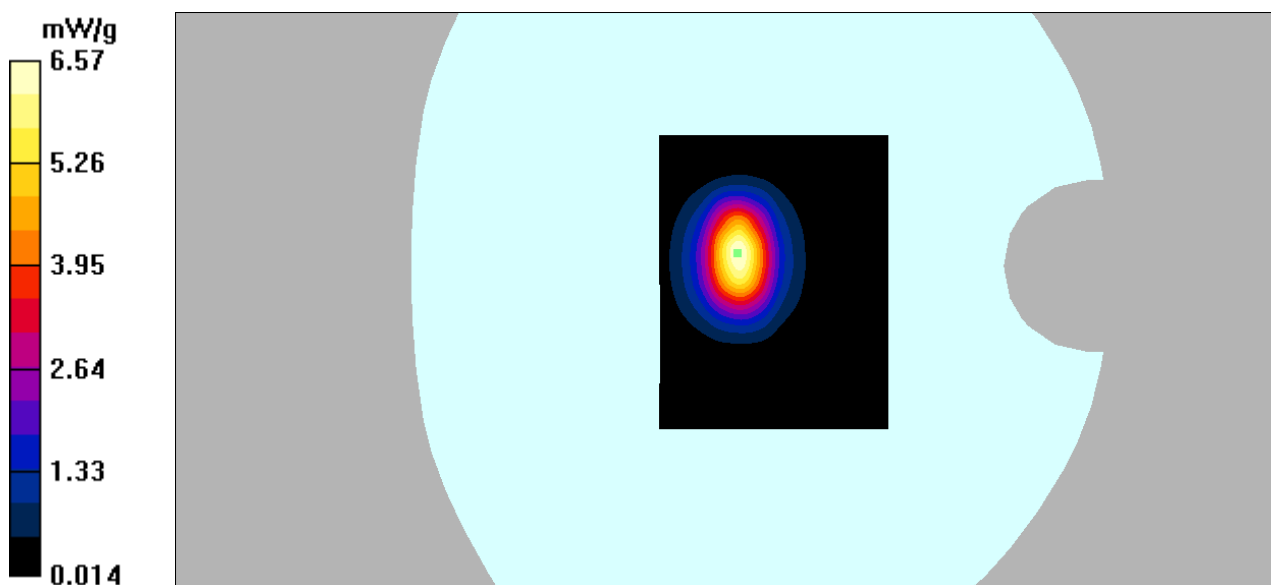
**2600 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.85 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.66 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.57 mW/g



**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; S/N: 1132**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.22$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.07$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7382; ConvF(7.59, 7.59, 7.59); Calibrated: 26/10/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE – SN772; Calibrated: 25/10/2016
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1909
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

**2600 body system check/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.35 mW/g

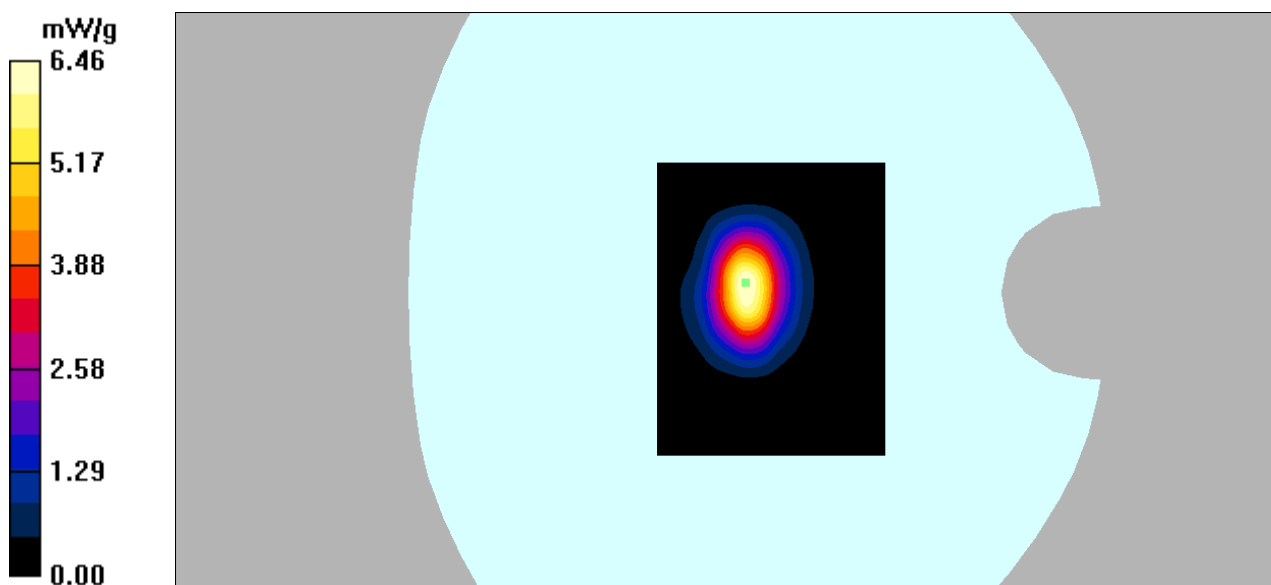
**2600 body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.072 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.56 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.46 mW/g



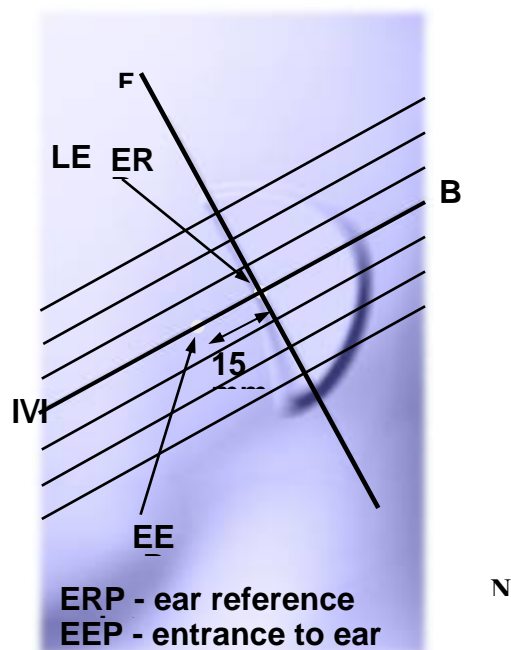
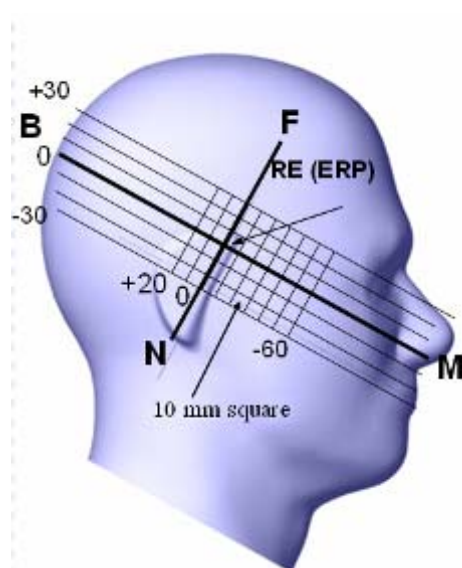


## EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



## Cheek/Touch Position

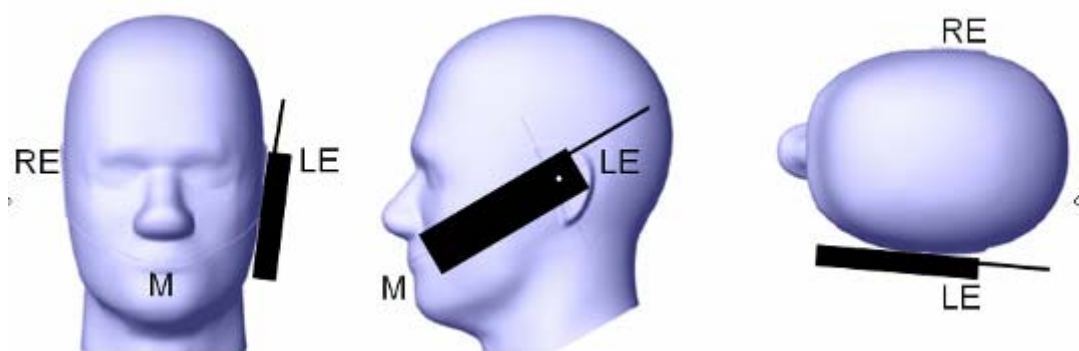
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

### Cheek /Touch Position



## Ear/Tilt Position

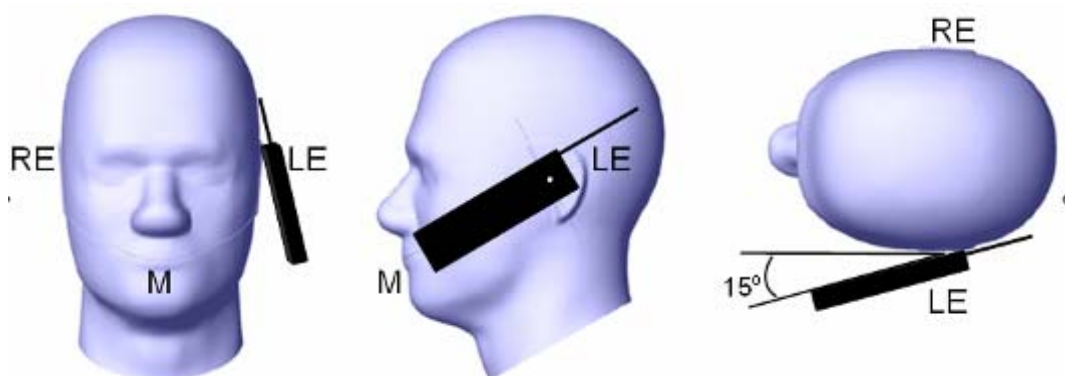
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

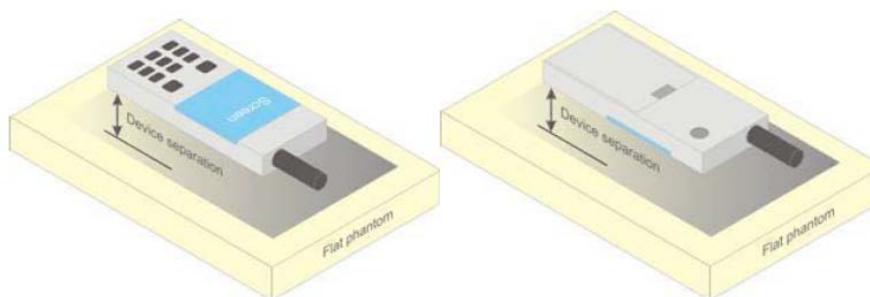
### **Ear /Tilt 15° Position**



### **Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



**Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices**

## SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

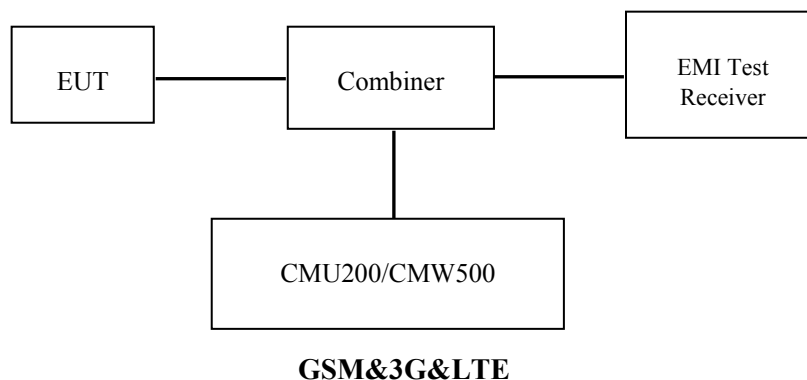
## CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

### Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



### Radio Configuration

#### GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

> 27 dBm for EGPRS 850

> 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desired test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

**WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	$\beta_c / \beta_d$	8/15

**HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode Subset	HSDPA 1	HSDPA 2	HSDPA 3	HSDPA 4
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	$\beta_d$ (SF)	64			
	$\beta_c / \beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15			

**HSPA+**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note 3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}$ (Note 1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ : 30/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ : 30/15	$\beta_{ed3}$ : 24/15 $\beta_{ed4}$ : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ . Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, $MPR = \text{MAX}(CM-1, 0)$ . Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the $\beta_c$ is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default. Note 4: $\beta_{ed}$ can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.											

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	<b>Mode</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>
	<b>Subset</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	$\beta_c$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	$\beta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	$\beta_{hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15				
<b>HSUPA Specific Settings</b>	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		



**Wi-Fi**

For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 13 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	12	2467
6	2437	13	2472
7	2442	/	/

For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 7 and 13

For 802.11n-HT40 mode, 9 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2422	6	2447
2	2427	7	2452
3	2432	8	2457
4	2437	9	2462
5	2442	/	/

EUT was tested with Channel 1, 5 and 9.



**Maximum Output Power among production units**

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)				
Mode/Band		Channel		
		Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	GSM	31.10	31.10	31.10
	GPRS 1 TX Slot	31.20	31.20	31.20
	GPRS 2 TX Slots	30.40	30.40	30.40
	GPRS 3 TX Slots	29.00	29.00	29.00
	GPRS 4 TX Slots	27.60	27.60	27.60
	EGPRS 1 TX Slot	25.50	25.50	25.50
	EGPRS 2 TX Slots	24.00	24.00	24.00
	EGPRS 3 TX Slots	22.10	22.10	22.10
	EGPRS 4 TX Slots	21.00	21.00	21.00
PCS 1900	GSM	28.90	28.90	28.90
	GPRS 1 TX Slot	28.90	28.90	28.90
	GPRS 2 TX Slots	28.00	28.00	28.00
	GPRS 3 TX Slots	26.50	26.50	26.50
	GPRS 4 TX Slots	25.40	25.40	25.40
	EGPRS 1 TX Slot	26.00	26.00	26.00
	EGPRS 2 TX Slots	24.60	24.60	24.60
	EGPRS 3 TX Slots	22.70	22.70	22.70
	EGPRS 4 TX Slots	21.60	21.60	21.60
WCDMA Band 5	Rel 99	22.20	22.20	22.20
	HSDPA	20.90	20.90	20.90
	HSUPA	20.80	20.80	20.80
WCDMA Band 4	Rel 99	22.00	22.00	22.00
	HSDPA	21.00	21.00	21.00
	HSUPA	21.00	21.00	21.00
WCDMA Band 2	Rel 99	21.30	21.30	21.30
	HSDPA	20.80	20.80	20.80
	HSUPA	20.80	20.80	20.80
LTE Band 2		23.20	23.20	23.20
LTE Band 4		24.10	24.10	24.10
LTE Band 7		22.70	22.70	22.70
LTE Band 12		23.50	23.50	23.50
LTE Band 17		23.30	23.30	23.30
WLAN		9.00	9.00	9.00
Bluetooth3.0		7.50	7.50	7.50
BLE		6.50	6.50	6.50

**Test Results:****GSM:**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	824.2	<b>31.09</b>
	836.6	31.07
	848.8	31.09
PCS 1900	1850.2	<b>28.83</b>
	1880.0	28.74
	1909.8	28.64

**GPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.11	30.31	28.87	27.45
	190	836.6	31.10	30.32	28.89	27.56
	251	848.8	31.07	30.29	28.91	27.54
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	28.87	27.90	26.46	25.38
	661	1880	28.76	27.78	26.36	25.31
	810	1909.8	28.68	27.66	26.26	25.25

**EGPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	25.44	23.97	22.07	20.93
	190	836.6	25.46	23.97	22.07	20.90
	251	848.8	25.45	23.94	21.97	20.90
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	25.93	24.57	22.60	21.45
	661	1880	25.83	24.54	22.55	21.54
	810	1909.8	25.70	24.37	22.44	21.23

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

**The time based average power for GPRS**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	22.11	24.31	24.62	24.45
	190	836.6	22.10	24.32	24.64	24.56
	251	848.8	22.07	24.29	<b>24.66</b>	24.54
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	19.87	21.90	22.21	<b>22.38</b>
	661	1880	19.76	21.78	22.11	22.31
	810	1909.8	19.68	21.66	22.01	22.25

**The time based average power for EGPRS**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	16.44	17.97	17.82	17.93
	190	836.6	16.46	<b>17.97</b>	17.82	17.90
	251	848.8	16.45	17.94	17.72	17.90
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	16.93	<b>18.57</b>	18.35	18.45
	661	1880	16.83	18.54	18.30	18.54
	810	1909.8	16.70	18.37	18.19	18.23

**Note:**

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
4. For EGPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 6(850 MHz band) and 5(1900 MHz band).

**Results (12.2kbps RMC)****WCDMA Band 5:**

Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)		
			Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
Normal	RMC12.2k		22.12	22.05	22.13
	HSDPA	1	20.69	20.46	20.69
		2	20.63	20.36	20.60
		3	20.82	20.50	20.75
		4	20.60	20.40	20.63
	HSUPA	1	20.69	20.46	20.70
		2	20.58	20.40	20.64
		3	20.77	20.58	20.73
		4	20.65	20.37	20.61
		5	20.77	20.58	20.79

**WCDMA Band 4:**

Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)		
			Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
Normal	RMC12.2k		21.84	21.98	21.82
	HSDPA	1	20.80	20.85	20.65
		2	20.75	20.72	20.59
		3	20.93	20.93	20.72
		4	20.71	20.77	20.62
	HSUPA	1	20.88	20.86	20.68
		2	20.79	20.82	20.64
		3	20.95	20.92	20.75
		4	20.78	20.73	20.61
		5	20.92	20.96	20.77

**WCDMA Band 2:**

Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)		
			Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
Normal	RMC12.2k		21.12	<b>21.27</b>	21.05
	HSDPA	1	20.63	20.65	20.49
		2	20.55	20.59	20.39
		3	20.71	<b>20.71</b>	20.56
		4	20.51	20.61	20.43
	HSUPA	1	20.66	20.66	20.60
		2	20.55	20.63	20.51
		3	20.72	20.71	20.71
		4	20.55	20.57	20.52
		5	20.72	<b>20.77</b>	20.66

**Note:**

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

**LTE Band 2:**

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1850.7MHz	1880MHz	1909.3MHz
1.4M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.71	23.00	22.54
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	0	0	22.65	22.96	22.51
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	0	0	22.81	<b>23.08</b>	22.66
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.12	22.5	22.17
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	1	1	22.04	22.37	22.07
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	1	1	22.18	22.58	22.25
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.56	21.98	21.67
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.78	22.96	22.73
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	1	1	22.72	22.88	22.65
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	1	1	22.90	23.02	22.79
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.17	22.53	22.27
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	2	2	22.04	22.47	22.16
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	2	2	22.30	22.66	22.35
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.54	21.99	21.63
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1851.5MHz	1880MHz	1908.5MHz
3M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.71	22.92	22.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	0	0	22.67	22.84	22.71
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	0	0	22.84	<b>22.96</b>	22.94
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.12	22.57	22.32
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	1	1	22.01	22.54	22.26
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	1	1	22.18	22.65	22.44
		RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.86	22.03	21.84
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.64	22.92	22.82
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	1	1	22.52	22.85	22.74
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	1	1	22.69	22.96	22.92
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.27	22.51	22.35
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	2	2	22.19	22.47	22.28
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	2	2	22.37	22.62	22.44
		RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.86	22.04	21.76

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1852.5MHz	1880MHz	1907.5MHz
5M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.84	23.00	22.54
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	22.81	22.93	22.44
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.88	23.06	22.64
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.32	22.57	22.37
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	22.20	22.52	22.26
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	22.36	22.63	22.41
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.76	22.01	21.77
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.86	23.01	22.72
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	22.79	22.94	22.61
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.96	<b>23.12</b>	22.83
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.37	22.62	22.43
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	22.27	22.55	22.39
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	22.46	22.67	22.53
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.71	22.10	21.81
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1855MHz	1880MHz	1905MHz
10M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.89	23.08	22.77
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.77	23.00	22.70
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	23.01	<b>23.15</b>	22.88
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.32	22.67	22.46
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	1	1	22.26	22.58	22.36
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.42	22.75	22.58
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.78	22.14	21.84
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.81	23.04	22.74
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.69	22.95	22.64
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	22.91	23.08	22.85
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.14	22.42	22.27
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	2	2	22.03	22.33	22.15
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	2	2	22.21	22.49	22.36
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.45	21.79	21.57

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1857.5MHz	1880MHz	1902.5MHz
15M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.85	23.04	22.92
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	0	0	22.82	22.93	22.80
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	0	0	22.89	<b>23.08</b>	23.04
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.32	22.65	22.42
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	1	1	22.26	22.60	22.36
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	1	1	22.40	22.70	22.54
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.15	22.32	22.04
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.43	22.88	22.34
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	1	1	22.31	22.85	22.29
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	1	1	22.48	22.91	22.41
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.37	22.53	22.36
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	2	2	22.33	22.48	22.24
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	2	2	22.47	22.60	22.40
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.58	21.94	21.63
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1860MHz	1880MHz	1900MHz
20M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.47	22.96	22.54
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	22.37	22.87	22.46
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	0	0	22.57	<b>23.03</b>	22.60
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.32	22.58	22.34
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.21	22.50	22.29
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	1	1	22.42	<b>22.65</b>	22.46
		RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.74	22.05	21.84
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.75	23.11	22.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	22.71	23.03	22.80
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	1	1	22.79	<b>23.18</b>	22.97
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.37	22.64	22.42
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	2	2	22.28	22.58	22.35
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	2	2	22.46	22.69	22.46
		RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.01	22.21	22.05



**LTE Band 4:**

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
1.4M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	23.42	23.77	23.24
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	0	0	23.31	23.72	23.13
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	0	0	23.52	<b>23.88</b>	23.28
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.98	23.25	22.84
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	1	1	22.85	23.21	22.79
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	1	1	23.10	23.29	22.96
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.34	22.79	22.45
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.45	23.76	23.28
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	1	1	23.32	23.71	23.16
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	1	1	23.52	23.82	23.34
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.12	23.32	23.04
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	2	2	23.07	23.23	23.00
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	2	2	23.17	23.44	23.15
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.41	22.79	22.64
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
3M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	23.32	23.75	23.41
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	0	0	23.20	23.69	23.37
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	0	0	23.36	23.84	23.46
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.01	23.27	23.08
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	1	1	22.98	23.19	23.04
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	1	1	23.10	23.33	23.12
		RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.56	22.89	22.45
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.41	23.75	23.47
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	1	1	23.29	23.65	23.35
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	1	1	23.51	<b>23.87</b>	23.53
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.16	23.41	23.21
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	2	2	23.13	23.36	23.09
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	2	2	23.21	23.45	23.27
		RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.46	22.90	22.52

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
5M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	23.47	23.90	23.52
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	23.40	23.79	23.41
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	23.54	23.98	23.63
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.13	23.48	23.25
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	23.03	23.38	23.21
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	23.20	23.52	23.35
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.42	22.88	22.31
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.62	23.90	23.57
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	23.57	23.85	23.46
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	23.73	<b>23.99</b>	23.66
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.24	23.43	23.11
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	23.14	23.34	23.00
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	23.33	23.56	23.18
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.48	22.86	22.54
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1715MHz	1732.5MHz	1750MHz
10M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	23.52	23.88	23.41
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	23.46	23.79	23.37
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	23.65	<b>23.92</b>	23.52
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.16	23.47	23.18
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	1	1	23.05	23.37	23.08
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	1	1	23.24	23.52	23.23
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.34	22.93	22.48
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.56	23.83	23.32
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	23.51	23.80	23.29
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	23.61	23.86	23.36
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.11	23.34	23.04
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	2	2	23.07	23.31	22.98
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	2	2	23.19	23.45	23.13
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.53	22.91	22.46

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
15M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	23.52	23.93	23.42
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	0	0	23.45	23.86	23.38
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	0	0	23.57	<b>24.03</b>	23.47
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.24	23.62	23.31
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	1	1	23.16	23.56	23.28
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	1	1	23.28	23.67	23.38
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.12	23.34	23.05
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.57	23.86	23.49
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	1	1	23.52	23.79	23.38
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	1	1	23.62	23.99	23.59
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.26	23.47	23.17
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	2	2	23.16	23.36	23.04
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	2	2	23.32	23.54	23.26
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.46	22.95	22.65
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1720MHz	1732.5MHz	1745MHz
20M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	23.51	23.81	23.43
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	23.41	23.69	23.32
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	0	0	23.61	<b>23.86</b>	23.49
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.22	23.43	23.13
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	1	1	23.18	23.39	23.08
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	1	1	23.29	<b>23.54</b>	23.19
		RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.42	22.91	22.34
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	23.78	24.03	23.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	23.73	23.95	23.77
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	1	1	23.85	<b>24.06</b>	23.95
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.32	23.65	23.21
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	2	2	23.22	23.56	23.09
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	2	2	23.41	23.69	23.30
		RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	2	2	23.12	23.31	23.16

**LTE Band 7:**

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					2502.5MHz	2535MHz	2567.5MHz
5M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.63	22.18	21.62
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	21.58	22.07	21.50
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	21.76	22.27	21.69
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.26	21.56	21.32
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	21.22	21.52	21.24
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	21.29	21.64	21.40
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	20.68	21.05	20.78
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.76	22.18	21.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.69	22.13	21.73
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.88	<b>22.28</b>	21.91
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.42	21.68	21.39
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	21.37	21.64	21.31
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	21.51	21.72	21.42
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.03	21.13	20.86
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					2505MHz	2535MHz	2565MHz
10M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.94	22.25	21.88
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	21.90	22.16	21.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	22.03	<b>22.33</b>	21.97
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.62	21.84	21.52
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.57	21.71	21.41
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.71	21.89	21.60
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.17	21.31	21.21
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.63	22.14	21.81
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.51	22.01	21.71
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	21.68	22.24	21.84
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.23	21.53	21.34
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	2	2	21.19	21.47	21.26
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	2	2	21.31	21.58	21.37
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	20.63	21.08	20.75

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					2507.5MHz	2535MHz	2562.5MHz
15M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.95	22.58	21.87
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	0	0	21.84	22.49	21.79
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	0	0	22.00	<b>22.62</b>	21.99
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.42	21.87	21.54
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	1	1	21.29	21.79	21.47
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	1	1	21.47	21.93	21.61
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.14	20.9	21.28
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.82	22.14	21.81
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	1	1	21.70	22.06	21.75
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	1	1	21.86	22.26	21.87
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.32	21.63	21.24
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	2	2	21.25	21.54	21.12
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	2	2	21.43	21.70	21.37
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.01	21.23	21.03
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					2510MHz	2535MHz	2560MHz
20M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.88	22.17	21.93
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	21.84	22.07	21.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	0	0	21.92	<b>22.28</b>	22.06
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.37	21.54	21.26
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.28	21.48	21.17
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	1	1	21.46	<b>21.60</b>	21.32
		RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	1	1	20.85	21.09	20.78
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.94	22.33	21.97
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	21.87	22.25	21.93
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	1	1	22.00	<b>22.44</b>	22.07
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.31	21.72	21.43
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	2	2	21.26	21.67	21.37
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	2	2	21.37	21.84	21.48
		RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.01	21.17	21.03

**LTE Band 12:**

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					698.7MHz	707MHz	715.3MHz
1.4M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.54	23.22	22.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	0	0	22.41	23.16	22.74
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	0	0	22.61	<b>23.31</b>	22.90
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.32	22.64	22.24
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	1	1	22.22	22.60	22.14
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	1	1	22.43	22.71	22.29
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.63	21.98	21.57
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.76	23.10	22.89
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	1	1	22.66	23.02	22.77
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	1	1	22.85	23.19	22.95
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.37	22.68	22.46
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	2	2	22.31	22.57	22.34
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	2	2	22.41	22.76	22.59
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.78	22.12	21.86
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					699.5MHz	707MHz	714.5MHz
3M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.79	23.07	22.82
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	0	0	22.73	23.03	22.70
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	0	0	22.32	22.64	22.38
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.27	22.52	22.31
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	1	1	22.38	22.69	22.49
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	1	1	21.87	22.23	21.95
		RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.78	22.09	21.84
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.73	23.07	22.85
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	1	1	22.70	22.95	22.72
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	1	1	22.80	<b>23.13</b>	22.90
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.37	22.69	22.41
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	2	2	22.25	22.62	22.31
		RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	2	2	22.43	22.74	22.53
		RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.03	22.22	22.07

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					700.5MHz	707MHz	713.5MHz
5M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.78	23.15	22.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	22.70	23.08	22.72
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.88	<b>23.26</b>	22.91
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.41	22.61	22.32
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	22.35	22.57	22.25
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	22.52	22.71	22.36
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.03	20.85	21.13
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.74	23.17	22.85
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	22.63	23.07	22.73
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.79	23.25	22.90
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.46	22.68	22.39
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	22.40	22.60	22.29
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	22.52	22.77	22.46
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.78	22.21	21.89
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					703MHz	707MHz	711MHz
10M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.87	23.39	22.96
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.77	23.35	22.90
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	22.97	<b>23.42</b>	23.02
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.04	22.23	22.01
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.97	22.18	21.91
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.13	<b>22.33</b>	22.13
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.15	20.98	21.27
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.84	23.25	22.92
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.77	23.14	22.83
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	22.91	23.30	23.05
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.46	22.84	22.52
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	2	2	22.37	22.76	22.42
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	2	2	22.50	22.92	22.61
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.75	22.10	21.84

**LTE Band 17:**

BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					706.5 MHz	710 MHz	713.5 MHz
5M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.87	23.04	22.97
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	22.82	22.95	22.89
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.98	<b>23.16</b>	23.01
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.42	22.74	22.43
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	22.35	22.67	22.32
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	22.47	22.77	22.48
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.68	22.02	21.72
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.85	23.05	22.91
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	22.76	23.01	22.82
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.95	23.16	23.02
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.47	22.78	22.38
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	22.40	22.75	22.28
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	22.51	22.87	22.50
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.68	22.14	21.75
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Ave Tx Power (dBm)		
					Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					709 MHz	710 MHz	711 MHz
10M	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	22.89	23.18	22.95
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	22.85	23.12	22.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0	0	22.95	<b>23.22</b>	22.99
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.32	22.52	22.24
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	1	1	22.26	22.43	22.20
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.42	<b>22.56</b>	22.36
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.73	22.08	21.78
	16QAM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	22.75	23.13	22.63
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	22.63	23.07	22.57
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	1	1	22.88	<b>23.23</b>	22.74
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	22.37	22.74	22.29
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	2	2	22.26	22.71	22.19
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	2	2	22.50	22.82	22.35
		RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.71	22.05	22.65

**Note:**

1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
2. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
3. KDB941225D05v02- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45$  W/kg



**Bluetooth**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	2402	6.86
	2441	<b>7.06</b>
	2480	6.29
EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2402	5.49
	2441	6.04
	2480	5.08
EDR(8DPSK)	2402	5.79
	2441	6.37
	2480	5.36
BLE	2402	5.74
	2440	6.20
	2480	6.00

**WLAN**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	2412	8.34
	2442	8.01
	2472	7.87
802.11g	2412	8.21
	2442	8.14
	2472	7.24
802.11n HT20	2412	8.39
	2442	8.28
	2472	7.18
802.11n HT40	2422	<b>8.56</b>
	2442	8.00
	2462	8.02

## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

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This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22.2-23.5 °C	21.8-24.1 °C	21.8-22.7 °C	21.8-23.1 °C	22.0-23.5 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	66 %	58 %	52 %	57 %	51 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	1011 mbar	1006 mbar	1005 mbar	1007 mbar	1006 mbar
<b>Test Date:</b>	2017-06-20	2017-06-21	2017-06-22	2017-06-23	2017-06-24

*Testing was performed by Jack Xu, Apple Wu, Judy Huang.*

### Hot-Spot

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

**KDB 648474:** DUT to the limitation of the SAM phantom, the flat phantom was used to stimulate Head SAR test, under section 10.

**GSM 850:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	31.07	31.10	1.007	0.157	<b>0.158</b>	1#
Body-Worn-Back (10mm)	836.6	GSM	31.07	31.10	1.007	0.233	0.235	2#
Hotspot-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.89	29.00	1.026	0.417	<b>0.428</b>	3#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.89	29.00	1.026	0.240	0.246	4#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.89	29.00	1.026	0.284	0.291	5#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.89	29.00	1.026	0.147	0.151	6#

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

**PCS 1900:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	1880	GSM	28.74	28.90	1.038	0.037	<b>0.038</b>	7#
Body-Worn-Back (10mm)	1880	GSM	28.74	28.90	1.038	0.179	0.186	8#
Hotspot-Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	25.31	25.40	1.021	0.197	<b>0.201</b>	9#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1880	GPRS	25.31	25.40	1.021	0.00692	0.007	10#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1880	GPRS	25.31	25.40	1.021	0.055	0.056	11#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1880	GPRS	25.31	25.40	1.021	0.172	0.176	12#

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

**WCDMA Band 5:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.20	1.035	0.121	<b>0.125</b>	13#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.20	1.035	0.325	<b>0.336</b>	14#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.20	1.035	0.105	0.109	15#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.20	1.035	0.127	0.131	16#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.20	1.035	0.068	0.070	17#

**WCDMA Band 4:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	1732.6	RMC	21.98	22.00	1.005	0.143	<b>0.144</b>	18#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	21.98	22.00	1.005	0.352	<b>0.354</b>	19#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	21.98	22.00	1.005	0.105	0.105	20#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	21.98	22.00	1.005	0.115	0.116	21#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	21.98	22.00	1.005	0.319	0.320	22#

**WCDMA Band 2:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	1880	RMC	21.27	21.30	1.007	0.130	<b>0.131</b>	23#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	1880	RMC	21.27	21.30	1.007	0.408	<b>0.411</b>	24#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	21.27	21.30	1.007	0.00993	0.010	25#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	1880	RMC	21.27	21.30	1.007	0.094	0.095	26#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	21.27	21.30	1.007	0.362	0.365	27#

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is  $< 75\%$  of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

**LTE Band 2:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	1860	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.03	23.20	1.040	0.092	<b>0.096</b>	28#
	1900	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB, Offset=49	22.65	23.20	1.135	0.069	0.078	29#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10 mm)	1860	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.03	23.20	1.040	0.345	0.359	30#
	1900	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB, Offset=49	22.65	23.20	1.135	0.349	<b>0.396</b>	31#
Hotspot-Left (10 mm)	1860	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.03	23.20	1.040	0.017	0.018	32#
	1900	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB, Offset=49	22.65	23.20	1.135	0.013	0.015	33#
Hotspot-Right (10 mm)	1860	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.03	23.20	1.040	0.074	0.077	34#
	1900	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB, Offset=49	22.65	23.20	1.135	0.041	0.047	35#
Hotspot-Bottom (10 mm)	1860	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.03	23.20	1.040	0.237	0.246	36#
	1900	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB, Offset=49	22.65	23.20	1.135	0.226	0.257	37#

**LTE Band 4:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	1720	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.86	24.10	1.057	0.116	<b>0.123</b>	38#
	1745	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=49	23.54	24.10	1.138	0.072	0.082	39#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10 mm)	1720	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.86	24.10	1.057	0.184	0.194	40#
	1745	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=49	23.54	24.10	1.138	0.190	<b>0.216</b>	41#
Hotspot-Left (10 mm)	1720	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.86	24.10	1.057	0.065	0.069	42#
	1745	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=49	23.54	24.10	1.138	0.052	0.059	43#
Hotspot-Right (10 mm)	1720	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.86	24.10	1.057	0.080	0.085	44#
	1745	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=49	23.54	24.10	1.138	0.057	0.065	45#
Hotspot-Bottom (10 mm)	1720	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=99	23.86	24.10	1.057	0.139	0.147	46#
	1745	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=49	23.54	24.10	1.138	0.150	0.171	47#



**LTE Band 7:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	2510	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB, Offset=99	22.28	22.70	1.102	0.104	<b>0.115</b>	48#
	2560	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB, Offset=49	21.6	22.70	1.288	0.075	0.097	49#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	2510	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB, Offset=99	22.28	22.70	1.102	0.104	<b>0.115</b>	50#
	2560	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB, Offset=49	21.6	22.70	1.288	0.085	0.110	51#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	2510	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB, Offset=99	22.28	22.70	1.102	0.013	0.014	52#
	2560	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB, Offset=49	21.6	22.70	1.288	0.00524	0.007	53#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	2510	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB, Offset=99	22.28	22.70	1.102	0.021	0.023	54#
	2560	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB, Offset=49	21.6	22.70	1.288	0.015	0.019	55#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	2510	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB, Offset=99	22.28	22.70	1.102	0.051	0.056	56#
	2560	20	1RB, Offset=99	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB, Offset=49	21.6	22.70	1.288	0.047	0.061	57#

**LTE Band 12:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	703	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.42	23.50	1.019	0.00828	0.008	58#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.33	23.50	1.309	0.00807	<b>0.011</b>	59#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10 mm)	703	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.42	23.50	1.019	0.026	<b>0.026</b>	60#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.33	23.50	1.309	0.019	0.025	61#
Hotspot-Left (10 mm)	703	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.42	23.50	1.019	0.016	0.016	62#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.33	23.50	1.309	0.012	0.016	63#
Hotspot-Right (10 mm)	703	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.42	23.50	1.019	0.022	0.022	64#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.33	23.50	1.309	0.017	0.022	65#
Hotspot-Bottom (10 mm)	703	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.42	23.50	1.019	0.011	0.011	66#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.33	23.50	1.309	0.00818	0.011	67#

**LTE Band 17:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Cheek	709	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.22	23.30	1.019	0.011	<b>0.011</b>	68#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.56	23.30	1.186	0.00961	0.011	69#
Hotspot& Body-Worn (10mm)	709	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.22	23.30	1.019	0.025	<b>0.025</b>	70#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.56	23.30	1.186	0.020	0.024	71#
Hotspot-Left (10mm)	709	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.22	23.30	1.019	0.013	0.013	72#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.56	23.30	1.186	0.011	0.013	73#
Hotspot-Right (10mm)	709	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.22	23.30	1.019	0.019	0.019	74#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.56	23.30	1.186	0.016	0.019	75#
Hotspot-Bottom (10mm)	709	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	710	10	1RB, Offset=49	23.22	23.30	1.019	0.011	0.011	76#
	711	10	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/
	709	10	50%RB, Offset=24	22.56	23.30	1.186	0.00818	0.010	77#

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45\text{ W/kg}$
4. The procedures required for 1 RB allocation are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation
5. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is  $< 1.45\text{ W/kg}$ , tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
6. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ .
7. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth (20M) and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

## SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

#### Head

Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
			Original	Repeated	
/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Body

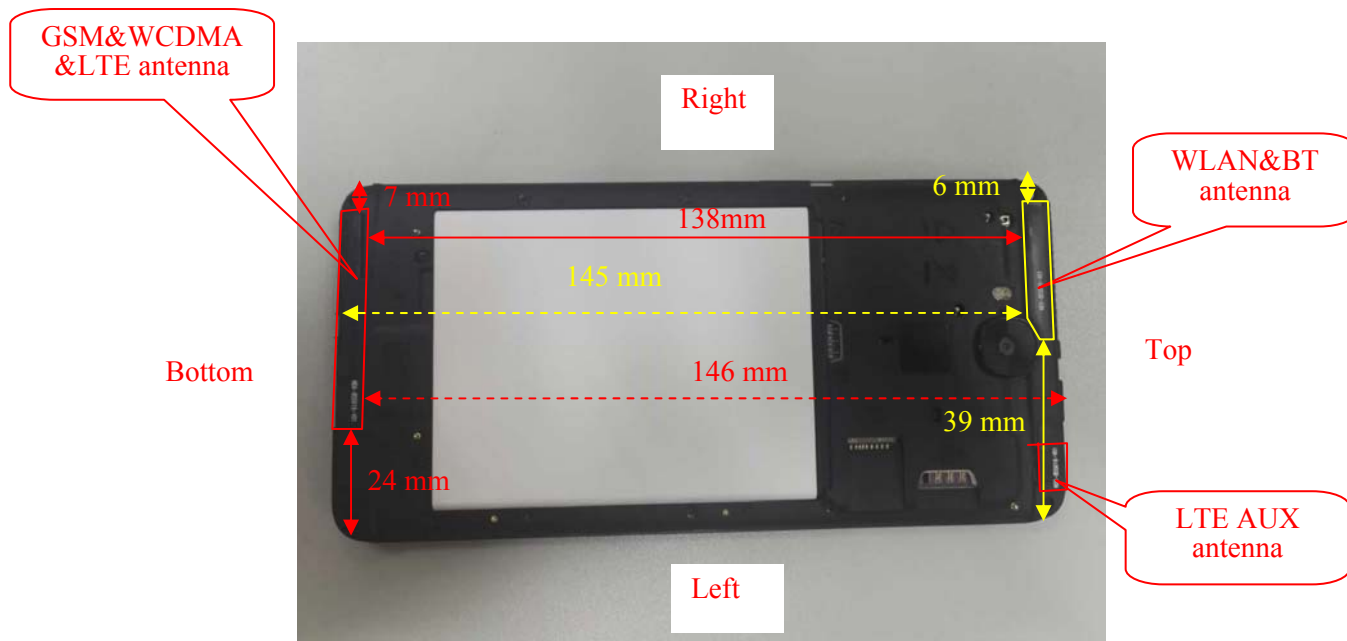
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
			Original	Repeated	
/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not  $> 1.20$ .

## SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Bluetooth & WLAN and GSM&3G&LTE Antennas Location:



### Antenna Distance To Edge :

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)					
Mode	Left	Right	Back	Top	Bottom
GSM/3G/LTE Antenna	23	7	< 5	146	< 5
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	39	6	< 5	< 5	145

### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + LTE	×	×	0
LTE + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	138
GSM + WLAN	√	√	138
WCDMA + Bluetooth	√	×	138
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	138
LTE + Bluetooth	√	×	138
LTE + WLAN	√	√	138

**Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations**

Mode	Position	Max tune-up power		Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
		(dBm)	(mW)				
Bluetooth	Head	7.50	5.623	0	1.8	3	Yes
Bluetooth	Body-Worn	7.50	5.623	10	0.9	3	Yes
WLAN	Head	9.00	7.943	0	2.5	3	Yes
WLAN	Body	9.00	7.943	10	1.2	3	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

**SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result**

SAR Test Exclusion for the EUT Edges Considerations						
Mode	Left	Right	Front	Back	Top	Bottom
GSM/3G/LTE Antenna	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exemption	Required
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	Exemption	Exclusion*	Exclusion	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exemption

**Note:**

**Required:** The distance is less than 25mm, the SAR test is required as Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations table.

**Exemption:** The distance is more than 25mm, according to KDB 941225 D06, the Standalone SAR test is not required.

**Exclusion:** In normal operation mode, the Edge(s) will not be touched by the users directly, so SAR test is not consideration.

**Exclusion\*:** SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above.

**Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Position	Max tune-up power		Distance (mm)	Estimated <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)
		(dBm)	(mW)		
Bluetooth	Head	7.50	5.623	0	0.236
Bluetooth	Body-Worn	7.50	5.623	10	0.118
WLAN	Head	9.00	7.943	0	0.333
WLAN	Body	9.00	7.943	10	0.167

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including } \textbf{tune-up tolerance}, \text{ mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}/x]$   
W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

**Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.158	0.236	0.394
	Body Worn Back	0.235	0.118	0.353
PCS1900 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.038	0.236	0.274
	Body Worn Back	0.186	0.118	0.304
WCDMA Band 5 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.125	0.236	0.361
	Body Back	0.336	0.118	0.454
WCDMA Band 4 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.144	0.236	0.38
	Body Back	0.354	0.118	0.472
WCDMA Band 2 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.131	0.236	0.367
	Body Back	0.411	0.118	0.529
LTE Band 2 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.096	0.236	0.332
	Body Worn Back	0.396	0.118	0.514
LTE Band 4 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.123	0.236	0.359
	Body Worn Back	0.216	0.118	0.334
LTE Band 7 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.115	0.236	0.351
	Body Back	0.115	0.118	0.233
LTE Band 12 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.011	0.236	0.247
	Body Back	0.026	0.118	0.144
LTE Band 17 + Bluetooth	Head Cheek	0.011	0.236	0.247
	Body Back	0.025	0.118	0.143



Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.158	0.333	<b>0.491</b>
	Body Worn Back	0.235	0.167	0.402
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.428	0.167	<b>0.595</b>
	Hotspot-Left	0.246	0.167	0.413
	Hotspot-Right	0.291	0.167	0.458
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.151	0.167	0.318
PCS1900 + WLAN	Head Cheek	0.038	0.333	0.371
	Body Worn Back	0.186	0.167	0.353
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.201	0.167	0.368
	Hotspot-Left	0.007	0.167	0.174
	Hotspot-Right	0.056	0.167	0.223
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.176	0.167	0.343
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.125	0.333	0.458
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.336	0.167	0.503
	Hotspot-Left	0.109	0.167	0.276
	Hotspot-Right	0.131	0.167	0.298
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.07	0.167	0.237
WCDMA Band 4+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.144	0.333	0.477
WCDMA Band 4+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.354	0.167	0.521
	Hotspot-Left	0.105	0.167	0.272
	Hotspot-Right	0.116	0.167	0.283
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.32	0.167	0.487
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.131	0.333	0.464
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.411	0.167	0.578
	Hotspot-Left	0.010	0.167	0.177
	Hotspot-Right	0.095	0.167	0.262
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.365	0.167	0.532

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
LTE Band 2+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.096	0.333	0.429
LTE Band 2 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.396	0.167	0.563
	Hotspot-Left	0.018	0.167	0.185
	Hotspot-Right	0.077	0.167	0.244
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.257	0.167	0.424
LTE Band 4 + WLAN	Head Cheek	0.123	0.333	0.456
LTE Band 4 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.216	0.167	0.383
	Hotspot-Left	0.069	0.167	0.236
	Hotspot-Right	0.085	0.167	0.252
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.171	0.167	0.338
LTE Band 7+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.115	0.333	0.448
LTE Band 7+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.115	0.167	0.282
	Hotspot-Left	0.014	0.167	0.181
	Hotspot-Right	0.023	0.167	0.19
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.061	0.167	0.228
LTE Band 12+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.011	0.333	0.344
LTE Band 12+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.026	0.167	0.193
	Hotspot-Left	0.016	0.167	0.183
	Hotspot-Right	0.022	0.167	0.189
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.011	0.167	0.178
LTE Band 17+ WLAN	Head Cheek	0.011	0.333	0.344
LTE Band 17+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Hotspot-Back	0.025	0.167	0.192
	Hotspot-Left	0.013	0.167	0.18
	Hotspot-Right	0.019	0.167	0.186
	Hotspot-Bottom	0.011	0.167	0.178

**Note:**

1. Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.
2. Hotspot Mode is not feasible during voice calls.

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

## **Appendixes**

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

**APPENDIX A SAR plots.**

**APPENDIX B PROBE & DIPOLES CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES.**

**APPENDIX C TEST POSITION PHOTOS.**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***