# **FCC SAR Test Report**

**APPLICANT** : CT Asia

**EQUIPMENT** : Smartphone

**BRAND NAME** : BLU

: Speed 4.7 LTE MODEL NAME

**FCC ID** : YHLBLUSPEED47

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

**Report No. : FA511702** 

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



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## **Revision History**

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA511702	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 24, 2015

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### 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia, Smartphone, Speed 4.7 LTE** are as follows.

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	Highest SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.15	0.25	0.25	
	GSM1900	0.17	0.18	0.18	
	WCDMA Band V	0.17	0.32	0.32	
PCE	WCDMA Band IV	0.23	0.39	0.39	0.72
PUE	WCDMA Band II	0.40	0.42	0.42	0.72
	LTE Band 17	0.16	0.30	0.30	
	LTE Band 4	0.25	0.43	0.43	
	LTE Band 7	0.21	0.52	0.72	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.72
Date o	of Testing:	Mar. 11, 2015 ~ Mar. 15, 2015			)15

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

### 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.					
	1F & 2F,Building A, Morning Business Center, No. 4003 ShiGu Rd., Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China				
Test Site Location	TEL: +86-755-8637-9589				
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<b>Applicant</b>			
Company Name	CT Asia		
Address	Unit 01, 15/F, Seaview Centre, 139-141 Hoi bun road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hongkong		

Manufacturer			
Company Name	Tinno Mobile Technology Corp.		
Address	4/F, H-3 Building, OCT Eastern industrial Park, No.1 XiangShan East Road., Nan Shan District, Shenzhen, P.R. China		

## 3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

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## 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

## 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification						
Equipment Name	Smartphone					
Brand Name	BLU					
Model Name	peed 4.7 LTE					
FCC ID	'HLBLUSPEED47					
IMEI Code	004433060000006					
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz					
Mode	•GSM/GPRS/EGPRS •RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps •HSDPA •HSUPA •HSPA+ (Downlink Only) •LTE: QPSK, 16QAM •802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 •Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE					
HW Version	V1.0					
SW Version	S8515_BLU_V01					
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.					
EUT Stage	Pre-Production					
B						

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### Remark:

- 1. This device 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation.
- The EUT do not support DTM function.
   This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 4. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12.

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## 4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)		
Wode	GSM 850	GSM 1900	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.00	30.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.00	30.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.00	27.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.00	25.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.00	24.50	
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.00	26.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	24.00	23.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	22.00	21.00	
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	21.00	20.00	

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Mode	Average power (dBm)			
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV	
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.50	24.00	23.50	
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.50	24.00	23.50	
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.50	23.00	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.50	23.00	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.50	23.00	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.50	23.00	23.00	
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	21.00	21.00	
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.00	21.00	21.00	
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	22.00	22.00	
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.00	21.00	21.00	
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.50	23.00	23.00	



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LTE Band 4					
Average Power (dBm)					
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power	
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	23.5	
QPSK	20	> 18	1	22.5	
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	22.5	
16QAM	20	> 18	2	21.5	
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	23.5	
QPSK	15	> 16	1	22.5	
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	22.5	
16QAM	15	> 16	2	21.5	
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5	
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5	
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5	
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5	
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5	
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5	
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5	
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5	
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	23.5	
QPSK	3	> 4	1	22.5	
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	22.5	
16QAM	3	> 4	2	21.5	
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	23.5	
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	22.5	
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	22.5	
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	21.5	

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LTE Band 7							
	Average Power (dBm)						
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power			
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	22.5			
QPSK	20	> 18	1	21.5			
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	21.5			
16QAM	20	> 18	2	20.5			
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	22.5			
QPSK	15	> 16	1	21.5			
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	21.5			
16QAM	15	> 16	2	20.5			
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	22.5			
QPSK	10	> 12	1	21.5			
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	21.5			
16QAM	10	> 12	2	20.5			
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	22.5			
QPSK	5	> 8	1	21.5			
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	21.5			
16QAM	5	> 8	2	20.5			

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LTE Band 17							
	Average Power (dBm)						
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power			
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5			
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5			
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5			
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5			
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5			
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5			
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5			
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5			

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Мс	de	Maximum Average Power (dBm)
	802.11b	16.5
2.4GHz	802.11g	14.5
2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT20	13.0
	802.11n-HT40	13.0
Bluetooth	v3.0+EDR	7.0
Bluetootl	1 v4.0 LE	6.5

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## 4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized r	1ec	essary items	address	sed in KI	DB 941	225 D05	v02r03			
FCC ID	ΥH	LBLUSPEED	)47							
Equipment Name	Sm	artphone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE	E Band 17: 70 E Band 4: 17 <sup>.</sup> E Band 7: 250	10.7 MHz	~ 1754.3	3 MHz					
Channel Bandwidth	1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz (LTE Band4) 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz (LTE Band7) 5MHz, 10MHz (LTE Band17)									
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM									
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Da	ta only								
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design		Table Modulation					PR) for Pov bandwidth		MPR (dB)	
		QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM	>5 ≤5 >5	> 4 ≤ 4 > 4	>8 ≤8 >8	> 12 ≤ 12 > 12	> 16 ≤ 16 > 16	> 18 ≤ 18 > 18	≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2	
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_0 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting or all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)									
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	mė	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power neasurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.								

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							LTE Ba	nd 17							
			Bandwid	th 5 MHz			212 24	Bandwidth 10 MHz							
		Channe	l #	F	req.(	MHz	:)	Channel #				Freq. (MHz)			
L		23755	5		706	3.5		23780				709			
M		23790		710				23790					710		
Н		23825	5	713.5					238	300			711		
						LTE Band 4									
		idth 1.4 Hz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandw			Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidt			h 15 MHz Bandwi		dth 20 MHz		
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre (Mi	eq. Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	19957	1710.7	7 19965	1711.5	199	975	1712.5	20000	17	15	20025	1717.5	20050	1720	
M	20175	1732.	5 20175	1732.5	201	75	1732.5	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	
Н	20393	1754.3	3 20385	1753.5	203	375	1752.5	20350	17	50	20325	1747.5	20300	1745	
							LTE Ba	and 7							
	Ban	dwidth	5 MHz	Band	dwidth	h 10	MHz	Band	dwidt	h 15	MHz	Band	dwidth 20	) MHz	
	Ch. #	ŧ F	req. (MHz)	Ch. #	ŧ	Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	ŧ	Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	f Fr	eq. (MHz)	
L	2077	5	2502.5	20800	)		2505	20825	5	2	2507.5	20850	)	2510	
M	21100	)	2535	21100	)		2535	21100	)		2535	21100	)	2535	
Н	2142	5	2567.5	21400	)		2565	21375	5	2	2562.5	21350		2560	

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### 5. RF Exposure Limits

### 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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## 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

### 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
   AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one

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### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$				
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### 9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medal	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	May 16, 2014	May 15, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	Mar. 25, 2013	Mar. 23, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	Mar. 27, 2013	Mar. 25, 2016
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	Mar. 27, 2013	Mar. 25, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	Mar. 26, 2013	Mar. 24, 2015
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Mar. 26, 2013	Mar. 24, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Apr. 23, 2014	Apr. 22, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 13, 2014	Nov. 12, 2015
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Jul. 17, 2014	Jul. 16, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101362	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	No	te1

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### **General Note:**

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r03, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole D835V2, SN: 4d151, D1750V2, SN: 1090, D1900V2, SN: 5d170, D2450V2, SN: 908, D2600V2, SN: 1061 can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

## 10. System Verification

## 10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ɛr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

1113346		iiic i a	ameter Ch	CON INCOMI	.5-					
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.878	40.673	0.89	41.90	-1.35	-2.93	±5	2015/3/15
835	Head	22.7	0.897	41.605	0.90	41.50	-0.33	0.25	±5	2015/3/15
1750	Head	22.8	1.380	41.322	1.37	40.10	0.73	3.05	±5	2015/3/14
1750	Head	22.6	1.382	39.890	1.37	40.10	0.88	-0.52	±5	2015/3/15
1900	Head	22.6	1.417	40.994	1.40	40.00	1.21	2.49	±5	2015/3/14
2450	Head	22.8	1.829	40.081	1.80	39.20	1.61	2.25	±5	2015/3/15
2600	Head	22.7	2.055	38.321	1.96	39.00	4.85	-1.74	±5	2015/3/15
750	Body	22.7	0.97	54.646	0.96	55.50	1.04	-1.54	±5	2015/3/13
835	Body	22.8	1.000	54.086	0.97	55.20	3.09	-2.02	±5	2015/3/14
1750	Body	22.6	1.526	52.619	1.49	53.40	2.42	-1.46	±5	2015/3/13
1900	Body	22.7	1.512	53.903	1.52	53.30	-0.53	1.13	±5	2015/3/14
2450	Body	22.7	2.001	52.089	1.95	52.70	2.62	-1.16	±5	2015/3/15
2600	Body	22.8	2.165	53.823	2.16	52.50	0.23	2.52	±5	2015/3/11

### 10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/3/15	750	Head	250	1012	3819	1303	2.22	8.12	8.88	9.36
2015/3/15	835	Head	250	4d151	3819	1303	2.41	9.49	9.64	1.58
2015/3/14	1750	Head	250	1090	3819	1303	9.67	36.90	38.68	4.82
2015/3/15	1750	Head	250	1090	3819	1303	9.64	36.90	38.56	4.50
2015/3/14	1900	Head	250	5d170	3819	1303	10.80	40.20	43.2	7.46
2015/3/15	2450	Head	250	908	3819	1303	13.10	54.00	52.4	-2.96
2015/3/15	2600	Head	250	1061	3819	1303	13.72	58.60	54.88	-6.35
2015/3/13	750	Body	250	1012	3819	1303	2.34	8.65	9.36	8.21
2015/3/14	835	Body	250	4d151	3819	1303	2.42	9.43	9.68	2.65
2015/3/13	1750	Body	250	1090	3819	1303	10.30	38.10	41.2	8.14
2015/3/14	1900	Body	250	5d170	3819	1303	10.90	41.20	43.6	5.83
2015/3/15	2450	Body	250	908	3819	1303	13.60	50.40	54.4	7.94
2015/3/11	2600	Body	250	1061	3819	1303	14.20	55.60	56.8	2.16

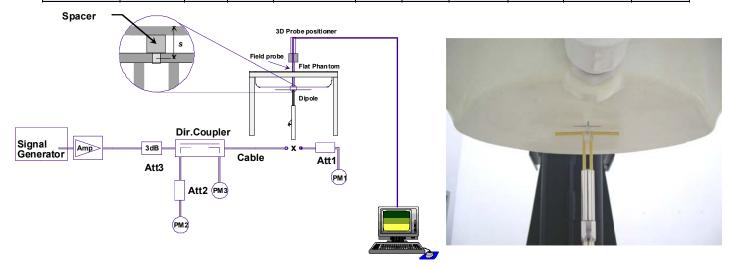


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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### 11. RF Exposure Positions

### 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

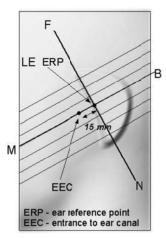
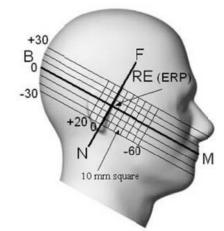


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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### 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

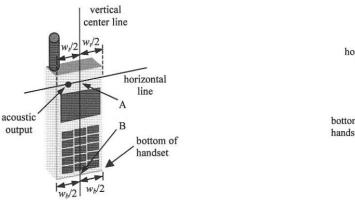
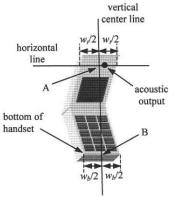


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

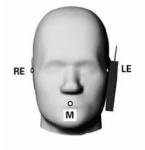






Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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### 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

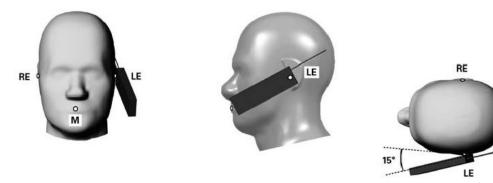


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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### 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

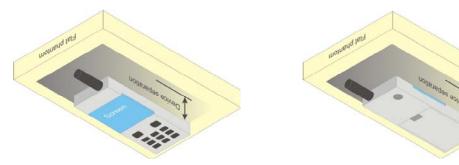


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

### 11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L  $\times$  W  $\ge$  9 cm  $\times$  5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

## 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

 Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT were set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT were set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.54	32.65	32.68	33.00	23.54	23.65	23.68	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.46	32.58	32.61	33.00	23.46	23.58	23.61	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	29.40	29.52	29.70	30.00	23.40	23.52	<b>23.70</b>	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	27.47	27.56	27.74	28.00	23.21	23.30	23.48	23.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	26.23	26.35	26.50	27.00	23.23	23.35	23.50	24.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.81	26.56	26.37	27.00	17.81	17.56	17.37	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.83	23.58	23.36	24.00	17.83	17.58	17.36	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	21.78	21.53	21.32	22.00	17.52	17.27	17.06	17.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	20.45	20.20	19.97	21.00	17.45	17.20	16.97	18.00
Band GSM1900	Burst Ave	erage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	Tune-up
TV Observation	E40	004	0.40					
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	810 1909.8	(dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	1850.2 29.84	1880 29.82	1909.8 29.76	(dBm) 30.50	1850.2 20.84	1880 20.82	1909.8 20.76	(dBm) 21.50
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	1850.2 <b>29.84</b> 29.76	1880 29.82 29.74	1909.8 29.76 29.72	(dBm) 30.50 30.50	1850.2 20.84 20.76	1880 20.82 20.74	1909.8 20.76 20.72	(dBm) 21.50 21.50
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	1850.2 29.84 29.76 26.91	1880 29.82 29.74 26.81	1909.8 29.76 29.72 26.65	(dBm) 30.50 30.50 27.50	1850.2 20.84 20.76 <b>20.91</b>	1880 20.82 20.74 20.81	1909.8 20.76 20.72 20.65	(dBm) 21.50 21.50 21.50
Frequency (MHz)  GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)  GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1  GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1  GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	1850.2 29.84 29.76 26.91 25.04	1880 29.82 29.74 26.81 24.90	1909.8 29.76 29.72 26.65 24.75	(dBm) 30.50 30.50 27.50 25.50	1850.2 20.84 20.76 <b>20.91</b> 20.78	1880 20.82 20.74 20.81 20.64	1909.8 20.76 20.72 20.65 20.49	(dBm) 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.24
Frequency (MHz) GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1 GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	1850.2 29.84 29.76 26.91 25.04 23.82	1880 29.82 29.74 26.81 24.90 23.67	1909.8 29.76 29.72 26.65 24.75 23.49	(dBm) 30.50 30.50 27.50 25.50 24.50	1850.2 20.84 20.76 <b>20.91</b> 20.78 20.82	1880 20.82 20.74 20.81 20.64 20.67	1909.8 20.76 20.72 20.65 20.49 20.49	(dBm) 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.24 21.50
Frequency (MHz)  GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)  GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1  GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1  GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1  GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1  EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	1850.2 29.84 29.76 26.91 25.04 23.82 24.93	1880 29.82 29.74 26.81 24.90 23.67 25.41	1909.8 29.76 29.72 26.65 24.75 23.49 25.38	(dBm) 30.50 30.50 27.50 25.50 24.50 26.00	1850.2 20.84 20.76 <b>20.91</b> 20.78 20.82 15.93	1880 20.82 20.74 20.81 20.64 20.67 16.41	1909.8 20.76 20.72 20.65 20.49 20.49 16.38	(dBm) 21.50 21.50 21.50 21.24 21.50 17.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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### < WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. h.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121 ii.
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 Χ.
  - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βа	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β∂βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

 $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{ls} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ . Note 1:

For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  , and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 24/15

with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

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CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β<sub>d</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gan factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d$ = 15/15

**Setup Configuration** 

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#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in ii. the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βε/βα	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  .
- CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_h s/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the  $\beta_C/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3:
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15. For subtest 5 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 4:
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15. In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to Note 5:
- TS25.306 Table 5.1g. Note 6:  $\beta_{\text{ed}}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**Setup Configuration** 

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### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

	В	and	V	VCDMA Ba	and V		WCDMA Ban	d II
	Tx C	hannel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
	Rx C	Channel	4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938
	Freque	ncy (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.09	23.16	23.18	23.29	23.32	23.39
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.10	23.17	<mark>23.19</mark>	23.30	23.34	<b>23.40</b>
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.91	22.99	23.06	22.90	22.90	22.88
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.91	22.97	23.03	22.83	22.85	22.80
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.44	22.51	22.55	22.40	22.41	22.37
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.43	22.51	22.57	22.37	22.40	22.36
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.35	20.46	20.51	20.26	20.30	20.26
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.85	20.92	20.96	20.64	20.65	20.64
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.78	21.87	21.86	21.62	21.63	21.53
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.70	20.35	20.45	20.20	20.19	20.61
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.90	23.00	23.10	22.90	22.90	22.90

	В	and		WCDMA Band IV	
	Tx C	hannel	1312	1413	1513
	Rx C	hannel	1537	1638	1738
	Freque	ncy (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.88	22.96	23.04
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.90	22.97	<mark>23.05</mark>
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.48	22.70	22.81
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.45	22.67	22.74
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.01	22.19	22.29
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.02	22.18	22.28
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.10	20.06	20.12
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.38	20.48	20.56
1	3GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-3		21.24	21.46	21.53
2	3GPP Rel 6 HSUPA Subtest-4		20.13	19.98	20.03
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.90	22.80	22.80

### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

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<LTE Band 4>

<lie ban<="" th=""><th colspan="12"><u>LTE Band 4&gt;</u></th></lie>	<u>LTE Band 4&gt;</u>											
BW		RB	RB	Power	Power	Power						
[MHz]	Modulation	Size	Offset	Low	Middle	High	Tune up	MPR				
[۱۷۱۱ اک]			Oliset	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Limit	(dB)				
	Cha			20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(ub)				
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745						
20	QPSK	1	0	22.55	22.39	22.52						
20	QPSK	1	49	22.30	22.56	22.54	23.5	0				
20	QPSK	1	99	22.56	<mark>22.81</mark>	22.68						
20	QPSK	50	0	21.74	21.78	21.76						
20	QPSK	50	24	21.41	21.67	21.63						
20	QPSK	50	49	21.29	21.61	21.61	22.5	0-1				
20	QPSK	100	0	21.62	21.75	21.72						
20	16QAM	1	0	21.61	22.01	21.94						
20	16QAM	1	49	20.91	21.76	21.75	22.5	0-1				
20	16QAM	1	99	21.28	22.02	21.50	22.0	0 1				
20	16QAM	50	0	20.30	20.34	20.69						
	16QAM	50	24	20.30	20.34	20.69						
20							21.5	0-2				
20	16QAM	50	49	20.18	20.64	20.45						
20	16QAM	100	0	20.35	20.56	20.60	_					
	Cha	nnel		20025	20175	20325	Tune up	MPR				
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	Limit (dBm)	(dB)				
15	QPSK	1	0	22.48	22.69	22.65						
15	QPSK	1	37	22.45	22.68	22.64	23.5	0				
15	QPSK	1	74	22.47	22.79	22.46						
15	QPSK	36	0	21.82	21.72	22.06						
15	QPSK	36	18	21.52	21.55	21.62						
15	QPSK	36	37	21.40	21.64	21.60	22.5	0-1				
15	QPSK	75	0	21.52	21.61	21.76						
15	16QAM	1	0	21.46	21.29	21.49						
15	16QAM	1	37	21.02	21.22	21.17	22.5	0-1				
15	16QAM	1	74	20.92	21.44	21.17	22.5	0-1				
		-	0			20.75						
15	16QAM	36		20.41	20.34							
15	16QAM	36	18	20.29	20.68	20.62	21.5	0-2				
15	16QAM	36	37	20.34	20.63	20.61						
15	16QAM	75	0	20.46	20.60	20.76						
	Cha	nnel		20000	20175	20350	Tune up	MPR				
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	Limit (dBm)	(dB)				
10	QPSK	1	0	22.48	22.71	22.65						
10	QPSK	1	24	22.43	22.73	22.62	23.5	0				
10	QPSK	1	49	22.38	22.77	22.57						
10	QPSK	25	0	21.67	21.67	22.03						
10	QPSK	25	12	21.49	21.66	21.72						
10	QPSK	25	24	21.56	21.72	21.58	22.5	0-1				
10	QPSK	50	0	21.48	21.69	21.72						
10	16QAM	1	0	21.86	21.76	22.10						
10	16QAM	1	24	21.71	21.76	21.68	22.5	0-1				
10	16QAM	1	49	21.71	21.76	21.66	22.5	0-1				
		•										
10	16QAM	25	0	20.28	20.39	20.80						
10	16QAM	25	12	20.37	20.58	20.52	21.5	0-2				
10	16QAM	25	24	20.33	20.44	20.54						
10	16QAM	50	0	20.40	20.44	20.55						

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ORTON LAB.	CC SAR 1	Test Rep	ort				Report No.	FA511702
	Chai	nnel		19975	20175	20375	Tune up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	Limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.35	22.51	22.65	(4.2)	
5	QPSK	1	12	22.26	22.56	22.58	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.44	22.72	22.61		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.66	21.71	21.93		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.42	21.58	21.72		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.58	21.66	21.66	22.5	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.46	21.60	21.71		
5	16QAM		0	21.56	21.71	21.95		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.41	21.71	21.69	22.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.59	21.72	21.50		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.24	20.34	20.63		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.17	20.73	20.71		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.42	20.79	20.65	21.5	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.41	20.62	20.72		
	Chai			19965	20175	20385	Tune up	MDD
	Frequenc			1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	Limit	MPR (dB)
2		2y (IVII IZ)	0				(dBm)	(aB)
3	QPSK QPSK	<u> </u>	0 7	22.43 22.39	22.63	22.64	- 22.5	0
3		•			22.76	22.58	23.5	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.41	22.79	22.63		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.69	21.67	21.79	22.5	
3	QPSK	8	4	21.48	21.74	21.72		0-1
3	QPSK	8	7	21.45	21.64	21.72		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.45	21.55	21.74		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.58	21.70	22.20		0.4
3	16QAM	1	7	21.47	21.69	21.67	22.5	0-1
3	16QAM	1	14	21.47	21.86	21.65		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.38	20.53	20.64		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.48	20.74	20.67	21.5	0-2
3	16QAM	8	7	20.46	20.81	20.48		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.41	20.67	20.79	T	
	Chai	nnei		19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.29	22.59	22.53		
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.53	22.72	22.66		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.50	22.80	22.62	23.5	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.35	22.68	22.58	23.5	U
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.51	22.53	22.65		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.32	22.56	22.57		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.55	21.79	21.87	22.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.72	21.74	21.85		
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.45	21.63	21.86	22.5	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.44	21.77	21.85		0.1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.28	21.47	21.57		0-1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.39	21.64	21.59		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.37	21.68	21.75		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.59	20.66	20.69	21.5	0-2

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<LTE Band 7>

VEIL Dai	LIE Band 12											
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	MPR				
	Cha	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)				
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560						
20	QPSK	1	0	21.83	21.84	21.78						
20	QPSK	1	49	21.81	21.83	21.82	22.5	0				
20	QPSK	1	99	<mark>21.89</mark>	21.85	21.86						
20	QPSK	50	0	20.65	20.63	20.62						
20	QPSK	50	24	20.61	20.58	20.50	24.5	0.4				
20	QPSK	50	49	20.62	20.60	20.55	21.5	0-1				
20	QPSK	100	0	20.63	20.61	20.48						
20	16QAM	1	0	20.28	21.02	20.60						
20	16QAM	1	49	20.27	20.27	20.32	21.5	0-1				
20	16QAM	1	99	20.26	20.54	20.27						
20	16QAM	50	0	19.25	19.45	19.23						
20	16QAM	50	24	19.30	19.47	19.42	20.5	0.2				
20	16QAM	50	49	19.40	19.62	19.39	20.5	0-2				
20	16QAM	100	0	19.42	19.70	19.60						
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune up	MPR				
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	Limit (dBm)	(dB)				
15	QPSK	1	0	21.60	21.81	21.73						
15	QPSK	1	37	21.41	21.56	21.56	22.5	0				
15	QPSK	1	74	21.70	21.82	21.59						
15	QPSK	36	0	20.59	20.62	20.60						
15	QPSK	36	18	20.45	20.67	20.54	21.5	0-1				
15	QPSK	36	37	20.58	20.57	20.51	21.5	0-1				
15	QPSK	75	0	20.64	20.68	20.55						
15	16QAM	1	0	20.70	21.02	21.02						
15	16QAM	1	37	20.21	20.60	20.52	21.5	0-1				
15	16QAM	1	74	20.39	20.69	20.35						
15	16QAM	36	0	19.31	19.31	19.43						
15	16QAM	36	18	19.34	19.59	19.55	20.5	0-2				
15	16QAM	36	37	19.33	19.67	19.54	20.0	0-2				
15	16QAM	75	0	19.41	19.74	19.55						

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	Cha	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	Limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	21.70	21.74	21.54		
10	QPSK	1	24	21.48	21.72	21.53	22.5	0
10	QPSK	1	49	21.43	21.67	21.55		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.61	20.92	20.63		
10	QPSK	25	12	20.50	20.70	20.58	24.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	20.46	20.78	20.53	21.5	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	20.50	20.83	20.56		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.93	21.11	20.84		
10	16QAM	1	24	20.62	20.82	20.79	21.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	20.60	20.63	20.68		
10	16QAM	25	0	19.35	19.46	19.43		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.41	19.56	19.40	20.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	24	19.39	19.50	19.39	20.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	19.47	19.53	19.38		
	Cha	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	Limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	21.79	21.79	21.62		
5	QPSK	1	12	21.68	21.78	21.67	22.5	0
5	QPSK	1	24	21.75	21.80	21.81		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.76	20.92	20.70		
5	QPSK	12	6	20.70	20.90	20.69	24.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	11	20.68	20.75	20.70	21.5	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	20.69	20.91	20.68		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.26	20.52	20.60		
5	16QAM	1	12	20.32	20.42	20.36	21.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	20.26	20.71	20.26		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.43	19.65	19.45		
5	16QAM	12	6	19.44	19.79	19.61	20.5	0.2
5	16QAM	12	11	19.54	19.80	19.64	20.5	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	19.51	19.76	19.57		

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**<LTE Band 17>** 

>LIE Dali	<u>u 177</u>							
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		23780	23790	23800	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.01	22.94	22.99		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.99	23.10	22.97	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.13	<b>23.22</b>	23.16		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.14	22.16	22.05		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.12	22.09	22.13	20.5	0.1
10	QPSK	25	24	22.22	22.27	22.15	22.5	0-1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.23	22.25	22.16		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.12	22.04	22.09		
10	16QAM	1	24	22.01	21.96	21.79	22.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	49	22.13	22.06	22.18		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.91	20.95	20.88		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.09	21.08	20.93	21.5	0.2
10	16QAM	25	24	21.01	21.01	21.09	21.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.04	21.07	21.15		
	Cha	nnel		23755	23790	23825	Tune up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		706.5	710	713.5	Limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.04	23.20	23.07		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.07	23.03	23.07	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	24	23.11	23.19	23.12		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.95	22.15	22.08		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.95	22.08	22.06	22.5	0.1
5	QPSK	12	11	22.01	22.03	22.07	22.5	0-1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.97	22.09	22.09		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.43	22.43	22.30		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.38	22.26	22.20	22.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	24	22.44	22.28	22.39		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.66	20.96	20.93		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.83	21.09	21.07	21.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	11	21.06	21.04	21.08	21.5	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.10	21.07	21.11		

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### <WLAN Conducted Power>

### **General Note:**

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20/HT40 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

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### <WLAN 2.4GHz>

		WI	_AN 2.4GHz 802.1	1b Average Power	(dBm)		Tune up	
Pov	wer vs. Chai	nnel	Power vs. Data Rate					
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Channel	2Mhna	E EMbas	11Nhno	Limit (dBm)	
Channel	nnei (MHz) 1Mbps		Channel	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps	(abiii)	
CH 01	2412	14.41						
CH 06	2437	15.11	CH 11	16.31	16.28	16.22	16.5	
CH 11	2462	<b>16.38</b>						

		W	LAN 2.40	Hz 802.1	1g Averaç	ge Power	(dBm)				_
Po	wer vs. Chai	nnel	Power vs. Data Rate								Tune up Limit
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Channol	OMbps	12Mbps	19Mbpc	24Mbpc	36Mbpc	48Mbpc	54Mbps	(dBm)
Channel	(MHz)	6Mbps	Charine	alvibha	12101000	Tolvibha	241VIDP3	JOINIDHS	HOIVIDPS	3 <del>4</del> Muha	(dDIII)
CH 01	2412	13.31									
CH 06	2437	13.69	CH 11	14.10	14.07	14.07	14.08	14.08	14.09	14.07	14.5
CH 11	2462	<mark>14.11</mark>									

		WL	AN 2.4GH	z 802.11n	HT20 Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	)			
Pov	ver vs. Chan	nel	Power vs. MCS Index								Tune up
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	Limit (dBm)
(MHz)	MCS0										
CH 01	2412	11.43									
CH 06	2437	11.87	CH 11	12.53	12.49	12.48	12.53	12.53	12.54	12.41	13.0
CH 11	2462	<mark>12.56</mark>									

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n HT40 Average Power (dBm)											
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index						Tune up		
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	Limit (dBm)
	(MHz)	MCS0									
CH 03	2422	11.97	CH 09		12.91	12.94	12.87	12.85	12.82	12.86	13.0
CH 06	2437	12.59		12.93							
CH 09	2452	<mark>12.96</mark>									

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## 13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)					
iviode Barid	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE				
2.4GHz Bluetooth	7.0	6.5				

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

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- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds		
7.0	< 5	2.48	1.6		

#### Note:

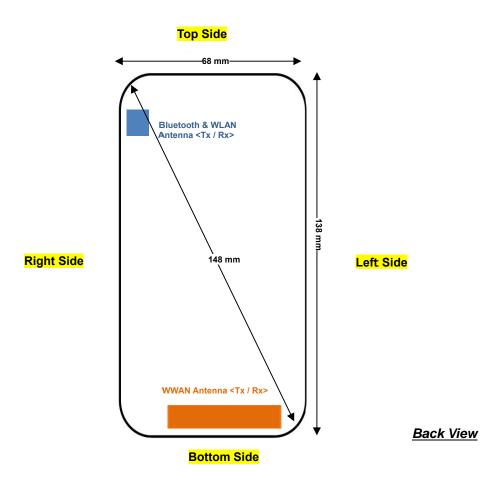
Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.6 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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## 14. Antenna Location



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Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge								
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side								
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	125mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm		
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	111mm	≤ 25mm	58mm		

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode								
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side		
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes		
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No		

### **General Note:**

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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# 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT were set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT were set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 5. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for next to the ear head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
- 8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 10. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 11. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 12. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 13. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 14. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
- 15. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.



# 15.1 Head SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.02	0.135	<mark>0.151</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.09	0.102	0.114
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.08	0.124	0.139
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.03	0.102	0.114
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.1	0.081	0.095
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.01	0.045	0.053
02	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.04	0.141	<mark>0.165</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.17	0.046	0.054

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#### <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.02	0.158	0.170
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.01	0.121	0.130
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.13	0.159	<mark>0.171</mark>
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.06	0.114	0.122
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.11	0.13	0.144
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.07	0.073	0.081
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.07	0.208	<mark>0.231</mark>
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.05	0.073	0.081
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.06	0.19	0.218
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.04	0.104	0.119
05	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.07	0.345	<mark>0.396</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.09	0.099	0.114

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## <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offest	Modulation	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Cheek	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.08	0.15	<mark>0.160</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Tilted	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.03	0.109	0.116
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Cheek	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	-0.07	0.124	0.132
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Tilted	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	-0.19	0.095	0.101
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Cheek	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.07	0.113	0.119
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Tilted	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	-0.02	0.085	0.090
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Cheek	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	-0.06	0.096	0.101
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Tilted	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.11	0.069	0.073
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.09	0.131	0.154
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.09	0.066	0.077
07	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.03	0.209	0.245
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.08	0.074	0.087
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.06	0.1	0.118
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.05	0.051	0.060
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.01	0.161	0.190
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.01	0.073	0.086
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Cheek	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.07	0.127	0.146
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Tilted	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	-0.06	0.07	0.081
08	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Cheek	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.01	0.185	<mark>0.213</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Tilted	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	-0.02	0.022	0.025
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.04	0.101	0.123
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	-0.03	0.058	0.071
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.04	0.146	0.178
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.07	0.031	0.038

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#### <DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	-0.09	0.062	0.064
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	-0.06	0.045	0.046
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	0.05	0.13	0.134
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	0.06	0.072	0.074

# 15.2 Hotspot SAR

	Distance	of the Antenna	to the EUT surf	face/edge										
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side														
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	125mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm								
BT&WLAN	BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm 111mm ≤ 25mm 58mm													

Report No. : FA511702

	Pos	itions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot m	ode									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes							
BT&WLAN Yes Yes No Yes No													

#### **General Note:**

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq$  9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

#### <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.1	0.178	0.200
10	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.05	0.226	0.254
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.13	0.157	0.176
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.09	0.212	0.238
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.04	0.055	0.062
11	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	-0.04	0.155	<mark>0.181</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.04	0.134	0.157
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	-0.04	0.089	0.104
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	-0.04	0.032	0.037
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.12	0.064	0.075



# FCC SAR Test Report

## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.09	0.224	0.241
12	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.03	0.299	<mark>0.321</mark>
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.08	0.19	0.204
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.02	0.267	0.287
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.05	0.061	0.066
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.09	0.323	0.358
13	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.07	0.35	0.388
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	-0.08	0.139	0.154
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	-0.08	0.043	0.048
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	-0.09	0.099	0.110
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.03	0.337	0.387
14	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.08	0.362	<mark>0.416</mark>
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	-0.01	0.217	0.249
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	-0.02	0.069	0.079
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.07	0.143	0.164

**Report No. : FA511702** 



# FCC SAR Test Report

## <LTE SAR>

						_	_			Average	Tune-Up	Tune-up	Power	Measured	Reported
Plot	Band	BW	RB	RB	Modulation	Test Position	Gap	Ch.	Freq.	Power	Limit	Scaling	Drift	1g SAR	1g SAR
No.		(MHz)	Size	onesi		Position	(cm)		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.04	0.201	0.214
15	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.03	0.282	0.301
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Side	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	-0.19	0.173	0.185
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Side	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.13	0.139	0.148
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.09	0.02	0.021
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.09	0.153	0.161
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.03	0.214	0.226
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Left Side	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.09	0.133	0.140
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	-0.04	0.108	0.114
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.09	0.016	0.017
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	-0.11	0.356	0.417
16	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.02	0.365	0.428
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.05	0.133	0.156
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	-0.08	0.038	0.045
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.01	0.102	0.120
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.09	0.279	0.329
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.01	0.282	0.333
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.11	0.102	0.120
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.01	0.028	0.033
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.09	0.08	0.094
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Front	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.07	0.36	0.414
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Back	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.02	0.449	0.517
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Left Side	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.18	0.099	0.114
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Right Side	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.01	0.024	0.028
17	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	<b>Bottom Side</b>	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	-0.1	0.623	0.717
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.04	0.275	0.334
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	-0.06	0.381	0.463
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.01	0.078	0.095
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.17	0.013	0.016
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	-0.09	0.477	0.580

**Report No. : FA511702** 



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

## <DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	-0.01	0.043	0.044
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	0.03	0.14	<mark>0.144</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	1	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	-0.04	0.097	0.100
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	-0.01	0.021	0.022

**Report No. : FA511702** 

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.



# 15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.1	0.178	0.200
10	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	26.50	27.00	1.122	0.05	0.226	0.254
11	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	-0.04	0.155	<mark>0.181</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	23.82	24.50	1.169	0.04	0.134	0.157

Report No. : FA511702

## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.09	0.224	0.241
12	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.19	23.50	1.074	0.03	0.299	0.321
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.09	0.323	0.358
13	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.05	23.50	1.109	0.07	0.35	0.388
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.03	0.337	0.387
14	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	0.08	0.362	<mark>0.416</mark>



# FCC SAR Test Report

# <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offest	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.04	0.201	0.214
15	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	23.22	23.50	1.067	0.03	0.282	<mark>0.301</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.09	0.153	0.161
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	22.27	22.50	1.054	0.03	0.214	0.226
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	-0.11	0.356	0.417
16	LTE Band 4	20M	1	99	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.02	0.365	<mark>0.428</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.09	0.279	0.329
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.78	22.50	1.180	0.01	0.282	0.333
	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Front	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.07	0.36	0.414
19	LTE Band 7	20M	1	99	QPSK	Back	1	20850	2510	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.02	0.449	0.517
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	0.04	0.275	0.334
	LTE Band 7	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20850	2510	20.65	21.50	1.216	-0.06	0.381	0.463

**Report No. : FA511702** 

# <DTS WLAN SAR>

Pl No		Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	-0.01	0.043	0.044
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	16.38	16.50	1.028	0.03	0.14	<mark>0.144</mark>

#### 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Po	ortable Hands	et	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
9.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
10.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

**Report No.: FA511702** 

#### **General Note:**

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 1.
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.</li>
     ii) SPLSR = (SAR<sub>1</sub> + SAR<sub>2</sub>)<sup>1.5</sup> / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x<sub>1</sub>-x<sub>2</sub>)<sup>2</sup> + (y<sub>1</sub>-y<sub>2</sub>)<sup>2</sup> + (z<sub>1</sub>-z<sub>2</sub>)<sup>2</sup>], where (x<sub>1</sub>, y<sub>1</sub>, z<sub>1</sub>) and (x<sub>2</sub>, y<sub>2</sub>, z<sub>2</sub>) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
  - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
Max Power (dBm)	Test separation (mm)	0	10	10
7.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.21	0.105	0.105

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# 16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

# <WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

	E + WLAN		WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed		
NAWW	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Right Cheek	0.151	0.064	0.22		
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.114	0.046	0.16		
	CONIOSO	Left Cheek	0.139	0.134	0.27		
GSM		Left Tilted	0.114	0.074	0.19		
GOW		Right Cheek	0.095	0.064	0.16		
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.053	0.046	0.10		
	COMTOO	Left Cheek	0.165	0.134	0.30		
		Left Tilted	0.054	0.074	0.13		
		Right Cheek	0.17	0.064	0.23		
	Band V	Right Tilted	0.13	0.046	0.18		
	Dana v	Left Cheek	0.171	0.134	0.31		
		Left Tilted	0.122	0.074	0.20		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.144	0.064	0.21		
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.081	0.046	0.13		
WCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.231	0.134	0.37		
		Left Tilted	0.081	0.074	0.16		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.218	0.064	0.28		
		Right Tilted	0.119	0.046	0.17		
		Left Cheek	0.396	0.134	0.53		
		Left Tilted	0.114	0.074	0.19		
		Right Cheek	0.16	0.064	0.22		
	Dand 17	Right Tilted	0.116	0.046	0.16		
	Band 17	Left Cheek	0.132	0.134	0.27		
		Left Tilted	0.101	0.074	0.18		
		Right Cheek	0.154	0.064	0.22		
LTE	Dand 4	Right Tilted	0.077	0.046	0.12		
LTE	Band 4	Left Cheek	0.245	0.134	0.38		
		Left Tilted	0.087	0.074	0.16		
		Right Cheek	0.146	0.064	0.21		
	Dand 7	Right Tilted	0.081	0.046	0.13		
	Band 7	Left Cheek	0.213	0.134	0.35		
		Left Tilted	0.038	0.074	0.11		

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#### <WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

	E + Bluetoc		WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Cummed		
NAWW	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Right Cheek	0.151	0.21	0.36		
GSM	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.114	0.21	0.32		
	GOIVIOOO	Left Cheek	0.139	0.21	0.35		
GSM		Left Tilted	0.114	0.21	0.32		
GOIVI		Right Cheek	0.095	0.21	0.31		
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.053	0.21	0.26		
		Left Cheek	0.165	0.21	0.38		
		Left Tilted	0.054	0.21	0.26		
		Right Cheek	0.17	0.21	0.38		
	Band V	Right Tilted	0.13	0.21	0.34		
	Danu v	Left Cheek	0.171	0.21	0.38		
		Left Tilted	0.122	0.21	0.33		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.144	0.21	0.35		
VALCEDATA		Right Tilted	0.081	0.21	0.29		
WCDMA		Left Cheek	0.231	0.21	0.44		
		Left Tilted	0.081	0.21	0.29		
	5	Right Cheek	0.218	0.21	0.43		
		Right Tilted	0.119	0.21	0.33		
	Band II	Left Cheek	0.396	0.21	0.61		
		Left Tilted	0.114	0.21	0.32		
		Right Cheek	0.16	0.21	0.37		
	Dand 17	Right Tilted	0.116	0.21	0.33		
	Band 17	Left Cheek	0.132	0.21	0.34		
		Left Tilted	0.101	0.21	0.31		
		Right Cheek	0.154	0.21	0.36		
ıTC	Dond 4	Right Tilted	0.077	0.21	0.29		
LTE	Band 4	Left Cheek	0.245	0.21	0.46		
		Left Tilted	0.087	0.21	0.30		
		Right Cheek	0.146	0.21	0.36		
	Dond 7	Right Tilted	0.081	0.21	0.29		
	Band 7	Left Cheek	0.213	0.21	0.42		
		Left Tilted	0.038	0.21	0.25		

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# 16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

#### <WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

	E + WLAN		WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	0		
NAWW	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Front	0.2	0.044	0.24		
		Back	0.254	0.144	0.40		
	GSM850	Left side	0.176		0.18		
	COMOCO	Right side	0.238	0.1	0.34		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
GSM		Bottom side	0.062		0.06		
COIVI		Front	0.181	0.044	0.23		
		Back	0.157	0.144	0.30		
	GSM1900	Left side	0.104		0.10		
	COMTOGG	Right side	0.037	0.1	0.14		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.075		0.08		
		Front	0.241	0.044	0.29		
		Back	0.321	0.144	0.47		
	Band V	Left side	0.204		0.20		
		Right side	0.287	0.1	0.39		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.066		0.07		
		Front	0.358	0.044	0.40		
		Back	0.388	0.144	0.53		
WCDMA	Band IV	Left side	0.154		0.15		
VVODIVI/	Dana IV	Right side	0.048	0.1	0.15		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.11		0.11		
		Front	0.387	0.044	0.43		
		Back	0.416	0.144	0.56		
	Band II	Left side	0.249		0.25		
	Daria II	Right side	0.079	0.1	0.18		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.164		0.16		

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			WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed		
MWAN	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Front	0.214	0.044	0.26		
		Back	0.301	0.144	0.45		
	Band 17	Left side	0.185		0.19		
		Right side	0.148	0.1	0.25		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.021		0.02		
		Front	0.417	0.044	0.46		
		Back	0.428	0.144	0.57		
LTE	Band 4	Left side	0.156		0.16		
LIE	Dallu 4	Right side	0.045	0.1	0.15		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.12		0.12		
	Band 7	Front	0.414	0.044	0.46		
		Back	0.517	0.144	0.66		
		Left side	0.114		0.11		
		Right side	0.028	0.1	0.13		
		Top side		0.022	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.717		0.72		

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<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

- TOTAL C	E + Bluetoc	All Boos	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	O		
MWAN	l Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
		Front	0.2	0.105	0.31		
		Back	0.254	0.105	0.36		
	GSM850	Left side	0.176		0.18		
	COMOCO	Right side	0.238	0.105	0.34		
		Top side		0.105	0.11		
GSM		Bottom side	0.062		0.06		
OOW		Front	0.181	0.105	0.29		
		Back	0.157	0.105	0.26		
	GSM1900	Left side	0.104		0.10		
	G3W1900	Right side	0.037	0.105	0.14		
		Top side		0.105	0.11		
		Bottom side	0.075		0.08		
		Front	0.241	0.105	0.35		
		Back	0.321	0.105	0.43		
	Band V	Left side	0.204		0.20		
		Right side	0.287	0.105	0.39		
		Top side		0.105	0.11		
		Bottom side	0.066		0.07		
		Front	0.358	0.105	0.46		
		Back	0.388	0.105	0.49		
WCDMA	Band IV	Left side	0.154		0.15		
WCDIVIA	Dallu IV	Right side	0.048	0.105	0.15		
		Top side		0.105	0.11		
		Bottom side	0.11		0.11		
	_	Front	0.387	0.105	0.49		
		Back	0.416	0.105	0.52		
	Band II	Left side	0.249		0.25		
	Danu II	Right side	0.079	0.105	0.18		
		Top side		0.105	0.11		
		Bottom side	0.164		0.16		

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WWAN PCE Bluetooth DSS Summed Exposure Max. WWAN SAR Max. **WWAN Band** SAR **SPLSR** Case No Position Bluetooth SAR (W/kg) (W/kg) (W/kg) Front 0.214 0.105 0.32 Back 0.301 0.105 0.41 Left side 0.185 0.19 Band 17 0.25 Right side 0.148 0.105 Top side 0.105 0.11 Bottom side 0.021 0.02 Front 0.417 0.105 0.52 Back 0.105 0.428 0.53 Left side 0.156 0.16 LTE Band 4 Right side 0.045 0.105 0.15 Top side 0.105 0.11 Bottom side 0.12 0.12 Front 0.414 0.105 0.52 Back 0.517 0.105 0.62 Left side 0.114 0.11 Band 7 Right side 0.028 0.105 0.13 0.105 Top side 0.11 Bottom side 0.717 0.72

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# 16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

#### <WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

	C T WLAN		WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	0		
MWW	N Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
	CSM850	Front	0.2	0.044	0.24		
CCM	GSM850	Back	0.254	0.144	0.40		
GSM	CCM1000	Front	0.181	0.044	0.23		
	GSM1900	Back	0.157	0.144	0.30		
	Band V	Front	0.241	0.044	0.29		
	Dallu V	Back	0.321	0.144	0.47		
MCDMA	Band IV	Front	0.358	0.044	0.40		
WCDMA	Danu IV	Back	0.388	0.144	0.53		
	Band II	Front	0.387	0.044	0.43		
	Danu II	Back	0.416	0.144	0.56		
	Dond 17	Front	0.214	0.044	0.26		
	Band 17	Back	0.301	0.144	0.45		
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.417	0.044	0.46		
LIE	Dailu 4	Back	0.428	0.144	0.57		
	Pand 7	Front	0.414	0.044	0.46		
	Band 7	Back	0.517	0.144	0.66		

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<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

-WWAN FC			WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS			
WWAN	Band	Exposure Position	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
	CCMOEO	Front	0.2	0.105	0.31		
CCM	GSM850	Back	0.254	0.105	0.36		
GSM	CSM1000	Front	0.181	0.105	0.29		
	GSM1900	Back	0.157	0.105	0.26		
	Band V	Front	0.241	0.105	0.35		
MCDMA	Danu v	Back	0.321	0.105	0.43		
	Band IV	Front	0.358	0.105	0.46		
WCDMA	Danu IV	Back	0.388	0.105	0.49		
	Band II	Front	0.387	0.105	0.49		
	Danu II	Back	0.416	0.105	0.52		
	Dand 17	Front	0.214	0.105	0.32		
	Band 17	Back	0.301	0.105	0.41		
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.417	0.105	0.52		
LIE	Dailu 4	Back	0.428	0.105	0.53		
	Pand 7	Front	0.414	0.105	0.52		
	Band 7	Back	0.517	0.105	0.62		

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Test Engineer: Luke Lu

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# 17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### **Table 17.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution**

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

**Uncertainty** Standard **Standard Probability** Ci Ci **Error Description** Value **Divisor Uncertainty Uncertainty Distribution** (1g) (10g) (±%) (10g) (1g) **Measurement System** Normal 1 1 **Probe Calibration** 6.0 1 ± 6.0 % ± 6.0 % 4.7 Rectangular 0.7 Axial Isotropy √3 0.7 ± 1.9 % ± 1.9 % Hemispherical Isotropy 9.6 Rectangular √3 0.7 0.7 ± 3.9 % ± 3.9 % **Boundary Effects** 1.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 0.6 % ± 0.6 % 1 4.7 √3 Linearity Rectangular ± 2.7 % ± 2.7 % System Detection Limits 1.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 0.6 % ± 0.6 % Readout Electronics 0.3 Normal ± 0.3 % ± 0.3 % 1 1 1 Response Time 8.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 0.5 % ± 0.5 % 1 1 2.6 Integration Time Rectangular √3 ± 1.5 % ± 1.5 % 1 1 **RF Ambient Noise** 3.0 Rectangular √3 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % **RF Ambient Reflections** 3.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % Probe Positioner 0.4 Rectangular 1 1 ± 0.2 % ± 0.2 % √3 **Probe Positioning** 2.9 Rectangular √3 1 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % 1 1 Max. SAR Eval. 1.0 Rectangular √3 ± 0.6 % ± 0.6 % **Test Sample Related Device Positioning** Normal ± 2.9 % ± 2.9 % 2.9 1 1 1 Device Holder 3.6 Normal 1 1 1 ± 3.6 % ± 3.6 % Power Drift 5.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 2.9 % ± 2.9 % **Phantom and Setup Phantom Uncertainty** 1 ± 2.3 % 4.0 Rectangular √3 1 ± 2.3 % Liquid Conductivity (Target) 5.0 Rectangular √3 0.64 0.43 ± 1.8 % ± 1.2 % 2.5 1 Liquid Conductivity (Meas.) Normal 0.64 0.43 ± 1.6 % ± 1.1 % Liquid Permittivity (Target) Rectangular √3 5.0 0.6 0.49 ± 1.7 % ± 1.4 % 2.5 0.6 Liquid Permittivity (Meas.) Normal 1 0.49 ± 1.5 % ± 1.2 %

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± 11.0 %

± 22.0 %

± 10.8 %

± 21.5 %

K=2

Table 17.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

**Combined Standard Uncertainty** 

Coverage Factor for 95 %

**Expanded Uncertainty** 

# 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

#### System Check Head 750MHz 150315

## **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_750\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.878 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.673;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

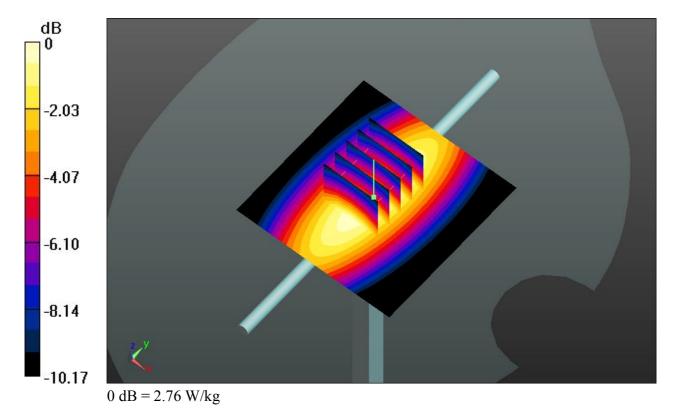
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.94, 9.94, 9.94); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.402 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 W/kg



#### System Check Head 835MHz 150315

## **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 150315 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.897$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.605$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

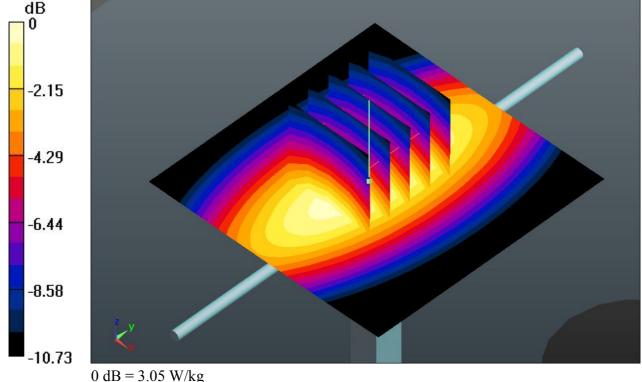
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.03 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 59.372 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg



#### System Check Head 1750MHz 150314

## **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1800\_150314 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.322$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

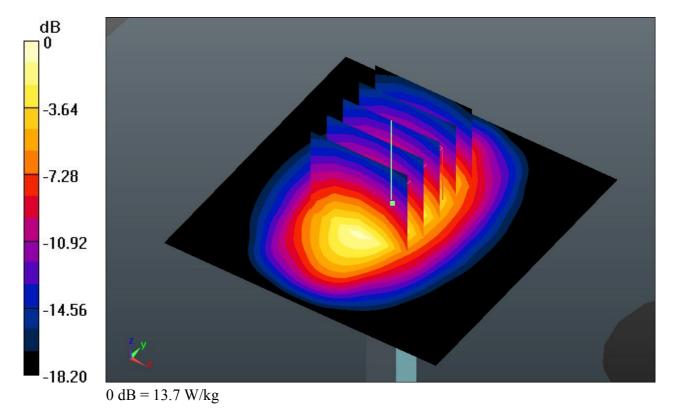
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



#### System Check Head 1750MHz 150315

## **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium:  $HSL_1800_150315$  Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.382$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.89$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

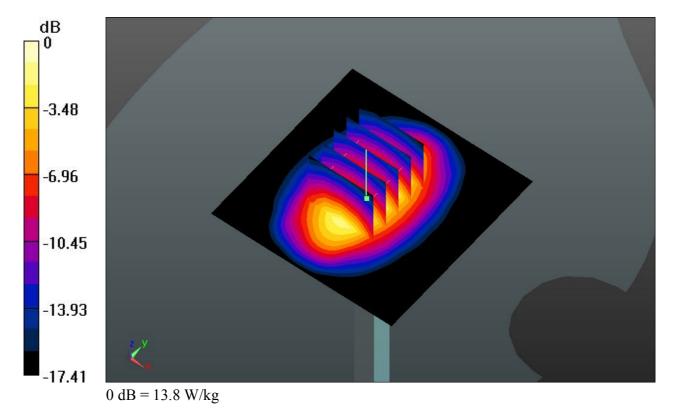
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.8 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



#### System Check Head 1900MHz 150314

## **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 130314 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.417$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.994$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

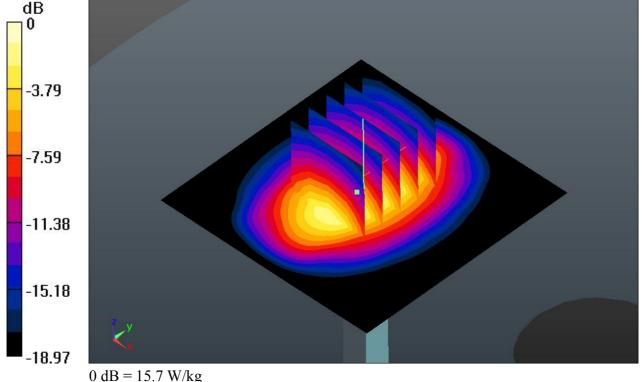
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.57 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



#### System Check Head 2450MHz 150315

## **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.829$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.081$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

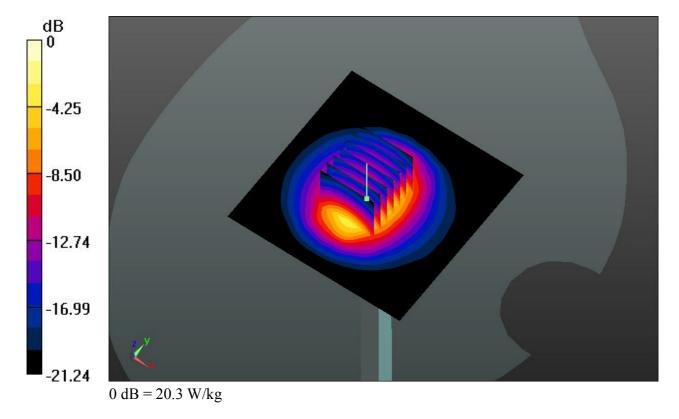
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.3 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.218 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



#### System Check Head 2600MHz 150315

#### **DUT: D2600V2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.055$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.321$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

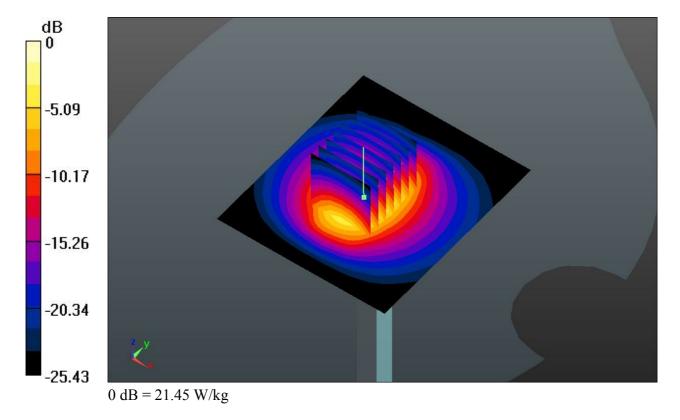
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.92 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.798 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.45 W/kg



#### System Check Body 750MHz 150313

## **DUT: Dipole 750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150313 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.646$ ;  $\rho = 1.000$  J  $_{\odot}$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

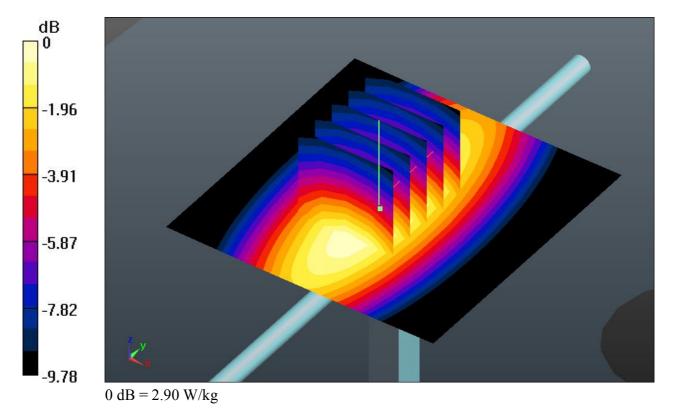
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.55, 9.55, 9.55); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.90 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 50.934 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 W/kg



#### System Check Body 835MHz 150314

## **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_150314 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.086$ ;  $\rho = 1$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8°C

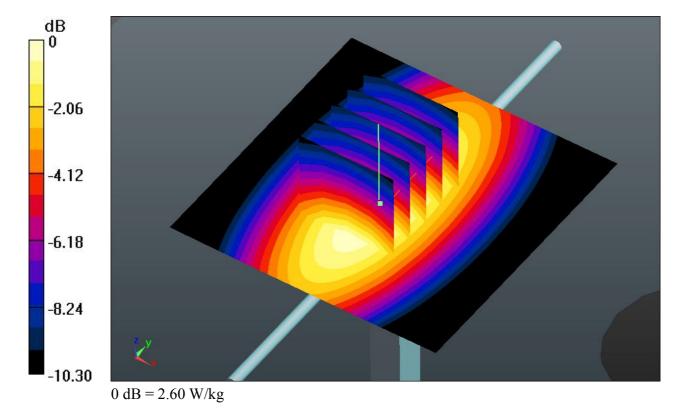
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 50.849 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 W/kg



#### System Check Body 1750MHz 150313

## **DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1800\_150313 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.526$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.619$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

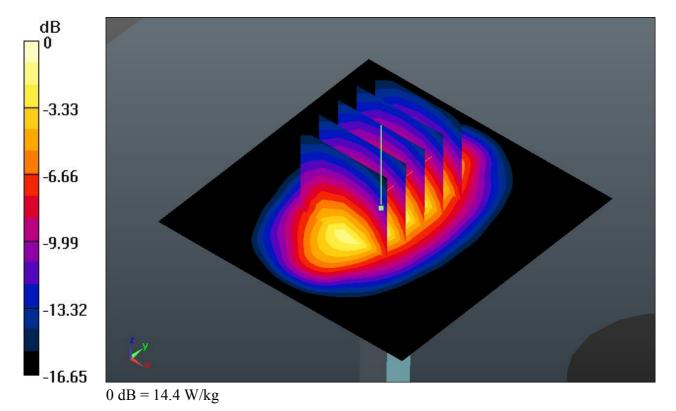
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.496 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.51 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



#### System Check Body 1900MHz 150314

## **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_150314 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.512$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.903$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

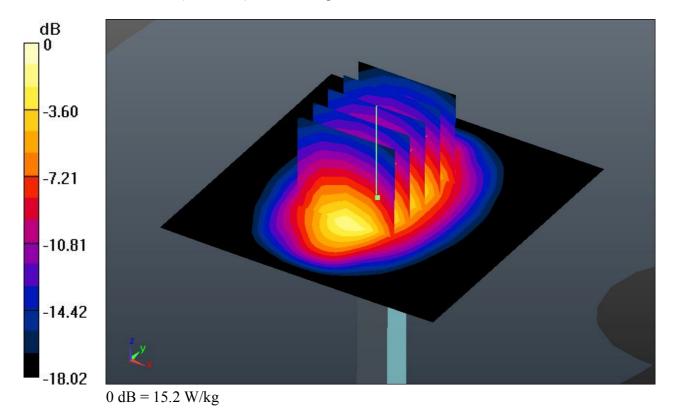
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.995 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.67 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.2 W/kg



#### System Check Body 2450MHz 150315

## **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.001$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.089$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

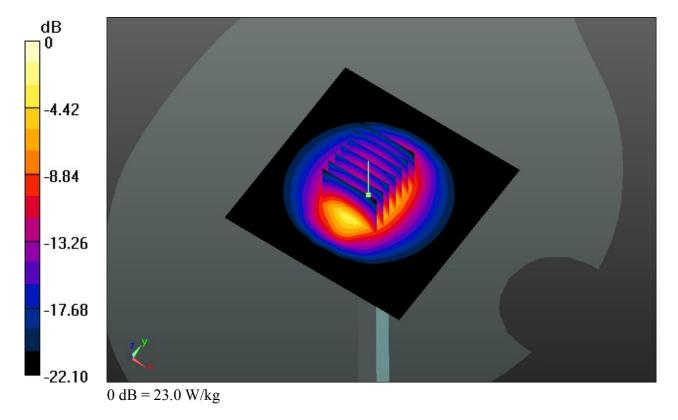
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.0 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.931 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015.03.11

#### System Check Body 2600MHz 150311

#### **DUT: D2600V2**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2600\_150311 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.165$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.823$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

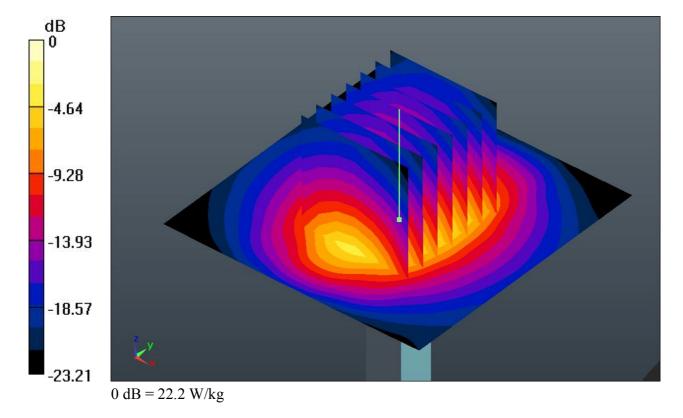
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.6 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



# Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No. : FA511702

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.

## 21\_GSM850\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Right Cheek\_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_835\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.905$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.32$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.03.15

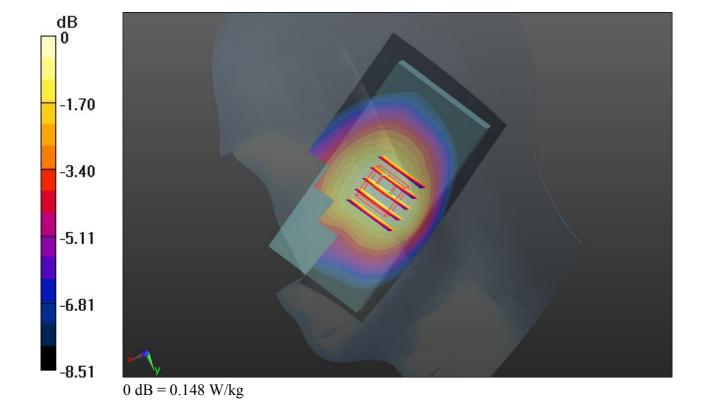
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.146 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.235 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.162 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.135 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 W/kg



## 24\_GSM1900\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Left Cheek\_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_1900\_130314 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.363$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.24$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.03.14

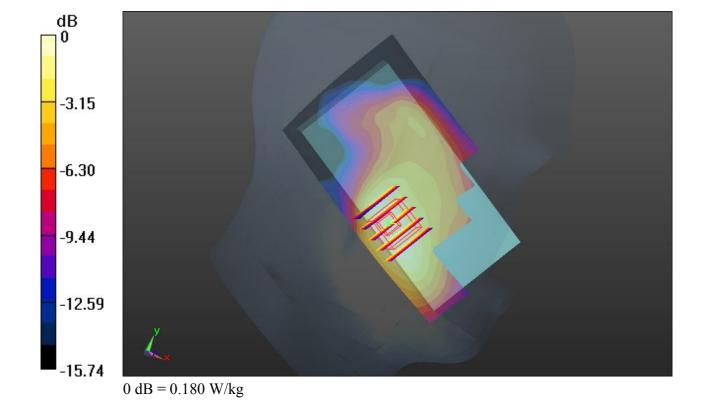
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.193 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.208 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.180 W/kg



#### 23 WCDMA V RMC 12.2K Left Cheek Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.904$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.367$ ;  $\rho$ 

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

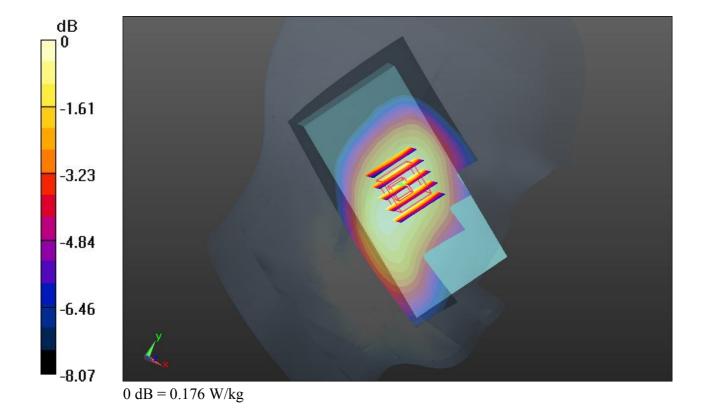
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# **Ch4233/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.958 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.189 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.159 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.176 W/kg



## 26\_WCDMA IV\_RMC 12.2K\_Left Cheek\_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: HSL\_1800\_150314 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: \ f=1752.6 \ MHz; \ \sigma=1.384 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r=41.307;$ 

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

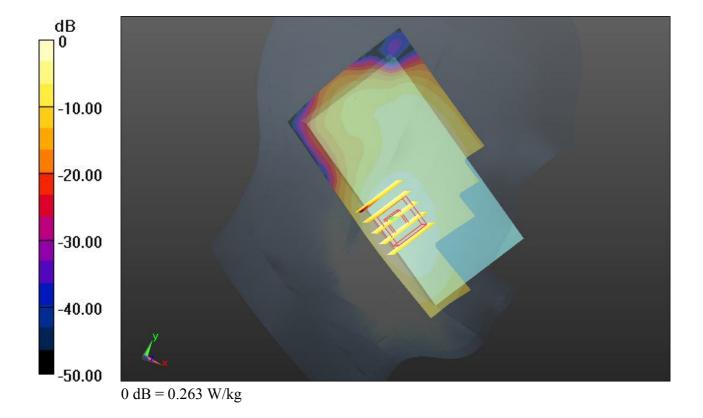
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# **Ch1513/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.276 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.495 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.317 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.208 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



## 27\_WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2K\_Left Cheek\_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium:  $HSL_1900_130314$  Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.426$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.977$ ;

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

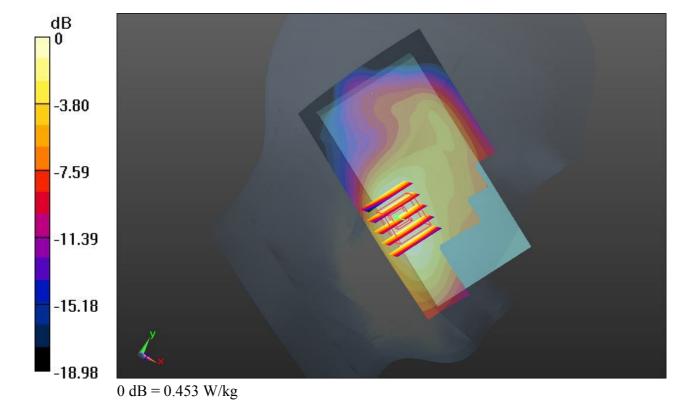
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch9538/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.484 W/kg

**Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.214 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.547 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.453 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_750\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 710 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.858 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.587;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.03.15

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.94, 9.94, 9.94); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch23790/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.168 W/kg

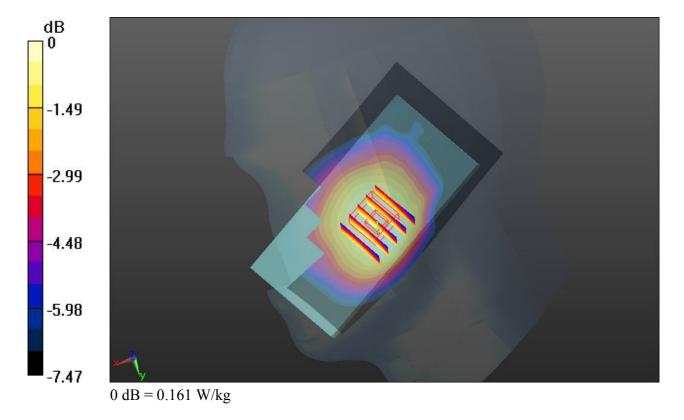
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.749 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 W/kg



## 29 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 99Offset Left Cheek Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1800 150315 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.368$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r =$ 

Date: 2015.03.15

39.936;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

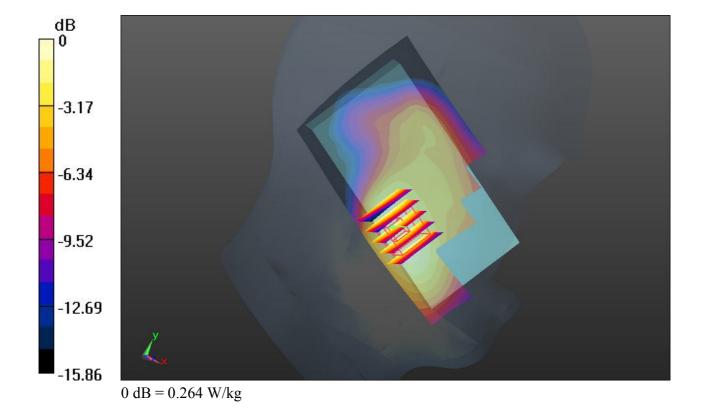
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch20175/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.805 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.209 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 W/kg



## 0: LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_99Offset\_Left Cheek\_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.95 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.653;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.03.15

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

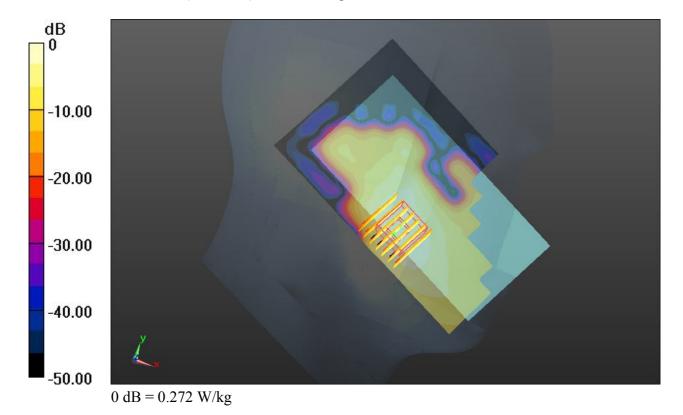
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.272 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.615 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.333 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 W/kg



#### 2; WLAN2.4GHz 802.11b 1Mbps Left Cheek Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: HSL\_2450\_150315 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: \ f = 2462 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 1.842 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 40.039;$ 

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 W/kg

**Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.425 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.268 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.195 W/kg

-10.00 -20.00 -30.00 -40.00 0 dB = 0.195 W/kg

#### 32 GSM850 GPRS(4 Tx slots) Back 1cm Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_835\_150314 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.018$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.954$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.03.14

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

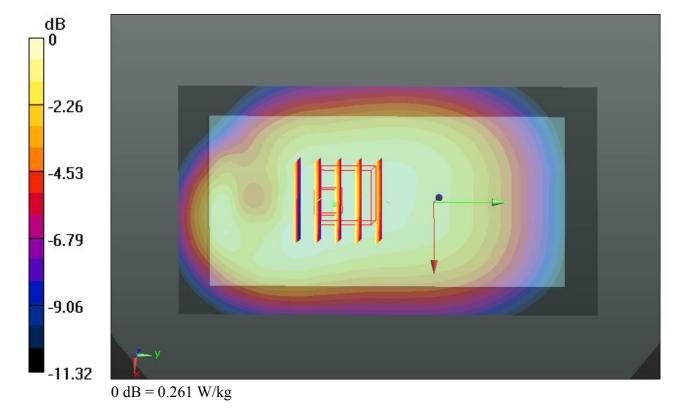
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch251/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.260 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.889 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.226 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.226 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 W/kg



## 31\_GSM1900\_GPRS(4 Tx slots)\_Front\_1cm\_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE12 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL\_1900\_150314 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.455$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.031$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2015.03.14

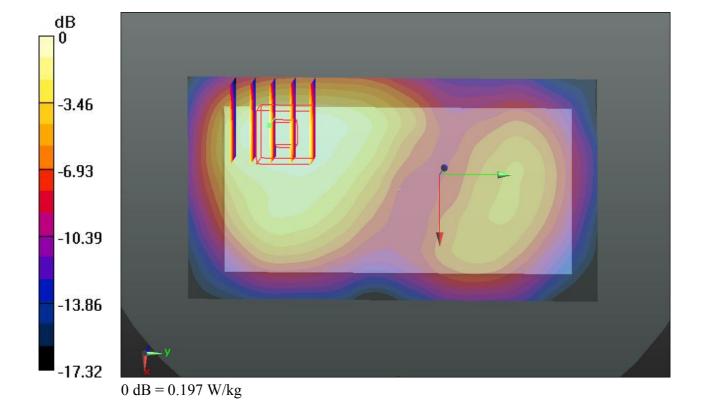
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch512/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.217 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.575 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.244 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



## 12 WCDMA V RMC 12.2K Back 1cm Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 835 150314 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.015$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.97$ ;  $\rho =$  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Date: 2015.03.14

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

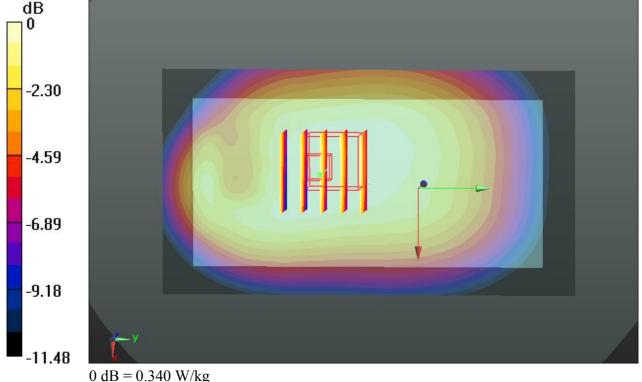
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.49, 9.49, 9.49); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## Ch4233/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.268 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.380 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/kg



## 35\_WCDMA IV\_RMC 12.2K\_Back\_1cm\_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1800\_150313 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.529 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.612;

Date: 2015.03.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# **Ch1513/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.443 W/kg

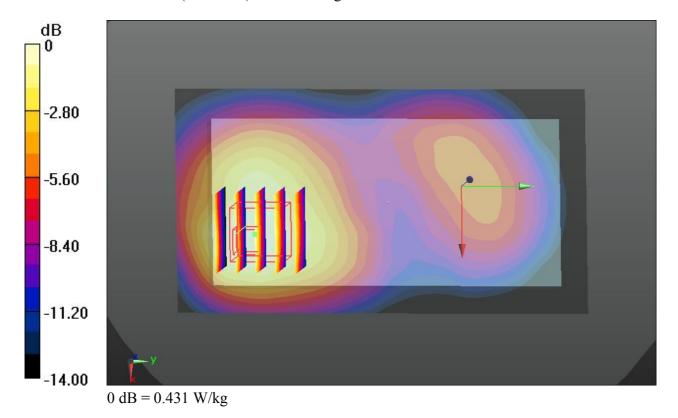
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.334 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.549 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.350 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.431 W/kg



#### 36 WCDMA II RMC 12.2K Back 1cm Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_150314 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.522$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.882$ ;

Date: 2015.03.14

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch9538/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.466 W/kg

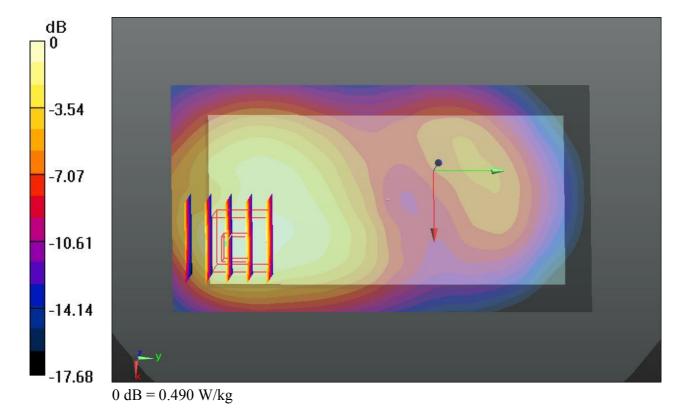
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.619 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg



#### 37 LTE Band 17 10M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Back 1cm Ch23790

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_750\_150313 Medium parameters used: f = 710 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.942 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.542;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2015.03.13

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.55, 9.55, 9.55); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch23790/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.330 W/kg

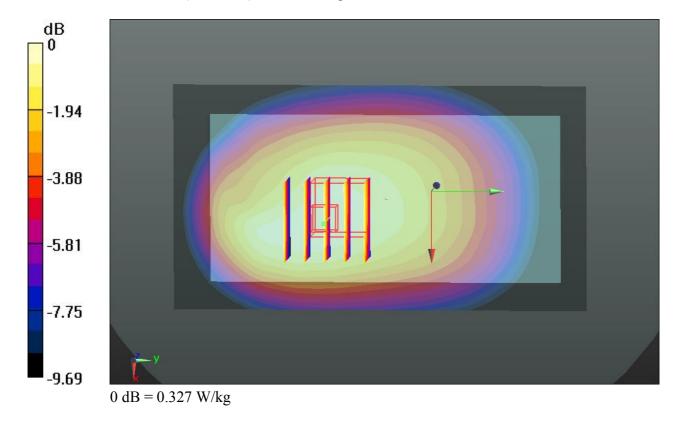
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.486 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.282 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg



#### 38 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 99Offset Back 1cm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1800\_150313 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.507 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  =

Date: 2015.03.13

52.655;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

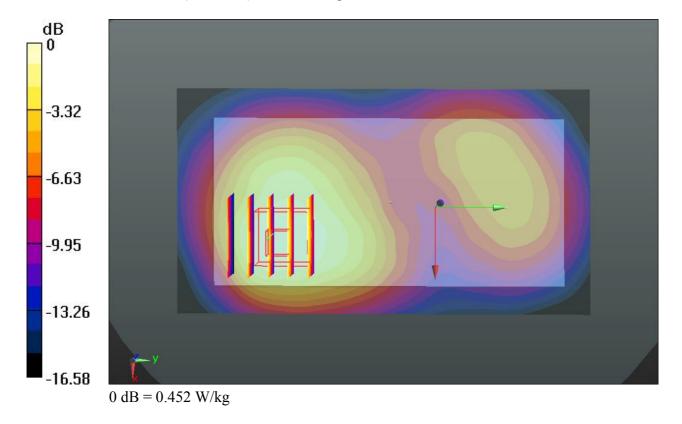
**Ch20175/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 W/kg

**Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.411 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.452 W/kg



## 39\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_99Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

 $Medium: MSL\_2600\_150311 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: f = 2510 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 2.071 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 53.993;$ 

Date: 2015.03.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch20850/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.923 W/kg

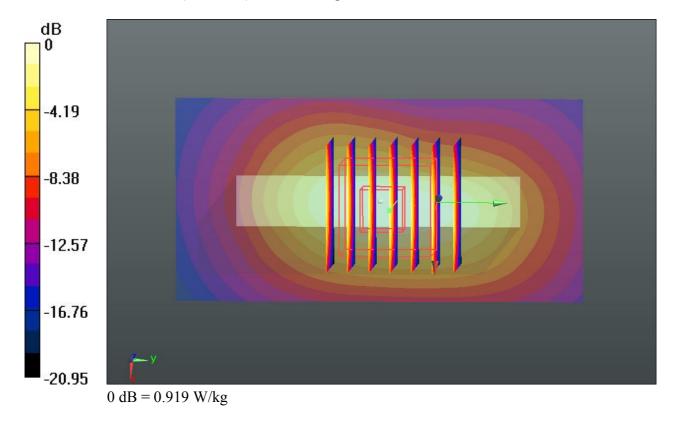
Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.574 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.919 W/kg



## 3: WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back\_1cm\_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450\_150315 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.017$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.043$ ;

Date: 2015.03.15

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.181 W/kg

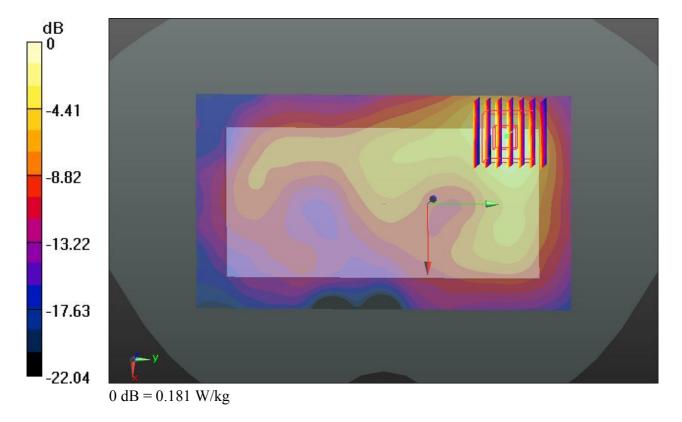
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.598 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.299 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 W/kg



## 3; LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_99Offset\_Back\_1cm\_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2600\_150311 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.071 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.993;

Date: 2015.03.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.789 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.884 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.449 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 W/kg

