



RF TEST REPORT

Test Equipment : Grand Multicom 2.4G

Model Name : GM-2.4G

Variant model name : MicroCom XR 2.4G, SWATCOM, XR-2.4G

FCC ID : YJH-GM-24G

IC : 9066A-GM24G

Date of receipt : 2020-01-08

Test duration : 2020-02-12 ~ 2020-02-20

Date of issue : 2020-02-26

Applicant : Maytel Co., Ltd

#417 Doosan Venture Digm 126-1, Pyeongchon-dong, Dongan-gu,

Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea

Test Laboratory : Lab-T, Inc.

2182-42 Baegok-daero, Mohyeon-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si

Gyeonggi-do, 17036, Korea

Test specification : FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

RSS-247 Issue 2 (2017-02), RSS-GEN Issue 5 (2019-03)

RF Output Power : 20.21 dBm

Test result : Pass

The above equipment was tested by Lab-T Testing Laboratory for compliance with the requirements of FCC, IC Rules and Regulations.

The test results presented in this test report are limited only to the sample supplied by applicant and the use of this test report is inhibited that the nits purpose.

This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Lab-T, Inc

Tested by:

Engineer

Namhyoung Kwon

Reviewed by:

Technical Manager SangHoon Yu



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1. Applicant Information

Applicant : Maytel Co., Ltd

Address : #417 Doosan Venture Digm 126-1, Pyeongchon-dong, Dongan-gu,

Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea

Telephone No. : +82-32-487-5508

Person in charge : Su won Bae / swmaytel@naver.com

Manufacturer : Maytel Co., Ltd

Address : #417 Doosan Venture Digm 126-1, Pyeongchon-dong, Dongan-gu,

Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea

2. Laboratory Information

Test Laboratory : Lab-T, Inc.

Address 2182-42 Baegok-daero, Mohyeon-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do

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Certificate

FCC Designation No. : KR0159

FCC Registration No. : 133186

IC Site Registration No. : 22000





3. Information About Test Equipment

3.1 Equipment Information

Equipment type	Grand Multicom 2.4G
Model name	GM-2.4G
Variant model name	MicroCom XR 2.4G, SWATCOM, XR-2.4GNote2
Frequency range	2 407 ~ 2 476 MHz (Number of Channels : 139, Hopping Channels : 40) ^{Note3}
Modulation type (Symbol rate / Bit rate)	GFSK (500 ksps / 500 kbps)
Modulation technology	FHSS
Power supply	DC 3.7 V
H/W version	V0.2
S/W version	V0.2

Note1: The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer.

Note2 : Variant Model Names are used for each other different Buyers.

Note3: This device uses 40 random hopping channels among total 139 channels.

3.2 Antenna Information

Antenna 1	Туре	Dipole Antenna
Antenna	Gain	3.1 dBi
Antenna 2	Туре	Dipole Antenna
Antenna 2	Gain	4.0 dBi

3.3 Test Frequency

Test mode		Test frequency (MHz)	
rest mode	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
GFSK	2 407	2 441.5	2 476

3.4 Tested Companion Device Information

Туре	ype Manufacturer Model		Note
-	-	-	-



3.5 Operating conditions for the EUT

		V0.2
		Used native test mode(-)
Test power setting		20 dBm
Serial number	EUT #1	N/A (Radiated Emission, Conducted Emission)
(Setup mode)	EUT #2	-



3.6 Equipment Channel List

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2407	47	2430.5	94	2454
1	2407.5	48	2431	95	2454.5
2	2408	49	2431.5	96	2455
3	2408.5	50	2432	97	2455.5
4	2409	51	2432.5	98	2456
5 6	2409.5	52	2433	99	2456.5
6	2410	53	2433.5	100	2457
7	2410.5	54	2434	101	2457.5
8	2411	55	2434.5	102	2458
9	2411.5	56	2435	103	2458.5
10	2412	57	2435.5	104	2459
11	2412.5	58	2436	105	2459.5
12	2413	59	2436.5	106	2460
13	2413.5	60	2437	107	2460.5
14	2414	61	2437.5	108	2461
15	2414.5	62	2438	109	2461.5
16	2415	63	2438.5	110	2462
17	2415.5	64	2439	111	2462.5
18	2416	65	2439.5	112	2463
19	2416.5	66	2440	113	2463.5
20	2417	67	2440.5	114	2464
21	2417.5	68	2441	115	2464.5
22	2418	69	2441.5	116	2465
23	2418.5	70	2442	117	2465.5
24	2419	71	2442.5	118	2466
25	2419.5	72	2443	119	2466.5
26	2420	73	2443.5	120	2467
27	2420.5	74	2444	121	2467.5
28	2421	75	2444.5	122	2468
29	2421.5	76	2445	123	2468.5
30	2422	77	2445.5	124	2469
31	2422.5	78	2446	125	2469.5
32	2423	79	2446.5	126	2470
33	2423.5	80	2447	127	2470.5
34	2424	81	2447.5	128	2471
35	2424.5	82	2448	129	2471.5
36	2425	83	2448.5	130	2472
37	2425.5	84	2449	131	2472.5
38	2426	85	2449.5	132	2473
39	2426.5	86	2450	133	2473.5
40	2427	87	2450.5	134	2474
41	2427.5	88	2451	135	2474.5
42	2428	89	2451.5	136	2475
43	2428.5	90	2452	137	2475.5
44	2429	91	2452.5	138	2476
45	2429.5	92	2453		
46	2430	93	2453.5		

Note1: Test frequencies are the lowest channel: 0 channel(2407 MHz), middle channel(2441.5 MHz) and highest

channel: 138 channel(2476 MHz).

Note2: The device uses 40 random hopping channels among total 139 channels.



4. Test Report

4.1 Summary

FCC Rule	IC Rule	C Rule Parameter		Status			
Transmitter Requirements							
15.203 15.247(b)(4)	-	Antenna Requirement	4.4.1	С			
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 5.1(b)	20 dB Channel Bandwidth	4.4.2	С			
-	RSS-GEN 6.7	Occupied Bandwidth	4.4.2	-			
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 5.1(d)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	4.4.3	С			
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 5.1(d)	Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)	4.4.4	С			
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 5.1(b)	Carrier Frequencies Separation	4.4.5	С			
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 5.4(b)	Peak Output Power	4.4.6	С			
15.247(d) 15.205(a) 15.209(a)	RSS-247 5.5	Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands	4.4.7	С			
15.207(a)	RSS-GEN 8.8	Conducted Emissions	4.4.8	N/A			

NOTE 2: This device gets power supply from only battery(DC 3.7 V), The battery only charge * The general test methods used to test this device is ANSI C63.10:2013

^{*} The method of measurement used to test this DSS device is FCC public Notice DA 00-705





4.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Mesurement items	Expanded Uncertainty	
RF Output Power	0.72 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	11.27 kHz	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Conducted Spurious Emissions	0.39 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Radiated Spurious Emissions (1 GHz under)	4.80 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Radiated Spurious Emissions (Above 1 GHz)	6.14 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)
Conducted emission	2.36 dB	(The confidence level is about 95 %, <i>k</i> =2)

4.3 Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
TRRFCC20-0004	20-02-26	Initial issue





4.4 Transmitter Requirements

4.4.1 Antenna Requirement

4.4.1.1 Regulation

Accoding to §15.203 An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Accoding to $\S15.247(b)(4)$ e conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

4.4.1.2 Result

Comply

- 19					
Antenna 1	Туре	External Dipole Antenna ^{Note 1}			
Antenna	Gain	3.1 dBi			
Antenna 2	Туре	External Dipole Antenna ^{Note 1}			
Antenna 2	Gain	4.0 dBi			

Note 1: The connector type of Diopole Antenna is reverse polarity SMA connector.



4.4.2 20 dB Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth

4.4.2.1 Regulation

20 dB and 99% emission bandwidth reporting only, measurement is also used to determine limits for other requirements of FHSS transmitters.

4.4.2.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines. ANSI C63.10 § 6.9.2 Occupied bandwidth 20dB Relative procedure ANSI C63.10 § 6.9.3 Occupied bandwidth 99% procedure

4.4.2.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.2.4 Measurement data

Test mode : GFSK

Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwith)(MHz)
2 407	0.312	0.291
2 441.5	0.318	0.291
2 476	0.322	0.293

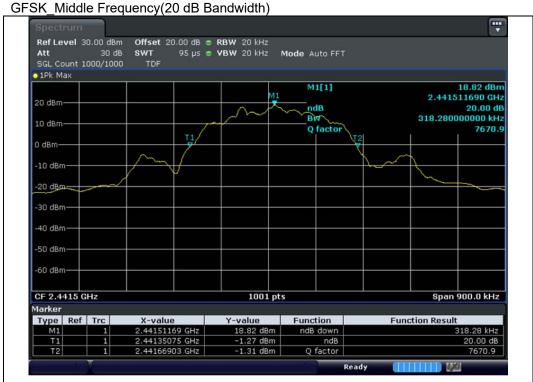


4.4.2.5 Test Plot

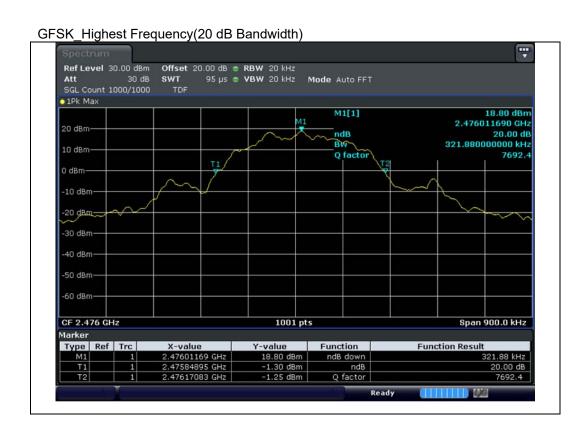


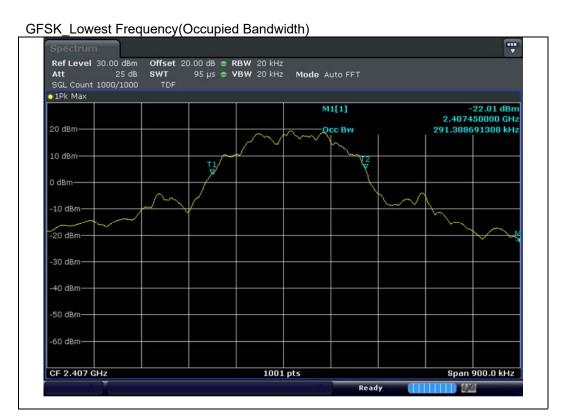




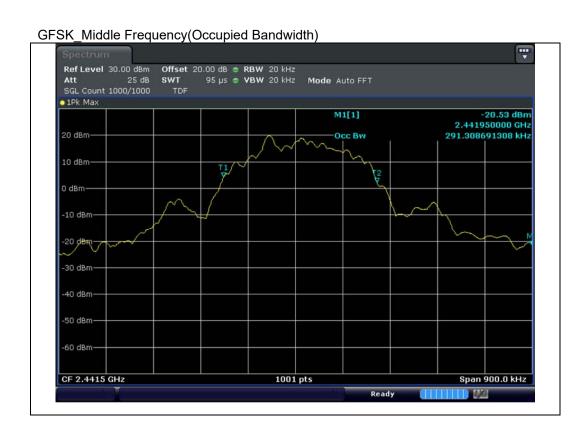


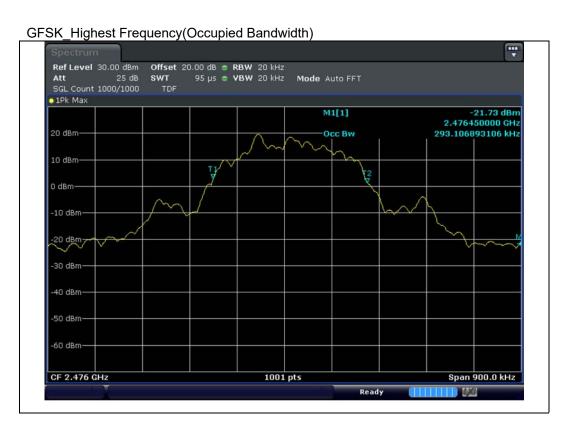
















4.4.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

4.4.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) and RSS-247 §5.1(d) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

4.4.3.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.3 Number of hopping frequencies

4.4.3.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



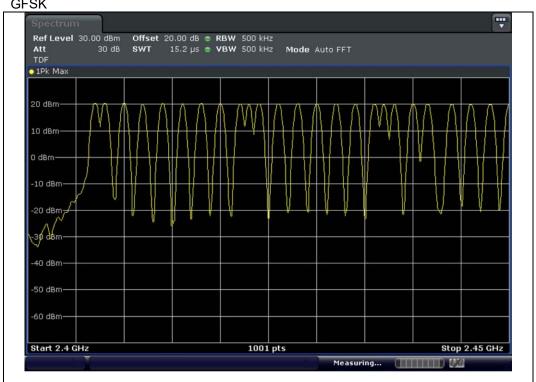
4.4.3.4 Measurement data

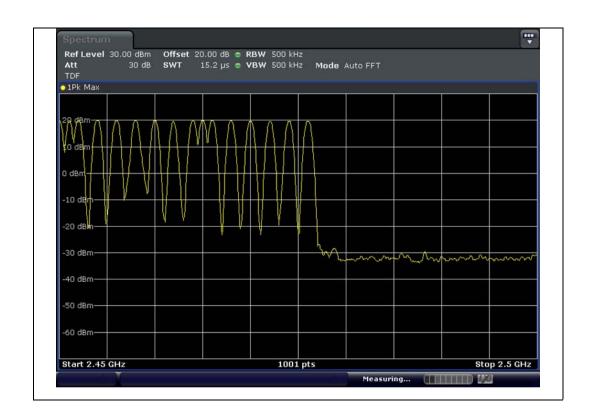
Test mode	Number of Hopping channels
Hopping	40



4.4.3.5 Test Plot









4.4.4 Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)

4.4.4.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) and RSS-247 §5.1(d) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

4.4.4.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.3 Time of Occupancy

4.4.4.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.4.4 Measurement data

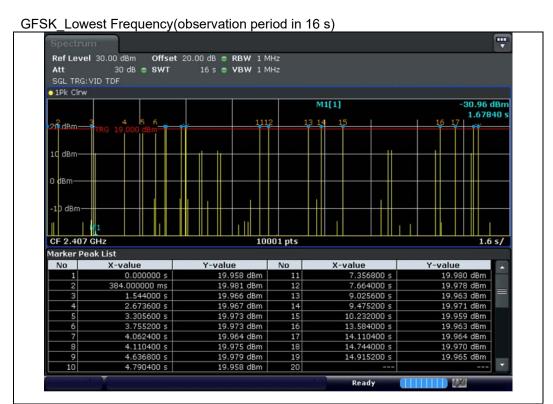
Test mode: Hopping

Average time of occupancy								
Frequency [MHz]	Average Time of occupancy [ms]	Number of Pulse during Period	Result (s)	Limit (s)				
2 407	1.753	19	0.033	0.400				
2 441.5	1.753	19	0.033	0.400				
2 476	1.753	21	0.037	0.400				

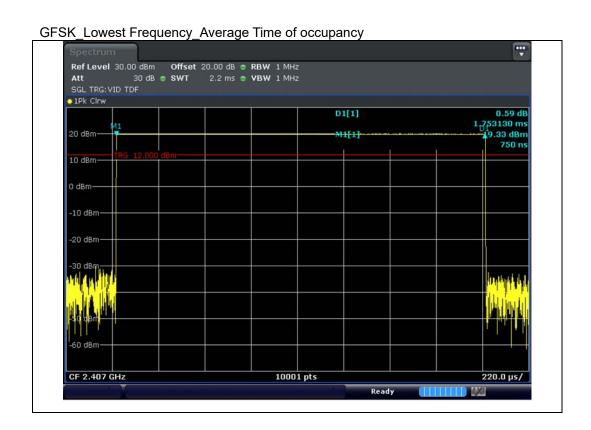
Note1: Result: Average Time of occupancy* Number of Pulse during Period



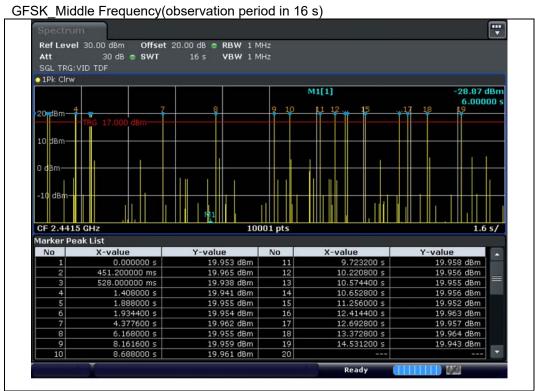
4.4.4.5 Test Plot



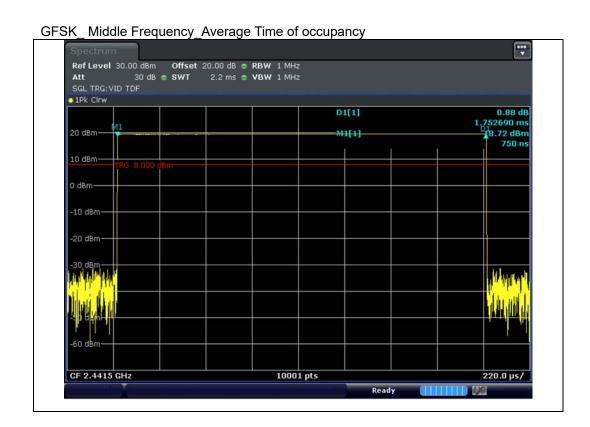
Note1: observation period: a period of 0.4 seconds*the number of hopping channels employed



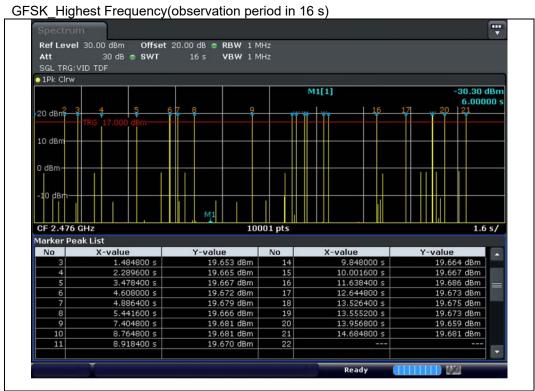




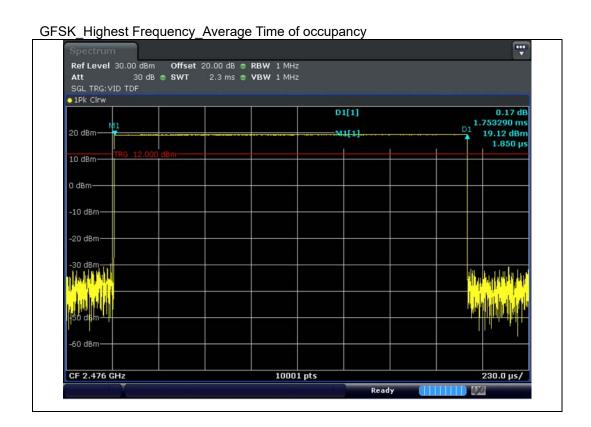
Note1: observation period: a period of 0.4 seconds*the number of hopping channels employed







Note1: observation period: a period of 0.4 seconds*the number of hopping channels employed







4.4.5 Carrier Frequencies Separation

4.4.5.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1) and RSS-247 §5.1(b) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

4.4.5.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.2 Carrier frequency separation

4.4.5.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)



4.4.5.4 Measurement data

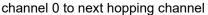
Test mode: Hopping

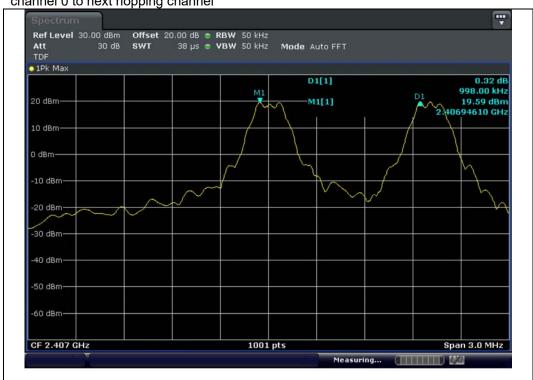
Carrier Frequency Separation							
Test hopping channel No.	Result (MHz)	Min. Limit (MHz)					
channel 0 to next hopping channel	0.998	0.312					
channel 69 to previous hopping channel	1.504	0.318					
channel 138 to previous hopping channel	1.998	0.322					

NOTE1: Limit(kHz): Result of 20 dB Bandwidth*2/3

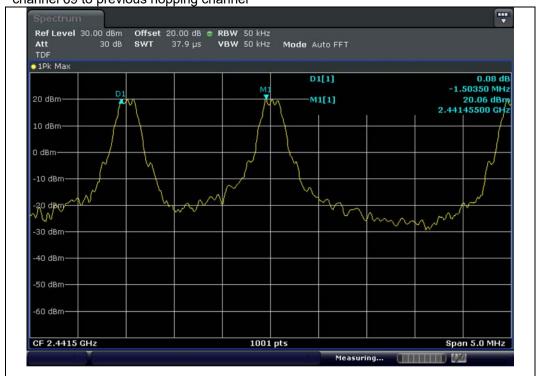


4.4.5.5 Test Plot

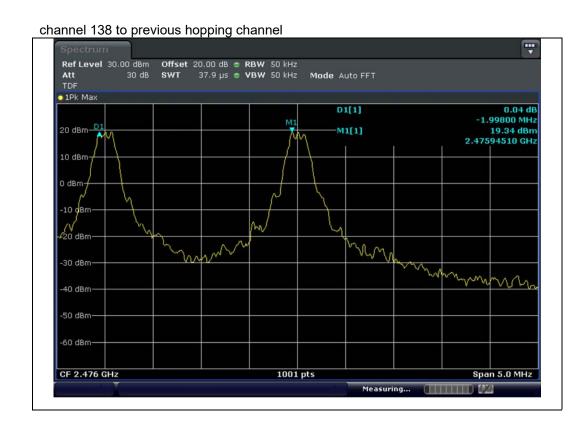
















4.4.6 Peak Output Power

4.4.6.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(1) and RSS-247 §5.4(b) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 nonoverlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

4.4.6.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines ANSI C63.10 \S 7.8.5 Output Power test procedure for FHSS

4.4.6.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)





4.4.6.4 Measurement data

Test mode : GFSK

Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power Result (dBm)	Power Result Power Result		Average Power Result (dBm)
2 407	20.21	104.95	125.00	7.00
2 441.5	19.93	98.40	125.00	6.98
2 476	19.60	91.20	125.00	6.35

Since the directional gain of the Antenna declared by the manufacturer , does not exceed 6.0 dBi ,there was no need to Note1:

reduce the output power. Note2:



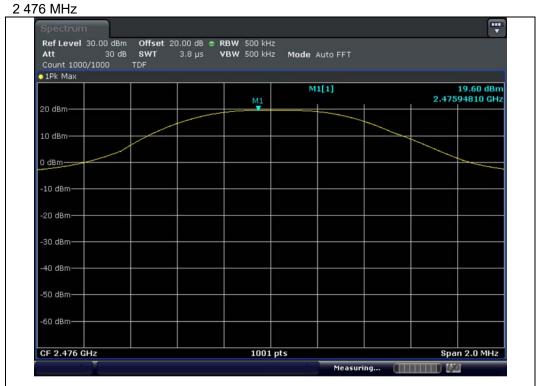
4.4.6.5 Test Plot

2 407 MHz













4.4.7 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands

4.4.7.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d) and RSS-247 §5.5 in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a) and RSS-GEN §8.9 Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall notexceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency(MHz)	Field strength(microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance(meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shallnot be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.



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According to §15.205(a),(b) and RSS-GEN §8.10 only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525 25	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	156.7 - 156.9	2 690 – 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 260 – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	240 - 285	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	322 - 335.4	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurement

4.4.7.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines

ANSI C63.10 § 6.10.4 Authorized band-edge relative method (lower bandedge)

ANSI C63.10 § 6.10.6 Marker Delta Method (upper restricted bandedge)

ANSI C63.10 § 11.11.1 General Information

ANSI C63.10 § 11.11.3 Emission level measurement

4.4.7.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

Span : wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel

closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of

the authorized band of operation

RBW : ≥ 1% of the span

VBW : ≥ RBW
Sweep : Auto
Detector : Peak
Trace : Max hold



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Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. Submit this plot.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit. Submit this plot.

4.4.7.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Span : wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel

closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of

the authorized band of operation

RBW : ≥ 1% of the span

VBW : ≥ RBW
Sweep : Auto
Detector : Peak
Trace : Max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. Submit these plots.

4.4.7.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

- 1) The preliminary and final rdiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in at a 10m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 m(Below 1 GHz) and 1 m(Above 1 GHz).
- 2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1×1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360° .
- 3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1 000 MHz using the BILOG broadband antenna, and from 1 000 MHz to 10 000 MHz using the horn antenna.
- 4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

Span : wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW : \geq 1 MHz for f \geq 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW : ≥ RBW
Sweep : Auto
Detector : Peak
Trace : Max hold

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data.



set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log(dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

NOTE1: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK)

and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.

NOTE2: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and

frequency above 1 GHz.

NOTE3: The 0.8 m height is for below 1 GHz testing, and 1.5 m is for above 1 GHz testing

4.4.7.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)





4.4.7.4 Measurement data_Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test mode: Below 1 GHz (Worst case: 2 476 MHz_Antenna 2)

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Ant Factor (dB)	Loss (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Not Detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain Note 2 : Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss

Note 3: Not Detected means that peak data is 20 dB below the limit.





Test mode: Above 1 GHz_2 407 MHz_Antenna 2

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Factor (dB)	DCCF (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2279.24	PK	Н	57.60	-5.10	-	52.46	74.00	21.54
2200 00	PK	Н	60.80	-4.70	-	56.06	74.00	17.94
2388.00	AV	Н	29.20	-4.70	-26.81	-2.35	54.00	56.35
2567.49	PK	Н	54.40	-4.10	-	50.26	74.00	23.74
Above 3 GHz	Not Detected	-	-	-		-	-	-

Note 1: Factor: Ant Factor + Cable loss - Amp gain + Distance Factor

Note 2: Peak Result : Reading + Factor

Note 3: DCCF(Duty Cyle Correction Factor): 20 x Log(worst case dwell time / 100 ms) dB, refer to 4.4.7.7

Average Reasult : Average Reading + Factor + DCCF

Note 4: Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m

Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54

Note 5: Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

Test mode: Above 1 GHz_2 441.5 MHz_Antenna 2

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Factor (dB)	DCCF (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2281.72	PK	Н	57.70	-5.10	-	52.56	74.00	21.44
2601.61	PK	Н	57.00	-4.00	-	52.96	74.00	21.04
7325.79	PK	Н	44.30	4.60	-	48.86	74.00	25.14
7325.79	PK	V	48.30	4.60	-	52.86	74.00	21.14
Above 8 GHz	Not Detected	-	-	-		-	-	-

Note 1 : Factor : Ant Factor + Cable loss - Amp gain + Distance Factor

Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Factor

Note 3: DCCF(Duty Cyle Correction Factor): 20 x Log(worst case dwell time / 100 ms) dB, refer to 4.4.7.7

Average Reasult : Average Reading + Factor + DCCF

Note 4: Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m

Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = $20\log(1/3) = -9.54$

Note 5: Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.





Test mode: Above 1 GHz_2 476 MHz_Antenna 2

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Pol. (V/H)	Reading (dBµV)	Factor (dB)	DCCF (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
2316.26	PK	Н	57.70	-4.90	-	52.76	74.00	21.24
2483.75	PK	Н	76.80	-4.30	-	72.46	74.00	1.54
	AV	Н	32.90	-4.30	-26.81	1.75	54.00	52.25
2484.00	PK	V	70.20	-4.30	-	65.86	74.00	8.14
	AV	V	32.40	-4.30	-26.81	1.25	54.00	52.75
2636.11	PK	Н	56.80	-3.90	-	52.86	74.00	21.14
7428.76	PK	Н	45.20	4.80	-	49.96	74.00	24.04
7428.76	PK	V	47.50	4.80	-	52.26	74.00	21.74
Above 8 GHz	Not Detected	-	-	-		-	-	-

Factor : Ant Factor + Cable loss - Amp gain + Distance Factor Note 1:

Peak Result : Reading + Factor Note 2:

DCCF(Duty Cyle Correction Factor): 20 x Log(worst case dwell time / 100 ms) dB, refer to 4.4.7.7 Note 3:

Average Reasult : Average Reading + Factor + DCCF Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m Note 4:

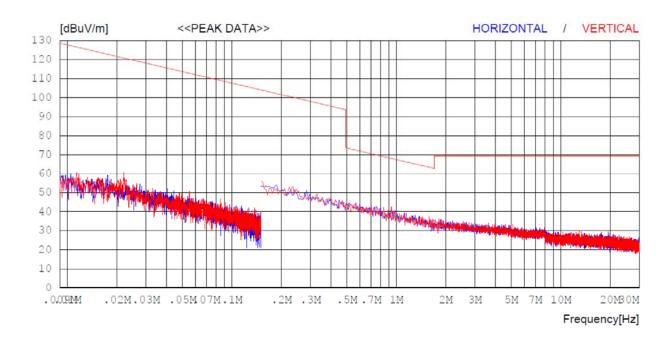
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = $20\log(1/3) = -9.54$

Note 5: Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.



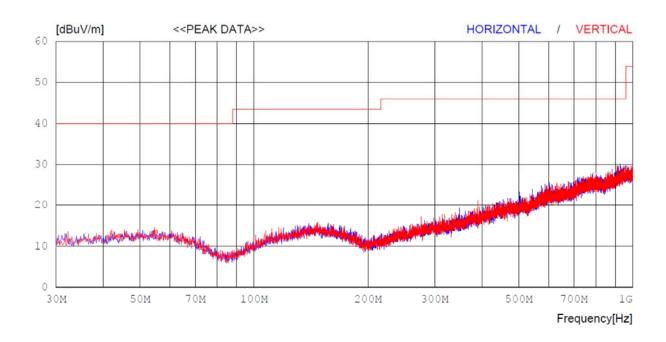
4.4.7.5 Measurement Plot_Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test mode: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz (Worst Case: 2 476 MHz Antenna 2)

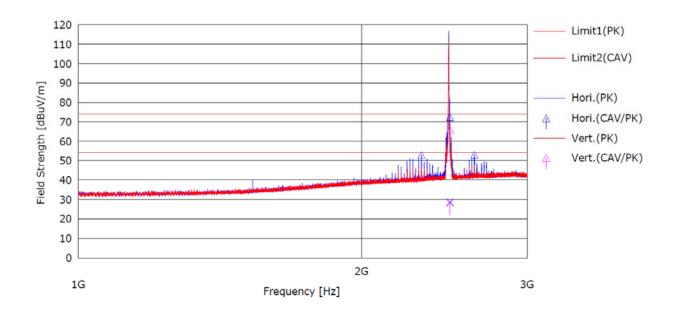




Test mode: 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz (Worst Case: 2 476 MHz Antenna 2)



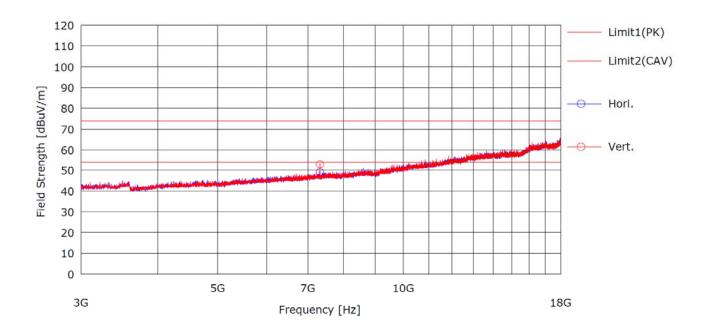
Test mode: 1 GHz ~ 3 GHz (Worst Case: 2 476 MHz Antenna 2)



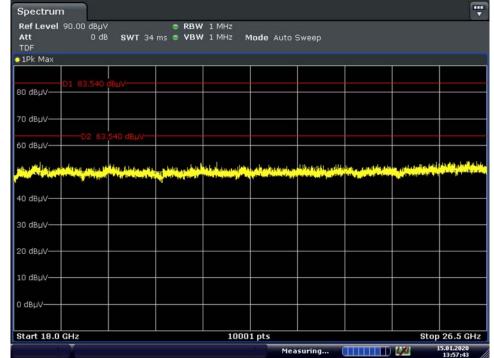
Note 1: Measured distance : 1 m



Test mode: 3 GHz ~ 18 GHz (Worst Case: 2 441.5 MHz Antenna 2)



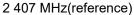


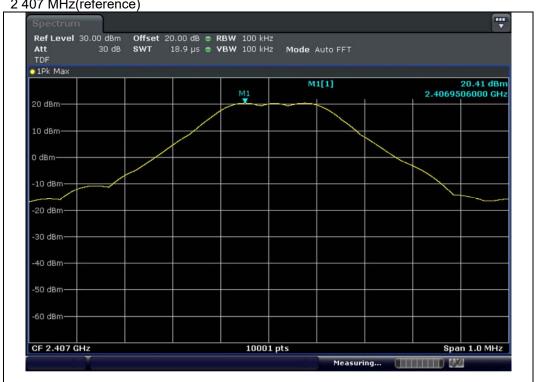


Note 1: Measured distance: 1 m

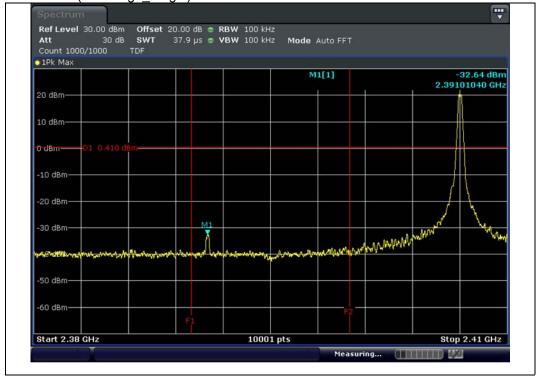


4.4.7.6 Measurement data_Conducted Spurious Emissions



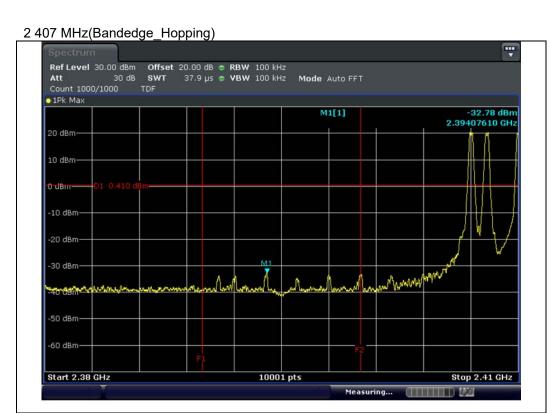




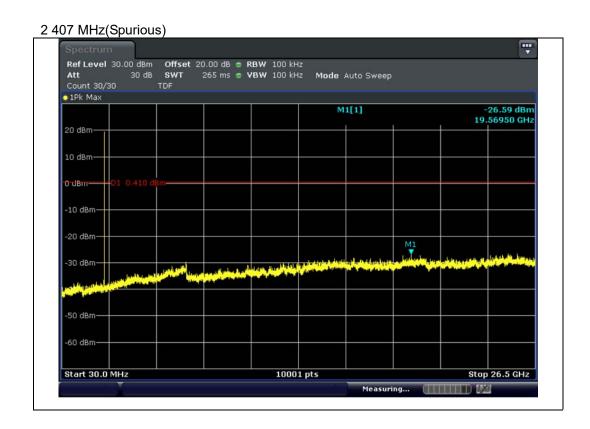


NOTE: F1: 2 390 MHz, F2: 2 400 MHz

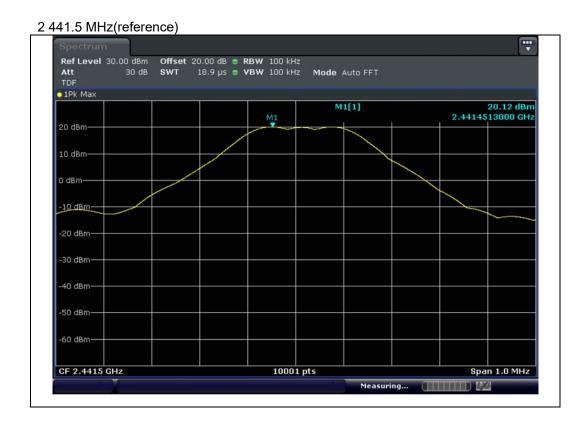




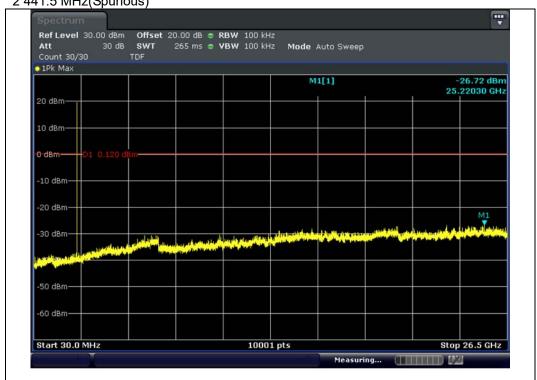
NOTE: F1: 2 390 MHz, F2: 2 400 MHz



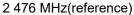


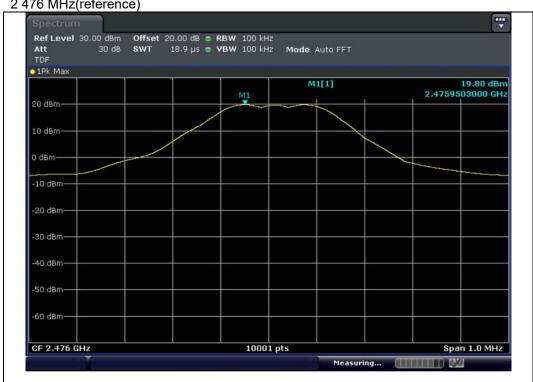


2 441.5 MHz(Spurious)

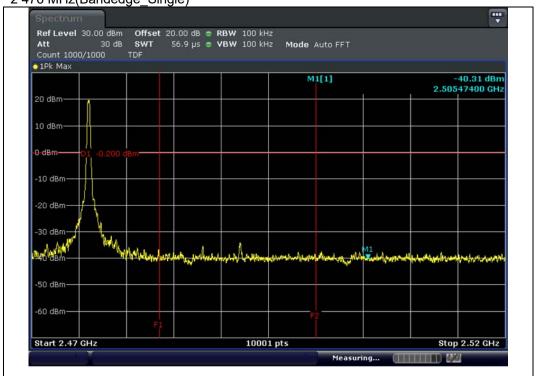






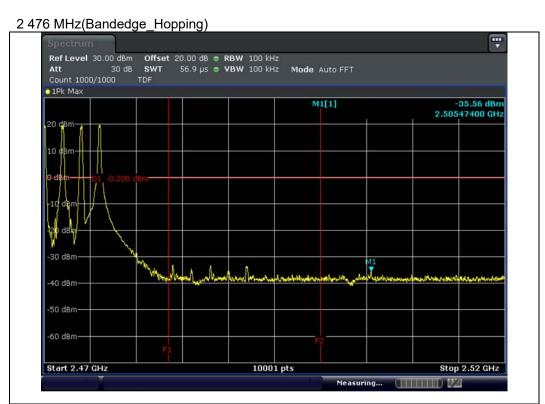




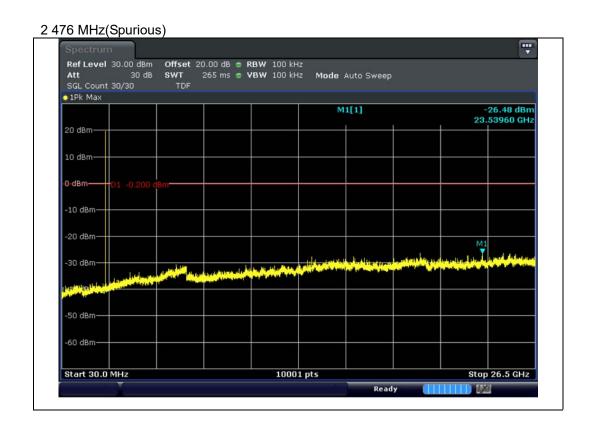


NOTE: F1: 2 483.5 MHz, F2: 2 500 MHz



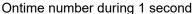


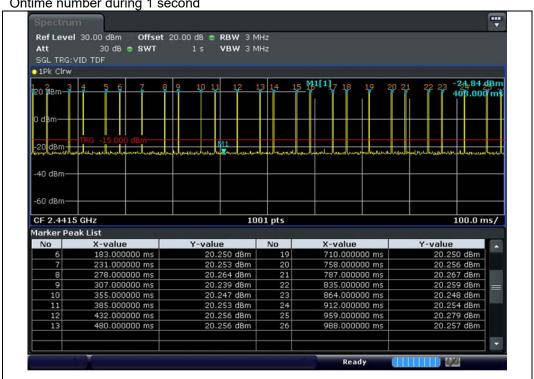
NOTE: F1: 2 483.5 MHz, F2: 2 500 MHz





4.4.7.7 Measurement Plot_Dutycycle





On time



NOTE: Dwell time: On time(For 100ms)*No. of hop : ((1.76 * 26) / 10) * 1 = 4.57Dutycycle Factor: 20log(dwell time/100) = 20log(4.57 / 100) = -26.81





4.4.8 Conducted Emission

4.4.8.1 Regulation

According to §15.207(a) and RSS-GEN8.8 for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Fraguency of emission (MUz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)			
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Qausi-peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *		
0.5 – 5	56	46		
5 - 30	60	50		

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

According to §15.107(a), for unintentional device, except for Class A digital devices, line conducted emission limits are the same as the above table.

4.4.8.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1) The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5 m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
- 2) Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
- 3) Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
- 4) The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
- 5) The measurements were made with the detector set to PEAK amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to QUASIPEAK and AVERAGE within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

4.4.8.3 Result

Not Applicable (This device gets power supply from only battery (DC 3.7 V)

The battery only charges with a excusive cradle.)



APPENDIX I

TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS



To facilitate inclusion on each page of the test equipment used for related tests, each item of test equipment.

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date (yy.mm.dd)	Next Cal.Date (yy.mm.dd)
FSV Signal Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV30	103370	2019-10-15	2020-10-15
Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2022XA	MY55320008	2019-08-19	2020-08-19
ATTENUATOR	INMET	26A-20	TR011	2019-10-14	2020-10-14
DC Power Supply	HP	66332A	US37471465	2020-01-15	2021-01-15
Digital MultiMeter	HP	34401A	US36025428	2020-01-14	2021-01-14
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	178384	2019-10-14	2020-10-14
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESU40	100445	2019-12-13	2020-12-13
BiLog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9160	9160-3381	2019-06-14	2021-06-14
ATTENUATOR	JFW	50FPE-006N	-	2019-04-23	2020-04-23
Preamplifier	TSJ	MLA-10k01- b01-27	1870369	2019-04-23	2020-04-23
Antenna Mast(10 m)	TOKIN	5977	-	-	-
Antenna Mast(10 m)	Innco	MA4640- XPET-0800	578	-	-
Controller(10 m)	TOKIN	5909L	141909L-1	-	-
Controller(10 m)	Innco	CO3000	40040217	-	-
Turn Table(10 m)	TOKIN	5983-1.5	-	-	-
10 m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	SY CORPORATION	-	-	-	-
Active Loop H-Field	ETS	6502	00150598	2019-05-24	2021-05-24
Double Ridege Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00168719	2019-08-29	2021-08-29
PREAMPLIFIER	Agilent	8449B	3008A02110	2020-01-10	2021-01-10
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESR7	101440	2019-12-13	2020-12-13
LISN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ENV216	101883	2019-04-24	2020-04-24
Pulse Limiter	Schwarzbeck	VTSD 9561-F	9561-F189	2019-04-23	2020-04-23
Band Reject Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WRCGV10- 2363.5-2400- 2483.5-2520-60SS	7	2019-05-10	2020-05-10
Double Ridege Horn Antenna	A.H Systems, Inc	SAS-574	465	2019-04-25	2021-04-25
PREAMPLIFIER	A.H. Systems, inc.	PAM-1840VH	166	2020-01-10	2021-01-10