Sheet 1 of 63 Sheets ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01



FOR FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C

Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

Client: ADVANCE VISION ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Product: 2MEGA IPCAM / VGA IPCAM
Model: AM1201-W (for 2MEGA IPCAM);

AM1001-W (for VGA IPCAM)

(Series models list please check page 2)

FCC ID: YJX-AMEGIA1201-W

Manufacturer/supplier: ADVANCE VISION ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Date test item received: 2010/06/03
Date test campaign completed: 2010/06/15
Date of issue: 2010/06/25

The test result only corresponds to the tested sample. It is not permitted to copy this report, in part or in full, without the permission of the test laboratory.

Total number of pages of this test report: 63 pages

Total number of pages of photos: External photos 2 pages

Internal photos 10 pages Setup photos 3 pages

Test Engineer Checked By Approved By

Jan 7...

Jan 7...

Jan 7...

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Client : ADVANCE VISION ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Address : 6F., No. 199, Lide St., Jhonghe City, Taipei County, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Manufacturer : ADVANCE VISION ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Address : 6F., No. 199, Lide St., Jhonghe City, Taipei County, Taiwan, R.O.C.

EUT : 2MEGA IPCAM / VGA IPCAM

Trade name : Amegia

Model No. : AM1201-W (for 2MEGA IPCAM); AM1001-W (for VGA IPCAM)

Series Model No. : AM1200-W (for 2MEGA IPCAM)

AM1000-W (for VGA IPCAM)

Note: The series model(s) information provide by the applicant and without testing. Any questions of series model(s) will be responsibility of the applicant.

Difference informations of series model see ANNEX C.

Power Source : Adapter: LTE12W-S1

I/P: 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 1A

O/P: 5V dc , 2A

Regulations applied : FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C (2008)

The testing described in this report has been carried out to the best of our knowledge and ability, and our responsibility is limited to the exercise of reasonable care. This certification is not intended to believe the sellers from their legal and/or contractual obligations.

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NVLAP Lab Code 200133-0

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : 2MEGA IPCAM / VGA IPCAM

b) Trade Name : Amegia

c) Model No. : AM1201-W (for 2MEGA IPCAM); AM1001-W (for VGA IPCAM)

d) Series Model No. : AM1200-W (for 2MEGA IPCAM)

: AM1000-W (for VGA IPCAM)

1.2 Characteristics of Device

The EUT is 2MEGA IPCAM / VGA IPCAM. It conforms to the IEEE 802.11b/g protocal and operates in the unlicensed ISM Band at 2.4 GHz. Support maximum 54 Mbps data rates and 11 channels (2412 MHz to 2462 MHz). Incorporates an integral antenna.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437		

^{*} AM1201-W and AM1001-W use different camera lens modules. Other PCBs are the same.

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1.3 Test Methodology

All testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003) and FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and Part 15.

1.4 Test Facility

The semi-anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data are located inside the Building at No.8, Lane 29, Wen-ming Road, Lo-shan Tsun, Kweishan Hsiang, Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C.

This site has been accreditation as a FCC filing site.

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1.5 Test Summary

Requirement	FCC Paragraph #	Test Pass
Antenna Requirement	15.203	
Emission Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(2)	\boxtimes
Output Power Requirement	15.247 (b)	
Power Density Requirement	15.247 (e)	
Spurious Emissions	15.247 (d)	
Radiated Emission	15.247 (d)	

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2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note: A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

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2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.107(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dB μ V	Average dB μ V
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

^{*}Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

For intentional device, according to §15.207(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is same as above table.

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency MHz	Distance Meters	Radiated dB μ V/m	Radiated μV/m
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 - 216	3	43.5	150
216 - 960	3	46.0	200
above 960	3	54.0	500

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

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(4) Bandwidth Requirement

According to 15.247 (a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For systems using digital modulation, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) Spurious Emissions Measurement

According to 15.247 (c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

(7) Power Density Requirement

According to 15.247 (d), for digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission..

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2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.25
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

^{**:} Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

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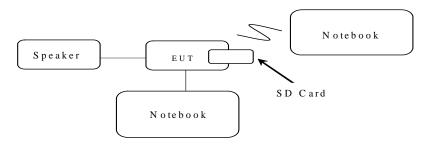
3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Devices for Tested System

3.1.1 H/W

Device	Manufacture	Model No.	Cable Description
2MEGA IPCAM*	ADVANCE VISION ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	AM1201-W	1.8m Unshielded Power Line / Adapter
VGA IPCAM*	ADVANCE VISION ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	AM1001-W	1.8m Unshielded Power Line / Adapter
Notebook	НР	nx6320	3.1m Unshielded Power Line
Notebook	НР	nx6320	3.1m Unshielded Power Line
Speaker	Hi-Fi	Active speak	1.0m*1 Unshielded Power Line 0.6m*1 Unshielded Signal Line
SD Card	SDisk	N/A	

Note: Remark "*" means equipment under test.



3.1.2 S/W

Test Software:	Telnet
Parameter setting:	802.11b: 0
	802.11g: 3

- 3.1.3 The series model AM1001-W is evaluated with the item of Spurious Emission testing.
- 3.1.4 IEEE 802.11b mode: 1Mbps data rate is the worse case for full testing. IEEE 802.11g mode: 6Mbps data rate is the worse case for full testing.

4 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to § 15.107(a) and §15.207(a) respectively. Both Limits are identical specification.

4.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1.
- 2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
- 3. Record the 6 highest emissions relative to the limit.
- 4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
- 5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
- 6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

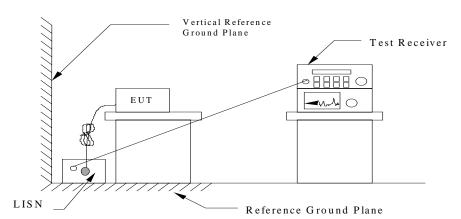


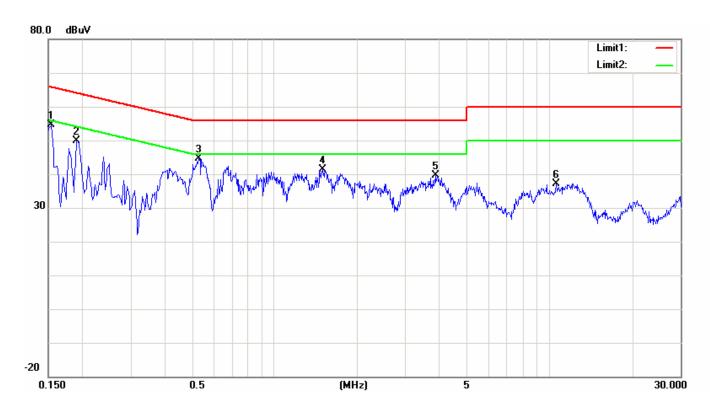
Figure 1 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration

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4.3 Conducted Emission Data

File: 837 Data: #1 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 25 °C Time PM 04:32:58 Humidity: 63 %

:



Condition: FCC Part 15 Phase: L1

No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		Factor(dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)
1	0.1540	45.09	peak	9.54	54.63	65.78	-11.15
2	0.1900	40.44	peak	9.54	49.98	64.04	-14.06
3	0.5300	35.02	peak	9.56	44.58	56.00	-11.42
4	1.4980	31.80	peak	9.58	41.38	56.00	-14.62
5	3.8420	29.88	peak	9.64	39.52	56.00	-16.48
6	10.6140	27.45	peak	9.76	37.21	60.00	-22.79

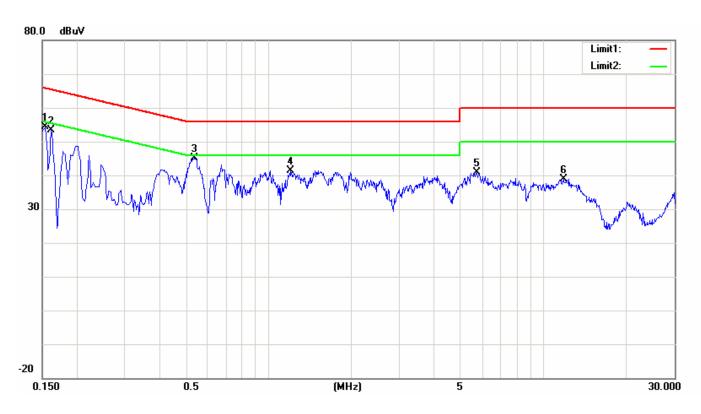
Note:

- 1. Place of measurement: <u>EMC LAB. of the ETC.</u>
- 2. "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. If the data table appeared symbol of "----" means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
- 4. "#" means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.
- 5. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $\pm 2.5 dB$.

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File: 837 Data: #2 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 25 °C Time PM 04:35:34 Humidity: 63 %

:



Condition: FCC Part 15 Phase: L2

No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		Factor(dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	(dB)
1	0.1540	44.82	peak	9.54	54.36	65.78	-11.42
2	0.1620	43.82	peak	9.54	53.36	65.36	-12.00
3	0.5380	35.47	peak	9.56	45.03	56.00	-10.97
4	1.1980	31.79	peak	9.57	41.36	56.00	-14.64
5	5.7340	31.23	peak	9.67	40.90	60.00	-19.10
6	11.8340	29.16	peak	9.79	38.95	60.00	-21.05

Note:

- 1. Place of measurement: <u>EMC LAB</u>. of the ETC.
- 2. "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. If the data table appeared symbol of "----" means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
- 4. "#" means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.
- 5. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $\pm 2.5 dB$.

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4.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

RESULT = READING + LISN FACTOR (Included Cable Loss)

4.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test.

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
RF Test Receiver	Rohde and Schwarz	ESCS30	08/22/2010
LISN	EMCO	37100/2M	03/04/2011

FCC ID. :YJX-AMEGIA1201-W

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5 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

5.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to §15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

Antenna type: PIFA. Antenna gain: 1.3 dBi.

The directional gain of antenna doesn't greater than 6 dBi, the power won't be reduced.

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6 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2), system using digital modulation techniques, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

6.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 2. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 2: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



6.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/27/2010

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6.4 Measurement Data

6.4.1 IEEE 802.11b

Test Date: Jun. 08, 2010 Temperature: 27°C Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	FCC Limit (kHz)	Chart
1	2412	13.000	500	Page 21
6	2437	12.417	500	Page 22
11	2462	12.333	500	Page 23

Note:

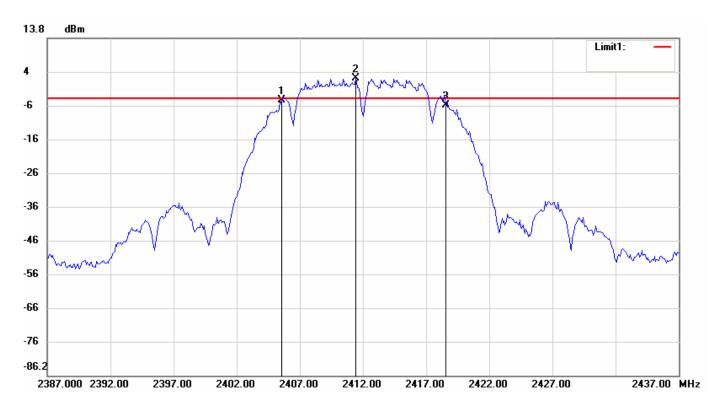
1.Please refer to page 21 to page 23 for chart

^{2.} The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $8.25 \times 10^{-7} (1 \text{GHz} \leq f \leq 18 \text{GHz})$

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File: BG TEST Data: #1 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:34:19 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -3.92dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 01-6dB EBW

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2405.5833	-4.56
2	2411.4167	2.08
3	2418.5833	-5.96

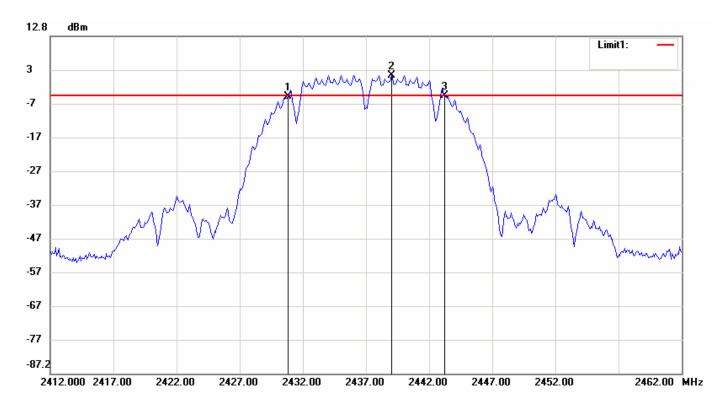
No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	13	-1.4

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File: BG TEST Data: #6 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:44:53 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -4.69dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 06-6dB EBW

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2430.8333	-4.96
2	2439.0000	1.31
3	2443.2500	-4.83

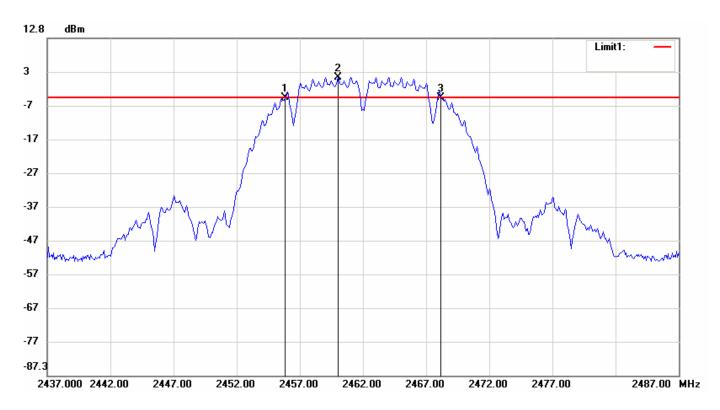
No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	12.4167	0.13

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #10 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:54:56 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -4.85dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 11-6dB EBW

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2455.8333	-4.95
2	2460.0000	1.15
3	2468.1667	-4.93

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	12.3334	0.02

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6.4.2 IEEE 802.11g

Test Date: <u>Jun. 08, 2010</u> Temperature: <u>27°C</u> Humidity: <u>57 %</u>

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	FCC Limit (kHz)	Chart
1	2412	16.583	500	Page 25
6	2437	16.667	500	Page 26
11	2462	16.667	500	Page 27

Note:

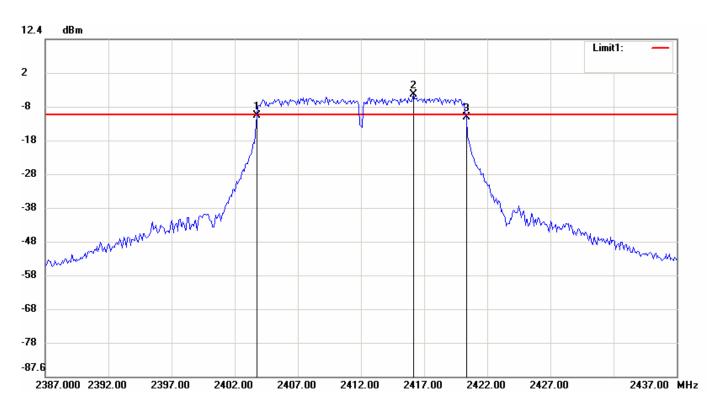
^{1.}Please refer to page 25 to page 27 for chart

^{2.} The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $8.25 \times 10^{-7} (1 \text{GHz} \le f \le 18 \text{GHz})$

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File: BG TEST Data: #15 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:06:27 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -10.01dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 01-6dB EBW

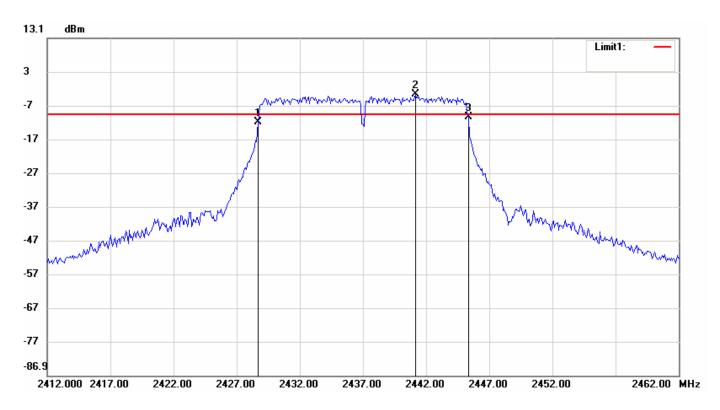
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2403.7500	-10.25
2	2416.1667	-4.01
3	2420.3333	-10.79

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.5833	-0.54

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File: BG TEST Data: #20 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:22:52 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -9.52dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 06-6dB EBW

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2428.6667	-11.72
2	2441.1667	-3.52
3	2445.3333	-10.33

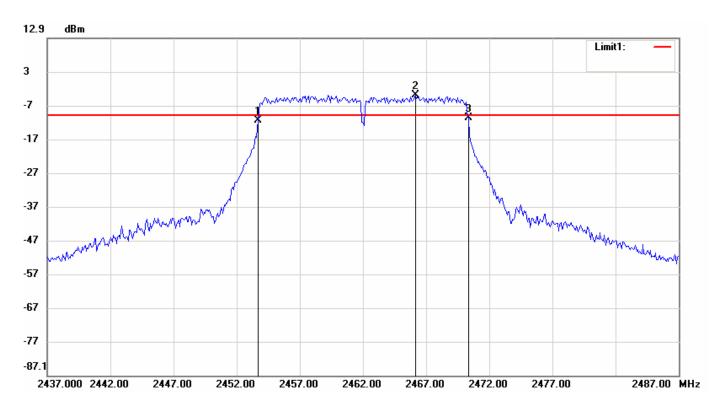
No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.6666	1.39

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #24 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:32:57 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -9.89dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 11-6dB EBW

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2453.6667	-11.58
2	2466.1667	-3.89
3	2470.3333	-10.71

No.		△Frequency(MHz)	△Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.6666	0.87

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7 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

7.1 Standard Applicable

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 3. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3. Measure the highest value appearing on power meter and record the level to calculate result data.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 3: Output power measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/27/2010
Power Meter	Boonton	N1922A	11/02/2010
Peak Power Sensor	Boonton	N1912A	11/02/2010

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7.4 Measurement Data

7.4.1 IEEE 802.11b

Test Date: Jun. 08, 2010 Temperature: 27°C Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency	Maximum Peak	Maximum Peak	FCC Limit	Chart
	(MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	(mW)	
	(IVIIIZ)	(uDIII)	(111 **)	(111 **)	
1	2412	15.84	38.371	1000	-
6	2437	15.89	38.815	1000	-
11	2462	15.67	36.898	1000	1

Note:

The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $\pm 1.5 dB (1 GHz \le f \le 18 GHz)$

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7.4.2 IEEE 802.11g

Temperature: 27°C Test Date: <u>Jun. 08, 2010</u> Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency	Maximum Peak	Maximum Peak	FCC Limit	Chart
		Output Power	Output Power		
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)	
1	2412	13.30	21.380	1000	-
6	2437	13.88	24.434	1000	ı
11	2462	13.84	24.210	1000	-

Note:

The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $\pm 1.5 dB (1 GHz \le f \le f)$ 18GHz)

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8 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 2. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Adjust the center frequency of spectrum analyzer on highest level appearing on spectral display within a 300 kHz frequency span.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer on a 3 kHz resolution bandwidth and 10 kHz video bandwidth as well as max. hold function, then record the measurement result.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/27/2010

FCC ID. :YJX-AMEGIA1201-W

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8.4 Measurement Data

8.4.1 IEEE 802.11b

Test Date: Jun. 08, 2010 Temperature: 27°C Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm)	FCC Limit (dBm)	Chart
1	2412	-9.47	8	Page 33
6	2437	-17.04	8	Page 34
11	2462	-17.16	8	Page 35

Note:

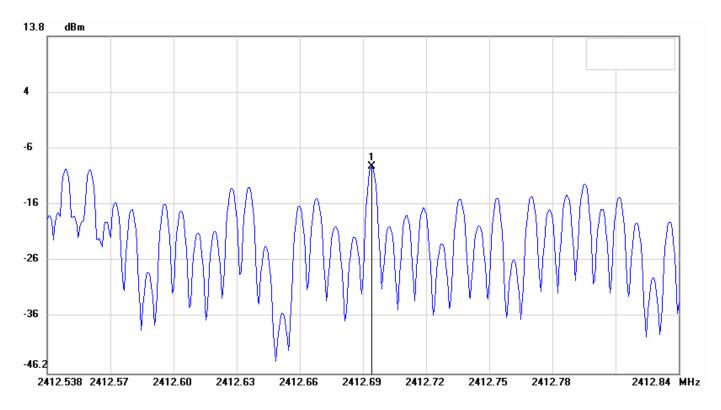
- 1. Please refer to page 33 to page 35 for chart
- 2. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $\pm 1.5 dB(1 GHz \le f \le 18 GHz)$

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #4 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: $27\ ^{\circ}$ C

Time: PM 01:38:44 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 100000ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 3 KHz VBW: 10 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 01-Power Density (PK)

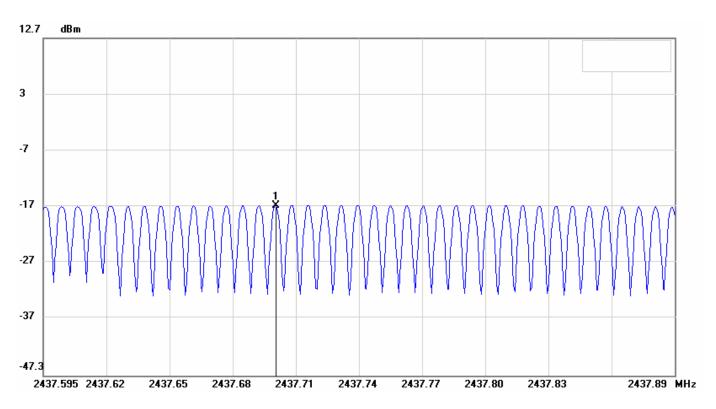
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2412.6921	-9.47

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 $ETC\ Report\ No.: 10\text{-}06\text{-}MAS\text{-}031\text{-}01$

File: BG TEST Data: #9 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:49:16 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 100000ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 3 KHz VBW: 10 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 06-Power Density (PK)

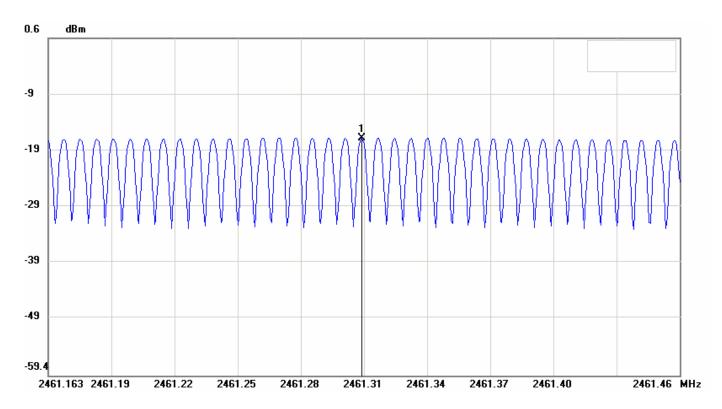
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2437.7055	-17.04

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 $ETC\ Report\ No.: 10\text{-}06\text{-}MAS\text{-}031\text{-}01$

File: BG TEST Data: #13 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:59:42 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 100000ms Att.: 10dB

Model: RBW: 3 KHz VBW: 10 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 11-Power Density (PK)

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2461.3122	-17.16

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

8.4.2 IEEE 802.11g

Test Date: Jun. 08, 2010 Temperature: 27°C Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm)	FCC Limit (dBm)	Chart
1	2412	-19.83	8	Page 37
6	2437	-19.30	8	Page 38
11	2462	-19.61	8	Page 39

Note:

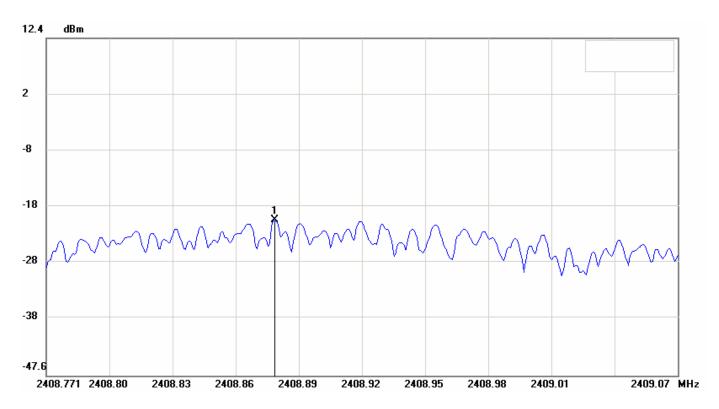
- 1. Please refer to page 37 to page 39 for chart
- 2. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is $\pm 1.5 dB(1 GHz \le f \le 18 GHz)$

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #18 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:10:52 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 100000ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 3 KHz VBW: 10 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 01-Power Density (PK)

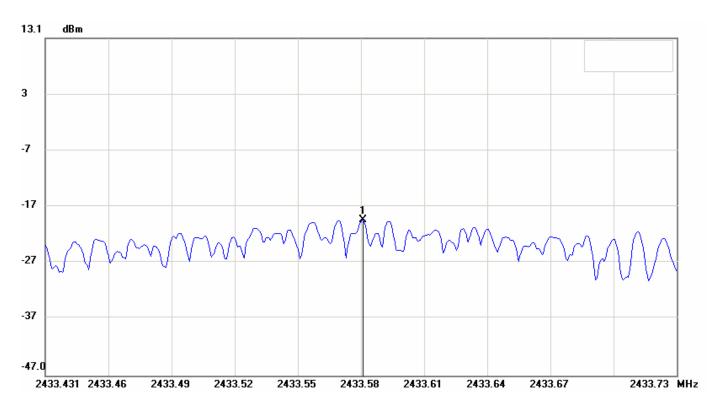
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2408.8792	-19.83

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #23 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:27:17 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 100000ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 3 KHz VBW: 10 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 06-Power Density (PK)

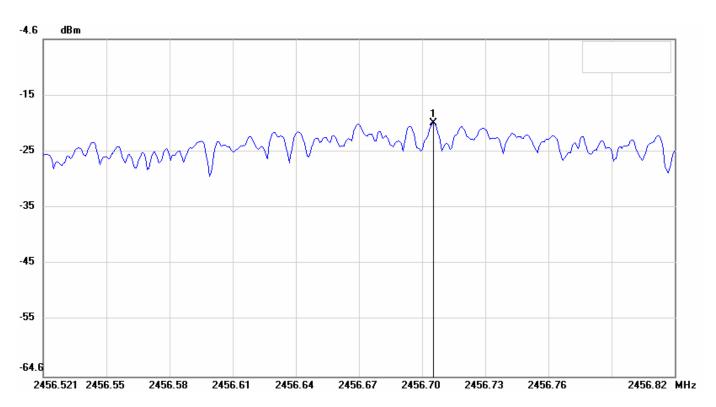
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2433.5824	-19.30

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #27 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:37:43 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 100000ms Att.: 10dB

Model: RBW: 3 KHz VBW: 10 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 11-Power Density (PK)

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2456.7065	-19.61

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9 SPURIOUS EMISSION - RF CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 12.247 (c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

9.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 2. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW / VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz / 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	09/27/2010

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

9.4 Measurement Data

9.4.1 IEEE 802.11b

Test Date: Jun. 08, 2010 Temperature: 27°C Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Chart
1	2412	Page 42, Page 44
6	2437	Page 45
11	2462	Page 43 Page 46

All out-of -band conducted emissions were more than 20dB below the carrier.

Note: Please refer to page 42 to page 46 for chart

9.4.2 IEEE 802.11g

Test Date: Jun. 08, 2010 Temperature: 27°C Humidity: 57 %

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Chart
1	2412	Page 47, Page 49
6	2437	Page 50
11	2462	Page 48 Page 51

All out-of -band conducted emissions were more than 20dB below the carrier.

Note: Please refer to page 47 to page 51 for chart

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ETC Report No. : 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #5 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:39:20 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -18.3dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 10dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 01-Bandedge

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2397.5000	-35.47
2	2411.5000	1.70

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #14 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:00:17 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -18.87dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 10dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

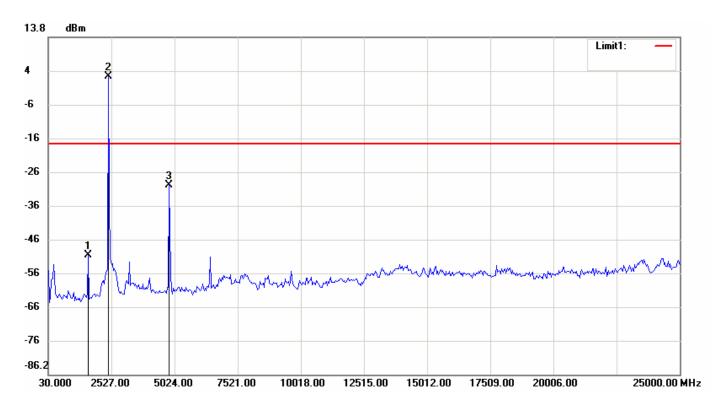
Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 11-Bandedge

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2464.0600	1.13
2	2487.9867	-50.42

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File: BG TEST Data: #2 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:35:11 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -17.77dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 01-Conducted Spurious

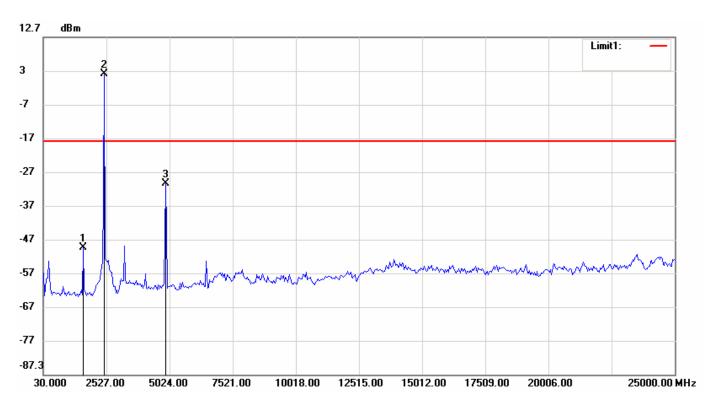
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1611.4333	-50.70
2	2402.1500	2.23
3	4815.9167	-29.98

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #7 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 01:45:43 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -18.22dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 06-Conducted Spurious

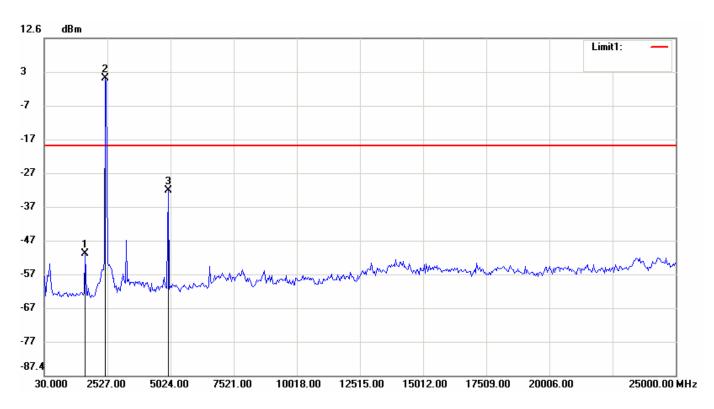
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1611.4333	-49.71
2	2443.7667	1.78
3	4857.5333	-30.75

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #11 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: $27 \,^{\circ}$ C

Time: PM 01:55:45 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -19.13dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11B Channel 11-Conducted Spurious

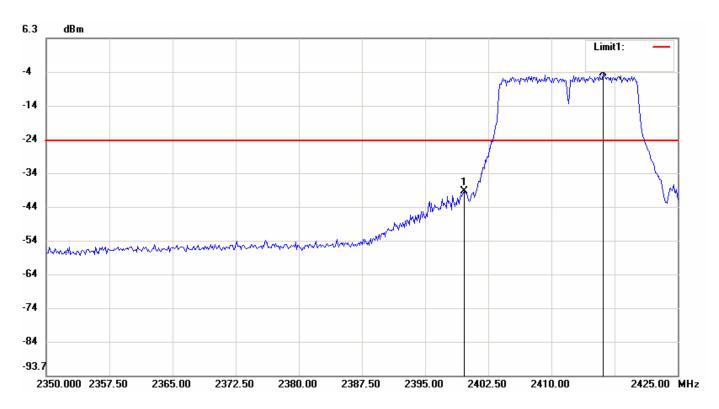
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	1653.0500	-51.29
2	2443.7667	0.87
3	4940.7667	-32.58

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #19 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:11:28 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -24.06dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 10dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 01-Bandedge

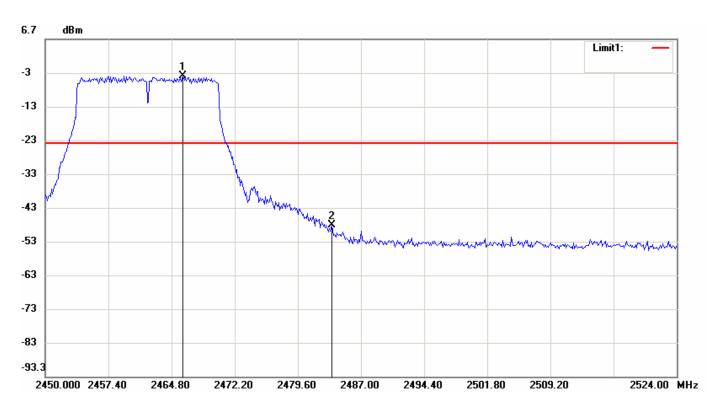
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2399.6250	-39.16
2	2416.1250	-4.06

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #28 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:38:19 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -24.03dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 500ms Att.: 10dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 11-Bandedge

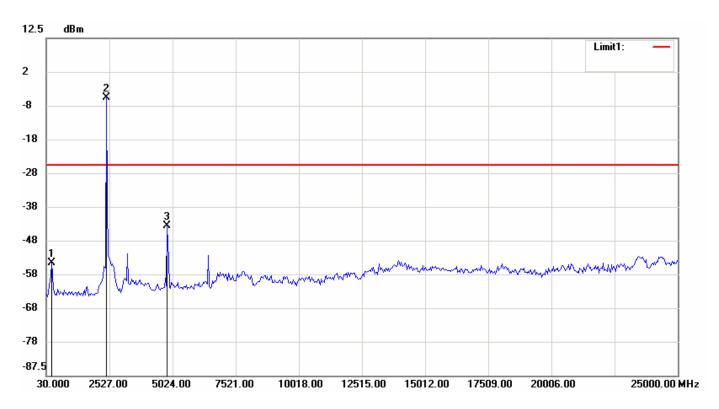
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	2466.1567	-4.03
2	2483.5467	-48.45

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #16 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:07:16 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -25.07dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 01-Conducted Spurious

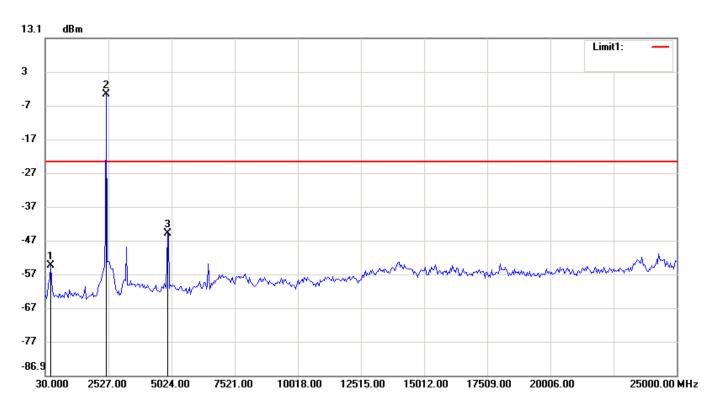
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	238.0833	-54.04
2	2402.1500	-5.07
3	4815.9167	-43.20

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ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #21 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: 27 °C

Time: PM 02:23:42 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -23.57dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

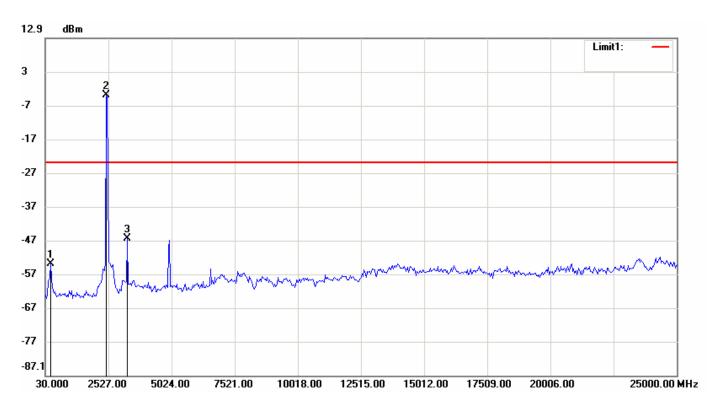
Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 06-Conducted Spurious

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	238.0833	-54.32
2	2443.7667	-3.57
3	4857.5333	-44.76

ETC Report No.: 10-06-MAS-031-01

File: BG TEST Data: #25 Date: 2010/6/8 Temperature: $27 \,^{\circ}$ C

Time: PM 02:33:47 Humidity: 57 %



Condition: -24dBm Horizontal

EUT: Sweep Time: 2386.4ms Att.: 20dB

Model: RBW: 100 KHz VBW: 300 KHz

Test Mode:

Note: FCC-802.11G Channel 11-Conducted Spurious

No.	Frequency(MHz)	Level(dBm)
1	238.0833	-54.08
2	2443.7667	-4.00
3	3276.1000	-46.54

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10 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

10.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with §15.247 (c)

10.2 Measurement Procedure

A.Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices.

For movable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT (X,Y and Z axis):

- 1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 2. With the receiving number of numbers of n
- 3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. The axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.
- 4. The position in which the maximum noise occurred was "Z axis". (Please see the test setup photos)

B. Final Measurement

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 4 and 5 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively.
- 2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, it is performed in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions. For emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
- 3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 120 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
- 4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

Note: A filter was used to avoid pre-amplifier saturated when measure TX operation mode.

- 5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
- 7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the datarate, placement of ANT. cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

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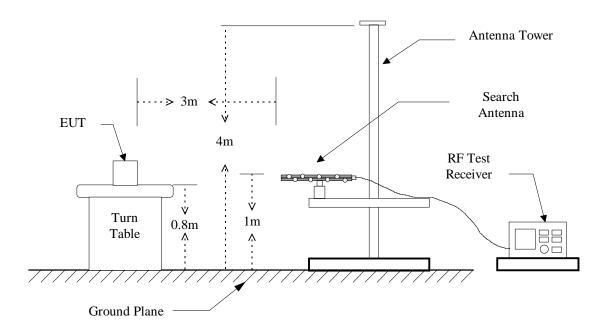
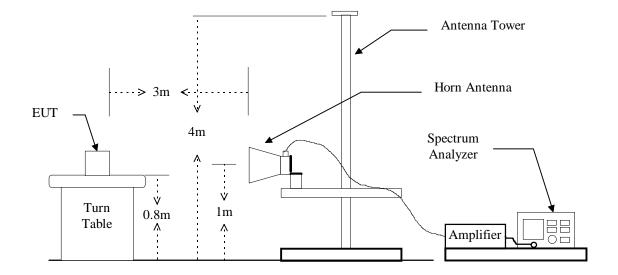


Figure 4: Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

Figure 5: Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



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10.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB7	07/19/2010
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU46	11/18/2010
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	12/10/2010
BiLog Antenna	Schaffner	CBL 6112B	08/18/2010
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	07/13/2010
Preamplifier	Hewlett-Packard	8449B	10/11/2010

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used:

Frequency Band	Instrument	Function	Resolution	Video
(MHz)	mot amont	T direction	Bandwidth	Bandwidth
	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	300 kHz
30 to 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	120 kHz	300 kHz
A1 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz

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10.4 Radiated Emission Data

10.4.1 Harmonic

10.4.1.1 IEEE 802.11b Operation Mode: TX

Test Date: Jun. 15, 2010 Temperature: 25°C Humidity: 60%

a) Channel 1

Fundamental Frequency: 2412 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor	Result	@3m	Limit	@3m
	H V		(dB)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)			
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.
4824.000	58.9	56.3	58.6	56.2	-2.49	56.4	53.8	74.0	54.0
12060.000					4.42			74.0	54.0
14472.000					8.96			74.0	54.0
19296.000					-3.88			74.0	54.0

b) Channel 6

Fundamental Frequency: 2437 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor	Result	@3m	Limit	@3m
		Н	V		(dB)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.
4874.000	58.2	56.3	58.1	55.6	-2.38	55.8	53.9	74.0	54.0
7311.000					0.59			74.0	54.0
12185.000					4.47			74.0	54.0
19496.000					-4.68			74.0	54.0

c) Channel 11

Fundamental Frequency: 2462 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor	Result @3m		Limit @3m	
		Н	V		(dB)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.
4924.000	58.0	56.1	57.1	55.8	-2.27	55.7	53.8	74.0	54.0
7386.000					0.76			74.0	54.0
12310.000					4.52			74.0	54.0
19696.000					-4.66			74.0	54.0
22158.000					-3.09			74.0	54.0

Note:

- 1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
- 2. Remark "---" means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.

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10.4.1.2 IEEE 802.11g Operation Mode: <u>TX</u>

Test Date: Jun. 15, 2010 Temperature: 25°C Humidity: 60%

a) Channel 1

Fundamental Frequency: 2412 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor	Result @3m		Limit @3m	
	H V		(dB)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)			
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.
4824.000	53.5		53.4		-2.49	51.0		74.0	54.0
12060.000					4.42			74.0	54.0
14472.000					8.96			74.0	54.0
19296.000					-3.88			74.0	54.0

b) Channel 6

Fundamental Frequency: 2437 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor	Result	@3m	Limit	@3m
		H V		(dB)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)		
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.
4874.000	52.4		52.2		-2.38	50.0		74.0	54.0
7311.000					0.59			74.0	54.0
12185.000					4.47			74.0	54.0
19496.000					-4.68			74.0	54.0

c) Channel 11

Fundamental Frequency: 2462 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor	Result	@3m	Limit	@3m
	H V		r	(dB)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)		
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.
4924.000	53.6		53.1		-2.27	51.3		74.0	54.0
7386.000					0.76			74.0	54.0
12310.000					4.52			74.0	54.0
19696.000					-4.66			74.0	54.0
22158.000					-3.09			74.0	54.0

Note:

- 1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
- 2. Remark "---" means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.

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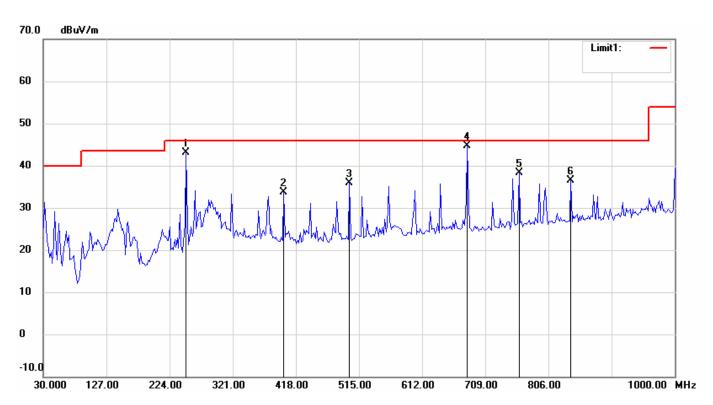
10.4.2 Spurious Emission

10.4.2.1 Operation Mode: AM1201-W

10.4.2.1.1 Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

File: Data: #1 Date: 2010/6/14 Temperature: $25 \,^{\circ}$ C

Time: AM 08:50:21 Humidity: 60 %



Condition: FCC Part15 RE-Class B_30-1000MHz Polarization: Horizontal

EUT: Distance: 3m

Model: Test Mode:

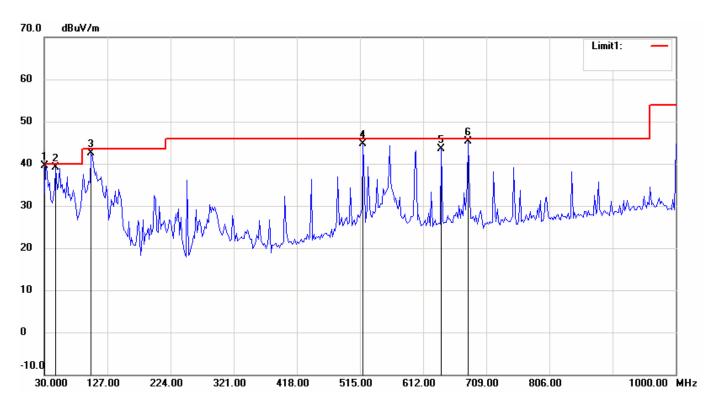
No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	249.6593	28.31	peak	14.85	43.16	46.00	-2.84
2	399.3387	14.62	peak	19.09	33.71	46.00	-12.29
3	500.4208	15.12	peak	20.75	35.87	46.00	-10.13
4	681.2024	21.62	peak	23.01	44.63	46.00	-1.37
5	760.9018	14.32	peak	23.96	38.28	46.00	-7.72
6	840.6012	11.45	peak	24.99	36.44	46.00	-9.56

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File: Data: #2 Date: 2010/6/15 Temperature: $25 \,^{\circ}$ C

Time: AM 08:54:12 Humidity: 60 %



Condition: FCC Part15 RE-Class B_30-1000MHz Polarization: Vertical

EUT: Distance: 3m

Model:

Test Mode:

No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	31.9438	19.91	QP	19.62	39.53	40.00	-0.47
2	47.4950	28.02	QP	11.00	39.02	40.00	-0.98
3	101.9237	29.95	QP	12.54	42.49	43.50	-1.01
4	519.8596	23.53	QP	21.16	44.69	46.00	-1.31
5	640.3808	20.78	peak	22.82	43.60	46.00	-2.40
6	681.2024	22.23	QP	23.01	45.24	46.00	-0.76

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10.4.2.1.2 Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Correct	Result @3m		Limit @3m	
(MHz)	I	Н		/	Factor (dB/m)	(dBu	V/m)	(dBu	V/m)
(WITIZ)	Peak	AVG	Peak	AVG	(db/III)	Peak	AVG	Peak	AVG
1086.0896			55.0		-14.18	40.8		74.0	54.0
1199.6794			58.2		-13.60	44.6		74.0	54.0
1583.3333			55.4		-11.68	43.7		74.0	54.0

Note:

- 1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "---" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is ± 4.6 dB (30MHz $\leq f$ <300MHz).
 - $\pm 4.4 dB (300 MHz \le f \le 1000 MHz).$ $\pm 2.9 dB (1GHz < f \le 18 GHz).$

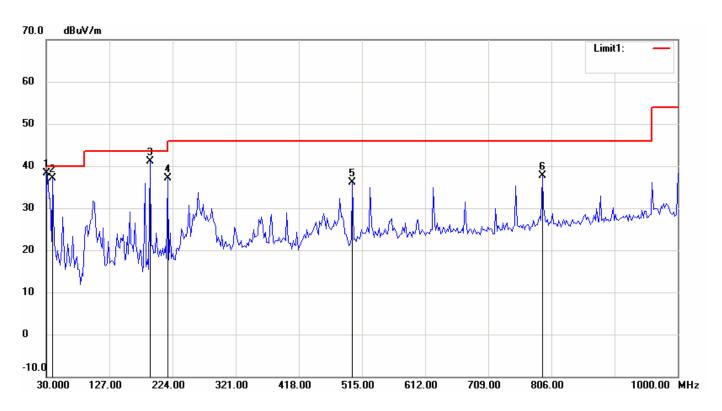
 - ± 3.4 dB (18GHz< $f \le 40$ GHz).

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10.4.2.2 Operation Mode: <u>AM1001-W</u> 10.4.2.2.1 Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

File: Data: #3 Date: 2010/6/14 Temperature: $25 \,^{\circ}$ C

Time: AM 09:29:51 Humidity: 60 %



Condition: FCC Part15 RE-Class B_30-1000MHz Polarization: Horizontal

EUT: Distance: 3m

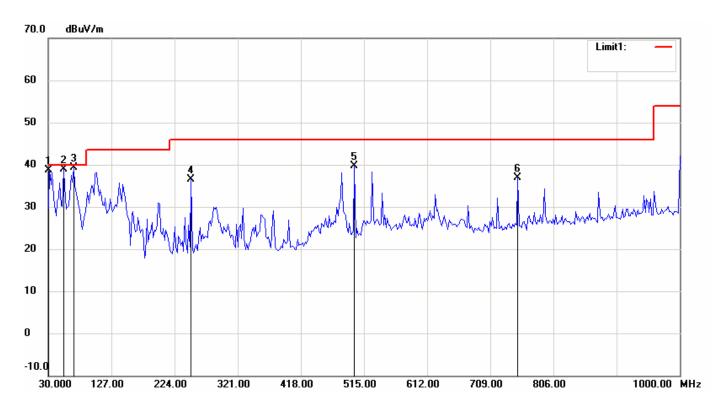
Model: Test Mode:

No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	31.9439	18.61	peak	19.62	38.23	40.00	-1.77
2	39.7194	21.93	peak	15.10	37.03	40.00	-2.97
3	189.3988	28.51	peak	12.54	41.05	43.50	-2.45
4	216.6132	24.34	peak	12.81	37.15	46.00	-8.85
5	500.4208	15.28	peak	20.75	36.03	46.00	-9.97
6	792.0040	13.55	peak	24.24	37.79	46.00	-8.21

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File: Data: #4 Date: 2010/6/14 Temperature: $25\,^{\circ}$ C

Time: AM 09:32:47 Humidity: 60 %



Condition: FCC Part15 RE-Class B_30-1000MHz Polarization: Vertical

EUT: Distance: 3m

Model:

Test Mode:

No.	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Corrected	Result	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
1	31.9439	19.00	peak	19.62	38.62	40.00	-1.38
2	53.3267	29.81	peak	9.16	38.97	40.00	-1.03
3	68.8778	31.65	peak	7.70	39.35	40.00	-0.65
4	249.6593	21.70	peak	14.85	36.55	46.00	-9.45
5	500.4208	19.00	peak	20.75	39.75	46.00	-6.25
6	751.1824	13.12	peak	23.87	36.99	46.00	-9.01

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10.4.2.2.2 Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Frequency (MHz) Ant-Pol Reading (dBuV)		Corrected Factor (dB)	Result @3m (dBuV/m)	Limit @3m (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Rad	diated em	nission frequ were too lo			25 GHz	

Note:

- 1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "---" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is
 - ± 4.6 dB (30MHz $\leq f$ <300MHz).
 - $\pm 4.4 dB (300 MHz \le f \le 1000 MHz).$ $\pm 2.9 dB (1GHz < f \le 18GHz).$ $\pm 3.4 dB (18GHz < f \le 40GHz).$

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10.4.2.3 IEEE 802.11b

Test Date: Jun. 15, 2010 Temperature: 25°C Humidity: 60%

Operation Mode: <u>TX</u>

Operation Channel	Test Frequency		Reading H		(dBuV) V			Result @3m (dBuV/m)		Limit @3m (dBuV/m)	
	(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.	
1	2390.000	30.32	17.37	29.11	16.66	29.8	60.12	47.17	74	54	
11	2483.500	32.88	20.31	31.69	20.22	29.8	62.68	50.11	74	54	

10.4.2.4 IEEE 802.11g

Test Date: Jun. 15, 2010 Temperature: 25°C Humidity: 60%

Operation Mode: TX

Operation Channel	Test Frequency		Reading (dBuV)			Factor		: @3m V/m)	Limit (dBu	
			H V Peak Ave Peak		Ave	(dB) (dBd V/M) Corr. Peak Ave		Ave	Peak Ave.	
	(MHz)	Touk	7110	1 cux	7110	Corr.	1 cur		Tour	1110.
1	2390.000	32.00	17.89	31.78	16.98	29.8	61.80	47.69	74	54
11	2483.500	32.61	20.68	32.00	20.23	29.8	62.41	50.48	74	54

Note:

- 1. Remark "---" means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
- 2. The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of $2310 \sim 2390$ MHz and $2483.5 \sim 2500$ MHz.

10.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Corrected Factor

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain