

4.4 Lightning Protection

In order to proactively protect the DSPbR from static discharges, power surges or lightning strikes we recommend the use of additional lightning protection products.

The AC Mains

Although the DSPbR complies with the basic mains surge protection requirement according to EN 61000-4-5, it is recommended that in areas where the mains voltage is susceptible to voltage variations and surges, that medium or coarse voltage conditioning and surge protection be installed.

RF Coaxial Cabling

All RF coaxial cabling exposed to proximity or direct lightning discharges should be well grounded prior to entry into the DSPbR with suitable voltage differential protection between the outer and inner conductors.

Ethernet connection

As network cabling may also be susceptible to surges, the IP Ethernet connection should be provided sufficient protection using a product such as the Polyphaser, NetGuard or NX Series products.

GPS and GPRS/3G Antenna; Suitable coaxial cable protection should also be afforded to the GPS and cellular modem antenna cables prior to termination into the DSPbR.

4.5 Antenna Installation

As the DSPbR amplifies and rebroadcasts low levels of received RF, it is very important to ensure a sufficient margin over minimal receiver to transmitter antenna isolation – typically +15dB greater than the highest (UL/DL) programmed gain figure. Where frequency translation is not used and the same frequency received is rebroadcast, the required isolation is greater.

Scenario 1; When installing antennas and the respective coaxial interconnect cables for a system that does not use frequency or band translation, it is important to achieve a relatively high donor to extended coverage area antenna isolation. The settable gain of the channel must remain within a safe margin below the donor to extended range antenna isolation.

The higher the isolation between the two antennas, the higher the usable channel gain / output power into the extended coverage area and visa versa without unwanted feedback.

Scenario 2; where rebroadcast frequencies have a Tx to Rx offset, the following graph is illustrative of the minimum antenna isolation requirement.

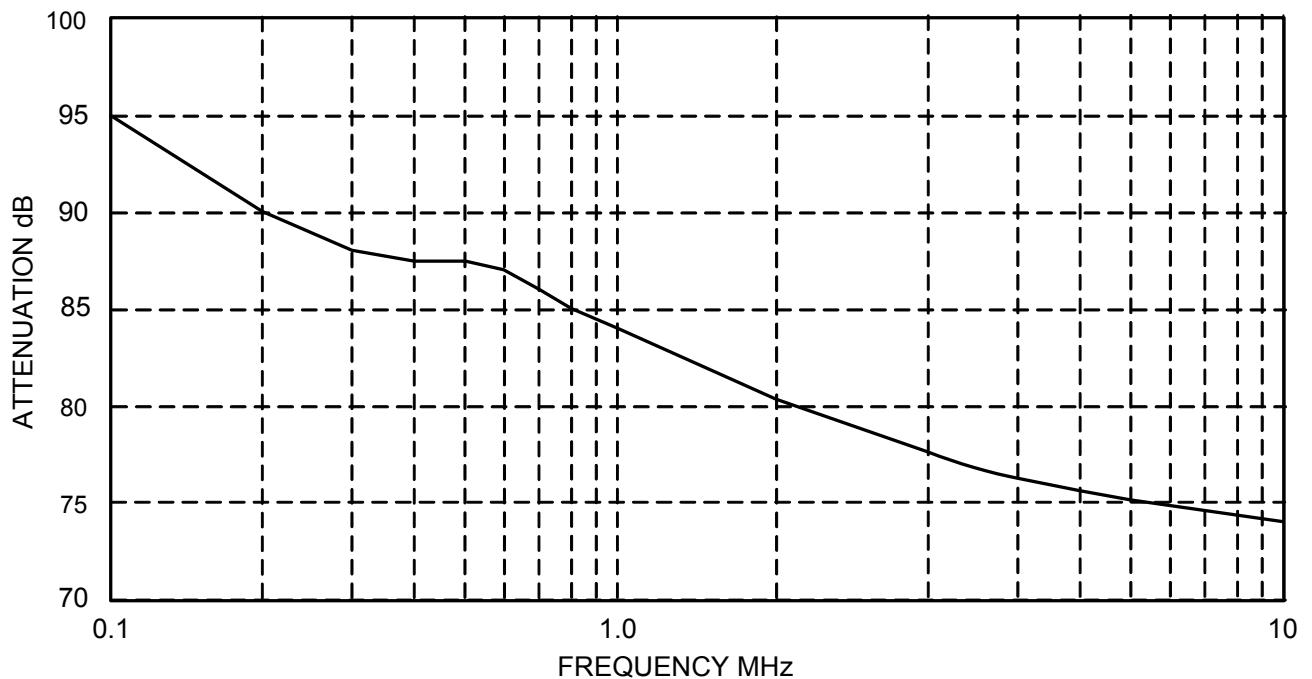


Figure 21 – DSPbR Antenna Isolation Chart

Please note that this minimum isolation requirement will be applicable to the duplexer on shared uplink/downlink antenna systems.

4.6 External / Internal Alarm Interface

At the rear of the chassis protruding from the back of the Ref Gen module is the DB15 female (socket) alarm interface connector.

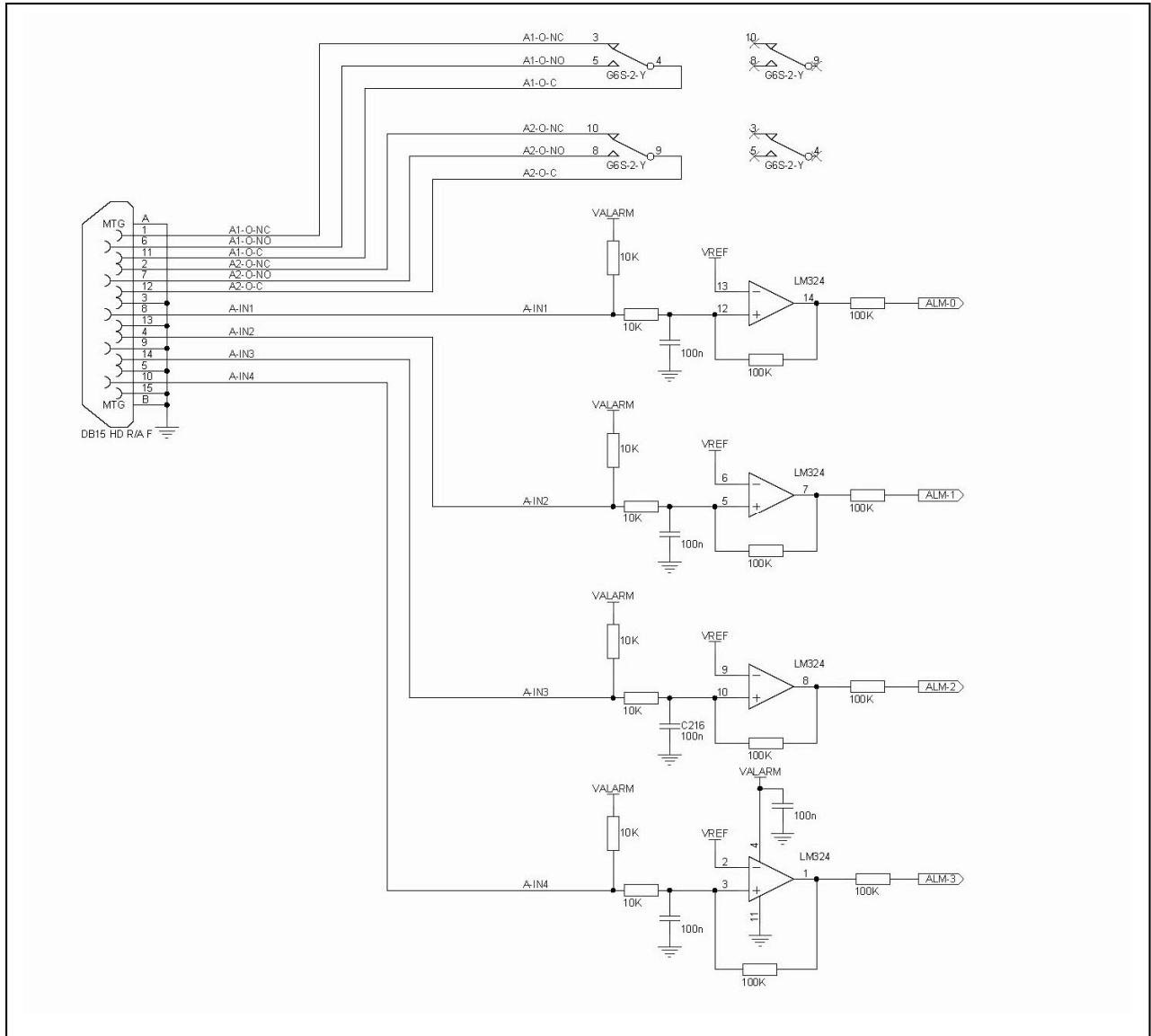


Figure 22 – Alarm Interface Circuit Diagram

The alarm interface drawing details the respective alarm input and output circuits with the DB15 connector pins.

The DSPbR caters for coupling into the unit and reporting up to four external alarm inputs. All four inputs require shorting to ground to activate the respective alarm. The open circuit voltage is 12V DC.

5. Start – Up

5.1 Connectivity

Ethernet – via RJ45 sockets, refer to Chapter 5.2 for connection details.

RS232 – via serial DB9 connector. The serial interface allows either a local or remote terminal to configure the DSPbR and access alarm information. This is achieved through pre-configured factory accessible CLI (Command Line Interface) script.

USB – via USB Type “B” socket. The USB interface allows a local terminal session to configure the DSPbR and access alarm information. This is achieved through pre-configured factory accessible CLI using hyperterminal in a TCP/IP session.

Wireless - Multiband Cell Modem (optional). The optional cell modem is capable of using an SMS format to deliver alarm information to appointed recipients.

5.2 Ethernet Connection Set-up

5.2.1. Web Browser GUI (Graphical User Interface)

The DSPbR utilises an on board web server to provide web browser access to the GUI. This can be accessed directly connecting via a short Ethernet cable jumper from a laptop/notebook directly to the DSPbR or remotely via a TCP/IP network.

A standard Ethernet CAT5e jumper terminated with RJ45 connectors is provided with the unit for your convenience. Use either the rear or front IP Ethernet RJ45 sockets to connect. The DSPbR can be configured either locally or remotely via either of these IP Ethernet sockets.

Any one of the common web browsers can be used to access the DSPbR GUI.

5.2.2 IP Address

Connect Ethernet jumper cable between laptop / notebook and DSPbR.

Initiate the your preferred web browser such as Internet Explorer, and type in the address field the following default address; <http://192.168.1.200> (factory default address).

Connectivity to the DSPbR is successful when the “log in” page appears.

Should the web browser be unable to open this session, it may be necessary to set the IP address of your laptop / notebook to a nominated address such as 192.168.1.180. This is done for example in windows XP in the following manner;

Step

1. Select "Start" from status menu
2. Single click – "Control Panel"
3. Double click – " Network Connections"
4. Double click - "Local Area Connection"
5. In Local Area Connections Status box, single click the "Properties" tab.
6. When the Local Area Connection Properties box opens, select the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)" choice.
7. Click "Properties" tab.
8. Enter under IP address 192.168.1.180
9. Enter under subnet mask 255.255.255.0
10. Enter under default gateway 192.168.1.254
11. Click "OK" to initiate changes.

Should you still be unable to successfully connect to the DSPbR via the default IP address then the chances are that this may have already been changed.

Current Ethernet address settings

The current IP/subnet/gateway addresses are revealed via the LCD front panel when the mode button is depressed once. When connectivity to the DSPbR cannot be established from your PC or Laptop, or you may have simply forgotten your username and password, it may be necessary to reset the unit to the factory default settings.

Reset to factory default Ethernet addressing.

To reset / re-boot the system Ethernet addressing, simply press and hold down the "mode" button on the CSC module underneath the LCD display for 5 continuous seconds. This will cause the IP address, subnet and gateway addresses to reset back to factory default addresses. Factory default address settings:

Static IP address: 192.168.1.200

Subnet: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.1.254

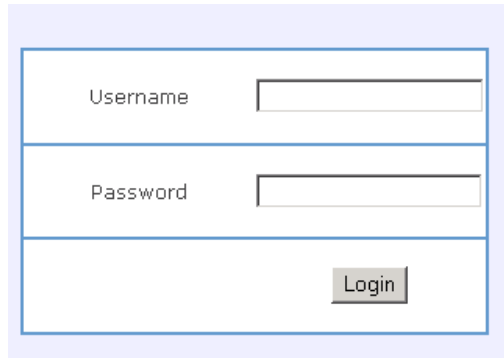
Level 2 User name: admin

Level 2 Password: admin

Serial interconnect baud rate: 115200

Please note that resetting / re-booting will not change the last known configuration settings within the DSPbR.

5.2.3 Log in Page



The login form consists of a light blue rectangular container. Inside, there are two input fields: the top one is labeled 'Username' and the bottom one is labeled 'Password'. Below these fields is a single button labeled 'Login'.

Please note: If the incorrect username and password has been entered in succession more than three times, the interface to the repeater will be blocked for 5 minutes. Refer to chapter 5.2.2 IP Address - Reset to factory default Ethernet addressing for default user name and password.

5.2.4 GUI Tree

The GUI has been structured into two user name and password access levels.

Level 1 (lower): Display and provide access to the Introduction, Status and Logout pages.

Level 2 (higher): Display and provide access to all pages.

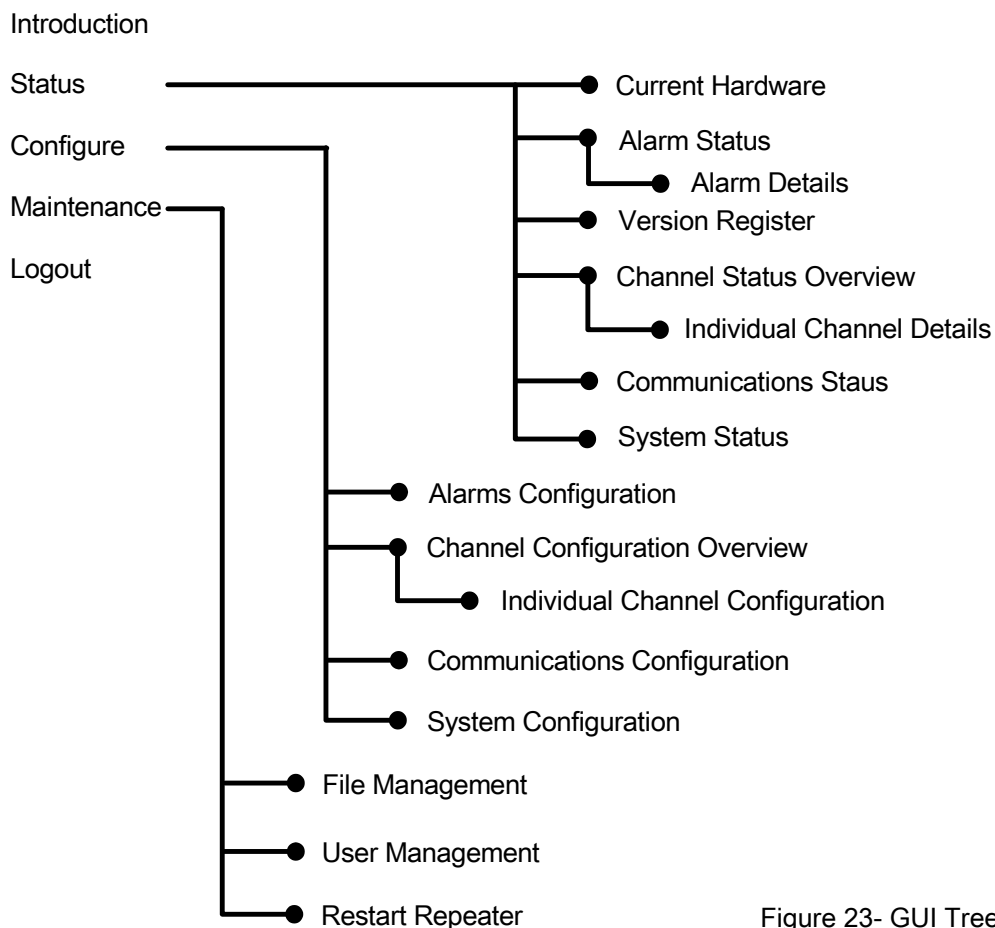



Figure 23- GUI Tree

5.2.5 Introduction

The following Level 2 pages are screen images of the respective pages accessible via the web browser.

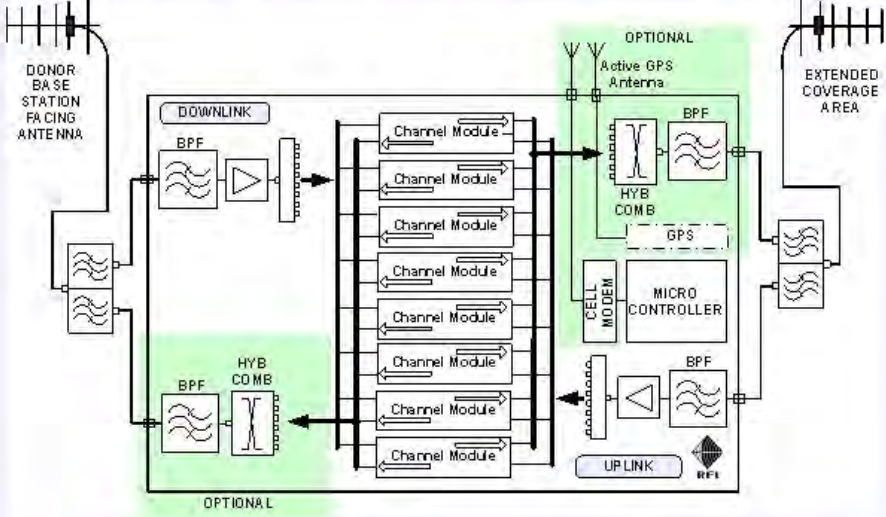
These pages are for the most part self-explanatory with adjacently located help notes.



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

DSP based Repeater - DSPbR Series

The RFI DSP based Repeater Series is designed to provide multi-band, multi-channel repeater capability in a compact, robust housing, with ease of upgradability or channel expansion. Featuring a user-friendly web based interface, the installer is capable of configuring a number of useful variants. The block diagram below provides a graphical representation of a typical 8 channel channelised single band, bi-directional installation in which the repeater can be installed. Please refer to the DSPbR Series user's manual for detailed installation and configuration information.




RFI support contact details:

Australia	1300 000 RFI (1300 000 734)
International	+61 7 3621 9400
Email	support@rfi.com.au
Website	rfi.com.au

5.2.6 Status Pages

Status\Current Hardware



- Introduction
- Status**
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Current Hardware

Slot	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Side A	BE							FE		DSP
Side B	BE							FE		DSP

BE Channel (RF Back End)

FE Band (RF Front End)

DSP (Digital Processing module)

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Current Hardware Help

The Hardware Configuration illustration is representative of the rear view of the repeater. This illustration does not indicate Slot 11, which is the fixed and mandatory "reference generator" board.

Slot:

Each repeater frame has 10 available slots into which the required modules are inserted for a specific repeater configuration. One module can be inserted into a slot, however a single module can house up to two separate RFBE or RFFE PC boards referred to as "Side A" and "Side B". RFBE, RFFE and DSP modules fit into the respective slots in a prescribed order, details of which are available in the DSPbR user's manual.

Side A:

Looking from the rear of the repeater, "Side A" PCB is located on the left-hand portion of the module and its corresponding external N Type termination connector is located top left of the module.

Side B:

Looking from the rear of the repeater, "Side B" PCB is located on the right-hand portion of the module and its corresponding external N Type termination connector is located bottom right of the module.

Side Configurations:

- When viewing the cover on the side of a module, if there is no marking, then there is no RFBE, RFFE or DSP board on that side.
- If side of a module is labeled as 'BE', then a RFBE (RF Back End / Power Amplifier) has been installed within the module.
- If side of a module is labeled as 'FE', then a RFFE (RF Front End / Pre-Amp) has been installed within the module.
- If side of a module is labeled as 'DSP', then a Digital Signal Processor board has been installed within the module.

Status\Alarm Status



- Introduction
- Status**
- Current Hardware
- Alarms**
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Alarm Status

External Alarms

1Door alarm	2Power alarm
3	4

Click on slot number for details.

Slot	Alarms	Slot	Alarms
1A	OK	1B	OK
2A		2B	
3A		3B	
4A		4B	
5A		5B	
6A		6B	
7A		7B	
8A	OK	8B	OK
9A		9B	
10A	OK	10B	OK
Rg+Aux	OK	Ctrl	OK

RSSI Alarm
 RSSI alarm (actual signal in dBm)

Power Alarms

Inverter 1	OK	Vaux	OK
Inverter 2	OK	4V rail 1	OK
Inverter 3	OK	4V rail 2	OK
Inverter 4	OK	Temperature	OK
Fan 0	OK	Back End only shutdown	OK
Fan 1	OK	Full shutdown	OK

Alarm Status Help

External Alarms:

There are up to four external alarm inputs. If external alarm is not connected, then no alarm is indicated.

Slot/Module Alarms:

Alarms are indicated for each side of a slot separately. e.g. Alarm 5B, will be for slot 5, side B.

'Rg+Aux' indicates the Reference Generator and Auxiliary board alarms. This board is located on the rear of the repeater at the extreme right.

'Ctrl' and 'Power' indicate the Control and Power Supply modules respectively. They are located on the front of the repeater.

To see alarm details for a board (side) in a slot, then click on the slot label. If module is not present, then alarm details will not be shown.

Note: there are no alarms available for the slot as a whole.

RSSI Alarm:

Actual RSSI level is shown.

Power Alarms:

Obtained from the power supply module.

Alarm indications:

- If alarm is blank (white), the slot / side / alarm is not present.
- If alarm is labeled as 'Major' and is coloured Red, then a major alarm has been detected.
- If alarm is labeled as 'Minor' and is coloured Amber, then a minor alarm has been detected.
- If alarm is labeled as 'OK' and is coloured Green, then no alarm has been detected.

Status\Alarm Status\Details



- Introduction
- Status
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Alarm Details

0x0020

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Alarm Details Help

Alarm details for the specified board (side) in a slot.

An alarm status word is printed in hexadecimal format. This can be provided to RFI for detailed alarm analysis.

Subsequently, a list of alarms present on the board is displayed.

Status\Version Register



- Introduction
- Status
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Version Register

Slot	Type	Serial Number	Software Version	Hardware Version
1A	BE	B10020078	1.01	2
1B	BE	B10020079	1.01	2
2A				
2B				
3A				
3B				
4A				
4B				
5A				
5B				
6A				
6B				
7A				
7B				
8A	FE	F10020185	1.01	1
8B	FE	F10020186	1.01	1
9A				
9B				
10A	DSP	D10020341	1.00	0
10B	DSP	D10020349	1.00	0
Rg+Aux	RefGen	RM10020232	1.01	1
Power	PSU	P10020005	1.01	0
Ctrl	CTRL	C10020202	1.01	1

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Versions Register Help

Slot:

Version information is indicated for each side of a slot separately. e.g. Slot 4A, will be for slot 4, side A.

'Rg+Aux' indicates the Reference Generator and Auxiliary board. This board is located on the rear of the repeater at the extreme right.

'Ctrl' and 'Power' indicate the Control and Power Supply modules respectively. They are located on the front of the repeater.

Type:

Indicates the type of module present.

- No text indicates no module is present.
- 'BE' is a RF Back End and indicates RF transmission (PA) module is present.
- 'FE' is a RF Front End and indicates RF receive (LNA) module is present.
- 'DSP' indicates a digital signal processing module is present.

Serial number:

Displays the serial number of the board.


Software version:

Displays the software version of the application software.

Hardware version:

Displays the hardware version of the board.

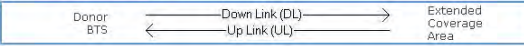
Status\Channel Status Overview



- Introduction
- Status
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Channel Status Overview

Each channel has both an Up Link (UL) and Down Link (DL) direction. The Down Link repeats the Donor BTS signal to the Extended Coverage Area, where as the Up Link repeats in the other direction.



Click on 'detail' for complete channel information.

FE	Freq In	BE	Freq Out	Gain	Power(*)	RSSI
Up 8B	407.000000	1A	408.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8A	411.000000	1B	413.000000	auto	0	
details 1 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 2 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 3 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 4 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 5 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 6 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 7 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						
Up 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
Dn 8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	auto	0	
details 8 Disabled p25-p1_nb.fcf						

Refresh

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Channel Status Overview Help

This page reports the repeater channel summary.

Only a maximum of eight bi-directional channels can exist on a rack. Each channel can be configured and activated as required.

Each channel consists of an uplink and a downlink.

FE:

Front end (LNA).

Freq In:

Input frequency in MHz.

BE:

Back end (PA).

Freq Out:

Output frequency in MHz.

Gain:

Maximum gain through the repeater. If set to 'auto', then maximum possible gain is applied.
Note: Gain might be limited by output power.

Power(*):

Maximum power output.
If an asterisk (*) is next to the number, then an internal combiner is configured to be present.

RSSI:


Current RSSI level of corresponding Back End (BE).

Detailed Configuration:

Click on 'details' to view remaining settings for an individual channel.

Note: Frequency translation is shown in the above example screen. Frequency translation is not permitted under FCC Part 90 rules, and can only be programmed when the DSPbR is being operated in accordance with FCC Part 22 rules.

Status\Individual Channel Status



- Introduction
- Status
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Individual Channel Status

Overall

State	Disabled
Rack	1
Filter	p25-p1_nb.fcf

Up Link

Gain (dB)	Auto
Power (dBm)	0
Threshold	Disabled

	In	Out
Name	1	1
Frequency (MHz)	407.000000	408.000000
RF Slot	8B	1A

Down Link

Gain (dB)	Auto
Power (dBm)	0
Threshold	Disabled

	In	Out
Name	1	1
Frequency (MHz)	411.000000	413.000000
RF Slot	8A	1B

[<< Back](#)
[Refresh](#)

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Individual Channel Status Help

This page details a repeater channel's configuration.

State:
Whether the channel is enabled or disabled.

Rack:
Rack which the channel is present. Note, that the RF input signal can be obtained on another rack.

Filter:
Filter used to shape the repeated channel (in both directions).

Gain:
Current gain setting.
If set to 'Auto', there is no limit to the gain. The power setting will limit the transmit level.

Power:
Transmit power level.

Threshold:
Current gating threshold setting.


- If 'Disabled' there is no gating.
- If a negative value the gating is set to an absolute level below 0 dBm.
- If a positive value the gating is set above the noise floor.

Name:
Name of channel. Separate for each direction, and separate for input and output.

Description:
Description of channel. Separate for each direction, and separate for input and output.

Frequency:
Input and output frequencies of channel (in MHz).

Status\Communications Status



- Introduction
- Status
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

Communication Status

Ethernet

	Stored Value	Currently In Use
DHCP	Disabled	Disabled
IP Address	192.168.1.202	192.168.1.202
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.254	192.168.1.254
MAC Address	00:50:C2:97:E0:AA	

Modem Settings

Status	Disabled
Recipient 1	Disabled
Recipient 2	Disabled

Serial Port

Baud Rate	115200
-----------	--------

[Refresh](#)

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Communication Status Help

This page reports both the current and stored Communications settings.

DHCP:
If enabled, the repeater will attempt to get its IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway settings from a DHCP server. If a DHCP server cannot be found, the stored settings will be used, and the Currently In Use status will show as disabled.
If disabled, the stored values will be used unconditionally.

IP Address:
The Stored and Currently In Use IP address values.

Subnet Mask:
The Stored and Currently In Use network address mask values.

Gateway:
The Stored and Currently In Use gateway address values.

MAC Address:
The physical MAC address of the unit.


Modem Status:
Enabled or Disabled.

Recipient 1:
Recipient 2:
The recipients of SMS messages. Can be specified as: Disabled or Alarm Only. If Alarm Only, then the recipients number will be displayed.

Baud rate:
The baud rate of the serial port on the front of the repeater. The protocol consists of 8 bits, No parity, 1 stop bit (8,N,1), and no flow control.

Stored Value:
These are the values stored in the system's non-volatile memory. When the repeater is started or re-started, these settings will be used if DHCP is disabled, or a DHCP server is not accessible.

Status\System Status



- Introduction
- Status
- Current Hardware
- Alarms
- Version Register
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Logout

System Status

Repeater ID	Unit-MK
Location	Adelaide
Standby Battery	Disabled
Date (dd/mm/yy)	2/06/10
Time (hh:mm:ss)	15:03:02
Ext. Reference (ignore GPS)	Disabled

[Refresh](#)

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System Status Help

This page reports the current general repeater settings.

Repeater ID:
The identification string for this repeater.

Location:
The location of this repeater.

Standby battery:
If enabled, the repeater's internal backup battery is operational. This allows the repeater to indicate loss of power (e.g. via output alarm relays or cellular modem).
If disabled, the repeated will immediately shut down.


Date:
The current system date.

Time:
The current system time.

Ext. Reference (ignore GPS):
If Disabled, then inbuilt GPS is used for clock disciplining, else an external reference is used.

5.2.7 Configure Pages

Configure\Alarms Configuration



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Alarms
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Maintenance
- Logout

Alarms Configuration

External Alarm Matrix

	Major Alarm	Minor Alarm	No Alarm
1Door alarm	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
2Power alarm	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

RSSI Alarm

Back end (RFBE) used for Control Channel:

RSSI absolute alarm level (dBm):

Alarm Reporting

Parameter	Setting
SMS via cell modem option	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled

[Defaults](#)
[Discard Changes](#)
[Save](#)

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Alarms Configuration Help

External Alarms:
There are up to four external alarm inputs.
External alarms can be configured as Major, Minor or None.
A custom label can be applied to each external alarm.

RSSI Alarm:


- Specify RF Back End / Power Amplifier for control channel, or 'none' if no RSSI alarm required.
- Absolute signal level where RSSI alarm triggers.

Alarm Reporting:
Alarms can be reported as:

- a SMS (text) message via the inbuilt cellular modem

Check the appropriate box to enable that method of alarm reporting.

Configure\Channel Configuration Overview



[Introduction](#)
[Status](#)
[Configure](#)
[Alarms](#)
[Channels](#)
[Communications](#)
[System](#)
[Maintenance](#)
[Logout](#)

Channel Configuration Overview

The power specified (Cmb/Pwr) is the actual power delivered by the Power Amplifier (PA). Similarly, the gain specified (Auto/Gain) is the gain delivered to the output of the PA.

- ~ with a filter on the output of the PA, a loss of about 1.5dB will occur; and
- ~ with a combiner on the output of the PA, a loss of about 11.5dB will occur

Click on 'details' to configure remaining settings.

	FE	Freq In	BE	Freq Out	Auto/Gain	Cmb/Pwr	Gating
Up	8B	407.000000	1A	408.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8A	411.000000	1B	413.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 1 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 2 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 3 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 4 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 5 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 6 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 7 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							
Up	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Dn	8B	0.000000	1A	0.000000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
details Name 8 Active <input type="checkbox"/> Filter p25-p1_nb.fcf							

[Defaults](#) [Discard Changes](#) [Save](#)

Activate Channels

To verify then activate all the configured channels.

[Verify & Activate](#)

Channel Configuration Overview Help

FE:

Front end (LNA). Only detected front ends are shown.

Freq In:

Input frequency in MHz.

BE:

Back end (PA). Only detected back ends are shown.

Freq Out:

Output frequency in MHz.

Auto/Gain:

If check box is ticked, then set to 'auto', where maximum possible gain is applied.
If not ticked, then maximum gain is specified.

Cmb/Pwr:

If check box is ticked, then an internal combiner is assumed to be present. Maximum power (allowing for an internal combiner) can then be specified.

Gating:

Gating threshold setting.

- If 0 is entered, there is no gating and the gating value is not used.
- If negative value is entered, the gating is set to a fixed value below 0 dBm.
- If positive value is entered, the gating is set relative to the noise floor.

Name:

Name of the channel.
If this field is edited, then both the Up/Down and In/Out names will be set to this name. [go to the 'details' page to enter individual names]

State:

If Enabled, the channel will be enabled when activation occurs.

Filter:

The digital filter used in both directions.

Detailed Configuration:


Click on 'details' to configure remaining settings for an individual channel.

Activate Channels:

Click to activate all the configured channels. If a channel is configured, but not enabled, then it will not be activated.

Note: Frequency translation is shown in the above example screen. Frequency translation is not permitted under FCC Part 90 rules, and can only be programmed when the DSPbR is being operated in accordance with FCC Part 22 rules.

Configure\Individual Channel Configuration Overview



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Alarms
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Maintenance
- Logout

Individual Channel Configuration

State	Disabled	
Rack	1	
Filter	p25-p1_nb.fcf	
	Up Link	Down Link
Name In	1	1
Name Out	1	1
Front End	8B	8B
Back End	1A	1B
Frequency In (MHz)	407.000000	411.000000
Frequency Out (MHz)	408.000000	413.000000
Gain (dB)	auto	auto
Gating	None	None
Power level (dBm)	0	0

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Individual Channel Configuration Help

Name In (Up Link):


Name Out (Up Link):

Name In (Down Link):

Name Out (Down Link):

String name specifying individual parts of the channel.

Configure\Communications Configuration



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Alarms
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Maintenance
- Logout

Communications Configuration

Parameter	Setting
DHCP	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
IP Address	192.168.1.202
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.254

Modem Settings

Parameter	Setting
Status	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Recipient 1	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disabled <input type="radio"/> Alarm Only
Recipient 2	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disabled <input type="radio"/> Alarm Only

Serial Port

Parameter	Setting
Baud Rate	115200

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Communications Configuration Help

This page reports both the current and stored Communications settings.

DHCP:

If enabled, the repeater will attempt to get its network settings from a DHCP server. Default is Disabled.

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

IP address in IPv4 format (i.e. aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd)

Modem Status:

Checked if Enabled. Default is Disabled.

Recipient 1:

Recipient 2:

The recipients of SMS messages. Can be specified as:


- Disabled
- Alarm Only

If Alarm Only or Alarm/Setup, then the recipients number will need to be specified.

Baud rate:

The baud rate of the serial port on the front of the repeater.

Configure\System Configuration



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Alarms
- Channels
- Communications
- System
- Maintenance
- Logout

System Configuration

Parameter	Setting
Repeater ID	Unit-MK
Location	Adelaide
Standby battery	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Date (dd/mm/yy)	2 / 6 / 10
Time (hh:mm:ss)	15 : 13 : 14
Ext. Reference (ignore GPS)	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled

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System Configuration Help

Repeater ID:

Location:

String.

Standby battery:

If enabled, the repeater's internal backup battery is operational. Default is Disabled.

Date:

The desired system date in Day, Month and Year order.

Time:


The desired system time in Hour, Minute and Second order. The time automatically increments, to allow for accuracy.

Ext. Reference (ignore GPS):

If Disabled, then inbuilt GPS is used for clock disciplining, else an external reference is used.

5.2.8 Maintenance

Maintenance\File Management



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Files**
- Users
- Restart
- Logout

File Management

File Upload
Select the file to upload to the repeater. The prefix and extensions indicate the file type and its usage. File name is case insensitive. The only permissible files are as follows:

File Type	Prefix	Extension
Controller application	CTRL	.BIN
DSP application	DSP	.BIN
RFBE application	RFBE	.BIN
RFFE application	RFFE	.BIN
Reference Generator application	REFGEN	.BIN
Power Supply application	PS	.BIN
FPGA image	any	.RBF
Filter	any	.FCF
System configuration file	any	.CFG

Synchronise, View, Load Configuration or Delete File
Only BIN, RBF and FCF files can be synchronised [Synchronise]
Only CFG and LOG files can be viewed [View]
Only CFG files can be loaded [Load Config]
Any file can be deleted [Delete]

p25-pl_nb.fcf
p25-pl_wb.fcf
factory.cfg

Save Configuration to File
Filename must have .CFG extension.

Generate History Log
The 'dump.log' file will be generated. This can take several minutes to complete.

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File Management Help

This page allows the maintenance of files that operate the DSP based Repeater.

File upload:

- Browse for and select the file to upload. Expected file types are: .FCF (filters), .CFG (configuration), .BIN (application) and .RBF (FPGA image).
- Press the 'Send' button

Synchronise:

After a file is uploaded, it is not automatically made active. Synchronisation involves distributing the specified file to the relevant modules in the DSPbR and activating them. The synchronisation process is done in the background, and can take a long time.

- Select the application or filter type to activate.
- Press the 'Synchronise' button

View:

- Select the .CFG file to delete from the list.
- Press the 'View' button
- The file's contents will be shown in a new window or tab. Use the browser's save page functionality to store the file.

Load Config:

- Select the file to delete from the list.
- Press the 'Load Config' button


Delete:

- Select the file to delete from the list.
- Press the 'Delete' button

Save Configuration to File:

- Type in the resulting configuration file name (must end in .CFG).
- Press the 'Save Config' button

Maintenance\User Management



- Introduction
- Status
- Configure
- Maintenance
- Files**
- Users**
- Restart
- Logout

User Management

Access level	Name	Password	Confirm Password
View status and settings	user	****	****
Modify settings	admin	*****	*****

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User Management Help

This page allows the maintenance of users that can access the repeater.

Only users at 'view status and settings' and 'modify settings' can be edited from this web page. If a higher user level needs to be modified, this must be done from the command line.

To change a username and password:

- Type in new username in 'Name'
- Type in new password in 'Password'
- Conform the new password by typing the same password into 'Confirm Password'. Both entries of the password must match
- Click on 'Apply'

Maintenance\Restart Repeater



5.2.9 Logout



5.3 RF Gen + Aux Module - GPS, Ext/Internal 10MHz clock reference and Cell Modem options.

The Ref Gen + Aux module located at the rear of the DSPbR has a number of optional functions to assist in the synchronisation of time-based functions when more than one DSPbR is used.

The Ref Gen + Aux module provides interconnectivity to and from optional signal reference sources such as GPS and an external 10MHz signal.

GPS clock reference disciplining.

When a GPS signal is required to discipline the reference generator clock frequency, an active GPS antenna must be connected to the GPS Antenna input where the output voltage on the SMA (F) connector is 6VDC rated at 0.5A. An active GPS antenna option is listed under Chapter 10 - Ancillary Equipment and Spare Parts.

Once the active GPS antenna is terminated onto the SMA (F) connector, the DSPbR will sense its presence and auto-activate the disciplining function. If the clock reference fails to respond to the disciplining then a minor alarm will be raised.

The GPS receiver is not used to provide location information.

Ext / Internal 10MHz clock reference

The “EXT REF” SMA (F) connector is used to lock the internal reference clock with an external 10MHz reference. The required stability of this reference is +/- 3PPM with a nominal input signal level of 0dBm (0.22V RMS into 50 Ohms). The user via a tick box using the GUI interface under the Systems Configuration page enables this function. If the external reference does not lock the internal reference clock with the enable function activated via the GUI tick box, a minor alarm will be raised.

The “REF MON” SMA (F) connector provides a 10MHz reference low impedance signal output at a nominal 0dBm. The output is daisy chained through each Ref Gen module that requires the clock reference. When daisy chained the Ref Gen modules will buffer the 10 MHz reference prior to forwarding onto the next module.

Cell modem installation and configuration.

The cell modem fitted onto the Ref Gen + Aux board is optional and can be retrofitted. The DSPbR will have to be powered down by switching off the supply power. The Ref Gen + Aux board can then be unscrewed from the rear of the sub rack frame and removed. The multi-band cell modem is fitted into the multi-pin socket on the board as illustrated.

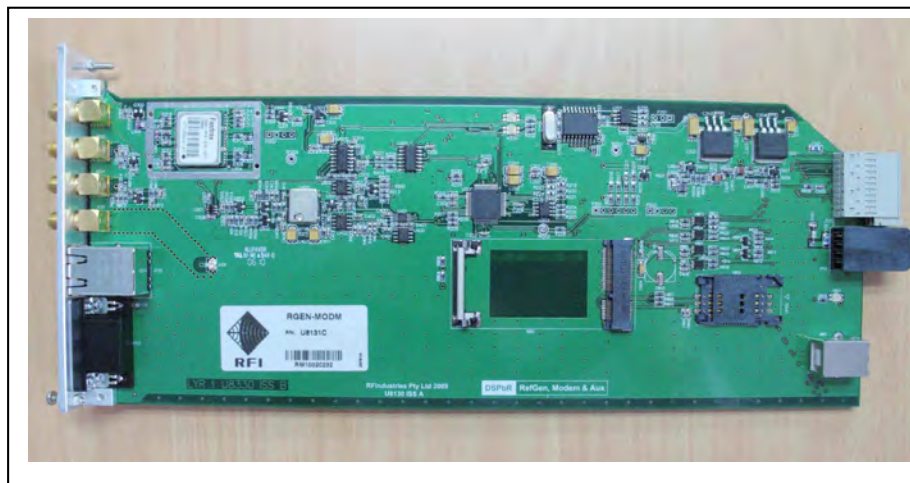


Figure 24 – Ref Gen + Aux Board



Figure 25 – Cell Modem Installation

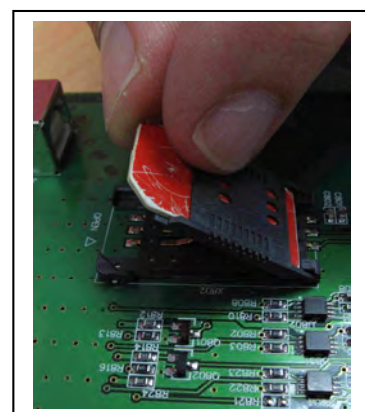


Figure 26 – SIM Card Installation

Cell modem installation instructions

STEPS.

Cellular Modem Installation (Figure 25)

1. Remove Ref Gen + Aux board from DSPbR Sub Rack Frame
 - Unscrew the two (2) screws retaining both the DSP Module and Ref Gen + Aux board into the frame
 - Pressing the lever handles outwards, carefully “pull out” the DSP module.
 - Once DSP module removed access to the Ref Gen board is easier, carefully pull out the Ref Gen + Aux board.
2. Lay Ref Gen + Aux board on a flat anti-static surface
3. Remove the modem from the Cellular Modem Kit
4. Insert the modem into the mini-PCI connector (X801) at an angle of 30 degrees from the main PC board
Ensure the modem is fully inserted.
5. Press down on the floating end of the modem, until the retaining clips are securing the modem.
6. From the Cellular Modem Kit, unpack the U.FL to U.FL interconnect cable.
7. Align one end of the U.FL cable to the U.FL socket on the Ref Gen + Aux board (J105)
8. Firmly press on top of the U.FL connector
9. Align the other end of the U.FL cable with the main antenna port on the modem.
10. Firmly press on top of the U.FL connector
11. Ensure that the U.FL cable is not overhanging the Ref Gen + Aux board
12. Insert SIM card (refer to instructions below)
13. Correctly orientate and insert Ref Gen back into the DSPbR sub rack frame
14. Reinsert and insert the DSP module, back into the DSPbR sub rack frame
15. Tighten both DSP and Ref Gen board retaining screws.

SIM card Installation (Figure 26)

1. Unpack the SIM card.
2. Ensure there is no PIN enabled
3. Push along the top of the SIM card holder (X802) until the hinged SIM holder is loose
4. Lift the hinge SIM holder
5. Ensure the SIM card is correctly orientated and insert into the hinged holding sleeve.
6. Close the hinged SIM holder
7. Push along the top of the SIM card-holder until the hinged SIM holder is locked in place.

Once the cell modem has been fitted into the Ref Gen + Aux board, the allocated SIM card inserted and securely locked down and the Ref Gen board secured and fastened into the sub rack frame, the modem can be

configured via the Communications Configure page – Modem Settings. For alarm notification via SMS messaging, enable the setting tick box under the Alarms configuration page.

5.4 CSC Front Panel LCD Display, Mode Button and LED's



Figure 27 – LCD Display and LED Indicators

Green Active LED – Lights up and stays on once DSPbR has finished booting up.

Red ALM1 LED – Lights up on critical alarm relay activation. Stays on for duration of relay activation

Red ALM2 LED – Lights up on minor alarm relay activation. Stays on for duration of relay activation

LCD Display

When the DSPbR is switched on the RFI Logo is displayed with a backlight on for up to 45 seconds. After this initial period, the logo remains on and the backlight turns off.

Pressing the Mode Button once will activate the backlight.

With sequential Mode Button pressing, the following real time current information is written and displayed within the 4 lines of the LCD screen

Second Press: Current IP Address/Subnet /Gateway/MAC address

Third: Set Date and Time

Fourth: PSU rail voltage / battery voltage

Fifth: Modules detected and enabled

Sixth: Module temperatures

Seventh: RSSI levels per channel

The LCD display, backlight and information is powered by the standby battery in power failure mode.

5.5 Uploading / Downloading firmware Configurations

The facility to dump and save a current configuration file is possible via the GUI Maintenance\File Management page, uploading and downloading a configuration file is also possible in the same manner.

More than one configuration file can be saved and loaded into the DSPbR

All file data is human readable.

Firmware Upgrade Option

New firmware upgrades can be loaded via the GUI interface. Whether you know the file location source address or wish to have the option to browse for the file, both upload options are available.

Filter profiles

Filter profiles will be available for selected analogue and digital modulation schemes. The filter profile header will bear the name of the technology. Ensure you have the correct technology profile for your application.

History Logging

A current history log file can be generated and loaded into the onboard files folder, downloadable or viewed on line. Navigate to GUI Maintenance\File Management page.

History data in time and date order for each module in sequence will be saved to the file. Alarms and events will be in a human readable format and can be separated. This file is downloadable. Should assistance be required in reading this data, please refer to support@rfi.com.au

6. Temperature Management

The hottest module adjusts corresponding fan speed. All modules except for the CSC have temperature sensors. Low temperatures are not given limits and are therefore not alarmed.

7. Alarming and Supervision

Human readable alarm SMS messages are sent to two appointed recipients. The multi-band cellular modem option has to be fitted in order to facilitate this. The modem can be configured via the Communications Configure page – Modem Settings. For alarm notification via SMS messages enable the setting tick box under the Alarms configuration page. Assuming a permanent TCP/IP network connection, once an alarm has been