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Report No.: 1811RSU031-U2
Report Version: V01
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MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15.407 WLAN 802.11a/n/ac

FCC ID: YLFSE2200

APPLICANT: 7Signal Solutions, Inc

Application Type: Certification

Product: 7Signal Sapphire Eye

Model No.: 2200

Brand Name: 7Signal

FCC Classification: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)

Test Procedure(s): ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 789033 D02v02r01,
KDB 662911 D01v02r01

Test Date: December 01, 2018 ~ January 03, 2019

Reviewed By:

Jame Yuan

(Jame Yuan)

Approved By:

Robin Wu

(Robin Wu)



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 789033 D02v02r01. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1811RSU031-U2	Rev. 01	Initial report	01-03-2019	Valid

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§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	7Signal Solutions, Inc			
Applicant Address:	6155 Rockside Rd, Suite 110, Independence, Ohio 44131 USA			
Manufacturer:	7Signal Solutions, Inc			
Manufacturer Address:	6155 Rockside Rd, Suite 110, Independence, Ohio 44131 USA			
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd			
Test Site Address:	D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China			
FCC Registration No.:	893164			
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/> Production	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Production	<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Tian'edang Rd., Suzhou, China.

- MRT facility is a FCC registered (MRT Reg. No. 893164) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in ANSI C63.4-2014.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 11384A-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT facility is a VCCI registered (R-20025, G-20034, C-20020, T-20020) test laboratory with the site description on file at VCCI Council.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program (A2LA Cert. No. 3628.01) in EMC, Telecommunications, Radio and SAR testing.



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taihu Lake. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Facility located at D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China. The measurement facility compliant with the test site requirements specified in ANSI C63.4-2014.



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

Product Name:	7Signal Sapphire Eye
Model No.:	2200
Brand Name:	7Signal
Wi-Fi Module 1# Specification:	802.11a/n/ac (Only NII band)
Wi-Fi Module 2# Specification:	802.11b/g/n (Only DTS band)
Accessories	
Adapter:	MODEL: YHY-12002500 INPUT: 100 - 240V ~ 50/60Hz 1.0A Max. OUTPUT: DC 12.0V 2.5A

2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

Frequency Range:	For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20: 5180~5240MHz, 5745~5825MHz For 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40: 5190~5230MHz, 5755~5795MHz For 802.11ac-VHT80: 5210MHz, 5775MHz For 802.11ac-VHT80+80: 5210MHz + 5775MHz
Channel Number:	For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20: 9 For 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40: 4 For 802.11ac-VHT80: 2 For 802.11ac-VHT80+80: 1
Type of Modulation:	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM
Data Rate:	802.11a: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps 802.11n: up to 600Mbps 802.11ac: up to 1733.2Mbps

Note: For other features of this EUT, test report will be issued separately.

2.3. Working Frequencies for this report

802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	40	5200 MHz	44	5220 MHz
48	5240 MHz	149	5745 MHz	153	5765 MHz
157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz	165	5825 MHz
157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz	165	5825 MHz

802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz	151	5755 MHz
159	5795 MHz	--	--	--	--

802.11ac-VHT80

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210 MHz	155	5775 MHz	--	--

802.11ac-VHT80+80 Groups

Channel	Frequency
42 + 155	5210MHz + 5775MHz

2.4. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (GHz)	T _x Paths	Max Antenna Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (dBi)
PCB Antenna	2.4	4	6.0	6.0
	5	4	7.0	7.0

Note: The device doesn't support beam-forming technology and Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) technology, and the transmit signals are uncorrelated, so directional gain = G_{ANT}.

2.5. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port								
Software Control	2.4GHz RF Port				5GHz RF Port			
	Port	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 3	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 2

2.6. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11a
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT20
	Mode 5: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT40
	Mode 6: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT80
	Mode 7: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT80+80

2.7. Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was “QRCT”, and the version was “3.0.268.0”.

Power setting refers to Operation Description.

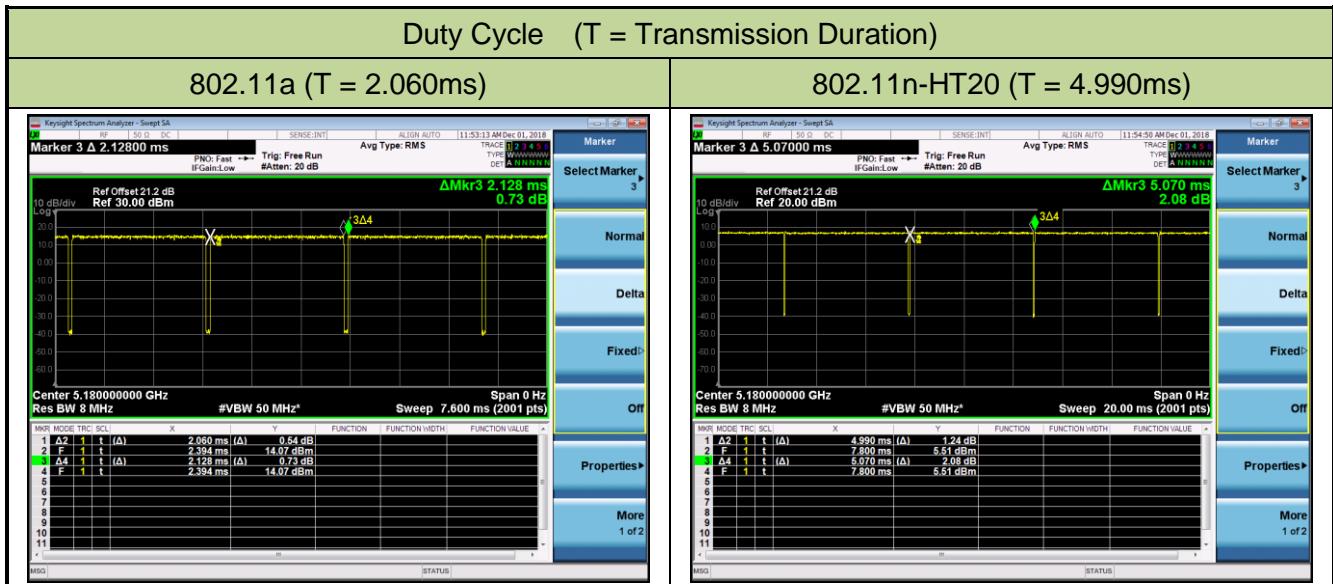
2.8. Device Capabilities

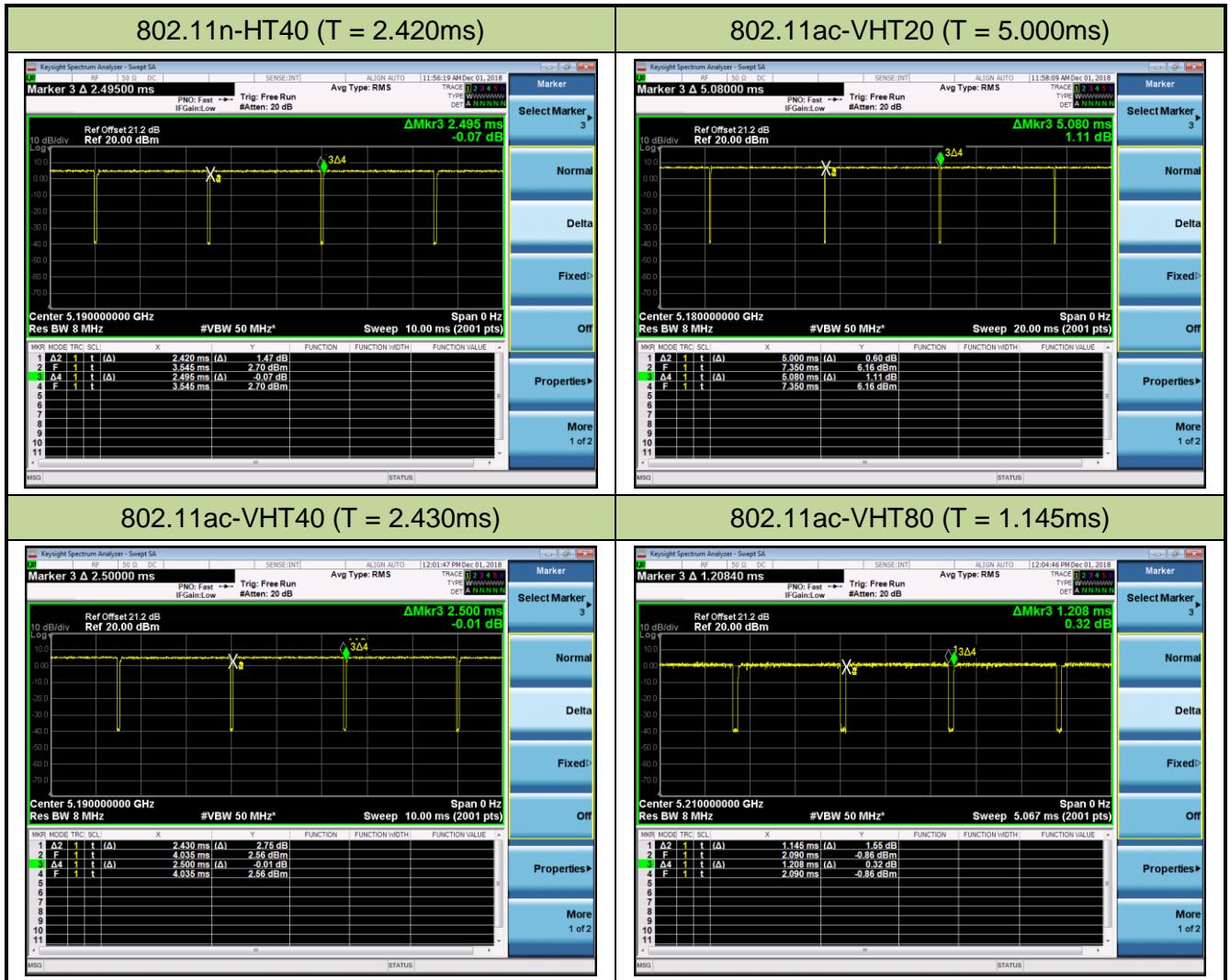
This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS), 5GHz WLAN (NII)

Note: 5GHz (NII) operation is possible in 20MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = average. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
802.11a	96.80%
802.11n-HT20	98.42%
802.11n-HT40	96.99%
802.11ac-VHT20	98.43%
802.11ac-VHT40	97.20%
802.11ac-VHT80	94.78%





2.9. Test Configuration

The device was tested per the guidance of KDB 789033 D02v02r01.ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.10. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.11. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlets supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance provided in KDB 789033 D02v02r01 were used in the measurement.

Deviation from measurement procedure.....None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that those cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powers the EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliant with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remotecontrolled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- The antenna of the device is **permanently attached**.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions - SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTSUE06185	1 year	2019/04/20
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTSUE06002	1 year	2019/06/15
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTSUE06003	1 year	2019/06/15
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Testo	608-H1	MRTSUE06404	1 year	2019/08/15
Shielding Anechoic Chamber	MIK-BEN	Chamber-SR2	MRTSUE06215	N/A	N/A

Radiated Disturbance - AC1

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	9030B	MRTSUE06395	1 year	2019/09/05
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	MRTSUE06001	1 year	2019/08/14
EXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MRTSUE06106	1 year	2019/04/20
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519	MRTSUE06025	1 year	2019/11/09
Bilog Period Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	MRTSUE06172	1 year	2019/04/12
Broad Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	MRTSUE06023	1 year	2019/10/20
Broad Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	MRTSUE06024	1 year	2018/12/13
				1 year	2019/12/13
Microwave System Amplifier	Agilent	83017A	MRTSUE06076	1 year	2019/11/16
Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9721	MRTSUE06121	1 year	2019/06/12
Thermohygrometer	Testo	608-H1	MRTSUE06403	1 year	2019/08/15
Anechoic Chamber	TDK	Chamber-AC1	MRTSUE06212	1 year	2019/05/02

Conducted Test Equipment - TR3

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010B	MRTSUE06452	1 year	2019/07/20
USB wideband power sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTSUE06446	1 year	2019/07/20
Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-10	MRTSUE06800	1 year	2019/07/10
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	BAOYT	BYH-150CL	MRTSUE06051	1 year	2019/11/16
Temperature/Humidity Meter	testo	608-H1	MRTSUE06401	1 year	2019/08/15

Software	Version	Function
e3	V 8.3.5	EMI Test Software

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement - SR2
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 150kHz~30MHz: 3.46dB
Radiated Emission Measurement – AC1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: 4.18dB 1GHz ~ 25GHz: 4.76dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 0.78dB
Output Power - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 1.13dB
Power Spectrum Density - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 1.15dB
Occupied Bandwidth - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 0.28%

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Product Name: 7Signal Sapphire Eye

FCC ID: YLFSE2200

FCC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	N/A	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 500\text{kHz}$		Pass	Section 7.3
15.407(a)(1)(ii), (2), (3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Refer to Section 7.4		Pass	Section 7.4
15.407(h)(1)	Transmit Power Control	$\leq 24 \text{ dBm}$		N/A	Section 7.5
15.407(a)(1)(ii), (2), (3), (5)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Refer to Section 7.6		Pass	Section 7.6
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	N/A		Pass	Section 7.7
15.407(b)(1), (2), (3), (4)(i)	Undesirable Emissions	Refer to Section 7.8 & 7.9	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.8 & 7.9
15.205, 15.209 15.407(b)(5), (6), (7)	General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		Pass	
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.10

Notes:

- 1) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 2) Test Items "26dB Bandwidth" & "99% Bandwidth" & "6dB Bandwidth" have been assessed single and MIMO transmission, and showed the worst test data in this report.

7.2. 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

N/A

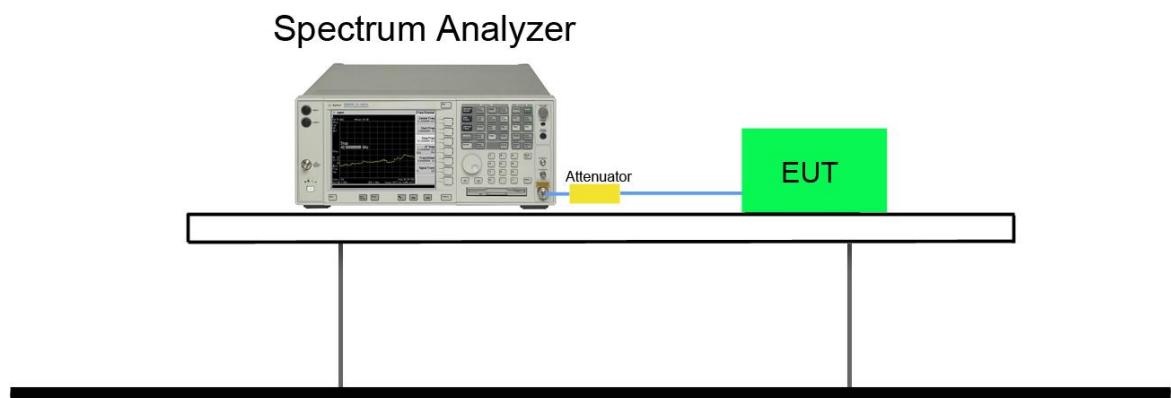
7.2.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section C.1

7.2.3. Test Setting

1. The analyzers' automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 26dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 26. The automatic bandwidth measurement function also has the capability of simultaneously measuring the 99% occupied bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediated power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
3. VBW \geq 3 \times RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.

7.2.4. Test Setup

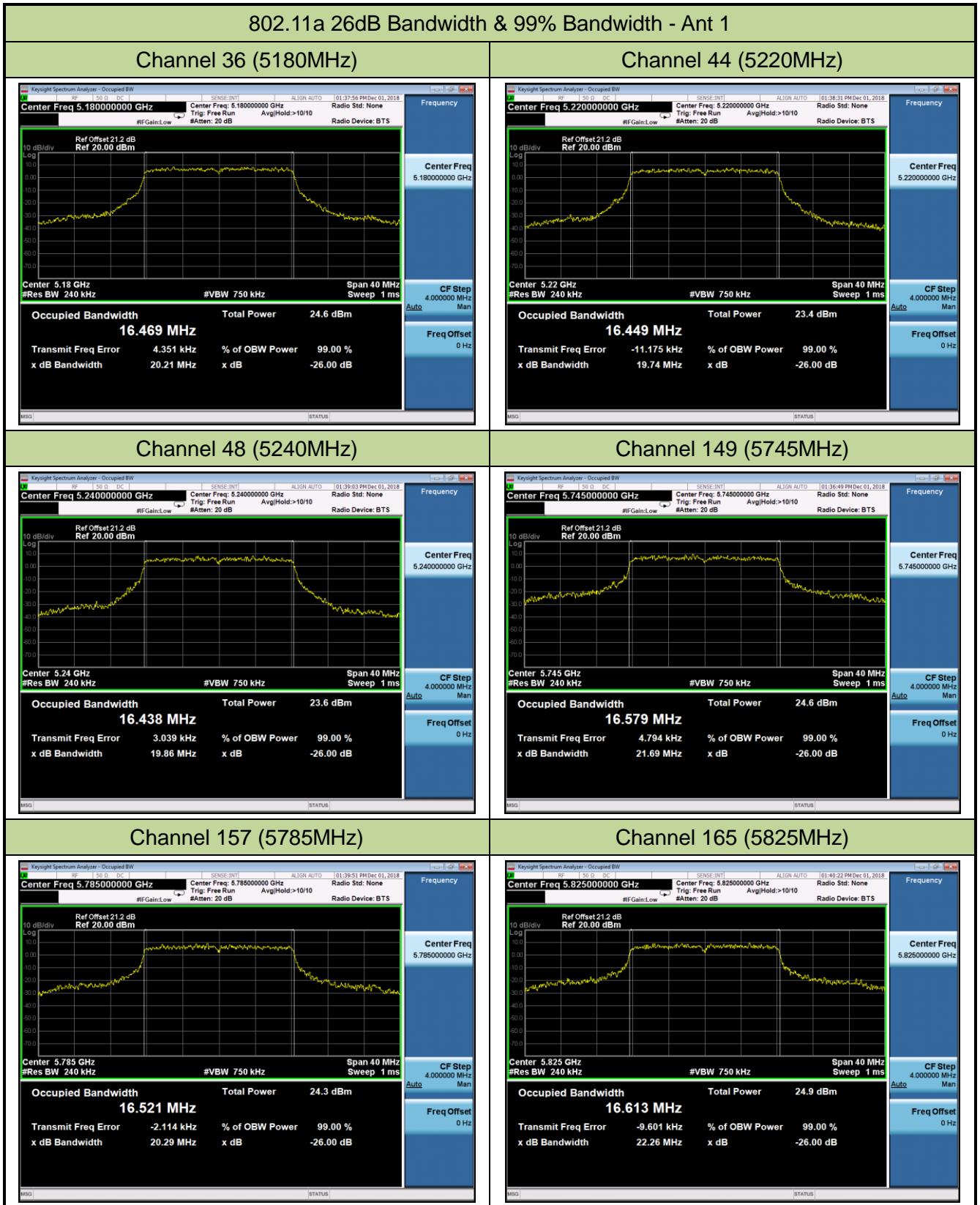


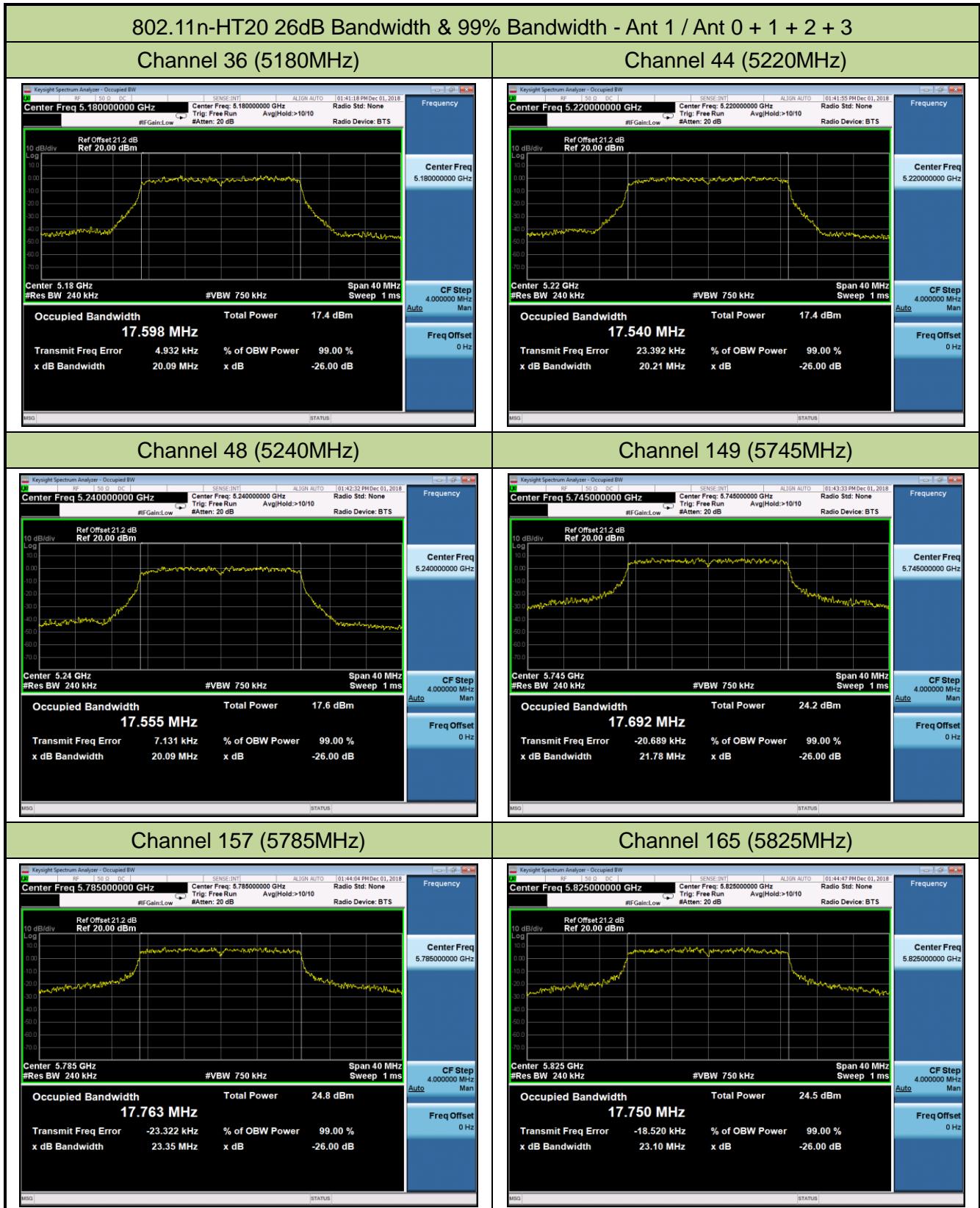
7.2.5. Test Result

Product	7Signal Sapphire Eye	Temperature	23°C
Test Engineer	Dandy Li	Relative Humidity	52%
Test Site	TR3	Test Date	2018/12/01
Test Item	26dB Bandwidth Measurement		

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Ant 1					
802.11a	6Mbps	36	5180	20.21	16.47
802.11a	6Mbps	44	5220	19.74	16.45
802.11a	6Mbps	48	5240	19.86	16.44
802.11a	6Mbps	149	5745	21.69	16.58
802.11a	6Mbps	157	5785	20.29	16.52
802.11a	6Mbps	165	5825	22.26	16.61
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1 + 2 + 3					
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	36	5180	20.09	17.60
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	44	5220	20.21	17.54
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	48	5240	20.09	17.56
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	149	5745	21.78	17.69
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	157	5785	23.35	17.76
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	165	5825	23.10	17.75
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	38	5190	38.66	35.77
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	46	5230	38.90	35.79
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	151	5755	39.30	36.00
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	159	5795	39.84	36.05
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	36	5180	20.31	17.57
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	44	5220	19.97	17.54
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	48	5240	20.06	17.56
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	20.87	17.69
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	21.76	17.73
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	23.69	17.80
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	38	5190	38.73	35.75
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	46	5230	38.94	35.86
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	39.27	36.02
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	39.51	36.10

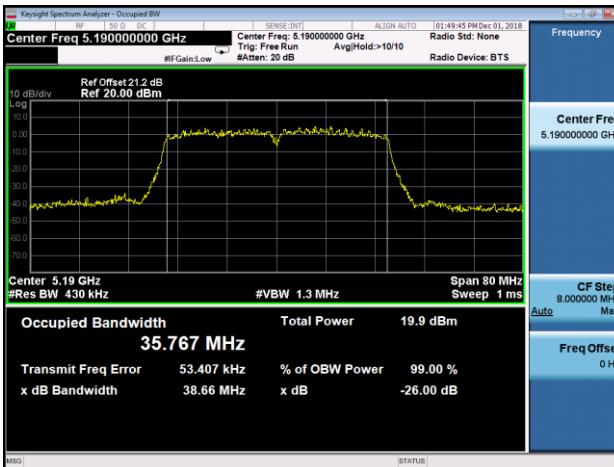
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1 + 2 + 3					
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	42	5210	81.28	75.41
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	81.93	75.71





802.11n-HT40 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1 + 2 + 3

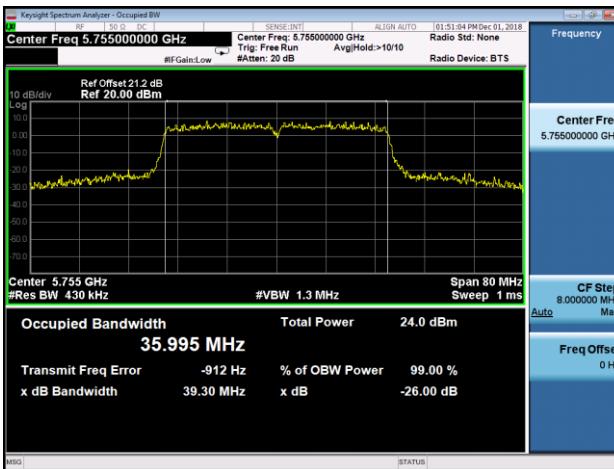
Channel 38 (5190MHz)



Channel 46 (5230MHz)

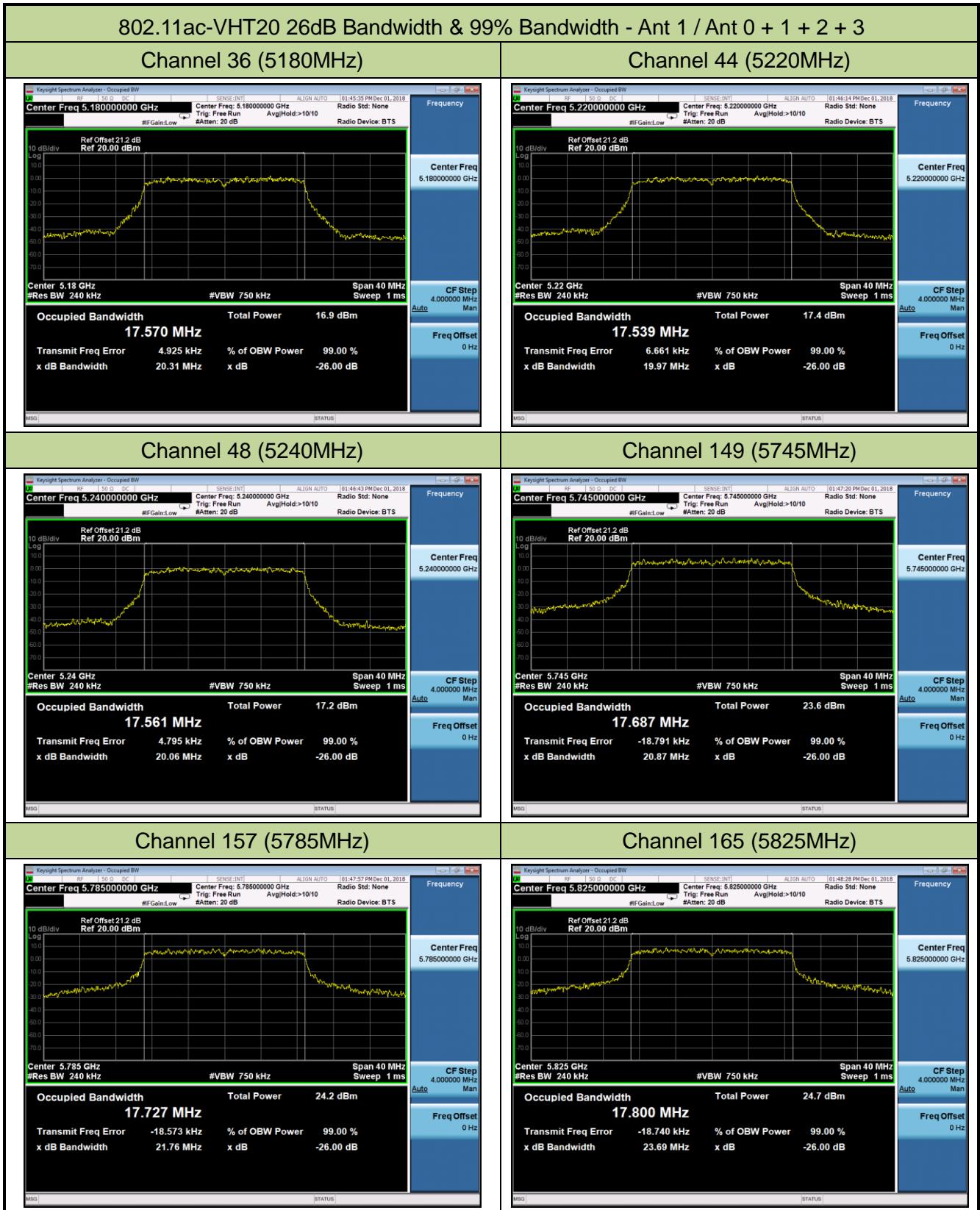


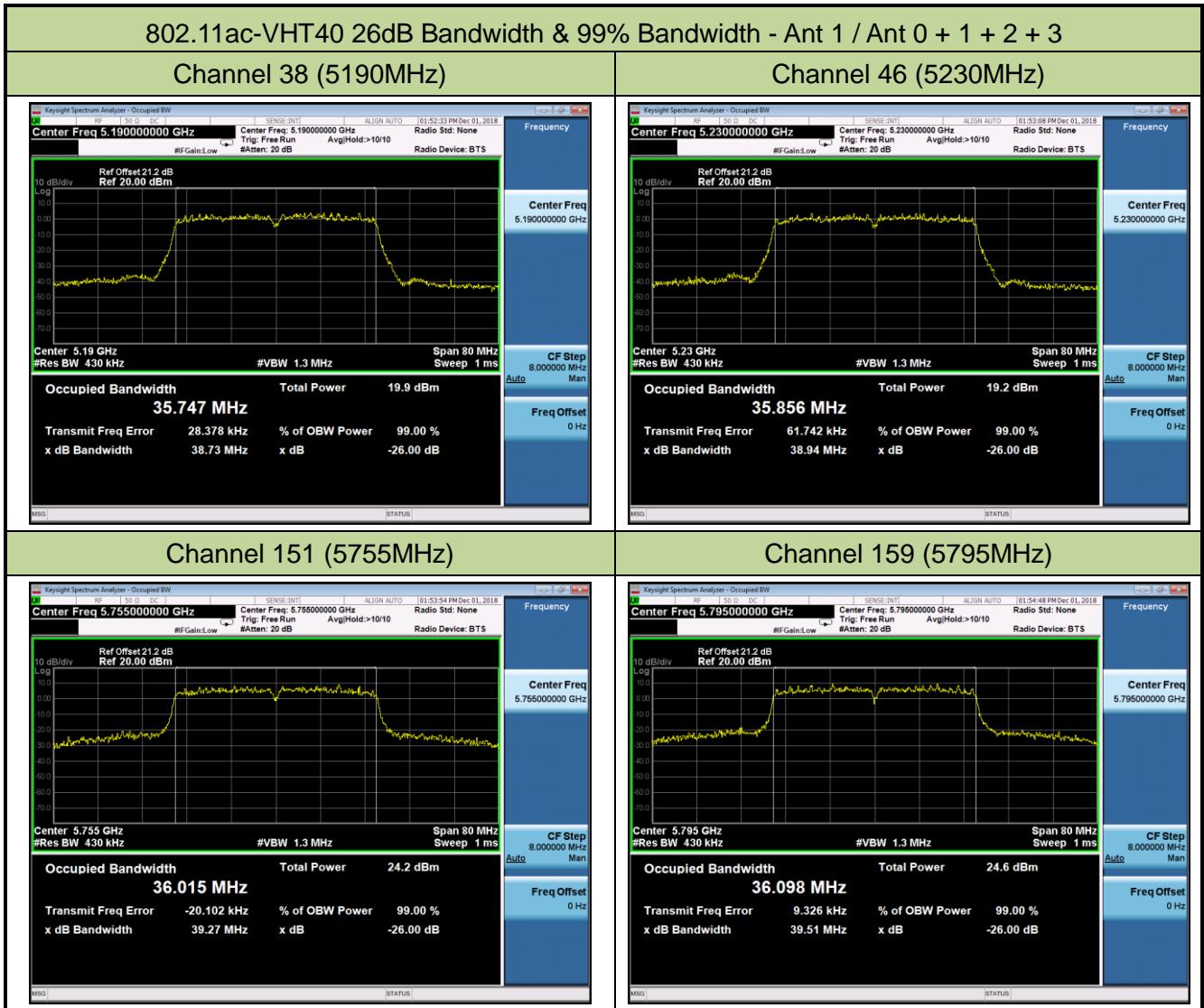
Channel 151 (5755MHz)

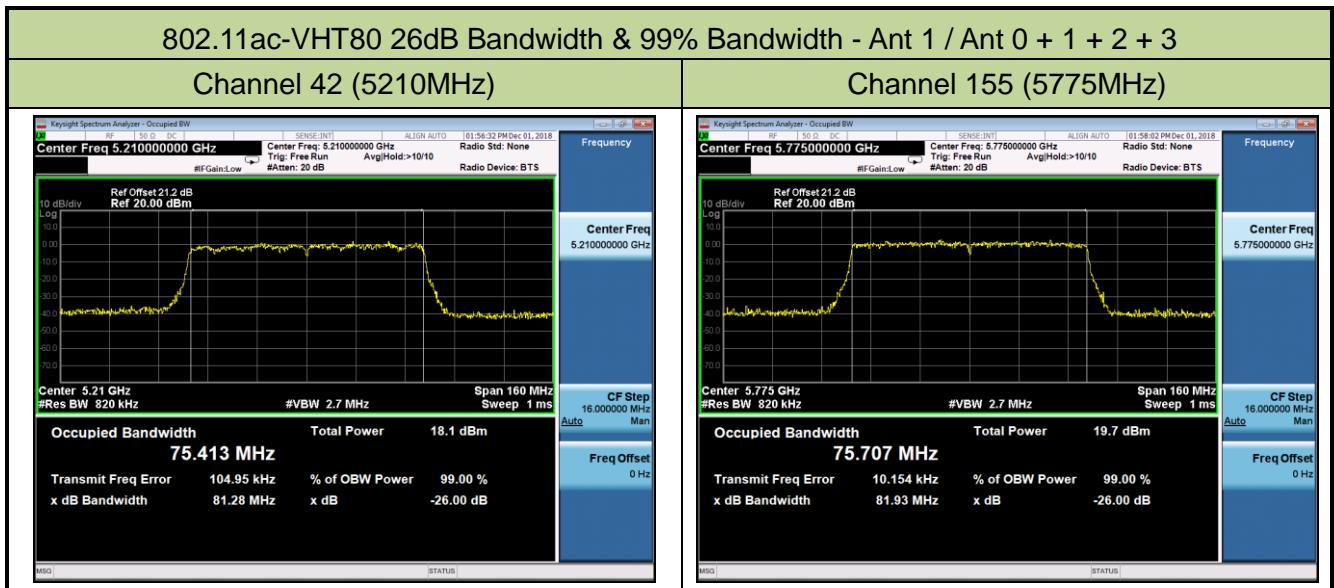


Channel 159 (5795MHz)









7.3. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

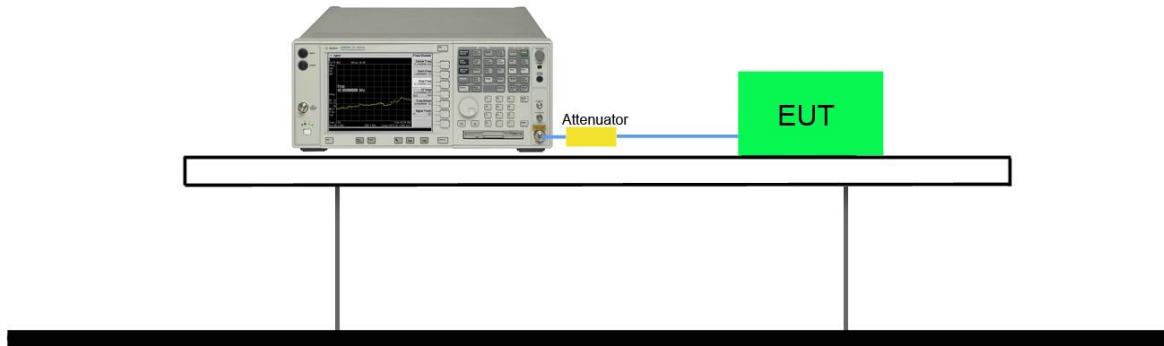
KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section C.2

7.3.3. Test Setting

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. RBW = 100 kHz.
3. VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize.
8. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

7.3.4. Test Setup

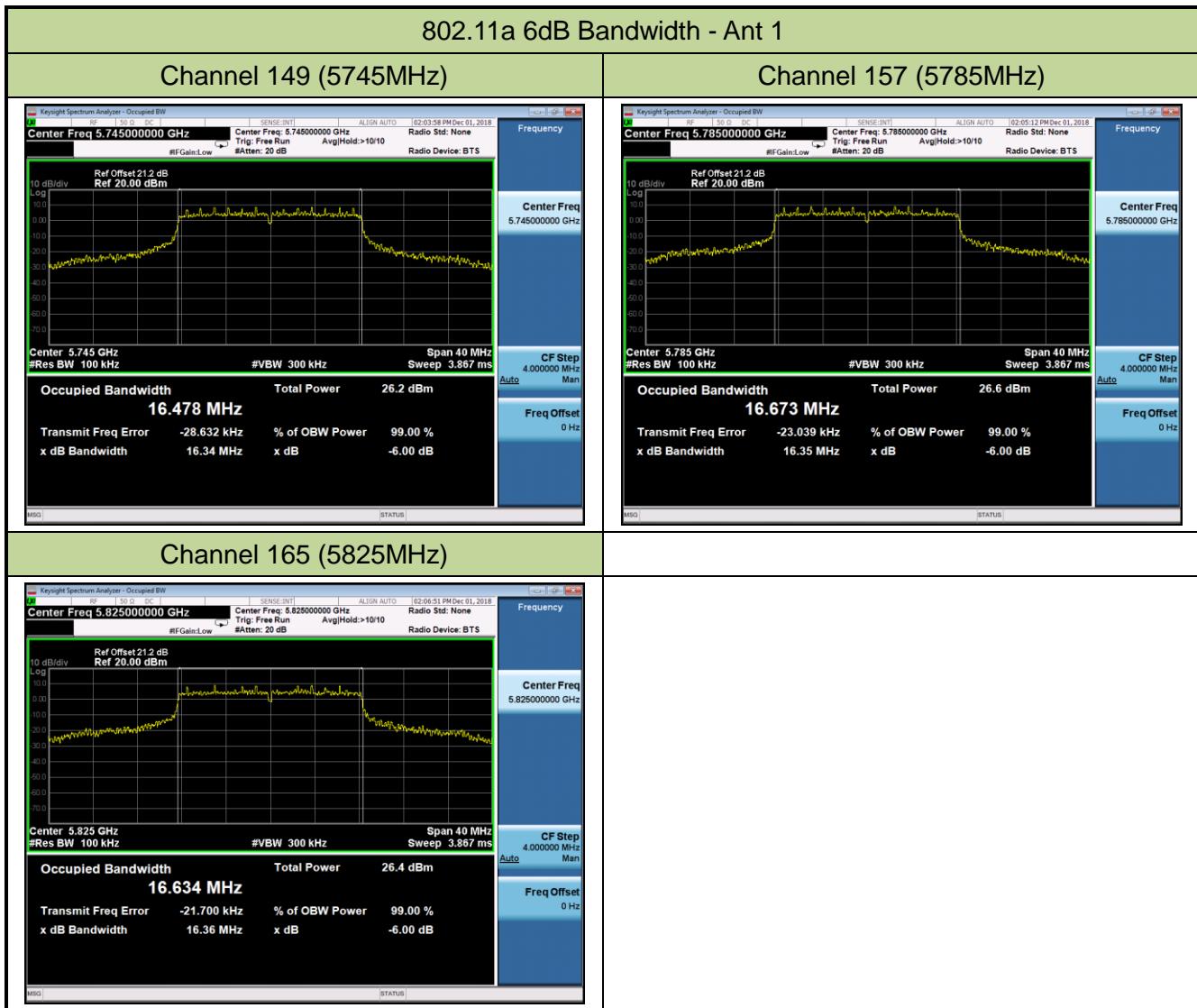
Spectrum Analyzer

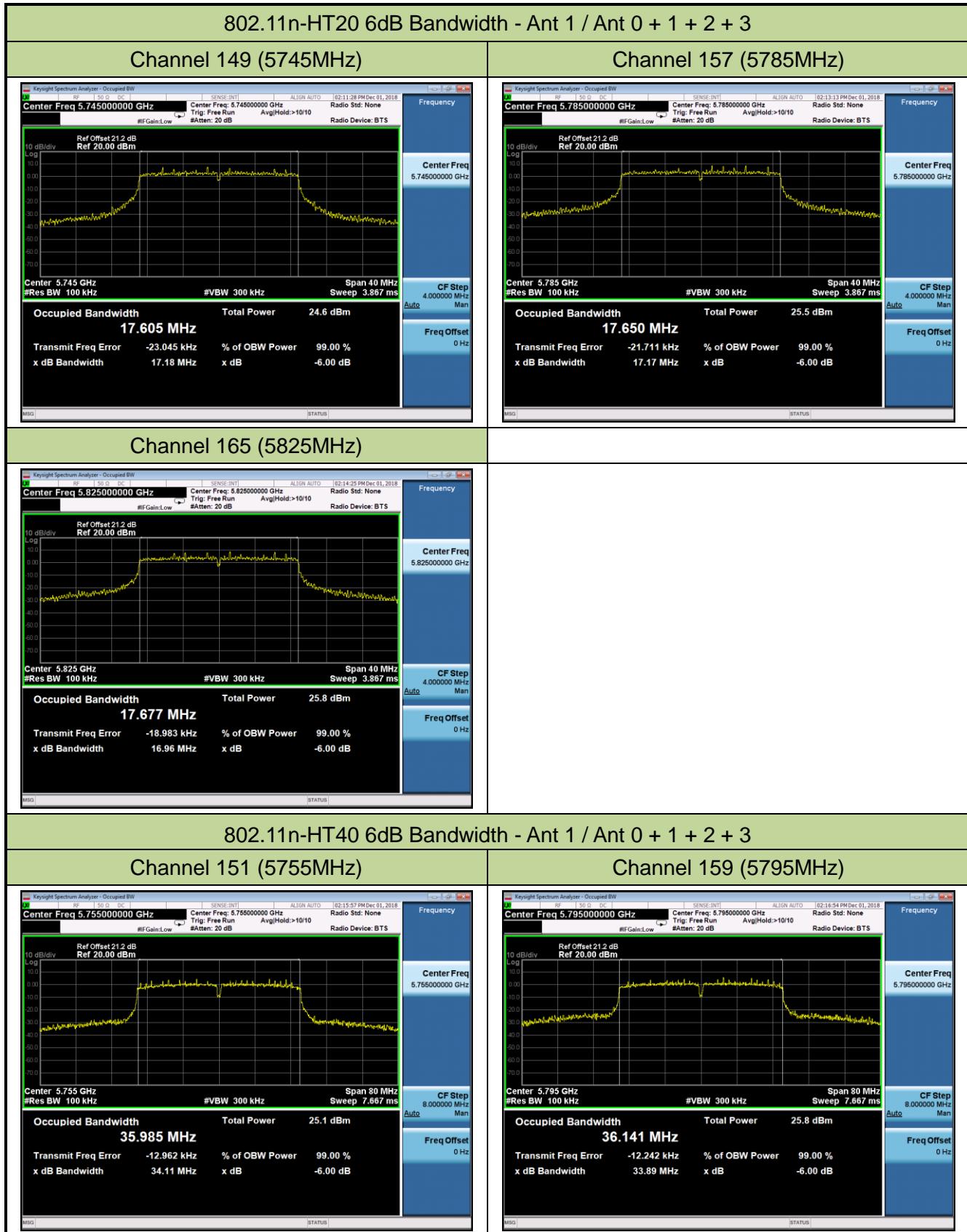


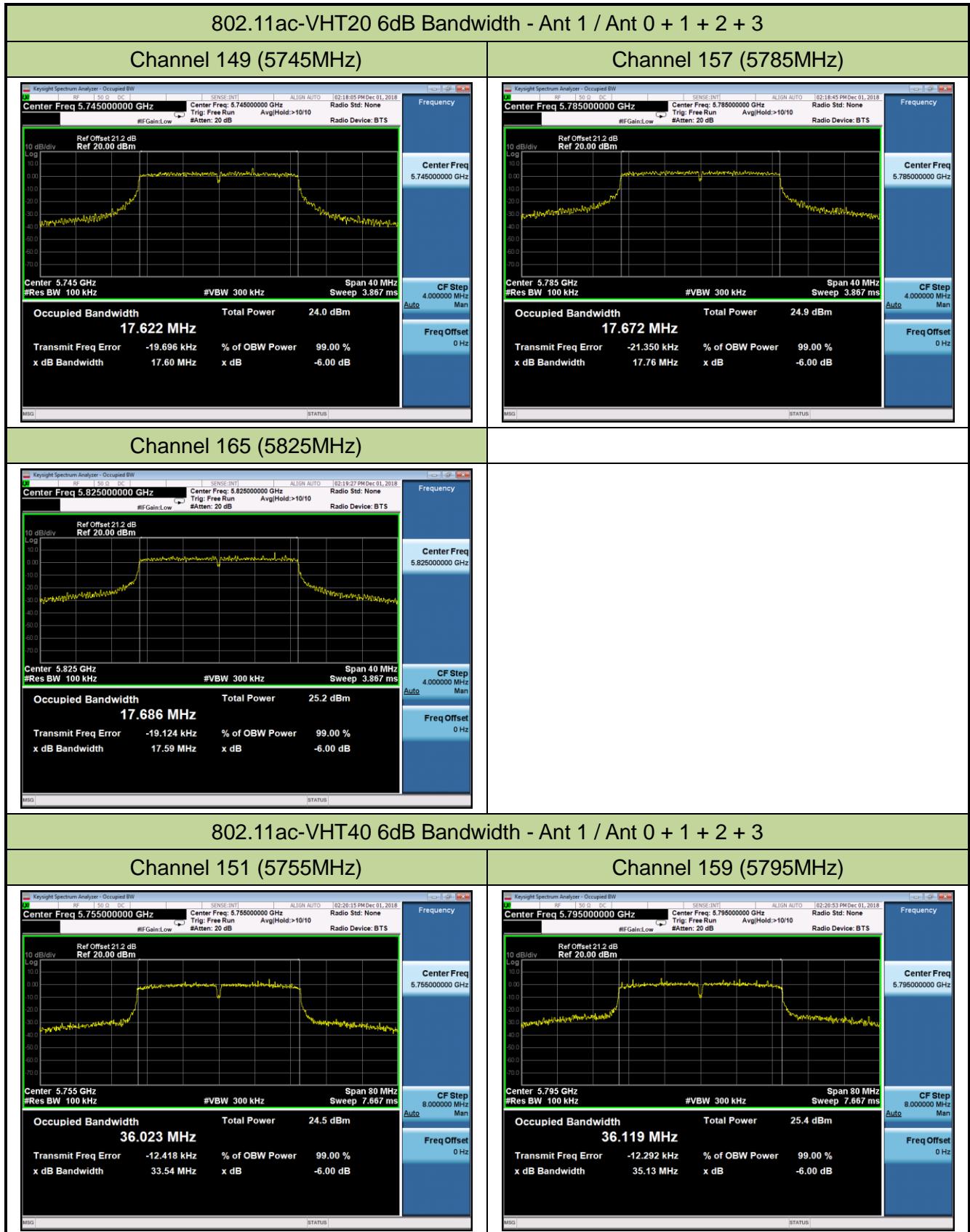
7.3.5. Test Result

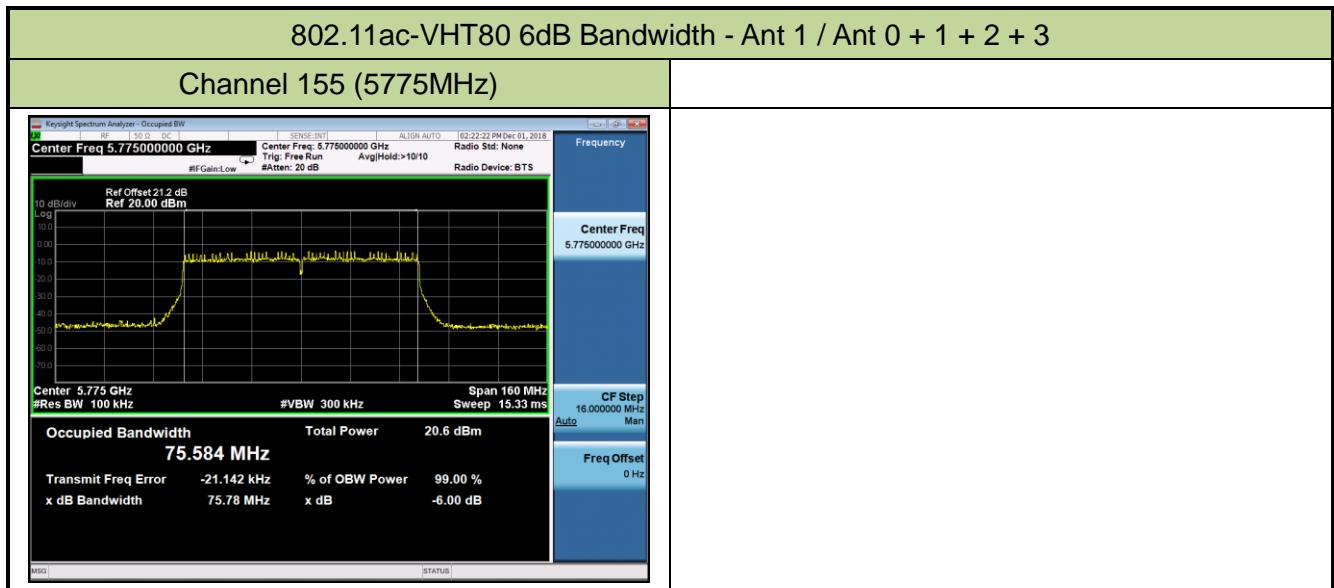
Product	7Signal Sapphire Eye	Temperature	23°C
Test Engineer	Dandy Li	Relative Humidity	52%
Test Site	TR3	Test Date	2018/12/01
Test Item	6dB Bandwidth Measurement		

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
Ant 1						
802.11a	6Mbps	149	5745	16.34	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	6Mbps	157	5785	16.35	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	6Mbps	165	5825	16.36	≥ 0.5	Pass
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1 + 2 + 3						
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	149	5745	17.18	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	157	5785	17.17	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	165	5825	16.96	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	151	5755	34.11	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	159	5795	33.89	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	17.60	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	17.76	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	17.59	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	33.54	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	35.13	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	75.78	≥ 0.5	Pass









7.4. Output Power Measurement

7.4.1. Test Limit

For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm).

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

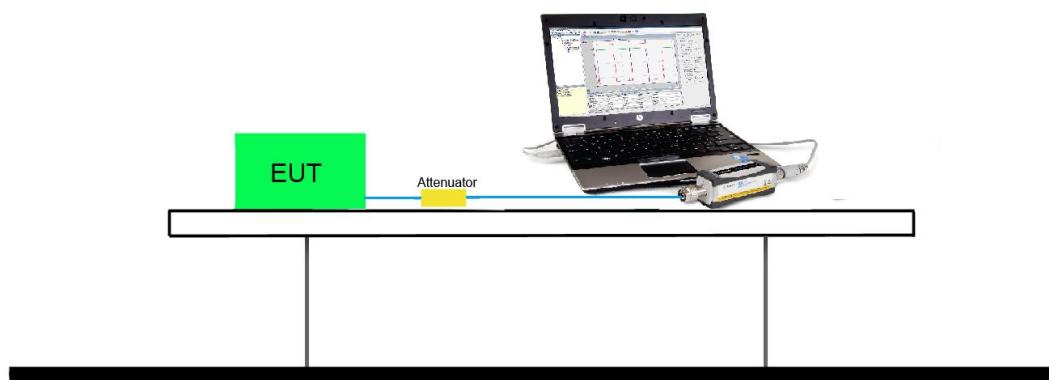
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033D02v01r04 - Section E) 3) b) Method PM-G

7.4.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.4.4. Test Setup



7.4.5. Test Result

Power output test was verified over all data rates of each mode shown as below table, and then choose the maximum power output (Grey marker) for final test of each channel.

Output power at various data rates:

Ant 1 - 802.11a - Channel 36 (5180MHz)								
Date Rate(Mbps)	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
Power (dBm)	15.89	15.83	15.77	15.91	15.64	15.58	15.52	15.47

Ant 1 / Ant 0+1+2+3 - 802.11n-HT20 - Channel 36 (5180MHz)								
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
Power (dBm)	11.53	11.51	11.49	11.49	11.46	11.44	11.39	11.35

Ant 1 / Ant 0+1+2+3 - 802.11n-HT40 - Channel 38 (5190MHz)								
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
Power (dBm)	11.82	11.81	11.79	11.77	11.76	11.71	11.67	11.60

Ant 1 / Ant 0+1+2+3 - 802.11ac-VHT20 - Channel 36 (5180MHz)									
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8
Power (dBm)	11.43	11.40	11.38	11.34	11.31	11.25	11.14	11.09	11.02

Ant 1 / Ant 0+1+2+3 - 802.11ac-VHT40 - Channel 38 (5190MHz)										
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	
Power (dBm)	11.87	11.81	11.74	11.69	11.63	11.58	11.54	11.47	11.41	11.34

Ant 1 / Ant 0+1+2+3 - 802.11ac-VHT80 - Channel 42 (5210MHz)										
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	
Power (dBm)	10.27	10.22	10.16	10.07	10.03	10.01	9.97	9.94	9.91	9.88

Ant 1 / Ant 0+1+2+3 - 802.11ac-80+80 - Channel 42 (5210MHz)										
Date Rate(Mbps)	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	
Power (dBm)	16.76	16.72	16.67	16.59	16.54	16.48	16.44	16.41	16.39	16.36

Product	7Signal Sapphire Eye	Temperature	23°C
Test Engineer	Dandy Li	Relative Humidity	52%
Test Site	TR3	Test Date	2018/12/01
Test Item	Output Power		

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 2 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 3 Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
SISO Mode									
11a	6Mbps	36	5180	15.81	15.89	16.52	15.80	≤ 23.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	44	5220	17.63	16.64	17.37	16.66	≤ 23.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	48	5240	17.06	17.79	17.12	16.06	≤ 23.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	149	5745	19.51	18.67	20.92	21.16	≤ 29.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	157	5785	19.66	20.35	21.34	22.27	≤ 29.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	165	5825	19.57	19.89	20.16	21.12	≤ 29.00	Pass

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 2 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 3 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
MIMO Mode										
11n-HT20	MCS0	36	5180	11.25	11.53	10.82	10.87	17.15	≤ 23.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	44	5220	10.44	11.71	9.97	11.70	17.04	≤ 23.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	48	5240	10.71	10.34	10.99	11.16	16.83	≤ 23.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	149	5745	19.47	18.78	18.81	19.90	25.29	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	157	5785	18.40	17.11	18.25	19.50	24.42	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	165	5825	18.95	17.80	17.92	19.79	24.71	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	38	5190	12.67	11.82	11.40	12.12	18.05	≤ 23.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	46	5230	13.47	12.11	12.31	12.27	18.60	≤ 23.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	151	5755	18.63	17.62	19.03	20.44	25.07	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	159	5795	17.62	16.85	18.16	19.00	24.00	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	36	5180	10.85	11.43	10.64	11.08	17.03	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	44	5220	10.83	11.91	10.75	10.18	16.98	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	48	5240	11.79	10.56	10.58	11.81	17.25	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	17.60	18.16	18.10	19.22	24.33	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	17.89	18.43	17.98	20.20	24.75	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	19.18	17.18	18.15	19.54	24.63	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	38	5190	13.44	11.87	12.20	11.60	18.36	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	46	5230	13.64	11.91	11.85	12.53	18.56	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	18.28	16.89	18.56	18.87	24.23	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	17.92	17.42	18.80	18.69	24.26	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	42	5210	10.50	10.27	11.57	11.57	17.04	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	11.05	9.99	10.83	12.43	17.19	≤ 29.00	Pass

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 2 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 3 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
Non-contiguous 80+80 MHz mode fall within different UNII band										
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	42	5210	16.24	16.76	--	--	19.61	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	42	5210	--	--	16.74	16.04	19.51	≤ 23.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	155	5775	17.97	17.12	--	--	20.65	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	155	5775	--	--	14.94	16.39	18.85	≤ 29.00	Pass

Note1: Total Average Power (dBm) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 2 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 Average Power /10})}\}}$ (dBm).

Note2: For 802.11ac-VHT80+80 mode fall within different UNII band:

Total Average Power (dBm) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power /10})}\}}$ (dBm).

Total Average Power (dBm) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 2 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 Average Power /10})}\}}$ (dBm).

Note3: For UNII-1 Band, Power Limit = 24dBm - (7dBi - 6dBi) = 23.00dBm.

For UNII-3 Band, Power Limit = 30dBm - (7dBi - 6dBi) = 29.00dBm.

7.5. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.5.1. Test Limit

For client device operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500kHz band.

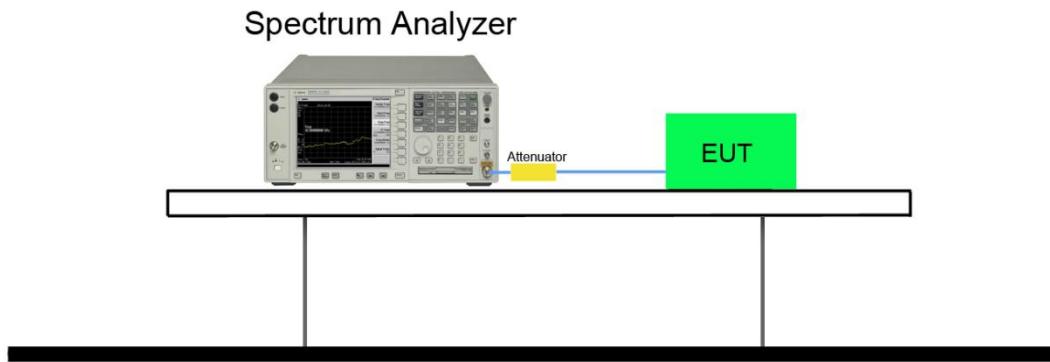
If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

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7.5.3. Test Setting

1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the UNII channel under investigation
2. Span was set to encompass the entire 26dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1MHz, if measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz,
RBW = 100 kHz
4. VBW = 3MHz
5. Number of sweep points $\geq 2 \times (\text{span} / \text{RBW})$
6. Detector = power averaging (Average)
7. Sweep time = auto
8. Trigger = free run
9. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
10. Add $10^{\ast}\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10^{\ast}\log(1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25 percent.
11. When the measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add a constant factor $10^{\ast}\log(500\text{kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = 6.99$ dB to the measured result.

7.5.4. Test Setup

7.5.5. Test Result

Product	7Signal Sapphire Eye			Temperature	23°C		
Test Engineer	Dandy Li			Relative Humidity	52%		
Test Site	TR3			Test Date	2018/12/01		
Test Item	Power Spectral Density (UNII-Band 1)						

Test Mode	Data Rate	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm/MHz)				Duty Cycle (%)	Final PSD (dBm/MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/MHz)	Result
				Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 3				
SISO Mode											
11a	6Mbps	36	5180	6.06	4.98	5.04	6.69	96.8	6.83	≤ 10.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	44	5220	6.47	5.54	4.82	6.66	96.8	6.80	≤ 10.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	48	5240	6.62	5.30	4.55	6.71	96.8	6.85	≤ 10.00	Pass

Note 1: When EUT duty cycle \geq 98%, Final PSD (dBm/MHz) = Max Each PSD (dBm/MHz).

Note 2: When EUT duty cycle < 98%, Final PSD (dBm/MHz) = Max Each PSD (dBm/MHz) + $10 \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$.

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Ant 2 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Ant 3 PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Duty Cycle	Total PSD (dBm/ MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/ MHz)	Result
MIMO Mode											
11n-HT20	MCS0	36	5180	0.40	-0.74	-1.31	0.69	98.42	5.86	≤ 10.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	44	5220	1.22	-0.15	-0.84	0.50	98.42	6.27	≤ 10.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	48	5240	0.64	-0.56	-0.84	0.46	98.42	5.99	≤ 10.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	38	5190	-0.27	-1.38	-1.94	-0.01	96.99	5.32	≤ 10.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	46	5230	-0.26	-1.26	-2.1	-0.66	96.99	5.14	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	36	5180	0.46	-0.5	-1.41	0.44	98.43	5.83	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	44	5220	0.88	-0.09	-0.82	0.56	98.43	6.20	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	48	5240	0.82	-0.45	-1.18	0.64	98.43	6.05	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	38	5190	-0.23	-1.24	-2.03	0.29	97.20	5.43	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	46	5230	-0.01	-1.2	-2.16	-0.44	97.20	5.27	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	42	5210	-5.48	-6.26	-7.13	-4.96	94.78	0.37	≤ 10.00	Pass
Non-contiguous 80+80 MHz mode fall within different UNII band											
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	42	5210	-0.67	-1.86	--	--	96.74	1.93	≤ 10.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	42	5210	--	--	-1.77	-0.56	96.74	2.03	≤ 10.00	Pass

Note 1: When EUT duty cycle $\geq 98\%$, Total PSD (dBm/MHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 2 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 PSD/10})}\}}$.

Note 2: When EUT duty cycle $< 98\%$, Total PSD (dBm/MHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 2 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 PSD/10})\} + 10^{\log (1/\text{Duty Cycle})}}$.

Note 3: For 802.11ac-VHT80+80 mode fall within different UNII band:

Ant 0 & Ant 1: Total PSD (dBm/MHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD/10})}\}} (\text{dBm/MHz}) + 10^{\log (1/\text{Duty Cycle})}$.

Ant 2 & Ant 3: Total PSD (dBm/MHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 2 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 PSD/10})}\}} (\text{dBm/MHz}) + 10^{\log (1/\text{Duty Cycle})}$.

Note 4: PSD Limit Calculation as below: $11\text{dBm/MHz} - (7\text{dBi} - 6\text{dBi}) = 10.00\text{dBm/MHz}$.

Product	7Signal Sapphire Eye				Temperature		23°C	
Test Engineer	Dandy Li				Relative Humidity		52%	
Test Site	TR3				Test Date		2018/12/01	
Test Item	Power Spectral Density (UNII-Band 3)							

Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm/100kHz)				Duty Cycle (%)	Constant Factor (dB)	Final PSD (dBm/500kHz)	Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Result
				Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 3					
SISO Mode												
11a	6Mbps	149	5745	1.09	0.41	0.99	2.55	96.80	6.99	9.68	≤ 29.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	157	5785	1.29	0.47	1.21	2.48	96.80	6.99	9.61	≤ 29.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	165	5825	1.02	0.43	1.52	2.58	96.80	6.99	9.71	≤ 29.00	Pass

Note 1: When EUT duty cycle ≥ 98%, Final PSD (dBm/500kHz) = Max each PSD (dBm/100kHz).

Note 2: When EUT duty cycle < 98%, Final PSD (dBm/500kHz) = Max each PSD (dBm/100kHz) + 10*log(1/Duty Cycle).

Note 3: PSD Limit Calculation as below:

For 5725-5850MHz

30dBm/500kHz - (7dBi - 6dBi) = 29.00dBm/500kHz.

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/ 100kHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/ 100kHz)	Ant 2 PSD (dBm/ 100kHz)	Ant 3 PSD (dBm/ 100kHz)	Duty Cycle	Constant Factor	Total PSD (dBm/ 500kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 500kHz)	Result
MIMO Mode												
11n-HT20	MCS0	149	5745	-2.04	-2.42	-1.63	-0.63	98.42	6.99	11.38	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	157	5785	-2.36	-2.97	-1.82	-0.97	98.42	6.99	11.04	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	165	5825	-2.33	-1.94	-1.60	-1.04	98.42	6.99	11.31	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	151	5755	-3.39	-4.00	-3.16	-2.76	96.99	6.99	9.84	≤ 29.00	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	159	5795	-2.56	-3.46	-2.52	-3.87	96.99	6.99	10.08	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	-2.07	-2.09	-2.00	-1.09	98.43	6.99	11.22	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	-2.16	-3.01	-2.68	-1.20	98.43	6.99	10.80	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	-2.46	-2.42	-1.73	-0.80	98.43	6.99	10.15	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	-3.70	-4.82	-4.33	-3.18	97.20	6.99	9.17	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	-3.57	-4.30	-3.82	-2.43	97.20	6.99	9.66	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	-7.17	-6.90	-6.90	-6.54	94.78	6.99	6.37	≤ 29.00	Pass
Non-contiguous 80+80 MHz mode fall within different UNII band												
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	155	5775	-8.15	-9.21	--	--	96.74	6.99	1.50	≤ 29.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80+80	MCS0	155	5775	--	--	-9.39	-7.94	96.74	6.99	1.54	≤ 29.00	Pass

Note 1: When EUT duty cycle $\geq 98\%$, Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 2 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 PSD/10})}\}}$ (dBm/100kHz) + Constant Factor.

Note 2: When EUT duty cycle $< 98\%$, Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 2 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 PSD/10})}\}}$ (dBm/100kHz) + Constant Factor + $10^{\log (1/\text{Duty Cycle})}$.

Note 3: For 802.11ac-VHT80+80:

Ant 0 & Ant 1: Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD/10})}\}}$ (dBm/100kHz) + Constant Factor + $10^{\log (1/\text{Duty Cycle})}$.

Ant 2 & Ant 3: Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) = $10^{\log \{10^{(\text{Ant 2 PSD/10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 3 PSD/10})}\}}$ (dBm/100kHz) + Constant Factor + $10^{\log (1/\text{Duty Cycle})}$.

Note 3: PSD Limit Calculation as below:

For 5725-5850MHz

$$30\text{dBm}/500\text{kHz} - (7\text{dBi} - 6\text{dBi}) = 29.00\text{dBm}/500\text{kHz}$$