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# **FCC SAR TEST REPORT**

Client Name : ITALCOM GROUP

Address 1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United

States 33145 (Zip code : 518048)

Product Name : 4G Mobile phone

Model : Nickel

Date : Nov. 08, 2019

## **Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited**





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## **TEST REPORT**

Applicant : ITALCOM GROUP

Manufacturer : Tench(HK) Communication Technology CO.,LIMITED

Product Name : 4G Mobile phone

Model No. : Nickel

Trade Mark : NYX Mobile

Rating(s) : DC 3.8V, 2000mAh Battery inside

Test Standard(s) : IEEE 1528-2013; IEC 62209-2:2010;

Anbotek

\* Approved \*

ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013);

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-2:2010, ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005 and FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013) requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Receipt

Date of Test

Oct. 14, 2019

Oct. 14~Nov. 07, 2019

Prepared By

(Engineer / Bobby Wang)

Bobby Warg

Reviewer

Snowy Meng

(Supervisor / Snowy Meng)

sally zh

Approved & Authorized Signer

(Manager / Sally Zhang)





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## Version

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## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

F Dand	Highest Re	ported 1g-SAR(W/	/Kg)	SAR Test Limit
Frequency Band	Head	Body	Hot Spot	(W/Kg)
GSM 850	0.345	0.687	0.687	botek Anbor
PCS 1900	0.295	0.713	0.713	
WCDMA Band 2	0.305	0.738	0.738	
WCDMA Band 5	0.291	0.514	0.514	poter And
LTE Band 4	0.517	0.612	0.612	Ambortek 1.6
WIFI 2.4G	0.310	0.434	0.434	
Simultaneous SAR	0.827	1.172	otek I Anbotek	
Test Result	prince subales	Anho.	PASS	Aug Mak Supi

<sup>&</sup>lt;Highest SAR Summary>

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010



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## 2. General Information

### 2.1. Client Information

Applicant	: ITALCOM GROUP
Address	: 1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United States 33145 (Zip code : 518048)
Manufacturer	: Tench(HK) Communication Technology CO.,LIMITED
Address	Room 901-902, building 2, cofco business park, liuxian second road, baoa district, shenzhen
Factory	: Tench(HK) Communication Technology CO.,LIMITED
Address	: Room 901-902, building 2, cofco business park, liuxian second road, baoa district, shenzhen

### 2. 2. Testing Laboratory Information

Test Site:	•	Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited
Address:	:	1/F, Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei community,
Address.		Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.518102

### 2.3. Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name		4G Mobile phone
Model No.	:	Nickel
Trade Mark	:	NYX Mobile
Test Power Supply		DC 3.8V Battery inside
Test Sample No.	:	1-2-1(Normal Sample), 1-2-2(Normal Sample)
Product Description	:	BDR+EDR: 2402MHz~2480MHz BLE: 2402MHz~2480MHz 2.4G WIFI:2412~2462MHz GSM/GPRS 850 TX:824.2~848.8 MHz; RX:869.2~893.8 MHz PCS/GPRS 1900 TX:1850.2~1909.8 MHz; RX:1930.2~1989.8 MHz

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	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbot	UMTS-FDD Band 5 TX: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz; RX: 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz UMTS-FDD Band 2 TX:1852.4~1907.6 MHz; RX: 1932.4~1987.6 MHz LTE-FDD Band 4 TX:1710.0 ~ 1754.9 MHz; RX: 2110.0 ~ 2154.9 MHz
	Transfer Rate:	BDR+EDR: 1/2/3 Mbits/s BLE: 1 Mbits/s 802.11b: 11/5.5/2/1Mbps 802.11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6 Mbps 802.11n: up to 150Mbps
	Number of Channel:	BDR+EDR: 79 Channels BLE: 40 Channels 802.11b/ g/ n(HT20): 11 Channels
	GPRS Class:	8/10/12
	Modulation Type:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK WCDMA: BPSK, 16QAM LTE: QPSK, 16QAM BDR+EDR: GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK 2.4G WiFi: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM
	Antenna Type:	GSM/GPRS: FPCB Antenna WCDMA: FPCB Antenna LTE: FPCB Antenna BT: FPCB Antenna 2.4G WiFi: FPCB Antenna
	Antenna Gain(Peak):	GSM 850: 0.8 dBi PCS 1900: 1.3 dBi UMTS-FDD Band 2: 1.3 dBi UMTS-FDD Band 5: 0.8 dBi LTE Band 4: 1.1 dBi BT: 2.1 dBi 2.4G WiFi: 2.2 dBi
	Hardware version	NYX_NICKEL_001
	Software version	NICKEL AMXNYX V001R

or the User's Manual.

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### 2.4. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### 2.5. Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005
- KDB 248227 D01
- KDB 447498 D01
- KDB 648474 D04
- KDB 865664 D01
- KDB 941225 D01
- KDB 941225 D05
- KDB 941225 D06

### 2. 6. Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

### 2.7. Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.





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### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 3. 1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 3. 2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density  $(\rho)$ . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \Big( \frac{dW}{dm} \Big) = \frac{d}{dt} \Big( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \Big)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$ is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

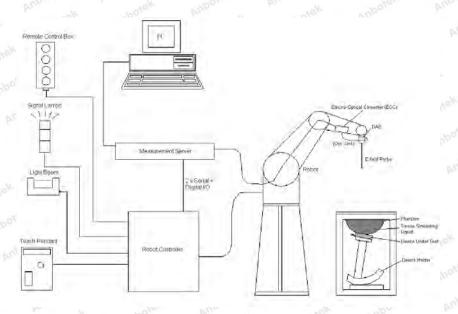
However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.





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### 4. SAR Measurement System



### **DASY System Configurations**

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.







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### 4. 1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### E-Field Probe Specification

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular
1	core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
s	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



Photo of EX3DV4

### > E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

### 4. 2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.





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Photo of DAE

#### 4. 3. **Robot**

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Photo of DASY5

### 4. 4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical

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detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



**Photo of Server for DASY5** 



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### 4.5. Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat
Areas	Phantom
	Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### <ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis:400 mm
5 5	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
5	Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.





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### 4. 6. Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$  = 3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



**Device Holder** 



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### 4. 7. Data Storage and Evaluation

### Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

**Probe parameters:** - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>, a<sub>i0</sub>, a<sub>i1</sub>, a<sub>i2</sub>

- Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>

- Diode compression point dcpi

**Device parameters:** - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

**Media parameters:** - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.







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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$ = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes: 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field Probes: 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i,(i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub>= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ii</sub>= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub>= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H<sub>i</sub>= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E<sub>tot</sub>= total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.







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### 5. Test Equipment List

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2011	Serial	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	Jun. 16,2018	Jun. 15,2021
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1021	Jul. 03, 2019	Jul. 02, 2022
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	Jun. 15,2019	Jun. 14,2022
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	Jun. 15,2018	Jun. 14,2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sept. 03, 2019	Sept. 02, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7396	May 06,2019	May 05,2020
R&S	UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU 200	117888	Nov. 05, 2018	Nov. 04, 2019
R&S	WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	103974	Nov. 05, 2018	Nov. 04, 2019
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	May 22, 2019	May 21, 2020
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD000P40CD	1802	NCR	NCR
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Dec. 06, 2018	Nov. 06, 2019
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Dec. 06, 2018	Nov. 06, 2019
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	May.22, 2019	May. 21, 2020
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	May.22, 2019	May. 21, 2020
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O- 10	COM5BNW1A 2	May.22, 2019	May. 21, 2020

#### Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it

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### 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



Photo of 900HSL Liquid Height for Head SAR

Photo of 900MSL Liquid Height for Body SAR



Photo of 1900HSL Liquid Height for Head SAR

Photo of 1900MSL Liquid Height for Body SAR



Photo of 2450HSL Liquid Height for Head SAR

Photo of 2450MSL Liquid Height for Body SAR







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Photo of 2600HSL Liquid Height for Head SAR

Photo of 2600MSL Liquid Height for Body SAR



Photo of 1750HSL Liquid Height for Head SAR

Photo of 1750MSL Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Wate r (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Prevento I (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Hea	ad			
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1750	55.2	10 od	Arrivo mak	0.3	Ovupo,	44.5	1.37	40.1
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	Hak O MUD	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	Onboth	0	0	abotek 0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Boo	dy			
900	50.8	48.2	inbote 0	0.9	0.1	0,00	0.97	55.2
1750	70.2	0 1000	Arrib O	0.4	- Ombole	29.4	1.49	53.4

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1800,1900,2000	70.2	0	anb0tel	0.4	0 000	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	10 mg/c	Opotok	Oupon	0	31 4	1.95	52.7

### The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

	Measured	Target 1	Tissue		Measure	ed Tissue	)		Test Data	
Tissue Type	Frequenc y (MHz)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ	٤ <sub>r</sub>	Dev. (%)	σ	Dev. (%)	Liquid Temp.		
900HSL	850	41.50	0.97	41.68	0.43	0.96	-1.03	21.3	10/14/2019	
900MSL	850	55.00	1.05	55.26	0.47	1.06	0.95	22.1	10/16/2019	
1900HSL	1900	40.00	1.40	40.29	0.72	1.48	5.71	21.7	10/18/2019	
1900MSL	1900	53.30	1.52	53.29	-0.02	1.52	0.00	22.6	10/21/2019	
1750HSL	1750	40.10	1.37	40.16	0.15	1.36	-0.73	22.0	10/23/2019	
1750MSL	1750	53.40	1.49	53.29	-0.21	1.50	0.67	22.2	10/25/2019	
2450HSL	2450	39.20	1.80	38.88	-0.82	1.76	-2.22	21.8	10/28/2019	
2450MSL	2450	52.70	1.95	52.31	-0.74	1.92	-1.54	22.4	10/30/2019	

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### 7. System Verification Procedures

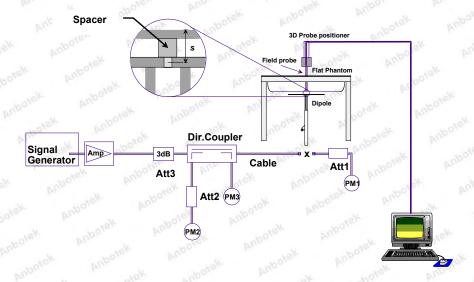
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### **Purpose of System Performance check**

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



System Setup for System Evaluation





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**Photo of Dipole Setup** 

### > Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Frequenc y (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Date
850	Head	250	9.50	2.38	9.52	0.21	10/14/2019
850	Body	250	9.52	2.47	9.88	3.78	10/16/2019
1900	Head	250	39.70	9.94	39.76	0.15	10/18/2019
1900	Body	250	39.60	9.26	37.04	-6.46	10/21/2019
1750	Head	250	36.60	9.24	36.96	0.98	10/23/2019
1750	Body	250	36.70	9.09	36.36	-0.93	10/25/2019
2450	Head	250	52.00	12.97	51.88	-0.23	10/28/2019
2450	Body	250	51.10	12.15	48.6	-4.89	10/30/2019

**Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized** 



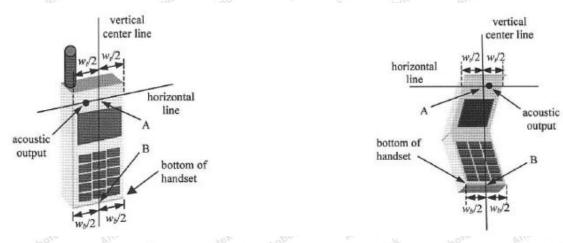


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### 8. EUT Testing Position

### 8.1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w<sub>t</sub> of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



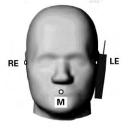
**Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines** 



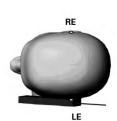
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### 8.2. Position for Cheek/Touch

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.







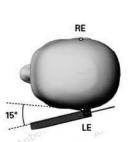
**Cheek Position** 

### 8. 3. Position for Ear / 15°Tilt

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.3).







**Tilt Position** 

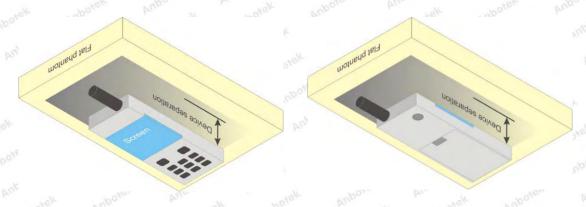


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### 8. 4. Body Worn Position

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.



**Body Worn Position** 



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### 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 9. 1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited





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sensor to surface

(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 9. 2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 9.3. Area Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution is x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding device with at least one





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### 9.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ F GHz	> 3 GHz
Mole, Will		rek "upo,	by "of HOLD	PUL YEAR
Maximum zoom scan s	natial reso	lution: Axz Avz	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^{\circ}$
Triaminani 20011 Sear S	patrar resc	Total Marzoom, Myzoom	$2-3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^{\circ}$	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm°
				3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq$ 5 mm	4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between		3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
spatial resolution,		1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest	≤ 4 mm	4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
normal to phantom surface	graded	to phantom surface		$5-6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan				3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$4-5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm
				5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.



When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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### 9. 5. Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 9. 6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



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## 10. Conducted Power

### <GSM Conducted power>

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference Power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power	Duty cycle Factor(dB)	Frame Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio
Anbotak	824.2	33	33.24	0.24	32.96	-9 Ande	23.96	0.28
GSM850	836.6	33	32.97	-0.03	32.87	ootell -9 An	24.08	0.10
eye bir.	848.8	33	32.99	-0.01	32.57	-9	23.57	0.42
CDDCCC	824.2	33	32.76	-0.24	32.76	-9	23.76	0.00
GPRS850	836.6	33	32.60	-0.40	32.58	-9 AN	23.58	0.02
(1 Slot)	848.8	33	32.67	-0.33	32.56	-9	23.56	0.11
ODDOOLO	824.2	30	30.27	0.27	30.07	-6 Anbox	24.07	0.20
GPRS850	836.6	30	30.36	0.36	30.28	ofelt -6 and	24.28	0.28
(2 Slot)	848.8	30	30.46	0.46	30.18	-6	24.18	0.28
ODDOOLO	824.2	28.74	26.85	-1.89	26.84	-4.26	22.58	0.01
GPRS850	836.6	28.74	27.29	-1.45	26.92	-4.26	22.66	0.37
(3 Slot)	848.8	28.74	27.08	-1.66	26.32	-4.26	22.06	0.76
000000	824.2	27	26.02	-0.98	25.88	-3 <sub>Mabatta</sub>	22.88	0.14
GPRS850	836.6	27	26.16	-0.84	25.72	otel -3 and	22.72	0.44
(4 Slot)	848.8	27	26.10	-0.90	25.90	-3	22.90	0.20
FORDOOFO	824.2	27	26.24	-0.76	23.01	-9	14.01	3.23
EGPRS850	836.6	27	26.58	-0.42	23.73	-9	14.73	2.85
(1 Slot)	848.8	27	26.88	-0.12	23.21	-9	14.21	3.67
EODDO050	824.2	24	24.52	0.52	21.70	-6,15010	15.70	2.82
EGPRS850	836.6	24	24.51	0.51	21.07	nek -6 anbi	15.07	3.44
(2 Slot)	848.8	24	24.70	0.70	21.49	-6	15.49	3.21
N Pupa,	824.2	22.74	22.14	-0.60	19.11	-4.26	14.85	3.03
EGPRS850	836.6	22.74	22.16	-0.58	19.42	-4.26	15.16	2.74
(3 Slot)	848.8	22.74	22.83	0.09	19.47	-4.26	15.21	3.36
atek.	824.2	21	20.60	-0.40	17.76	-3,100101	14.76	2.84
EGPRS850	836.6	21	21.15	0.15	18.24	-3 mbo	15.24	2.91
(4 Slot)	848.8	21	21.24	0.24	18.19	-3	15.19	3.05





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Neport No	Report No.: RUZ 19 100		11.	CC ID. YPVI	TALCOMIN	CKEL	Page 33 01 133		
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power	Duty cycle Factor(dB)	Frame Power(dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio	
MUPO	1850.2	30	29.18	-0.82	28.91	-9	19.95	0.27	
GSM1900	1880	30 500	29.42	-0.58	28.82	-9	19.82	0.60	
	1909.8	30	29.64	-0.36	29.32	-9	19.93	0.32	
00004000	1850.2	30	28.79	-1.21	28.51	-9	19.51	0.28	
GPRS1900	1880	30	28.75	-1.25	28.55	9bi	19.55	0.20	
(1 Slot)	1909.8	30	29.11	-0.89	28.78	-9	19.78	0.33	
00004000	1850.2	27	25.39	-1.61	25.36	-6	19.36	0.03	
GPRS1900	1880	27	25.60	-1.40	25.21	-6	19.21	0.39	
(2 Slot)	1909.8	27	25.50	-1.50	25.07	-6	19.07	0.43	
00004000	1850.2	25.23	24.49	-0.74	24.01	-4.26	19.75	0.48	
GPRS1900	1880	25.23	24.35	-0.88	24.04	-4.26	19.78	0.31	
(3 Slot)	1909.8	25.23	24.35	-0.88	23.77	-4.26	19.51	0.58	
and the second	1850.2	24	23.10	-0.90	22.73	150 <sup>765</sup> -3	19.73	0.37	
GPRS1900	1880	24	22.98	-1.02	22.62	-3	19.62	0.36	
(4 Slot)	1909.8	24	23.40	-0.60	22.93	-3	19.93	0.47	
F05504000	1850.2	27	27.54	0.54	24.35	-9 <sub>otek</sub>	15.35	3.19	
EGPRS1900	1880	27	27.27	0.27	23.79	-9	14.79	3.48	
(1 Slot)	1909.8	27	27.59	0.59	24.49	-9	15.49	3.10	
E00004000	1850.2	24	23.99	-0.01	20.86	-6 An	14.86	3.13	
EGPRS1900	1880	24	24.46	0.46	21.50	-6	15.50	2.96	
(2 Slot)	1909.8	24	24.53	0.53	20.69	-6	14.69	3.84	
E00004000	1850.2	22.74	23.04	0.30	19.66	-4.26	15.40	3.38	
EGPRS1900	1880	22.74	23.32	0.58	20.06	-4.26	15.80	3.26	
(3 Slot)	1909.8	22.74	23.19	0.45	19.47	-4.26	15.21	3.72	
EODD04000	1850.2	21	21.50	0.50	18.54	otek -3 An	15.54	2.96	
EGPRS1900	1880	21	20.98	-0.02	17.84	-3	14.84	3.14	
(4 Slot)	1909.8	21	21.73	0.73	18.45	-3	15.45	3.28	

### Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction
- For Head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850and PCS1900.
- 3. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 4 Tx slots for PCS1900 due to its highest frame-average power.







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### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ 

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle$ ACK and  $\triangle$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_0/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

### Setup Configuration



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#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCl is equal to the target E-TFCl of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCl
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βec	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  .

### Setup Configuration



Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.



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Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power	Peak to Average Ratio
WODMAA4000	1852.4	24	24.23	0.23	22.38	1.85
WCDMA1900	1880	24	23.71	-0.29	22.19	1.53
RMC	1907.6	24	23.16	-0.84	22.12	1.04
1MODNAA4000	1852.4	24 Maria	24.55	0.55	22.24	2.32
WCDMA1900	1880	24	23.21	-0.79	21.89	1.32
AMR	1907.6	24	23.56	-0.44	21.69	1.88
* Hoppartok	1852.4	24	23.07	-0.93	21.11	1.96
HSDPA	1880	24	23.45	-0.55	21.10	2.35
Subtest 1	1907.6	24	22.33	-1.67	20.89	1.45
Anbotolia Anbo	1852.4	24	21.62	-2.38	20.15	1.47
HSDPA	1880	24	21.32	-2.68	20.05	1.27
Subtest 2	1907.6	24	21.88	-2.12	20.66	1.22
All LIOP DATel	1852.4	24	21.14	-2.86	20.02	1.12
HSDPA	1880	24	21.99	-2.01	19.89	2.09
Subtest 3	1907.6	24	21.43	-2.57	20.07	1.36
Stotell LODDA Ambol	1852.4	24	21.59	-2.41	20.38	1.21
HSDPA	1880	24	22.30	-1.70	20.49	1.81
Subtest 4	1907.6	24	22.76	-1.24	20.78	1.99
LIGHTDA	1852.4	24	22.69	-1.31	20.65	2.04
HSUPA	1880	24	22.61	-1.39	20.14	2.48
Subtest 1	1907.6	24	21.65	-2.35	20.39	1.26
work Ambath	1852.4	24 300181	24.00	0.00	21.55	2.45
HSUPA	1880	24	22.68	-1.32	21.58	1.10
Subtest 2	1907.6	24	22.68	-1.32	21.42	1.27
Marin D. V.	1852.4	24	23.41	-0.59	21.02	2.39
HSUPA	1880	24	22.38	-1.62	21.04	1.35
Subtest 3	1907.6	24	22.69	-1.31	21.36	1.33
LICUDA Thate	1852.4	24	23.57	-0.43	21.18	2.39
HSUPA	1880	24	23.80	-0.20	22.18	1.62
Subtest 4	1907.6	24	24.10	0.10	22.04	2.06
Anbore	1852.4	24	22.32	-1.68	21.08	1.24
HSUPA	1880	24	23.71	-0.29	21.75	1.96
Subtest 5	1907.6	24	23.62	-0.38	21.93	1.69





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V

**UMTS BAND** 

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power	Peak to Average Ratio
WODAAA	826.4	24	24.54	0.54	22.59	1.95
WCDMA1900	836.4	24	24.25	0.25	22.17	2.09
RMC	846.6	24	24.14	0.14	22.30	1.84
WODNAA4000	1852.4	24	24.22	0.22	22.25	1.97
WCDMA1900	1880	24	23.78	-0.22	22.17	1.62
AMR	1907.6	24	23.68	-0.32	21.68	2.01
ek Hoppy	826.4	24	23.26	-0.74	21.19	2.07
HSDPA	836.4	24	22.72	-1.28	20.87	1.85
Subtest 1	846.6	24	22.48	-1.52	20.74	1.74
Anbore Ans	826.4	24	22.89	hotel -1.11 Anbol	20.41	2.49
HSDPA	836.4	24 M	22.10	-1.90	20.14	1.96
Subtest 2	846.6	24	22.51	-1.49	20.49	2.02
W LIOD Datek	826.4	24	21.63	-2.37	20.16	1.47
HSDPA	836.4	24	21.06	-2.94	19.75	1.31
Subtest 3	846.6	24	21.45	-2.55	20.31	1.14
Miles Da August	826.4	24	21.25	-2.75	20.03	1.22
HSDPA	836.4	24 moo	22.48	-1.52	20.32	2.15
Subtest 4	846.6	24	22.37	-1.63	20.76	1.62
LIGHT	826.4	24	22.56	-1.44	20.45	2.11
HSUPA	836.4	24	21.60	-2.40	20.17	1.43
Subtest 1	846.6	24	22.22	-1.78	20.26	1.96
nbotel Anbo	826.4	24	22.99	-1.01 nbote	21.55	1.44
HSUPA	836.4	24	22.76	-1.24	21.53	1.23
Subtest 2	846.6	24	22.66	-1.34	21.27	1.39
Andrew	826.4	24	23.42	-0.58	21.31	2.11
HSUPA	836.4	24	22.97	-1.03	21.09	1.88
Subtest 3	846.6	24	23.58	-0.42	21.16	2.42
- to dek	826.4	24	22.11	-1.89	21.11	1.00
HSUPA	836.4	24	23.12	-0.88	22.10	1.02
Subtest 4	846.6	24	23.83	-0.17	21.99	1.83
HOUDA	826.4	24	23.15	-0.85	21.19	1.96
HSUPA	836.4	24	24.05	0.05	21.69	2.35
Subtest 5	846.6	24	24.37	0.37	21.97	2.40





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#### **General Note**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01 v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
- 2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
- 3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.



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## <LTE Conducted Power>

TE Conduct	ed Power>	ately subore	Pr.	Hoten	DIND	atek.
Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Configuration	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	1RB#0	23.71	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	1RB#2	23.67	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	1RB#5	23.73	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	3RB#0	23.83	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	3RB#1	23.87	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	3RB#3	23.81	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	19957	6RB#0	22.8	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#0	23.96	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#5	23.98	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#2	23.97	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	3RB#0	24.05	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	3RB#3	23.99	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	3RB#1	24.04	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20175	6RB#0	22.94	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	1RB#5	23.89	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	1RB#0	23.85	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	1RB#2	23.9	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	3RB#0	23.78	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	3RB#1	23.75	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	3RB#3	23.79	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	QPSK	20393	6RB#0	22.69	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	1RB#0	23.3	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	1RB#2	23.31	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	1RB#5	23.32	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	3RB#1	23.82	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	3RB#0	23.82	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	3RB#3	23.9	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	19957	6RB#0	21.93	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#0	23.66	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#2	23.73	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#5	23.66	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	3RB#1	24.02	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	3RB#0	24.03	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	3RB#3	23.98	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20175	6RB#0	22.15	PASS



Band4	R0219100002W 1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	TALCOMNICKE 1RB#0	23.05	Page 40 of 7
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	1RB#5	23.12	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	1RB#2	23.11	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	3RB#0	23.76	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	3RB#1	23.74	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	3RB#3	23.78	PASS
Band4	1.4MHz	16QAM	20393	6RB#0	22.11	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	1RB#8	23.71	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	1RB#14	23.73	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	1RB#0	23.75	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	8RB#7	22.74	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	8RB#0	22.74	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	8RB#4	22.72	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	19965	15RB#0	22.73	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#0	23.78	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#14	23.81	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#8	23.81	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	8RB#7	22.98	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	8RB#4	22.98	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	8RB#0	23	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20175	15RB#0	22.92	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	1RB#0	23.85	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	1RB#14	23.84	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	1RB#8	23.85	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	8RB#7	23.09	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	8RB#4	23	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	8RB#0	23.1	PASS
Band4	3MHz	QPSK	20385	15RB#0	22.81	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	1RB#14	22.8	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	1RB#8	22.76	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	1RB#0	22.74	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	8RB#4	22.79	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	8RB#0	22.74	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	8RB#7	22.8	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	19965	15RB#0	21.78	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#0	22.96	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#8	22.97	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#14	22.98	PASS







Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	8RB#0	22.99	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	8RB#7	22.98	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	8RB#4	22.94	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20175	15RB#0	21.96	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	1RB#8	23.02	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	1RB#0	23.07	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	1RB#14	23.09	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	8RB#0	23.1	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	8RB#4	22.98	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	8RB#7	23.1	PASS
Band4	3MHz	16QAM	20385	15RB#0	21.78	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	1RB#0	23.6	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	1RB#12	23.65	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	1RB#24	23.67	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	12RB#0	22.82	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	12RB#6	22.82	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	12RB#13	22.79	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	19975	25RB#0	22.82	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#0	23.96	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#24	23.94	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#12	23.96	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	12RB#0	22.89	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	12RB#13	22.9	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	12RB#6	22.89	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20175	25RB#0	22.98	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	1RB#24	23.66	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	1RB#0	23.69	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	1RB#12	23.61	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	12RB#13	22.66	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	12RB#0	22.8	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	12RB#6	22.79	PASS
Band4	5MHz	QPSK	20375	25RB#0	22.76	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	1RB#0	22.96	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	1RB#12	23.04	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	1RB#24	23.07	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	12RB#0	22.82	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	12RB#13	22.79	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	12RB#6	22.72	PASS





Band4	5MHz	16QAM	19975	25RB#0	22	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#24	22.41	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#12	22.48	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#0	22.55	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	12RB#13	22.9	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	12RB#6	22.9	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	12RB#0	22.89	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20175	25RB#0	22.11	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	1RB#12	22.68	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	1RB#0	22.6	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	1RB#24	22.69	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	12RB#0	22.71	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	12RB#6	22.79	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	12RB#13	22.66	PASS
Band4	5MHz	16QAM	20375	25RB#0	21.71	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	1RB#49	23.92	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	1RB#24	23.7	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	1RB#0	23.73	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	25RB#25	22.94	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	25RB#12	22.84	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	25RB#0	22.86	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20000	50RB#0	22.96	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#0	23.8	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#24	23.8	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#49	23.8	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	25RB#0	22.94	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	25RB#25	22.91	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	25RB#12	22.95	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20175	50RB#0	22.92	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	1RB#49	23.84	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	1RB#24	23.84	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	1RB#0	23.83	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	25RB#25	22.67	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	25RB#12	22.79	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	25RB#0	22.8	PASS
Band4	10MHz	QPSK	20350	50RB#0	22.76	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	1RB#49	23	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	1RB#0	22.77	PASS







Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	1RB#24	22.86	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	25RB#25	22.95	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	25RB#12	22.84	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	25RB#0	22.85	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20000	50RB#0	22.01	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#24	22.78	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#0	22.85	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#49	22.68	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	25RB#0	22.95	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	25RB#12	22.96	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	25RB#25	22.9	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20175	50RB#0	22.03	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	1RB#49	22.54	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	1RB#24	22.55	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	1RB#0	22.56	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	25RB#12	22.78	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	25RB#25	22.67	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	25RB#0	22.75	PASS
Band4	10MHz	16QAM	20350	50RB#0	21.88	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	1RB#0	23.29	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	1RB#38	23.4	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	1RB#74	22.86	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	38RB#0	22.83	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	38RB#37	22.72	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	38RB#18	22.95	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20025	75RB#0	23.45	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#74	23.59	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#38	23.77	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#0	22.93	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	38RB#37	22.51	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	38RB#18	22.89	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	38RB#0	22.58	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20175	75RB#0	23.81	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	1RB#0	23.52	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	1RB#74	23.44	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	1RB#38	22.63	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	38RB#18	22.34	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	38RB#37	22.72	PASS





Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	38RB#0	22.63	PASS
Band4	15MHz	QPSK	20325	75RB#0	22.69	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	1RB#74	22.43	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	1RB#0	22.64	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	1RB#38	22.82	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	38RB#37	22.59	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	38RB#0	22.43	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	38RB#18	22	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20025	75RB#0	22.77	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#38	22.77	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#0	22.45	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#74	22.72	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	38RB#37	22.81	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	38RB#18	22.74	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	38RB#0	21.94	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20175	75RB#0	22.04	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	1RB#74	22.07	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	1RB#0	22.33	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	1RB#38	22.67	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	38RB#0	22.54	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	38RB#18	22.49	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	38RB#37	21.72	PASS
Band4	15MHz	16QAM	20325	75RB#0	21.43	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	1RB#99	23.66	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	1RB#49	23.43	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	1RB#0	22.58	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	50RB#0	22.49	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	50RB#25	22.44	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	50RB#50	22.53	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20050	100RB#0	23.52	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#0	23.46	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#99	23.68	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	1RB#49	22.67	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	50RB#50	22.54	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	50RB#0	22.73	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	50RB#25	22.87	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20175	100RB#0	23.52	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	1RB#49	23.62	PASS





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Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	1RB#99	23.34	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	1RB#0	22.46	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	50RB#25	22.73	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	50RB#50	22.46	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	50RB#0	22.54	PASS
Band4	20MHz	QPSK	20300	100RB#0	22.55	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	1RB#0	22.7	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	1RB#99	22.85	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	1RB#49	22.66	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	50RB#25	22.69	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	50RB#0	22.78	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	50RB#50	21.72	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20050	100RB#0	22.29	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#99	22.77	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#49	22.24	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	1RB#0	22.72	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	50RB#50	22.72	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	50RB#25	22.6	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	50RB#0	21.57	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20175	100RB#0	22.27	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	1RB#0	22.14	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	1RB#49	22.51	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	1RB#99	22.57	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	50RB#50	22.55	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	50RB#0	22.27	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	50RB#25	21.4	PASS
Band4	20MHz	16QAM	20300	100RB#0	21.7	PASS



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#### <WIFI 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Test Rate Data
	otek 1 Anbo	2412	14.240	1 Mbps
802.11b	aborek 6 Anton	2437	13.425	1 Mbps
	matel 11 Anto	2462	14.328	1 Mbps
	12/4	2412	12.525	6 Mbps
802.11g	6v	2437	11.503	6 Mbps
	11	2462	12.186	6 Mbps
	Hek 1Anber	2412	11.880	MCS0
802.11n(20MHz)	hatek 6 Antiote	2437	11.916	MCS0
	11	2462	10.988	MCS0

#### Note

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance,

mm)] · [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
802.11b	2.462	14.328	27.09	5 Hotel	8.50	3.0
802.11g	2.412	12.525	17.89	5	5.56	3.0

- 2. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b and g modes are required.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
  - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 5. According to chapter 12 of this report, the max report SAR of 802.11b mode is 0.521 W/Kg, and
- 0.434W/Kg  $\times \frac{17.89}{27.09}$  = 0.287W/Kg which is smaller than 1.2W/Kg, so SAR evaluation of 802.11g mode

is not required. And the same for 802.11n.







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#### <Bluetooth Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted peak Power (dBm)
	00	2402	4.121
GFSK	39	2441	5.401
	78	2480	4.347
	00 00	2402	5.829
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	7.073
	78	2480	6.124
	00	2402	6.123
8DPSK	39	2441	7.322
	78	2480	6.407
	00	2402	4.364
BLE	19	2440	5.590
	39	2480	4.600

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01Chapter 4.3.1, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
7.322	Anbore O All borek	2.441	1.687

- Per KDB 447498 D01Chapter 4.3.1, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a
  distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.687
  which is <= 3, SAR test for BT mode is not required.</li>
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01Chapter 4.3.2b), When an antenna qualifies for the standalone SAR test exclusion of 4.3.1 and also transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR value must be estimated according to the following to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion criteria:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg, for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distance is > 50 mm.





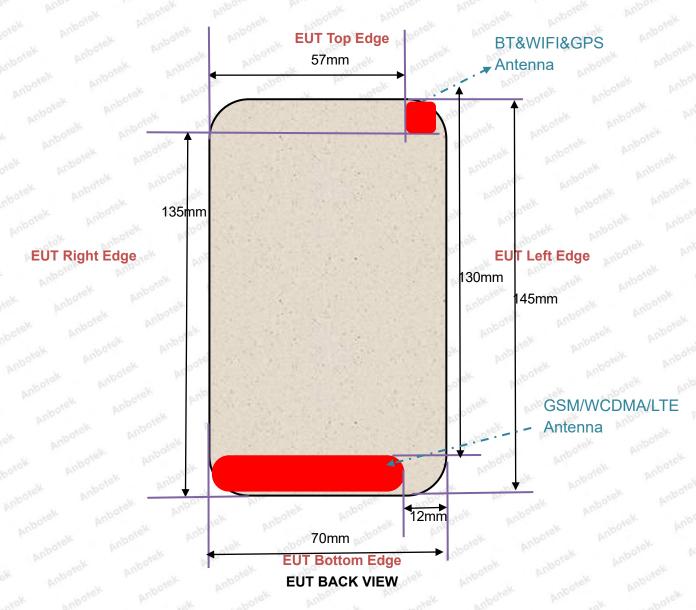
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Test position	Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Scaled SAR value (W/kg)
Head	7.322	Anbores Anb	2.441	0.225
Body	7.322	5	2.441	0.225



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# 11. Antenna Location



	Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge													
Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side								
WWAN	-botsk/ p	Posts I burn	>25mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm								
WIFI/BT	A STATE OF THE STA	Pupoter V	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm								

## **General Note:**

Referring to KDB 941225 D06, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

# Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited





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# 12. SAR Test Results Summary

#### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Scaling Factor

2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary

# 12.1. Head SAR Results

#### <GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Avera ge Power (dBm)		Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
100	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	0	190	836.6	32.96	33.0	1.01	0.05	0.315	0.318
BUD.	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Tilt	0	190	836.6	32.96	33.0	1.01	0.03	0.258	0.26
#1	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	0	190	836.6	32.96	33.0	1.01	-0.06	0.342	0.345
é.	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Tilt	0 %	190	836.6	32.96	33.0	1.01	-0.07	0.274	0.277
dele	PCS1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	0	885	1909.8	29.32	29.5	1.04	0.03	0.266	0.277
ateW.	PCS1900	GSM Voice	Right Tilt	0	885	1909.8	29.32	29.5	1.04	-0.08	0.215	0.224
#2	PCS1900	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	0.	885	1909.8	29.32	29.5	1.04	-0.11	0.283	0.295
PUPO	PCS1900	GSM Voice	Left Tilt	0	885	1909.8	29.32	29.5	1.04	0.13	0.221	0.23

#### <WCDMA>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Avera ge Power (dBm)		Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Ari	WCDMA Band2	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	0	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	-0.06	0.276	0.284
184	WCDMA Band2	RMC12.2K	Right Tilt	0	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	-0.04	0.202	0.208
#3	WCDMA Band2	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	0	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	0.03	0.297	0.305
- A	WCDMA	RMC12.2K	Left Tilt	0	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	0.08	0.235	0.242







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la.	Band2	upoho	Ver Stak	nbot	3/4	Pupo	No.	-hotek	par	DOLO	Pure	ek mi
by	WCDMA Band5	RMC12.2K	Right Cheek	0	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	-0.09	0.251	0.276
Potek Sk	WCDMA Band5	RMC12.2K	Right Tilt	0	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	0.12	0.186	0.204
#4	WCDMA Band5	RMC12.2K	Left Cheek	0 0 mon	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	-0.03	0.265	0.291
PLU)	WCDMA Band5	RMC12.2K	Left Tilt	0,0	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	-0.07	0.192	0.211

#### <LTE>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Avera ge Power (dBm)	p Limit	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
) E	LTE Band 4	1RB	Right Cheek	0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.12	0.403	0.487
wo.Ve	LTE Band 4	1RB	Right Tilt	0//0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.11	0.321	0.388
#5	LTE Band 4	1RB	Left Cheek	0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.06	0.428	0.517
Upaja	LTE Band 4	M1RB	Left Tilt	0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.09	0.334	0.403
DED!	LTE Band 4	50RB	Right Cheek	0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.03	0.385	0.465
	LTE Band 4	50RB	Right Tilt	0,5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	-0.06	0.286	0.345
6	LTE Band 4	50RB	Left Cheekk	0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.05	0.407	0.492
2/4	LTE Band 4	50RB	Left Tilt	0	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.11	0.294	0.355

#### <WIFI 2.4GHz>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	ge Power	p Limit	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
10k	WIFI2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	0	11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	-0.07	0.279	0.290
POSEK	WIFI2.4G	802.11b	Right Tilt	0	11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	0.11	0.223	0.232
#6	WIFI2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	0	11 /	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	0.04	0.298	0.310
ber	WIFI2.4G	802.11b	Left Tilt	0	* 11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	-0.03	0.235	0.244

Per KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.







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# 12. 2. Body SAR Results

# <GSM>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq.	Avera ge Power (dBm)	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
9.	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	0.5	190	836.6	30.28	30.5	1.05	0.03	0.446	0.469
#7	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	0.5	190	836.6	30.28	30.5	1.05	-0.04	0.653	0.687
nbote	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Side	0.5	190	836.6	30.28	30.5	1.05	-0.04	0.385	0.405
base	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Side	0.5	190	836.6	30.28	30.5	1.05	0.09	0.303	0.319
Mak	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Top Side	0.5	190	836.6	30.28	30.5	1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A
parel	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0.5	190	836.6	30.28	30.5	1.05	-0.06	0.266	0.28
PUD.	PCS1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	0.5	885	1909.8	22.93	23.0	1.02	0.03	0.585	0.595
#8	PCS1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	0.5	885	1909.8	22.93	23.0	1.02	-0.01	0.702	0.713
botek	PCS1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Left Side	0.5	885	1909.8	22.93	23.0	1.02	-0.05	0.496	0.504
ANDO	PCS1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	0.5	885	1909.8	22.93	23.0	1.02	0.03	0.431	0.438
No.	PCS1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Top Side	0.5	885	1909.8	22.93	23.0	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A
potek	PCS1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0.5	885	1909.8	22.93	23.0	1.02	0.11	0.338	0.343

# <WCDMA>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Averag e Power (dBm)		Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
anbor	WCDMA Band 2	RMC 12.2K	Front	0.5	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	0.03	0.604	0.621
#9	WCDMA	RMC 12.2K	Back	0.5	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	-0.11	0.718	0.738

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ls.	Band 2	Pupote V	rek	das	OLEJE.	Pupo	V	notek	pis	bole	bille	ek n
br	WCDMA Band 2	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	0.5	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	0.06	0.551	0.566
otek sk	WCDMA Band 2	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	0.5	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	0.12	0.487	0.501
pupot	WCDMA Band 2	RMC 12.2K	Top Side	0.5	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A
MU	WCDMA Band 2	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	0.5	9262	1852.4	22.38	22.50	1.03	0.05	0.365	0.375
r ek	WCDMA Band 5	RMC 12.2K	Front	0.5	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	0.02	0.275	0.302
#10	WCDMA Band 5	RMC 12.2K	Back	0.5	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	0.07	0.468	0.514
prip	WCDMA Band 5	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	0.5	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	-0.04	0.256	0.281
LOY-	WCDMA Band 5	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	0.5	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	-0.09	0.221	0.243
upale	WCDMA Band 5	RMC 12.2K	Top Side	0.5	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	N/A	N/A	N/A
PUD	WCDMA Band 5	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	0.5	4132	826.4	22.59	23.00	1.10	0.06	0.194	0.213

# <LTE>

				Ga			Avera	Tune-	Scalin	Powe	Measure	Reporte
Plot	Band	Mode	Test	р	Ch.	Freq.	ge	Up		r	d	d
No.	Banu	Wiode	Position	(c m)	OII.	(MHz)	Power	Limit (dBm)	g Factor	Drift (dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
P/2	LTE Band 4	20MHz/1RB	Front	0.5	20175	1732.5	.Vc.	24.50	1.21	0.13	0.395	0.477
#11	LTE Band 4	20MHz/1RB	Back	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	-0.02	0.507	0.612
e/k	LTE Band 4	20MHz/1RB	Left Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.07	0.331	0.400
potek	LTE Band 4	20MHz/1RB	Right Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.01	0.286	0.345
Pupo	LTE Band 4	20MHz/1RB	Top Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	N/A	N/A	N/A
p.17	LTE Band 4	20MHz/1RB	Bottom Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.02	0.204	0.246
N.	LTE Band 4	20MHz/50RB	Front	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.00	0.388	0.469
40-	LTE Band 4	20MHz/50RB	Back	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.06	0.493	0.595
20.	LTE Band 4	20MHz/50RB	Left Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	-0.04	0.324	0.391
Anbon	LTE Band 4	20MHz/50RB	Right Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	-0.08	0.277	0.335

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les.	LTE Band 4	20MHz/50RB	Top Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	N/A	N/A	N/A
	LTE Band 4	20MHz/50RB	Bottom Side	0.5	20175	1732.5	23.68	24.50	1.21	0.06	0.192	0.232

#### <WIFI 2.4GHz>

						Eroa	Averag	Tune-U	Scalin	Powe	Measure	Reporte
Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz )	е	p Limit (dBm)	g Factor	r Drift	d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	d SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
¥-	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Front	0.5	11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	-0.09	0.325	0.338
#12	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Back	0.5	,11°	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	0.05	0.417	0.434
.+e	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Left Side	0.5	11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	0.03	0.294	0.306
1000	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Right Side	0.5	11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pupi	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Top Side	0.5	<sub>3</sub> ,11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	0.11	0.282	0.293
p	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11b	Bottom Side	0.5	11	2462	14.33	14.50	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Note:

1. Per KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.



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# 13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

# 13. 1. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission
1.	GSM+WIFI 2.4GHz
2.	WCDMA+WIFI2.4GHz
3.	LTE+WIFI2.4G
4.000	GSM+BT
5.	WCDMA+BT
6.	LTE+BT Ambores Ambores Amb

#### Note:

1. WIFI and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and can not transmit simultaneously.



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# 13. 2. Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

## < Head Exposure Conditions>

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WIFI2.4G and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	GSM1900 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WIFI2.4G SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Right Cheek	0.318	0.277	0.290	0.608	1.6	NO
Right Tilt	0.260	0.224	0.232	0.492	1.6	NO
Left Cheek	0.345	0.295	0.310	0.655	1.6	NO
Left Tilt	0.277	0.230	0.244	0.521	1.6	NO

## Simultaneous transmission SAR for WIFI2.4G and WCDMA

Test Position	WCDMA Band2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band5 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WIFI2.4G SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Right Cheek	0.284	0.276	0.290	0.574	1.6	NO
Right Tilt	0.208	0.204	0.232	0.440	1.6	NO
Left Cheek	0.305	0.291	0.310	0.615	1.6	NO
Left Tilt	0.242	0.211	0.244	0.486	1.6	NO NO

# Simultaneous transmission SAR for WIFI2.4G and LTE

Test Position	LTE Band4 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WIFI2.4G SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Right Cheek	0.487	0.290	0.777	1.6	NO
Right Tilt	0.388	0.232	0.620	1.6	NO
Left Cheek	0.517	0.310	0.827	1.6	NO
Left Tilt	0.403	0.244	0.647	1.6 mbot	NO

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

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Test Position	GSM850 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	GSM1900 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	BT SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Right Cheek	0.348	0.296	0.225	0.573	1.6	NO
Right Tilt	0.285	0.240	0.225	0.510	1.6	NO
Left Cheek	0.378	0.315	0.225	0.603	1.6	NO
Left Tilt	0.303	0.246	0.225	0.528	1.6	NO

# Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and WCDMA

Test Position	WCDMA Band2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band5 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	BT SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Right Cheek	0.284	0.276	0.225	0.509	1.6	NO
Right Tilt	0.208	0.204	0.225	0.433	1.6	NO TO NO
Left Cheek	0.305	0.291	0.225	0.530	1.6	NO
Left Tilt	0.242	0.211	0.225	0.467	1.6	NO

## Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Test Position	LTE Band4 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	BT SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Right Cheek	0.487	0.225	0.712	1.6	NO
Right Tilt	0.388	0.225	0.613	1.6	NO
Left Cheek	0.517	0.225	0.742	1.6	NO
Left Tilt	0.403	0.225	0.628	1.6	NO



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# <Body Exposure Conditions>

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WIFI2.4G and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	GSM1900 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WIFI2.4G SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Front	0.469	0.595	0.338	0.933	1.6	NO
Back	0.687	0.713	0.434	1.147	1.6	NO
Left Side	0.405	0.504	0.306	0.81	1.6	NO
Right Side	0.319	0.438	N/A	N/A	1.6	NO
Top Side	N/A	N/A	0.293	N/A	1.6	NO
Bottom Side	0.28	0.343	N/A	N/A	1.6	MO MADE

## Simultaneous transmission SAR for WIFI2.4G and WCDMA

Test Position	WCDMA Band2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band5 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WIFI2.4G SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Front	0.621	0.302	0.338	0.959	1.6	NO
Back	0.738	0.514	0.434	1.172	1.6	NO
Left Side	0.566	0.281	0.306	0.872	1.6	NO
Right Side	0.501	0.243	N/A	N/A	1.6	NO NO
Top Side	N/A	N/A	0.293	N/A	1.6 M	NO
Bottom Side	0.375	0.213	N/A	N/A	1.6	NO

# Simultaneous transmission SAR for WIFI2.4G and LTE

Test Position	LTE Band4 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WIFI2.4G SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Front	0.477	0.338	0.815	1.6	NO
Back	0.612	0.434	1.046	1.6	NO
Left Side	0.400	0.306	0.706	1.6	NO
Right Side	0.345	N/A	N/A	1.6	NO NO
Top Side	N/A	0.293	N/A	1.6	NO NO
Bottom Side	0.246	N/A	N/A	1.6	NO

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# Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	GSM1900 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	BT SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Front	0.463	0.631	0.225	0.856	1.6	NO
Back	0.678	0.757	0.225	0.982	1.6	NO
Left Side	0.399	0.535	0.225	0.760	1.6	NO
Right Side	0.314	0.465	0.225	0.690	1.6	NO
Top Side	N/A	N/A	0.225	N/A	orek 1.6 Anbot	NO
Bottom Side	0.276	0.365	0.225	0.590	1.6	NO

# Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and WCDMA

Test Position	WCDMA Band2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band5 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	BT SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Front	0.621	0.302	0.225	0.846	1.6	NO
Back	0.738	0.514	0.225	0.963	1.6	NO
Left Side	0.566	0.281	0.225	0.791	1.6	NO
Right Side	0.501	0.243	0.225	0.726	1.6	NO
Top Side	N/A	N/A	0.225	N/A	1.6	NO
Bottom Side	0.375	0.213	0.225	0.600	1.6	NO

## Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Test Position	LTE Band4 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	BT SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Front	0.477	0.225	0.702	1.6	NO
Back	0.612	0.225	0.837	1.6	NO
Left Side	0.400	0.225	0.625	1.6	NO
Right Side	0.345	0.225	0.570	1.6	NO
Top Side	N/A	0.225	N/A	1.6	NO
Bottom Side	0.246	0.225	0.471	1.6	NO NO







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# 14. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is< 1.5 W/Kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEC 62209-2:2010 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



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# Appendix A. SAR Test Setup Photos



Left Cheek

Left Tilt 15°



**Right Cheek** 



Right Tilt 15°



Body Front(5mm)

Body Back(5mm)

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Top Side(5mm)

**Bottom Side(5mm)** 



Left Side(5mm)

Right Side(5mm)



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# Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

Date: 10/14/2019

835MHz Head System Check

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.68;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

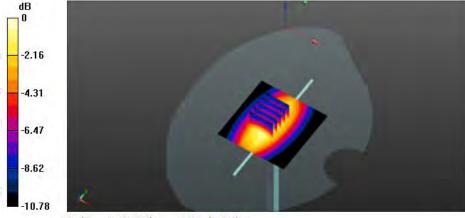
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.852 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



0 dB = 2.86 W/kg = 4.56 dBW/kg



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Date: 10/16/2019

#### 835MHz Body System Check

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.06 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 55.26;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 W/kg

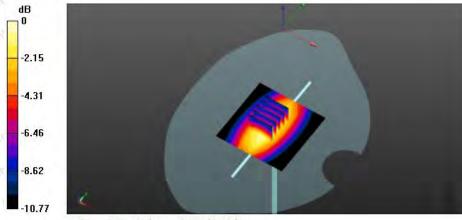
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.894 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.71 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.01 W/kg



0 dB = 3.01 W/kg = 4.79 dBW/kg



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Date: 10/18/2019

## 1900MHz Head System Check

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

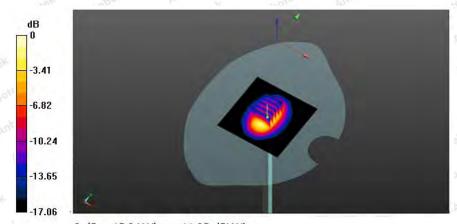
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg



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Date: 10/21/2019

## 1900MHz Body System Check

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

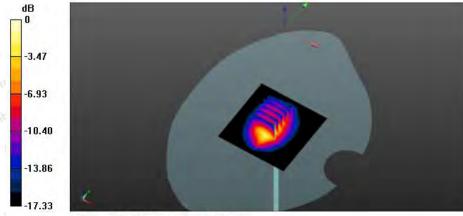
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

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Date: 10/23/2019

#### 1750MHz Head System Check

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.36 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.16;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

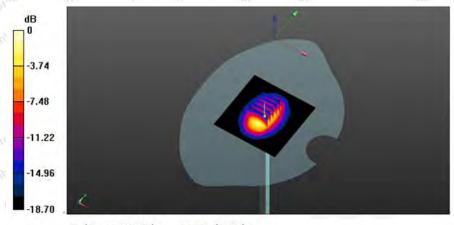
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.17 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



0 dB = 14.9 W/kg = 11.73 dBW/kg



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Date: 10/25/2019

#### 1750MHz Body System Check

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1021

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 W/kg

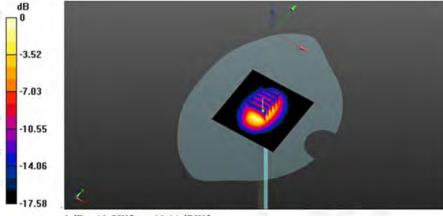
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.674 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg



0 dB = 10.7 W/kg = 10.14 dBW/kg



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Date: 10/28/2019

#### 2450MHz Head System Check

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.76 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.88$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

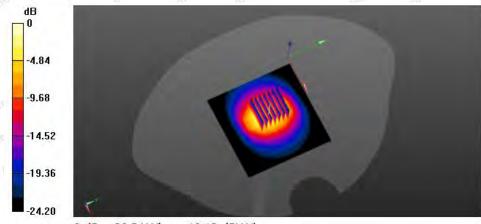
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.406 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.97W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.82 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



0 dB = 20.5 W/kg = 13.12 dBW/kg



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Date: 10/30/2019

#### 2450MHz Body System Check

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.31$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.9 W/kg

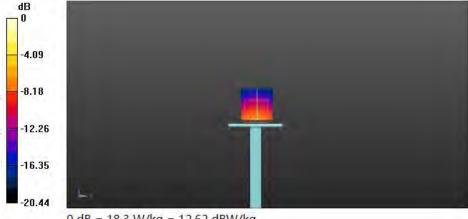
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.331 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.73 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg





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# Appendix C. Plots of SAR Test Data

#1 Date: 10/14/2019

# GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Left Cheek\_Ch190

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41.68;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

# **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**LEFT/L-C/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 W/kg

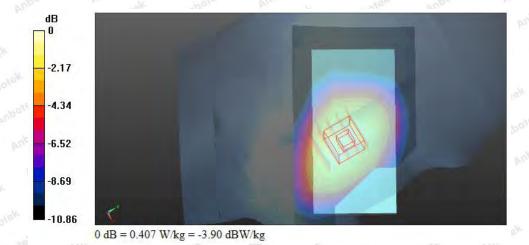
LEFT/L-C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.926 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.342 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.407 W/kg









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Date: 10/18/2019

# PCS1900\_GSM Voice\_Left Cheek\_Ch885

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.19$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

LEFT/L-C/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg

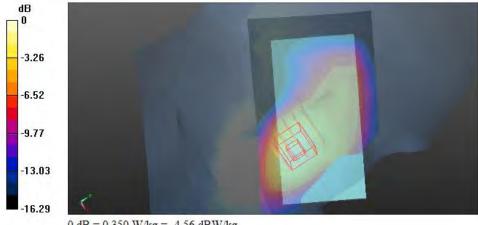
LEFT/L-C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.192 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.283 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg



0 dB = 0.350 W/kg = -4.56 dBW/kg



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#3 Date: 10/18/2019

# WCDMA 1900\_RMC 12.2K\_Left Cheek\_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.39 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 39.72;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

LEFT/L-C/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 W/kg

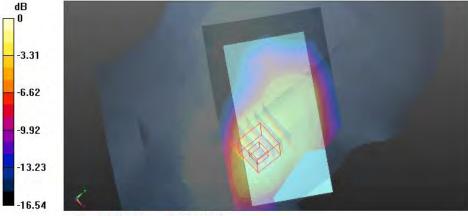
LEFT/L-C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.819 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.462 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 W/kg



0 dB = 0.360 W/kg = -4.44 dBW/kg



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#4 Date: 10/14/2019

## WCDMA 850\_RMC 12.2K\_Left Cheek\_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41.68;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(9.71, 9.71, 9.71); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

LEFT/L-C/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 W/kg

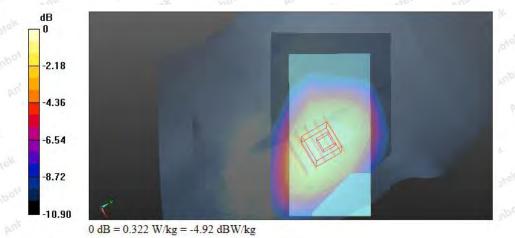
LEFT/L-C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.674 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.265 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 W/kg





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#5 Date: 10/23/2019

# LTE Band4\_1RB\_Left Cheek\_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.16$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**LEFT HEAD/L-C/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 W/kg

LEFT HEAD/L-C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.666 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.800 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 W/kg



0 dB = 0.634 W/kg = -1.98 dBW/kg



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#6 Date: 10/28/2019

#### WIFI 2.4G\_Left Cheek\_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.76$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 38.88$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

LEFT HEAD/L-C/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 W/kg

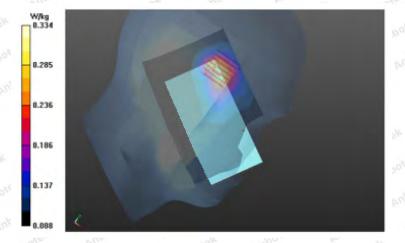
LEFT HEAD/L-C/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.199 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.298 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.334 W/kg





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#**7** Date: 10/16/2019

# GSM850\_GPRS\_2TX\_Body Back\_Ch190

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Phantom section: Flat Section

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/2ST-BACK/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

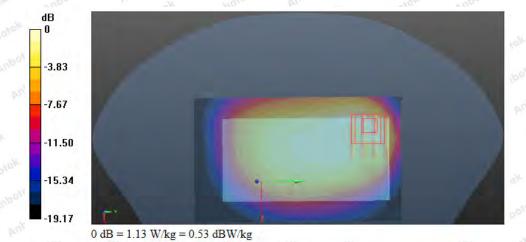
BODY/2ST-BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.932 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.653 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



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#8 Date: 10/21/2019

# GSM1900\_GPRS\_4TX\_Body Back\_Ch885

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986

Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.14;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/4ST-BACK/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg

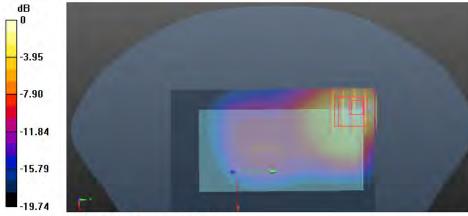
BODY/4ST-BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.909 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.702 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



0 dB = 1.18 W/kg = 0.72 dBW/kg



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#9 Date: 10/21/2019

# WCDMA 1900\_RMC 12.2K\_Body Back\_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 51.14;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.900 W/kg

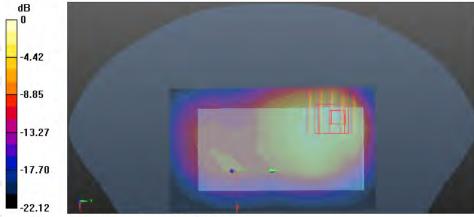
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.142 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.718 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg = 0.21 dBW/kg



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**#10** Date: 10/16/2019

# WCDMA 850\_RMC 12.2K\_Body Back\_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7396; ConvF(9.88, 9.88, 9.88); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.637 W/kg

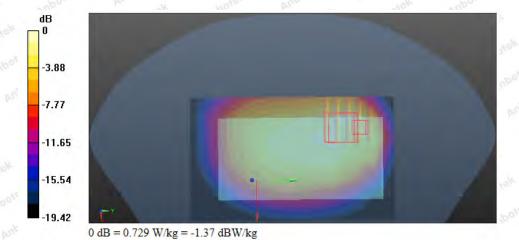
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.769 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.953 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.468 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 W/kg



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**#11** Date: 10/21/2019

# LTE Band4\_1RB\_Body Back\_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.50 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.29$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.686 W/kg

BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

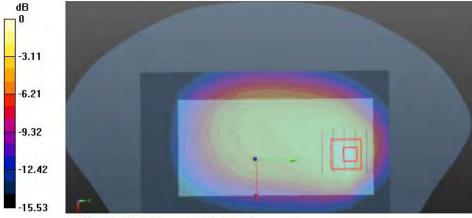
Reference Value = 17.627 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.882 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.507 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 W/kg



0 dB = 0.649 W/kg = -1.88 dBW/kg



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#12 Date: 10/30/2019

## WIFI 2.4G\_Body Back\_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 52.31$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 6.5.2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 3.9.2019

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.467 W/kg

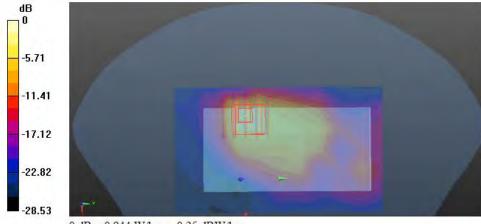
BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.344 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.417 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.944 W/kg



0 dB = 0.944 W/kg = -0.25 dBW/kg