

Keji S,12th, Road, Hi-tech Industrial Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Phone:86-755-26748099

Fax:86-755-26748089





yuchar.wang Wemlion

TEST REPORT

IEEE 1528

Report Reference No.....:: TRE1312003107 R/C: 93894

FCC ID.....:: **YPVITALCOMSKYHD**

Compiled by

(position+printed name+signature)..: File administrators Jerome Luo

Supervised by

(position+printed name+signature)..: Test Engineer Yuchao Wang

Approved by

(position+printed name+signature)... Manager Wenliang Li

Date of issue....: Dec 18, 2013

Test Laboratory Name..... Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China Address....:

Applicant's name.....: **ITALCOM GROUP**

Address.....: 1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United States

Test specification:

ANSI C95.1-1999

Standard: 47CFR § 2.1093

KDB 447498

Master TRF...... Dated 2006-06

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

Test item description: Mobile phone

Trade Mark: NYX

Manufacturer: **ITALCOM GROUP**

Model/Type reference....: SKY HD

Listed Models

Operation Frequency..... GSM850/PCS1900/WCDMA850/WCDMA1900/WLAN2450

GSM(GMSK), WLAN(CCK, OFDM), Bluetooth (GFSK, 8DPSK,

Modulation Type

π/4DQPSK

Ratings....: DC 3.70V

Hardware version: 8061-MB-V0.3

Software version...... SKY_AMXNYX_V001R

Android version 4.2.1

Result...... PASS

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 2 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

TEST REPORT

Equipment under Test : Mobile phone

Model /Type : SKY HD

Listed Models : /

Applicant : ITALCOM GROUP

Address : 1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United States

Manufacturer : ITALCOM GROUP

Address : 1728 Coral Way, Coral Gables, Miami, Florida, United States

Test Result PASS

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Report No.: TRE1312003107

Contents

<u>1.</u>	TEST STANDARDS	5
<u>2.</u>	SUMMARY	6
2.1.	General Remarks	6
2.2.	Product Description	6
2.3.	Statement of Compliance	6
2.4.	Equipment under Test	7
2.5.	Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)	7
2.6.	EUT configuration	8
2.7.	Internal Identification of AE used during the test	8
2.8.	Note	8
<u>3.</u>	TEST ENVIRONMENT	9
3.1.	Address of the test laboratory	9
3.2.	Test Facility	9
3.3.	Environmental conditions	10
3.4.	SAR Limits	10
3.5.	Equipments Used during the Test	10
<u>4.</u>	SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION	11
4.1.	SAR Measurement Set-up	11
4.2.	DASY5 E-field Probe System	12
4.3.	Phantoms	13
4.4.	Device Holder	13
4.5.	Scanning Procedure	14
4.6.	Data Storage and Evaluation	14
4.7.	Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms	16
4.8.	Tissue equivalent liquid properties	16
4.9.	System Check	17
4.10.	SAR measurement procedure	19
<u>5.</u>	TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS	25
5.1.	Conducted Power Results	25
5.2.	Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations	29
5.3.	SAR Measurement Results	32
5.4.	SAR Measurement Variability	35
5.5.	Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)	35
5.6.	System Check Results	37
5.7.	SAR Test Graph Results	43
<u>6.</u>	CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	93
6.1.	Probe Calibration Ceriticate	93
6.2.	D835V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate	104
6.3.	D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate	112
6.4.	D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate	120
6.5.	DAE4 Calibration Ceriticate	128
<u>7.</u>	TEST SETUP PHOTOS	133
_		

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 4 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

8. EXTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT 139

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 5 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2003:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

<u>KDB648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01:</u> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

<u>KDB941225 D03 Test Reduction GSM_GPRS_EDGE V01</u>: Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGE

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 6 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

2. SUMMARY

2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Dec10, 2013
Testing commenced on	:	Dec 10, 2013
Testing concluded on	:	Dec 12, 2013

2.2. Product Description

The **ITALCOM GROUP**'s Model: SKY HD or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Mobile Phone
Model Number	SKY HD
FCC ID	YPVITALCOMSKYHD
Modilation Type	QPSK for WCDMA,GMSK for GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
Antenna Type	Internal
Hardware version	8061-MB-V0.3
Software version	SKY_AMXNYX_V001R
Android version	4.2.1
GSM/EDGE/GPRS	Supported GSM/GPRS/EDGE
WCDMA Operation Frequency Band	FDD Band II, FDD Band V
Supported Hotspot	Yes, when hot spots opened, WCDMA band II/V power
- Cupported Hotspot	will not reduced
HSDPA Release Version	Release 8
HSUPA Release Version	Release 6
WCDMA Release Version	R99
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +60°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.40VDC to 4.20VDC (nominal: 3.70VDC)
GSM/GPRS Operation Frequency Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GSM Release Version	R99
GPRS operation mode	Class B
GPRS Multislot Class	12
EGPRS Multislot Class	12

2.3. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for SKY HD are follows:

Exposure Configuration	Technolohy Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM850	0.599	
Head	PCS1900	0.451	
(Separation Distance 0mm)	WCDMA Band V	0.323	PCE
(Separation Distance offin)	WCDMA Band II	0.315	
	WLAN2450	0.321	
	GSM850	0.775	
Pody worn	PCS1900	0.547	
Body-worn (Separation Distance 10mm)	WCDMA Band V	0.442	PCE
(Separation Distance Tornin)	WCDMA Band II	0.484	
	WLAN2450	0.436	

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this devices has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that conrtains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10mm

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 7 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

between this devices and the body of the user. User of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain iniform power output.

GSM/WCDMA & WLAN Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WLAN Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.599	0.422	0.323	0.315	0.303	0.902	0.902<1.6	No
Left Head Title	0.551	0.451	0.304	0.290	0.321	0.872	0.872<1.6	No
Right Head Touch	0.536	0.379	0.276	0.289	0.279	0.815	0.815<1.6	No
Right Head Title	0.532	0.354	0.262	0.309	0.263	0.795	0.795<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.575	0.497	0.367	0.371	0.399	0.974	0.974<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.775	0.547	0.442	0.484	0.436	1.211	1.211<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.214	0.203	0.185	0.141	0.398	0.612	0.612<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.295	0.272	0.226	0.196	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.277	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.390	0.329	0.254	0.250	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

GSM/WCDMA & BT Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.532	0.377	0.276	0.263	0.105	0.637	0.637<1.6	No
Left Head Title	0.489	0.402	0.260	0.242	0.105	0.594	0.594<1.6	No
Right Head Touch	0.476	0.338	0.236	0.241	0.105	0.581	0.581<1.6	No
Right Head Title	0.473	0.316	0.224	0.258	0.105	0.578	0.578<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.575	0.497	0.367	0.371	0.053	0.628	0.628<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.775	0.547	0.442	0.484	0.053	0.828	0.828<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.214	0.203	0.185	0.141	0.053	0.267	0.267<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.295	0.272	0.226	0.196	0.053	0.348	0.348<1.6	No
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.390	0.329	0.254	0.250	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

- The value with blue color is the maximum values of ∑SAR_{1g}
 Body-Rear side values was the maximum values of GPRS,EDGE and Speech with Headset.

Accordint to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is 0.902W/Kg for Head and 1.211W/Kg for Body.

2.4. Equipment under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	٠.	0	120V / 60 Hz	0	115V / 60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
		•	Other (specified in blank bel	ow)

DC 3.70 V

2.5. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

Mobile phone (Model: SKY HD).

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain maximum power output.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 8 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

2.6. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- supplied by the manufacturer
- O supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m):	/
		Shield :	/
		Detachable :	/
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer:	/
		Model No.:	/

2.7. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description
AE1	Battery
AE2	Charger and USB cable

AE1

Model:NYX3000A98X69

Manufacturer: ITALCOM GROUP

Capacitance: 3000mAh Nominal Voltage:3.70V

AE2:

Model: SKY HD

Manufacturer: ITALCOM GROUP Input: 100-240V ~50/60Hz 0.15A Output: OUTPUT: 5.0V DC 1.0A Power Cable Length: 90cm ○ Shielded ● Unshielded

2.8. Note

1. The EUT is a Mobile Phone WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA/GPRS/GSM,WLAN and Bluetooth function,The functions of the EUT listed as below:

Tarretierie er trie Ee'r neted de belew.							
	Reference Report						
GSM/GPRS/EGPRS	FCC Part 22/FCC Part 24	TRE1312003101					
WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA	FCC Part 22/FCC Part 24	TRE1312003102					
WLAN	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	TRE1312003103					
Bluetooth v2.1	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	TRE1312003104					
Bluetooth 4.0	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	TRE1312003105					
USB Port	FCC Part 15 B	TRE1312003106					
SAR	FCC Part 2 §2.1093	TRE1312003107					

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 9 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26715686 Fax: 86-755-26748089

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2009) and CISPR Publication 22.

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: Mar. 29, 2012. Valid time is until Feb. 28, 2015.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 2243.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until Sept. 30, 2015.

FCC-Registration No.: 662850

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 662850, Renewal date June. 01, 2012, valid time is until June. 01, 2015.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Jan. 25, 2011, valid time is until Jan. 24, 2014.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber $(12.2m\times7.95m\times6.7m)$ and Shielded Room $(8m\times4m\times3m)$ of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-292. Date of Registration: Dec. 24, 2010. Valid time is until Dec. 23, 2013.

Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: C-2726. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: T-1837. Date of Registration: May 07, 2013. Valid time is until May 06, 2016.

DNV

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been found to comply with the requirements of DNV towards subcontractor of EMC and safety testing services in conjunction with the EMC and Low voltage Directives and in the voluntary field. The acceptance is based on a formal quality Audit and follow-ups according to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Guide 17025 (2005), in accordance with the requirements of the DNV Laboratory Quality Manual towards subcontractors. Valid time is until Aug. 24, 2016.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

	pment Manufacturer Type/Model Serial Number			Calibration		
Test Equipment			Last Calibration	Calibration Interval		
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2013/02/27	1	
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2013/02/24	1	
System Validation Dipole 835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2013/02/27	1	
System Validation Dipole 1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2013/02/28	1	
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2013/02/29	1	
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2013/03.25	1	
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2013/10/26	1	
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/	
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2013/03/26	1	
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2013/03/26	1	
Signal generator	IFR	2032	203002/100	2013/10/26	1	
Amplifier	AR	75A250	302205	2013/10/26	1	

4. SAR Measurements System configuration

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

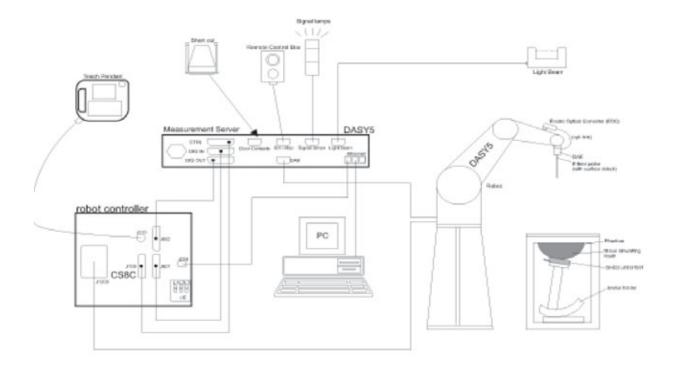
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

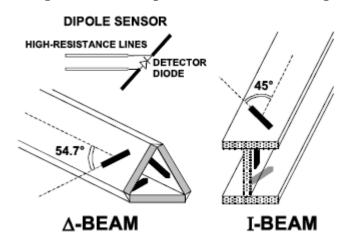
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:

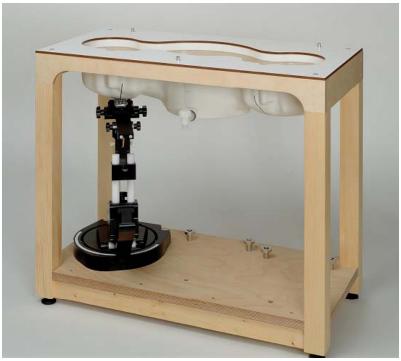




4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 14 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
 Conversion factor 	ConvFi
 Diode compression point 	Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$
 With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
$$[mV/(V/m)2] \text{ for E-field Probes}$$

$$ConvF = \text{sensitivity enhancement in solution}$$

$$aij = \text{sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes}$$

$$f = \text{carrier frequency [GHz]}$$

$$Ei = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m}$$

$$Hi = \text{magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m}$$

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units. $SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$ with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g = total field strength in V/m Etot = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 16 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Table 3:Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.12
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.50 σ=0.9

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.00 σ=1.40

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	62.70
Glycol	36.80
Salt	0.50
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=39.20 σ=1.80

Table 4: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	52.50
Sugar	45
Salt	1.40
Preventol	0.10
Cellulose	1.00
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	73.20
Glycol	26.70
Salt	0.10
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=52.70 σ=1.95

4.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric paramenters		
requeriey	Description	ε _r	O'	
	Torget Value + 50/	41.5	0.90	
935MHz/Hood)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	(39.4~43.6) (0.86~0.95)		
835MHz(Head)	Measurement Value 2013-12-10	42.68	0.89	
	Tanant Value 50/	55.20	0.97	
835MHz(Body)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	$(52.44\sim57.96)$ $(0.90\sim1.00)$		
0331VII 12(B0dy)	Measurement Value 2013-12-10	55.39	0.95	
1900MHz(Head)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	40.0	1.40	

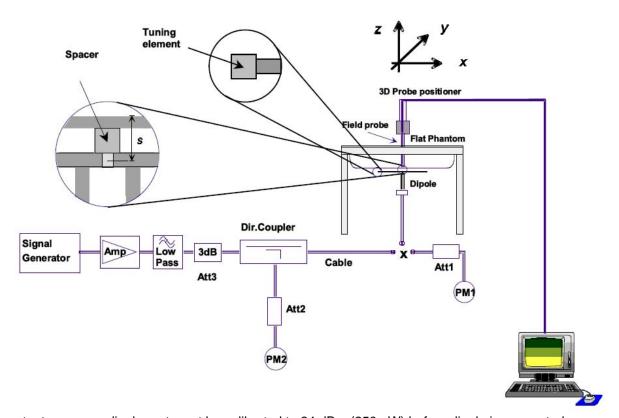
		(38.0~42.0)	(1.33~1.47)
	Measurement Value 2013-12-11	39.82	1.40
1900MHz(Body)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.59)
1900Wi i2(Body)	Measurement Value 2013-12-11	53.57	1.48
2450MHz(Head)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	39.2 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)
2430IVII IZ(I Ieau)	Measurement Value 2013-12-12	39.98	1.80
2450MHz(Body)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	52.7 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)
2430ivii iz(Bouy)	Measurement Value 2013-12-12	54.56	1.99

4.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

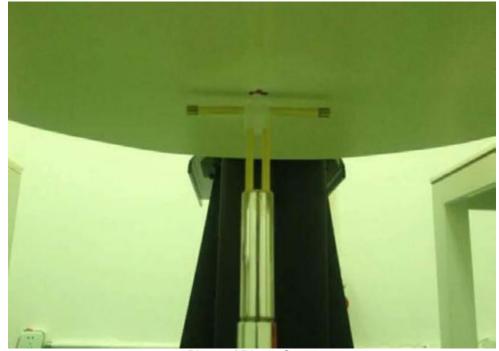


Photo of Dipole Setup

System Validation of Head

	Cystem validation of fledd						
Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 °C and relative humidity 55%.							
Liquid temperature 22.0 ℃							
Measuremer	nt Date: 835MF	Hz Dec 10 th , 20	013;				
Verification	Frequency	-	t value ′kg)		ed value /kg)	Devi	ation
results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
	835	1.52	2.33	1.59	2.45	4.61%	5.15%

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.									
Liquid temperature 22.0 ℃									
Measurement Date: 1900MHz Dec 11 th , 2013;									
Varification	Frequency	Target value Measured value (W/kg) (W/kg)				Deviation			
Verification results (MHz)		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	1900	5.24	9.94	5.05	9.70	-3.62%	-2.41%		

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.								
Liquid temperature 22.0 ℃								
Measuremen	t Date: 2450N	1Hz Dec 12 th , 2	2013;					
Verification	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		
results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
	2450	6.36	13.70	6.14	13.15	-3.46%	-4.01%	

System Validation of Body

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 $^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity 55%.									
Liquid tempe	Liquid temperature 22.0 ℃								
Measuremen	Measurement Date: 835MHz Dec 10 th , 2013;								
Verification	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation			
results	(MHz)	10 g 1 g Average Average		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	835	1.60	2.44	1.52	2.32	-5.00%	-4.92		

Macaurament is made at temporature 22.0 % and relative humidity EE9/									
Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 $^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity 55%.									
Liquid temperature 22.0 ℃									
Measurement Date: 1900MHz Dec 11 th , 2013;									
Verification	Frequency		t value /kg)		ed value /kg)	Devi	ation		
results	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average		
	1900	5.32	10.20	5.48	9.92	3.01%	-2.75%		

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 ℃ and relative humidity 55%.								
Liquid temperature 22.0 ℃								
Measurement Date: 1900MHz Dec 12 th , 2013;								
Verification	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)			ed value ′kg)	Deviation		
results	(MHz)	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
resuits		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2450 5.98 12.80 5.69 12.58							-1.72%	

4.10. SAR measurement procedure

4.10.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

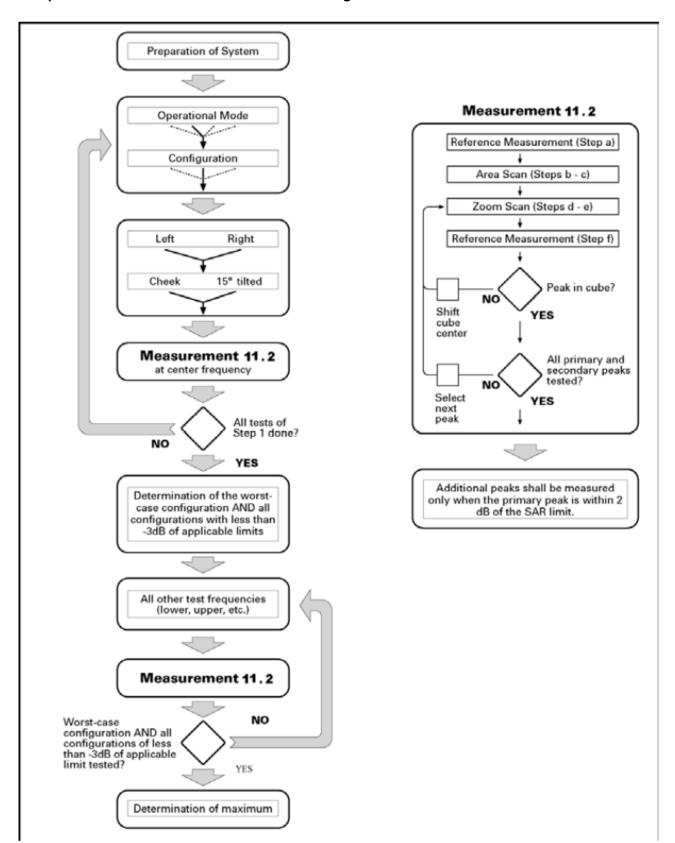
- a). all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom;
- b). all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c). all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 20 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18



Picture 10.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

4.10.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements,

according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro		•	5 ± 1 mm	½-δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle f normal at the measurem			30°±1°	20° ± 1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spa	tial resoluti	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, th measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan sp	oatial resolu	tion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm			

Note: 5 is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

4.10.3 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK. According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

The another potition readenant in the main electroning and allow								
Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output							
	power (dB)							
1	0							
2	0 to 3.0							
3	1.8 to 4.8							
4	3.0 to 6.0							

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 22 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

4.10.4 UMTS Test Configuration

4.10.4.1 Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channel according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34. 121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all up bits for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to the maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configuration (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configuration that are not supported by the DUT or can not be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified

4.10.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2kbps AMR is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB(Signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2kbps RMC for that RF channel.

4.10.4.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn for a DUT using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

4.10.4.4 HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body SAR Measurements' procedures of that section. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	βс	β _d	β _d (SF)	β /β d	$_{\rm hs}^{\rm \beta}$ (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	2/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	2/15	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	2/15	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI= 8,A_{hs} = β _{hs}/ β _c=30/15, β _{hs}=30/15* β _c

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK= 8(A_{hs}=30/15) with β hs=24/15* β c, and \triangle CQI= 7(Ahs=24/15) with β hs=24/15* β c.

Note3: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4:For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

Settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload (N _{INF})	Bits	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate	/	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation	/	QPSK

4.10.4.5 HSUPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E- DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the β values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of 3 G device.

Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub - set	βс	β _d	β _d (SF)	β /β d	β _{hs} ⁽¹⁾	eta ec	eta ed	β _{ed} (SF)	$_{\text{ed}}^{\beta}$ (codes)	(2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	9/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	15/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} :47/15	4	1	2.0	1.0	15	92
							β _{ed2} :47/15						
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = β _{hs}/ β _c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow β _{hs}= 30/15 * β _c.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value

HSUPA UE category

HSUPA DE Calegory							
UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E- DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E- DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E- DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)	
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296	
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592	
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
4	2	8	10	2	5772	2.9185	
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
6 (No	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	11484	5.76	
DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	2.00	
7 (No	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	22996	?	
DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	?	

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4. UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 24 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

4.10.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the highest power rate.

802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel;

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

4.10.6 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has Almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

4.10.7 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.1 to Table 14.11 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.10.8 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

4.10.8.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

4.10.8.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 25 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

Test Mode		Conducted Power (dBm)								
GSM850	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)							
GSIVIOOU	32.02	32.00	32.15							
	Channel	Channel 661	Channel							
GSM1900	810(1909.8MHz)	(1880MHz)	512(1850.2MHz)							
	30.61	30.21	29.71							

The conducted power measurement results for GPRS/EGPRS

	THE	The conducted power measurement results for GPRS/EGPRS							
Test Mode	Meas	sured Power (dBm)		Aver	aged Power (dBm)		
GSM850		Test Channe	l	Calculation		Test Channel			
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128	(dB)	251	190	128		
1 Txslot	32.04	32.01	32.16	-9.03	23.01	22.98	23.13		
2 Txslot	30.15	30.18	30.22	-6.02	24.13	24.16	24.20		
3 Txslot	27.89	27.93	27.95	-4.26	23.63	23.67	23.69		
4 Txslot	27.11	27.05	27.18	-3.01	24.10	24.04	24.17		
Test Mode	Meas	sured Power ((dBm)		Aver	aged Power (dBm)		
GSM850		Test Channe	l	Calculation		Test Channel			
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128	(dB)	251	190	128		
1 Txslot	31.95	31.95	32.10	-9.03	22.92	22.92	23.07		
2 Txslot	30.04	29.89	30.07	-6.02	24.02	23.87	24.05		
3 Txslot	28.15	28.04	28.13	-4.26	23.89	23.78	23.87		
4 Txslot	26.85	26.74	26.55	-3.01	23.84	23.73	23.54		
Test Mode	Meas	sured Power ((dBm)		Aver	Averaged Power (dBm)			
GSM1900		Test Channe	<u> </u>	Calculation		Test Channel			
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512	(dB)	810	661	512		
1 Txslot	30.65	30.25	29.72	-9.03	21.62	21.22	20.69		
2 Txslot	29.52	28.98	29.24	-6.02	23.50	22.96	23.22		
3 Txslot	27.63	27.11	27.76	-4.26	23.37	22.85	23.50		
4 Txslot	26.04	25.86	26.11	-3.01	23.03	22.85	23.10		
Test Mode		sured Power (Aver	aged Power (
GSM1900		Test Channe	<u> </u>	Calculation		Test Channel			
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512	(dB)	810	661	512		
1 Txslot	30.55	30.19	29.65	-9.03	21.52	21.16	20.62		
2 Txslot	29.22	28.76	28.84	-6.02	23.20	22.74	22.82		
3 Txslot	27.12	26.94	27.04	-4.26	22.86	22.68	22.78		
4 Txslot	26.10	25.73	25.73	-3.01	23.09	22.72	22.72		

NOTES:

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GPRS850 and GPRS1900.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

¹⁾ Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

¹TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

²TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

³TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

⁴TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 26 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

The conducted power measurement results for WCDMA

	bond	FDD B	FDD Band V result (dBm)		FDD B	and II result	(dBm)
Item	band	Test Channel			Test Channel		
	ARFCN	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
5.2(WCDMA)	1	23.86	24.34	24.30	23.82	23.76	23.99
	1	22.93	23.76	23.53	22.96	22.83	22.89
5.2AA	2	22.76	22.67	22.45	22.86	22.73	22.81
(HSDPA)	3	22.26	22.18	22.20	22.34	22.27	22.31
	4	22.11	22.08	22.09	22.16	22.10	22.19
	1	21.56	22.27	22.95	22.12	22.63	22.69
E 0D	2	21.10	20.75	21.48	20.56	21.16	21.18
5.2B	3	21.01	21.56	22.10	21.51	22.01	22.03
(HSUPA)	4	20.11	20.71	21.42	20.67	21.19	21.16
	5	21.63	22.18	22.84	22.06	22.55	22.64

Note: HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSUPA and the maximum SAR for WCDMA850 and WCDMA1900 are not above 75% of the SAR limit.

WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Worst case Data rate of	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	
		(IVITIZ)	worst case	Peak	Average
	1	2412	1Mbps	15.52	13.42
802.11b	6	2437	1Mbps	15.63	13.59
	11	2462	1Mbps	16.06	13.82
	1	2412	6Mbps	17.49	12.89
802.11g	6	2437	6Mbps	17.48	13.04
	11	2462	6Mbps	18.09	12.72
	1	2412	6.5 Mbps	16.44	11.05
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	6.5 Mbps	16.70	11.24
	11	2462	6.5 Mbps	17.03	10.86
802.11n(40MHz)	3	2422	13.5 Mbps	16.35	9.23
	6	2437	13.5 Mbps	16.58	9.12
	9	2452	13.5 Mbps	16.35	9.05

Note: SAR is not required for 802.11b/g/n channels if the output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, and for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. According to the above conducted power, the EUT should not be tested for "802.11b/g/n".

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
	00	2402	-3.25
GFSK-BLE	19	2440	-4.24
	39	2480	-4.11
	00	2402	3.42
GFSK	41	2441	3.75
	79	2480	3.15
	00	2402	2.26
π/4DQPSK	40	2441	2.75
	79	2480	2.58
	00	2402	2.19
8DPSK	40	2441	2.81
	79	2480	2.62

Manufacturing tolerance

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 27 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

GSM Speech

GSM 850					
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 190		
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
	GSM	1 1900			
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512		
Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

GPRS/EGPRS (GMSK Modulation)

	GPRS	/EGPRS (GMSK Modu	ilation)	
		GSM 850 GPRS		
Cha	annel	251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
1 170101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
2 1 X SIUL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
2 Tyclot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 Tyolot	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		GSM 850 EGPRS		
Cha	annel	251	190	128
4 Tuelet	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0
1 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
0.T1-1	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
0.T. 1.1	Target (dBm)	27.5	27.5	27.5
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		GSM 1900 GPRS		
Cha	annel	810	661	512
4 Tuelet	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
1 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
0.T. alat	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
0.T1-1	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
4 T -1-1	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		GSM 1900 EGPRS		
Cha	annel	810	661	512
	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
1 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0

WCDMA

WCDMA Band V						
Channel Channel 4132 Channel 4182 Channel 4233						
Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			
	WCDMA Band V HSDPA(sub-test 1)					
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233			
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			
WCDMA Band V HSDPA(sub-test 2)						

Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSDPA(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	WCDMA Band V	HSDPA(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
, ,	WCDMA Band V	HSUPA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSUPA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
Totorance ±(ab)		HSUPA(sub-test 3)	1.0
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tolerance ±(db)		HSUPA(sub-test 4)	1.0
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
Charact		HSUPA(sub-test 5)	Ob a rest 4000
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		A Band II	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSDPA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSDPA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSDPA(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSDPA(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
, ,		HSUA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0
		HSUA(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0
raiget (abiii)	££.U	22.0	22.0

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 29 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
WCDMA Band II HSUA(sub-test 4)					
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
WCDMA Band II HSUA(sub-test 5)					
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

WLAN

		<i>7</i> 111			
802.11b					
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11		
Target (dBm)	14.0	14.0	14.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
	802.	11g			
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512		
Target (dBm)	13.0	13.0	13.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
	802.11n	(20MHz)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11		
Target (dBm)	11.5	11.5	11.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
802.11n(40MHz)					
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9		
Target (dBm)	9.5	9.5	9.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

Bluetooth v2.1+EDR

GFSK						
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79			
Target (dBm)	3.00	3.00	3.00			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			
	8DPSK					
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79			
Target (dBm)	2.00	2.00	2.00			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			
	π/4DQPSK					
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79			
Target (dBm)	2.00	2.00	2.00			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			

Bluetooth 4.0

GFSK					
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 19	Channel 39		
Target (dBm)	-4.0	-4.0	-4.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

5.2. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

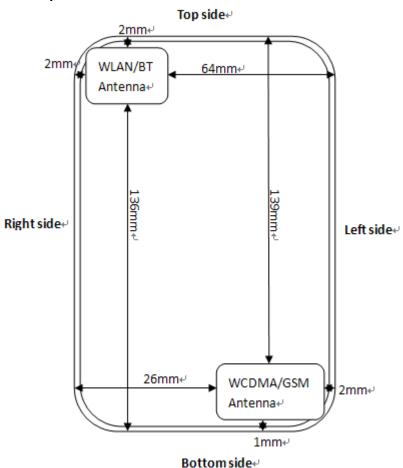
5.2.1 Simultaneous Transmission Conditions

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT, the WiFi and BT modules sharing same antenna, and so these two modules can transmit signal simultaneously; GSM and WCDMA module sharing same antenna, So we can get following combination that can transmit signal simultaneously.

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	MHz) Type Simultaneous Transmissions		Voice over Digital Transport(Data)						
	850	VO	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A						
GSM	1900	VO	res,WLAN OF BT	IN/A						
	GPRS/EGPRS DT Yes,WLAN or		Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A						
WCDMA	Band II/Band V	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A						
WLAN	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EGPRS,WCDMA	Yes						
BT	2441	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EGPRS,WCDMA	N/A						
Note:VO-Voice Service only;DT-Digital Transport										

5.2.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



5.2.2 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions										
Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bottom edge										
Main antenna(GSM/WCDMA)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes				
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No				

5.2.3 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where.

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	The canonic (mm)
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Picture 12.2 Power Thresholds

Table 5.2.3.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	SAR test exclusion	RF outpu	SAR test		
Ballu/Woue	r(GHZ)	threshold (mW)	dBm	mW	exclusion	
Bluetooth	2.441	19	3.75	2.37	Yes	
WLAN	2450	19	13.82	24.10	No	

5.2.4 Estimated SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{\text{(max.power of channel,including tune-up tolerance,mW)}}{\text{(min.test separation distance,mm)}} * \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5}$$

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is \leq 1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Ratio=
$$\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(peak location separation,mm)} < 0.04$$

For Bluetooth v2.1+EDR, the Estimated SAR for Head at 5mm for estimate and 10mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Head}=((2.512mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.105W/Kg

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((2.512mW)/10mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.053W/Kg

For Bluetooth 4.0, the Estimated SAR for Head at 5mm for estimate and 10mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Head}=((0.5012mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.0209W/Kg

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((0.5012mW)/10mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.0104W/Kg

As Estimated SAR of Bluetooth v2.1+EDR higher than Bluetooth 4.0,so we used Bluetooth v2.1+EDR Estimated SAR to Evaluation Simultaneous SAR.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 32 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

5.2.5 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

GSM/WCDMA & WLAN Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WLAN Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.599	0.422	0.323	0.315	0.303	0.902	0.902<1.6	No
Left Head Title	0.551	0.451	0.304	0.290	0.321	0.872	0.872<1.6	No
Right Head Touch	0.536	0.379	0.276	0.289	0.279	0.815	0.815<1.6	No
Right Head Title	0.532	0.354	0.262	0.309	0.263	0.795	0.795<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.575	0.497	0.367	0.371	0.399	0.974	0.974<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.775	0.547	0.442	0.484	0.436	1.211	1.211<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.214	0.203	0.185	0.141	0.398	0.612	0.612<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.295	0.272	0.226	0.196	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.277	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.390	0.329	0.254	0.250	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

GSM/WCDMA & BT Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR -to- peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.532	0.377	0.276	0.263	0.105	0.637	0.637<1.6	No
Left Head Title	0.489	0.402	0.260	0.242	0.105	0.594	0.594<1.6	No
Right Head Touch	0.476	0.338	0.236	0.241	0.105	0.581	0.581<1.6	No
Right Head Title	0.473	0.316	0.224	0.258	0.105	0.578	0.578<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.575	0.497	0.367	0.371	0.053	0.628	0.628<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.775	0.547	0.442	0.484	0.053	0.828	0.828<1.6	No
Body-Left Side	0.214	0.203	0.185	0.141	0.053	0.267	0.267<1.6	No
Body-Right Side	0.295	0.272	0.226	0.196	0.053	0.348	0.348<1.6	No
Body-Top Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body-Bottom Side	0.390	0.329	0.254	0.250	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

- 2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of ∑SAR_{1g}
- 3. Body-Rear side values was the maximum values of GPRS, EDGE and Speech with Headset.

5.3. SAR Measurement Results

The product with 2 SIMs and 2 SIMs(SIM1 and SIM2) can not used Simultaneous, we tested 2 SIMs(SIM1 and SIM2) and recorded worst case at SIM 1

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 10mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Daty	0,010
Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM850/1900	1:2
WCDMA 850/1900	1:1
WiFi 2450	1:1

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 33 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

SAR Values (GSM850-Head)

Test Ch	Frequency MHz	Side	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over 1g(W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
190	836.60	Left	Touch	33.00	32.00	0.475	-0.05	1.26	0.599	1.60	1
190	836.60	Left	Tilt	33.00	32.00	0.437	-0.07	1.26	0.551	1.60	2
190	836.60	Right	Touch	33.00	32.00	0.425	-0.03	1.26	0.536	1.60	3
190	836.60	Riaht	Tilt	33.00	32.00	0.422	-0.12	1.26	0.532	1.60	4

SAR Values (GSM850-Body)

	Frequency	Mada	-	Maximum	On a desert and	Measurement			Description	SAR	D-4
Ch	MHz	Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Front	30.50	30.18	0.532	-0.08	1.08	0.575	1.60	5
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Rear	30.50	30.18	0.657	-0.13	1.08	0.710	1.60	6
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Left	30.50	30.18	0.198	-0.09	1.08	0.214	1.60	7
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Right	30.50	30.18	0.273	-0.07	1.08	0.295	1.60	8
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Bottom	30.50	30.18	0.361	-0.11	1.08	0.390	1.60	9
190	836.60	EGPRS (2)	Rear	30.50	29.89	0.622	-0.15	1.15	0.715	1.60	10
190	836.60	Speech	Rear with Headset	33.00	32.00	0.615	-0.12	1.26	0.775	1.60	11

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

- 2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.
 - ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
 - ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
 - ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (GSM1900-Head)

Test	Frequency		•	Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
661	1880.0	Left	Touch	31.00	30.21	0.352	-0.04	1.20	0.422	1.60	12
661	1880.0	Left	Tilt	31.00	30.21	0.376	-0.15	1.20	0.451	1.60	13
661	1880.0	Right	Touch	31.00	30.21	0.316	-0.10	1.20	0.379	1.60	14
661	1880.0	Right	Tilt	31.00	30.21	0.295	-0.12	1.20	0.354	1.60	15

SAR Values (GSM1900-Body)

Test	Frequency	Mode	•	Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Front	30.00	28.98	0.391	-0.05	1.27	0.497	1.60	16
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Rear	30.00	28.98	0.413	-0.07	1.27	0.525	1.60	17
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Left	30.00	28.98	0.160	-0.09	1.27	0.203	1.60	18
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Right	30.00	28.98	0.214	-0.04	1.27	0.272	1.60	19
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Bottom	30.00	28.98	0.259	-0.13	1.27	0.329	1.60	20
661	1880.0	EGPRS (2)	Rear	30.00	28.76	0.411	-0.02	1.33	0.547	1.60	21
661	1880.0	Speech	Rear with Headset	31.00	30.21	0.407	-0.06	1.20	0.488	1.60	22

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

- 2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.
 - ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
 - ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
 - ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 34 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

SAR Values (WCDMA Band V-Head)

Test F	requency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
4183	836.40	Left	Touch	25.00	24.34	0.276	-0.04	1.17	0.323	1.60	23
4183	836.40	Left	Tilt	25.00	24.34	0.260	-0.02	1.17	0.304	1.60	24
4183	836.40	Right	Touch	25.00	24.34	0.236	-0.06	1.17	0.276	1.60	25
4183	836.40	Right	Tilt	25 00	24.34	0.224	0.10	1.17	0.262	1 60	26

SAR Values (WCDMABand V-Body)

Test F	requency	Mode		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
4183	836.40	RMC	Front	25.00	24.34	0.314	-0.01	1.17	0.367	1.60	27
4183	836.40	RMC	Rear	25.00	24.34	0.378	-0.07	1.17	0.442	1.60	28
4183	836.40	RMC	Left	25.00	24.34	0.158	-0.01	1.17	0.185	1.60	29
4183	836.40	RMC	Right	25.00	24.34	0.193	-0.04	1.17	0.226	1.60	30
4183	836.40	RMC	Bottom	25.00	24.34	0.217	-0.08	1.17	0.254	1.60	31
4183	836.40	Speech	Rear with Headset	25.00	24.34	0.330	-0.09	1.17	0.386	1.60	32

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Head)

<u> </u>	Gill Value (Weblin Bana ii Tieaa)											
Test F	requency MHz	Side	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over 1g(W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #	
9400	1880.0	Left	Touch	25.00	23.76	0.237	-0.07	1.33	0.315	1.60	33	
9400	1880.0	Left	Tilt	25.00	23.76	0.218	-0.09	1.33	0.290	1.60	34	
9400	1880.0	Right	Touch	25.00	23.76	0.217	-0.11	1.33	0.289	1.60	35	
9400	1880.0	Right	Tilt	25.00	23.76	0.232	-0.15	1.33	0.309	1.60	36	

SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Body)

		CDIVIA Dall	u II -bouy)								
Test F	requency MHz	Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over 1g(W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
9400	1880.0	RMC	Front	25.00	23.76	0.279	-0.08	1.33	0.371	1.60	37
9400	1880.0	RMC	Rear	25.00	23.76	0.364	-0.16	1.33	0.484	1.60	38
9400	1880.0	RMC	Left	25.00	23.76	0.106	-0.09	1.33	0.141	1.60	39
9400	1880.0	RMC	Right	25.00	23.76	0.147	-0.06	1.33	0.196	1.60	40
9400	1880.0	RMC	Bottom	25.00	23.76	0.188	-0.14	1.33	0.250	1.60	41
9400	1880.0	Speech	Rear with Headset	25.00	23.76	0.327	-0.12	1.33	0.435	1.60	42

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 35 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

SAR Values (WLAN2450-Head)

- 2	(,								
Test Fr	MHz	Side	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over1g (W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
6	2437	Left	Touch	15.00	13.59	0.218	-0.10	1.39	0.303	1.60	43
6	2437	Left	Tilt	15.00	13.59	0.231	-0.12	1.39	0.321	1.60	44
6	2437	Right	Touch	15.00	13.59	0.201	-0.07	1.39	0.279	1.60	45
6	2437	Right	Tilt	15.00	13.59	0.189	-0.13	1.39	0.263	1.60	46

SAR Values (WLAN2450-Body)

Test F	Test Frequency		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR limit	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over1g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	Plot #
6	2437	Front	15.00	13.59	0.287	-0.13	1.39	0.399	1.60	47
6	2437	Rear	15.00	13.59	0.314	-0.04	1.39	0.436	1.60	48
6	2437	Left	15.00	13.59	0.286	-0.12	1.39	0.398	1.60	49
6	2437	Тор	15.00	13.59	0.199	-0.10	1.39	0.277	1.60	50

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

- ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;
- ≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤transmission band ≤200MHz;
- ≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz
- 3.Accoding to KDB 248227, Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

5.4. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.5. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	В	5.50%	Ν	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	8
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	8
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8

	noise									
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
Test Sample					_	_			_	
15	Test sample positioning	Α	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	8
16	Device holder uncertainty	Α	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
Phantom and	d Set-up									
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	Α	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	8
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	8
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_{c} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$		/	/	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	80
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$		/	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	&

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 37 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

5.6. System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 12/10/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.68$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

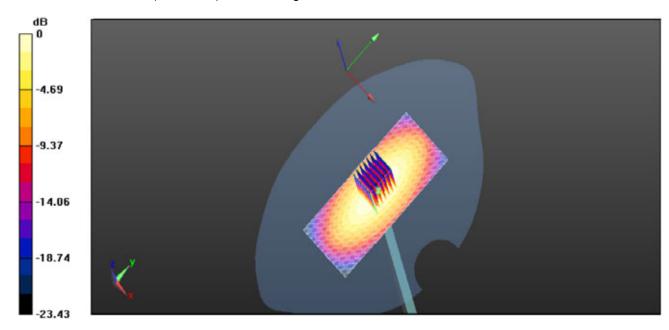
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.384 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.528 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g = 8.23 dB mW/g

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 38 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 12/10/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.15 mW/g

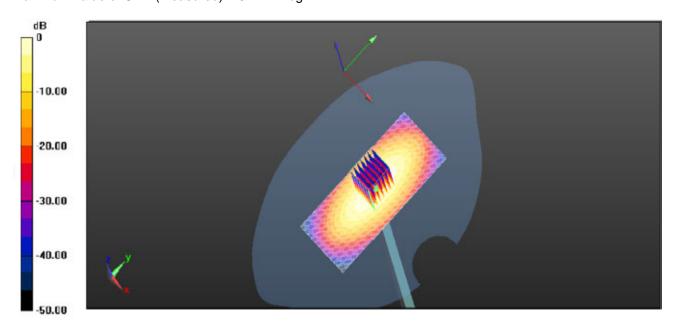
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.528 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 mW/g



0 dB = 3.24 mW/g = 11.24 dB mW/g

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 39 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date/Time: 12/11/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.40 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.65 W/kg

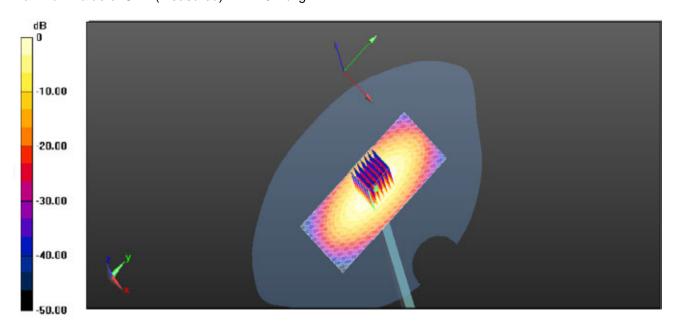
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.818 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.70 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.43 W/kg



0 dB = 12.43 W/kg = 20.55 dB W/kg

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 40 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date/Time: 12/11/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.57$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.46 mW/g

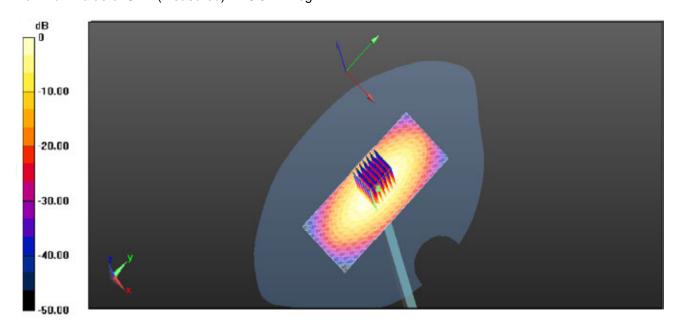
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.816 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.826 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.34 mW/g



0 dB = 16.34 mW/g = 24.35 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 250mW

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 41 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 12/12/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.80 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.98$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.24, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 mW/g

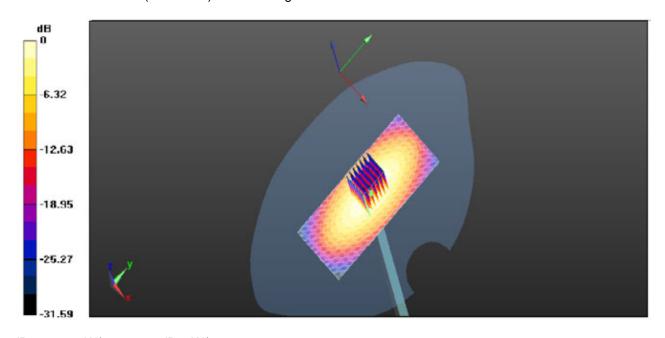
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 13.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 mW/g



0 dB = 14.9 mW/g = 23.46 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head 250mW

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 42 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 12/12/2013 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.56$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.24, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.15 mW/g

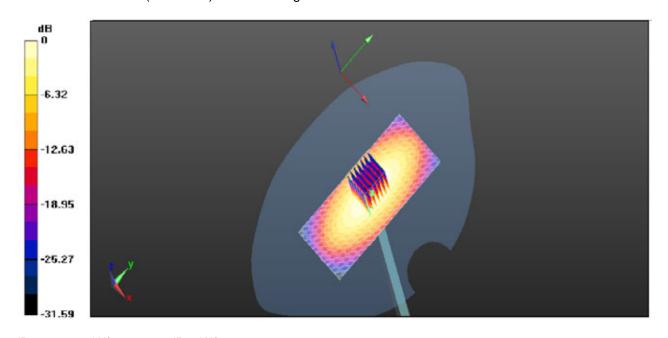
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.986 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.08 mW/g



0 dB = 16.08 mW/g = 24.67 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 250mW

5.7. SAR Test Graph Results

GSM850 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.02$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.463 W/kg

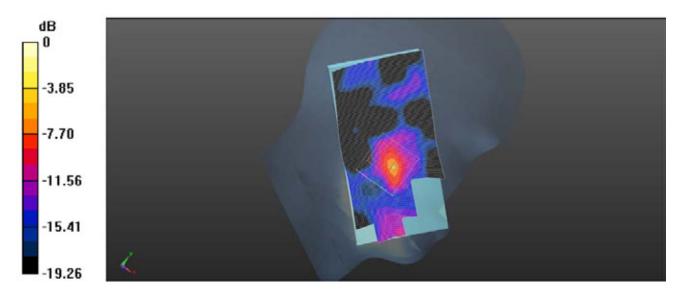
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.385 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.694 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.475 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 W/kg



0dB = 0.557 W/kg = -3.17 dBW/kg

Plot 1: Left Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 Left Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.419 W/kg

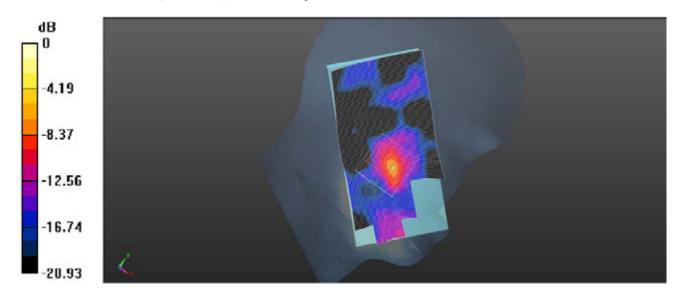
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.213 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.569 W/kg



0dB = 0.569 W/kg = -3.02 dBW/kg

Plot 2: Left Head Tilt (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 Right Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.418 W/kg

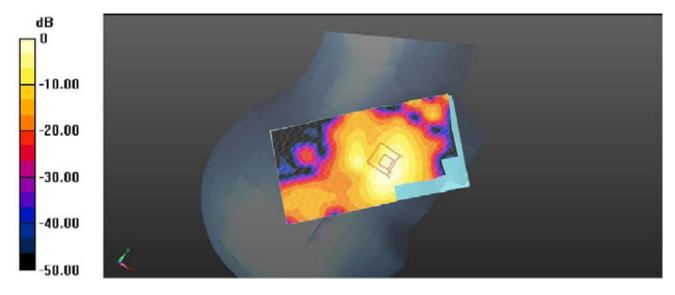
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.651 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.425 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.513 W/kg



0dB = 0.513 W/kg = -2.58 dBW/kg

Plot 3: Right Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 Right Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.62$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.423 W/kg

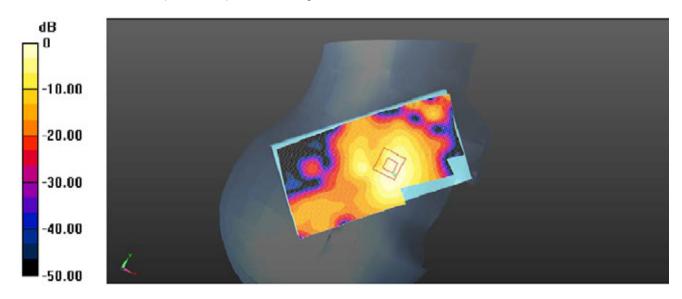
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.358 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.574 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 W/kg



0dB = 0.573 W/kg = -2.27 dBW/kg

Plot 4: Right Head Tilt (GSM850 Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Front Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.50$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.558 W/kg

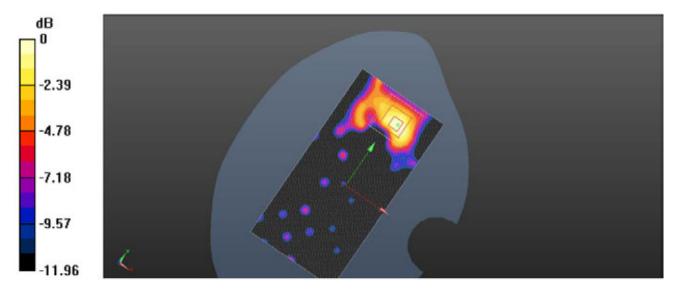
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.487 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.627 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.532 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 W/kg



0dB = 0.622 W/kg = -1.94 dBW/kg

Plot 5: Body Front Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.13$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.647 W/kg

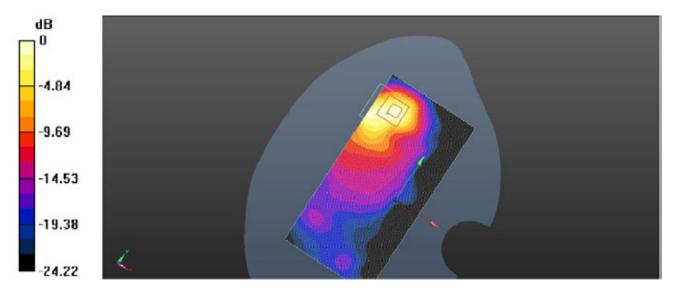
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.632 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.816 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.449 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 W/kg



0dB = 0.670 W/kg = -1.95 dBW/kg

Plot 6: Body Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Left Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.83$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 W/kg

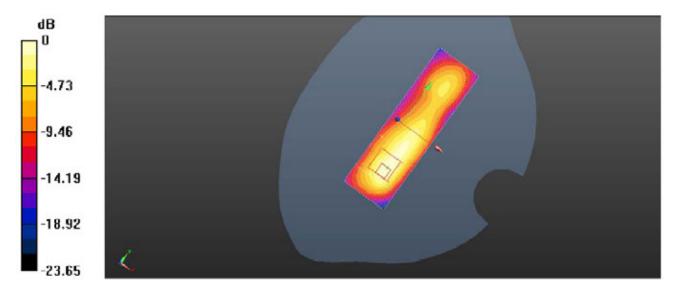
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.623 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.358 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/kg



0dB = 0.336 W/kg = -4.62 dBW/kg

Plot 7: Body Left Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Right Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.17$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.473 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.378 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 W/kg



0dB = 0.372 W/kg = -4.60 dBW/kg

Plot 8: Body Right Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Bottom Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.347 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.472 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg



0dB = 0.468 W/kg = -5.28 dBW/kg

Plot 9: Body Bottom Side (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 EGPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.643 W/kg

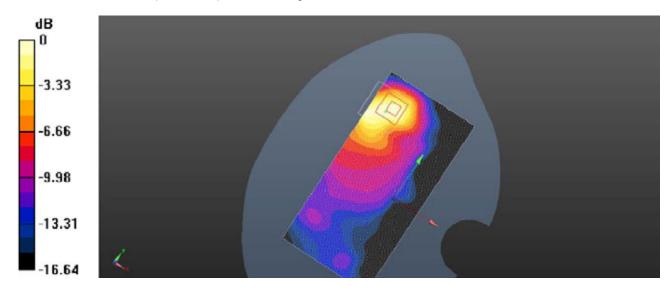
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.576 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.784 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.622 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.781 W/kg



0dB = 0.781 W/kg = -0.69 dBW/kg

Plot 10: Body Rear Side (GSM850 EGPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM850 Body (Speech) With Headset Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.73$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 W/kg

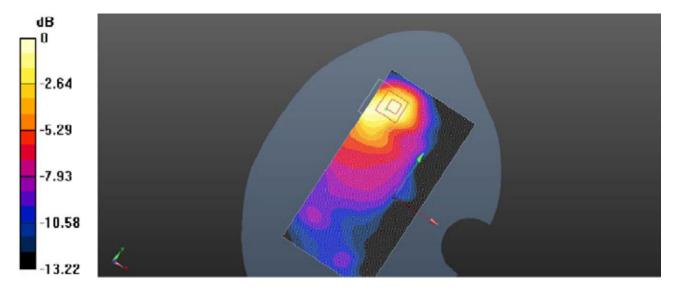
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.241 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.758 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.615 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 W/kg



0dB = 0.664 W/kg = -1.85 dBW/kg

Plot 11: Body Rear Side (GSM850 Specch With Headset Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.90$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 W/kg

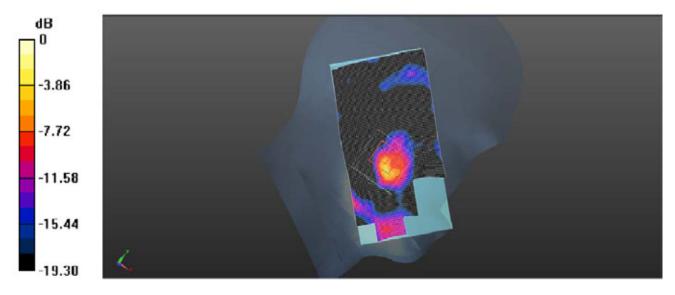
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.649 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg



0dB = 0.462 W/kg = -3.63 dBW/kg

Plot 12: Left Head Touch (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Left Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.367 W/kg

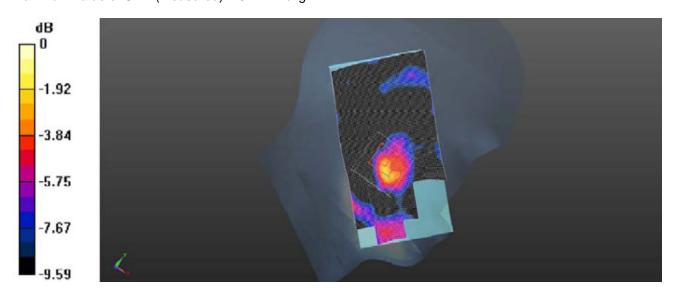
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.899 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.485 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.376 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.471 W/kg



0dB = 0.471 W/kg = -3.50 dBW/kg

Plot 13: Left Head Tilt (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Right Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 W/kg

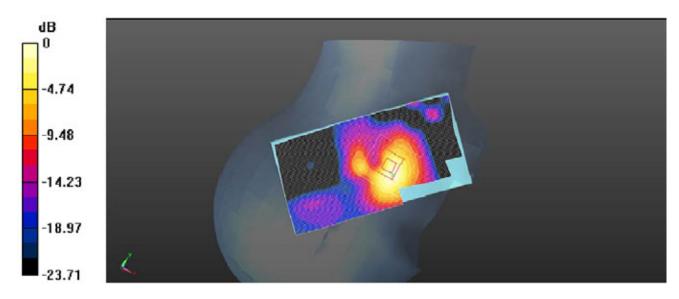
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.175 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.389 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.316 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.388 W/kg



0dB = 0.388 W/kg = -6.73 dBW/kg

Plot 14: Right Head Touch (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 Right Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.47$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

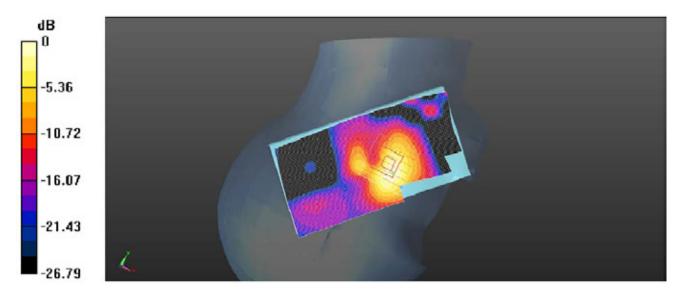
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.854 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.295 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 W/kg



0dB = 0.289 W/kg = -7.03 dBW/kg

Plot 15: Right Head Tilt (GSM1900 Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Front Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.32$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

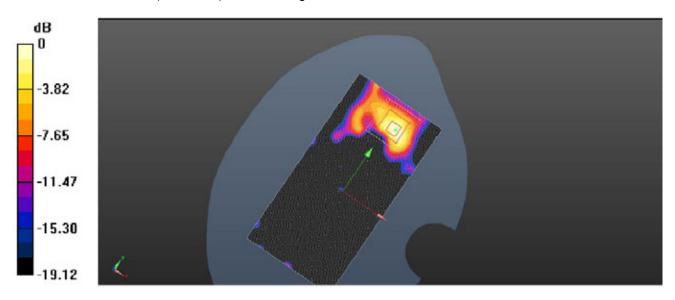
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.483 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.482 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg



0dB = 0.480 W/kg = -3.96 dBW/kg

Plot 16: Body Front Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 59 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.365 W/kg

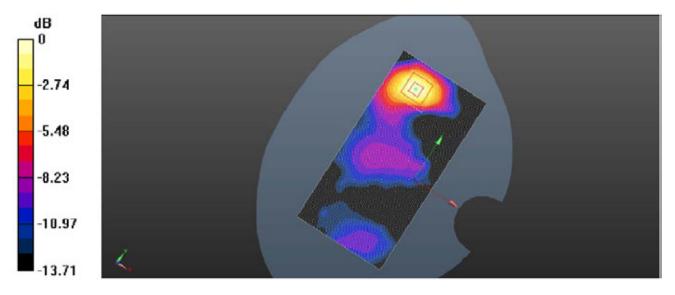
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.483 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.413 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg



0dB = 0.462 W/kg = -3.84 dBW/kg

Plot 17: Body Rear Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 60 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Left Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.29$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

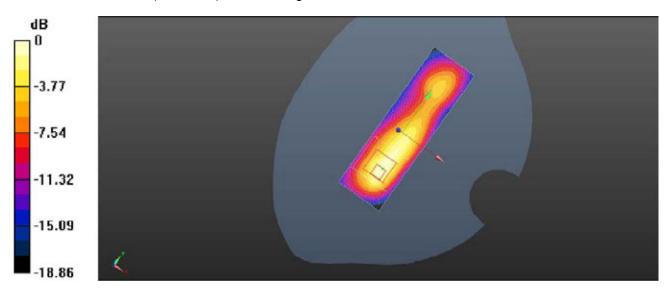
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.463 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.243 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 W/kg



0dB = 0.254 W/kg = -6.99 dBW/kg

Plot 18: Body Left Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 61 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Right Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.229 W/kg

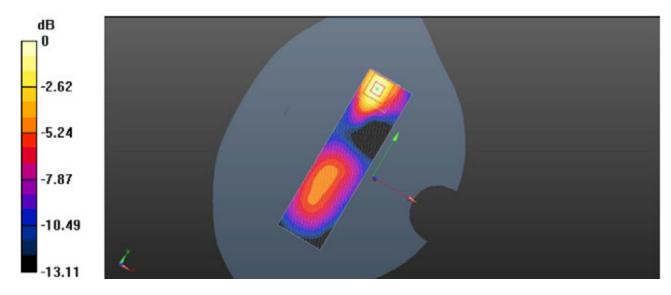
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.934 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 W/kg



0dB = 0.320 W/kg = -6.48 dBW/kg

Plot 19: Body Right Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 62 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body Bottom Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.18$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 W/kg

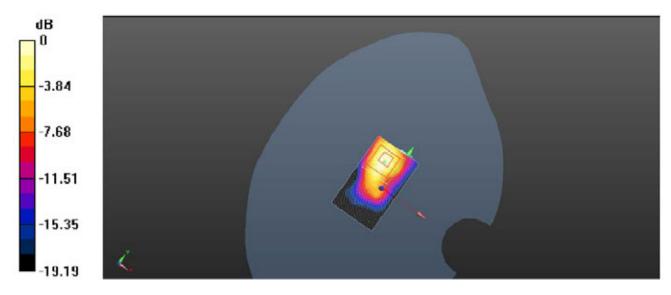
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.658 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.317 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.259 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 W/kg



0dB = 0.191 W/kg = -9.83 dBW/kg

Plot 20: Body Bottom Side (GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 63 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

GSM1900 EGPRS 2TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.347 W/kg

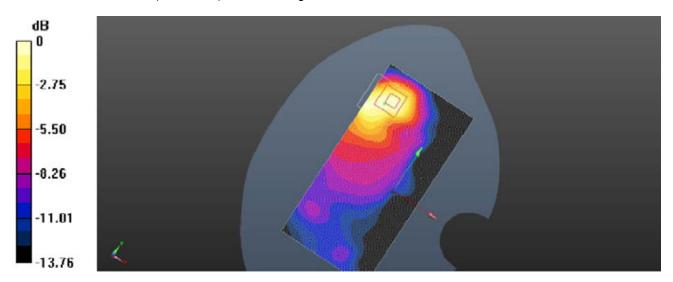
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.184 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.573 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.411 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg



0dB = 0.367 W/kg = -4.36 dBW/kg

Plot 21: Body Rear Side (GSM1900 EGPRS 2TS Middle Channel)

GSM1900 GPRS 2TS Body (Speech) With Headset Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 W/kg

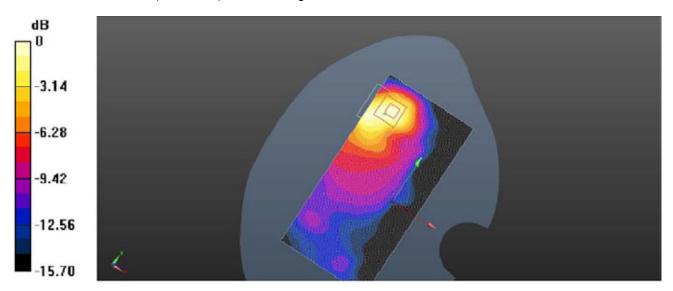
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.659 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.467 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.407 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 W/kg



0dB = 0.461 W/kg = -2.94 dBW/kg

Plot 22: Body Rear Side (GSM1900 Specch With Headset Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.02$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.281 W/kg

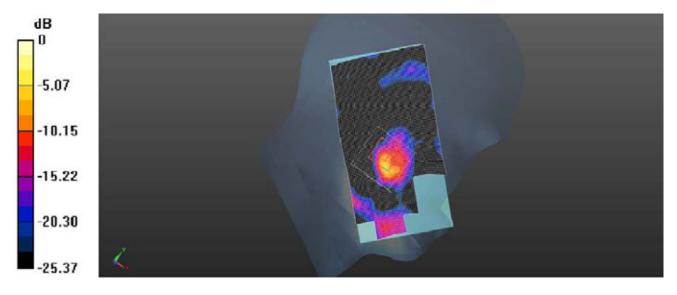
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.380 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.457 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.293 W/kg



0dB = 0.293 W/kg = -4.98 dBW/kg

Plot 23: Left Head Touch (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V Left Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.250 W/kg

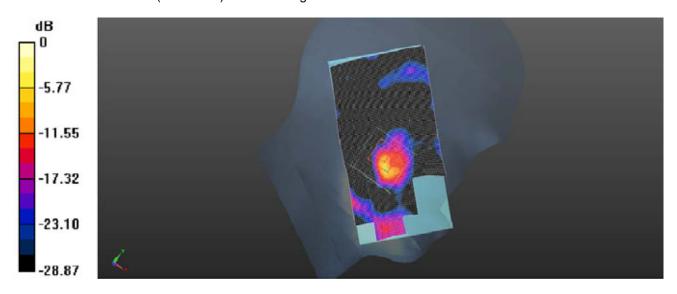
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.328 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.338 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.260 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 W/kg



0dB = 0.262 W/kg = -4.63 dBW/kg

Plot 24: Left Head Tilt (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V Right Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.218 W/kg

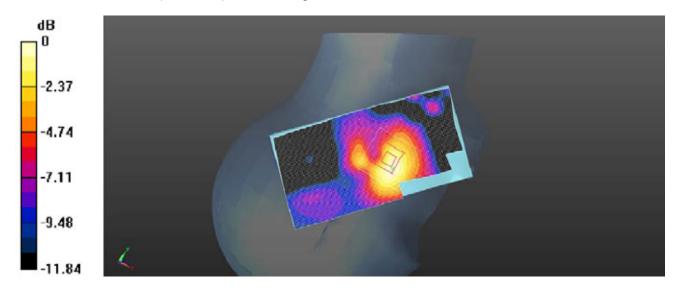
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.189 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.324 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.311 W/kg



0dB = 0.311 W/kg = -3.87 dBW/kg

Plot 25: Right Head Touch (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V Right Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.367 W/kg

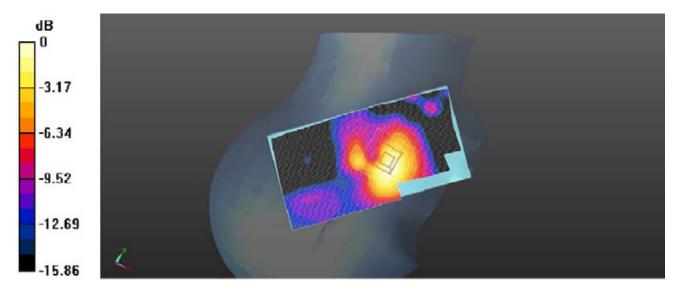
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.238 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 W/kg



0dB = 0.392 W/kg = -4.27 dBW/kg

Plot 26: Right Head Tilt (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V RMC Body Front Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.68$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

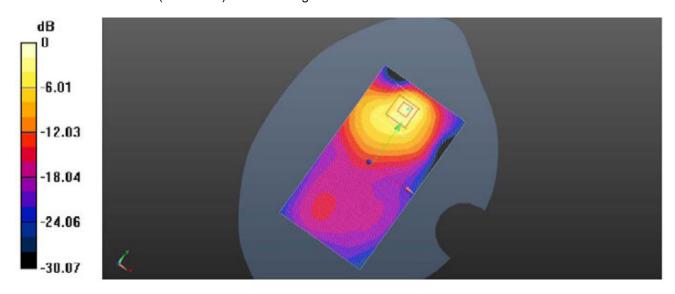
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.472 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 W/kg



0dB = 0.330 W/kg = -4.69 dBW/kg

Plot 27: Body Front Side (WCDMA Band V RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V RMC Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 W/kg

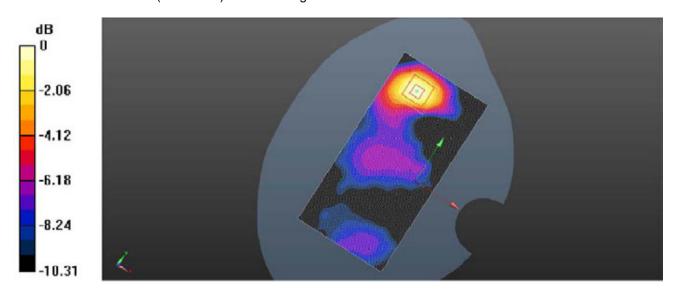
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.376 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.547 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.378 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.442 W/kg



0dB = 0.442 W/kg = -1.29 dBW/kg

Plot 28: Body Rear Side (WCDMA Band V RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V RMC Body Left Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.167 W/kg

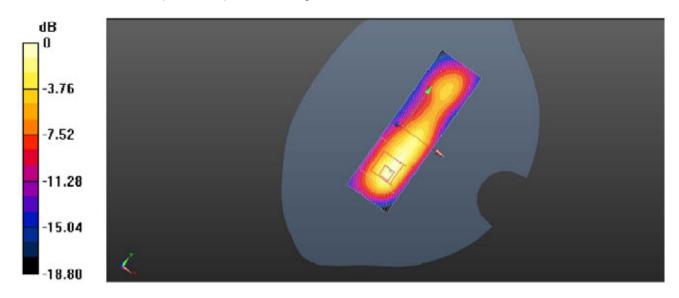
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.849 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.253 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 W/kg



0dB = 0.183 W/kg = -7.74 dBW/kg

Plot 29: Body Left Side (WCDMA Band V RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V RMC Body Right Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

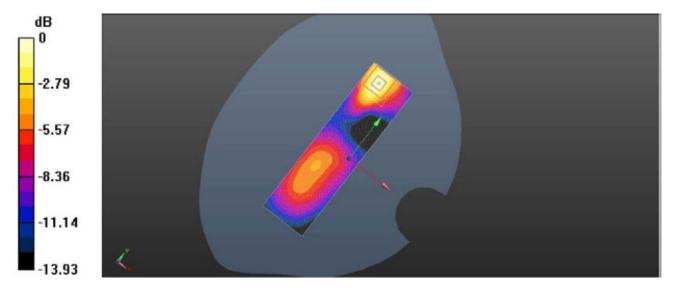
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.248 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 W/kg



0dB = 0.182 W/kg = -7.74 dBW/kg

Plot 30: Body Right Side (WCDMA Band V RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V RMC Body Bottom Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.18$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.195 W/kg

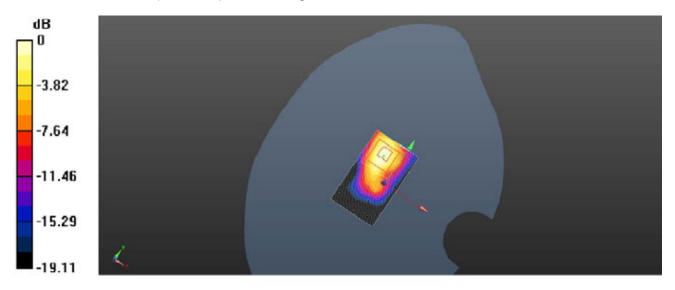
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.838 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.314 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 W/kg



0dB = 0.210 W/kg = -7.01 dBW/kg

Plot 31: Body Bottom Side (WCDMA Band V RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band V Body (Speech) With Headset Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.07$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.328 W/kg

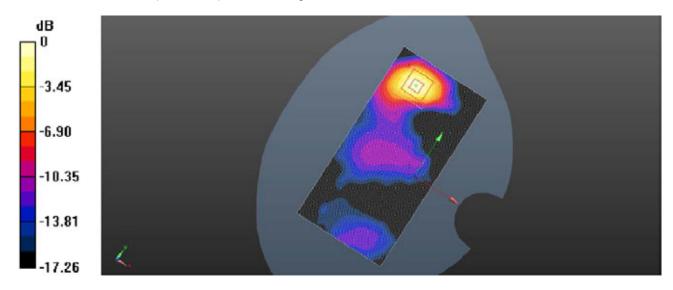
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.483 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.476 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 W/kg



0dB = 0.473 W/kg = -6.15 dBW/kg

Plot 32: Body Rear Side (WCDMA Band V Specch With Headset Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.90$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.225 W/kg

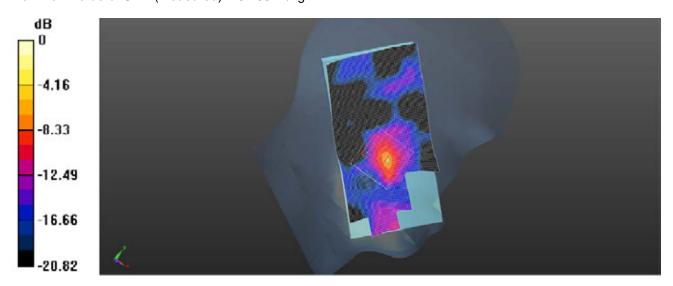
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.348 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.291 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.237 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 W/kg



0dB = 0.290 W/kg = -5.75 dBW/kg

Plot 33: Left Head Touch (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II Left Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.15$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 W/kg

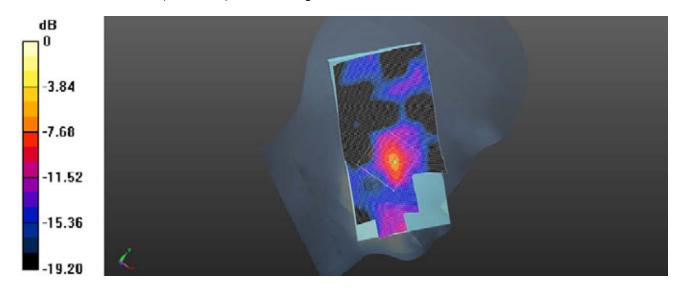
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.349 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 W/kg



0dB = 0.236 W/kg = -6.93 dBW/kg

Plot 34: Left Head Tilt (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II Right Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.193 W/kg

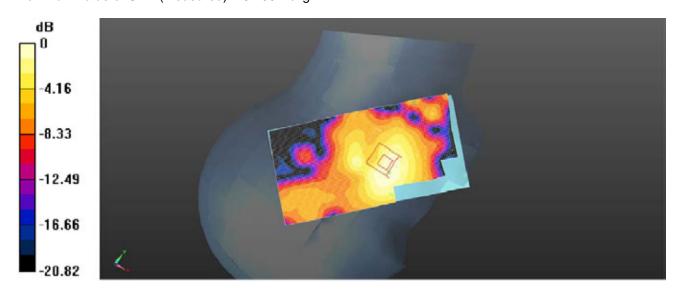
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.484 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 W/kg



0dB = 0.290 W/kg = -8.26 dBW/kg

Plot 35: Right Head Touch (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II Right Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.12$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Right Head Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.228 W/kg

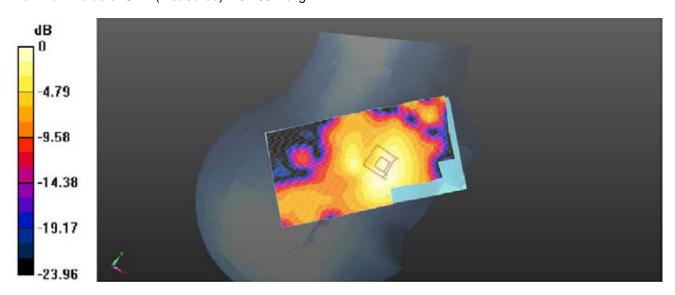
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.647 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.232 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 W/kg



0dB = 0.289 W/kg = -7.01 dBW/kg

Plot 36: Right Head Tilt (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II RMC Body Front Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.25$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 W/kg

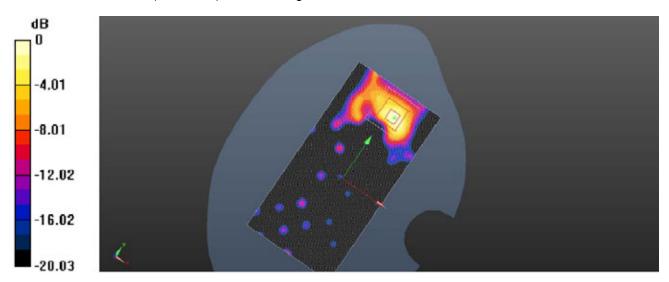
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.279 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 W/kg



0dB = 0.358 W/kg = -4.27 dBW/kg

Plot 37: Body Front Side (WCDMA Band II RMC Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 80 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

WCDMA Band II RMC Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.321 W/kg

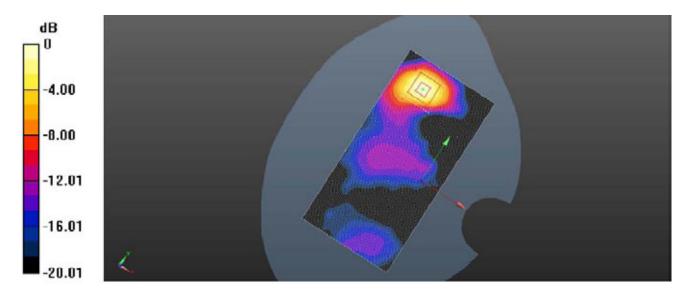
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.593 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.483 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.364 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg



0dB = 0.351 W/kg = -4.43 dBW/kg

Plot 38: Body Rear Side (WCDMA Band II RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II RMC Body Left Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.183 W/kg

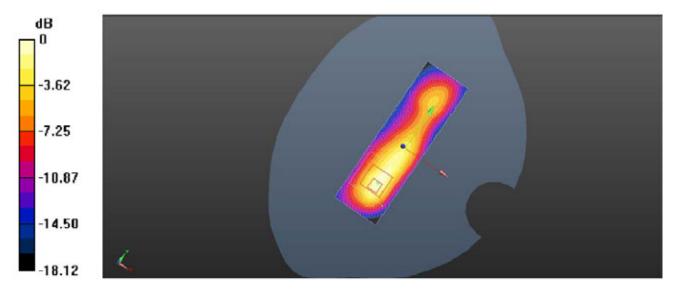
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.593 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.102 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg



0dB = 0.111 W/kg = -15.68 dBW/kg

Plot 39: Body Left Side (WCDMA Band II RMC Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 82 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

WCDMA Band II RMC Body Right Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.138 W/kg

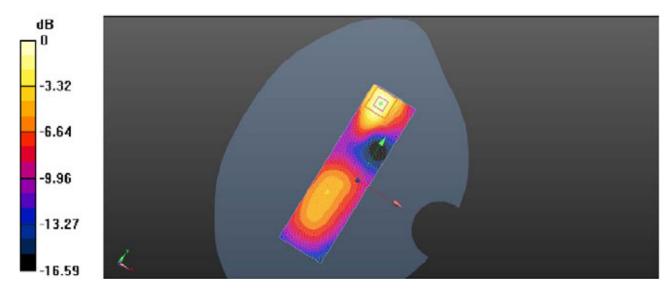
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.521 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.179 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.147 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg



0dB = 0.153 W/kg = -15.51 dBW/kg

Plot 40: Body Right Side (WCDMA Band II RMC Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 83 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

WCDMA Band II RMC Body Bottom Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.18$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 W/kg

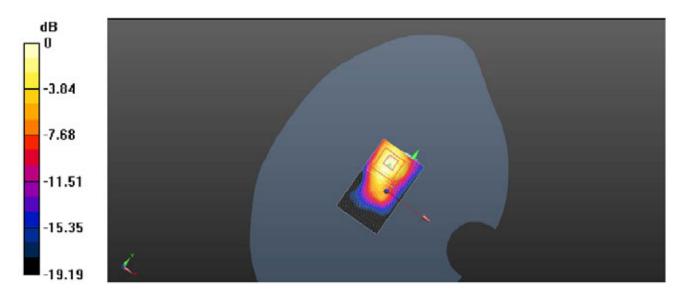
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.193 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.164 W/kg



0dB = 0.164 W/kg = -14.73 dBW/kg

Plot 41: Body Bottom Side (WCDMA Band II RMC Middle Channel)

WCDMA Band II RMC Body (Speech) With Headset Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 27/02/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.317 W/kg

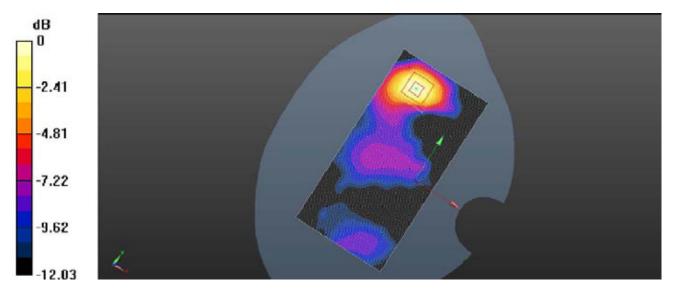
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.489 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.459 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.327 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 W/kg



0dB = 0.323 W/kg = -5.36 dBW/kg

Plot 42: Body Rear Side (WCDMA Band II Specch With Headset Middle Channel)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 85 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Left Head Cheek (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.12$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Head Section:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.210 W/kg

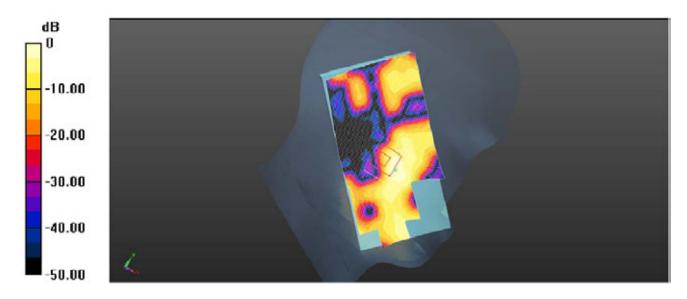
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.944V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 W/kg



0dB = 0.252 W/kg = -12.57 dB W/kg

Plot 43: Left Head Cheek (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 86 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Left Head Tilt (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.12$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Head Section:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.216 W/kg

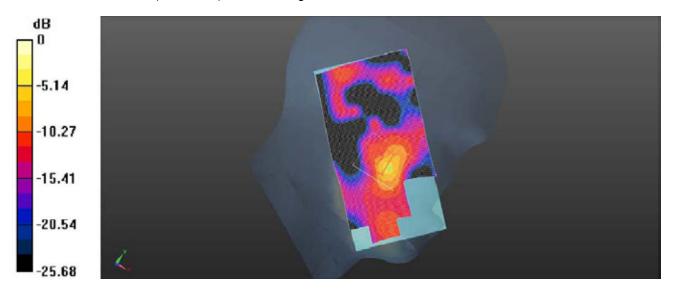
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.485 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.231 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 W/kg



0dB = 0.285 W/kg = -8.83 dB W/kg

Plot 44: Left Head Tilt (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 87 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Right Head Cheek (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.12$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Head Section:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 W/kg

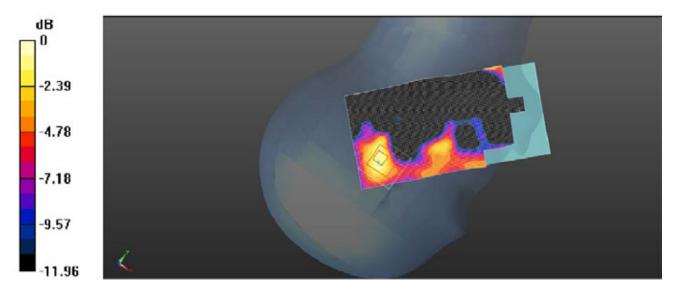
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.391 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.285 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.201 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 W/kg



0dB = 0.281 W/kg = -9.19 dB W/kg

Plot 45: Right Head Cheek (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Right Head Tilt (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.79 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.12$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Head Section:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.166 W/kg

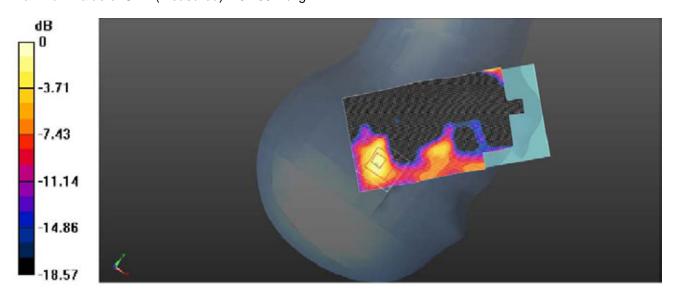
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.526 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.195 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.198 W/kg



0dB = 0.198 W/kg = -14.15 dBW/kg

Plot 46: Right Head Tilt (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 89 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Body- worn Front Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.269 W/kg

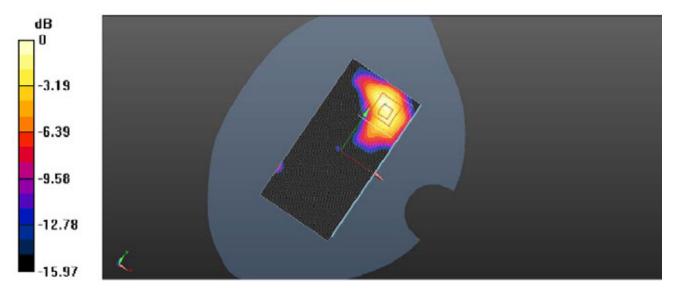
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.882 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 W/kg



0dB = 0.368 W/kg = -4.64 dBW/kg

Plot 47: Body- worn Front Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 90 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Body- worn Rear Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.328 W/kg

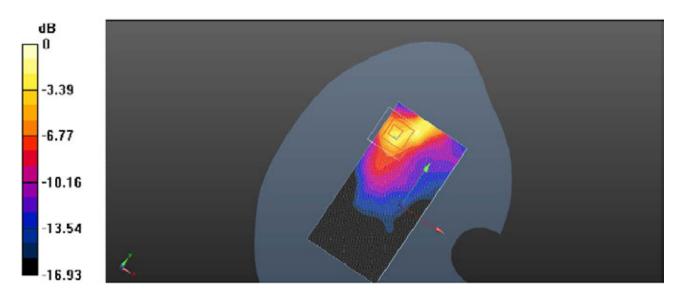
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.492 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.424 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.353 W/kg



0dB = 0.353 W/kg = -4.78 dBW/kg

Plot 48: Body- worn Rear Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 91 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Body- worn Left Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 W/kg

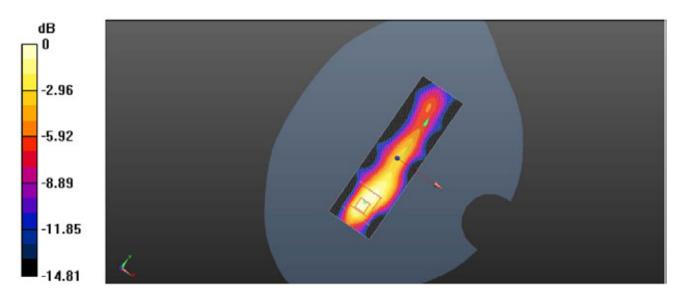
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.648 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.356 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.351 W/kg



0dB = 0.351 W/kg = -5.86 dBW/kg

Plot 49: Body- worn Left Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 92 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Body- worn Top Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Body-worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.25, 4.25, 4.25); Calibrated: 24/02/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

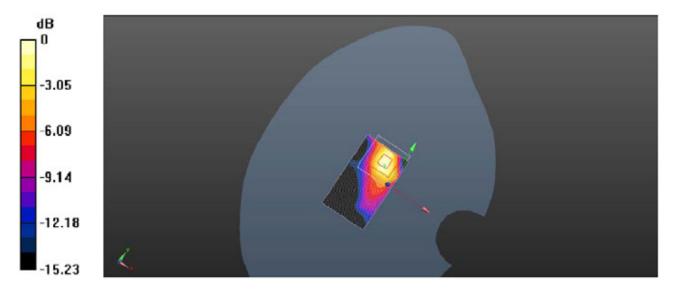
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.024 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.268 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



0dB = 0.263 W/kg = -8.07 dBW/kg

Plot 50: Body- worn Top Side (WLAN2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Page 93 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18 Report No.: TRE1312003107

6. Calibration Certificate

6.1. Probe Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CIQ SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Feb13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 24, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-12 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-12 (No. DAE4-654_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-12)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Name Function Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: February 27, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8034 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z ConvF DCP

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal CF A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques', December 2003 IEC 62209-', "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close

proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y.z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Soundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 95 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

ES3DV3 - SN:3292

February 24, 2013

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3292

Manufactured:

July 6, 2010

Calibrated:

February 24, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Feb13

Page 3 of 11

February 24, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.81	0.90	1.18	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	105.9	104.7	102.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	WR mV	Unc (k=2)
10000 CV	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.3	±2.2 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	94.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	108.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

February 24, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	6.71	6.71	6.71	0.15	1.80	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.26	2.19	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.29	2.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.80	1.17	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.63	1.38	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.63	1.50	± 12.0 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

February 24, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

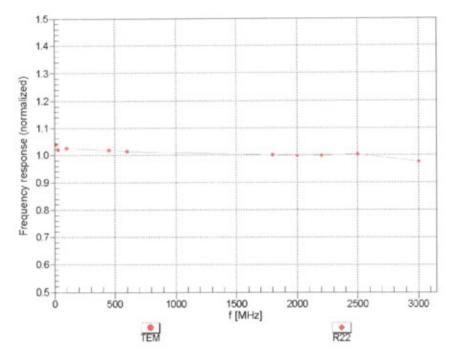
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.09	1.00	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.42	1.57	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.48	1.49	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.62	1.42	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1,52	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.47	1.75	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.70	1.39	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.80	1.03	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. A: frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

February 24, 2013

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



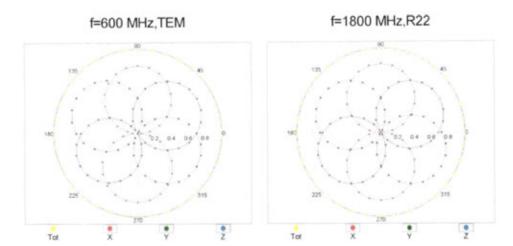
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

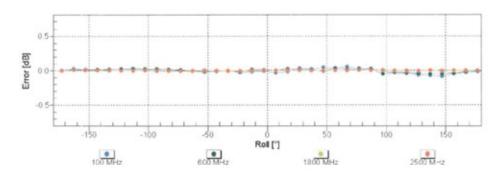
Issued:2013-12-18

ES3DV3-SN:3292

February 24, 2013

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

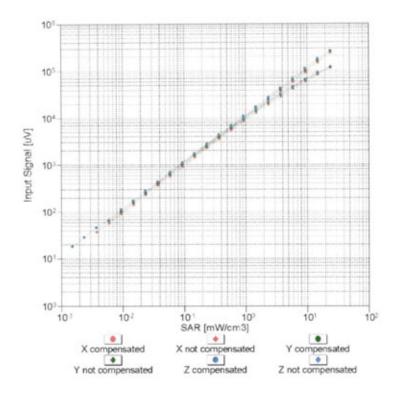
Report No.: TRE1312003107

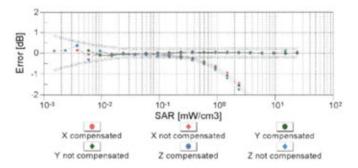
Issued:2013-12-18

ES3DV3-SN:3292

February 24, 2013

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

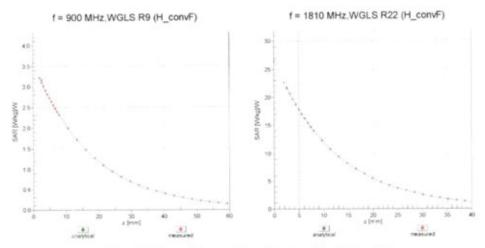




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

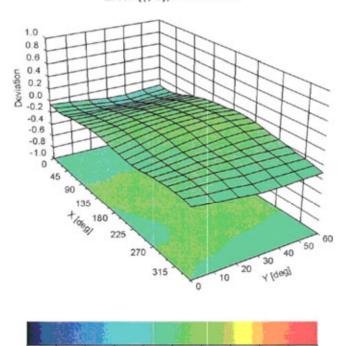
ES3DV3- SN:3292 February 24, 2013

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



0.0 0.2

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

0.4

0.8

-1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2

Report No.: TRE1312003107

February 24, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3292

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Senscr X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Feb13

Page 11 of 11

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 104 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

6.2. D835V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CALIBRATION C	ZITTII TOATE	The Property of the Property of the Party of	
Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	134	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	February 27, 201	3	
		ional standards, which realize the physical un erobability are given on the following pages an	에 위한 경험 경험 이 경험에 비롯되었다면 하면 이 이 이 기업을 하는데 있다.
		ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C	C and humidity < 70%.
alibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
alibration Equipment used (M&		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13
alibration Equipment used (M&1 rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A	TE critical for calibration)		Scheduled Calibration
alibration Equipment used (M&1 rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13
alibration Equipment used (M&1 rimary Standards ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A eference 20 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13
rimary Standards rower meter EPM-442A rower sensor HP 8481A reference 20 dB Attenuator rype-N mismatch combination	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13
rimary Standards fower meter EPM-442A fower sensor HP 8481A ference 20 dB Attenuator fype-N mismatch combination ference Probe ES3DV3	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13
calibration Equipment used (M&Trimary Standards Tower meter EPM-442A Tower sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13
Calibration Equipment used (M&Content of the Content of the Conten	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check
Calibrations have been conducted. Calibration Equipment used (M&Terimary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 05-Oct-12 (No. 217-01451) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01368) 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01371) 30-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 04-Jul-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-13 Jul-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 105 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 106 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 = 0.2) °C	41.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.37 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.11 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.7 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		****

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.49 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	concition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.26 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 107 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7 Ω - 2.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.1 Ω - 4.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.398 ns
	1/378557775578

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 22, 2011

Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 108 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2012

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

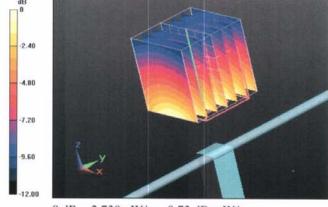
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.043 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.4280

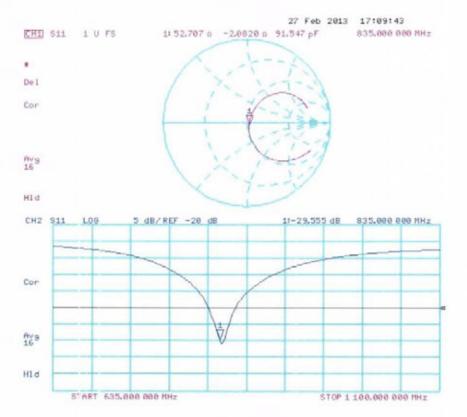
SAR(1 g) = 2.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.725 mW/g



0 dB = 2.730 mW/g = 8.72 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Report No.: TRE1312003107 Page 110 of 140 Issued:2013-12-18

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2012

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2012

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.902 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5280

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.838 mW/g



0 dB = 2.840 mW/g = 9.07 dB mW/g