

FCC SAR

TEST REPORT

of

Mobile Phone

Model Name:

G28i

Trade Name:

G-TIDE

Report No .:

SZ10090153S01

FCC ID.:

YROG28I

prepared for

Z.T.S. International Industrial Co. Ltd

12 BC Jinrun Building, chegongmiao, Shennan Road , Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong China

prepared by

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Morlab Laboratory

3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

Tel: +86.755.86130398 Fax: +86.755.86130218















NOTE: This test report can be duplicated completely for the legal use with the approval of the applicant; it shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory. Any objections should be raised to us within thirty workdays since the date of issue.



Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	4
1.1. Notes	4
1.2. Organization item	4
1.3. Conclusion	4
2. TESTING LABORATORY	5
2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory	5
2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location	5
2.3. Accreditation Certificate	5
2.4. List of Test Equipments	5
3. TECHNICAL INFORMATION	6
3.1. Identification of Applicant	6
3.2. Identification of Manufacturer	6
3.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)	6
3.3.1. Photographs of the EUT	7
3.3.2. Identification of all used EUTs	7
3.4. Applied Reference Documents	7
3.5. Device Category and SAR Limits	7
3.6. Test Environment/Conditions	8
4. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	9
4.1 Introduction	9
4.2 SAR Definition	9
5. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	10
5.1. The Measurement System	10
5.2. Probe	11
5.3. Phantom	13
5.4. Device Holder	13
6. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	14
7. UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT	16
7.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST	16





7.2. UNCERTAIN	NTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK	17
8. SAR MEASUR	EMENT EVALUATION	19
8.1. System Setup)	19
8.2. Validation Re	esults	19
9. OPERATIONA	L CONDITIONS DURING TEST	20
9.1. Informations	on the testing	20
9.2. Measurement	t procedure	21
9.3. Description o	f interpolation/extrapolation scheme	21
10. TEST RESULT	S LIST	22
ANNEX A	ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE	23
ANNEX B	PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT	24
ANNEX C	GRAPH TEST RESULTS	27

	Change History					
Issue Date Reason for change						
1.0	Oct. 20, 2010	First edition				





1. General Information

1.1. Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the information specified in section 3.3. Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the identification. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publications of extracts from the test report requires the prior written approval of Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory. The test report shall be invalid without all the signatures of testing the Project Manager, the Deputy Project Manager and the Test Lab Manager. Any objections must be raised to Morlab within 30 days since the date when the report is received. It will not be taken into consideration beyond this limit.

1.2. Organization item

Report No .:

SZ10090153S01

Date of Issue:

Oct. 20, 2010

Date of Tests:

Oct. 12, 2010 -Oct. 12, 2010

Responsible for Accreditation:

Shu Luan

Project Manager:

Li Lei

Deputy Project Manager:

Samuel Peng

1.3. Conclusion

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory has verified that all tests as listed in the section 10 of this report haven been performed successfully with the tested equipment.

Samuel Peng

Tested by

Reviewed by

(Responsible for the Test Report) Certification (Verification of the Test Report)

Shu Luan

Approved by

(Responsible Test Lab Manager)



2. Testing Laboratory

2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Department: Morlab Laboratory

Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

Responsible Test Lab Manager: Mr. Shu Luan
Telephone: +86 755 86130268
Facsimile: +86 755 86130218

2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

Morlab Laboratory

Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

2.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

2.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Туре	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2010-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2010-9-24	1 year
4	Synthetizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2010-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2010-9-24	1 year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2010-9-24	1 year
7	Probe	Antennessa (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2010-9-24	1 year
8	Phantom	Antennessa (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2010-9-24	1 year
9	Liquid	Antennessa (Last Calibration:21 08 21)	2010-8-21	1 year



3. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

3.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Z.T.S. International Industrial Co. Ltd

Address: 12 BC Jinrun Building, chegongmiao, Shennan Road, Futian

District, Shenzhen Guangdong China

3.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name: Z.T.S. International Industrial Co. Ltd

Address: 12 BC Jinrun Building, chegongmiao, Shennan Road, Futian

District, Shenzhen Guangdong China

3.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Brand Name: G-TIDE
Type Name: G-TIDE
Marking Name: G28i
Hardware Version: (n.a)
Software Version: (n.a)

Frequency Bands: GSM 850MHz (channel 128:824.20MHz, channel 190:836.6MHz,

channel 251:848.8MHz)

PCS 1900MHz (channel 512:1850.2MHz, channel 661:1880.00MHz,

channel 810:1909.80MHz)

Modulation Mode: GSM / GPRS : GMSK

Multislot Class GPRS: Multislot Class 12: EDGE:(n.a)

GPRS operation mode: Class B

Antenna type: Fixed Internal Antenna Development Stage: Identical prototype

Battery Model: G28i

Battery specification: 750mAh 3.7V



3.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

3.3.2. Identification of all used EUTs

The EUT Identity consists of numerical and letter characters (see the table below), the first five numerical characters indicates the Type of the EUT defined by Morlab, the next letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicates the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	(n.a)	(n.a)

3.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title			
1	47 CFR § 2. 1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices			
2	FCC OET	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human			
	Bulletin 65	Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields			
	(Edition 97-01),				
	Supplement C				
	(Edition 01-01)				
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human			
		Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to			
		300 GHz			
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average			
		Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to			
		Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.			

3.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.



3.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT): 20 ... 25 °C Relative Humidity: 30 ... 75 %

Air Pressure: 980 ... 1020 hPa
Details of Power Supply: 220V/50Hz AC

Extreme Temperature: Low Temperature (LT) = -10° C

High Temperature (HT) = 55° C

Extreme Voltage of the EUT: Normal Voltage (NV) = 3.70V

Low Voltage (LV) = 3.60VHigh Voltage (HV) = 4.20V

Test frequency: GSM 850MHz

PCS 1900MHz

Operation mode: Call established

Power Level: GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5)

PCS 1900 MHz Maximum output power(level 0)

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz, The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.



4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

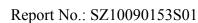
$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.





5. SAR Measurement Setup

5.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.



5.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm

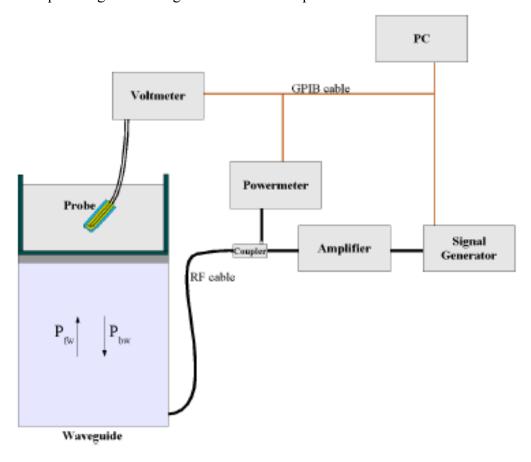
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB

- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.





$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

1 = Skin depth Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

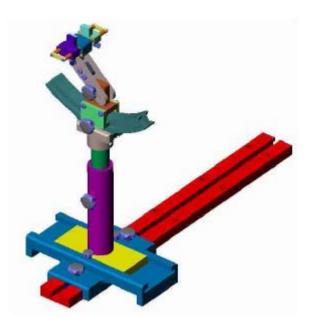


5.3. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

5.4. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material Permittivity		Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005



6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of GSM 800MHz PCS 1900MHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR).

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for one liter of head tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 850MHz and 1900 MHz.

Ingredients	Frequency Band	Frequency Band
(% by weight)	835MHz	1900MHz
Tissue Type	Head	Head
Water	41.45	55.36
Salt(NaCl)	1.45	0.35
Sugar	56.0	30.45
HEC	1.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.0
Triton	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	13.84
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0
Dielectric Constant	42.45	41.00
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91	1.38

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.							
/	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)				
Target value	835 MHZ	41.5	0.90				
Validation value (Oct. 12)	835 MHZ	40.490002	0.933918				
Target value	1900 MHZ	40	1.40				



Validation value (Oct. 12)	1900 MHZ	38.930000	1.321229



7. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

7.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

		1		1	1	1		1	
a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h=	i=	k
							c*f/e	c*g/e	<u> </u>
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci	1g Ui	10g Ui	V
		(+-	Dist.			(10g)	(+-%)	(+-%)	i
		%)							
Measurement System	T	T	T	T	1	Т	T	1	1
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R				1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R				1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	T_
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N -
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	1
Output power Variation - SAR	6.6.2	2.74	R	-	1	1	1.58	1.58	-
drift measurement									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	3		•		<u> </u>	•		<u> </u>	



	1	1	T	Т		-	1	1	
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
thickness tolerances)									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R		0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R		0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.10	10.56	
Expanded Uncertainty			k				21.65	20.59	
(95% Confidence interval)									

7.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e=f(d,k)	f	g	h=	i=	k
							c*f/e	c*g/e	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci	1g Ui	10g Ui	V
		(+-	Dist.			(10g)	(+-%)	(+-%)	i
		%)							
Measurement System	1	_	_		1			_	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R				1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R				1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Tolerance Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max.	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	



SAR Evaluation									
Dipole					•			•	
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N		1	1	0.58	0.58	N
									-
									1
Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	2.74	R		1	1	1.58	1.58	
measurement									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	S								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
thickness tolerances)									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R		0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R		0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9.93	9.32	
Expanded Uncertainty			k				19.36	18.17	
(95% Confidence interval)									



8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

8.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

name	Type and specification			
Signal generator	E4433B			
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz			
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)			
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99			
	1800MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 101			

8.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by Satimo, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Frequency	835MHz	1900MHz	
Target value (1g)	9.805 W/Kg	39.32 W/Kg	
250 mW input power	2.226 W/Kg	9.689 W/Kg	
Test value (1g)	8.904 W/Kg	38.756 W/Kg	

Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 52-57.



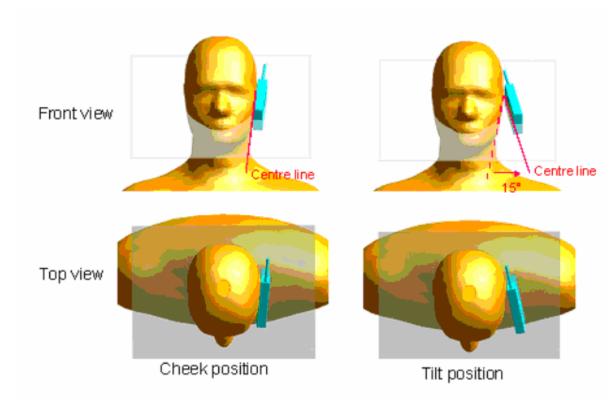


9. Operational Conditions During Test

9.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the "cheek" and "tilted" positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the "cheek" position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the "tilted" position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the "cheek" position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.



9.2. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface

- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

9.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.



10. Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band) SAR Values (GSM 850MHz Band), Measured against the head.

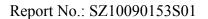
Temperature: 22.0~22.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.							
Limit of SAD (W//rg)	1 g Average						
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1.6						
	Measurement Result (W/kg)						
Test Case	1 g Average	Power level					
	(W/kg)	(dBm)					
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.434	32.98					
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.322	32.98					
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.311	32.98					
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.317	32.98					

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)

SAR Values (GSM 1900MHz Band), Measured against the head.

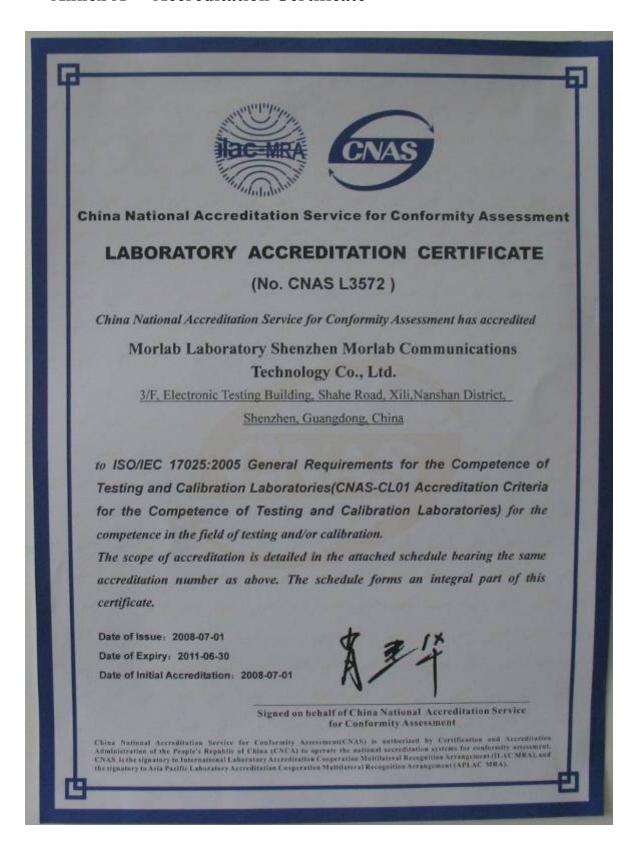
Temperature: 22.0~22.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Limit of SAD (W//rg)	1 g A	1 g Average				
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1.6					
	Measurement Result (W/kg)					
Test Case	1 g Average	Power level				
	(W/kg)	(dBm)				
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.673	29.65				
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.719	29.65				
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.605	29.65				
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.629	29.65				

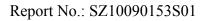
- 1. Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is \leq 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.
- 2. There are no body worn configurations (e.g. belt-clips, holsters or similar accessories), then body SAR is not required.





Annex A Accreditation Certificate







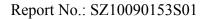
Annex B Photographs of the EUT

1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



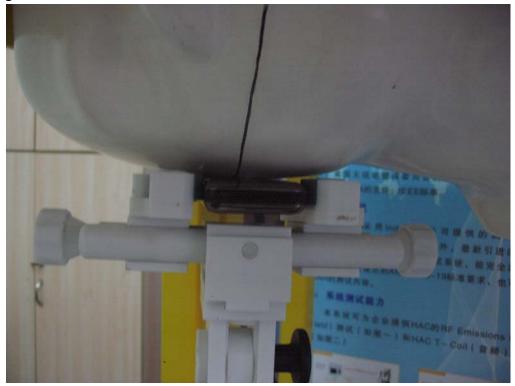
2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position





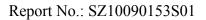


3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position



4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position







Liquid Level Photo





Annex C Graph Test Results

	BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>		
<u>TYPE</u>	GSM850	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 2: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 3: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 4: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode		
	GSM1900	Measurement 5: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 6: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 7: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 8: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode		



MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

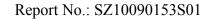
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	GSM850		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	GSM		

B. SAR Measurement Results

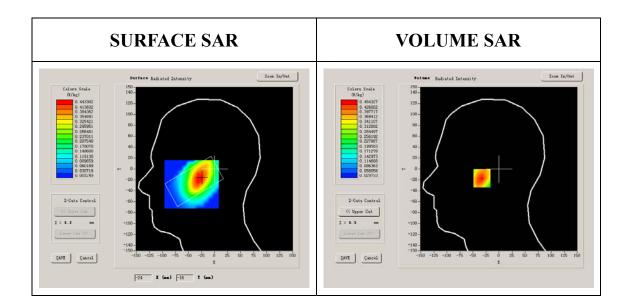
Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976		
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998		
Relative permittivity	19.120001		





Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655		
Power Drift (%)	-3.390000		
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C		
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196		
Crest factor:	1:8		



Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=-17.00

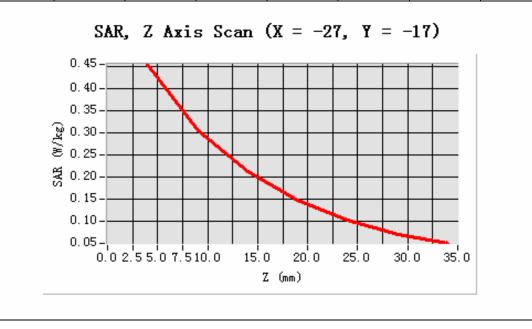
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.283068
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.433983

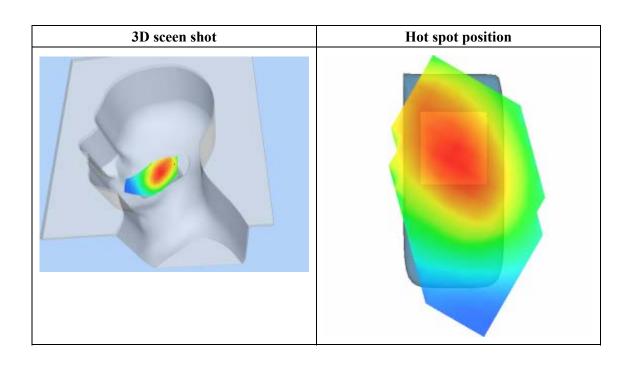




Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.4543	0.3053	0.2116	0.1475	0.1029	0.0702
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

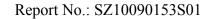
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Tilt			
Band	GSM850			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	GSM			

B. SAR Measurement Results

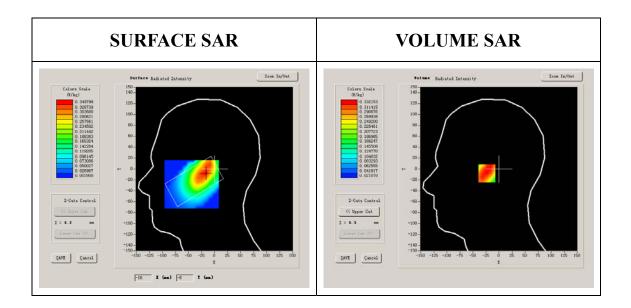
Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976		
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998		
Relative permittivity	19.120001		





Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655			
Power Drift (%)	-2.780000			
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C			
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C			
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196			
Crest factor:	1:8			



Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=-8.00

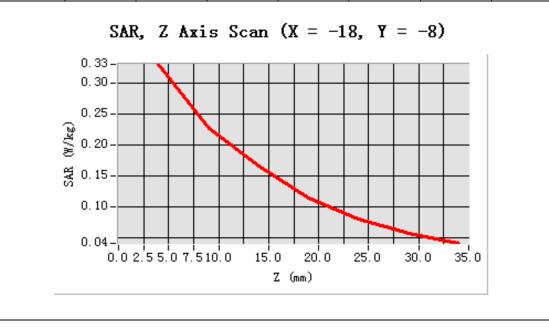
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.220133		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.321824		

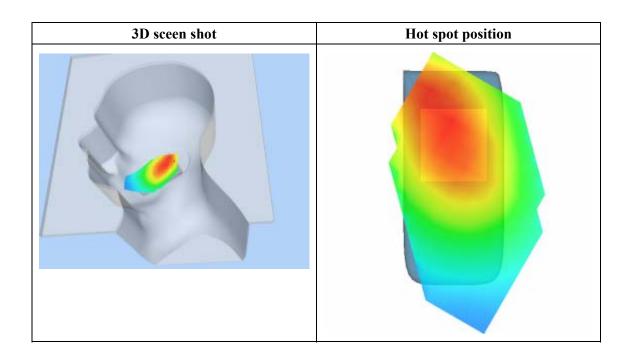




Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.3311	0.2274	0.1674	0.1152	0.0812	0.0569
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 22 seconds

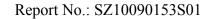
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
Phantom	Left head				
Device Position	Cheek				
Band	GSM850				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	GSM				

B. SAR Measurement Results

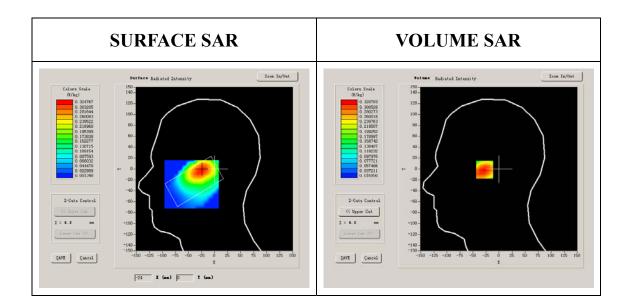
Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976		
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998		
Relative permittivity	19.120001		



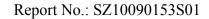


Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655			
Power Drift (%)	0.580000			
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C			
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C			
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196			
Crest factor:	1:8			



Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-1.00

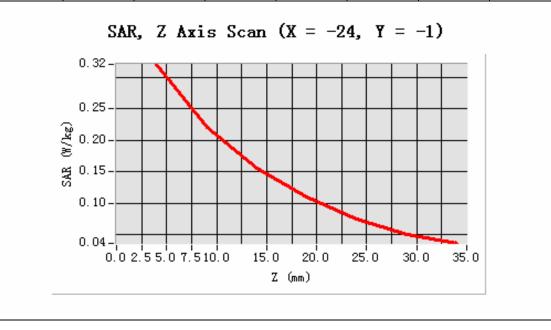
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.208829		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.311081		

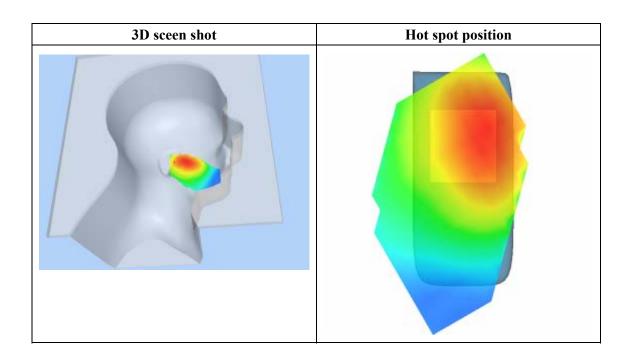




Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.3208	0.2214	0.1564	0.1097	0.0750	0.0513
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

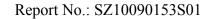
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 25 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

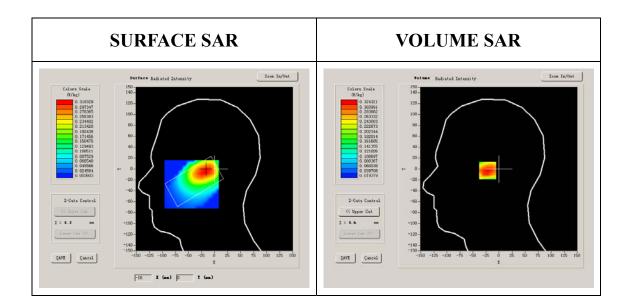
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001





Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power Drift (%)	-1.120000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:8



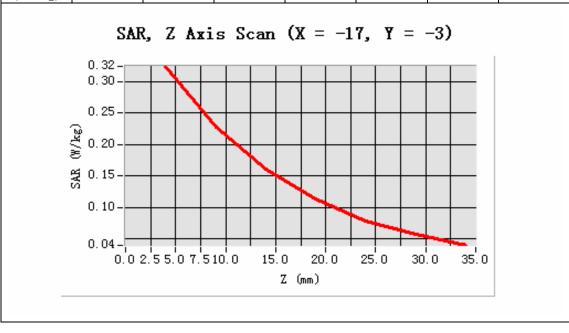
Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=-3.00

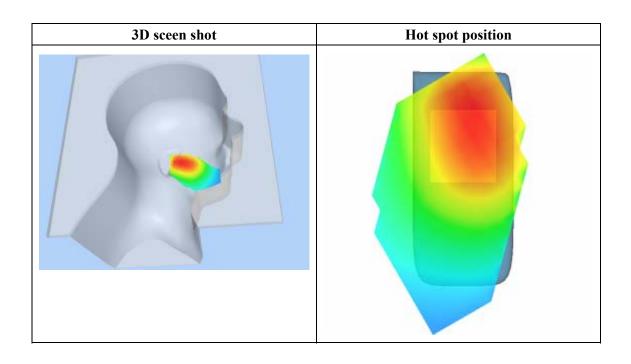
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.206973
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.317242





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.3243	0.2282	0.1605	0.1132	0.0786	0.0568
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

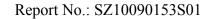
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 25 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

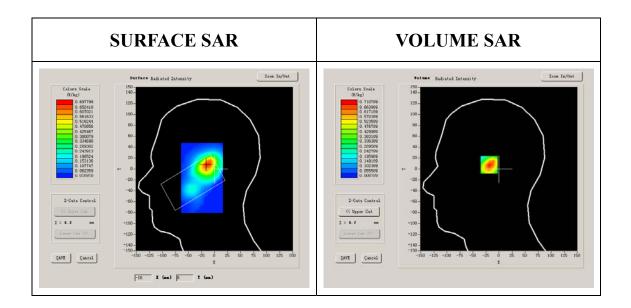
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000





Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	0.710000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8



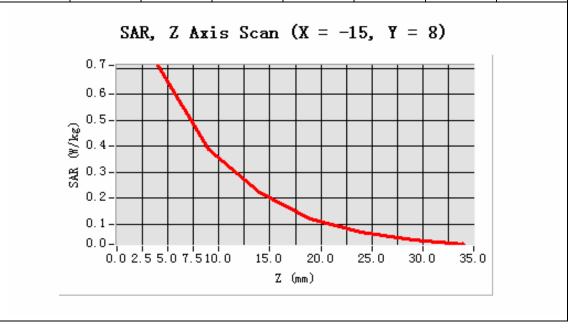
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=8.00

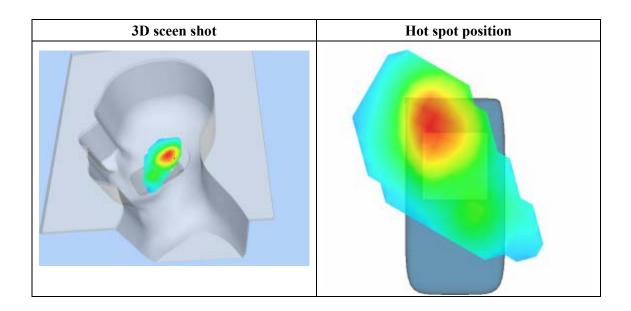
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.364189	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.673152	





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.7108	0.3903	0.2218	0.1209	0.0709	0.0390
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

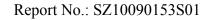
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 23 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

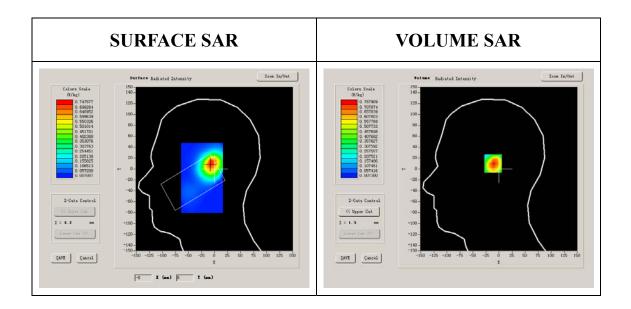
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000



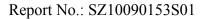


Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	-0.620000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8



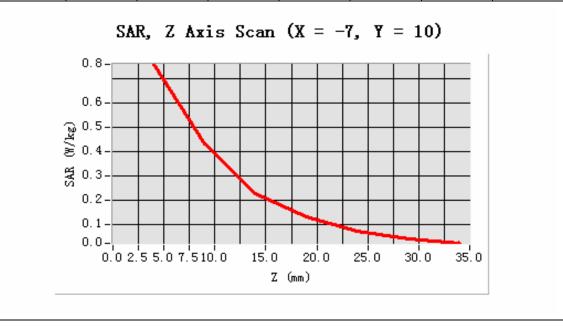
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=10.00

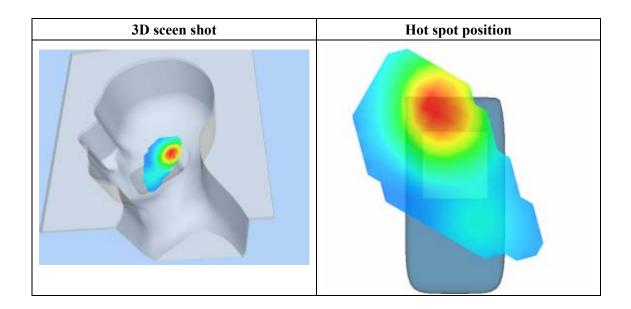
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.387297
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.718963





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.7579	0.4343	0.2306	0.1332	0.0754	0.0436
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

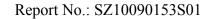
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 23 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

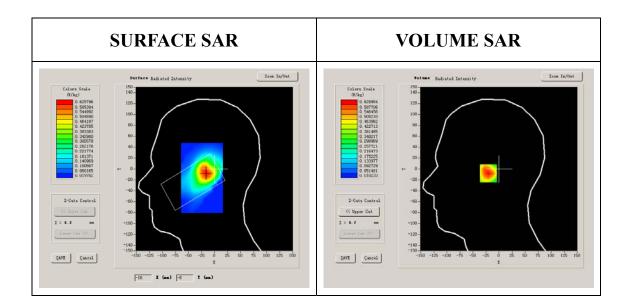
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000





Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	0.690000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8



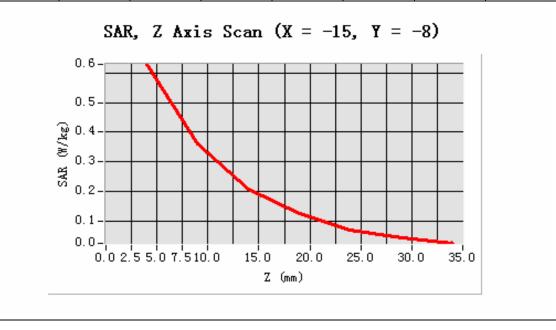
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-8.00

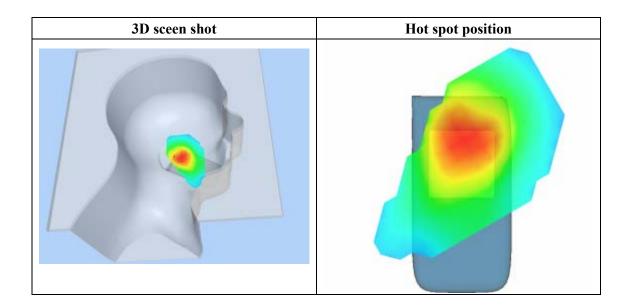
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.345396
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.605352





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.6290	0.3594	0.2062	0.1249	0.0714	0.0435
(W/Kg)							







MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

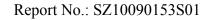
Measurement duration: 7 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

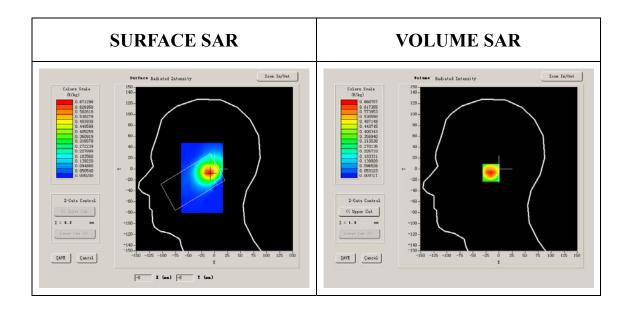
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000





Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	0.770000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8



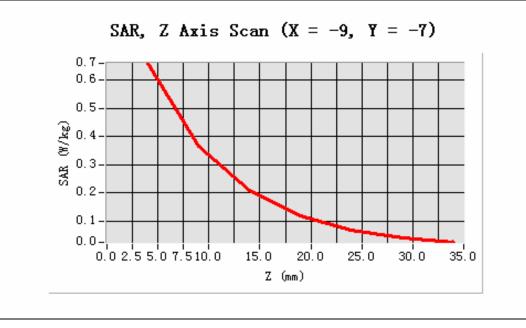
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-7.00

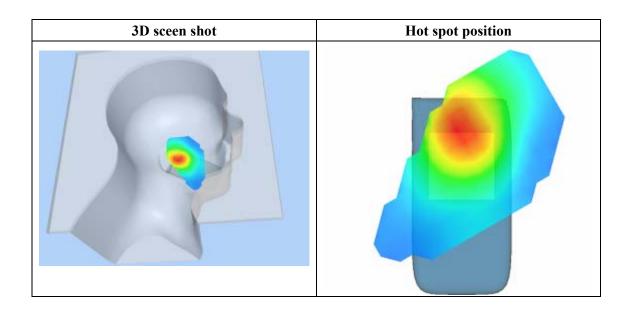
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.346131
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.629046

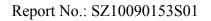




Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.6608	0.3638	0.2074	0.1198	0.0662	0.0401
(W/Kg)							









System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

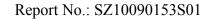
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	835MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

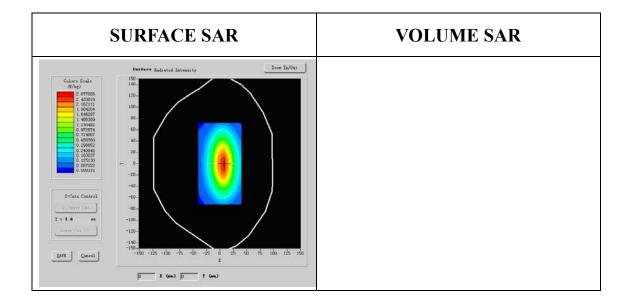
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.490002	
Relative permittivity	15.070000	





Conductivity (S/m)	0.933918		
Power Drift (%)	-0.050000		
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C		
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C		
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196		
Crest factor:	1:1		



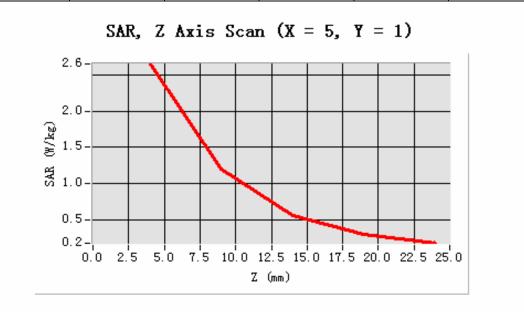
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

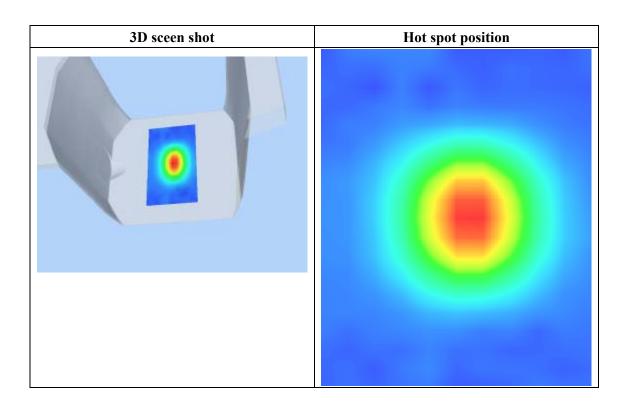
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.353771	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.226465	

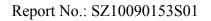




Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.6486	1.2069	0.5583	0.3002









System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 12/10/2010

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

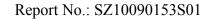
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	1800MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

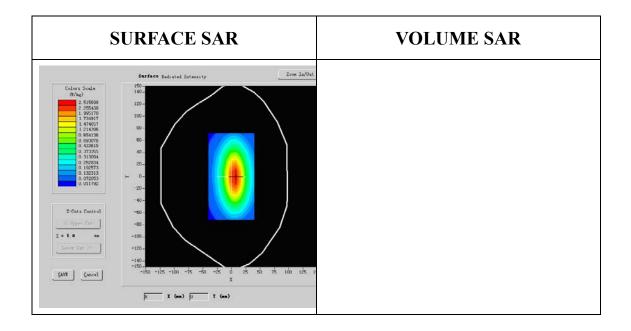
Band SAR:

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.930000	
Relative permittivity	15.070000	





Conductivity (S/m)	1.321229	
Power Drift (%)	-0.140000	
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C	
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C	
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721	
Crest factor:	1:1	



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.573453	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.689324	





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.8536	1.3061	0.6041	0.3211

