REPORT NO: UL-SAR-RP10488894JD03B V3.0 Issue Date: 24 May 2016

12.2. System Check Plots – A1490

This appendix contains the following system validation distribution scans.

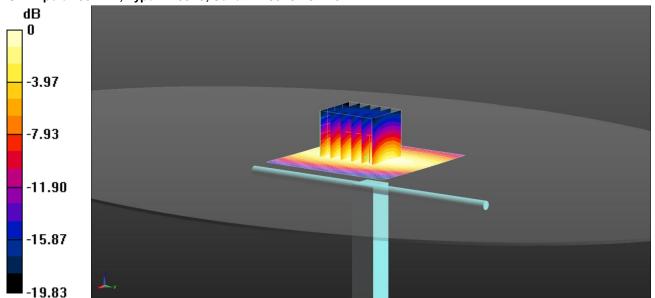
Scan Reference Number	Title	
001	System Performance Check 750MHz Body 28 04 15	
002	System Performance Check 900MHz Body 27 04 15	
003	System Performance Check 1800MHz Body 05 05 15	
004	System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 30 04 15	
005	System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 05 05 15	
006	System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 07 05 15	
007	007 System Performance Check 5250 MHz Body 05 05 15	
008	System Performance Check 5600 MHz Body 05 05 15	
009	009 System Performance Check 5750 MHz Body 05 05 15	

Report. No.: 3.0

001: System Performance Check 750MHz Body 28 04 15

Date: 28/04/15

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1011



Issue Date: 24 May 2016

0 dB = 2.31 W/kg = 3.64 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.918 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.635; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.32, 6.32, 6.32); Calibrated: 22/05/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/03/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

SAR/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=10.0mm (ET-Probe) 2/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.31 W/kg

SAR/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=10.0mm (ET-Probe) 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

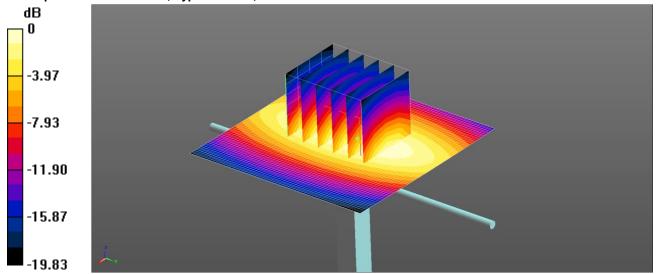
Reference Value = 52.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.34 W/kg 002: System Performance Check 900MHz Body 27 04 15

Date: 27/4/2015

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz D900V2; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN:1d168



Issue Date: 24 May 2016

0 dB = 2.93 W/kg = 4.66 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.967$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

SAR/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=10.0mm (ET-Probe) 2/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.93 W/kg

SAR/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=10.0mm (ET-Probe) 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

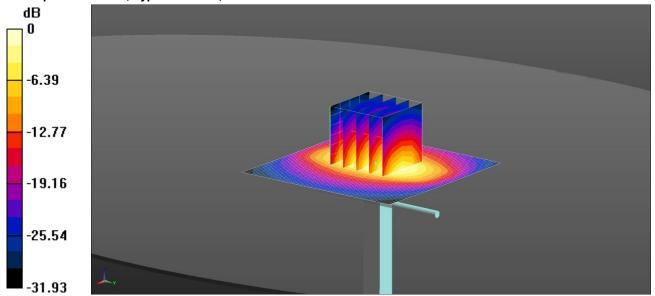
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.78 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg 003: System Performance Check 1800MHz Body 05 05 15

Issue Date: 24 May 2016

Date: 05/05/15

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: 264



0 dB = 11.2 W/kg = 10.48 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1800MHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.546$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.006$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3994; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated: 17/03/15;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 16/09/14
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

SAR/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=10.0mm (ET-Probe)/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.2 W/kg

SAR/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=10.0mm (ET-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

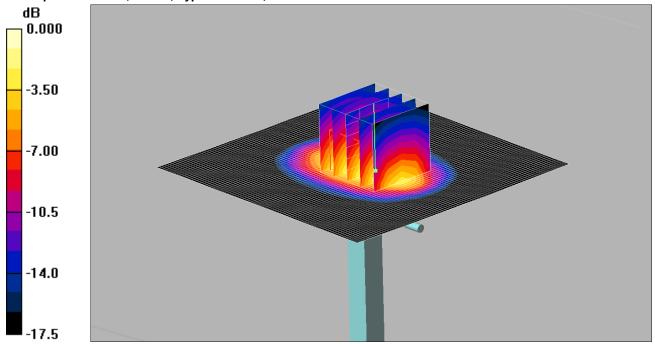
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 W/kg Issue Date: 24 May 2016

004: System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 30 04 15

Date: 30/04/2015

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; SN540; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 10.8 mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 mW/g

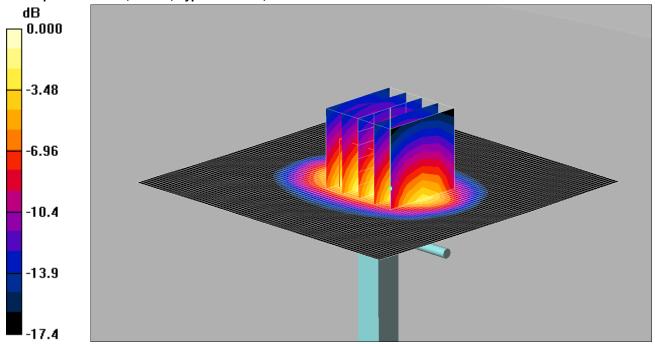
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g

Issue Date: 24 May 2016

005: System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 05 05 15

Date: 05/05/2015

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; SN540; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 11.4 mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

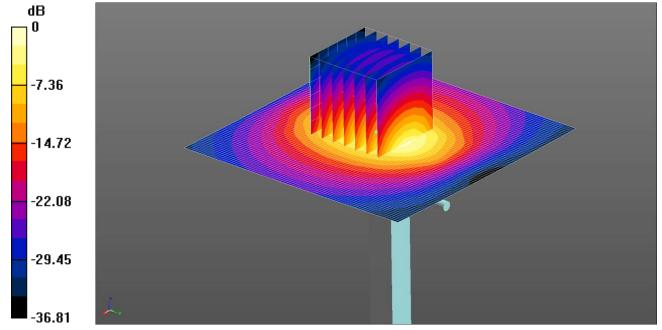
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g

006: System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 07 05 15

Date: 07/05/2015

DUT: Dipole 2440 MHz; Type: D2440V2; Serial: D2440V2 - SN:701



Issue Date: 24 May 2016

0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.66 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450MHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.318$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3994; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 07/05/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 16/09/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=250mW 2 2 2 2 2/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=250mW 2 2 2 2 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.848 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

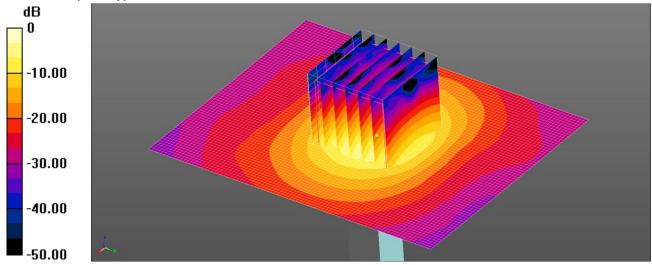
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.71 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg Issue Date: 24 May 2016

007: System Performance Check 5250 MHz Body 05 05 15

Date: 05/05/15

DUT: 5GHz Dipole; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN 1016



0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.352$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 2 2/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 W/kg

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 2 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

dz=2mm

Reference Value = 40.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

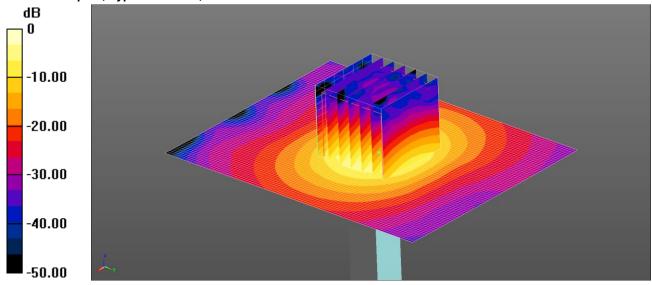
SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg

Issue Date: 24 May 2016

008: System Performance Check 5600 MHz Body 05 05 15 Date: 05/05/15

DUT: 5GHz Dipole; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN 1016



0 dB = 17.1 W/kg = 12.33 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.891$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.455$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 2 2 2/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.4 W/kg

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 2 2 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 38.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

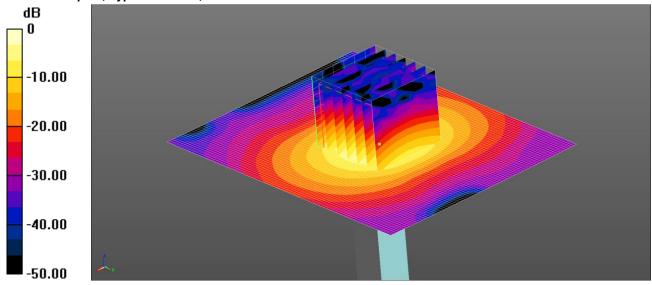
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

009: System Performance Check 5750 MHz Body 05 05 15

Date: 05/05/15

DUT: 5GHz Dipole; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN 1016



Issue Date: 24 May 2016

0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.99 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 6.079$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.961$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(4.06, 4.06, 4.06); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 2 2/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.2 W/kg

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=100mW 2 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 36.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg

UL VS Ltd Report. No.: 3.0

12.3. SAR Test Plots

This appendix contains the following SAR distribution scans.

Scan Reference Number	Title	
001	Back of EUT Facing Phantom GSM850 GPRS 2Tx CS1 CH251	
002	Back of EUT Facing Phantom GSM1900 GPRS 2Tx CS1 CH810	
003	Back of EUT Facing Phantom UMTS FDD 2 RMC 12.2Kbps CH9538	
004	Back of EUT Facing Phantom UMTS FDD 4 RMC 12.2Kbps CH1413	
005	Back of EUT Facing Phantom UMTS FDD 5 RMC 12.2Kbps CH4132	
006	Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC0 1xEvDo Rel 0 CH384	
007	Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC1 RC3 SO32 CH1175	
008	Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC10 RC3 SO32 CH476	
009	Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC15 RC3 SO32 CH25	
010	Right of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 2 20MHz 50%RB Mid CH18900	
011	Right of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 4 20MHz 50%RB Low CH20300	
012	Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 5 10MHz 50%RB Mid CH20525	
013	Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 13 10MHz 1RB Low CH23230	
014	Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 17 10MHz 1RB Mid CH23790	
015	Right of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 25 20MHz 100%RB CH26590	
016	Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 26 5MHz 50%RB Low CH26763	
017	Bottom Of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802.11b MIMO CDD Ant 1 CH2	
018	Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11n HT40 SISO Ant 2 CH46	
019	Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a HT20 SISO Ant 2 CH60	
020	Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a HT20 SISO Ant 2 CH136	
021	Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a HT20 SISO Ant 2 CH157	

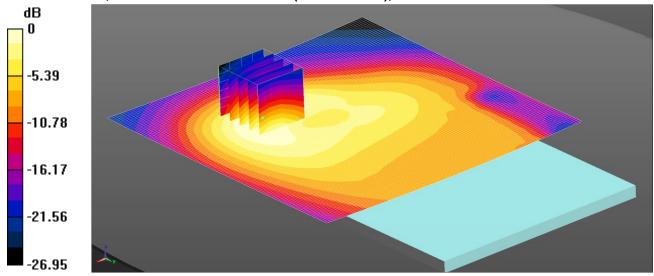
UL VS Ltd Report. No.: 3.0

Issue Date: 24 May 2016

001: Back of EUT Facing Phantom GSM850 GPRS 2Tx CS1 CH251

Date: 28/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.667 W/kg = -1.76 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 2Tx (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.981 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_f = 53.215$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.667 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.825 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.622 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 W/kg

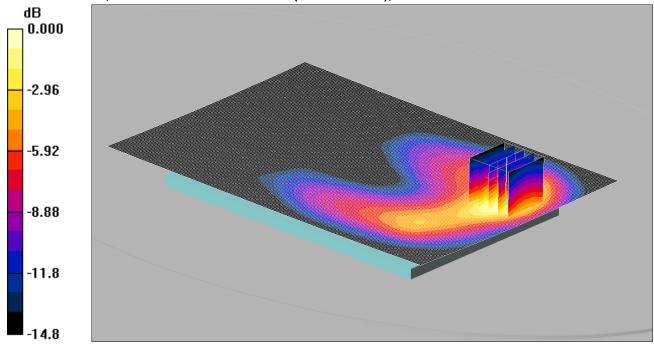
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 W/kg

REPORT NO: UL-SAR-RP10488894JD03B V3.0 Issue Date: 24 May 2016

002: Back of EUT Facing Phantom GSM1900 GPRS 2Tx CS1 CH810

Date: 30/04/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.482 mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900 2Tx; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Back - High/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.478 mW/g

Back - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB

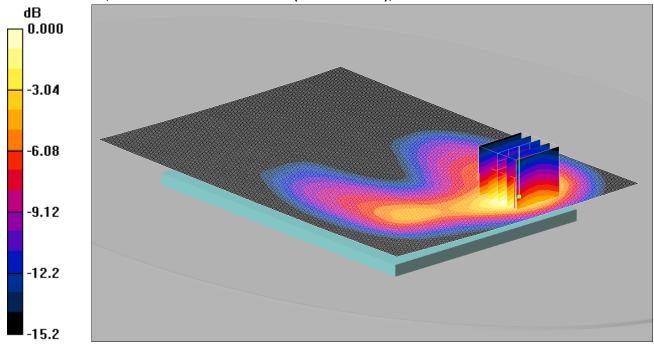
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.691 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.482 mW/g

003: Back of EUT Facing Phantom UMTS FDD 2 RMC 12.2Kbps CH9538

Date: 30/04/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.585 mW/g

Communication System: UMTS-FDD II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Back - High/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.552 mW/g

Back - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

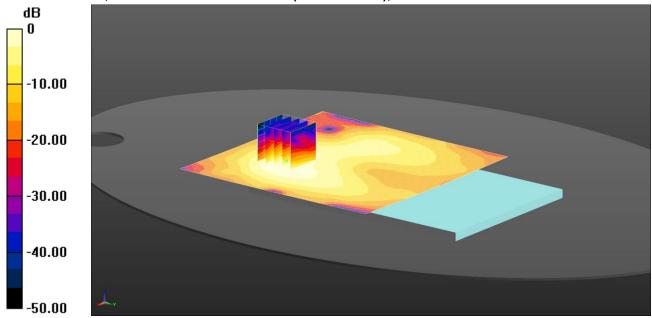
Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.827 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.585 mW/g 004: Back of EUT Facing Phantom UMTS FDD 4 RMC 12.2Kbps CH1413

Date: 06/05/15

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.658 W/kg = -1.82 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1800MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; σ = 1.485 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.194; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3994; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated: 17/03/15;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 16/09/14
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle 2 - Prox Always Off 2 2 2/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.658 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle 2 - Prox Always Off 2 2 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

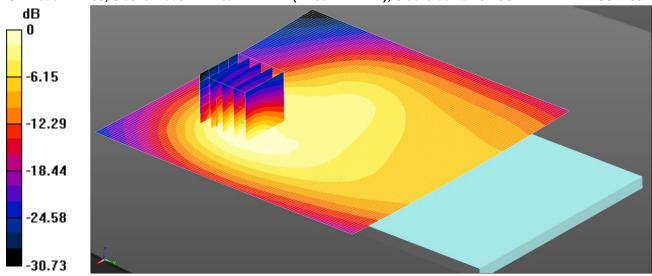
Reference Value = 14.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.955 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.603 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.375 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.645 W/kg 005: Back of EUT Facing Phantom UMTS FDD 5 RMC 12.2Kbps CH4132

Date: 28/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.492 W/kg = -3.08 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS FDD (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.316$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.492 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.456 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 W/kg

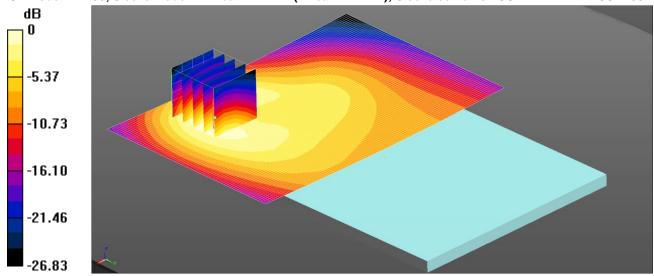
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 W/kg

Issue Date: 24 May 2016

006: Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC0 1xEvDo Rel 0 CH384

Date: 29/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.524 W/kg = -2.80 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.524 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.561 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.648 W/kg

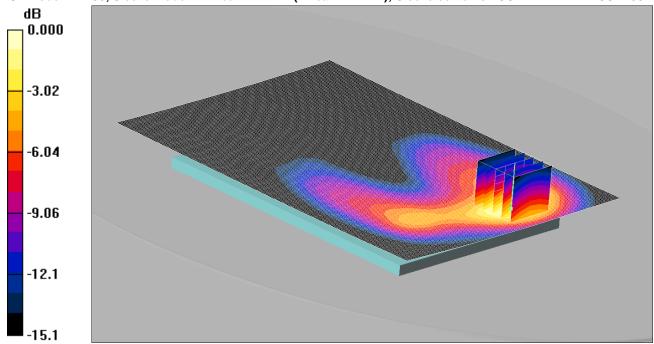
SAR(1 g) = 0.488 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 W/kg

007: Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC1 RC3 SO32 CH1175

Date: 30/04/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.544 mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC1 US; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1908.75 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Back - High/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.523 mW/g

Back - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB

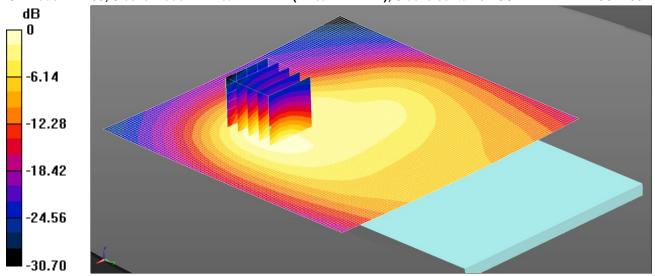
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.490 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 mW/g

Issue Date: 24 May 2016

008: Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC10 RC3 SO32 CH476 Date: 28/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.644 W/kg = -1.91 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 817.9 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 817.9 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\epsilon_f = 53.354$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

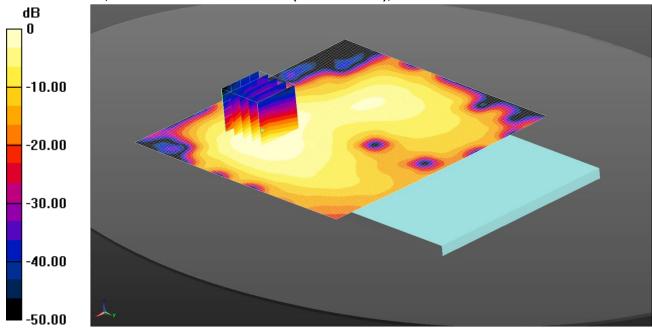
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.777 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.586 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 W/kg

009: Back of EUT Facing Phantom CDMA BC15 RC3 SO32 CH25

Date: 06/05/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.658 W/kg = -1.82 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 1711.3 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1800MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1711.3 MHz; σ = 1.469 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.251; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3994; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated: 17/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 16/09/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Back - Middle 2 - Prox Always Off/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.658 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle 2 - Prox Always Off/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.010 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.900 W/kg

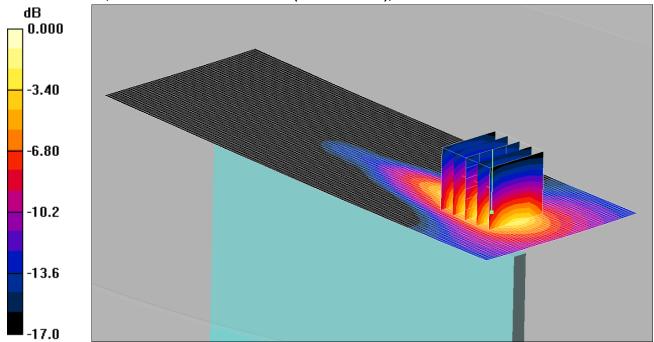
SAR(1 g) = 0.589 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 W/kg

REPORT NO: UL-SAR-RP10488894JD03B V3.0 Issue Date: 24 May 2016

010: Right of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 2 20MHz 50%RB Mid CH18900

Date: 05/05/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.885 mW/g

Communication System: LTE - Band 2 / 20MHz Channel; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Right - Middle/Area Scan (61x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.883 mW/g

Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

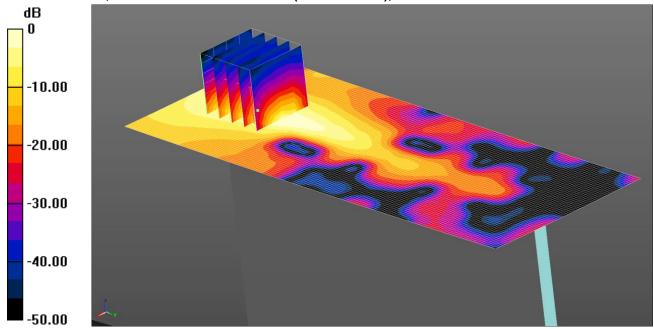
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.773 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.385 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.885 mW/g

011: Right of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 4 20MHz 50%RB Low CH20300

Date: 06/05/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.812 W/kg = -0.90 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD Bands - 20MHz Channel BW (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1800MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.495 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.16; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3994; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated: 17/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 16/09/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Right - Middle/Area Scan 2 (61x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.812 W/kg

Configuration/Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

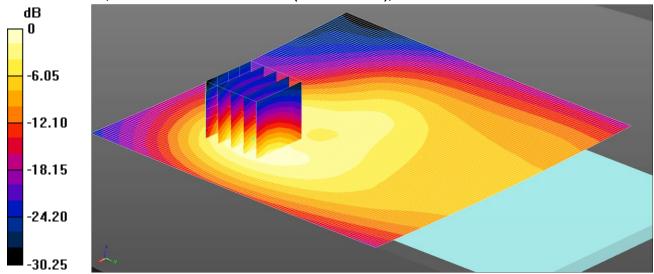
Reference Value = 9.334 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.715 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.801 W/kg REPORT NO: UL-SAR-RP10488894JD03B V3.0 Issue Date: 24 May 2016

012: Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 5 10MHz 50%RB Mid CH20525 Date 27/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.318 W/kg = -4.98 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Bands - 10MHz Channel BW (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.318 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.215 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.308 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 W/kg

Page 76 of 98

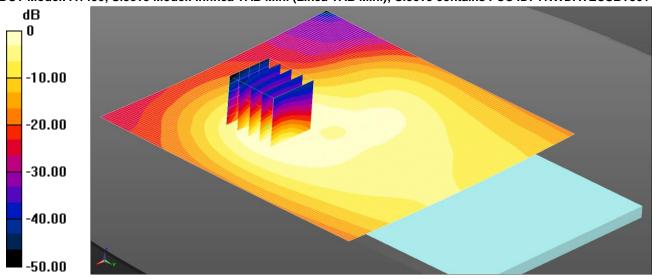
UL VS Ltd

Report. No.: 3.0

013: Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 13 10MHz 1RB Low CH23230

Date: 28/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.470 W/kg = -3.28 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Bands - 10MHz Channel BW (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.506$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.32, 6.32, 6.32); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.470 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

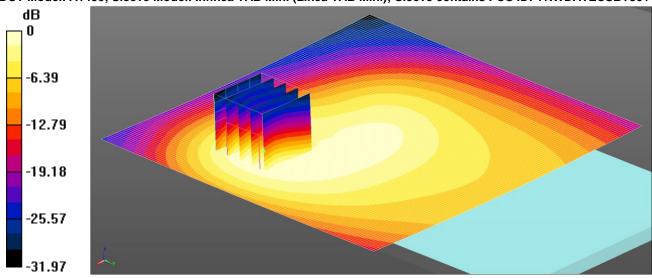
Reference Value = 15.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.590 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.431 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg 014: Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 17 10MHz 1RB Mid CH23790

Date: 29/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.291 W/kg = -5.36 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Bands - 10MHz Channel BW (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 710 MHz; $\sigma = 0.897$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.869$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.32, 6.32, 6.32); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.291 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

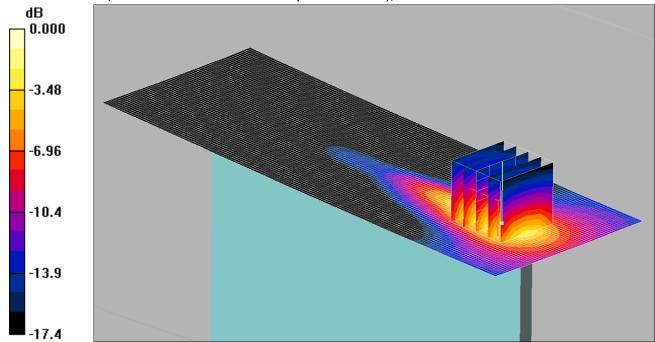
Reference Value = 9.517 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.265 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg 015: Right of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 25 20MHz 100%RB CH26590

Date: 05/05/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.865 mW/g

Communication System: LTE - Band 25 / 20MHz Channel; Frequency: 1905 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1905 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3304; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69);
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn432; Calibrated: 20/08/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Right - High/Area Scan (61x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.862 mW/g

Right - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m: Power Drift = 0.001 dB

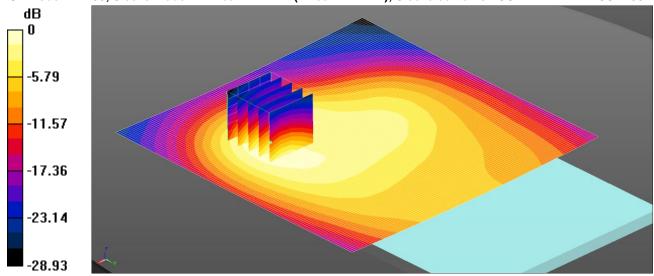
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.754 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.865 mW/g

016: Back of EUT Facing Phantom LTE FDD 26 5MHz 50%RB Low CH26763

Date: 27/4/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.342 W/kg = -4.66 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD Bands - 5MHz Channel BW (0); Frequency: 821.3 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 821.3 MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.338$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1586; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 22/5/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn417; Calibrated: 19/3/2015
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Back - Middle/Area Scan 2 (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 W/kg

Configuration/Back - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

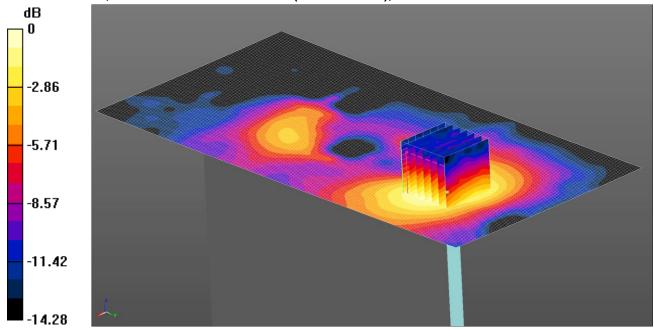
Reference Value = 14.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.420 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.320 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/kg 017: Bottom Of EUT Facing Phantom WiFi 802.11b MIMO CDD Ant 1 CH2

Date: 07/05/2015

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.0418 W/kg = -13.79 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 (0); Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2417 MHz; σ = 1.983 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.403; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3994; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 17/03/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 16/09/2014
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0410 W/kg

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.463 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

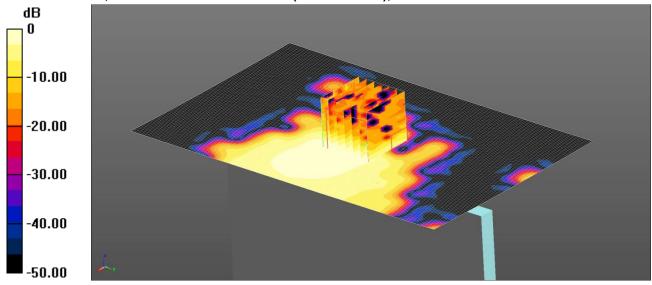
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.039 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0418 W/kg REPORT NO: UL-SAR-RP10488894JD03B V3.0 Issue Date: 24 May 2016

018: Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11n HT40 SISO Ant 2 CH46

Date: 06/05/15

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.0951 W/kg = -10.22 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 (0); Frequency: 5230 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5230 MHz; $\sigma = 5.405$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.066$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 W/kg

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

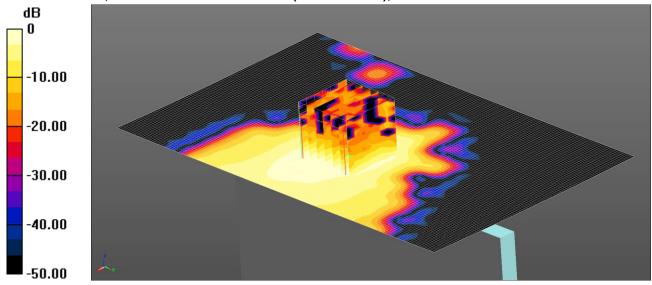
Reference Value = 2.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0951 W/kg 019: Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a HT20 SISO Ant 2 CH60

Date: 06/05/15

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.127 W/kg = -8.96 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.806$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(4.18, 4.18, 4.18); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 W/kg

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

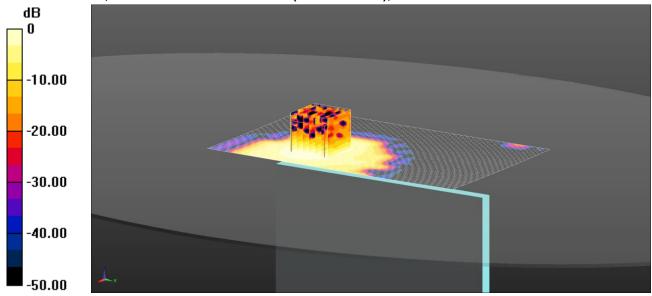
Reference Value = 4.858 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.297 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.105 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 W/kg 020: Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a HT20 SISO Ant 2 CH136

Date: 06/05/15

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.134 W/kg = -8.73 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 (0); Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5680 MHz; σ = 5.996 S/m; ϵ_r = 47.151; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.128 W/kg

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

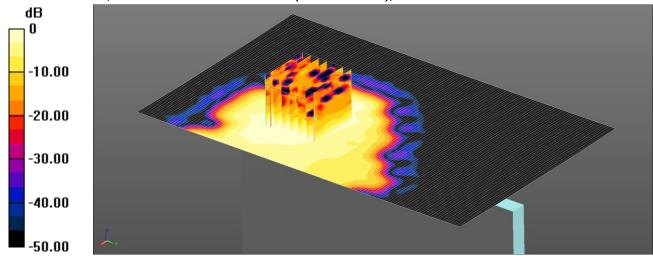
Reference Value = 4.684 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.116 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 W/kg 021: Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a HT20 SISO Ant 2 CH157

Date: 06/05/15

DUT Model: A1490; Sleeve Model: Infinea TAB Mini (Linea TAB Mini); Sleeve contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301



0 dB = 0.108 W/kg = -9.67 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 6.175$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.921$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3814; ConvF(4.06, 4.06, 4.06); Calibrated: 18/09/14;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1435; Calibrated: 20/02/15
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 (30deg probe tilt); Type: QDOVA002AA;
- -; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.113 W/kg

Configuration/Bottom of EUT Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.184 V/m: Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.098 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.108 W/kg

REPORT NO: UL-SAR-RP10488894JD03B V3.0 Issue Date: 24 May 2016

12.4. Calibration Certificate for E-Field Probe

This sub-section contains Cal Certificates for E-Field Probes, and is not included in the total number of pages for this report.

Page 86 of 98 UL VS Ltd

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

42112

Client

UL RFI UK

Certificate No: ET3-1586_May14

IBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ET3DV6 - SN:1586

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 22, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

			2000
Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Signature Name Laboratory Technician Jeton Kastrati Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by:

Issued: May 22, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

Certificate No: ET3-1586_May14

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

May 22, 2014 ET3DV6 - SN:1586

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1586

Manufactured: May 7, 2001

Calibrated:

May 22, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

May 22, 2014 ET3DV6-SN:1586

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	1.87	1.89	1.93	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.5	99.5	100.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	,	A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [±] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	228.9	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		236.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		229.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ET3-1586_May14

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.30	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.32	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.34	6.34	6.34	0.32	3.00	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.46	5.46	5.46	0.47	2.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.76	2.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.80	2.12	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.80	2.02	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.80	1.91	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.70	1.95	± 12.0 %

 $^{^{\}circ}$ Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.35	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.38	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.40	2.97	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.48	2.88	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.80	2.49	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.69	4.69	4.69	0.80	2.32	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.80	2.23	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.80	1.73	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.45	2.05	± 12.0 %

 $^{^{\}circ}$ Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

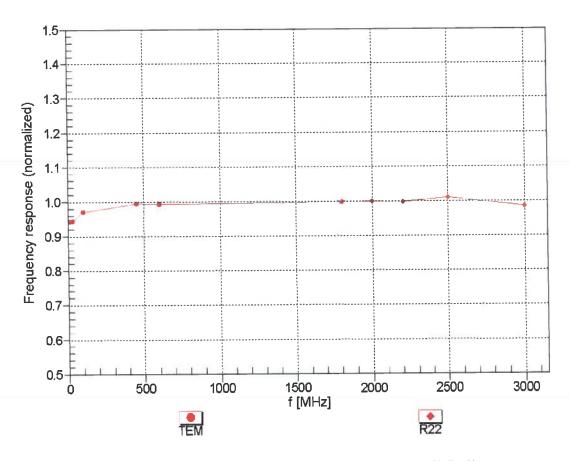
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

May 22, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

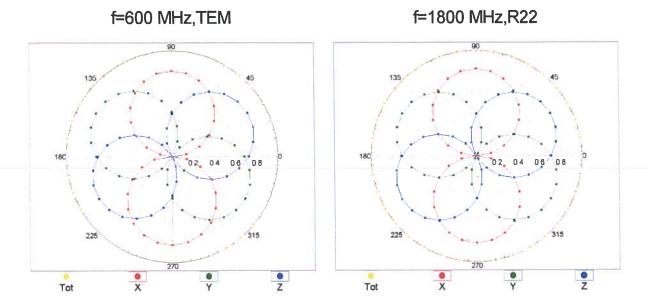


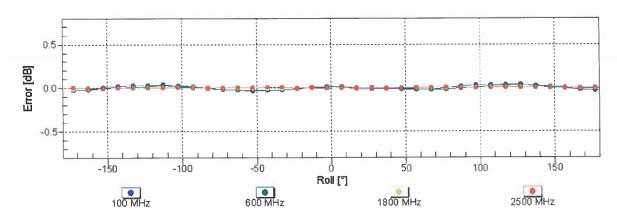
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

May 22, 2014 ET3DV6-SN:1586

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

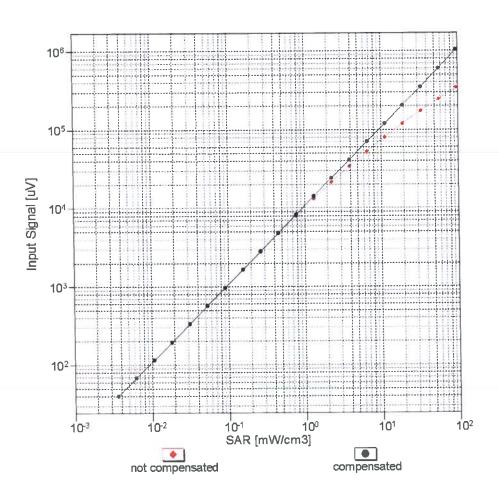


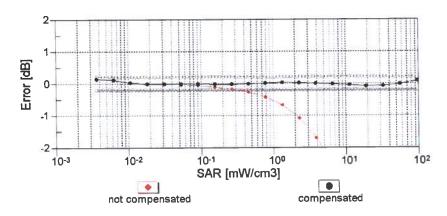




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

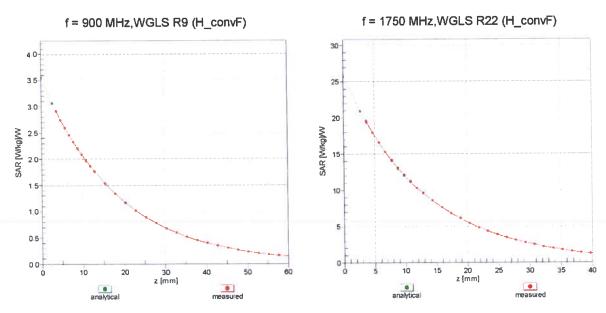
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



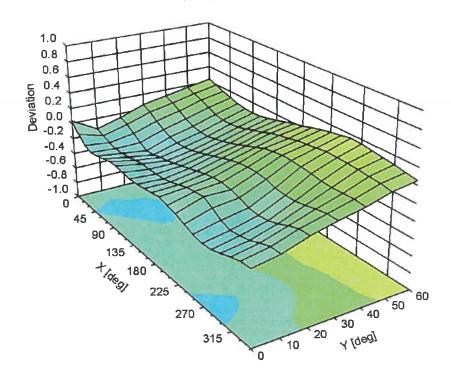


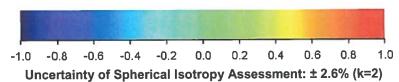
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





May 22, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-52.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

UL RFI UK

Certificate No: EX3-3994_Mar15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3994

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

March 17, 2015 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Israe Elnaoug Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: March 18, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3994_Mar15

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)". February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3994_Mar15 Page 2 of 11

EX3DV4 - SN:3994 March 17, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3994

Manufactured: January 21, 2014 Calibrated: March 17, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.49	0.50	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.4	102.1	91.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [±] (k=2)
0	CW	X 0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	143.7	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[^] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3994 March 17, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.60	10.60	10.60	0.36	1.04	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.01	10.01	10.01	0.32	1.08	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.60	9.60	9.60	0.25	1.28	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.85	8.85	8.85	0.20	1.20	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.34	8.34	8.34	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.39	0.83	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.22	7.22	7.22	0.37	0.88	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3994_Mar15 Page 5 of 11

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3994 March 17, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.25	1.21	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.34	0.98	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.61	9.61	9.61	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.23	1.26	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.03	8.03	8.03	0.34	0.97	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.42	0.83	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.46	0.81	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.22	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.94	3.94	3.94	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3994_Mar15 Page 6 of 11

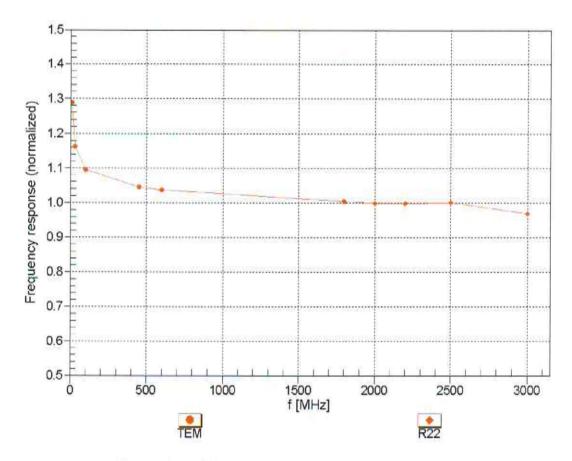
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4-SN:3994 March 17, 2015

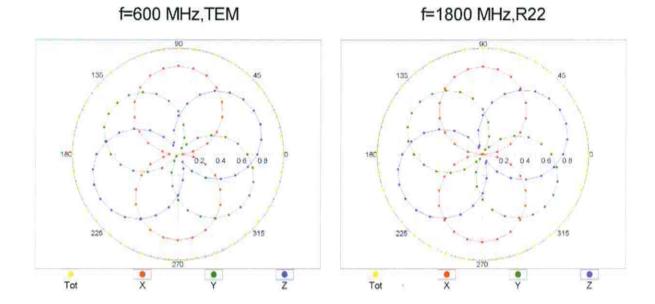
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

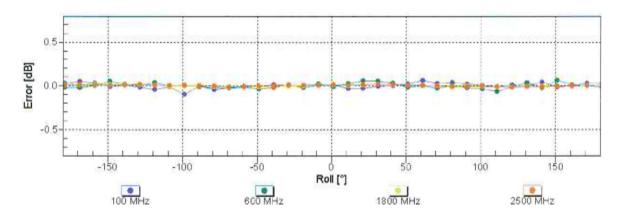


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN:3994 March 17, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

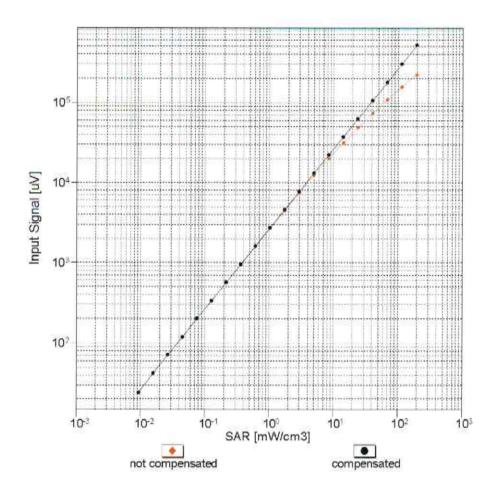


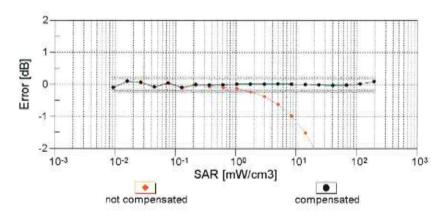


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN:3994

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

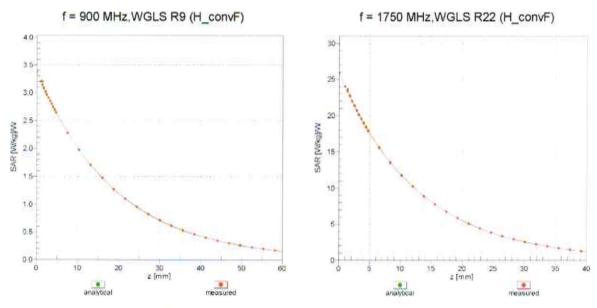




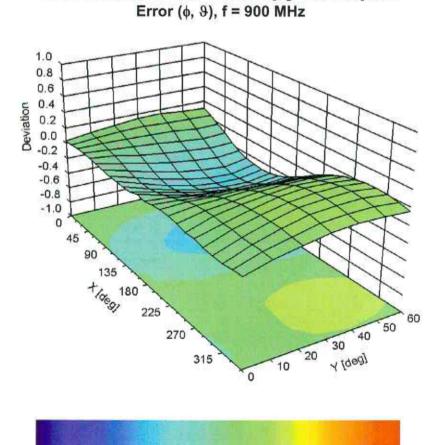
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3994 March 17, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



0.0

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

0.2

0.4

0.6

-0.4

-0.2