

# Nexus Telecom Inc.

## GSM Mobile Phone

Main Model: GO170

Serial Model: N/A

July 18, 2013




Report No.: 13050024-FCC-R2

(This report supersedes NONE)



Modifications made to the product : None

This Test Report is Issued Under the Authority of:

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |
| William Long<br>Compliance Engineer   | Alex Liu<br>Technical Manager   |   |

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# RF Test Report

To: FCC Part 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009

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| Country/Region | Accreditation Body | Scope                 |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
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| Canada         | IC FCB , NIST      | EMC , RF , Telecom    |
| Singapore      | iDA, NIST          | EMC , RF , Telecom    |
| EU             | NB                 | EMC & R&TTE Directive |
| Japan          | MIC, (RCB 208)     | RF , Telecom          |
| Hong Kong      | OFTA (US002)       | RF , Telecom          |

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## 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & EUT INFORMATION

The purpose of this test programme was to demonstrate compliance of the Nexus Telecom Inc., GSM Mobile Phone and model: GO170 against the current Stipulated Standards. The GSM Mobile Phone has demonstrated compliance with the FCC 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009.

### EUT Information

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>EUT Description</b>                             | : GSM Mobile Phone   |
| <b>Main Model</b>                                  | : GO170  |
| <b>Serial Model</b>                                | : N/A  |
| <b>Antenna Gain</b>                                | GSM850: 0 dBi<br>PCS1900: 0.5 dBi<br>Bluetooth: 0.5 dBi  |
| <b>Input Power</b>                                 | Li-ion Battery:<br>Model: GO170<br>Spec: 3.7V 500mAh 1.85Wh<br>Limited charger voltage: 4.2V<br>Adapter:<br>Model: GO170<br>Input: 100 ~ 264Vac 50/60Hz 120mA<br>Output: DC 5V 500mA |
| <b>Classification Per Stipulated Test Standard</b> | : FCC 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009   |

## **2 TECHNICAL DETAILS**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Purpose</b>                         | <b>Compliance testing of GSM Mobile Phone with stipulated standard</b>  |
| <b>Applicant / Client</b>              | <b>Nexus Telecom Inc.<br/>PO Box 873, Venterpool Plaza, Road Town, Tortola Virgin Islands(British)</b>  |
| <b>Manufacturer</b>                    | <b>Jiaxing Wingxun Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.<br/>1# workshop,building 2,Ya Zhong Road No.777,Da Qiao town ,Nan Hu district,Jiaxing city</b>   |
| <b>Laboratory performing the tests</b> | <b>SIEMIC Nanjing (China) Laboratories<br/>NO.2-1,Longcang Dadao, Yuhua Economic Development Zone, Nanjing, China<br/>Tel: +86(25)86730128/86730129<br/>Fax: +86(25)86730127<br/>Email: China@siemic.com.cn</b> |
| <b>Test report reference number</b>    | <b>13050024-FCC-R2</b>  |
| <b>Date EUT received</b>               | <b>July 10, 2013</b>  |
| <b>Standard applied</b>                | <b>FCC 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009</b>   |
| <b>Dates of test (from – to)</b>       | <b>July 10 to July 15, 2013</b>   |
| <b>No of Units</b>                     | <b>#1</b>   |
| <b>Equipment Category</b>              | <b>DSS</b>  |
| <b>Trade Name</b>                      | <b>GoMobile</b>   |
| <b>RF Operating Frequency (ies)</b>    | <b>GSM850 TX : 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX : 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz<br/>PCS1900 TX : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX : 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz<br/>Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz</b>  |
| <b>Number of Channels</b>              | <b>299CH (PCS1900) and 124CH (GSM850)<br/>Bluetooth: 79CH</b>   |
| <b>Modulation</b>                      | <b>GSM: GMSK<br/>Bluetooth: GFSK</b>  |
| <b>GPRS Multi-slot class</b>           | <b>N/A</b>  |
| <b>FCC ID</b>                          | <b>YSEGO165</b>   |

### 3 MODIFICATION

NONE

## 4 TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications.  
All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

### Spread Spectrum System/Device

#### Test Results Summary

| Test Standard                   | Description                    | Product Class | Pass / Fail |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| §15.247(i), §2.1093             | RF Exposure                    | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.203                         | Antenna Requirement            | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.207(a)                      | AC Line Conducted Emissions    | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.205, §15.209,<br>§15.247(d) | Radiated Emissions             | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.247(a)(1)                   | 20 dB Bandwidth                | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.247(a)(1)                   | Channel Separation             | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.247(a)(1)(iii)              | Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.247(a)(1)(iii)              | Quantity of Hopping Channel    | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.247(b)(1)                   | Peak Output Power              | See Above     | Pass        |
| §15.247(d)                      | Band Edge                      | See Above     | Pass        |



## **5 MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATION AND DERIVED RESULTS**

### **5.1 §15.247 (i) and §2.1093 – RF Exposure**

#### **Standard Requirement:**

According to §15.247 (i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,<sup>16</sup> where

- $f_{\text{(GHz)}}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>17</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum *test separation distance* is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum *test separation distance* is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

| MHz  | 5  | 10 | 15  | 20  | 25  | mm                                      |
|------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 150  | 39 | 77 | 116 | 155 | 194 | SAR Test<br>Exclusion<br>Threshold (mW) |
| 300  | 27 | 55 | 82  | 110 | 137 |   |
| 450  | 22 | 45 | 67  | 89  | 112 |   |
| 835  | 16 | 33 | 49  | 66  | 82  |   |
| 900  | 16 | 32 | 47  | 63  | 79  |   |
| 1500 | 12 | 24 | 37  | 49  | 61  |   |
| 1900 | 11 | 22 | 33  | 44  | 54  |   |
| 2450 | 10 | 19 | 29  | 38  | 48  |   |
| 3600 | 8  | 16 | 24  | 32  | 40  |   |
| 5200 | 7  | 13 | 20  | 26  | 33  |   |
| 5400 | 6  | 13 | 19  | 26  | 32  |   |
| 5800 | 6  | 12 | 19  | 25  | 31  |   |

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by § 2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to qualify for TCB approval.

Two antennas are available for the EUT (GSM antenna, Bluetooth antenna).  
the maximum output power(turn-up power) of Bluetooth is 3.66mW <9.6mW

According to KDB 447498, no stand-alone required for Bluetooth antenna, and no simultaneous SAR measurement is required, please refer to SAR report.

#### **Test Result: Pass**

The SAR measurement is exempt.

## **5.2 §15.203 – Antenna Requirement**

### **Standard Requirement:**

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c. Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has 2 antennas: . a monopole antenna for Bluetooth, the gain is 0.5 dBi;  
.a PIFA antenna for GSM, the gain are 0 dBi for GSM, 0.5 dBi for PCS  
which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.

**Test Result: Pass**

### **5.3 §15.207 (a) – AC Line Conducted Emissions**

#### **Standard Requirement:**

| Frequency of emission (MHz) | Conducted limit (dBμV) |           |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
|                             | Quasi-peak             | Average   |
| 0.15–0.5                    | 66 to 56*              | 56 to 46* |
| 0.5–5                       | 56                     | 46        |
| 5–30                        | 60                     | 50        |

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

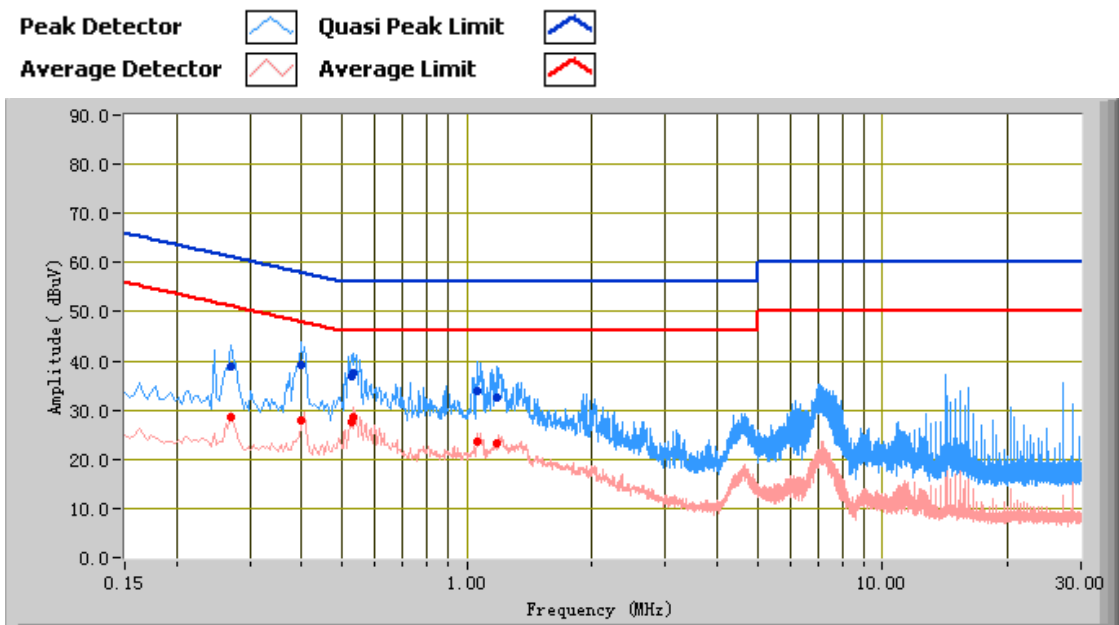
#### **Procedures:**

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR and Average detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is ±3.5dB.
4. Environmental Conditions
 

|                      |          |
|----------------------|----------|
| Temperature          | 26°C     |
| Relative Humidity    | 51%      |
| Atmospheric Pressure | 1019mbar |
5. Test date : July 15, 2013  
Tested By : William Long

**Test Result: Pass**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>Charging &amp; GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|---|

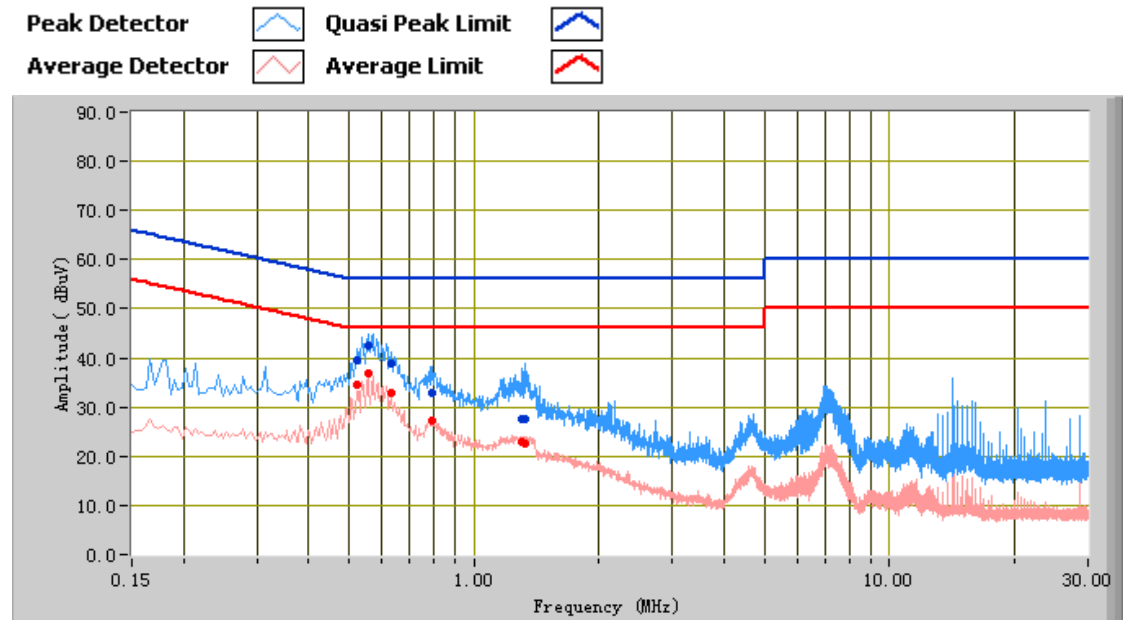


**Test Data**

**Phase Line Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz**

| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi Peak (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Average (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Factors (dB) |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 0.40            | 39.19             | 57.90        | -18.71      | 27.90          | 47.90        | -19.99      | 11.24        |
| 0.53            | 37.43             | 56.00        | -18.57      | 28.66          | 46.00        | -17.34      | 11.06        |
| 0.53            | 36.87             | 56.00        | -19.13      | 27.59          | 46.00        | -18.41      | 11.07        |
| 1.06            | 33.71             | 56.00        | -22.29      | 23.66          | 46.00        | -22.34      | 10.69        |
| 1.17            | 32.55             | 56.00        | -23.45      | 23.18          | 46.00        | -22.82      | 10.71        |
| 0.27            | 38.82             | 61.12        | -22.30      | 28.46          | 51.12        | -22.65      | 11.42        |

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>Charging &amp; GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|---|



### Test Data

**Phase Neutral Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz**

| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi Peak (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Average (dBuV) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Factors (dB) |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 0.55            | 42.57             | 56.00        | -13.43      | 36.97          | 46.00        | -9.03       | 11.02        |
| 0.52            | 39.52             | 56.00        | -16.48      | 34.40          | 46.00        | -11.60      | 11.04        |
| 0.63            | 38.73             | 56.00        | -17.27      | 32.78          | 46.00        | -13.22      | 10.97        |
| 1.33            | 27.55             | 56.00        | -28.45      | 22.61          | 46.00        | -23.39      | 10.77        |
| 0.79            | 32.81             | 56.00        | -23.19      | 27.18          | 46.00        | -18.82      | 10.85        |
| 1.30            | 27.72             | 56.00        | -28.28      | 22.79          | 46.00        | -23.21      | 10.77        |

## **5.4 §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - Spurious Emissions**

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 1GHz ( 3m & 10m ) & 1GHz above ( 3m ) is +5.6/-4.5dB.
4. Environmental Conditions

|                      |          |
|----------------------|----------|
| Temperature          | 25°C     |
| Relative Humidity    | 52%      |
| Atmospheric Pressure | 1018mbar |
5. Test date : July 16, 2013  
Tested By : William Long

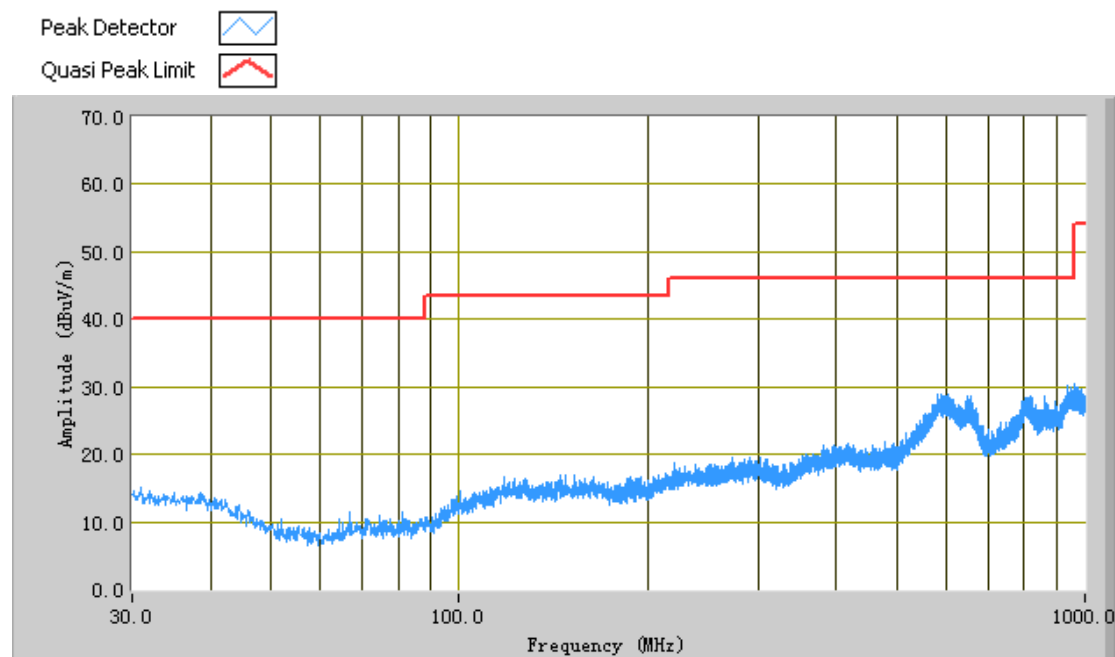
### **Standard Requirement:**

The emissions from the Low-power radio-frequency devices shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table and the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. The tighter limit applies at the band edges.

### **Test Result: Pass**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>Charging &amp; GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|---|

*Below 1GHz*



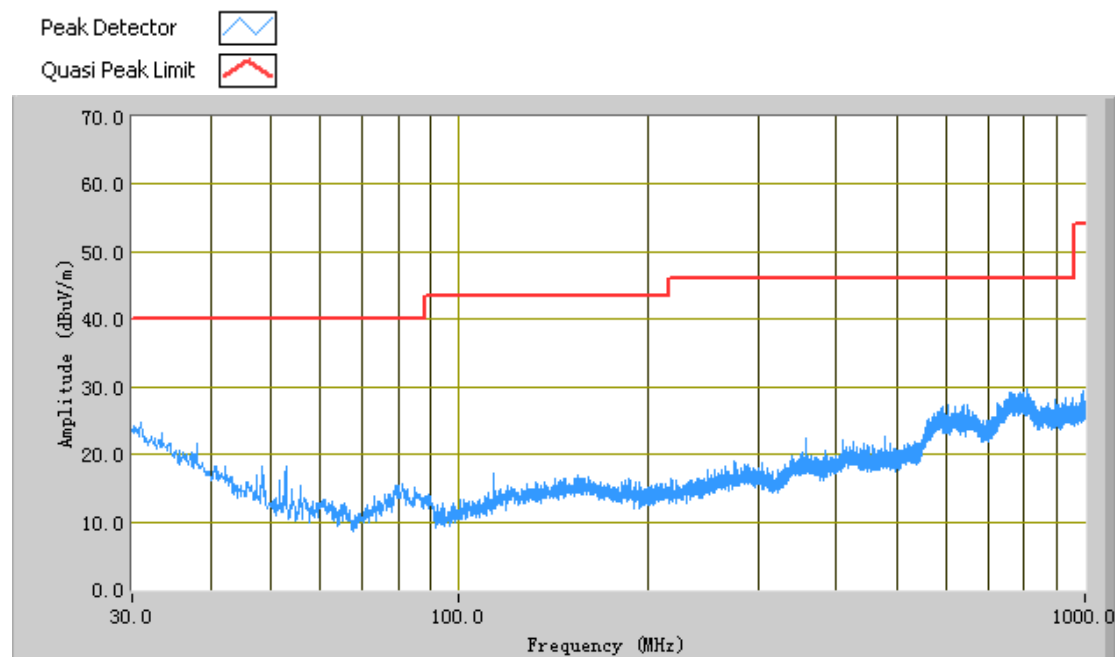
### Test Data

#### Horizontal Polarity Plot @3m

| Frequency (MHz) | Peak (dBuV/m) | Azimuth | Polarity (H/V) | Height (cm) | Factors (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| 940.10          | 30.26         | 238.60  | H              | 100.00      | -17.20       | 46.00          | -15.74      |
| 950.77          | 29.97         | 164.90  | H              | 200.00      | -17.42       | 46.00          | -16.03      |
| 955.26          | 29.45         | 60.60   | H              | 200.00      | -17.51       | 46.00          | -16.55      |
| 582.17          | 28.99         | 346.20  | H              | 200.00      | -21.19       | 46.00          | -17.01      |
| 588.11          | 28.97         | 124.90  | H              | 200.00      | -21.00       | 46.00          | -17.03      |
| 604.85          | 28.79         | 90.70   | H              | 100.00      | -20.35       | 46.00          | -17.21      |

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>Charging &amp; GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|---|

*Below 1GHz*



### Test Data

#### Vertical Polarity Plot @3m

| Frequency (MHz) | Peak (dBuV/m) | Azimuth | Polarity (H/V) | Height (cm) | Factors (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| 30.97           | 24.67         | 357.70  | V              | 200.00      | -22.02       | 40.00          | -15.33      |
| 810.24          | 29.80         | 157.10  | V              | 200.00      | -18.66       | 46.00          | -16.20      |
| 785.39          | 29.12         | 5.40    | V              | 200.00      | -17.95       | 46.00          | -16.88      |
| 755.44          | 29.09         | 117.50  | V              | 100.00      | -17.39       | 46.00          | -16.91      |
| 762.11          | 29.06         | 26.60   | V              | 200.00      | -16.55       | 46.00          | -16.94      |
| 795.94          | 29.05         | 359.60  | V              | 100.00      | -18.69       | 46.00          | -16.95      |



|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>Charging &amp; GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|---|

*Above 1 GHz*

**Note: Other Bluetooth modes were verified; only the result of worst case DH5 mode was presented.**

**Low Channel (2402 MHz)**

| Frequency (MHz) | S.A. Reading (dBμV) | Detector (PK/AV) | Direction (degree) | Height (cm) | Polarity (H/V) | Ant. Factor (dB/m) | Cable Loss (dB) | Pre-Amp. Gain (dB) | Cord. Amp. (dBμV/m) | Limit (dBμV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4804.1          | 78.26               | AV               | 148                | 232         | V              | 11.2               | 7               | 55                 | 41.46               | 54             | -12.54      |
| 4804.1          | 79.99               | AV               | 26                 | 200         | H              | 11.2               | 7               | 55                 | 43.19               | 54             | -10.81      |
| 4804.1          | 92.33               | PK               | 148                | 232         | V              | 11.2               | 7               | 55                 | 55.53               | 74             | -18.47      |
| 4804.1          | 93.81               | PK               | 26                 | 200         | H              | 11.2               | 7               | 55                 | 57.01               | 74             | -16.99      |
| 3485.99         | 77.22               | AV               | 231                | 110         | V              | 9.9                | 6               | 55                 | 38.12               | 54             | -15.88      |
| 3485.99         | 78.31               | AV               | 154                | 223         | H              | 9.9                | 6               | 55                 | 39.21               | 54             | -14.79      |
| 3485.99         | 92.33               | PK               | 231                | 110         | V              | 9.9                | 6               | 55                 | 53.23               | 74             | -20.77      |
| 3485.99         | 88.36               | PK               | 154                | 223         | H              | 9.9                | 6               | 55                 | 49.26               | 74             | -24.74      |

**Middle Channel (2441 MHz)**

| Frequency (MHz) | S.A. Reading (dBμV) | Detector (PK/AV) | Direction (degree) | Height (cm) | Polarity (H/V) | Ant. Factor (dB/m) | Cable Loss (dB) | Pre-Amp. Gain (dB) | Cord. Amp. (dBμV/m) | Limit (dBμV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4882            | 76.33               | AV               | 53                 | 211         | V              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 39.69               | 54             | -14.31      |
| 4882            | 78.25               | AV               | 154                | 146         | H              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 41.61               | 54             | -12.39      |
| 4882            | 86.93               | PK               | 53                 | 211         | V              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 50.29               | 74             | -23.71      |
| 4882            | 87.33               | PK               | 154                | 146         | H              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 50.69               | 74             | -23.31      |
| 5651.5          | 69.89               | AV               | 322                | 120         | V              | 11.6               | 7.67            | 55                 | 34.16               | 54             | -19.84      |
| 5651.5          | 69.25               | AV               | 166                | 332         | H              | 11.6               | 7.67            | 55                 | 33.52               | 54             | -20.48      |
| 5651.5          | 81.21               | PK               | 322                | 120         | V              | 11.6               | 7.67            | 55                 | 45.48               | 74             | -28.52      |
| 5651.5          | 79.89               | PK               | 166                | 332         | H              | 11.6               | 7.67            | 55                 | 44.16               | 74             | -29.84      |

**High Channel (2480 MHz)**

| Frequency (MHz) | S.A. Reading (dBμV) | Detector (PK/AV) | Direction (degree) | Height (cm) | Polarity (H/V) | Ant. Factor (dB/m) | Cable Loss (dB) | Pre-Amp. Gain (dB) | Cord. Amp. (dBμV/m) | Limit (dBμV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4960.2          | 70.26               | AV               | 59                 | 166         | V              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 33.62               | 54             | -20.38      |
| 4960.2          | 71.33               | AV               | 335                | 210         | H              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 34.69               | 54             | -19.31      |
| 4960.2          | 80.12               | PK               | 59                 | 166         | V              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 43.48               | 74             | -30.52      |
| 4960.2          | 79.33               | PK               | 335                | 210         | H              | 11.2               | 7.16            | 55                 | 42.69               | 74             | -31.31      |
| 3320.5          | 69.26               | AV               | 199                | 120         | V              | 9.9                | 5.5             | 55                 | 29.66               | 54             | -24.34      |
| 3320.5          | 70.85               | AV               | 221                | 232         | H              | 9.9                | 5.5             | 55                 | 31.25               | 54             | -22.75      |
| 3320.5          | 82.36               | PK               | 199                | 120         | V              | 9.9                | 5.5             | 55                 | 42.76               | 74             | -31.24      |
| 3320.5          | 83.44               | PK               | 221                | 232         | H              | 9.9                | 5.5             | 55                 | 43.84               | 74             | -30.16      |

## 5.5 §15.247(a) (1)-Channel Separation

1. Conducted Measurement  
EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.  
The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Environmental Conditions
 

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Temperature          | --°C   |
| Relative Humidity    | --%    |
| Atmospheric Pressure | --mbar |
3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ±1.5dB.
4. Test date : --  
Tested By : --

### Standard Requirement:

According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### Procedures:

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in hopping function transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = middle of hopping channel.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer as Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span, Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
5. Max hold, mark 2 peaks of hopping channel and record the 2 peaks frequency.

**Test Result: Pass**

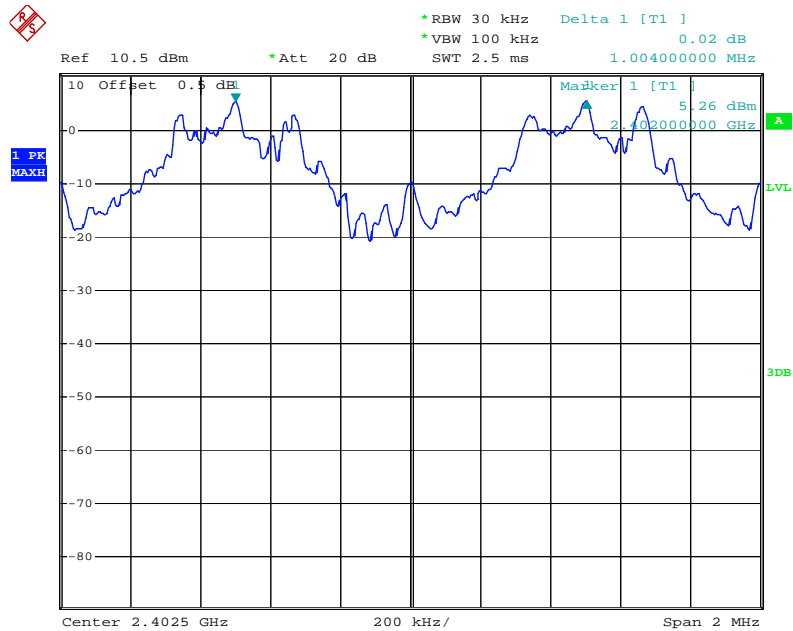
**Note: the follwing test data please refer to FCC ID: YSEGO165.**

|                   |                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|

| Channel           | Channel Frequency (MHz) | Channel Separation (MHz) | Limit (MHz) | Result |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------|
| Low Channel       | 2402                    | 1.004                    | 0.696       | Pass   |
| Adjacency Channel | 2403                    |                          |             |        |
| Mid Channel       | 2440                    | 1.004                    | 0.696       | Pass   |
| Adjacency Channel | 2441                    |                          |             |        |
| High Channel      | 2480                    | 1.004                    | 0.696       | Pass   |
| Adjacency Channel | 2479                    |                          |             |        |

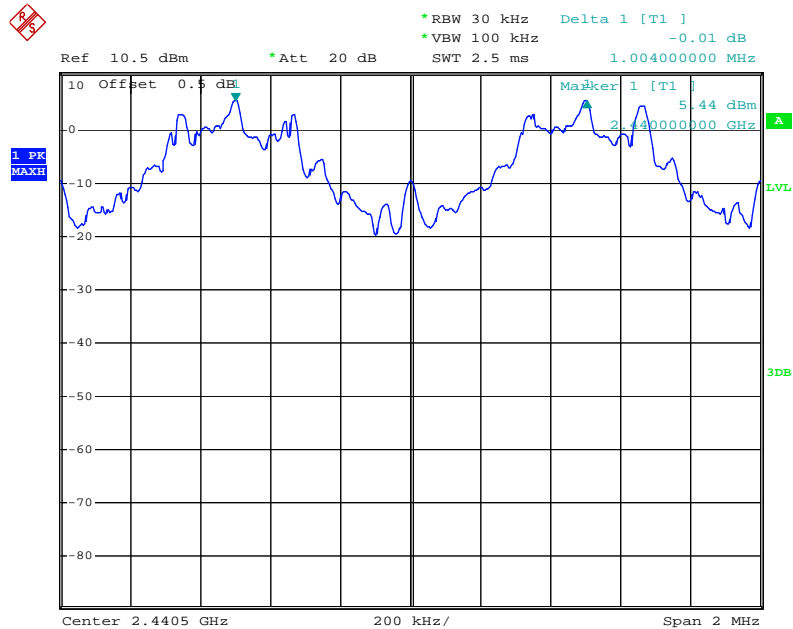
Please refer to the following plots.

### Low Channel

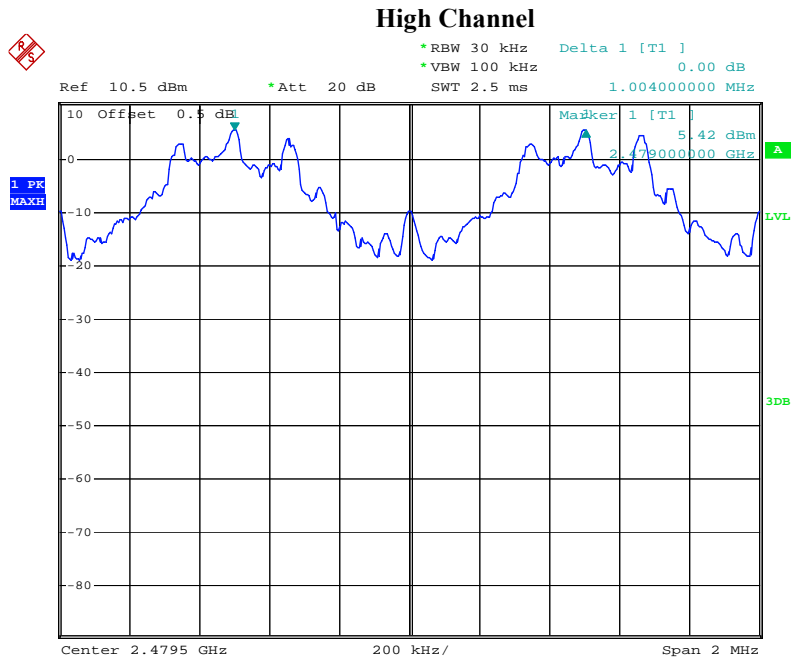


Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:17:13

### Middle Channel



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:18:41



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:20:09

## **§15.247(a) (1) – 20dB Bandwidth**

1. Conducted Measurement  
EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.  
The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Environmental Conditions
 

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Temperature          | --°C   |
| Relative Humidity    | --%    |
| Atmospheric Pressure | --mbar |
3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is  $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$ .
4. Test date : --  
Tested By : --

### **Standard Requirement:**

According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### **Procedures:**

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel, RBW  $\geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
4. Set the measured low, middle and high frequency and test 20dB bandwidth with spectrum analyzer.

### **Test Result: Pass**

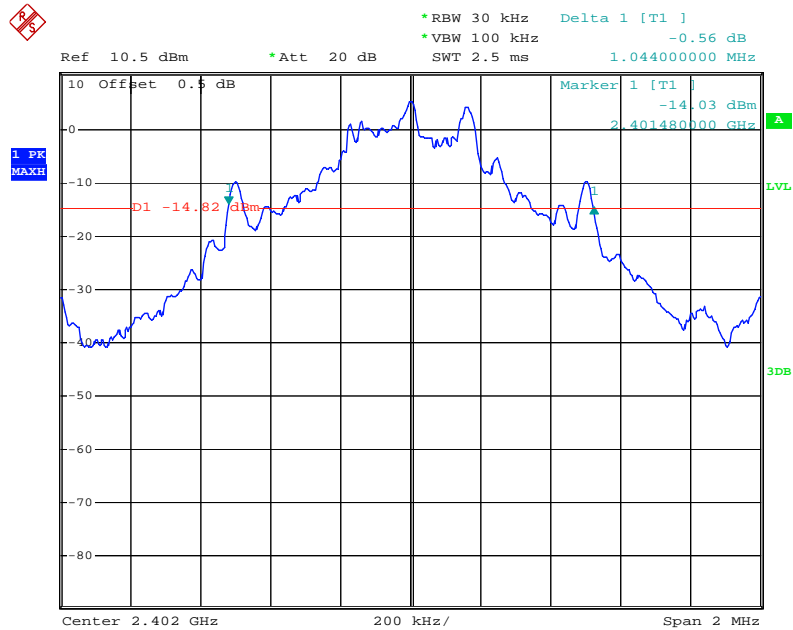
**Note: the following test data please refer to FCC ID: YSEGO165.**

|                   |                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>GFSK Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Low     | 2402            | 1.044                 |
| Middle  | 2441            | 1.044                 |
| High    | 2480            | 1.044                 |

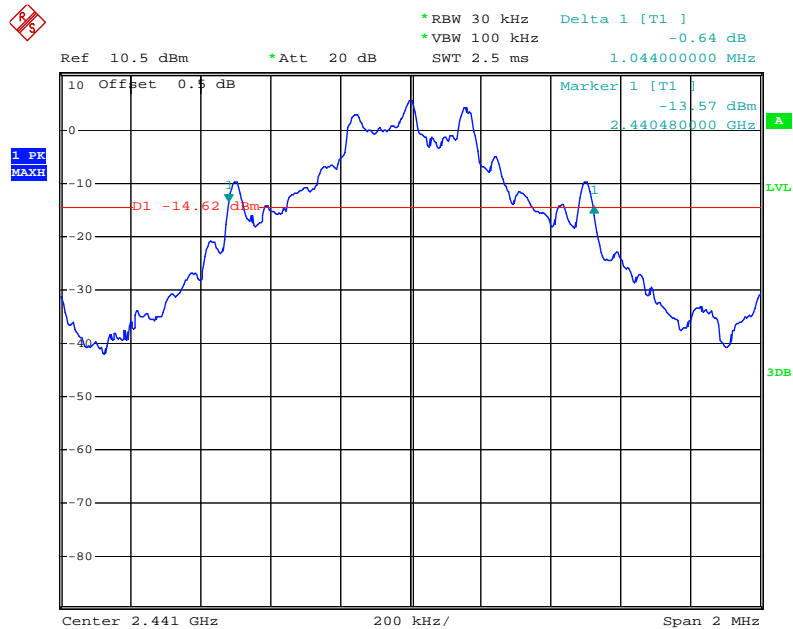
Please refer to the following plots.

### Low Channel

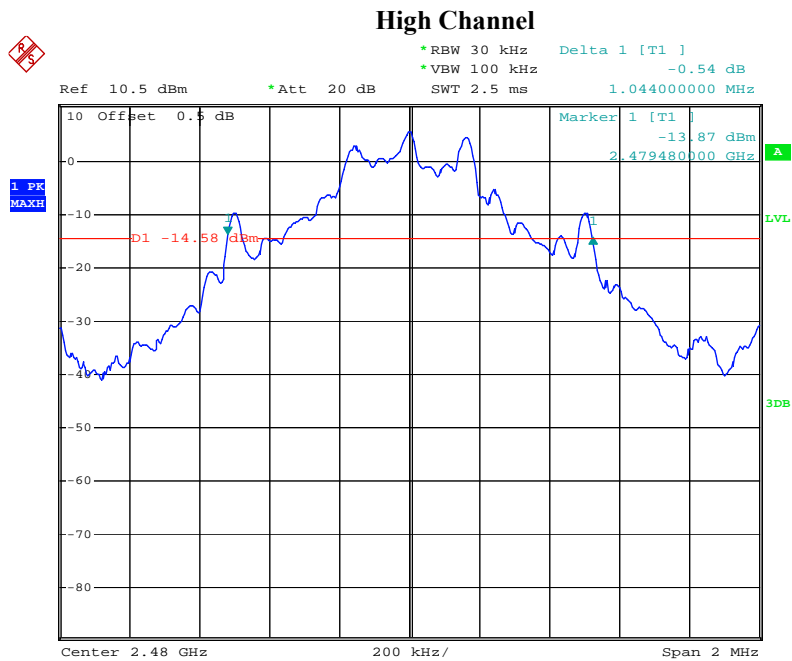


Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:23:51

### Middle Channel



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:22:48



Date: 10.JUL.2013    09:21:52

## **5.6 §15.247(a) (1) (iii)-Number of Hopping Channels**

1. Conducted Measurement  
EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.  
The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is  $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$ .
3. Environmental Conditions

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Temperature          | --°C   |
| Relative Humidity    | --%    |
| Atmospheric Pressure | --mbar |
4. Test date : --  
Tested By : --

### **Standard Requirement:**

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

### **Procedures:**

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in hopping function transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as Start=2400MHz, Stop = 2483.5MHz, Span = the frequency band of operation, RBW  $\geq 1\%$  of the span, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
4. Count the quantity of peaks to get the number of hopping channels.

### **Test Result: Pass**

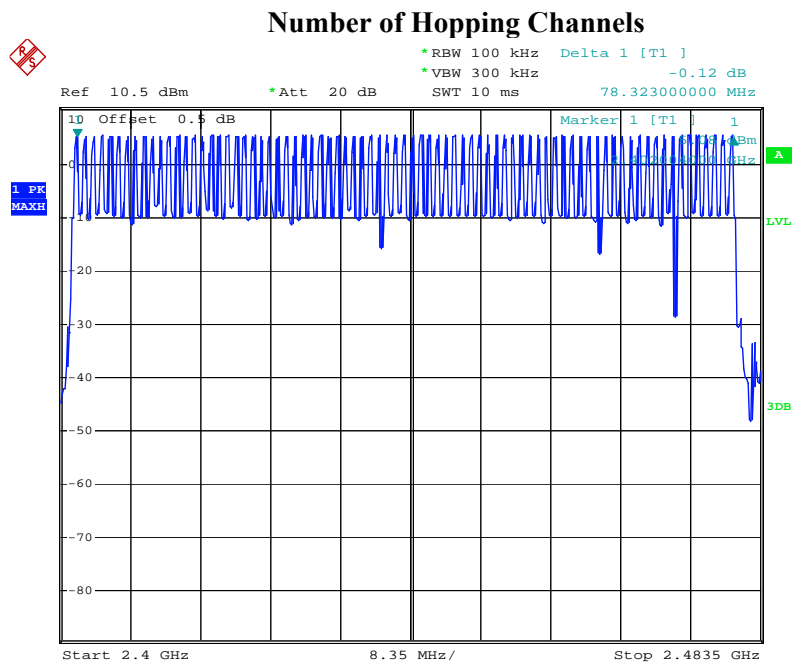
**Note: the following test data please refer to FCC ID: YSEGO165.**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>Hopping Mode With GFSK Modulation</b> |
|-------------------|--|

| Frequency Range<br>(MHz) | Number of<br>Hopping Channels | Limit     |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 2400-2483.5              | 79                            | $\geq 15$ |

**Please refer to following tables and plots**





Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:31:18

## **5.7 §15.247(a) (1) (iii) -Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)**

1. Conducted Measurement  
EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.  
The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is  $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$ .
3. Environmental Conditions  

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Temperature          | --°C   |
| Relative Humidity    | --%    |
| Atmospheric Pressure | --mbar |
4. Test date : --  
Tested By : --

### **Standard Requirement:**

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### **Procedures:**

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode and switch on frequency hopping function.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel,  
RBW=1MHz, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
4. Calculate the time of occupancy in a period with time occupancy of a burst and quantity of bursts.

### **Test Result: Pass**

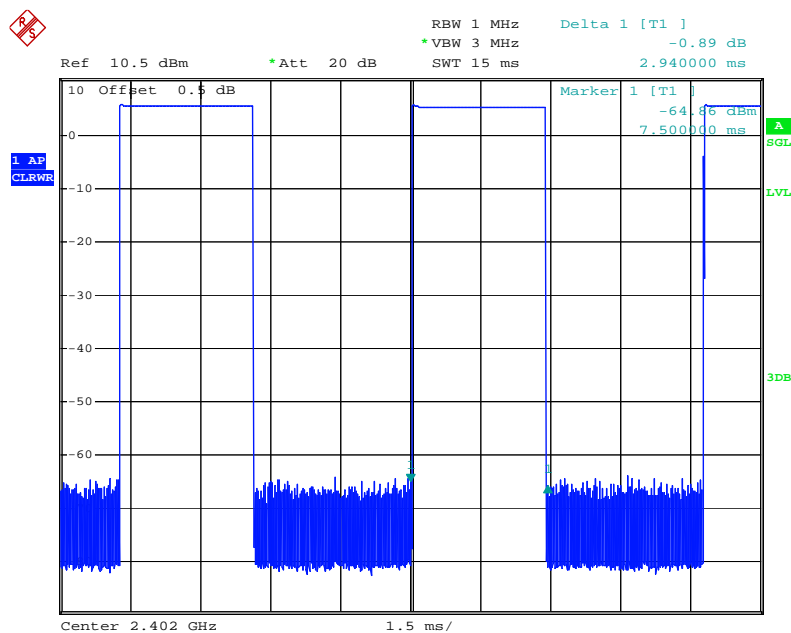
**Note: the following test data please refer to FCC ID: YSEGO165.**

|            |                                   |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Test Mode: | Hopping Mode With GFSK Modulation |
|------------|-----------------------------------|

| Mode | Channel  | Pulse Width (ms) | Dwell Time (s) | Limit (s) | Result |
|------|--|------------------|----------------|-----------|--------|
| DH 5 | Low  | 2.940            | 0.31571        | 0.4       | Pass   |
|      | Middle   | 2.940            | 0.31571        | 0.4       | Pass   |
|      | High   | 2.940            | 0.31571        | 0.4       | Pass   |
|      | Note: Dwell time=Pulse Time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) × 31.6 Second |                  |                |           |        |

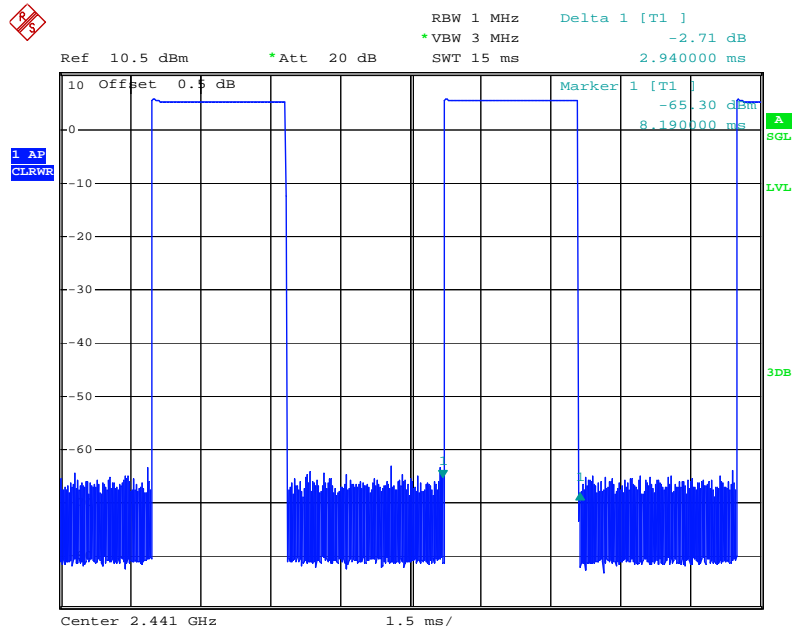
Please refer to the following plots.

#### Low Channel for DH5



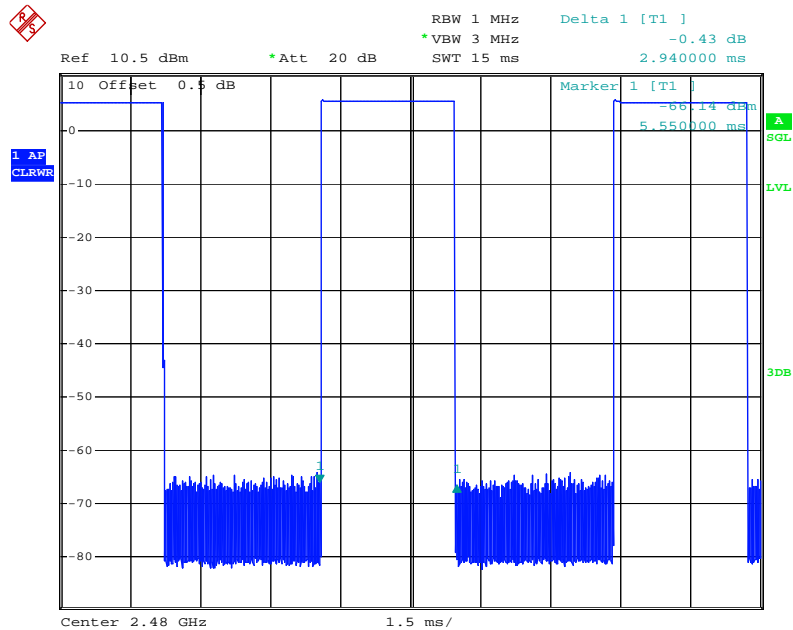
Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:32:38

### Middle Channel for DH5



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:35:42

### High Channel for DH5



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:36:54

## **5.8 §15.247(b) (1) - Peak Output Power**

1. Conducted Measurement  
EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.  
The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty  
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is  $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$ .
3. Environmental Conditions  

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Temperature          | --°C   |
| Relative Humidity    | --%    |
| Atmospheric Pressure | --mbar |
4. Test date : --  
Tested By : --

### **Standard Requirement:**

According to §15.247(b)(2), For frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band: 0.125watts.

### **Procedures:**

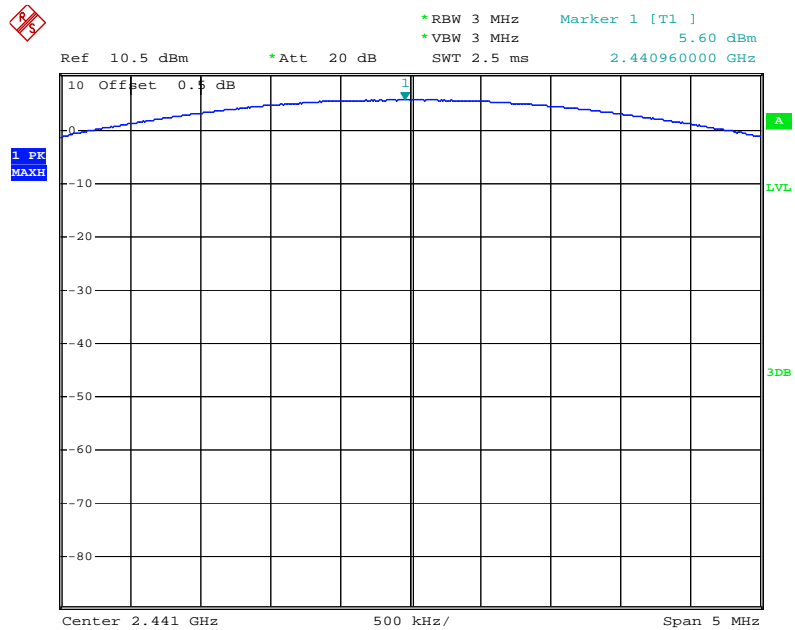
1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel, RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep=auto, Detector function=peak, Trace = max hold.
4. Then set the EUT to transmit at low, middle and high channel and measure the conducted output power separately.

### **Test Result: Pass**

**Note: the following test data please refer to FCC ID: YSEGO165.**

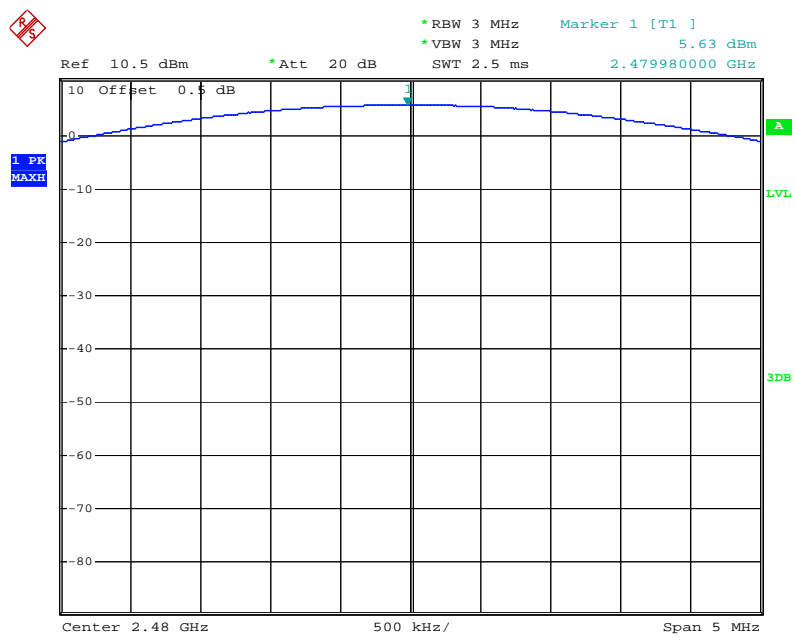


Middle Channel



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:39:40

High Channel



Date: 10.JUL.2013 09:39:04

## **5.9 §15.247(d) - Band Edge**

### **Standard Requirement:**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### **Procedures:**

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

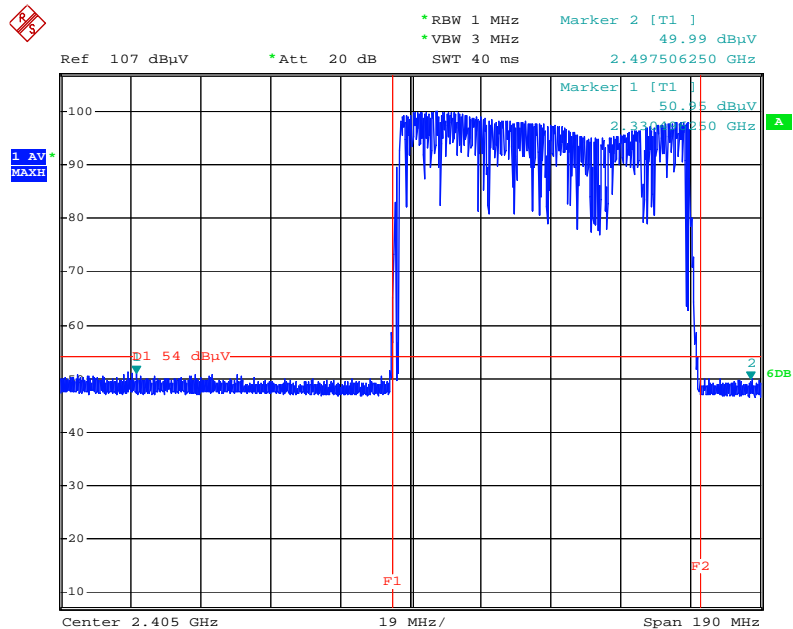
**Test Result: Pass**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Test Mode:</b> | <b>GFSK Hopping &amp; Transmitting</b> |
|-------------------|--|

Please refer to the following plots.

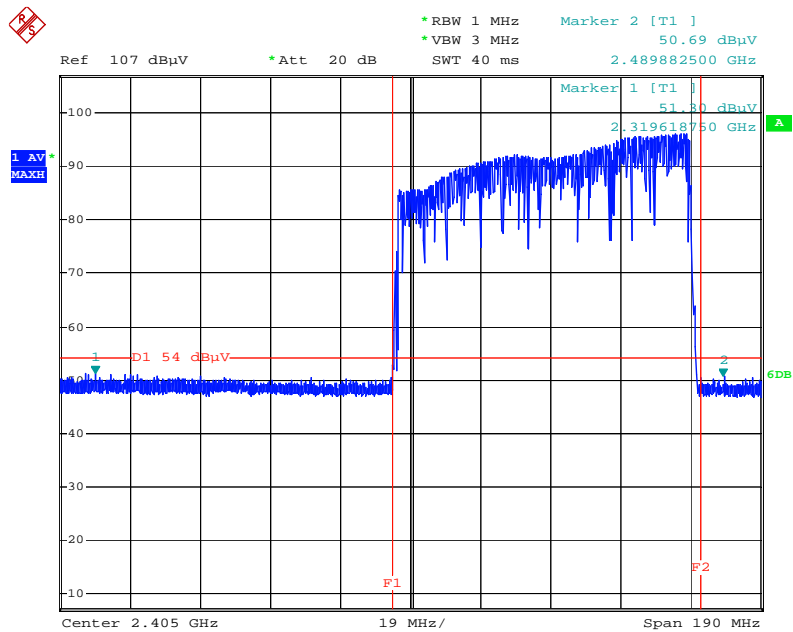


## GFSK-hopping-Ave-H



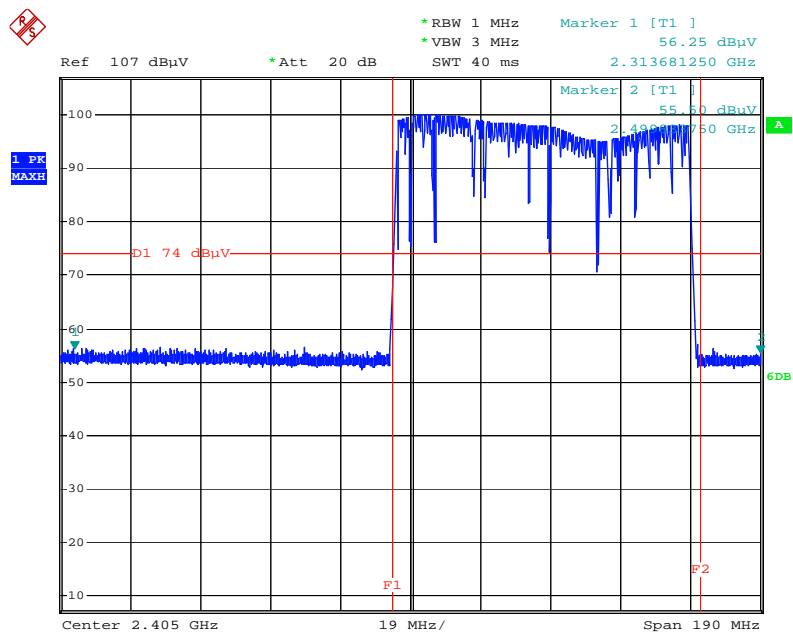
Date: 15.JUL.2013 19:11:08

## GFSK-hopping-Ave-V



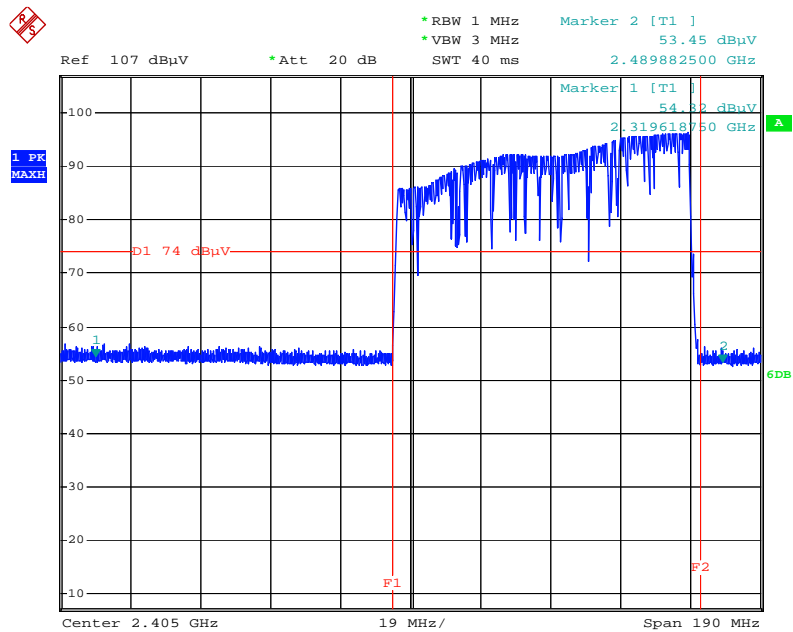
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:57:42

### GFSK-hopping-PK-H



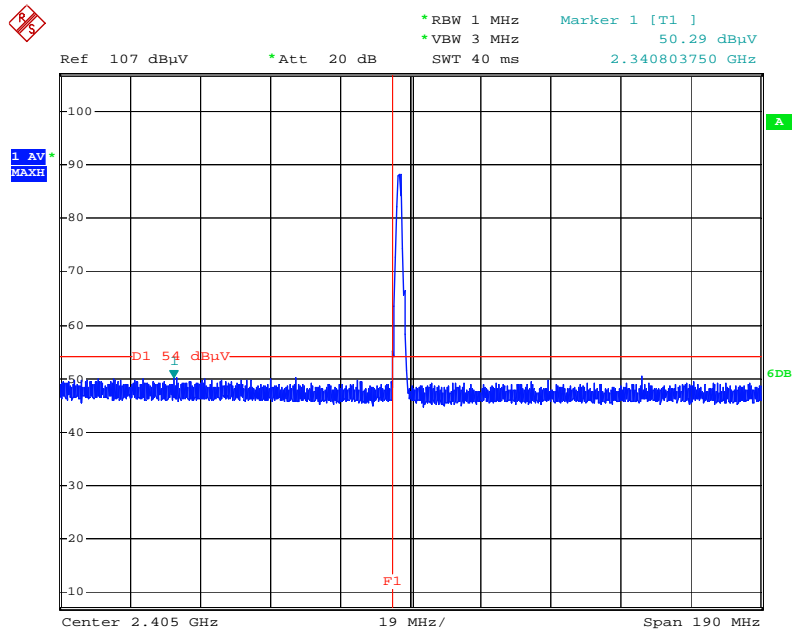
Date: 15.JUL.2013 19:07:25

### GFSK-hopping-PK-V



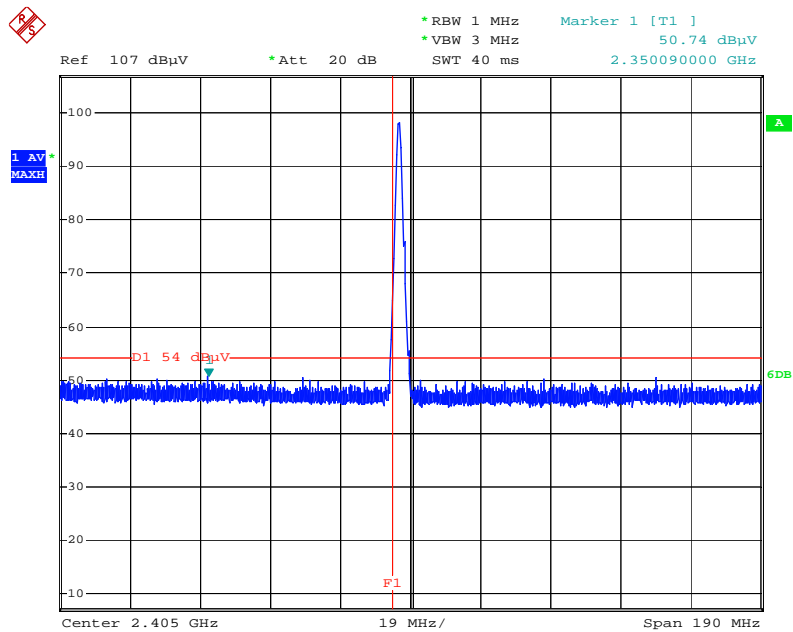
Date: 15.JUL.2013 19:02:05

### GFSK Left Side Ave-H



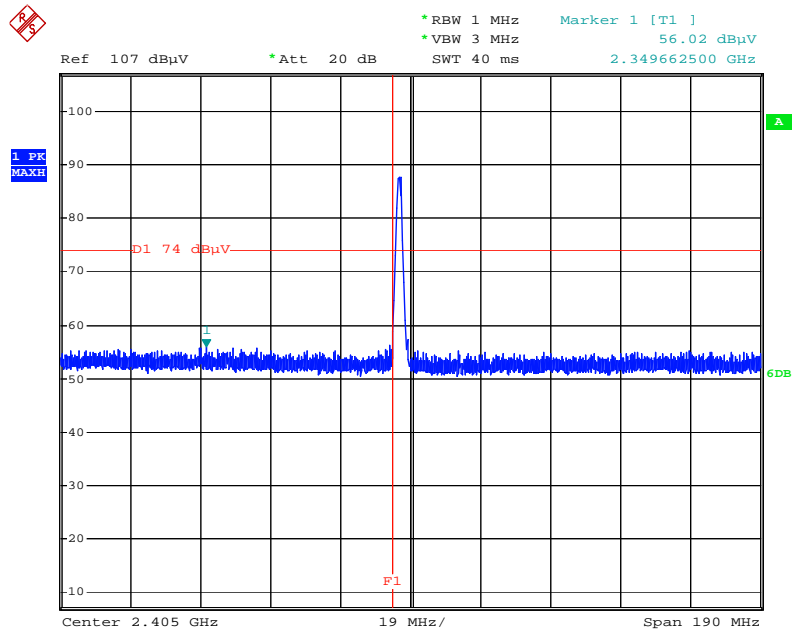
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:49:32

### GFSK Left Side Ave-V



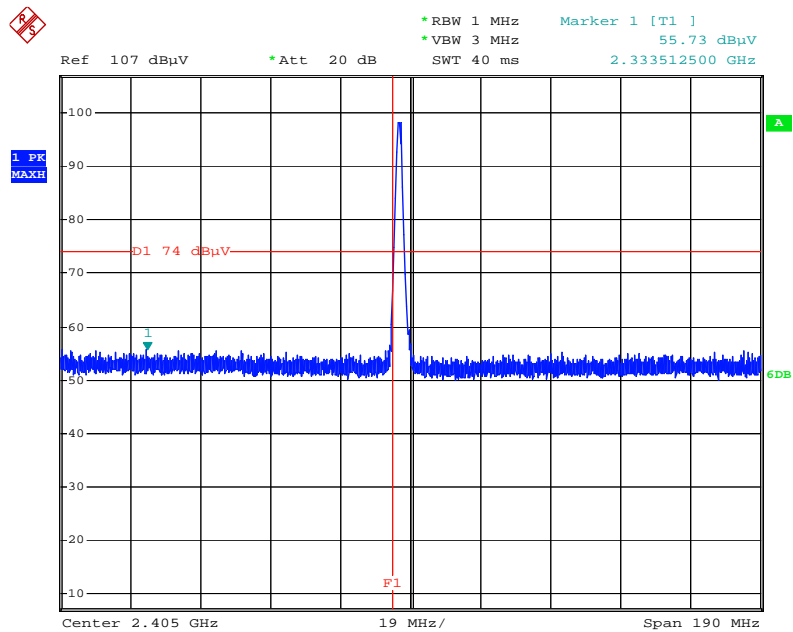
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:52:22

GFSK Left Side PK-H



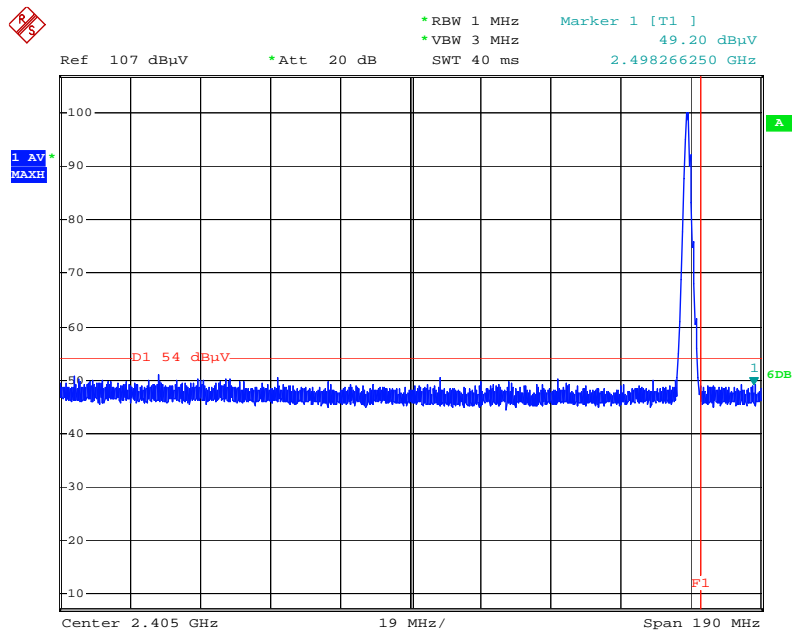
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:50:49

GFSK Left Side PK-V



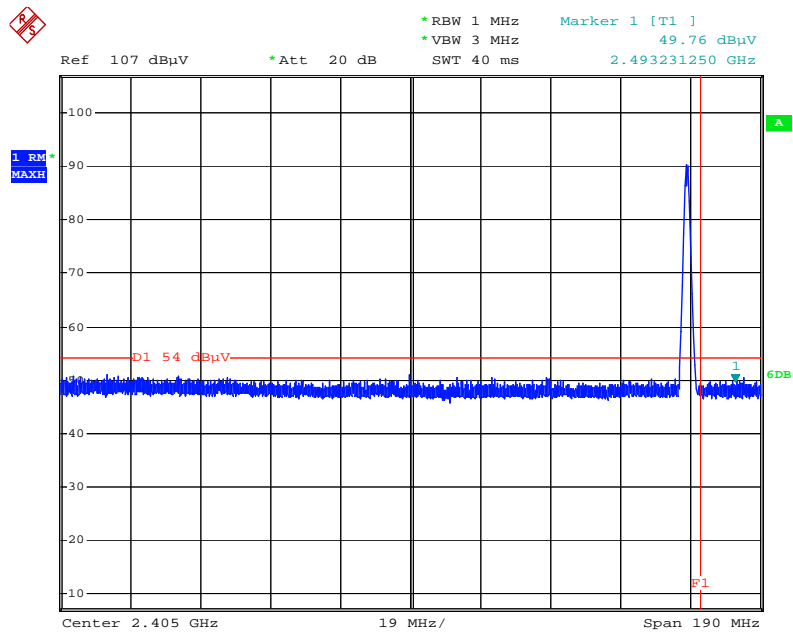
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:51:40

GFSK Right Side Ave-H



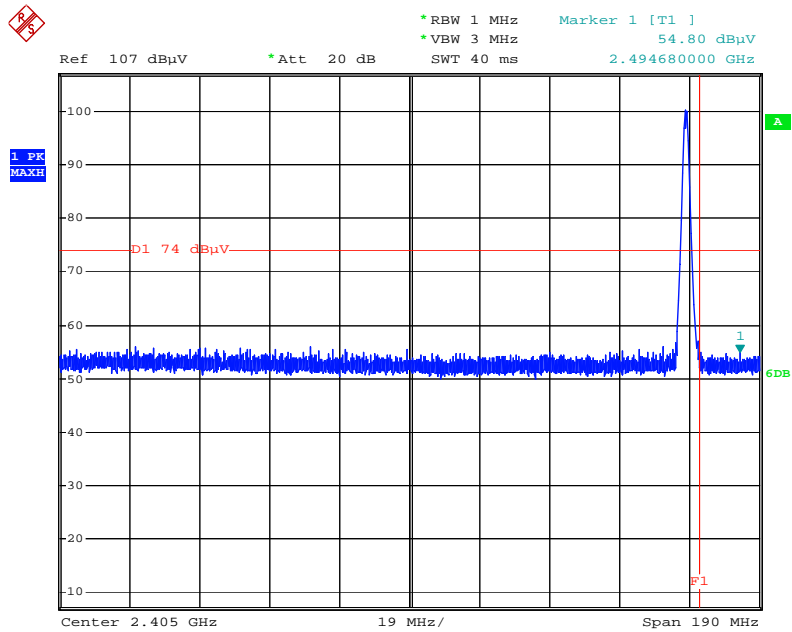
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:48:13

GFSK Right Side Ave-V



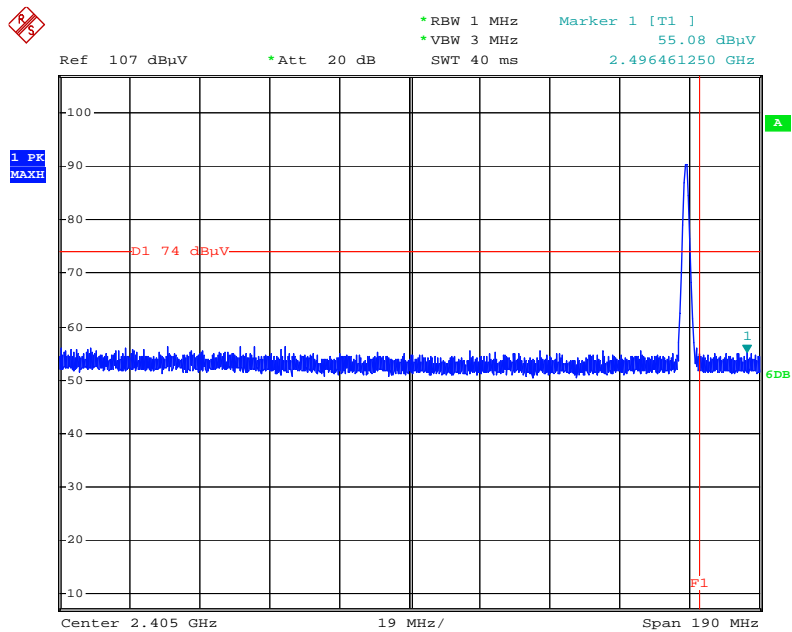
Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:45:52

GFSK Right Side PK-H



Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:47:44

GFSK Right Side PK-V



Date: 15.JUL.2013 18:47:03

## **Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT & METHOD**

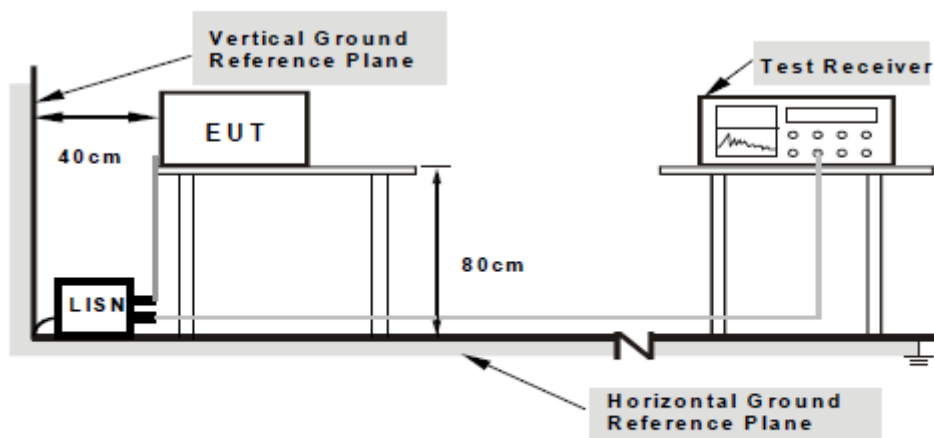
### **Annex A.i. TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES**

| Instrument                                  | Model                  | Serial #       | Calibration Date | Calibration Due Date |
|---|------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------|
| <b>AC Line Conducted Emissions</b>          |                        |                |                  |                      |
| R&S EMI Test Receiver                       | ESPI3                  | 101216         | 10/27/2012       | 10/26/2013           |
| V-LISN                                      | ESH3-Z5                | 838979/005     | 10/27/2012       | 10/26/2013           |
| Com-Power Transient Limiter                 | LIT-153                | 531021         | 11/03/2012       | 11/02/2013           |
| Universal Radio Communication Tester        | CMU200                 | 104031         | 10/27/2012       | 10/26/2013           |
| A- INFOMW Antenna (1 ~18GHz)                | JXTXLB-10180           | J2031081120092 | 06/25/2013       | 06/24/2014           |
| SIEMIC Labview Conducted Emissions software | V1.0                   | N/A            | N/A              | N/A                  |
| <b>Radiated Emissions</b>                   |                        |                |                  |                      |
| Hp Spectrum Analyzer                        | 8563E                  | 3821A09023     | 01/10/2013       | 01/09/2014           |
| R&S EMI Receiver                            | ESPI3                  | 101216         | 10/27/2012       | 10/26/2013           |
| Antenna (30MHz~6GHz)                        | JB6                    | A121411        | 03/27/2013       | 03/26/2014           |
| EMCO Horn Antenna (1 ~18GHz)                | 3115                   | N/A            | 10/29/2012       | 10/28/2013           |
| A- INFOMW Antenna (1 ~18GHz)                | JXTXLB-10180           | J2031081120092 | 06/25/2013       | 06/24/2014           |
| Horn Antenna (18~40GHz)                     | AH-840                 | 101013         | 04/22/2013       | 04/22/2014           |
| Microwave Pre-Amp (18~40GHz)                | PA-840                 | 181250         | 05/30/2013       | 05/29/2014           |
| Hp Agilent Pre-Amplifier                    | 8447F                  | 1937A01160     | 11/03/2012       | 11/02/2013           |
| MITEQ Pre-Amplifier (0.1 ~ 18GHz)           | AMF-7D-00101800-30-10P | 1451709        | 11/03/2012       | 11/02/2013           |
| Universal Radio Communication Tester        | CMU200                 | 104031         | 10/27/2012       | 10/26/2013           |
| Chamber                                     | 3m                     | N/A            | 04/13/2013       | 04/12/2014           |
| SIEMIC Labview Radiated Emissions software  | V1.0                   | N/A            | N/A              | N/A                  |

## Annex A.ii. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

### Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table, as shown in Annex B.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50Ω/50μH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipments were powered separately from another main supply.



**Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.  
2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80cm from EUT and at least 80cm from other units and other metal planes support units.**

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item – Photographs of the Test Configuration1.

### Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line (for AC mains) or Earth line (for DC power) over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10 kHz. For FCC tests, only Quasi-peak measurements were made; while for CISPR/EN tests, both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line (for AC mains) or DC line (for DC power).

### Description of Conducted Emission Program

This EMC Measurement software run LabView automation software and offers a common user interface for electromagnetic interference (EMI) measurements. This software is a modern and powerful tool for controlling and monitoring EMI test receivers and EMC test systems. It guarantees reliable collection, evaluation, and documentation of measurement results. Basically, this program will run a pre-scan measurement before it proceeds with the final measurement. The pre-scan routine will run the common scan range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz; the program will first start a peak and average scan on selectable measurement time and step size. After the program complete the pre-scan, this program will perform the Quasi Peak and Average measurement, based on the pre-scan peak data reduction result.



### **Sample Calculation Example**

At 20 MHz

limit = 250  $\mu$ V = 47.96 dB $\mu$ V

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.20 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.00 dB $\mu$ V  
(Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 47.96 – 40.00 = 7.96                      i.e. **7.96 dB below limit**

## Annex A. iii. RADIATED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

### Limit

- Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency (MHz) | Field Strength (mV/m) | Measurement Distance (m) |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 30-88           | 100*                  | 3                        |
| 88-216          | 150*                  | 3                        |
| 216-960         | 200*                  | 3                        |
| Above 960       | 500                   | 3                        |

**Remark:** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

- In the above emission table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

| Frequency (Hz) | Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V/m}$ at 3-meter) | Field Strength (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$ at 3-meter) |
|----------------|--|--|
| 30-88          | 100  | 40   |
| 88-216         | 150  | 43.5   |
| 216-960        | 200  | 46   |
| Above 960      | 500  | 54   |

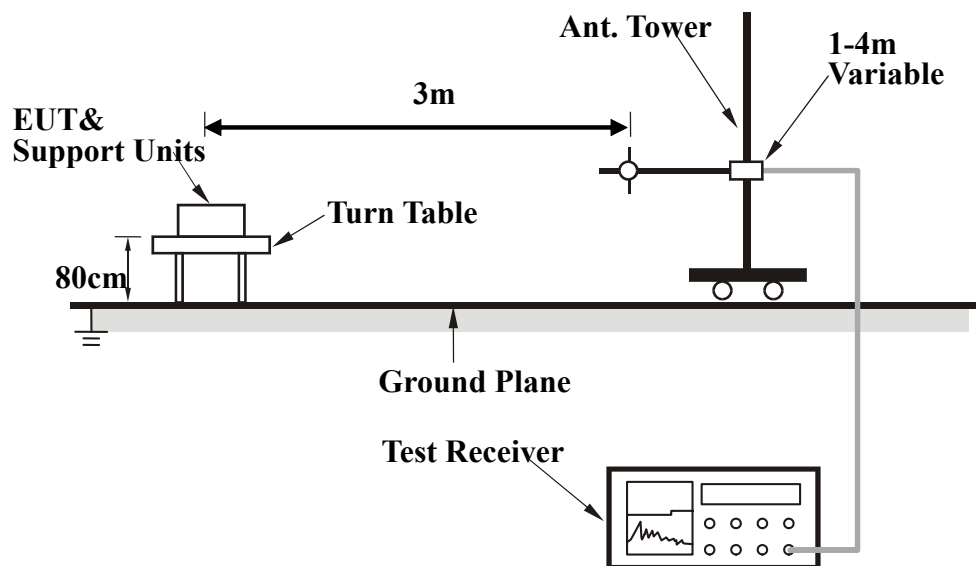
### EUT Characterisation

EUT characterisation, over the frequency range from 30MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic, was done in order to minimise radiated emissions testing time while still maintaining high confidence in the test results.

The EUT was placed in the chamber, at a height of about 0.8m on a turntable. Its radiated emissions frequency profile was observed, using a spectrum analyzer /receiver with the appropriate broadband antenna placed 3m away from the EUT. Radiated emissions from the EUT were maximised by rotating the turntable manually, changing the antenna polarisation and manipulating the EUT cables while observing the frequency profile on the spectrum analyzer / receiver. Frequency points at which maximum emissions occurred, clock frequencies and operating frequencies were then noted for the formal radiated emissions test at the Open Area Test Site (OATS) or 3m EMC chamber.

### **Test Set-up**

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-conductive table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.



### **Test Method**

The following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:

1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

#### **Final Radiated Emission Measurement**

1. Setup the configuration according to figure 1. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on an open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading.
5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured was complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

During the radiated emission test, the Spectrum Analyzer was set with the following configurations:

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000           | Peak     | 100 kHz              | 100 kHz         |
| Above 1000           | Peak     | 1 MHz                | 1 MHz           |
|                      | Average  | 1 MHz                | 10 Hz           |

### **Description of Radiated Emissions Program**

This EMC Measurement software run LabView automation software and offers a common user interface for electromagnetic interference (EMI) measurements. This software is a modern and powerful tool for controlling and monitoring EMI test receivers and EMC test systems. It guarantees reliable collection, evaluation, and documentation of measurement results. Basically, this program will run a pre-scan measurement before it proceeds with the final measurement. The pre-scan routine will run the scan on four different antenna heights, 2 antenna polarity, and 360 degrees table rotation. For example, the program was set to run 30 MHz to 1 GHz scan; the program will first start from a meter antenna height and divide the 30 MHz to 1 GHz into 10 separate parts of maximum hold sweeps. Each parts of maximum hold sweep, the program will collect the data from 0 degree to 360 degrees table rotation. After the program complete the 1m scan, the antenna continues to rise to 2m and continue the scan. The step will repeated for all specified antenna height and polarity. This program will perform the Quasi Peak measurement after the signal maximization process and pre-scan routine. The final measurement will be base on the pre-scan data reduction result.

### **Sample Calculation Example**

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. For the limit is employed average value, therefore the peak value can be transferred to average value by subtracting the duty factor. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Peak} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

where

Corr. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain (if any)

And the average value is

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Average} &= \text{Peak Value} + \text{Duty Factor or} \\ \text{Set RBW} &= 1\text{MHz, VBW} = 10\text{Hz.} \end{aligned}$$

Note:

If the measured frequencies are fall in the restricted frequency band, the limit employed must be quasi peak value when frequencies are below or equal to 1 GHz. And the measuring instrument is set to quasi peak detector function.

### **Radiated emission test facilities for frequencies above 1 GHz (ANSI C63.4-2009 Chapter 5.5)**

Currently, test site reference validation requirements above 1 GHz have not been established. However, facilities suitable for measurements in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz are considered suitable for the frequency range 1 GHz to 40 GHz with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane such that the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2007 is met, or alternatively covering a minimum area of 2.4 m by 2.4 m (for a 3 m test distance) between the antenna and the EUT using RF absorbing material with a minimum-rated attenuation of 20 dB (for normal incidence) up to 18 GHz. For separation distances greater than 3 m, a proportional increase in the area of suitable absorbing material is required.

## **Annex B. EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

### **Annex B.i. Photograph 1: EUT External Photo**



Whole Package - Top View



EUT - Front View



EUT - Rear View





EUT - Top View



EUT - Bottom View



EUT - Left View



EUT - Right View



**Annex B.ii. Photograph 2: EUT Internal Photo**



Cover Off - Front View





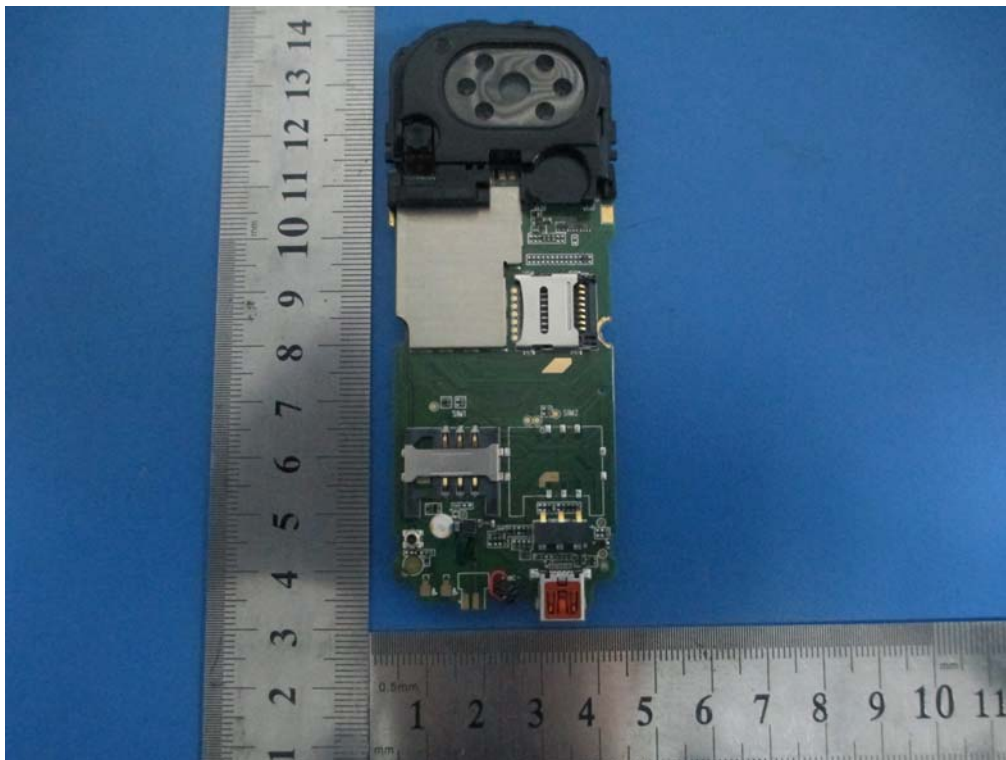
Battery - Top View



Battery - Bottom View

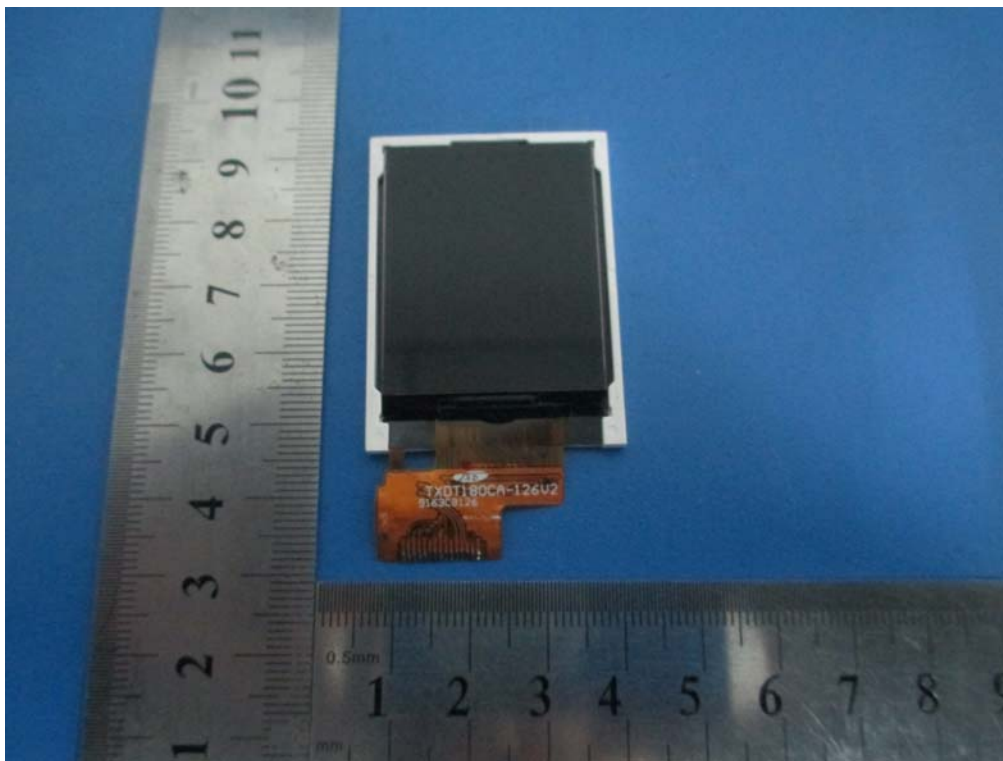


Uncover - Front View

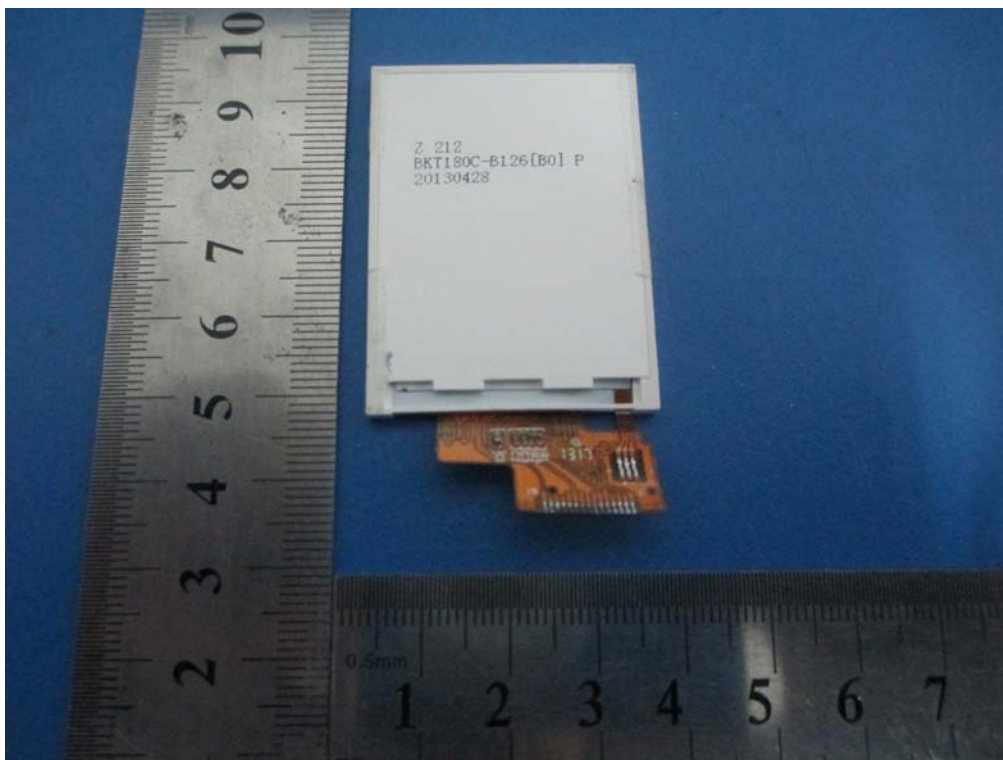


Battery - Bottom View

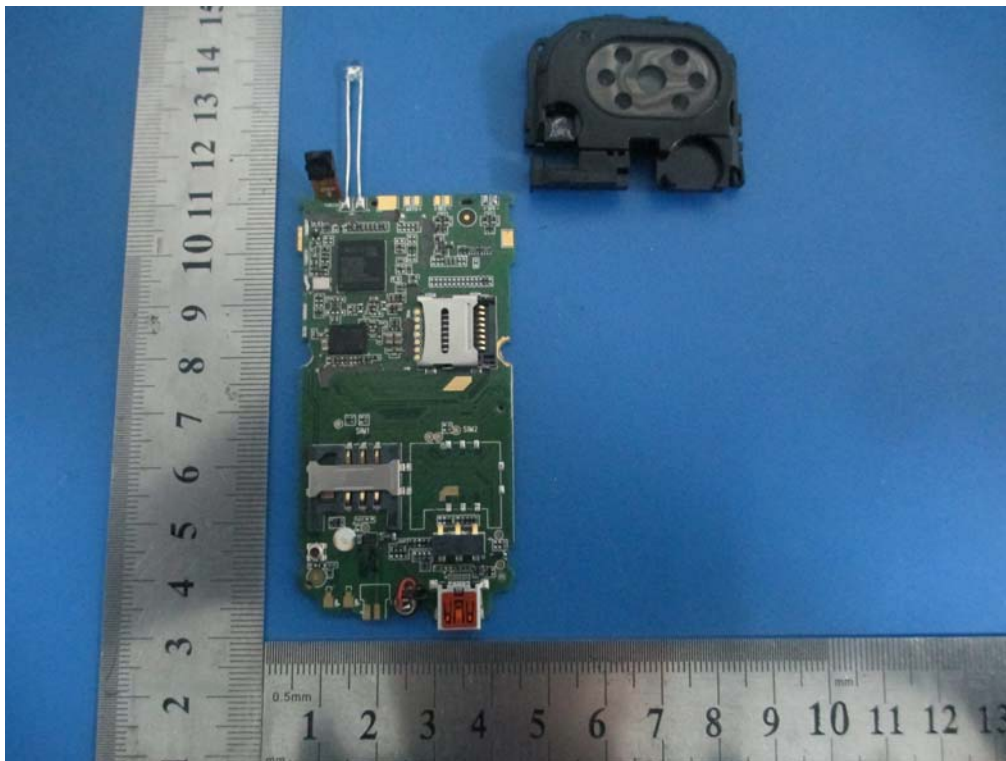




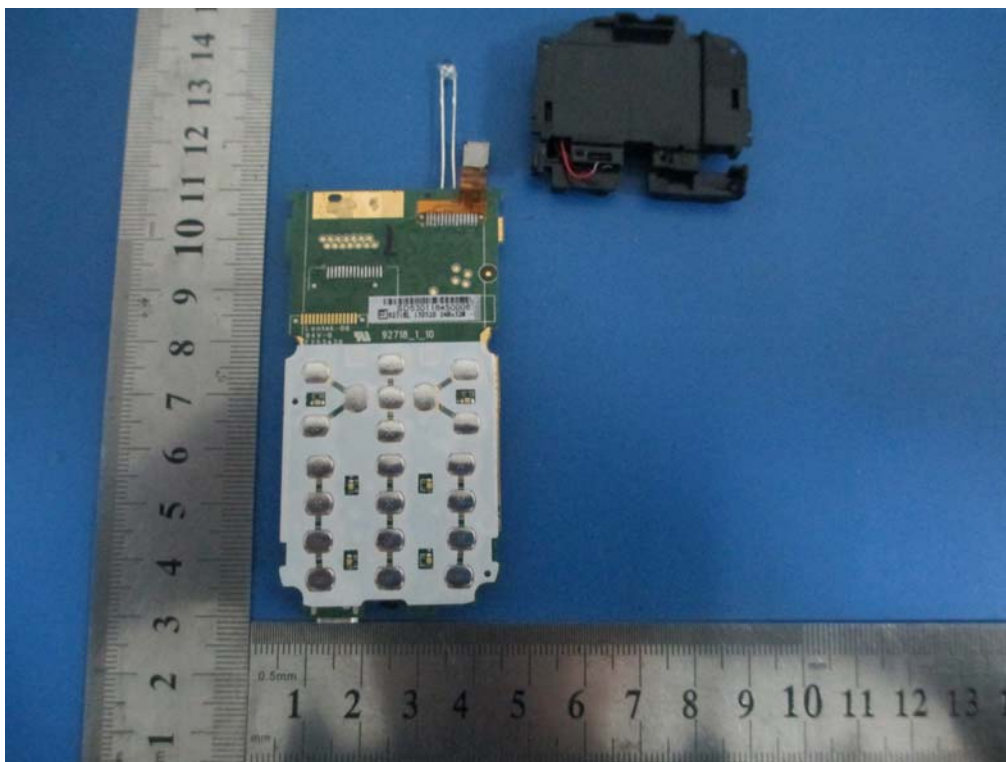
LCD - Front View



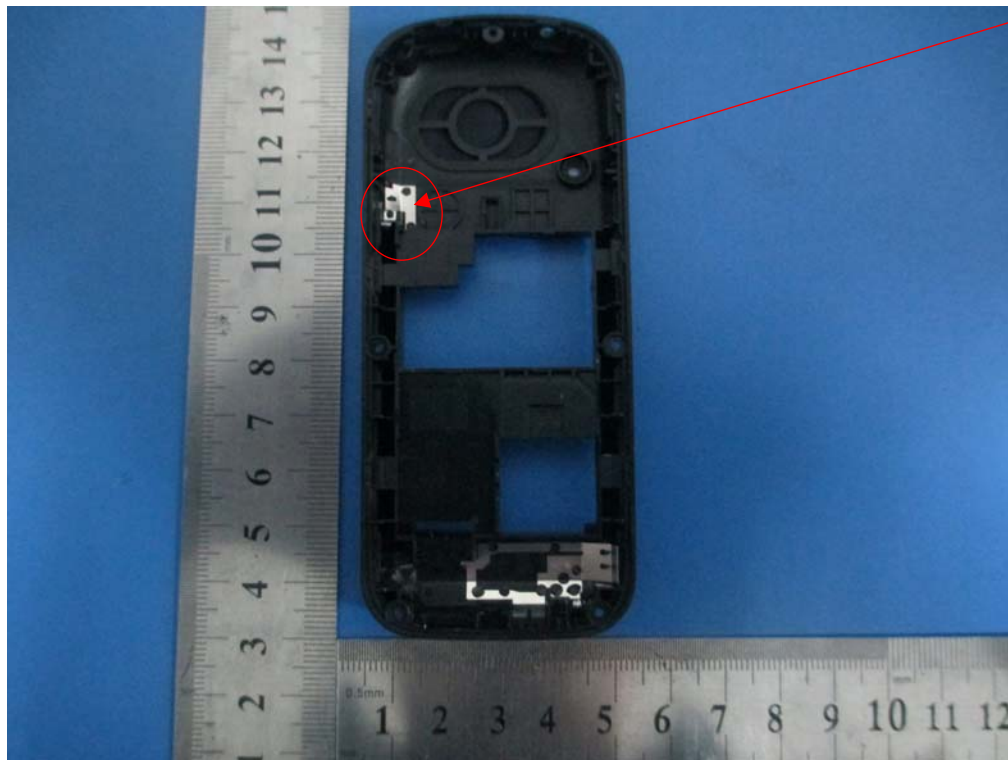
LCD - Rear View



Uncover – Without Shielding Front View

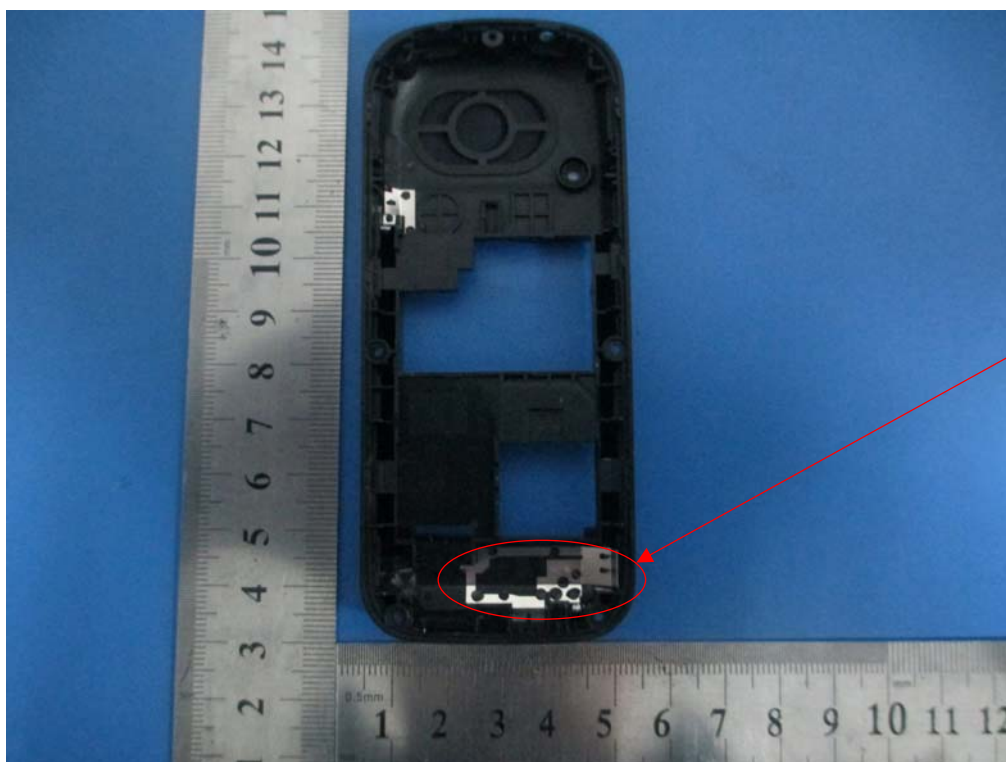


Uncover – Without Shielding Rear View



Bluetooth  
Antenna

Bluetooth Antenna – Front View

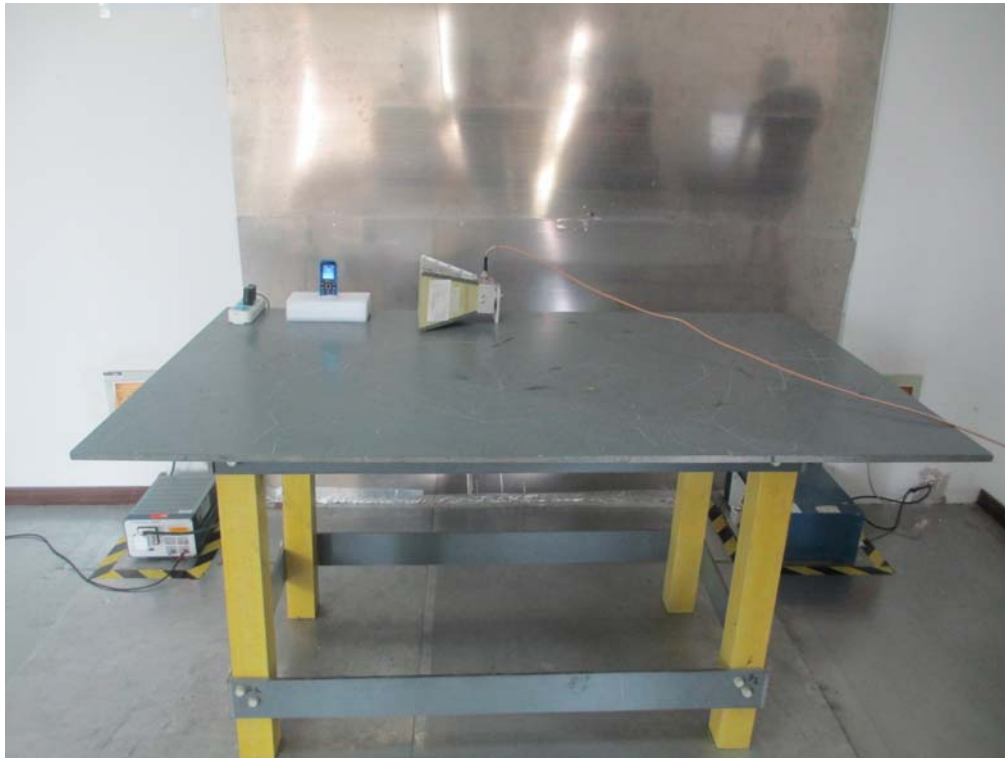


GSM Antenna

GSM Antenna – Front View



**Annex B.iii. Photograph 3: Test Setup Photo**



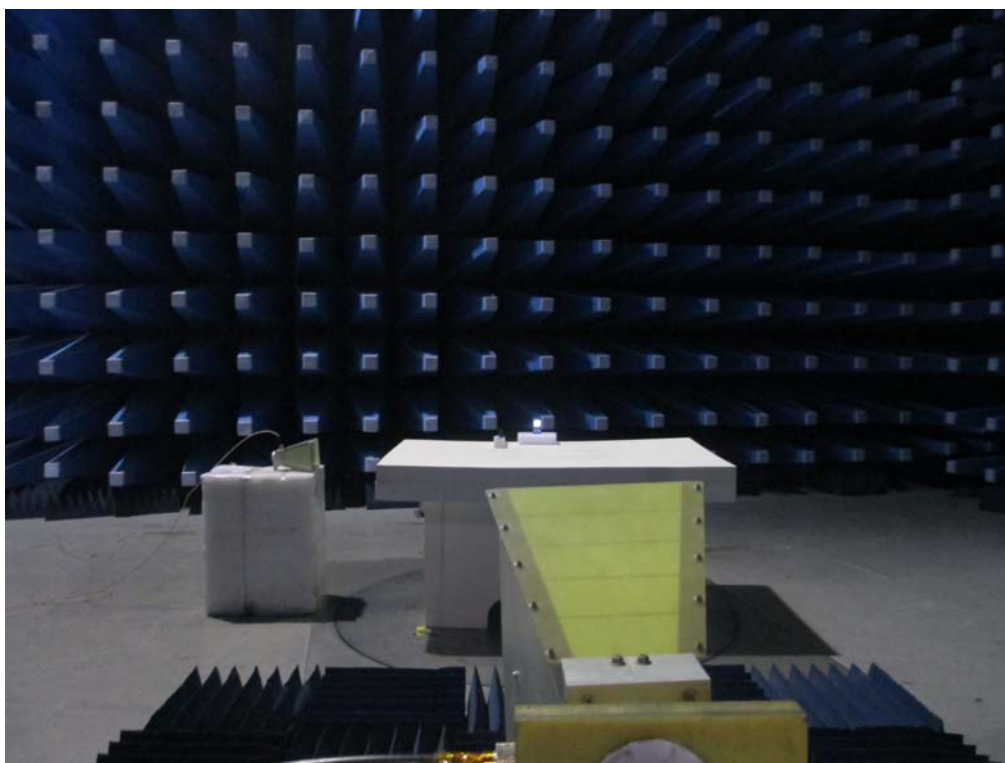
Conducted Emissions Test Setup Front View



Conducted Emissions Test Setup Side View



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Below 1GHz - Front View



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Above 1GHz –Front View



## **Annex C. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT**

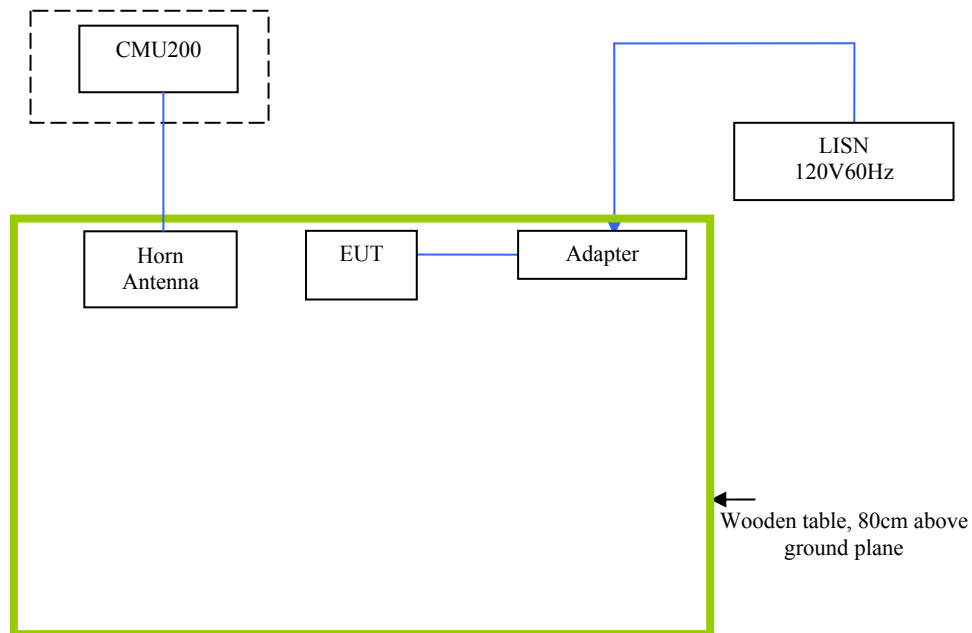
### **EUT TEST CONDITIONS**

#### **Annex C. i. SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION**

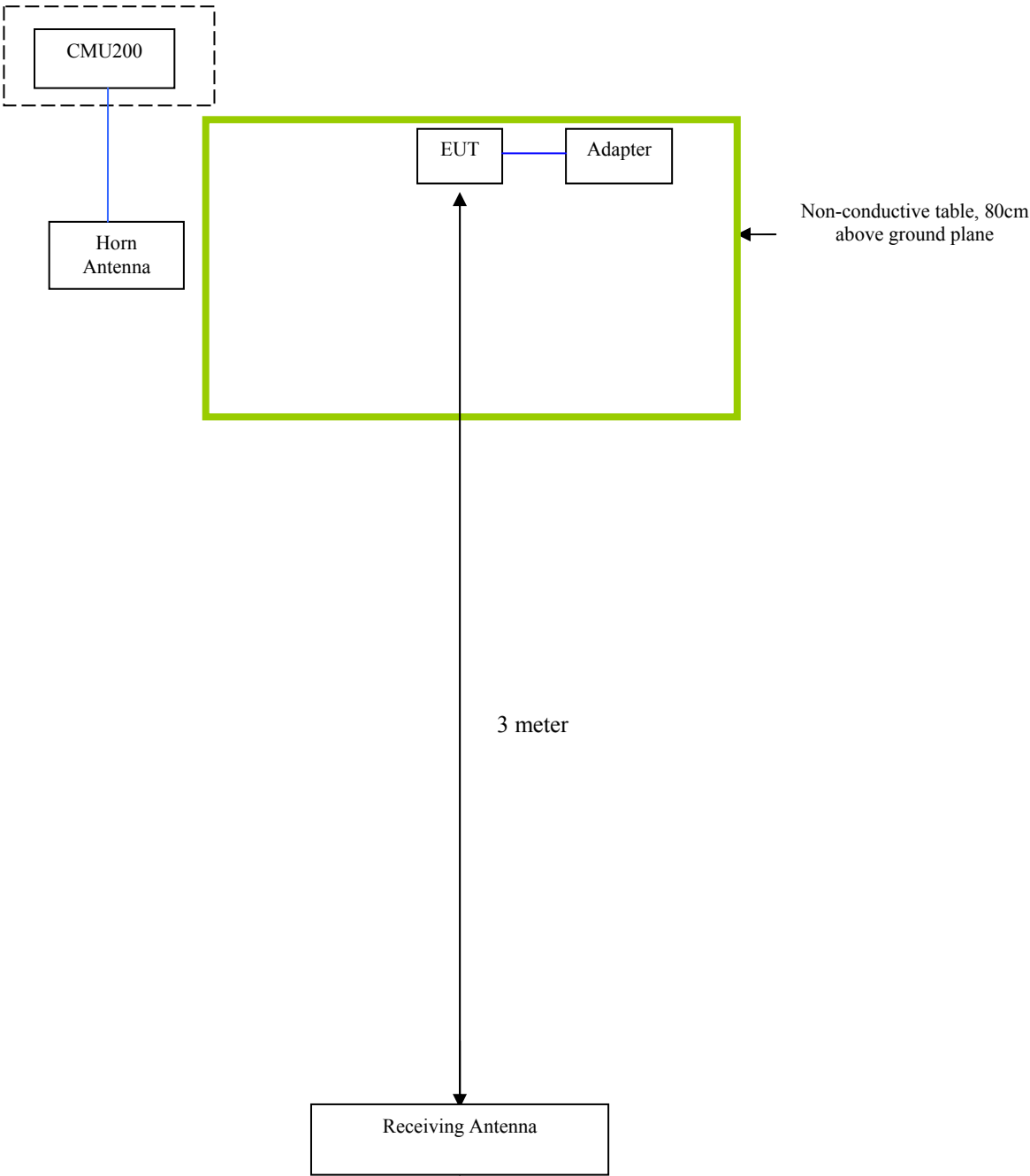
The following is a description of supporting equipment and details of cables used with the EUT.

| Manufacturer | Equipment<br>Description<br>(Including Brand<br>Name) | Model | Calibration<br>Date | Calibration<br>Due Date |
|--------------|---|-------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| N/A          | N/A   | N/A   | N/A                 | N/A                     |

## Block Configuration Diagram for AC Line Conducted Emissions



**Block Configuration Diagram for Radiated Emissions**



## **Annex C.ii. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS**

The following is the description of how the EUT is exercised during testing.

| Test              | Description Of Operation   |
|-------------------|--|
| Emissions Testing | The EUT was continuously transmitting to stimulate the worst case. |

## **Annex D. USER MANUAL / BLOCK DIAGRAM / SCHEMATICS / PART LIST**

**Please see attachment**

## **Annex E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY**

### **Statement**

We are submitting an application for a class II permissive change to the FCC approval, product description: GSM Mobile Phone (FCC: **YSEGO165**, Original model:GO165, New model: GO170). The transmitter module itself has not changed.

The two models are using a same PCBA, means same interior structure, electrical circuits and components. There are only a few differences as below:

1. They have different ID(different casings), so the antenna structure which adhered on back casing is some different.
2. GO170 has a back camera when GO165 not

Sincerely,

Name: 王春华

Title: 项目经理

Signature: 王春华