FCC Part 15 EMI TEST REPORT

 $(Part\ 1 - 802.11b/g/n)$

of

E.U.T. : Rugged Tablet PC

Model No. : ALGIZ 7X, CS25 plus, CS25

LRBT plus, CS25 GNSS plus,

CC61 plus, CC60 plus

FCC ID. : YY3-0112070926724

for

APPLICANT : Handheld Group AB.

ADDRESS : Kinnegatan 17, 53133, Lidköping, Sweden

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C Tel: (02)26023052 Fax: (02)26010910 http://www.etc.org.tw; e-mail: emc@etc.org.tw

Report Number: 13-06-RBF-026-06-01

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Handheld Group AB

Kinnegatan 17, 53133, Lidköping, Sweden

Manufacturer : WINMATE Communication INC.

9F, No.111-6, Shing-De Rd., San-Chung District, New Taipei City 241

Taiwan

Description of EUT

a) Type of EUT : Rugged Tablet PC

b) Trade Name : Handheld

c) Model No. : ALGIZ 7X, CS25 plus, CS25 LRBT plus, CS25 GNSS plus, CC61 plus,

CC60 plus

d) Power Supply : Switching Adapter

I/P: 100-240VAC, 50-60Hz, 2.5A

O/P: 12VDC, 6.6A

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.

2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Summary of Tests

| Test | Results |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Radiated Emission | Pass |
| Conducted Emission | Pass |
| Emission Bandwidth | Pass |
| Output Power | Pass |
| 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges | Pass |
| Power Density | Pass |
| Out-of-Band Conducted Emission | Pass |

Date Test Item Received : Jun. 19, 2013

Date Test Campaign Completed : Sep. 06, 2013

Date of Issue : Dec. 03, 2013

Test Engineer

(Vincent Chang, Engineer)

Approve & Authorized

S. S. Liou, Section Manager

EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

: Rugged Tablet PC a) Type of EUT

: Handheld b) Trade Name

: ALGIZ 7X, CS25 plus, CS25 LRBT plus, CS25 GNSS c) Model No.

plus, CC61 plus, CC60 plus

d) Power Supply : Switching Adapter

I/P: 100-240VAC, 50-60Hz, 2.5A

O/P: 12VDC, 6.6A

e) Model Difference : There is no difference between serial models except the

model name designation.

1.2 Characteristics of Device

802.11b/g & 802.11n(HT20): 2412MHz~2462MHz

Frequency band 802.11n(HT40): 2422MHz~2452MHz

Number of 802.11b/g & 802.11n(HT20): 11 channels

channels 802.11n(HT40): 9 channels

Channel spacing : 5MHz

Transmitter

: Internal IFA antenna antenna source

1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details. For RF test the measurement procedure was referred to FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.

This site has been fully described in a report submitted to your office, and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 11, 2011.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note: A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except for Class A digital devices, for equpment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50$ ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB μ V | Average dB μ V |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

| Frequency MHz | Distance Meters | Radiated dB μ V/m | Radiated μV/m |
|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 30 - 88 | 3 | 40.0 | 100 |
| 88 - 216 | 3 | 43.5 | 150 |
| 216 - 960 | 3 | 46.0 | 200 |
| Above 960 | 3 | 54.0 | 500 |

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

(4) Bandwidth Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(a)(2), the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Power Density Requirement

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 ** | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2655-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3360-4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

^{**:} Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions below 1 GHz, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would QPly use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in QPly standing by situation. Measurement was performed under the condition that a computer program was exercised to simulate data communication of EUT, and the transmission rate was set to maximum allowed by EUT. Three highest emissions were verified with varying placement of the cables connected to EUT to maximize the emission from EUT.

For conducted and radiated spurious emissions, whichever RF channel is operated, the digital circuits function identically. As the reason, measurement of radiated emissions from digital circuits is only performed with channel 1 by transmitting mode.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device | Manufacture | Model / FCC ID | Cable Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Rugged Tablet PC * | HANDHELD | ALGIZ 7X/ YY3-ALGIZ7X | 1.8m Unshielded AC Adapter |
| | GROUP AB. | | • |
| Earphone | KINYO | EM3000 | 0.8m Unshielded Earhpone Cable |
| Monitor | BenQ | FP547 | 1.8m Unshielded AC Power Cord |
| | | | 0.8m Shielded D-SUB data line |
| 2.5"USB Disk | PHILIPS | 100GB | 0.3m Unshielded USB Line |
| 2.5"USB Disk | Ministation 3.0 | HD-PCTU3 | 0.3m Unshielded USB Line |

Remark "*" means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with §15.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively.
- 2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
- 3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
- 4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0° to 360° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
- 5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
- 7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

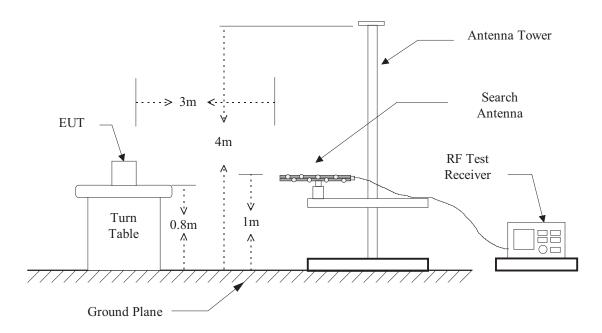
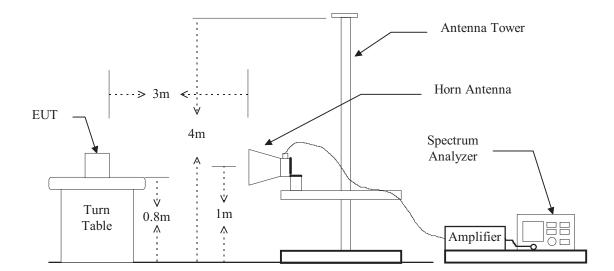


Figure 1: Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

Figure 2: Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

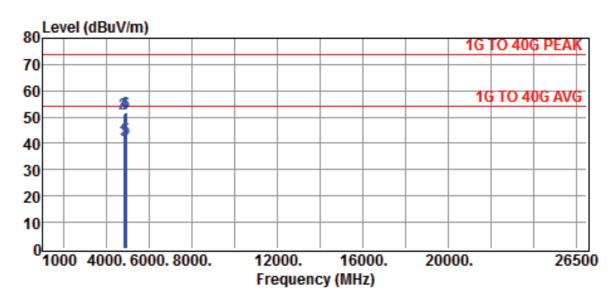
| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESVS30 | 2013/05/06 | 2014/05/05 |
| Bi-Log Antenna | ETC | MCTD 2756 | 2012/01/17 | 2014/01/17 |
| Log-periodic Antenna | EMCO | 3146 | 2012/10/17 | 2013/10/16 |
| Double Ridged Guide | | | | |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3116 | 2012/11/23 | 2013/11/22 |
| Biconical Antenna | EMCO | 3110 | 2012/10/17 | 2013/10/16 |
| Double Ridged | | | | |
| Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 2013/04/29 | 2014/04/28 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8449B | 2013/01/09 | 2014/01/08 |
| Amplifier | HP | 83051A | 2013/05/06 | 2014/05/05 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8447D | 2013/05/03 | 2014/05/02 |
| Spectrum | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/06 |

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used:

| Frequency Band | Instrument | Function | Resolution | Video |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| (MHz) | | T GITCUTOIT | bandwidth | Bandwidth |
| 30 to 1000 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz | N/A |
| 30 to 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |
| Above 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Average | 1 MHz | 10 Hz |

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion A. (802.11b)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C

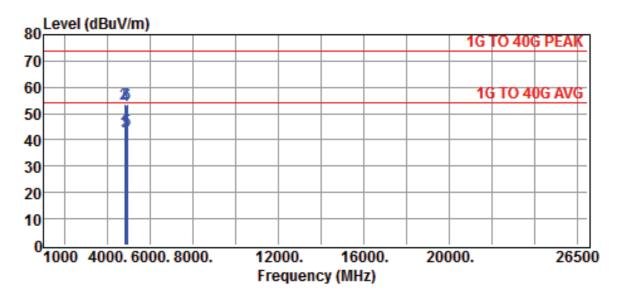
Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65%

Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4824.0000 | 40.6 | 0.6 | 41.2 | 54.0 | -12.8 | Average |
| 4824.0000 | 50.5 | 0.6 | 51.1 | 74.0 | -22.9 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 40.7 | 0.7 | 41.4 | 54.0 | -12.6 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 51.0 | 0.7 | 51.7 | 74.0 | -22.3 | Peak |
| 4924.0000 | 40.5 | 1.0 | 41.5 | 54.0 | -12.5 | Average |
| 4924.0000 | 50.5 | 1.0 | 51.5 | 74.0 | -22.5 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25 $^{\circ}$ C Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65%

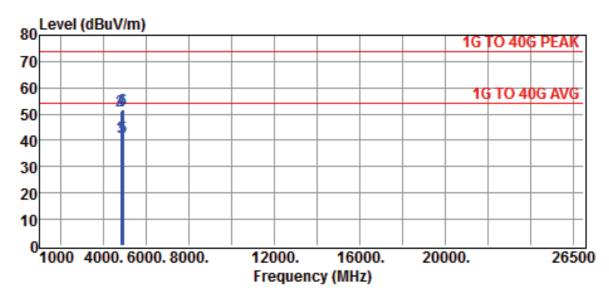
Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4824.0000 | 42.5 | 0.6 | 43.1 | 54.0 | -10.9 | Average |
| 4824.0000 | 52.9 | 0.6 | 53.5 | 74.0 | -20.5 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 42.2 | 0.7 | 42.9 | 54.0 | -11.1 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 52.4 | 0.7 | 53.1 | 74.0 | -20.9 | Peak |
| 4924.0000 | 42.5 | 1.0 | 43.5 | 54.0 | -10.5 | Average |
| 4924.0000 | 52.6 | 1.0 | 53.6 | 74.0 | -20.4 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

B. (802.11g)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

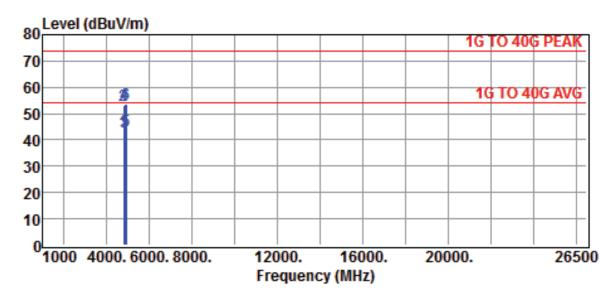
EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25 $^{\circ}$ C Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65 $^{\circ}$

Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4824.0000 | 40.6 | 0.6 | 41.2 | 54.0 | -12.8 | Average |
| 4824.0000 | 50.6 | 0.6 | 51.2 | 74.0 | -22.8 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 40.7 | 0.7 | 41.4 | 54.0 | -12.6 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 51.0 | 0.7 | 51.7 | 74.0 | -22.3 | Peak |
| 4924.0000 | 40.1 | 1.0 | 41.1 | 54.0 | -12.9 | Average |
| 4924.0000 | 50.8 | 1.0 | 51.8 | 74.0 | -22.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25 $^{\circ}$ C Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65%

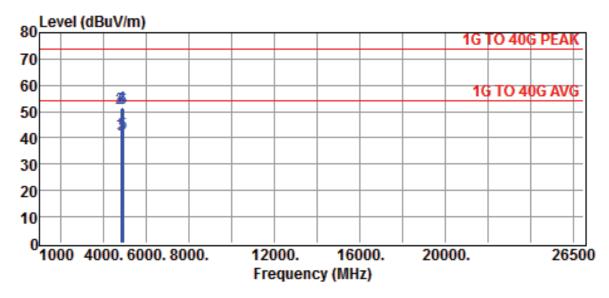
Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4824.0000 | 42.6 | 0.6 | 43.2 | 54.0 | -10.8 | Average |
| 4824.0000 | 52.6 | 0.6 | 53.2 | 74.0 | -20.8 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 42.6 | 0.7 | 43.3 | 54.0 | -10.7 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 53.0 | 0.7 | 53.7 | 74.0 | -20.3 | Peak |
| 4924.0000 | 42.4 | 1.0 | 43.4 | 54.0 | -10.6 | Average |
| 4924.0000 | 52.7 | 1.0 | 53.7 | 74.0 | -20.3 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

C. (802.11n HT-20)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C

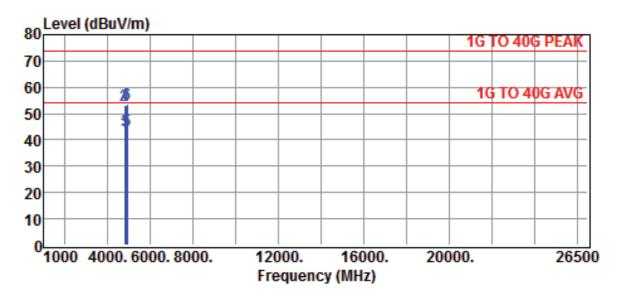
Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65%

Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4824.0000 | 40.9 | 0.6 | 41.5 | 54.0 | -12.5 | Average |
| 4824.0000 | 50.6 | 0.6 | 51.2 | 74.0 | -22.8 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 40.6 | 0.7 | 41.3 | 54.0 | -12.7 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 51.0 | 0.7 | 51.7 | 74.0 | -22.3 | Peak |
| 4924.0000 | 40.8 | 1.0 | 41.8 | 54.0 | -12.2 | Average |
| 4924.0000 | 50.3 | 1.0 | 51.3 | 74.0 | -22.7 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25 $^{\circ}$ C Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65 $^{\circ}$

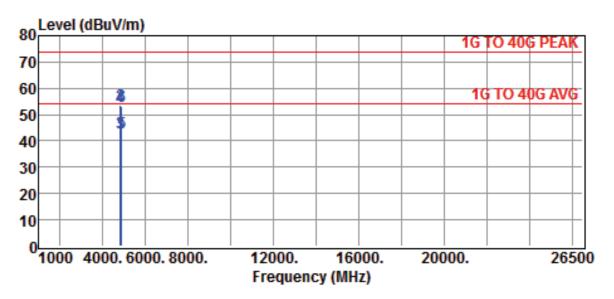
Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4824.0000 | 42.3 | 0.6 | 42.9 | 54.0 | -11.1 | Average |
| 4824.0000 | 52.6 | 0.6 | 53.2 | 74.0 | -20.8 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 42.8 | 0.7 | 43.5 | 54.0 | -10.5 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 52.7 | 0.7 | 53.4 | 74.0 | -20.6 | Peak |
| 4924.0000 | 42.4 | 1.0 | 43.4 | 54.0 | -10.6 | Average |
| 4924.0000 | 52.8 | 1.0 | 53.8 | 74.0 | -20.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

D. (802.11n HT-40)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C

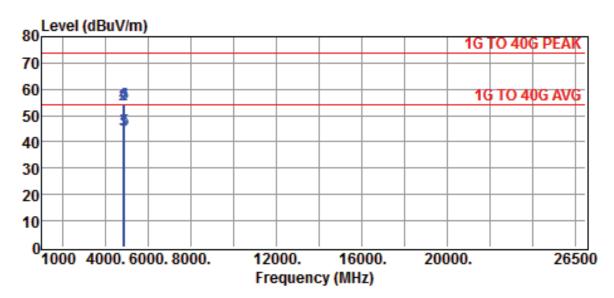
Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65%

Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4844.0000 | 42.6 | 0.7 | 43.3 | 54.0 | -10.7 | Average |
| 4844.0000 | 52.9 | 0.7 | 53.6 | 74.0 | -20.4 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 42.4 | 0.7 | 43.1 | 54.0 | -10.9 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 52.3 | 0.7 | 53.0 | 74.0 | -21.0 | Peak |
| 4904.0000 | 42.3 | 0.9 | 43.2 | 54.0 | -10.8 | Average |
| 4904.0000 | 52.1 | 0.9 | 53.0 | 74.0 | -21.0 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25 $^{\circ}$ C Power Rating :120V 60Hz Humi. :65%

Engineer. :VC

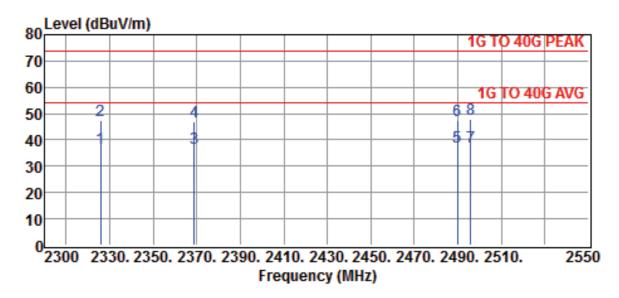
Test Mode :802.11B TX RX-CHLo:2412MHz,Mi:2437MHz,Hi:2462MHz

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 4844.0000 | 43.6 | 0.7 | 44.3 | 54.0 | -9.7 | Average |
| 4844.0000 | 53.2 | 0.7 | 53.9 | 74.0 | -20.1 | Peak |
| 4874.0000 | 43.7 | 0.7 | 44.4 | 54.0 | -9.6 | Average |
| 4874.0000 | 54.0 | 0.7 | 54.7 | 74.0 | -19.3 | Peak |
| 4904.0000 | 43.5 | 0.9 | 44.4 | 54.0 | -9.6 | Average |
| 4904.0000 | 53.9 | 0.9 | 54.8 | 74.0 | -19.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
 - 3. The margin value=Limit Resul

4.4.2 Radiated Eimssion of Restricted bands

A. (802.11b)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

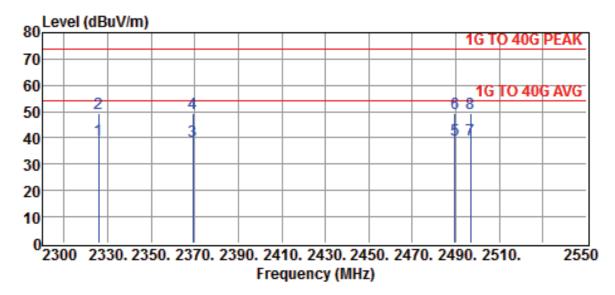
EUT :7" Tab PC

Temp. $:25^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ Humi. :65% Test Mode :802.11B

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2325.8500 | 43.1 | -6.4 | 36.7 | 54.0 | -17.3 | Average |
| 2325.8500 | 53.6 | -6.4 | 47.2 | 74.0 | -26.8 | Peak |
| 2368.7500 | 43.2 | -6.3 | 36.9 | 54.0 | -17.1 | Average |
| 2368.7500 | 53.2 | -6.3 | 46.9 | 74.0 | -27.1 | Peak |
| 2489.8500 | 43.2 | -5.9 | 37.3 | 54.0 | -16.7 | Average |
| 2489.8500 | 53.4 | -5.9 | 47.5 | 74.0 | -26.5 | Peak |
| 2495.7400 | 43.2 | -5.9 | 37.3 | 54.0 | -16.7 | Average |
| 2495.7400 | 53.9 | -5.9 | 48.0 | 74.0 | -26.0 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



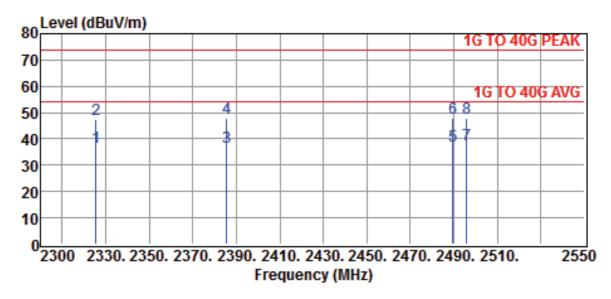
EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C Humi. :65% Test Mode :802.11B

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2325.9600 | 45.6 | -6.4 | 39.2 | 54.0 | -14.8 | Average |
| 2325.9600 | 55.9 | -6.4 | 49.5 | 74.0 | -24.5 | Peak |
| 2369.2500 | 45.2 | -6.3 | 38.9 | 54.0 | -15.1 | Average |
| 2369.2500 | 55.7 | -6.3 | 49.4 | 74.0 | -24.6 | Peak |
| 2489.6500 | 45.2 | -5.9 | 39.3 | 54.0 | -14.7 | Average |
| 2489.6500 | 55.3 | -5.9 | 49.4 | 74.0 | -24.6 | Peak |
| 2496.8500 | 45.2 | -5.9 | 39.3 | 54.0 | -14.7 | Average |
| 2496.8500 | 55.1 | -5.9 | 49.2 | 74.0 | -24.8 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

B. (802.11g)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

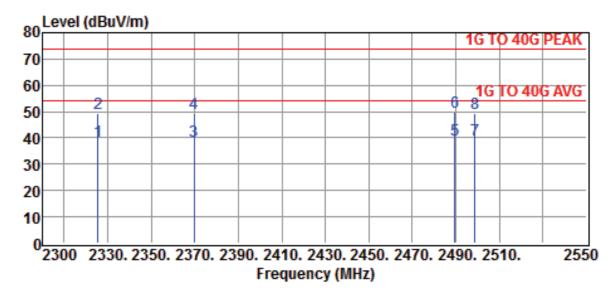
EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C Humi. :65%

Test Mode :802.11G

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2325.6500 | 43.5 | -6.4 | 37.1 | 54.0 | -16.9 | Average |
| 2325.6500 | 53.9 | -6.4 | 47.5 | 74.0 | -26.5 | Peak |
| 2385.5200 | 43.2 | -6.2 | 37.0 | 54.0 | -17.0 | Average |
| 2385.5200 | 53.9 | -6.2 | 47.7 | 74.0 | -26.3 | Peak |
| 2489.6500 | 43.5 | -5.9 | 37.6 | 54.0 | -16.4 | Average |
| 2489.6500 | 53.7 | -5.9 | 47.8 | 74.0 | -26.2 | Peak |
| 2495.7500 | 43.9 | -5.9 | 38.0 | 54.0 | -16.0 | Average |
| 2495.7500 | 53.7 | -5.9 | 47.8 | 74.0 | -26.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



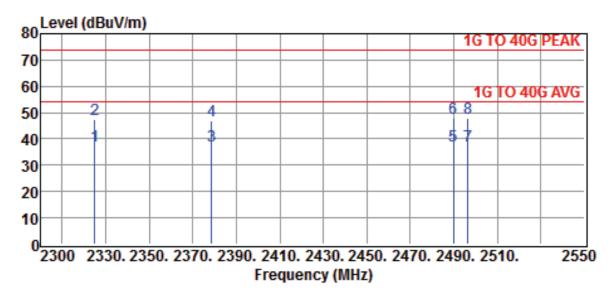
EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C Humi. :65% Test Mode :802.11G

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2325.6500 | 45.2 | -6.4 | 38.8 | 54.0 | -15.2 | Average |
| 2325.6500 | 55.9 | -6.4 | 49.5 | 74.0 | -24.5 | Peak |
| 2369.5800 | 45.3 | -6.3 | 39.0 | 54.0 | -15.0 | Average |
| 2369.5800 | 55.8 | -6.3 | 49.5 | 74.0 | -24.5 | Peak |
| 2489.5200 | 45.2 | -5.9 | 39.3 | 54.0 | -14.7 | Average |
| 2489.5200 | 55.7 | -5.9 | 49.8 | 74.0 | -24.2 | Peak |
| 2498.7400 | 45.2 | -5.9 | 39.3 | 54.0 | -14.7 | Average |
| 2498.7400 | 55.3 | -5.9 | 49.4 | 74.0 | -24.6 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

C. (802.11n HT-20)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :7" Tab PC

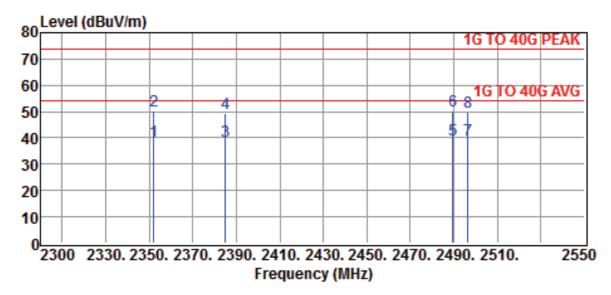
Temp. :25℃ Humi. :65%

Test Mode :802.11N - 20

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2325.1100 | 43.8 | -6.4 | 37.4 | 54.0 | -16.6 | Average |
| 2325.1100 | 53.7 | -6.4 | 47.3 | 74.0 | -26.7 | Peak |
| 2378.5800 | 43.6 | -6.3 | 37.3 | 54.0 | -16.7 | Average |
| 2378.5800 | 53.2 | -6.3 | 46.9 | 74.0 | -27.1 | Peak |
| 2489.6900 | 43.2 | -5.9 | 37.3 | 54.0 | -16.7 | Average |
| 2489.6900 | 53.7 | -5.9 | 47.8 | 74.0 | -26.2 | Peak |
| 2496.4500 | 43.5 | -5.9 | 37.6 | 54.0 | -16.4 | Average |
| 2496.4500 | 53.7 | -5.9 | 47.8 | 74.0 | -26.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C Humi. :65%

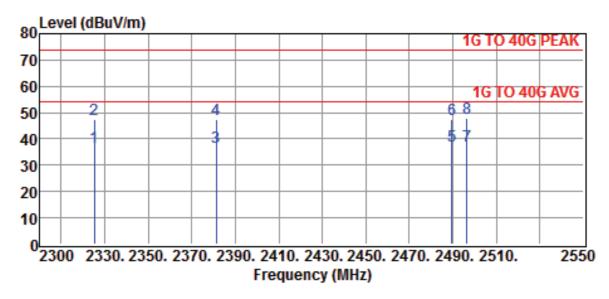
Test Mode :802.11N - 40

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2352.1100 | 45.2 | -6.3 | 38.9 | 54.0 | -15.1 | Average |
| 2352.1100 | 56.5 | -6.3 | 50.2 | 74.0 | -23.8 | Peak |
| 2385.1100 | 45.2 | -6.3 | 38.9 | 54.0 | -15.1 | Average |
| 2385.1100 | 55.9 | -6.3 | 49.6 | 74.0 | -24.4 | Peak |
| 2489.5500 | 45.2 | -5.9 | 39.3 | 54.0 | -14.7 | Average |
| 2489.5500 | 56.1 | -5.9 | 50.2 | 74.0 | -23.8 | Peak |
| 2496.5200 | 45.1 | -5.9 | 39.2 | 54.0 | -14.8 | Average |
| 2496.5200 | 55.5 | -5.9 | 49.6 | 74.0 | -24.4 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

D. (802.11n HT-40)



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :7" Tab PC

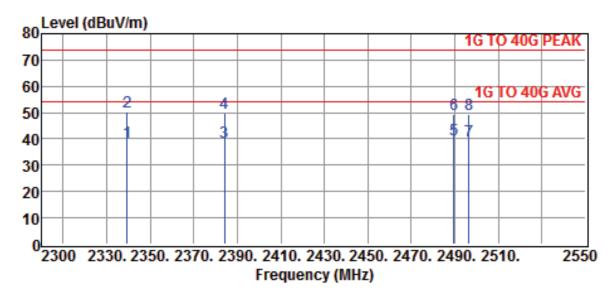
Temp. :25℃ Humi. :65%

Test Mode :802.11N - 40

Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2325.1500 | 43.5 | -6.4 | 37.1 | 54.0 | -16.9 | Average |
| 2325.1500 | 53.8 | -6.4 | 47.4 | 74.0 | -26.6 | Peak |
| 2381.2500 | 43.2 | -6.3 | 36.9 | 54.0 | -17.1 | Average |
| 2381.2500 | 54.0 | -6.3 | 47.7 | 74.0 | -26.3 | Peak |
| 2489.5200 | 43.2 | -5.9 | 37.3 | 54.0 | -16.7 | Average |
| 2489.5200 | 53.4 | -5.9 | 47.5 | 74.0 | -26.5 | Peak |
| 2496.5200 | 43.5 | -5.9 | 37.6 | 54.0 | -16.4 | Average |
| 2496.5200 | 53.7 | -5.9 | 47.8 | 74.0 | -26.2 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



EUT :7" Tab PC Temp. :25°C Humi. :65%

Test Mode :802.11N - 40

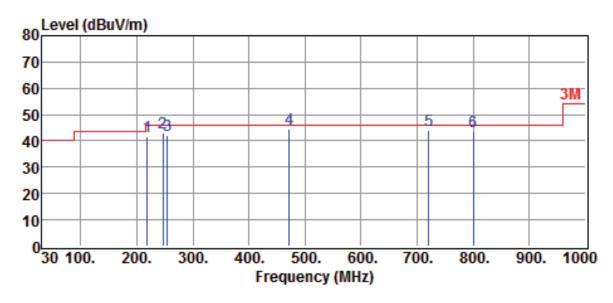
Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2339.4500 | 45.2 | -6.3 | 38.9 | 54.0 | -15.1 | Average |
| 2339.4500 | 56.4 | -6.3 | 50.1 | 74.0 | -23.9 | Peak |
| 2384.1500 | 45.3 | -6.3 | 39.0 | 54.0 | -15.0 | Average |
| 2384.1500 | 56.4 | -6.3 | 50.1 | 74.0 | -23.9 | Peak |
| 2489.5500 | 45.7 | -5.9 | 39.8 | 54.0 | -14.2 | Average |
| 2489.5500 | 55.2 | -5.9 | 49.3 | 74.0 | -24.7 | Peak |
| 2496.4500 | 45.1 | -5.9 | 39.2 | 54.0 | -14.8 | Average |
| 2496.4500 | 55.1 | -5.9 | 49.2 | 74.0 | -24.8 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Resul
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

4.4.3 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-09-08 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

EUT :7" TABLE PC Temp. :20°C

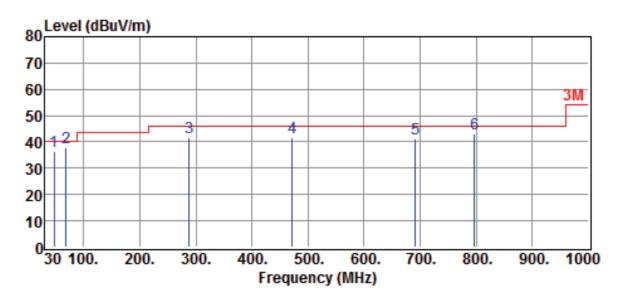
Power Rating :120V/60Hz (ADAPTER) Humi. :65%

Model : ALGIZ 7X Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CHARGE & FULL SYSTEM & WIFI LINK MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 218.1800 | 23.0 | 18.5 | 41.5 | 46.0 | -4.5 | QP |
| 247.2800 | 23.2 | 19.9 | 43.1 | 46.0 | -2.9 | QP |
| 255.0400 | 21.7 | 20.5 | 42.2 | 46.0 | -3.8 | QP |
| 472.3200 | 23.7 | 20.9 | 44.6 | 46.0 | -1.4 | QP |
| 720.6400 | 18.8 | 25.5 | 44.3 | 46.0 | -1.7 | QP |
| 800.1800 | 17.3 | 26.3 | 43.6 | 46.0 | -2.4 | QP |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-09-08 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

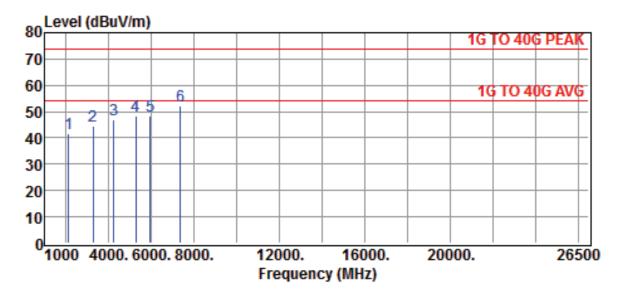
EUT :7" TABLE PC Temp. :20
Power Rating :120V/60Hz (ADAPTER) Humi. :65
Model : ALGIZ 7X Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :CHARGE & FULL SYSTEM & WIFI LINK MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 47.4600 | 23.9 | 12.3 | 36.2 | 40.0 | -3.8 | QP |
| 68.8000 | 27.1 | 10.5 | 37.6 | 40.0 | -2.4 | QP |
| 288.0200 | 18.0 | 23.5 | 41.5 | 46.0 | -4.5 | QP |
| 472.3200 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 41.7 | 46.0 | -4.3 | QP |
| 691.5400 | 16.2 | 25.1 | 41.3 | 46.0 | -4.7 | QP |
| 796.3000 | 16.9 | 26.3 | 43.2 | 46.0 | -2.8 | QP |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT :7" TABLE PC Temp. :20 $^{\circ}$ C Power Rating :120V/60Hz (ADAPTER) Humi. :65% Model : ALGIZ 7X Engineer. :VC

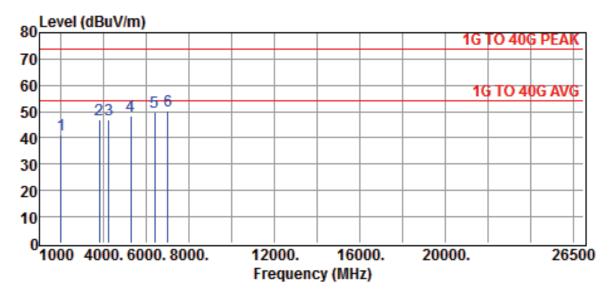
Test Mode :CHARGE & FULL SYSTEM & WIFI LINK MODE

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2122.0000 | 48.4 | -6.7 | 41.7 | 74.0 | -32.3 | Peak |
| 3295.0000 | 47.4 | -2.7 | 44.7 | 74.0 | -29.3 | Peak |
| 4264.0000 | 46.8 | 0.1 | 46.9 | 74.0 | -27.1 | Peak |
| 5284.0000 | 46.1 | 2.3 | 48.4 | 74.0 | -25.6 | Peak |
| 5947.0000 | 45.1 | 3.5 | 48.6 | 74.0 | -25.4 | Peak |
| 7375.0000 | 46.2 | 6.0 | 52.2 | 74.0 | -21.8 | Peak |

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

:VC

Engineer.



Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-09-08 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL **EUT** :7" TABLE PC Temp. :20°C **Power Rating** :120V/60Hz (ADAPTER) Humi. :65%

Test Mode :CHARGE & FULL SYSTEM & WIFI LINK MODE

: ALGIZ 7X

| Freq | Reading | Correction | Result | Limits | Over limit | Detector |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| | | Factor | | | | |
| MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dB | |
| 2020.0000 | 48.5 | -7.1 | 41.4 | 74.0 | -32.6 | Peak |
| 3805.0000 | 47.7 | -0.8 | 46.9 | 74.0 | -27.1 | Peak |
| 4264.0000 | 46.8 | 0.1 | 46.9 | 74.0 | -27.1 | Peak |
| 5284.0000 | 46.1 | 2.3 | 48.4 | 74.0 | -25.6 | Peak |
| 6406.0000 | 46.0 | 3.7 | 49.7 | 74.0 | -24.3 | Peak |
| 7018.0000 | 45.4 | 5.0 | 50.4 | 74.0 | -23.6 | Peak |

Note:

Model

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result
- 4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna FACTOR + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup





5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207(a), except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

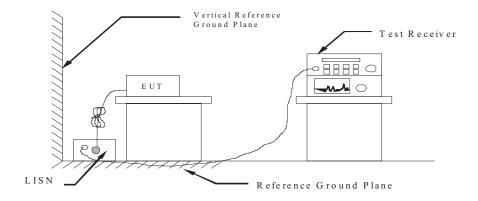
| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB μ V | Average dB μ V |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

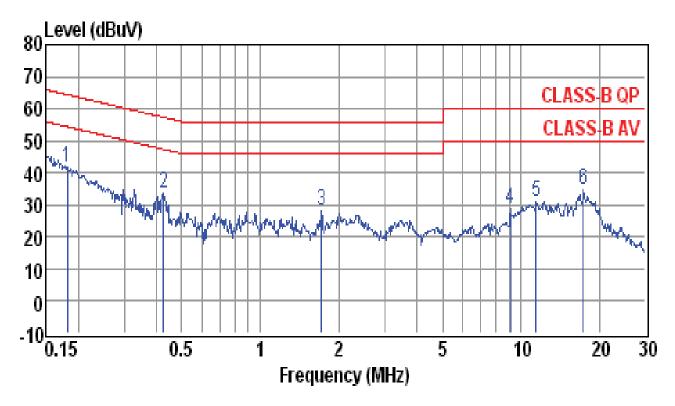
5.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 5.
- 2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
- 3. Record the 6 or 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
- 4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then records the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
- 5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
- 6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 5: Conducted emissions measurement configuration



5.3 Conducted Emission Data



Site : conducted #1 Date : 07-05-2013
Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : NEUTRAL

Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65%

Test Mode : CHARGE & FULL SYSTEM & WIFI LINK MODE

EUT : 7" Tab PC

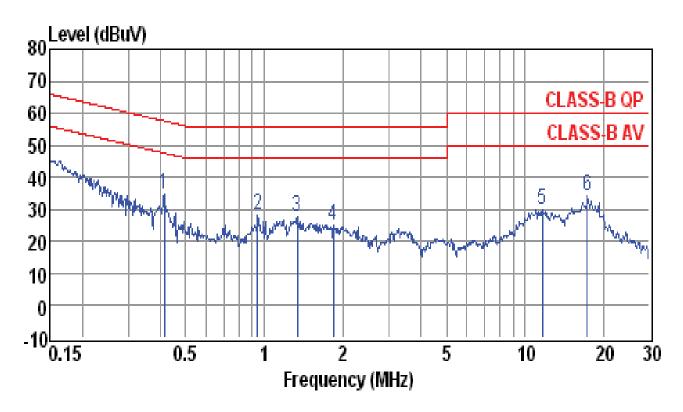
Power Rating : 120V/60Hz (Adapter)

| Memo | : | Memo : | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Freq (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | Factor (dB) | Emission Level (dBuV) | Limit Line (dBuV) | Over Limit (dB) | Remark |
| 0.1815 | 31.7 | 10.3 | 42.0 | 64.4 | -22.4 | QP |
| 0.4260 | 23.6 | 10.3 | 33.9 | 57.3 | -23.4 | QP |
| 1.7160 | 17.5 | 10.5 | 28.0 | 56.0 | -28.0 | QP |
| 9.1070 | 18.5 | 10.6 | 29.1 | 60.0 | -30.9 | QP |
| 11.4380 | 20.4 | 10.6 | 31.0 | 60.0 | -29.0 | QP |
| 17.3830 | 24.0 | 10.8 | 34.8 | 60.0 | -25.2 | QP |

Note:

1. Result = Reading + Factor

2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site : conducted #1 Date : 07-05-2013

Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : LINE

Tem / Hum $: 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / 65\%$

Test Mode : CHARGE & FULL SYSTEM & WIFI LINK MODE

EUT : 7" Tab PC

Power Rating : 120V/60Hz (Adapter)

Memo : Memo :

| Freq (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | Factor (dB) | Emission Level (dBuV) | Limit Line (dBuV) | Over Limit (dB) | Remark |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| 0.4127 | 24.3 | 10.3 | 34.6 | 57.6 | -23.0 | QP |
| 0.9431 | 18.1 | 10.3 | 28.4 | 56.0 | -27.6 | QP |
| 1.3380 | 17.3 | 10.4 | 27.7 | 56.0 | -28.3 | QP |
| 1.8390 | 14.5 | 10.5 | 25.0 | 56.0 | -31.0 | QP |
| 11.6830 | 19.3 | 10.7 | 30.0 | 60.0 | -30.0 | QP |
| 17.3830 | 23.1 | 11.0 | 34.1 | 60.0 | -25.9 | QP |

Note:

- 1. Result = Reading + Factor
- 2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss

5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$RESULT = READING + LISN FACTOR$$

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB μ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dB μ V.

RESULT = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 dB
$$\mu$$
 V
Level in μ V = Common Antilogarithm[(22.6 dB μ V)/20]
= 13.48 μ V

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipments are used during the conducted test.

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESCI | 2012/07/16 | 2013/07/16 |
| LISN | EMCO | 3825/2 | 2012/11/02 | 2013/11/01 |
| LISN | Rohde & Schwarz | ESH2-Z5 | 2013/04/12 | 2014/04/11 |

5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup





6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

Please see photos submitted in Exhibit.

The antenna was embedded in the EUT. No consideration of replacement. The antenna gain is 3.8dBi. No need to reduce the peak output power.

7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

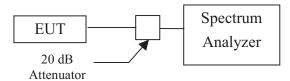
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2), for direct sequence system, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1-5% or DTS BW, not to exceed 100 kHz.
 - 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 x RBW.
 - 3) Detector = Peak.
 - 4) Trace mode = \max hold.
 - 5) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
 - 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/06 |

7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Sep. 05, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

A 802.11b

a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 10.08 MHz
b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 10.08 MHz
c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 10.08 MHz

B 802.11g

a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 16.40 MHz
b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 16.40 MHz
c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 16.40 MHz

C 802.11n HT-20

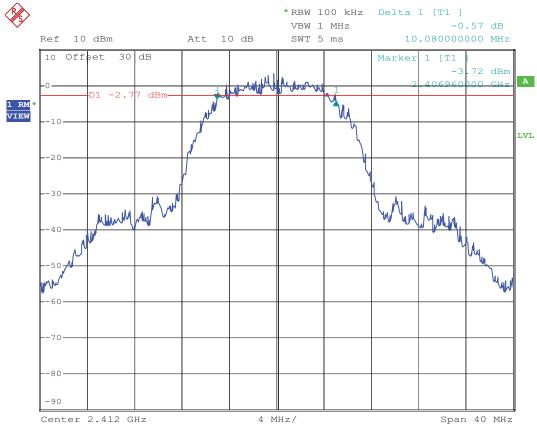
a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 17.04 MHz
b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 17.04 MHz
c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 17.04 MHz

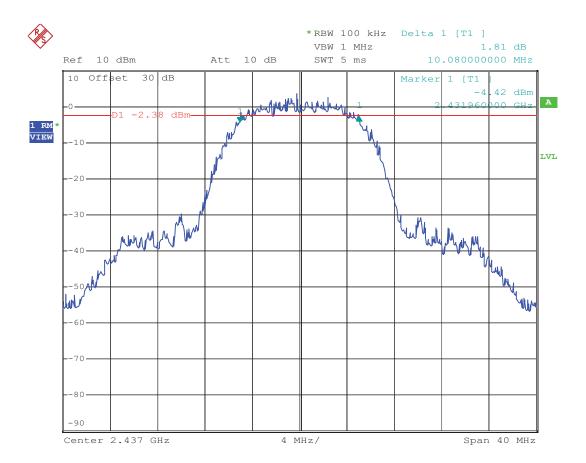
D 802.11n HT-40

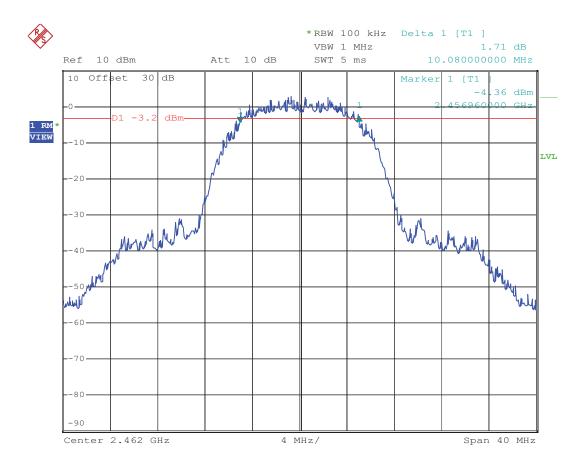
a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 36.20 MHz
b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 36.20 MHz
c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 36.20 MHz

Note: The expanded uncertainty: frequency $\times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$ (1 GHz $< f \le 18$ GHz).

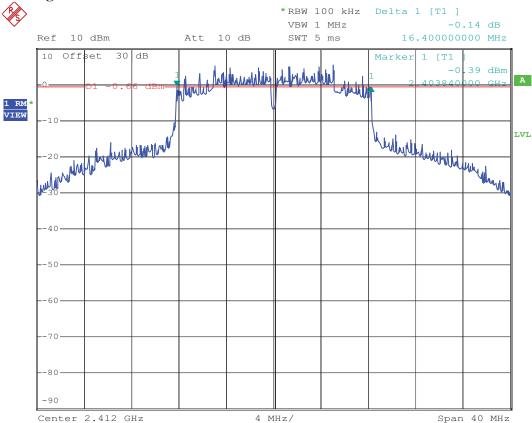


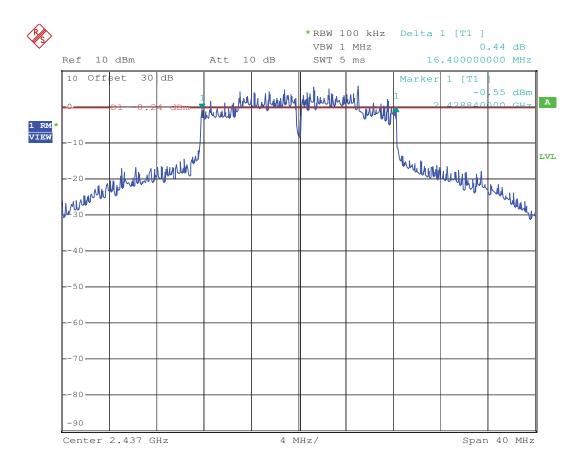


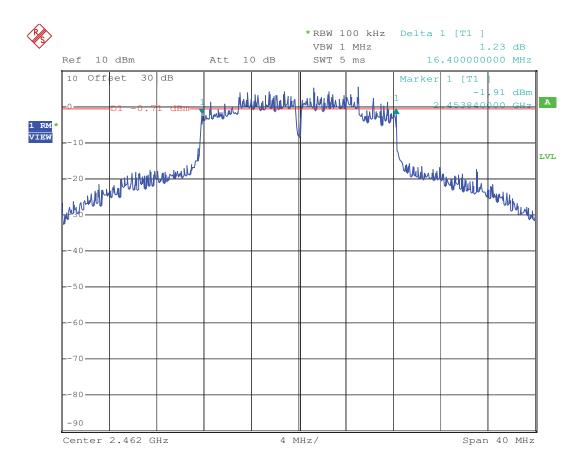




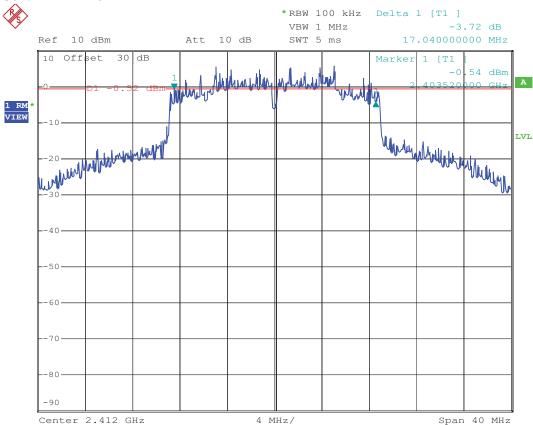


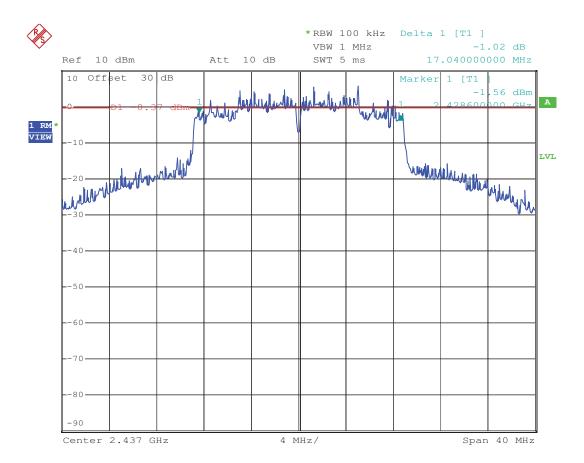


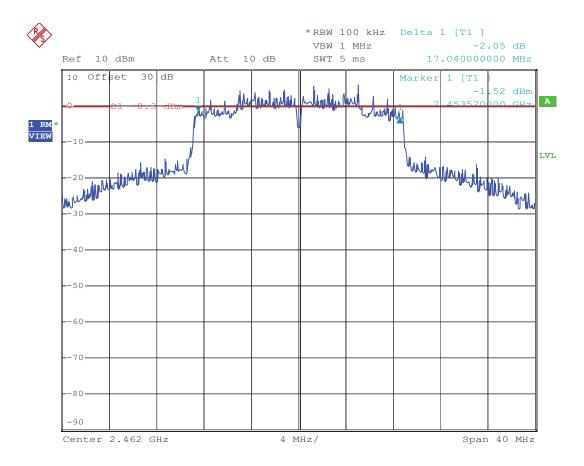




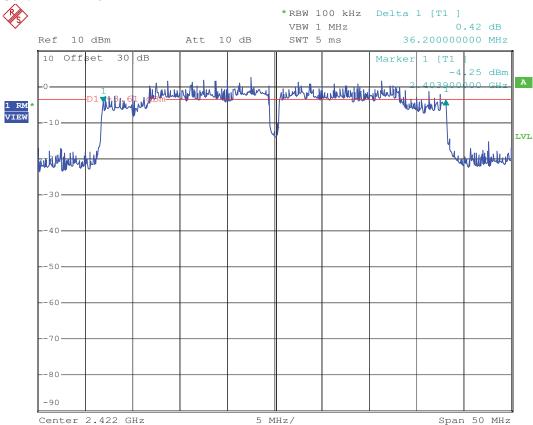
802.11n HT-20

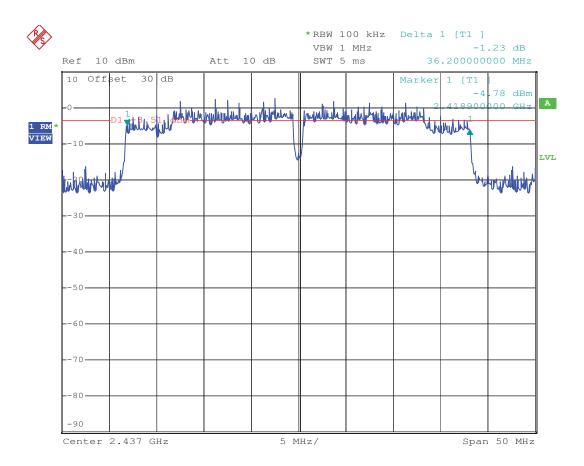


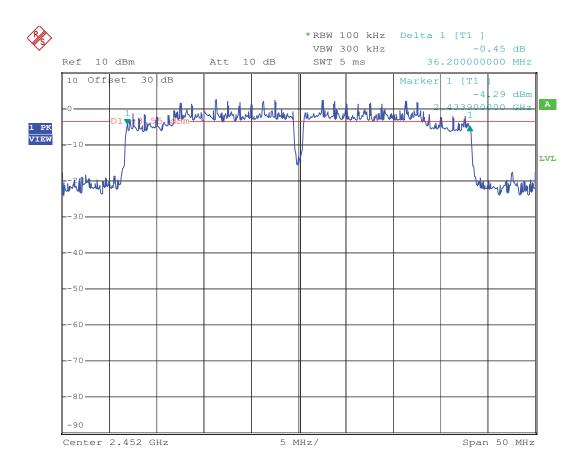




802.11n HT-40







8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

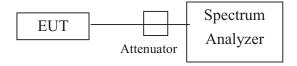
8.1 Standard Applicable

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set the RBW = maximum available (at least 1 MHz).
 - 2) Set the VBW = 3 x RBW or maximum available setting (must be \geq RBW).
 - 3) Set the span to fully encompass the DTS bandwidth.
 - 4) Detector = peak.
 - 5) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - 6) Trace mode = $\max \text{ hold}$.
 - 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - 8) Use the spectrum analyzer's band/channel power measurement function with the band limits set equal to the DTS bandwidth edges.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 5: Output power and measurement configuration.



8.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/06 |

8.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Sep. 05, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

Test Mode: 802.11b

- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 15.42 dBm 34.834 mW b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 15.35 dBm 34.277 mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 15.16 dBm **32.810** mW

Test Mode: 802.11g

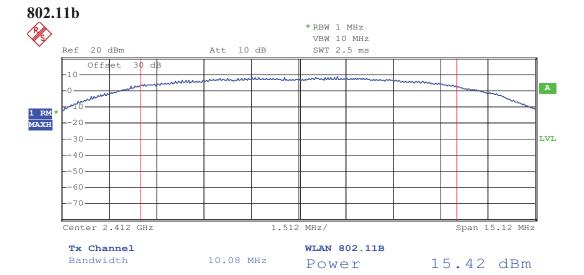
- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 18.85 dBm 76.736 mWb) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 18.63 dBm 72.946 mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 18.33 dBm 68.077 mW

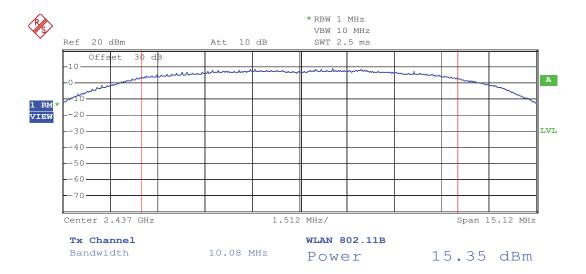
Test Mode: 802.11n HT-20

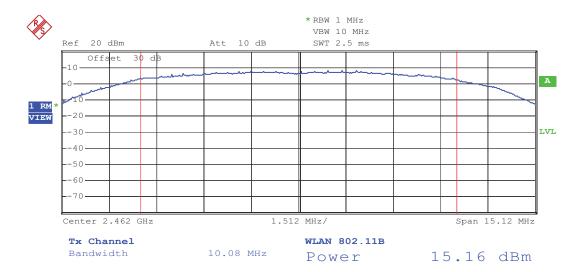
- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 19.01 dBm 79.616 mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 18.90 dBm 77.625 mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 18.51 dBm 70.958 mW

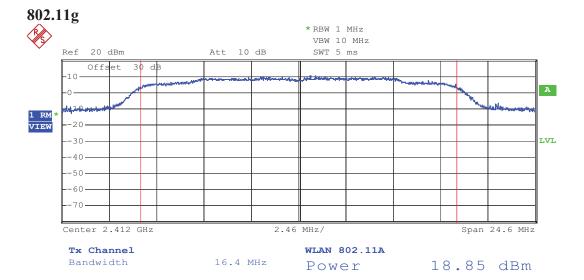
Test Mode: 802.11n HT-40

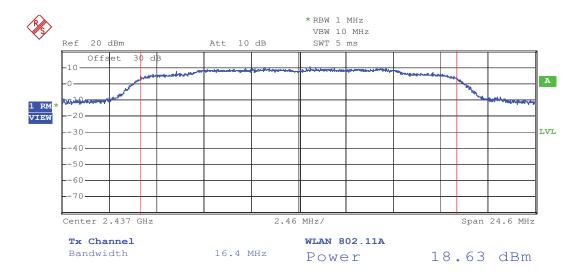
- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 18.00 dBm 63.096 mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 17.80 dBm 60.256 mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 17.53 dBm 56.624 mW

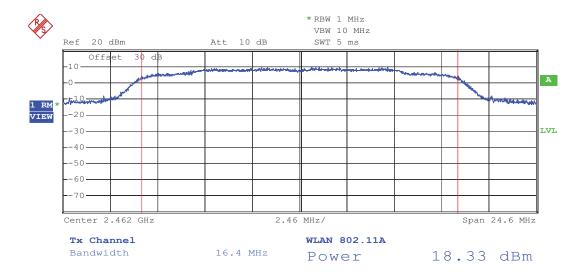




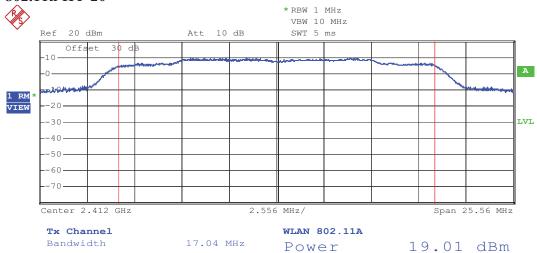


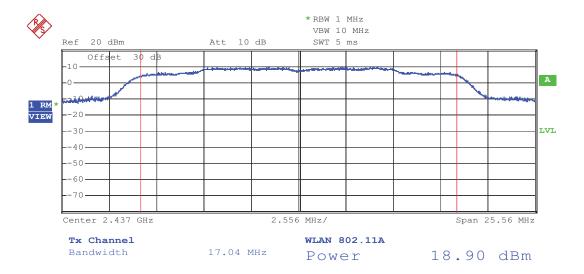


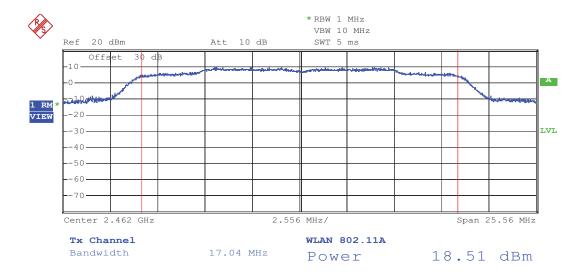




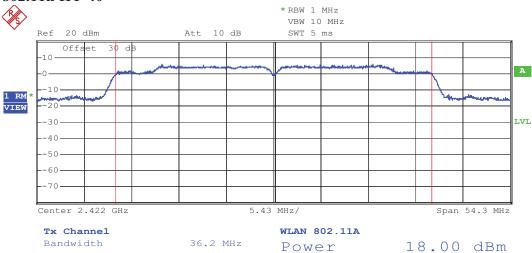


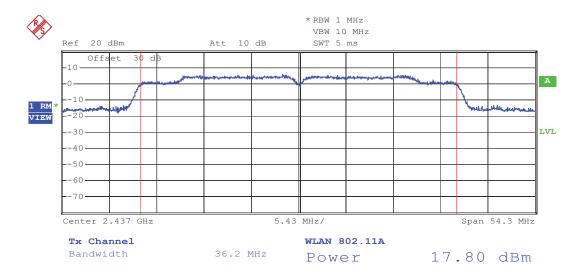


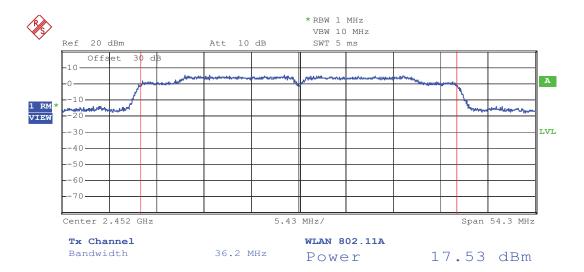












9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100kHz and VBW to ≥ 300kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/06 |

9.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 03, 2013 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

- a) Lower Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

B 802.11g

- a) Lower Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

C 802.11n HT-20

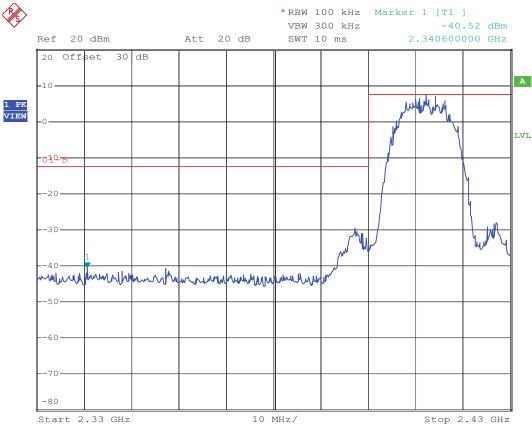
- a) Lower Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

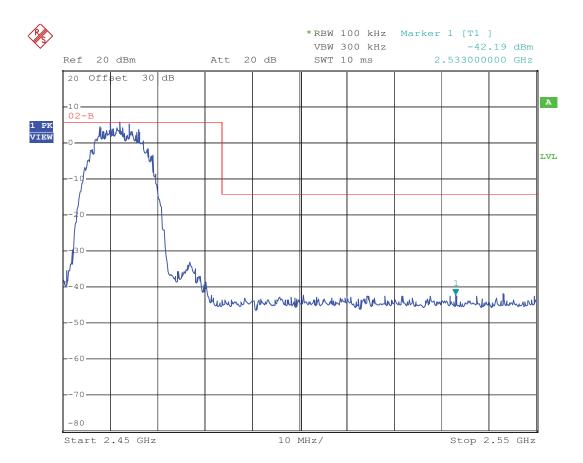
D 802.11n HT-40

- a) Lower Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge: All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

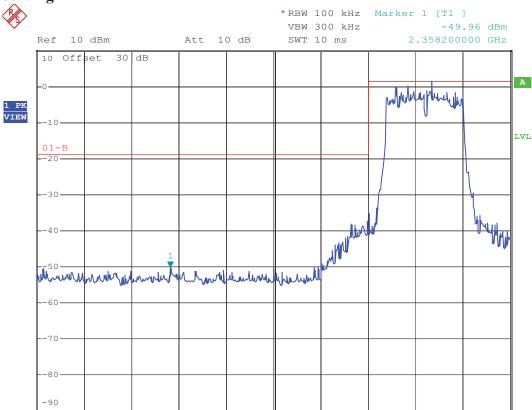
802.11b





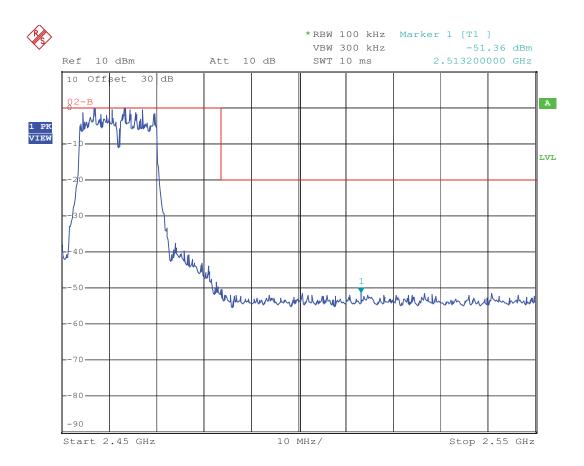
Start 2.33 GHz

802.11g

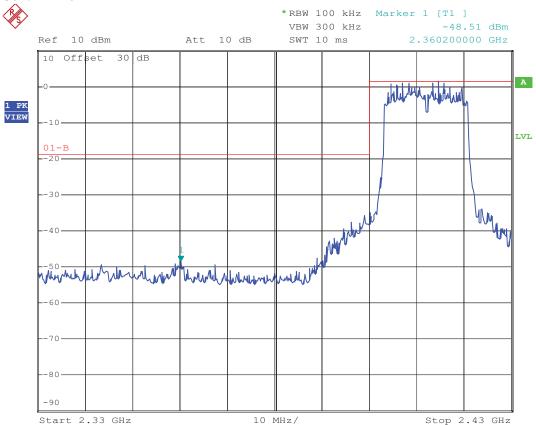


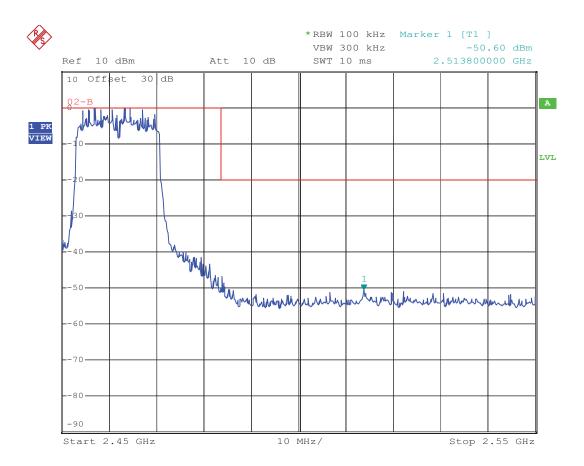
10 MHz/

Stop 2.43 GHz

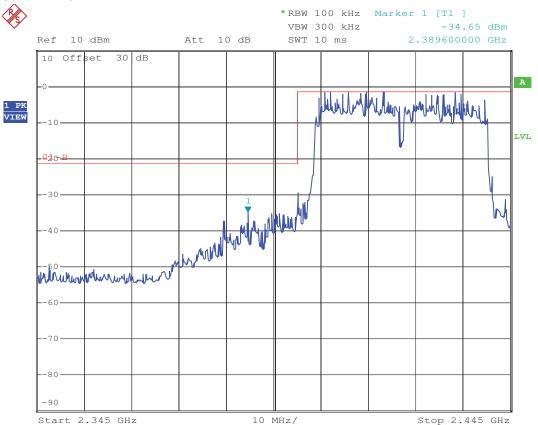


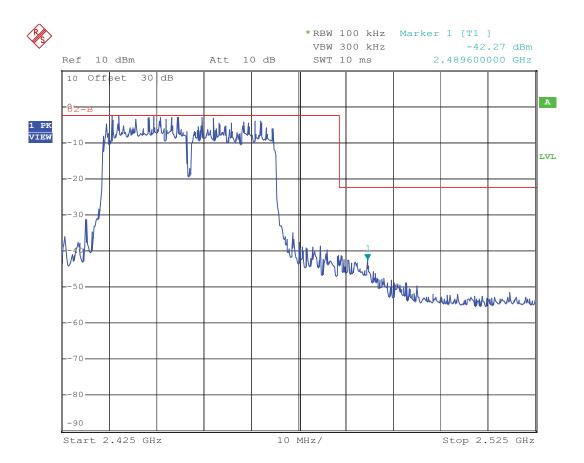
802.11n 20M





802.11n 40M





10 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Following the procedures below.
 - 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
 - 3) Set the $RBW \ge 3 \text{ kHz}$.
 - 4) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - 7) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
 - 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

10.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/06 |

Humidity: 65 %

10.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 06, 2013

Maximun Power Density (MPD) Test Result **Test Mode: 802.11b** a) Channel Low: MPD is -8.89 dBm =0.129 mWb) Channel Mid: MPD is -8.83 dBm =0.131 mW c) Channel High: MPD is -8.73 dBm =0.134 mW**Test Mode: 802.11g** a) Channel Low: MPD is -8.49 dBm =0.142 mW b) Channel Mid: MPD is -8.31 dBm =0.148 mW c) Channel High: MPD is -8.63 dBm =0.137 mW **Test Mode: 802.11n HT-20** a) Channel Low: MPD is -7.83 dBm =0.165 mW

dBm =

dBm =

0.156

0.126

mW

mW

Temperature

: <u>25</u> °C

Test Mode: 802.11n HT-40

b) Channel Mid: MPD is

c) Channel High: MPD is

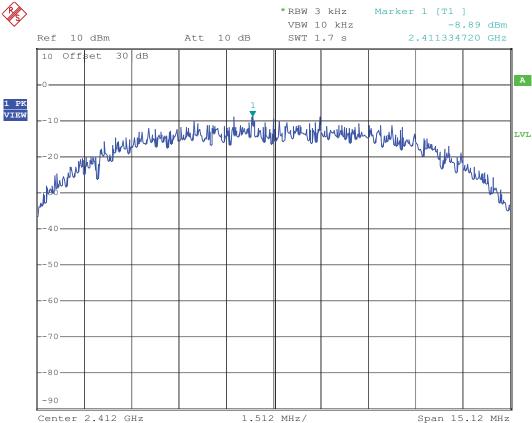
a) Channel Low: MPD is -9.12 dBm = 0.122 mW b) Channel Mid: MPD is -10.82 dBm = 0.083 mW c) Channel High: MPD is -10.68 dBm = 0.086 mW

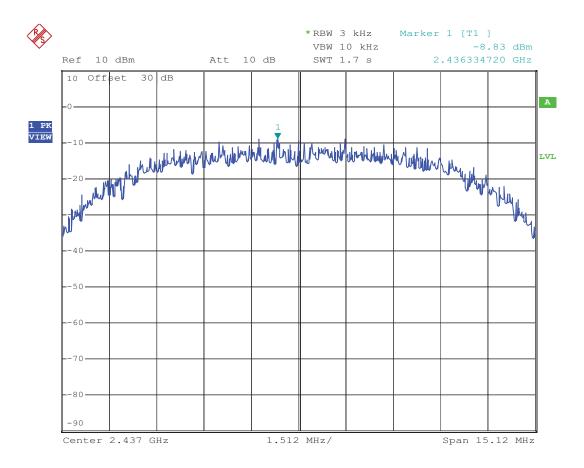
-8.06

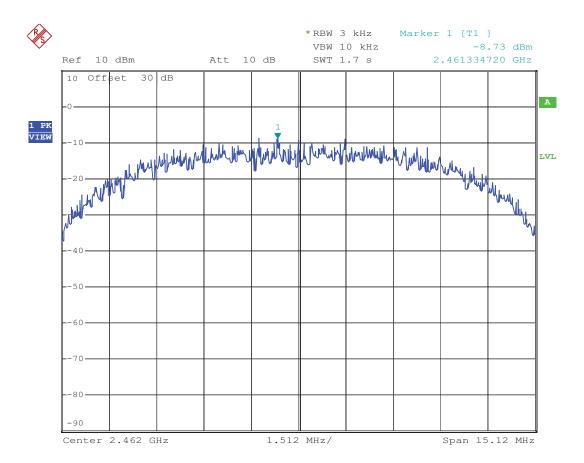
-8.99

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

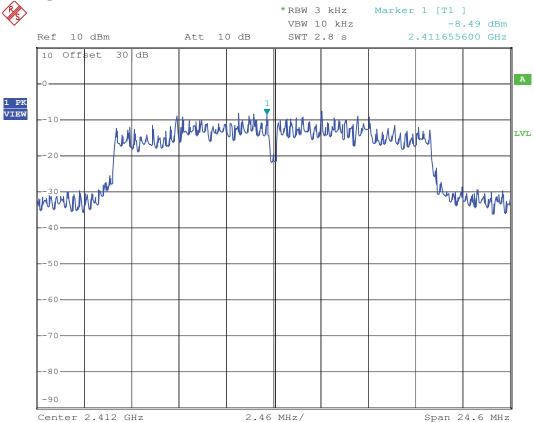


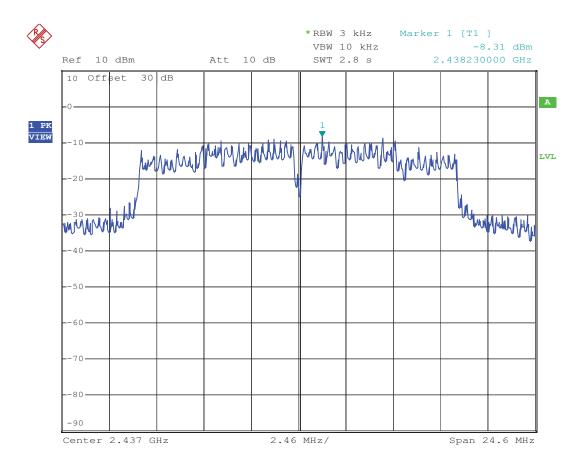


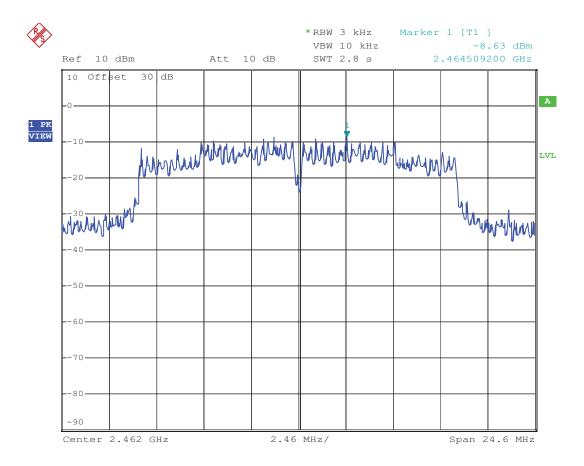




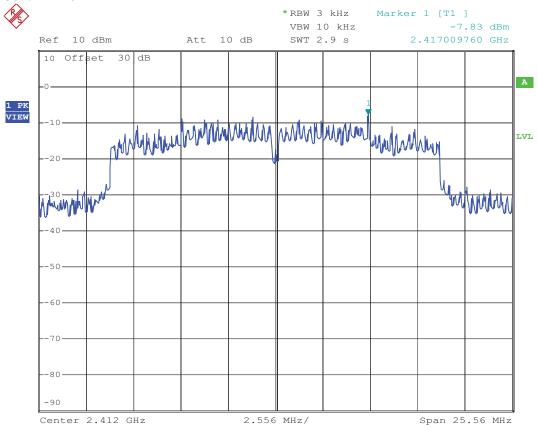


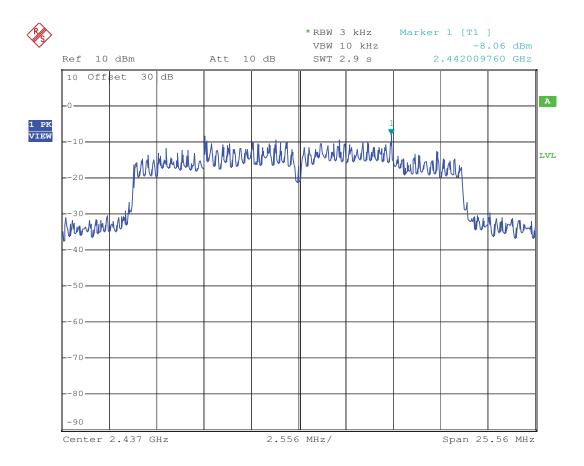


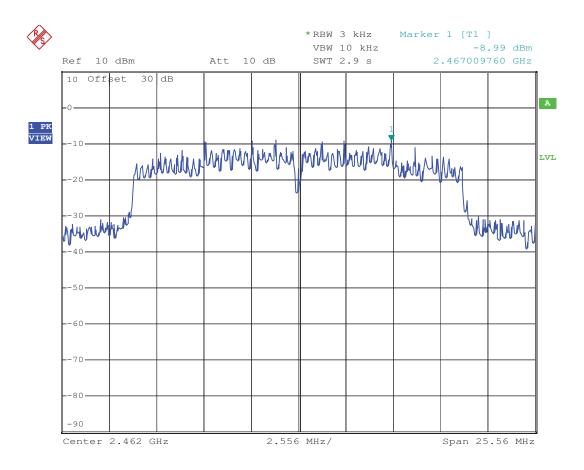




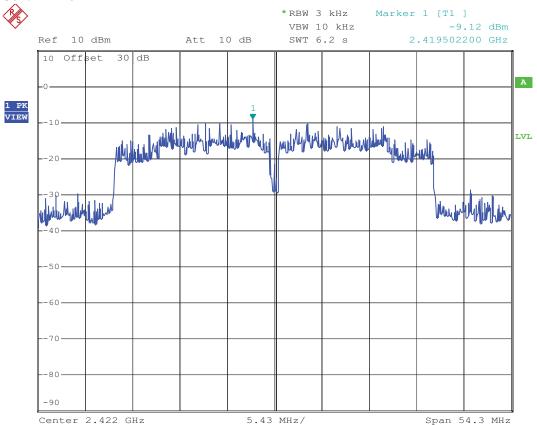
802.11n 20M

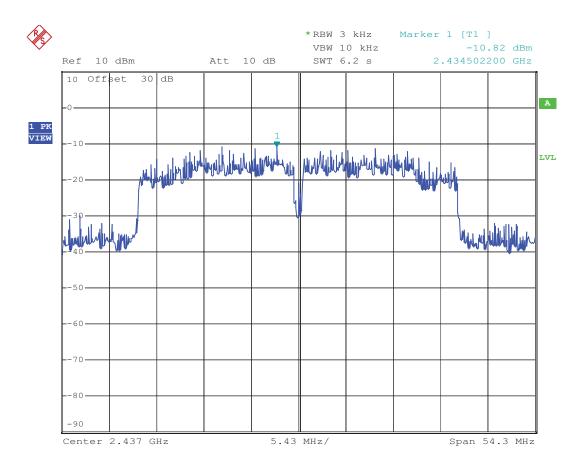


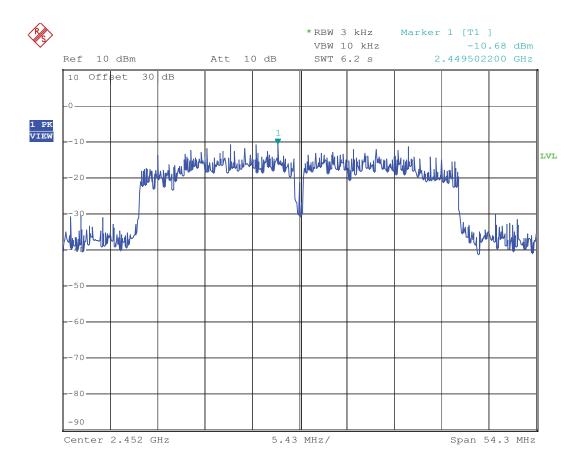




802.11n 40M







11 OUT-OF-BAND CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - 1) Set start frequency to DTS channel edge frequency.
 - 2) Set stop frequency so as to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
 - 3) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
 - 4) Set VBW \geq 300 kHz.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Trace Mode = \max hold.
 - 7) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 8) Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).
 - 9) Use peak marker function to determine maximum amplitude of all unwanted emissions within any 100 kHz bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

11.3 Measurement Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Calibration Date | Next Cal. Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2012/12/07 | 2013/12/06 |

11.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 03, 2013 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

| Test Mode | Result |
|-----------------------|--|
| Channel Low | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. |
| Channel Middle | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. |
| Channel High | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. |

B 802.11g

| Test Mode | Result | |
|---|--|--|
| Channel Low 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are atter | | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |
| Channel Middle | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |
| Channel High | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |

C 802.11n HT-20

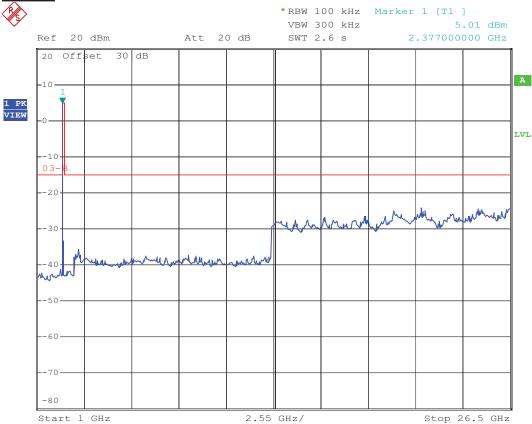
| Test Mode | Result | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Channel Low | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |
| Channel Middle | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |
| Channel High | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |

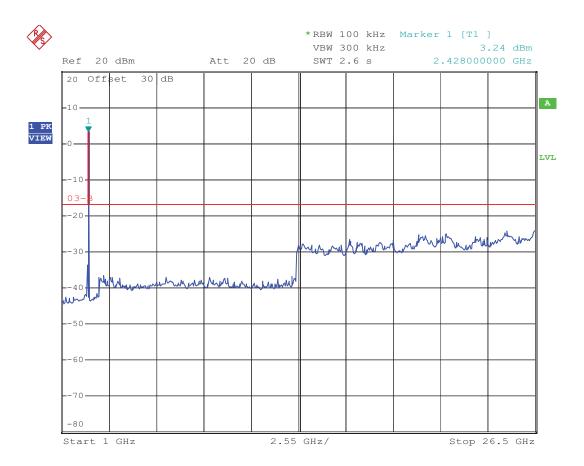
D 802.11n HT-40

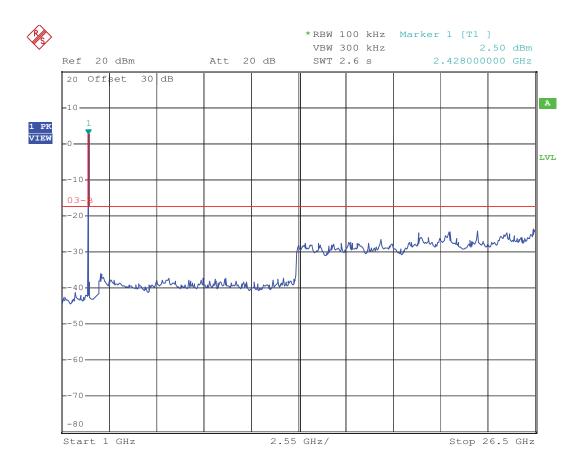
| Test Mode | Result | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Channel Low | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |
| Channel Middle | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |
| Channel High | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated | |
| | more than 20dB from the carrier. | |

Note: The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

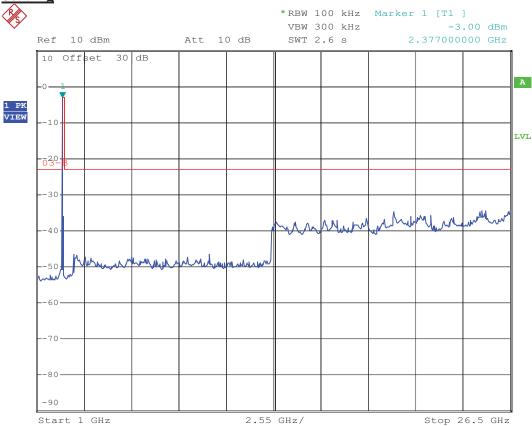


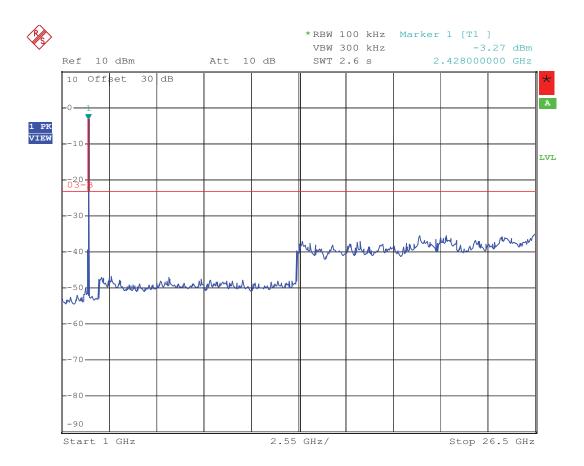


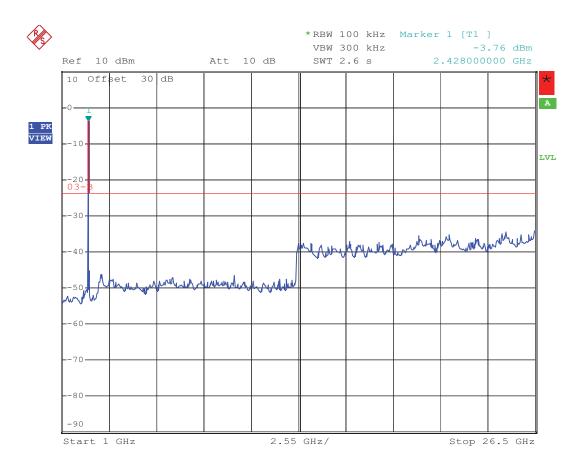




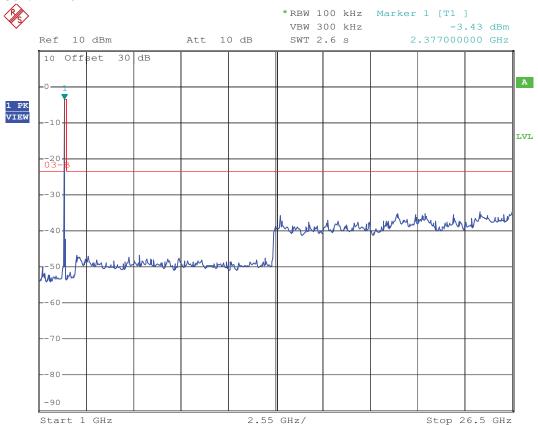


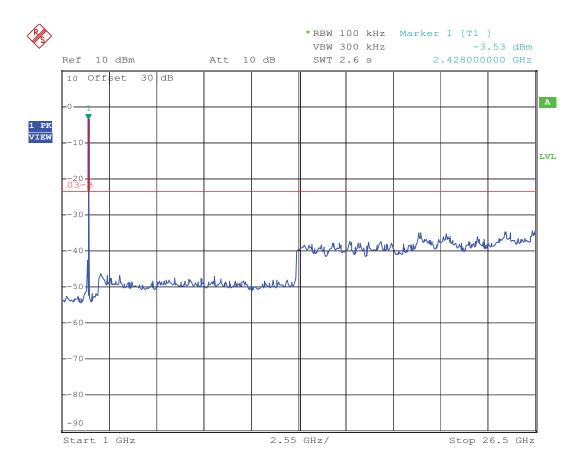


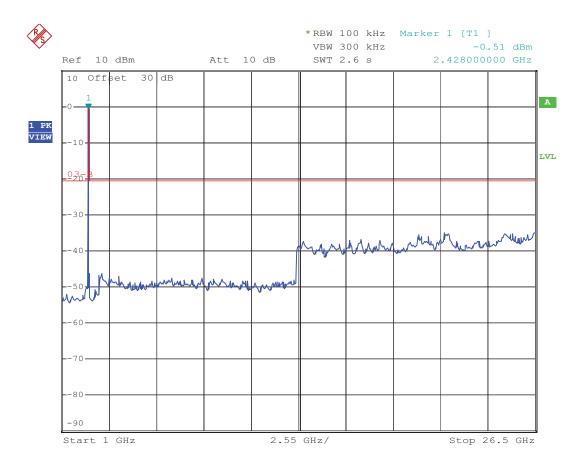




802.11n 20M







802.11n 40M

