

Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1

Page: 1

of

36

# **TEST REPORT**

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: YZP-RBHAT223A

Equipment Under Test :

: Wi-Fi + BT Combo module

Model Name

: RBHA-T223A

**Applicant** 

: LG INNOTEK CO., LTD.

Manufacturer

: LG INNOTEK CO., LTD.

Date of Test(s)

: 2015.10.08 ~ 2015.11.24

Date of Issue

: 2015.11.30

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By:

Date:

2015.11.30

Approved By:

100

Denny Ham

Jinhyoung Cho

Date:

2015.11.30



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 2 of 36

# **INDEX**

<u>Table of Contents</u>	Page
1. General Information	3
2. Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	6
3. 6 dB Bandwidth	23
4. Maximum Conducted output power	26
5. Power Spectral Density	28
6. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission	31
7. Antenna Requirement	36



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 3 of 36

## 1. General Information

## 1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

-Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807

All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <a href="http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx">http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx</a>.

Phone No. : +82 31 688 0901 Fax No. : +82 31 688 0921

## 1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant : LG INNOTEK CO., LTD.

Address : 26, Hanamsandan 5beon-ro, Gwangsan-gu, Gwangju, 62229, Korea

Contact Person : Jeong, In-Chang Phone No. : +82 10 2326 9972

## 1.3. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	Wi-Fi + BT Combo module
Model Name	RBHA-T223A
Power Supply	DC 3.3 V
Frequency Range	2 402 Mb ~ 2 480 Mb (Bluetooth, Bluetooth Low Energy), 2 412 Mb ~ 2 462 Mb (11b/g/n_HT20), 2 422 Mb ~ 2 452 Mb (11n_HT40)
Modulation Technique	DSSS, OFDM, GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79 channel (Bluetooth), 40 channel (Bluetooth Low Energy), 11 channel (11b/g/n_HT20), 7 cahnnel (11n_HT40)
Operation Temperature	-40 °C ~ 85 °C
Antenna Type	Dipole Antenna
Antenna Gain	1.82 dB i

## 1.4. Declaration by the manufacturer

- WLAN & BT do not transmit simultaneously.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 4 of 36

# 1.5. Test Equipment List

RTT5041-20(2015.10.01)(3)

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jun. 13, 2015	Annual	Jun. 13, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100768	Mar. 24, 2015	Annual	Mar. 24, 2016
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-10SS	344	Jun. 08, 2015	Annual	Jun. 08, 2016
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NLP-1200+	V9500401023-2	Jun. 23, 2015	Annual	Jun. 23, 2016
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	Mar. 12, 2015	Annual	Mar. 12, 2016
Attenuator	MCLI	FAS-12-10	1	Jun. 09, 2015	Annual	Jun. 09, 2016
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY50060028	Mar. 23, 2015	Annual	Mar. 23, 2016
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 27, 2015	Annual	Aug. 27, 2016
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Apr. 10, 2015	Annual	Apr. 10, 2016
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	May 07, 2015	Annual	May 07, 2016
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Mar. 03, 2015	Annual	Mar. 03, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Sep. 24, 2015	Annual	Sep. 24, 2016
Bilog Antenna	R&S	VULB9163	396	Jun. 18, 2015	Biennial	Jun. 18, 2017
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 19, 2015	Biennial	Aug. 19, 2017
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Dec. 10, 2013	Biennial	Dec. 10, 2015
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170431	May 15, 2014	Biennial	May 15, 2016
Antenna Master	INN-CO	MM4000	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS 1200S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Dec. 24, 2014	Annual	Dec. 24, 2015
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	Dec. 25, 2014	Annual	Dec. 25, 2015
Shield Room	SY Corporation	L × W × H (6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.

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A4(210mm × 297mm)



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 5 of 36

## 1.6. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

	APPLIED STANDARD : FCC Part15 Subpart C										
Standard section	Test Item(s)	Result									
15.205 15.209 15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied									
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Complied									
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Complied									
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Complied									
15.207	Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied									

## 1.7. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emission from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz (ANSI C63.10-2009) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 v03r03 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

#### 1.8. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

### 1.8.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Attenuator (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

#### 1.8.2. Radiation test

Field strength level ( $dB\mu V/m$ ) = Measured level ( $dB\mu V$ ) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) – amplifier (dB)

## 1.9. Test report revision

Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501/RF-RTL009284	2015.11.25	Initial
1	F690501/RF-RTL009284-1	2015.11.30	Modified test procedure and applicant address



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 6 of 36

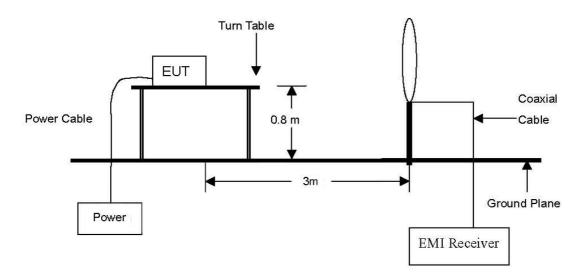
# 2. Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

## 2.1. Test Setup

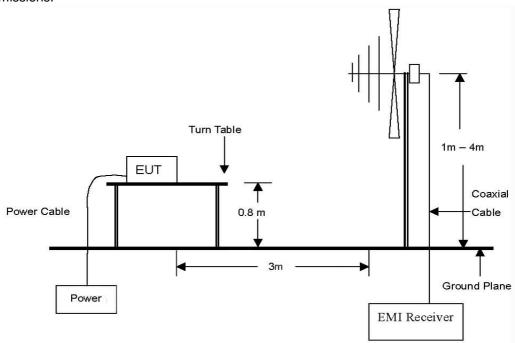
RTT5041-20(2015.10.01)(3)

## 2.1.1. Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9  $\,\mathrm{kll}$  to 30  $\,\mathrm{ml}$  Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30  $\,\text{Mz}$  to 1  $\,\text{GHz}$  Emissions.



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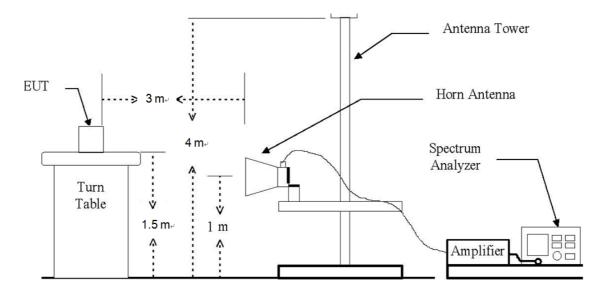
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A4(210mm × 297mm)



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 7 of 36

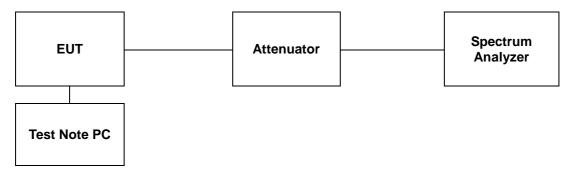
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1  $\,\text{GHz}$  to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40  $\,\text{GHz}$ , whichever is lower.





Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 8 of 36

## 2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



#### 2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (脈)	Distance (Meters)	Field Strength (dB $\mu$ N/m)	Field Strength $(\mu \! \! N \! \! / \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$
0.009 – 0.490	300	20 log (2 400/F(kl/z))	2 400/F(kHz)
0.490 – 1.705	30	20 log (24 000/F(klb))	24 000/F(klb)
1.705 – 30.0	30	29.54	30
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 – 216	3	43.5	150
216 – 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

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Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 9 of 36

#### 2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.0 & 12.0 of KDB 558074 v03r03 and ANSI C63.10-2009.

#### Remark:

Testing for radiated emissions above 1GHz was performed with the EUT elevated at 1.5m instead of 0.8m. 1.5m is the required height in ANSI C63.10:2013 as referenced by RSS GEN issue 4. This test height has been permitted by FCC as discussed in FCC-TCB conference call in December 2014.

#### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

#### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1  $\mathbb{G}$ , the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1  $\mathbb{G}$ , the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 10 of 36

- 1. Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands
- The Reference Level Measurement refer to section 11.2 Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency, SPAN  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth, the RBW = 100  $\, \text{kHz} \,$  and VBW  $\geq$  3  $\times$  RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold
- Unwanted Emissions Level Measurement refer to section 11.3 Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100  $\,\mathrm{kHz}\,$  and VBW  $\geq$  3  $\,\times$  RBW, Detector = Peak, Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  span/RBW, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold
- 2. Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands
- Peak Power measurement procedure refer to section 12.2.4

  Set RBW = as specified in Table 1, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, SPAN ≥ RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold

Table 1- RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 – 150 kHz	<b>200 – 300</b> Hz
0.15 − 30 MHz	9 – 10 kHz
30 − 1 000 MHz	100 – 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

-Average Power measurements procedure refer to section 12.2.5.2

The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

Set RBW = 1 Mtz, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = RMS, if span / (# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2).

Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied then the detector mode shall be set to peak,

Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

As an alternative the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used. Sweep time = auto, Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
- 3. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT is manipulated through three orthogonal planes. Worst orthogonal plan of EUT is  $\underline{Y}$   $\underline{axis}$  during radiation test.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 11 of 36

### 2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

Per the guidance of KDB 558074 v03r03, section 11.1 & 11.2 & 11.3, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 klb. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 2.4.3. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 20 dB or 30 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 klb bandwidth.

#### 1. Conducted Emissions at Band Edge

- The Measurement refer to section 11.2

Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 ຟ and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, Ensure that the number of measurement points ≥ span/RBW, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

#### 2. Conducted Spurious Emissions

- The Measurement refer to section 11.3

Start frequency was set to 9 № and stop frequency was set to 26.5 № (separated into two plots per channel), RBW = 100 № VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

#### 3. Correction function

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 \( \mathbb{M} \) to 26.5 \( \mathbb{M} \), all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 12 of 36

#### 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23  $\pm$  1)  $^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity : 47  $^{\circ}$  R.H.

## 2.4.1. Spurious Radiated Emission

The frequency spectrum from 9 klb to 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are applied for peak values per frequency band.

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correctio	n Factors	Total FCC Lin		imit
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dB <i>µ</i> V/m)	Margin (dB)
60.92	49.30	Peak	V	12.63	-26.90	35.03	40.00	4.97
61.00	42.70	Peak	Н	14.14	-26.90	29.94	40.00	10.06
94.55	39.00	Peak	Н	13.74	-26.59	26.15	43.50	17.35
735.35	34.30	Peak	V	22.23	-25.40	31.13	46.00	14.87
816.83	33.40	Peak	Н	21.54	-24.94	30.00	46.00	16.00
Above 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remark:

RTT5041-20(2015.10.01)(3)

- 1. Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 6Hz.
- 2. Reported spurious emissions are in **High channel** as worst case among other modes.
- 3. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below. (Actual = Reading + Antenna Factor + Amp + CL)
- 4. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

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Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 13 of 36

## 2.4.2. Spurious Radiated Emission above 1 000 Mb

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak and average values. A. Low Channel (2 402 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Corre	Correction Factors		Total	Total FCC Lim		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	26.11	Peak	V	27.77	5.35	-	59.23	74.00	14.77
*2 310.00	14.66	Average	V	27.77	5.35	2.01	49.79	54.00	4.21
*2 377.44	27.83	Peak	V	28.16	5.37	-	61.36	74.00	12.64
*2 377.44	15.96	Average	V	28.16	5.37	2.01	51.50	54.00	2.50
*2 390.00	25.94	Peak	V	28.08	5.38	-	59.40	74.00	14.60
*2 390.00	15.22	Average	V	28.08	5.38	2.01	50.69	54.00	3.31

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC L	imit
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*12 010.17	40.44	Peak	V	38.57	-28.25	-	50.76	74.00	23.24
*12 010.17	32.76	Average	V	38.57	-28.25	2.01	45.09	54.00	8.91
Above 12 100.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 14 of 36

## B. Middle Channel (2 440 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	tal FCC Limit		
Frequency (脈)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*7 320.66	49.17	Peak	V	36.23	-30.73	-	54.67	74.00	19.33
*7 320.66	42.52	Average	V	36.23	-30.73	2.01	50.03	54.00	3.97
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## C. High Channel (2 480 Mb)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Corre	ection Fa	ctors	Total	FCC Li	mit
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dΒμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.47	Peak	V	28.17	5.44	-	59.08	74.00	14.92
*2 483.50	15.27	Average	V	28.17	5.44	2.01	50.89	54.00	3.11
*2 484.31	27.75	Peak	V	28.18	5.45	-	61.38	74.00	12.62
*2 484.31	15.31	Average	V	28.18	5.45	2.01	50.95	54.00	3.05
*2 500.00	25.19	Peak	V	28.31	5.49	-	58.99	74.00	15.01
*2 500.00	15.09	Average	V	28.31	5.49	2.01	50.90	54.00	3.10



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 15 of 36

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+ CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*7 440.92	46.21	Peak	V	36.03	-31.46	-	50.78	74.00	23.22
*7 440.92	39.18	Average	V	36.03	-31.46	2.01	45.76	54.00	8.24
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remarks;

- 1. "\*" means the restricted band.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 Mb were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL or Reading + AF + CL
- 5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 16 of 36

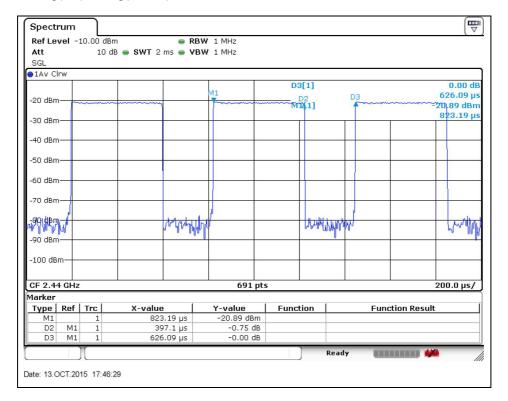
#### Note;

1. Average power result = Reading + Duty factor

2. Duty cycle measurement of EUT

Duty cycle (x) = Tx(on) / Tx(on+off) = 397.1  $\mu s$  / 626.1  $\mu s$  = 0.63

Duty factor =  $10\log(1/x)$ ,  $10\log(1/0.63) = 2.01$ 

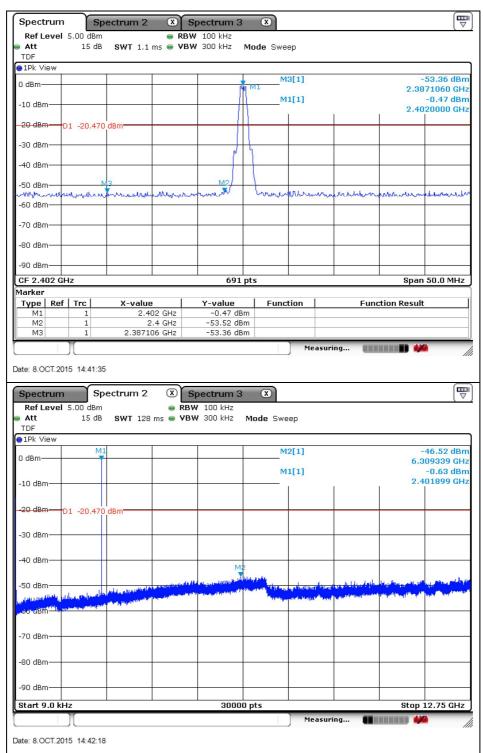




Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 17 of 36

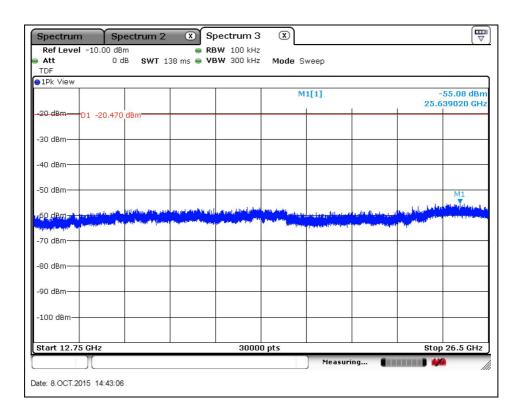
## 2.4.3. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Low Channel





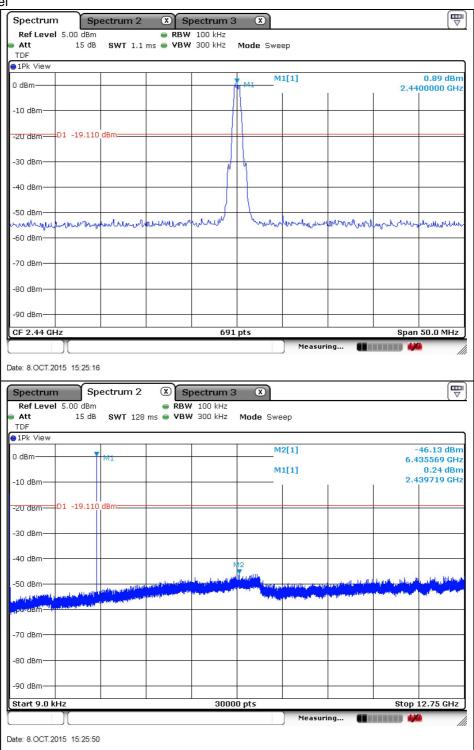
Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 18 of 36





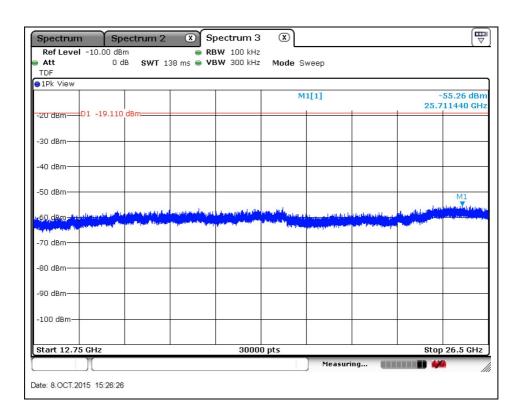
Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 19 of 36

#### Middle Channel





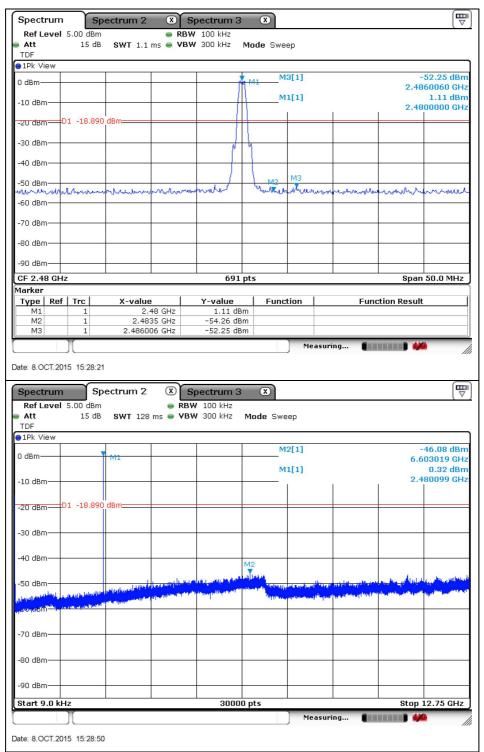
Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 20 of 36





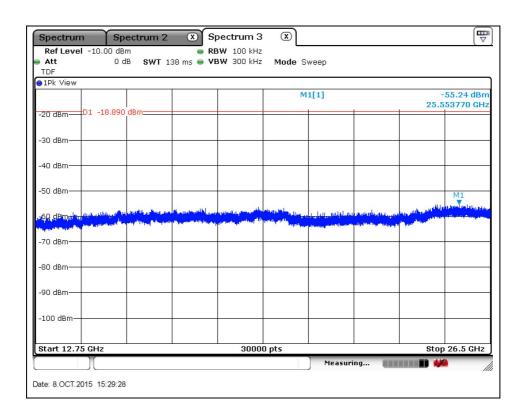
Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 21 of 36

#### High Channel





Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 22 of 36

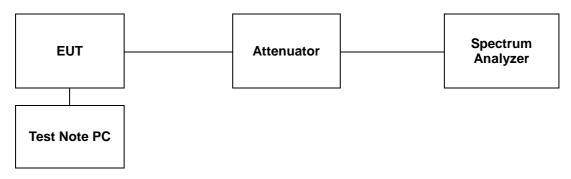




Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 23 of 36

## 3. 6 dB Bandwidth

## 3.1. Test Setup



## 3.2. Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 ~ 928 Mb, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725 ~ 5 825 Mb bands. The minimum of 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kb

#### 3.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 8.0 DTS bandwidth of FCC KDB Publication 558074\_v03r03 Tests performed using section 8.1 Option 1.

- Option 1:
- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 × RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 24 of 36

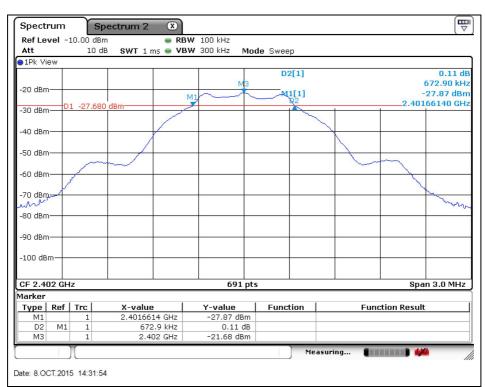
#### 3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23  $\pm$  1)  $^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity : 47  $^{\circ}$  R.H.

Operation Mode	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	6 dB Bandwidth (紀)	Minimum Bandwidth (敝)
	Low	2 402	672.90	500
GFSK	Middle	2 440	677.30	500
	High	2 480	677.30	500

#### 6 dB Bandwidth

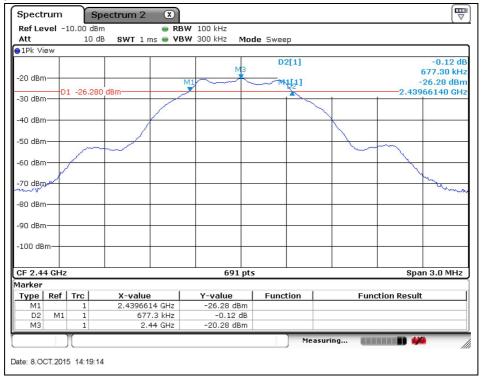
#### Low Channel



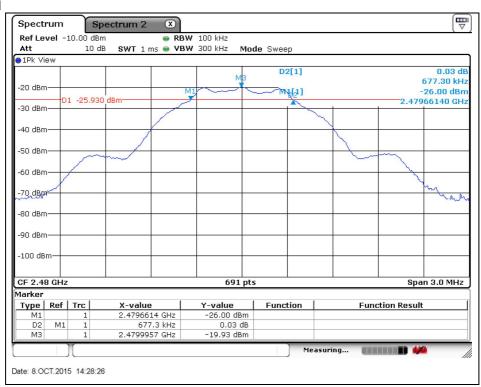


Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 25 of 36

#### Middle Channel



#### High Channel

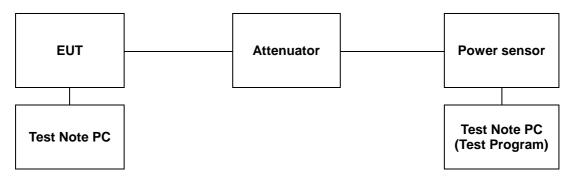




Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 26 of 36

# 4. Maximum Conducted Output Power

## 4.1. Test Setup



Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)

#### **4.2. Limit**

According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902 ~ 928 Mb, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 Mb band: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antenna elements. The average must not include any intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph(b) of this section is based on the use of antenna with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph(c) of this section, if transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### 4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 9.1.2 of FCC KDB Publication 558074 v03r03

## - Peak power meter method

-The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Test program: (S/W name : R&S Power Viewer, Version : 3.2.0)

- 1. Initially overall offset for attenuator and cable loss is measured per frequency.
- 2. Measured offset is inserted in test program in advance of measurement for output power.
- 3. Power for each frequency (channel) and data rate of device is investigated as final result.
- 4. Final result reported on this section from R&S power viewer program includes with several factors and test program shows only final result.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 27 of 36

## 4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23  $\pm$  1)  $^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity : 47  $^{\circ}$  R.H.

Mode	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	Attenuator + Cable offset (dB)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Limit (dB m)
	Low	2 402	20.90	2.30	30.00
GFSK	Middle	2 440	21.11	2.59	30.00
	High	2 480	21.24	2.88	30.00

#### Remark:

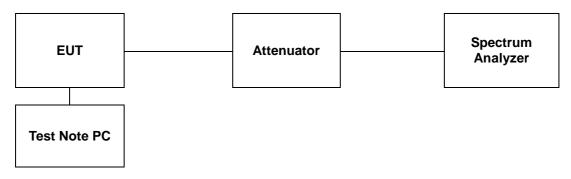
Cable offset was compensated in test program (R&S Power Viewer) before measuring.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 28 of 36

# 5. Power Spectral Density

## 5.1. Test Setup



# 5.2. Limit

§15.247(e) For digitally modulated system, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dB m in any 3 klk band any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### 5.3. Test Procedure

The measurement is recorded using the PKPSD measurement procedure in 10.2 of KDB 558074\_v03r03.

- This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.
- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to at least 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW to : 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz
- 4. Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- 5. Detector = Peak
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 klb) and repeat.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 29 of 36

## 5.4. Test Results

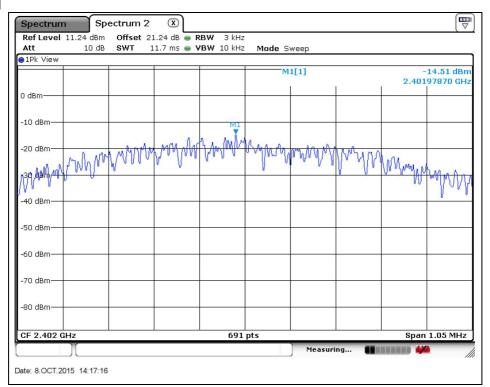
Ambient temperature : (23  $\pm$  1)  $^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity : 47  $^{\circ}$  R.H.

Mode	Channel	nel Frequency (舱) Measured PSD (dB m)		Maximum Limit (dB m)	
	Low	2 402	-14.51	8	
GFSK	Middle	2 440	-13.09	8	
	High	2 480	-12.69	8	

#### Power spectral density measurement

Low Channel

RTT5041-20(2015.10.01)(3)



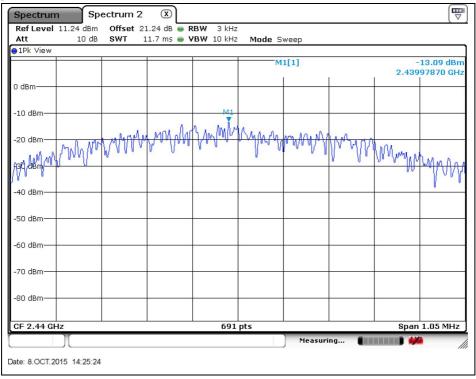
Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370

A4(210mm × 297mm)

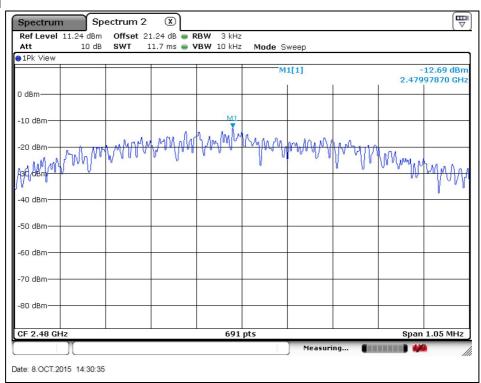


Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 30 of 36

#### Middle Channel



## High Channel

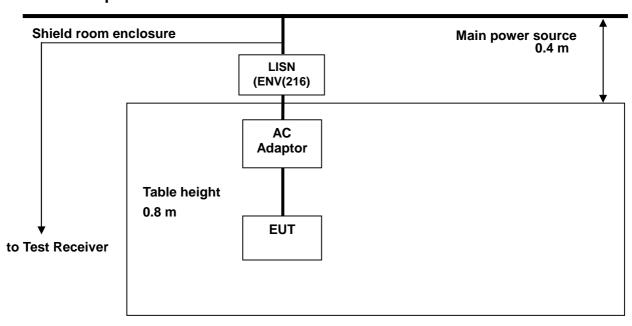




Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 31 of 36

## 6. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

## 6.1. Test Setup



#### 6.2. Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150  $\,\mathrm{Mz}$  to 30  $\,\mathrm{Mz}$ , shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\,\mathrm{\mu}$  H /50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Eroquency of Emission (Ally)	Conducted limit (dBμV)			
Frequency of Emission (쌘)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*		
0.50 - 5.00	56	46		
5.00 – 30.0	60	50		

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 32 of 36

#### 6.3. Test Procedures

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

AC line conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2009

- 1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.6 m × 3.6 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. All connecting cables of EUT were moved to find the maximum emission.



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 33 of 36

#### 6.4. Test Results

The following table shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both phase of Hot and Neutral line

Ambient temperature :  $(23 \pm 1)$  °C Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Frequency range : 0.15 MHz - 30 MHz

Measured Bandwidth : 9 kHz

FREQ.	LEVEL(dBعلا)		LINE	LIMIT(dBμV)		MARGIN(dB)	
(MHz)	Q-Peak	Average	LINE	Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.54	32.00	28.50	N	56.00	46.00	24.00	17.50
5.65	26.00	20.40	N	60.00	50.00	34.00	29.60
10.01	21.80	16.50	N	60.00	50.00	38.20	33.50
13.59	20.20	15.30	N	60.00	50.00	39.80	34.70
15.40	27.00	23.60	N	60.00	50.00	33.00	26.40
19.95	25.20	20.00	N	60.00	50.00	34.80	30.00
0.53	33.00	29.70	Н	56.00	46.00	23.00	16.30
2.51	33.00	29.60	Н	56.00	46.00	23.00	16.40
5.65	27.80	21.90	Н	60.00	50.00	32.20	28.10
6.98	22.10	17.30	Н	60.00	50.00	37.90	32.70
15.13	22.50	17.00	Н	60.00	50.00	37.50	33.00
20.05	23.20	18.10	Н	60.00	50.00	36.80	31.90

## Remark;

- 1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using High channel.
- 3. Traces shown in plot mad using a peak detector and average detector
- 4. The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 km to 30 km are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
- 5. Deviations to the Specifications: None.

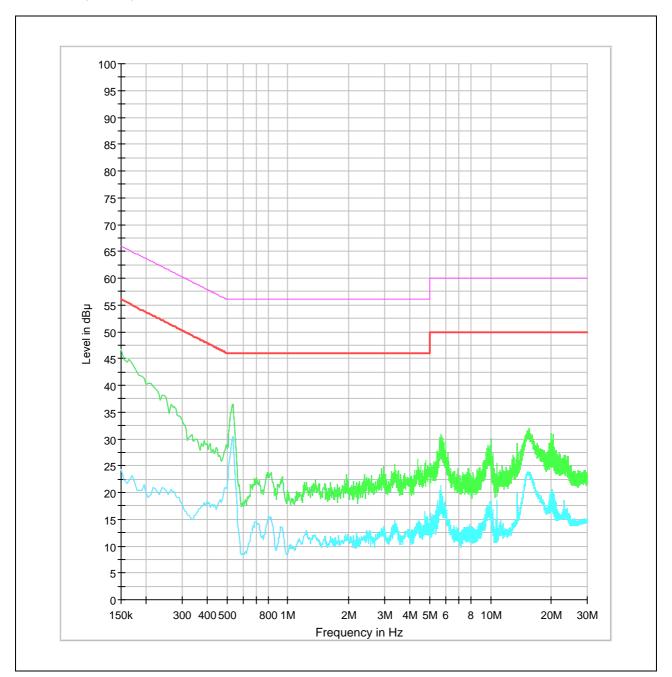


Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 34 of 36

#### **Plots of Conducted Power line**

Test mode: (Neutral)

RTT5041-20(2015.10.01)(3)



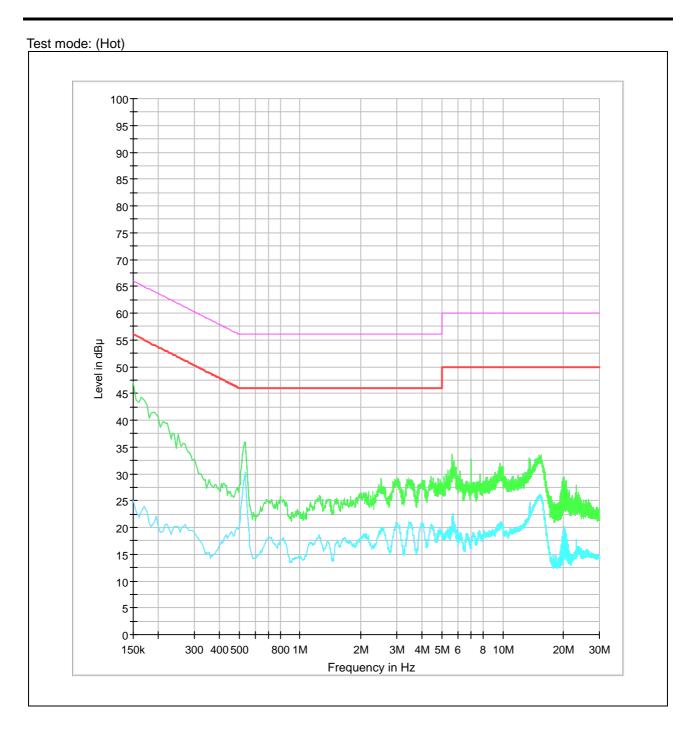
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A4(210mm × 297mm)



RTT5041-20(2015.10.01)(3)

Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 35 of 36



Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370

A4(210mm × 297mm)



Report Number: F690501/RF-RTL009284-1 Page: 36 of 36

# 7. Antenna Requirement

## 7.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

#### 7.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Dipole antenna and peak max gain of antenna as below.

Band	2 402 № - 2 480 №	
Mode	Bluetooth Low Energy	
Gain	1.82 dBi	