

Junel Thoso



EMC TEST REPORT No. SH11100532-001

Applicant : Shanghai Aero-Sharp Electric Technologies Co.,Ltd

6629 Zhongchun Road Shanghai, 201101 China

Manufacturer : Shanghai Aero-Sharp Electric Technologies Co.,Ltd

6629 Zhongchun Road Shanghai, 201101 China

Equipment : 802.11g Wireless MiniPCI Card

Type/Model : COM06

SUMMARY

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s):

47CFR Part 15 (2010): Radio Frequency Devices

ANSIC63.4 (2003): American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

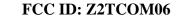
RSS-210 Issue 8 (December 2010): Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment

RSS-Gen Issue 3 (December 2010): General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment

Date of issue: April 13, 2012

Prepared by: Reviewed by:

Wakeyou Wang (*Project Engineer*) Daniel Zhao (*Reviewer*)





Description of Test Facility

Name: Intertek Testing Services Ltd. Shanghai ETL Semko

Address: Building No.86, 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China

FCC Registration Number: 236597

IC Assigned Code: 2042B-1

Name of contact: Steve Li Tel: +86 21 64956565 ext. 214 Fax: +86 21 54262335 ext. 214



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FCC ID: Z2TCOM06



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FCC ID: Z2TCOM06



1. General Information

1.1 Applicant Information

Applicant: Shanghai Aero-Sharp Electric Technologies Co.,Ltd

6629 Zhongchun Road Shanghai, 201101 China

Name of contact: Fang Lu

Tel: 86-21-64781799 Fax: 86-21-64781799

Manufacturer: Shanghai Aero-Sharp Electric Technologies Co.,Ltd

6629 Zhongchun Road Shanghai, 201101 China

Sample received date: Nov 1, 2011

Sample Identification No: *0111101-10-001*

Date of test: Nov 1, 2011 ~ Nov 15, 2011

1.2 Identification of the EUT

Equipment: 802.11g Wireless MiniPCI Card

Type/model: COM06

FCC ID: Z2TCOM06

IC: /



FCC ID: Z2TCOM06

1.3 Technical specification

Operation Frequency Band: 2412 - 2462 MHz

Modulation: DBPSK @1Mbps

DQPSK@2Mbp CCK@5.5/11Mbps BPSK@6/9 Mbps QPSK@12/18Mbps 16-QAM@24Mbps 64-QAM@48/54Mpb

Antenna Designation: External, Omni-directional antenna

Gain of Antenna: 2.0dBi max used.

Rating: DC 3.3V powered by debugging board & PC

(PC input: AC 100~240V, 50/60Hz).

Description of EUT: The EUT is the wireless transceiver.

There are two antenna connectors, namely J2 and J3, designed on the EUT. Nevertheless, only the connector J2 was available (connector J3 was disabled by the manufactory) and connected to a professional

waterproof antenna.

Channel Description:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Identifier	(MHz)	Identifier	(MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437	,	/

1.4 Mode of operation during the test / Test peripherals used

While testing transmitter mode of EUT, the internal modulation was employed.

EUT was set up and tested in three axes (X, Y and Z). The three axes were tested one by one while the test receiver worked as "max hold" continuously and the highest reading among the whole test procedure was recorded.

Test peripherals used: Laptop computer (FUJITSU SIMENS, LIFEBOOK)



2. Test Specification

2.1 Instrument list

Ei4	Т	M	T41	C-1 D-4-	D., 1-4-
Equipment	Type	Manu.	Internal no.	Cal. Date	Due date
Test Receiver	ESIB 26	R&S	EC 3045	2011-10-	2012-10-
				21	20
Semi-anechoic	-	Albatross	EC 3048	2011-5-21	2012-5-20
chamber		project			
Bilog Antenna	CBL 6112D	TESEQ	EC 4206	2011-5-16	2013-5-15
Horn antenna	HF 906	R&S	EC 3049	2011-5-13	2013-5-12
Pre-amplifier	Pre-amp 18	R&S	EC 3222	2011-4-12	2012-4-11
Test Receiver	ESCS 30	R&S	EC 2107	2011-10-	2012-10-
				21	20
A.M.N.	ESH2-Z5	R&S	EC 3119	2011-1-10	2012-1-9
A.M.N.	ESH3-Z5	R&S	EC 2109	2011-1-10	2012-1-9
High Pass Filter	WHKX 1.0/15G-	Wainwright	EC4297-1	2011-2-8	2012-2-7
	10SS				
High Pass Filter	WHKX 2.8/18G-	Wainwright	EC4297-2	2011-2-8	2012-2-7
8	12SS				
High Pass Filter	WHKX	Wainwright	EC4297-3	2011-2-8	2012-2-7
8	7.0/1.8G-8SS				
Band Reject	WRCGV	Wainwright	EC4297-4	2011-2-8	2012-2-7
Filter	2400/2483-				
	2390/2493-				
	35/10SS				
Test Receiver	FSV40	R&S	/	2011-10-	2012-10-
	15,10	11005	,	21	20
Preamplifier	AP-025C	Quietek	QT-AP003	2011-11-	2012-11-
1 Tournpinion	111 0200	Quieten	Q1 111 005	25	24
Preamplifier	AP-180C	Quietek	CHM-	2011-11-	2012-11-
Treampiner	711 1000	Quictor	0602013	25	24
Broad-Band	BBHA9120D	Schwarzbeck	496	2011-11-	2012-11-
Horn Antenna	DD11117120D	Schwarzocck	470	25	24
Broad-Band	BBHA9170	Schwarzbeck	294	2011-11-	2012-11-
Horn Antenna	DDHA91/0	Schwarzucck	23 4	25	24
Power sensor /	N1911A/N1921A	Agilent	EC4318	2011-04-	2012-04-
	1N1911A/1N1921A	Agneni	EC4318	11	10
Power meter				11	10

2.2 Test Standard

47CFR Part 15 (2010) ANSIC63.4 (2003) RSS-210 Issue 8 (December 2010) RSS-Gen Issue 3 (December 2010)



2.3 Test Summary

This report applies to tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Intertek Testing Service Shanghai Limited.

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERANCE	IC REFERANCE	RESULT
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	RSS-210 Issue 8	Pass
		Annex 8	
Maximum peak output power	15.247(b)	RSS-210 Issue 8	Pass
		Annex 8	
Power spectrum density	15.247(e)	RSS-210 Issue 8	Pass
		Annex 8	
Radiated emission	15.205 & 15.209	RSS-210 Issue 8	Pass
		Clause 2	
Emission outside the	15.247(d)	RSS-210 Issue 8	Pass
frequency band		Annex 8	
Power line conducted emission	15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 3	Pass
		Clause 7.2.4	
Channel number of hopping	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-210 Issue 8	NA
system		Annex 8	
Average time of occupancy in	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-210 Issue 8	NA
any channel		Annex 8	
Occupied bandwidth	-	RSS-Gen Issue 3	Tested
		Clause 4.6.1	
Spurious emission for receiver	15B	RSS-310 Issue 3	NA
		Clause 3.1	



2.4 Data rate VS power

Mode	Data Rate	СН	Level
Mode	Data Kate	CII	(dBm)
	MCS0	M	21.51
	MCS1	M	21.09
	MCS2	M	21.37
902.116	MCS3	M	21.48
802.11g	MCS4	M	21.62
	MCS5	M	21.56
	MCS6	M	21.69
	MCS7	M	21.78
	MCS0	M	15.26
	MCS1	M	15.37
	MCS2	M	15.39
802.11b	MCS3	M	15.33
	MCS4	M	15.51
	MCS5	M	15.60
	MCS6	M	15.62

Based on the test data above, in this report, the highest speed is applied for all tests in every mode.



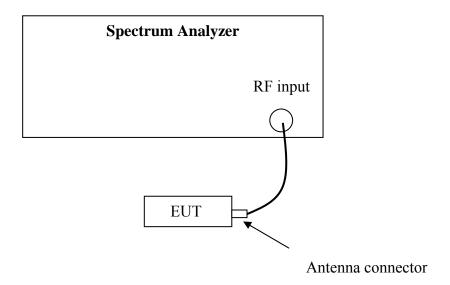
3. Minimum 6dB Bandwidth

Test result: PASS

3.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.2 Test Configuration



3.3 Test Procedure and test setup

The minimum 6dB bandwidth per FCC §15.247(a)(2) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set at 100kHz, the video bandwidth set at 300kHz, and the SPAN>>RBW. The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of KDB558074 (March 23, 2005) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.



Temperature : 25°C Relative Humidity : 55 %

СН	Bandwidth of 802.11b	Bandwidth of 802.11g	Limit
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
L	9.48	16.50	≥0.5
M	9.45	16.49	≥0.5
Н	9.48	16.45	≥0.5



4. Maximum peak output power

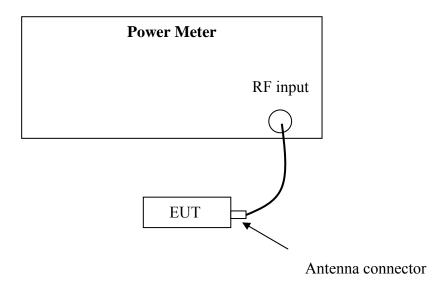
Test result: Pass

4.1 Test limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt

For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

4.2 Test Configuration



4.3 Test procedure and test setup

The power output per FCC § 15.247(b) is measured using a broadband power meter. The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of KDB558074 (March 23, 2005) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements (Power Output Option 1).



 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Temperature} & : & 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Relative Humidity} & : & 55 \, \% \\ \end{array}$

СН	Cable loss (dB)	Power of 802.11b (dBm)	Power of 802.11g (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
L	0.50	16.14	21.75	≤30
M	0.50	15.62	21.78	≤30
Н	0.50	16.59	21.88	≤30

The maximum e.i.r.p of 2.4GHz transmitter = 21.88dBm + 2.0dBi = 23.88dBm = 244.34mW (lower than the e.i.r.p limit of 4W showed in RSS-210.).

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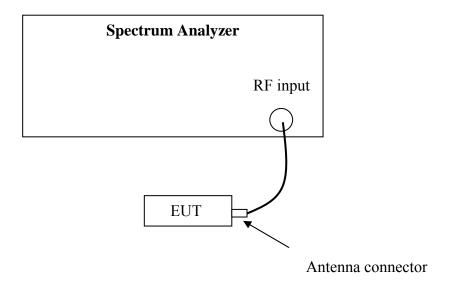
5. Power spectrum density

Test result: Pass

5.1 Test limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

5.2 Test Configuration



5.3 Test procedure and test setup

The power output per FCC §15.247(e) was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set at 3kHz, the video bandwidth set at 10kHz. The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of KDB558074 (March 23, 2005) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.





Temperature : 25 °C Relative Humidity : 55 %

СН	Power Density of 802.11b (dBm/3kHz)	Power Density of 802.11g (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
L	-13.15	-16.26	≤8
M	-15.61	-16.15	≤8
Н	-16.39	-16.09	≤8



6. Radiated emission

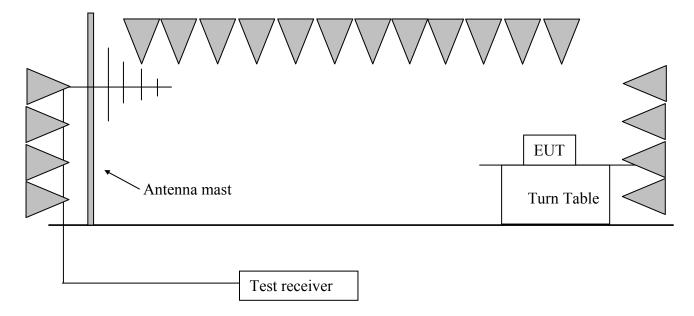
Test result: PASS

6.1 Test limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) showed as below:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 - 88	40.0	3
88 - 216	43.5	3
216 - 960	46.0	3
Above 960	54.0	3

6.2 Test Configuration





6.3 Test procedure and test setup

The measurement was applied in a semi-anechoic chamber. While testing for spurious emission higher than 1GHz, if applied, the pre-amplifier would be equipped just at the output terminal of the antenna.

The EUT and simulators were placed on a 0.8m high wooden turntable above the horizontal metal ground plane. The turn table rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the receiving antenna which was mounted on an antenna mast. The antenna moved up and down between from 1 meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level.

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of KDB558074 (March 23, 2005) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.

The radiated emission was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set as:

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz (30MHz~1GHz) RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz (>1GHz for PK); RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz (>1GHz for AV);



The test is performed under the 80.211g mode which has higher conducted output power:

СН	Antenna	Frequency	Correct	Corrected	Limit	Margin	Detector
		(MHz)	Factor (dB/m)	Reading (dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
	V	2412.79	30.70	111.60	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	105.81	14.30	43.20	Non-restrict	/	QP
	Н	615.11	21.20	42.60	Non-restrict	/	QP
	V	156.75	13.50	31.80	43.50	11.70	PK
L	Н	282.71	14.30	41.10	46.00	4.90	PK
	Н	377.96	17.60	33.90	46.00	12.10	PK
	Н	1324.65	-12.10	39.70	54.00	14.30	PK
	V	2390.00	-8.00	51.80	54.00	2.20	PK
	V	4547.09	-2.50	40.30	54.00	13.70	PK
	V	2438.15	30.70	110.20	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	105.81	14.30	43.20	Non-restrict	/	QP
M	Н	615.11	21.20	42.60	Non-restrict	/	QP
	V	156.75	13.50	31.80	43.50	11.70	PK
M	Н	282.71	14.30	41.10	46.00	4.90	PK
	Н	377.96	17.60	33.90	46.00	12.10	PK
	Н	1323.57	-12.10	40.30	54.00	13.70	PK
	V	4548.16	-2.50	41.60	54.00	12.40	PK
	V	2463.48	30.70	111.60	Fundamental	/	PK
	Н	105.81	14.30	43.20	Non-restrict	/	QP
	Н	615.11	21.20	42.60	Non-restrict	/	QP
	V	156.75	13.50	31.80	43.50	11.70	PK
Н	Н	282.71	14.30	41.10	46.00	4.90	PK
	Н	377.96	17.60	33.90	46.00	12.10	PK
	Н	1324.43	-12.10	39.50	54.00	14.50	PK
	V	2483.50	-8.00	46.60	54.00	7.40	PK
	V	4545.93	-2.50	39.50	54.00	14.50	PK





Remark: 1. For fundamental test, no amplifier is employed.

- 2. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)
- 3. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 4. Margin = limit Corrected Reading
- 5. If the PK reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.
- 6. The emission test is conducted from 30MHz to 25GHz.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.

Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20dB/m; Corrected Reading =

10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m

Assuming limit = 54dBuV/m, Corrected Reading = 10.20dBuV/m, then Margin =

54 - 10.20 = 43.80 dBuV/m



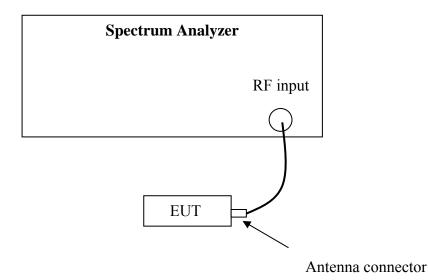
7. Emission outside the frequency Band

Test result: PASS

7.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

7.2 Test Configuration



7.3 Test procedure and test setup

The Emission outside the frequency Band per FCC §15.247(d) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set at 100kHz, the video bandwidth set at 300kHz, and the SPAN>>RBW.

The EUT was tested according to DTS test procedure of KDB558074 (March 23, 2005) for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.



Mode	СН	Max reading among band (dBm)	Min Attenuation outside band (dB)	Limit (dB)
	L	-2.00	37.18	
802.11b	M	-1.69	42.59	
	Н	-2.15	40.90	
	L	-3.03	33.91	≥20
802.11g	M	-3.45	41.45	
	Н	-3.18	39.22	

Note: Please refer to the "test data" for band edge emission.



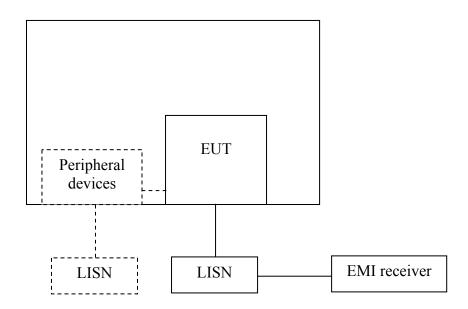
8. Power line conducted emission

Test result: Pass

8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)			
	QP	AV		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *		
0.5-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.				

8.2 Test configuration



☑ For table top equipment, wooden support is 0.8m height table

For floor standing equipment, wooden support is 0.1m height rack.

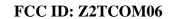




8.3 Test procedure and test set up

The EUT are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). This provides a $50\Omega/50uH$ coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a $50\Omega/50uH$ coupling impedance with 50Ω termination.

Both sides (Line and Neutral) of AC line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.4 on conducted measurement. The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.





Temperature : 25 °C Relative Humidity : 55 %

Frequency	Correct Factor	Corrected Reading		Limit		Margin	
	(dB)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)		(dB)	
		QP	AV	QP	ÁV	QP	AV
0.16 (N)	3.00	40.15	23.10	65.60	55.60	25.45	32.50
0.17 (L)	3.00	49.22	39.27	64.86	54.86	15.64	15.59
0.23 (N)	3.00	44.26	36.26	62.48	52.48	18.22	16.22
0.27 (N)	3.00	33.98	20.66	61.07	51.07	27.09	30.41
3.82 (N)	3.00	35.10	18.54	56.00	46.00	20.90	27.46
4.05 (L)	3.00	33.95	19.07	56.00	46.00	22.05	26.93

Remark: 1. Correction Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB).

2. Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Reading.



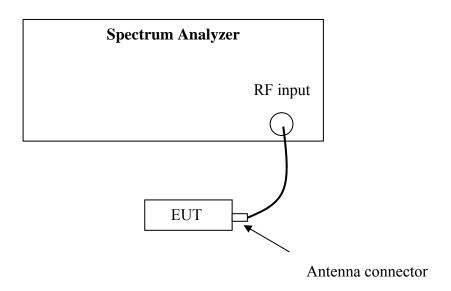
9. Channel Number of hopping system

Test result: NA

9.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.2 Test Configuration



9.3 Test procedure and test setup

The channel number per FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set at 100kHz, the video bandwidth set at 300kHz, and the SPAN>>RBW.

The RF passband of the EUT was divided into 3 appropriate bands to test.



Channel Number	Limit
-	≥15



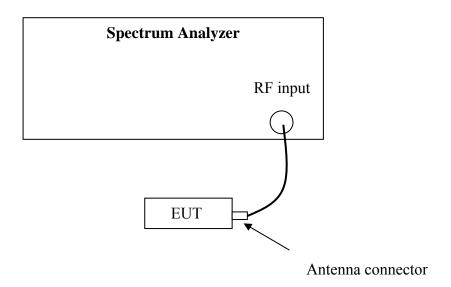
10. Average time of occupancy in any channel

Test result: NA

10.1 Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

10.2 Test Configuration



10.3 Test procedure and test setup

Average time of occupancy in any channel per FCC § 15.247(a)(1)(iii) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set at 100kHz, the video bandwidth set at 300kHz, and the SPAN set to be 0Hz to test in time domain. The test is performed at the middle channel.



Packet	Observed	Time of occupancy	Hops among the	Average time	Limit
	period	for single hopping	interval of 3.6 s	of occupancy	
	(s)	(ms)		(s)	(s)
	P	0	I	T	
Packet Type 4	-	-	-	-	≤0.4
Packet Type 11	-	-	-	-	≤0.4
Packet Type 15	-	-	-	-	≤0.4

Remark: 1. There are 79 channels in all. So the observed period P = 0.4 * 79 = 31.6 s.2. Average time of occupancy T = O *I * P / 3.6



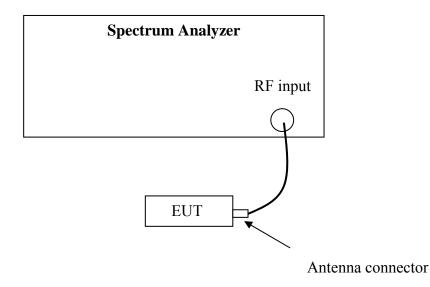
11. Occupied Bandwidth

Test Status: Tested

11.1 Test limit

None

11.2 Test Configuration



11.3 Test procedure and test setup

The occupied bandwidth per RSS-Gen Issue 3 Clause 4.6.1 was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer.



Temperature : 25 °C Relative Humidity : 55 %

Mode	Channel	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Max. Value (MHz)
	L	13.62	
802.11b	M	13.62	
	Н	13.61	16.04
802.11g	L	16.84	16.84
	M	16.80	
	Н	16.79	

Remark: "Max. Value" is the maximum test result of all the measured occupied bandwidth.



12. Spurious emission for receiver

Test result: NA

12.1 Test limit

The spurious emission shall test through 3 times tuneable or local oscillator frequency whichever is the higher, without exceeding 40 GHz.

- 1) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2nW per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5nW above 1 GHz.
- 2) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table below:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 - 88	40.0	3
88 - 216	43.5	3
216 - 960	46.0	3
Above 960	54.0	3

12.2 Test Configuration

Please refer to clause 6.2

12.3 Test procedure and test setup

Please refer to clause 6.3.



Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)

- 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Margin = limit Corrected Reading

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.

Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 = 32.20dB/m; Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 32.20dB/m = 42.20dBuV/m

Assuming limit = 54 dBuV/m, Corrected Reading = 42.20 dBuV/m, then Margin = 54 - 42.20 = 11.80 dBuV/m