

Radio Frequency Exposure

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Wireless adapter					
Frequency band (Operating)	 ✓ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz ✓ WLAN: 5.150GHz ~ 5.250GHz ✓ WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz ✓ Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480 GHz 					
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation)☑ Mobile (>20cm separation)					
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)					
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity					
Max. output power	IEEE802.11b: 15.34 dBm (0.0337 W) IEEE802.11g: 20.38 dBm (0.1091 W) IEEE802.11n HT20: 19.46 dBm (0.0883 W) IEEE802.11n HT40: 18.62 dBm (0.0728 W)					
Antenna gain (Max)	2 dBi					
Evaluation applied						
Remark:						

- 1. The maximum output power is 20.38 dBm (0.1091W) at 2437MHz (with numeric 2 antenna gain.)
- 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
- For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

*Note: Simultaneous transmission is not applicable for this EUT.

Cerpass Technology Corp. Issued date : Nov. 21, 2013

Tel: 886-2-2655-8100 Fax: 886-2-2655-8200 Page No. : 1 of 3

FCC ID : Z7ZMAXMEDIAWIFI3

Report No.: TEFI1310221

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = *Distance in meters*

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

Cerpass Technology Corp.

Tel: 886-2-2655-8100 Fax: 886-2-2655-8200 Page No. : 2 of 3

Issued date : Nov. 21, 2013

FCC ID : Z7ZMAXMEDIAWIFI3

Report No.: TEFI1310221



Maximum Permissible Exposure

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
IEEE802.11b	2412-2462	15.34	2	20	0.011	1
IEEE802.11g	2412-2462	20.38	2	20	0.034	1
IEEE802.11n HT20	2412-2462	19.46	2	20	0.028	1
IEEE802.11n HT40	2422-2452	18.62	2	20	0.023	1

NOTE:

Total (Chain0+Chain1), the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 +etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Cerpass Technology Corp.

Tel: 886-2-2655-8100 Fax: 886-2-2655-8200 Page No.

: 3 of 3

FCC ID : Z7ZMAXMEDIAWIFI3

Issued date : Nov. 21, 2013

Report No.: TEFI1310221