

SAR Test Report

Product Name: GSM Mobile Phone

Model No. : Fuego

FCC ID : ZGRFUEGO

Applicant: Dynamics Hong Kong Limited

Address: Room A4, 3/F, Friend's House, No.6A Carnarvon Road,

Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Date of Receipt: 14/12/2011

Date of Test : 19/12/2011

Issued Date : 20/12/2011

Report No. : 11CS041R-HP-US-P03V01

Report Version: V1.1

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 20/12/2011

Report No.: 11CS041R-HP-US-P03V01

QuieTek

Product Name : GSM Mobile Phone

Applicant : Dynamics Hong Kong Limited

Address : Room A4, 3/F, Friend's House, No.6A Carnarvon Road, Tsim

Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Manufacturer : Dynamics Hong Kong Limited

Address : Room A4, 3/F, Friend's House, No.6A Carnarvon Road, Tsim

Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Model No. : Fuego

FCC ID : ZGRFUEGO

Brand Name : Ice Mobile EUT Voltage : DC 3.7V

Applicable Standard FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001

IEEE Std. 1528-2003,47CFR § 2.1093

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

Head: 0.141W/kg

Body: 0.406 W/kg (Scaling SAR: 0.423 W/Kg)

Performed Location : Suzhou EMC Laboratory

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech

Development Zone., Suzhou, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

FCC Registration Number: 800392

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Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C. : BSMI, NCC, TAF

Germany : TUV Rheinland

Norway : Nemko, DNV

USA : FCC, NVLAP

Japan : VCCI

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site: http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site: http://www.quietek.com/

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

HsinChu Testing Laboratory:







LinKou Testing Laboratory:







Suzhou (China) Testing Laboratory:









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1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	GSM Mobile Phone
Model No.	Fuego
IMEI	3511111111111
Hardware Version	F206_MAIN_PCB_2.0
Software Version	F206TH_10_E8_HJDW_F4_EN
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
2G	
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	Class 12
Tx Frequency Range	GSM 850:824~849MHz
	PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Rx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 869~894MHz
	PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS
Antenna Gain	0.8dBi
Max. Output Power	GSM850:32.84dBm Maximum Peak Conducted Power(31.82dBm Average)
(Avg. Burst Power)	PCS1900:29.92dBm Maximum Peak Conducted Power(28.83dBm Average)
Max. Output Power	GSM850: 30.86 dBm- ERP
(Radiated)	PCS1900: 28.37 dBm- EIRP
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Type of modulation	GFSK,Pi/4 DQPSK,8DPSK
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps (8DPSK)
Antenna Gain	0.8dBi
Components	
Headset Model Number	Fuego
Battery	Brand name: Ice Mobile
	Model No. : Fuego
	Voltage and Capacitance: DC 3.7V 950mAh
	Manufacturer Name: Shenzhen Tianku Electronics CO., LTD



Adapter	Brand name: Ice Mobile
	Model No. : Fuego
	Input: AC 110V-240V 50/60Hz 150mA
	Output: DC 5 V/500mA
	Manufacturer Name: ELANDA TECHNOLOGY
	ELECTRONIC CO., LTD

NOTE:The sample used for testing is end product.



1.2. Test Procedure

1	Setup the EUT and simulators as shown on above.
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	EUT communicate with CMU 200, and test them respectively at GSM 850 & PCS1900.

1.3. Test Environment

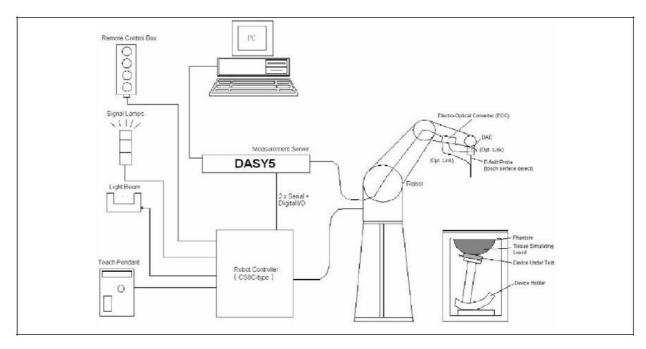
Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

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$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against stati charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenarious, very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enable compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of bette 30%.



2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY5 probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

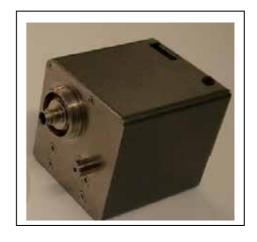


2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	835MHz	835MHz	1900MHz	1900MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5
Salt	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50
Sugar	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0
HEC	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50
Preventol	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00



3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	Description	Dielectric F	Parameters	Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	41.50	0.90	N/A
835 MHz	± 5% window	39.43 to 43.58	0.86 to 0.95	IN/A
	19-12-2011	40.94	0.89	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	ency Description Diele		Parameters	Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	55.2	0.97	N/A
835 MHz	± 5% window	52.44 to 57.96	0.92 to 1.02	IN/A
	19-12-2011	53.57	0.97	21.0
				•

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency	requency Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	13	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	40.0	1.40	N/A
1900 MHz	± 5% window	38.00 to 42.00	1.33 to 1.47	IN/A
	19-12-2011	38.56	1.45	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	53.3	1.52	N/A	
1900 MHz	± 5% window	50.64 to 55.97	1.44 to 1.60	IN/A	
	19-12-2011	52.42	1.55	21.0	



3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	dy
(MHz)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

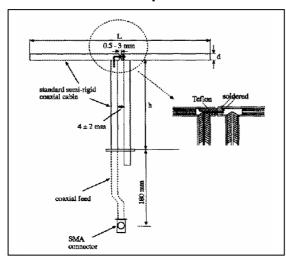
(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6



4.1.2. Validation Result

Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.70 8.73 to 10.67	6.30 5.67 to 6.93	N/A
	19-12-2011	10.04	6.56	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.8 35.82 to 43.78	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A
	19-12-2011	42.00	21.44	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz for Body

Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.90 8.91 to 10.89	6.53 5.88 to 7.18	N/A
	19-12-2011	9.68	6.24	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	41.4 37.26 to 45.54	22.3 20.07 to 24.53	N/A
	19-12-2011	42.40	21.60	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

p: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).

When multiple peak SAR locations were found during the same configuration or test mode, Zoom scan shall performed on each peak SAR location, only the peak point with maximum SAR value will be reported for the configuration or test mode.



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled
	Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	only once
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D835V2	4d094	2012.03.15
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d121	2012.03.23
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data	Speag	DAE4	1291	2012.10.10
Acquisition Electronic				
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3661	2012.01.24
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2012.04.29
Communication Tester				
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2012.04.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2012.04.23
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2012.01.12
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2012.01.12

Note: Per KDB 450824 D02 requirements for dipole calibration, QuieTek Lab has adopted two years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

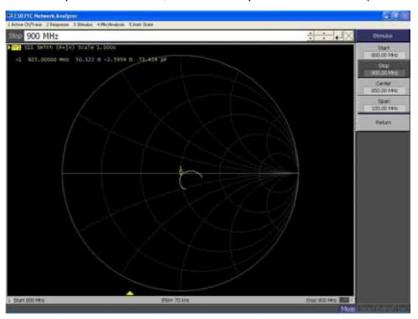
- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement (Show below);
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement (Show below).



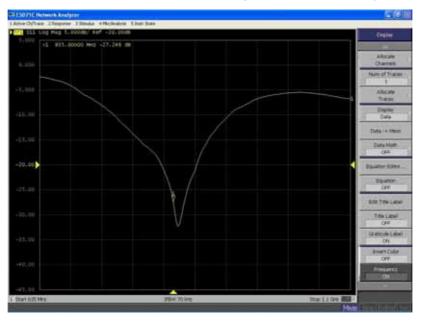
Impedance Plot for D835V2

835 Head

Calibrated impedance: 52.2 Ω ; Measured impedance: 50.322 Ω (within 5Ω)



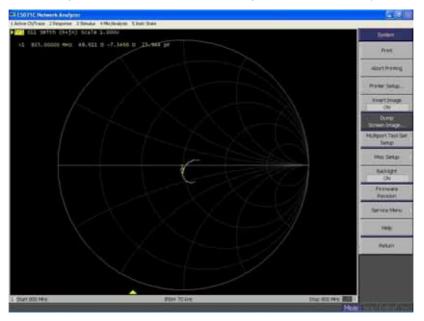
Calibrated return loss: -29.4 dB; Measured impedance: -27.246 dB (within 20%)



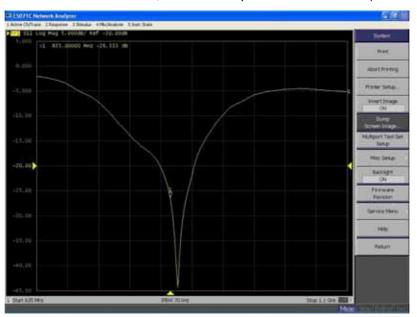


835 Body

Calibrated impedance: 48.0 Ω ; Measured impedance: 48.611 Ω (within 5Ω)



Calibrated return loss: -25.5 dB; Measured impedance: -26.333 dB (within 20%)

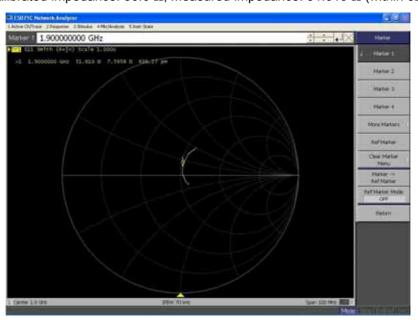




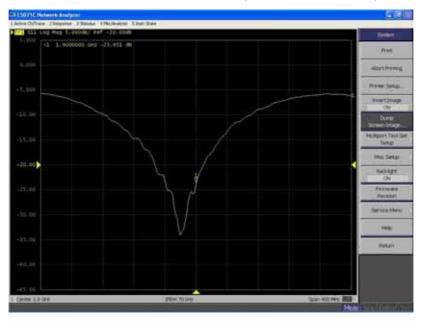
Impedance Plot for D1900V2

1900 Head

Calibrated impedance: 50.6 Ω ; Measured impedance: 51.610 Ω (within 5 Ω)



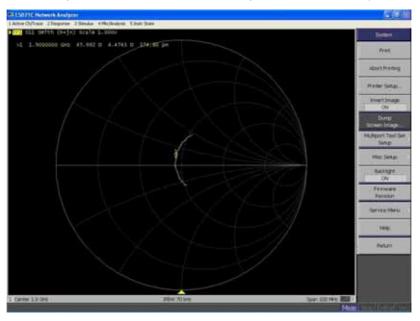
Calibrated return loss: -22.7 dB; Measured impedance: -23.651 dB (within 20%)



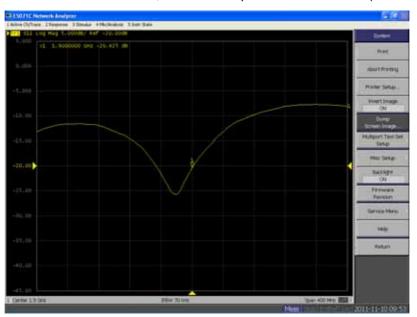


1900 Body

Calibrated impedance: 46.1 Ω ; Measured impedance: 45.692 Ω (within 5 Ω)



Calibrated return loss: -21.5 dB; Measured impedance: -20.425 dB (within 20%)





7. Measurement Uncertainty

		DASY	5 Unc	ertain	tv			
Measurement uncertainty					•	/ 10 gram.		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System		•		•				
Probe Calibration	±5.5%	N	1	1	1	±5.5%	±5.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related		•		•				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup						•		
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	±5.0%	В	13	0.64	0.42	±1.8%	±1 2 0/	8
(target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.0%	±1.2%	ω
Liquid Conductivity	12.50/	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	8
(meas.)	±2.5%	IN	I	0.04	0.43	±1.0%	± 1.170	<u> </u>
Liquid Permittivity	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
(target)	±0.070	1	ΨJ	0.0	0.70	±1.7 /0	±1.7/0	
Liquid Permittivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
(meas.)		11	•	0.0	0.70	1.570	±1.2/0	
Combined Std. Uncertain	inty					±10.7%	±10.5%	387
Expanded STD Uncertain	inty					±21.4%	±21.0%	



8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power	Duty Cycle	Frame Power
		(dBm)	Factor (dB)	(dBm)
Maximum Power <s< td=""><td>IM 1></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></s<>	IM 1>			
	824.2	33.34	-9	24.34
GSM850	836.4	33.47	-9	24.47
	848.6	33.56	-9	24.56
	1850.2	30.37	-9	21.37
PCS1900	1880.0	30.27	-9	21.27
	1909.8	30.22	-9	21.22
	824.2	32.30	-6	26.30
GPRS850(2 Slot)	836.4	32.38	-6	26.38
,	848.6	32.43	-6	26.43
	824.2	30.71	-4.25	26.46
GPRS850(3 Slot)	836.4	30.71	-4.25	26.46
	848.6	30.60	-4.25	26.35
	824.2	29.55	-3	26.55
GPRS850(4 Slot)	836.4	29.54	-3	26.54
	848.6	29.44	-3	26.44
	1850.2	29.12	-6	23.12
GPRS1900(2 Slot)	1880.0	29.12	-6	23.12
	1909.8	28.98	-6	22.98
	1850.2	27.12	-4.25	22.87
GPRS1900(3 Slot)	1880.0	27.08	-4.25	22.83
	1909.8	27.00	-4.25	22.75
	1850.2	25.77	-3	22.77
GPRS1900(4 Slot)	1880.0	25.74	-3	22.74
	1909.8	25.56	-3	22.56
Maximum Power <s< td=""><td>IM 2></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></s<>	IM 2>			•
GSM850	836.4	33.44	-9	24.44
PCS1900	1880.0	30.25	-9	21.25

Note: All SAR testing was done in SIM 1.



9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

9.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 15mm from the phantom. Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.

9.1.2. Body SAR with Headset

Testing with the headset was performed at the position and channels that resulted in the highest body SAR. This testing was performed with GPRS transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. This operation mode represents the maximum SAR situation, when downloading data via GPRS and listening to music by headset. SAR without the headset attached was significantly higher than with the headset, and also was verified several times and confirmed, so the final test data shown were the worst case without headset.

In the Body SAR test result table, body-worn means display of device down, body-front means display of device up.

9.1.3. Operation Mode

This is a multislot class 12 device capable of 4 uplink timeslots. During the head SAR test, the device was transmitting with 1 uplink timeslot; during the body SAR test, it was transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. Additionally, this device doesn't support dual transfer mode (DTM).

9.1.4. Co-located SAR

According to KDB 447498 and KDB 648474, the closest separation between GSM antenna and BT antenna is 46mm, Bluetooth Max peak power is lower than pref, thus, stand-alone SAR and simultaneous transmission SAR is not required.

Other reference document: KDB 941225.



9.1.5. Test Result

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SAR	IVIIIII	451	JKFI	ЛFNT	

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM MOBILE PHONE

Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 1>

Test Position	Antenna	Frequency		Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Limit	
Head	d Position Channel MHz (dBm)		(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	24.34		1	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	24.47	-0.144	0.076	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.6	24.56		1	1.6	
Left-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	24.47	-0.126	0.029	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	24.34			1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	24.47	-0.199	0.075	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.6	24.56			1.6	
Right-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	24.47	-0.138	0.026	1.6	
Test Mode: GS	Test Mode: GSM850 <sim 2=""></sim>							
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	24.44	-0.134	0.069	1.6	

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.

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SAR	$\Lambda \Lambda \Box \Lambda$	SHE	IENI	т
SAR	IVIFA	ついけ	עו חו	

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 \pm 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM MOBILE PHONE

Test Mode: GSM850

Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Freque Channel	ency MHz	Separation Distance (mm)	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	15	24.34			1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	15	24.47	-0.162	0.199	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.6	15	24.56			1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850 2slot								
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	15	26.38	-0.112	0.328	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850 3slot								
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	15	26.46	-0.124	0.372	1.6
Test Mode: GPR	Test Mode: GPRS850 4slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	15	26.55			1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	15	26.54	-0.120	0.406	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.6	15	26.44			1.6
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.4	15	26.54	-0.008	0.082	1.6
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	189	836.4	15	26.54	-0.179	0.271	1.6

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM MOBILE PHONE

Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 1>

Test Position	Antenna	Frequency		Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Limit	
Head	Position	Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	21.37		-	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.27	21.27 -0.151		1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	21.22			1.6	
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.27	-0.158	0.029	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	21.37		-	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.27	0.158	0.141	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	21.22		-	1.6	
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.27	-0.106	0.030	1.6	
Test Mode: PCS1900 <sim 2=""></sim>								
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.25	0.174	0.123	1.6	

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.

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CVD	MEAS	LIDE		-
SAR	MLAS	URE	IVITIVI	

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 \pm 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM MOBILE PHONE

Test Mode: PCS1900

Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequ Channel	ency MHz	Separation Distance (mm)	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	15	21.37			1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	15	21.27	0.003	0.270	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	15	21.22			1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900 2slot								
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	15	23.12			1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	15	23.12	0.032	0.321	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	15	22.98			1.6
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	15	23.12	-0.184	0.042	1.6
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	661	1880.0	15	23.12	-0.164	0.287	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS	Test Mode: GPRS1900 3slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	15	22.83	-0.037	0.306	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS	Test Mode: GPRS1900 4slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	15	22.74	-0.121	0.302	1.6

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 941225.



Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 19-12-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

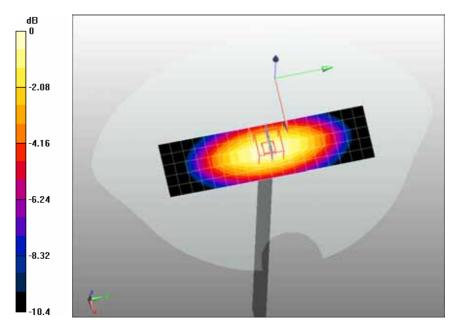
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Area Scan (6x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 55.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g



0 dB = 2.71 mW/g



Date/Time: 19-12-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

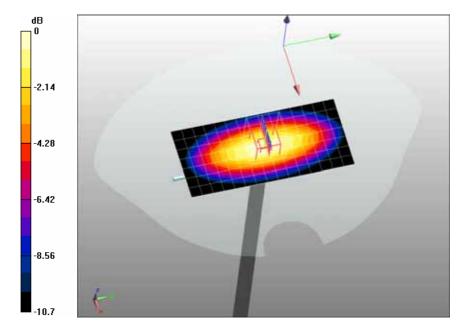
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Area Scan (8x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 52.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 mW/g



0 dB = 2.61 mW/g



Date/Time: 19-12-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

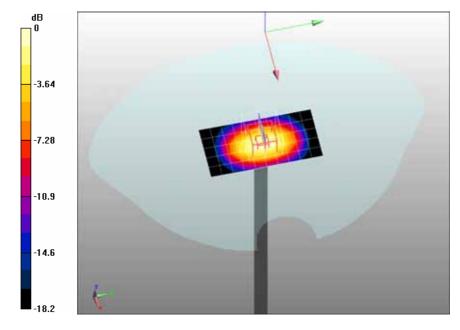
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 90.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12 mW/g



0 dB = 12mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

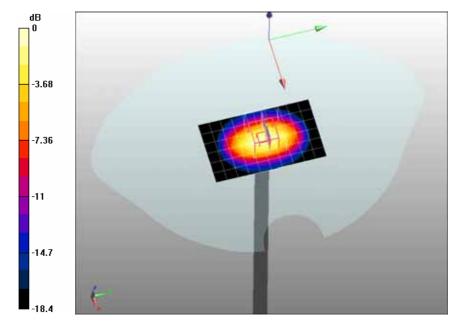
Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 88.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12 mW/g



0 dB = 12mW/g



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 19-12-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

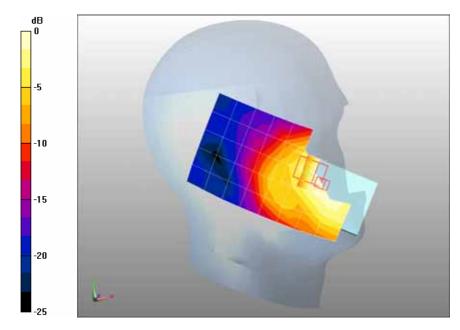
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.080 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.144 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.103 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.076 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g



0 dB = 0.079 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

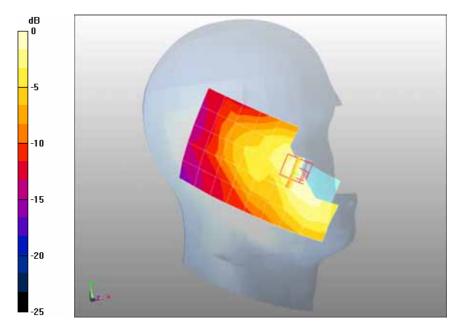
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.032 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.128 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.039 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g



0 dB = 0.031 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

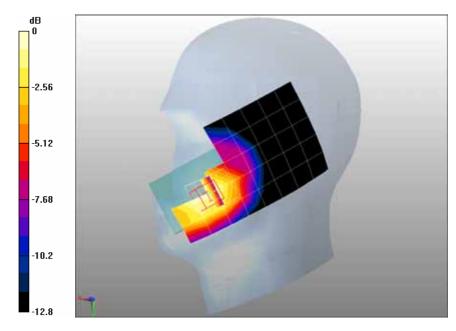
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.077 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.199 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.103 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g



0 dB = 0.079 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

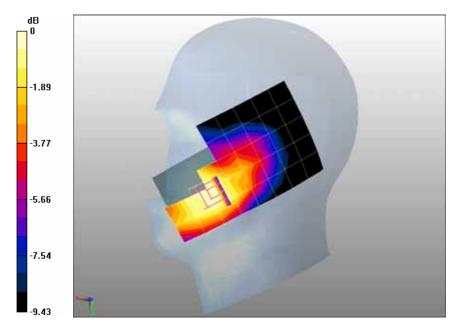
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.138 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.034 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g



0 dB = 0.028 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Left <SIM 2>

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

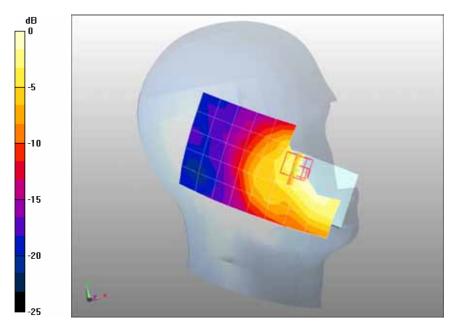
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.074 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.829 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.095 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 mW/g



0 dB = 0.073 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Body-Back

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

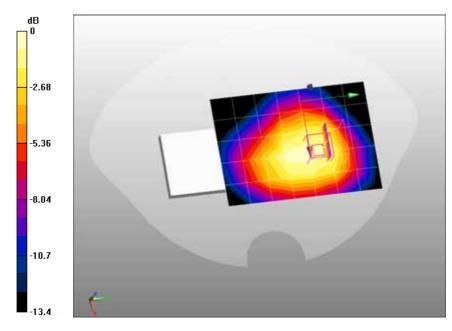
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.162 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 mW/g



0 dB = 0.207 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

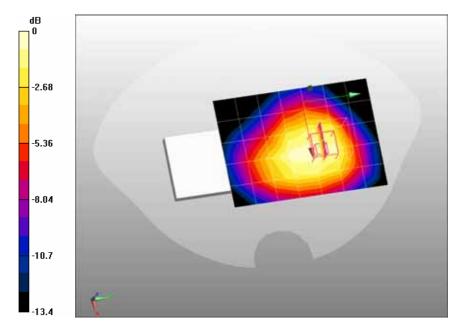
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.112 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 mW/g



0 dB = 0.342 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(3up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

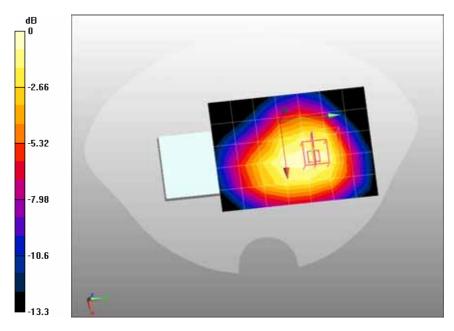
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.509 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.372 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.388 mW/g



0 dB = 0.388 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

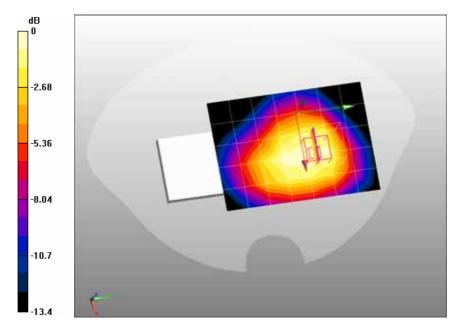
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.434 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 W/kg

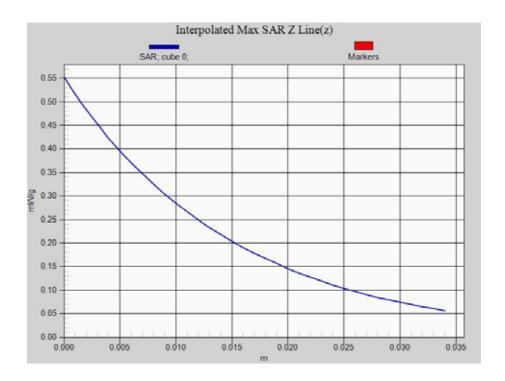
SAR(1 g) = 0.406 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.424 mW/g



0 dB = 0.424 mW/g



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Front(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

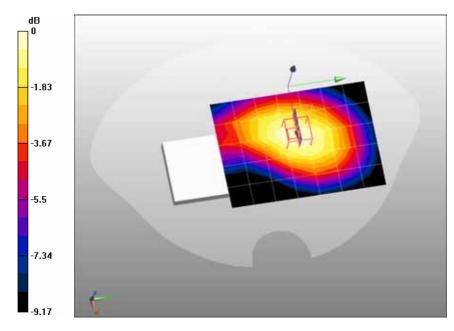
• Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.085 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g



0 dB = 0.086 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(4up)(With headset)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

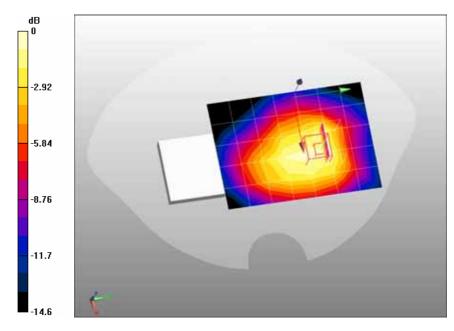
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(9.58, 9.58, 9.58); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.267 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.179 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.392 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 mW/g



0 dB = 0.290 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

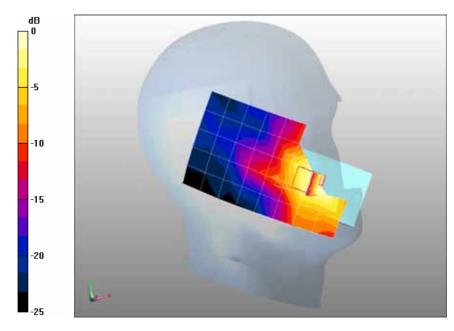
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.732 V/m; Power Drift = -0.151 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.128 mW/g



0 dB = 0.128 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

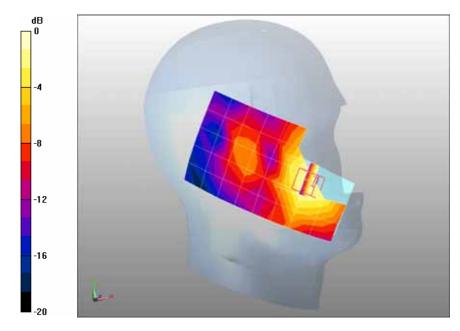
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g



0 dB = 0.031 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 1.41$

39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

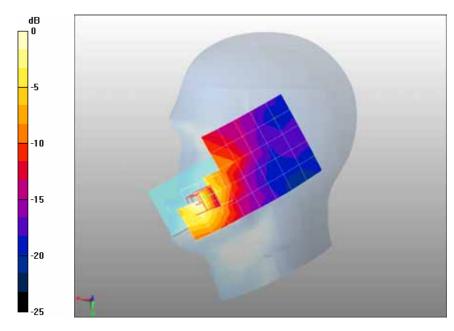
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.718 V/m; Power Drift = 0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.220 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 mW/g



0 dB = 0.152 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

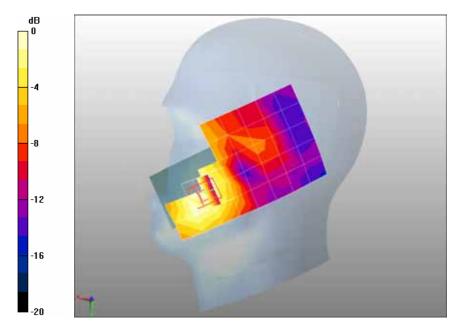
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.049 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.032 mW/g



0 dB = 0.032 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right <SIM 2>

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

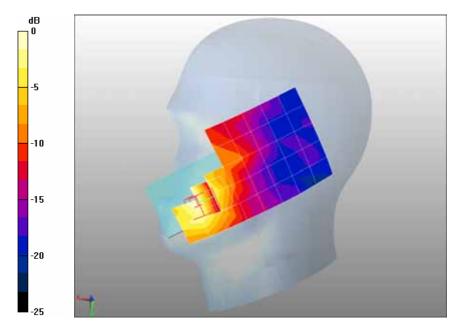
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.399 V/m; Power Drift = 0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.195 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.133 mW/g



0 dB = 0.133 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Body-Back

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 1.51$

52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

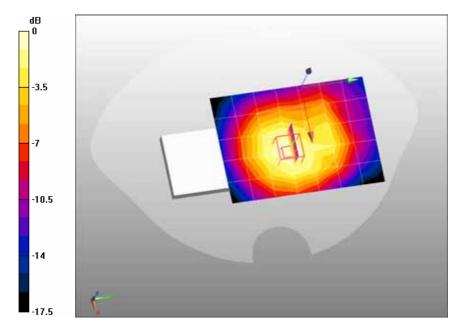
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.416 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.284 mW/g



0 dB = 0.284 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

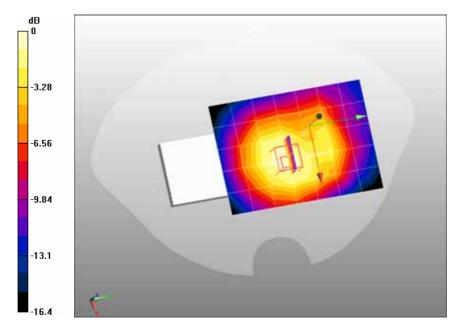
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

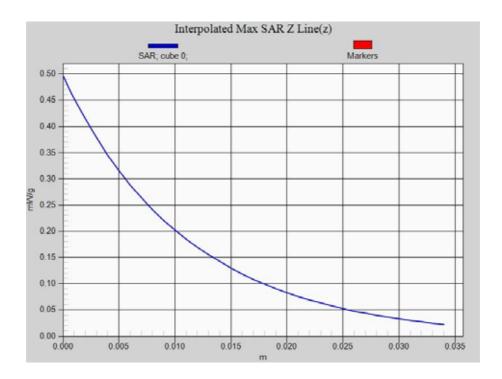
SAR(1 g) = 0.321 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g



0 dB = 0.340 mW/g



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front(2up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

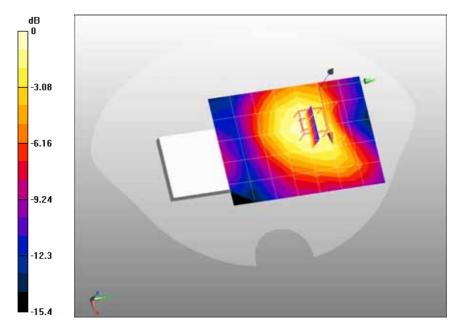
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.184 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.044 mW/g



0 dB = 0.044 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up)(with headset)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

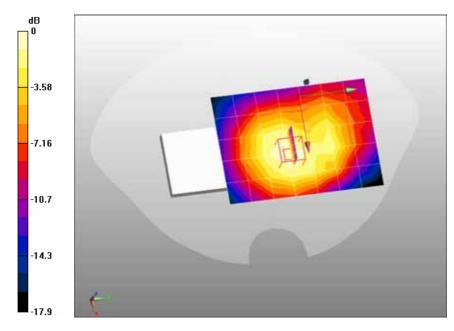
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.164 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.446 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.303 mW/g



0 dB = 0.303 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(3up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.8 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

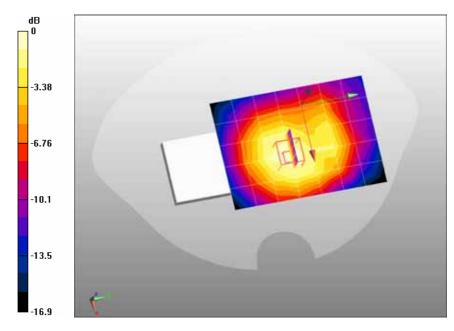
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.471 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g



0 dB = 0.324 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Fuego

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

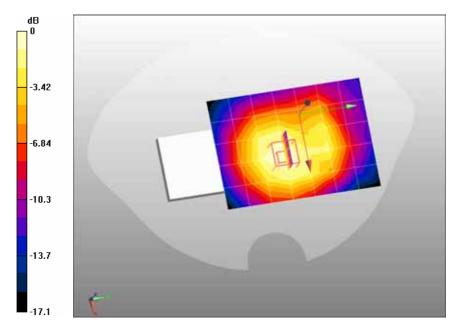
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3661; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 24/01/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/10/2011
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g

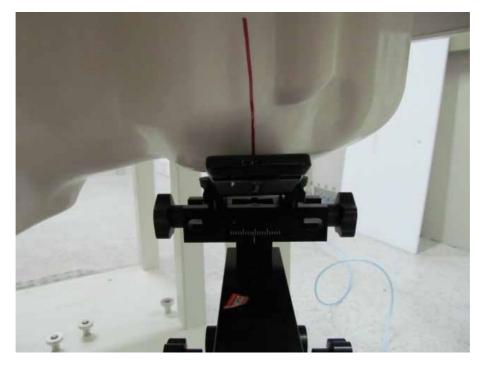


0 dB = 0.319 mW/g



Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs



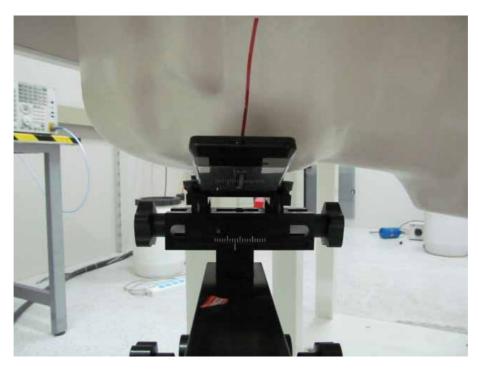


Left-Cheek Touch



Left-Tilt 15°



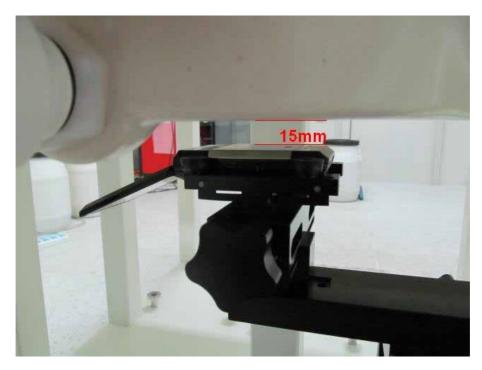


Right-Cheek Touch

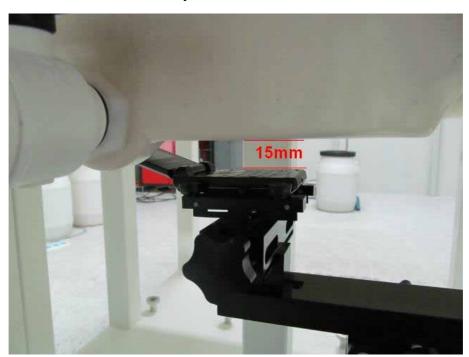


Right-Tilt 15°



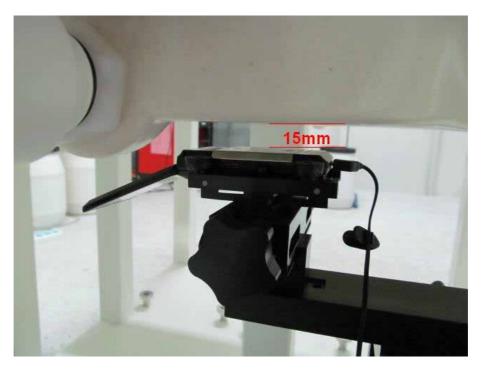


Body SAR Back 15mm



Body SAR Front 15mm



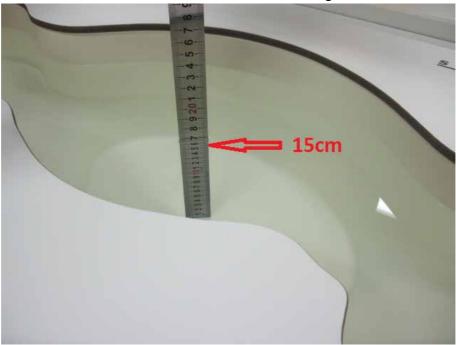


Body SAR Back 15mm with Headset



Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in

Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003





EUT Photographs

(1) EUT Photo



(2) EUT Photo



(3) EUT Photo





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Auder

Cortificate No: EX3-3661 Jan 11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

NAME OF THE PARTY	FORBUZ TARES		SENSE FEETENS TO VERY THESE
Object	EX3DV4 - \$N:3	601	
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-14.V3 QA CAL-23.V4 an	
	Calibration proc	edure for dosimetric E-field probe	
Calibration date:	January 24, 201		AGENTANOS TOS ANTONOS POR
alibration date.	January 24, 291		
		tional standards, which realize the physical uni	THE HE TO THE MOTES HELD IN THE HEALTH HE HELD HELD HELD HELD HELD HELD HELD
he measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence	probability are given on the following pages an	d are part of the certificate.
III calibrations have been condu	icted in the closed laborate	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%
iii calibrations have been conoc	icted in the closed laborati	ory racinty, environment temperature (22 ± 3) C	and numbers 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M8	TE critical for calibration)		
era a a specifica a a constante especial a come en especial a a special especial e de constante e de constant	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards		Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B	ID#		
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ID# GB41293874	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-860_Apr10) Check Date (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Recondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-860_Apr10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Recondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID# US3642U01700	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID# US3642U01700 US37390585	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: \$5054 (3c) SN: \$5086 (20b) SN: \$5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID# US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-10) Function	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". December 2003.
- Techniques", December 2003
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

January 24, 2011

Probe EX3DV4

| |

SN:3661

Manufactured: Last calibrated: October 20, 2008 December 30, 2009

Recalibrated:

January 24, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

January 24, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Basic Calibration Parameters

1 1	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.47	0.52	0.50	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	99.7	99.0	97.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	Х	0.00	0.00		157.5	± 3.4 %
		1	Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	151.6	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	156.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

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A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4 SN:3661

January 24, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	±50/±100	$41.9 \pm 5\%$	$0.89 \pm 5\%$	9.96	9.96	9.96	0.47	0.71 ± 11.0%
835	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	9.58	9.58	9.58	0.58	0.67 ± 11.0%
1750	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	40.1 ± 5%	$1.37\pm5\%$	9.05	9.05	9.05	0.31	0.97 ± 11.0%
1900	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	8.68	8.68	8.68	0.40	0.95 ± 11.0%
2000	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	8.53	8.53	8.53	0.47	0.81 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.28	1.13 ± 11.0%
5200	\pm 50 / \pm 100	$36.0 \pm 5\%$	$4.66 \pm 5\%$	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.40	1.80 ± 13.1%
5300	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$35.9 \pm 5\%$	$4.76 \pm 5\%$	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.42	1.80 ± 13.1%
5500	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$35.6 \pm 5\%$	$4.96 \pm 5\%$	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.45	1.80 ± 13.1%
5600	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$35.5\pm5\%$	$5.07 \pm 5\%$	4.17	4.17	4.17	0.50	1.80 ± 13.1%
5800	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$35.3 \pm 5\%$	5.27 ± 5%	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.50	1.80 ± 13.1%

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



EX3DV4 SN:3661

January 24, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3661

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	±50/±100	$55.5\pm5\%$	$0.96 \pm 5\%$	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.47	0.79 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	$55.2\pm5\%$	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	9.58	9.58	9.58	0.35	0.89 ± 11.0%
1750	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$53.4 \pm 5\%$	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.64	0.68 ± 11.0%
1900	\pm 50 / \pm 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	7.72	7.72	7.72	0.52	0.75 ± 11.0%
2000	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.46	0.80 ± 11.0%
2450	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7,55	7.55	7.55	0.66	0.64 ± 11.0%
5200	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$49.0 \pm 5\%$	$5.30\pm5\%$	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5300	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$48.9 \pm 5\%$	$5.42 \pm 5\%$	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%
5500	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$48.6 \pm 5\%$	$5.65 \pm 5\%$	3.88	3.88	3.88	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%
5600	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$48.5 \pm 5\%$	5.77 ± 5%	3.59	3.59	3.59	0.60	1.90 ± 13.1%
5800	±50/±100	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	3.87	3.87	3.87	0.60	1.90 ± 13.1%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

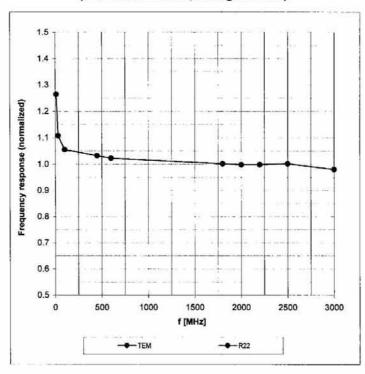
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EX3DV4 SN:3661 January 24, 2011

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

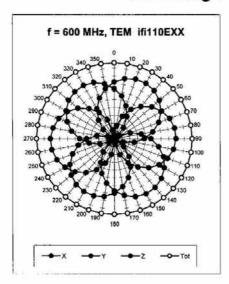
Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

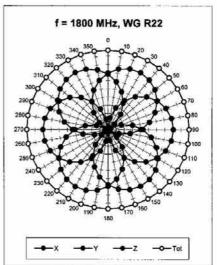
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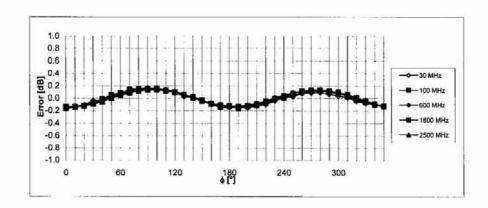


EX3DV4 SN:3661 January 24, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

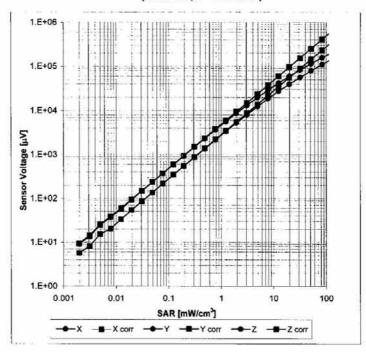
Page 8 of 11

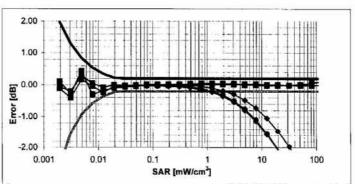


EX3DV4 SN:3661 January 24, 2011

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

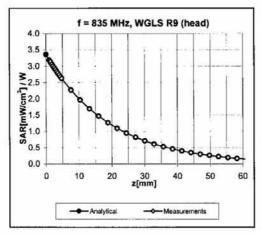
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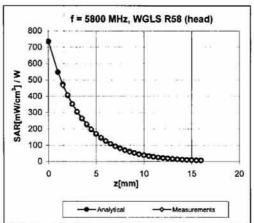


EX3DV4 SN:3661

January 24, 2011

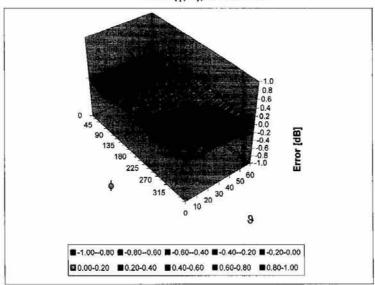
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

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EX3DV4 SN:3661

January 24, 2011

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

1 1

Certificate No: EX3-3661_Jan11

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Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

Quietek (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094 Mar10 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D835V2 - SN: 4d094 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date: March 15, 2010 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards 1D# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Power sensor HP 8481A 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) US37292783 Oct-10 SN: 5086 (20q) Reference 20 dB Attenuator 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) Mar-10 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) Type-N mismatch combination Mar-10 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) Jun-10 SN: 601 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Mar-11 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check MY41092317 Power sensor HP 8481A 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-10 Name Function Calibrated by: Dimce Iliev Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Approved by: Technical Manager Issued: March 15, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10 Page 2 of 9



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.9 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	(2000)	4(4 8)

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.70 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.30 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10



Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.3 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.3 ± 0.2) °C	****	(Freeze

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.90 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.53 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10



Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2 Ω - 2.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω - 4.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.388 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 08.03.2010 10:52:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d094

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

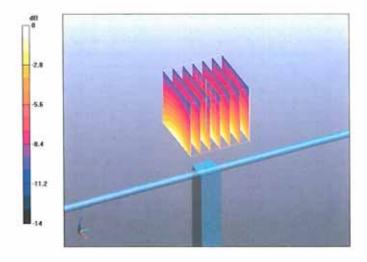
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00297 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 mW/g

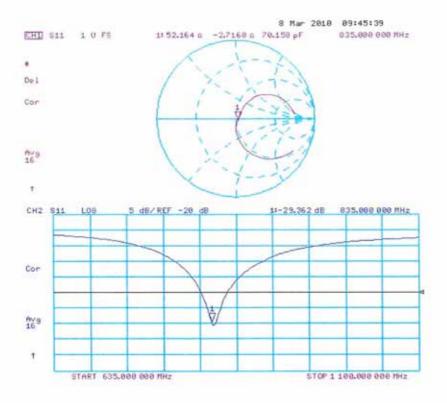


0 dB = 2.84 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 15.03.2010 11:52:53

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d094

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

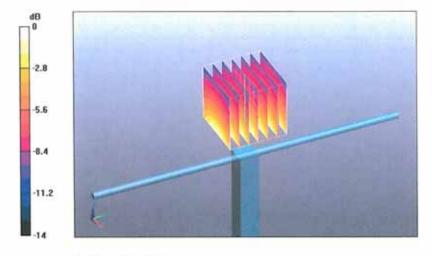
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00975 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g

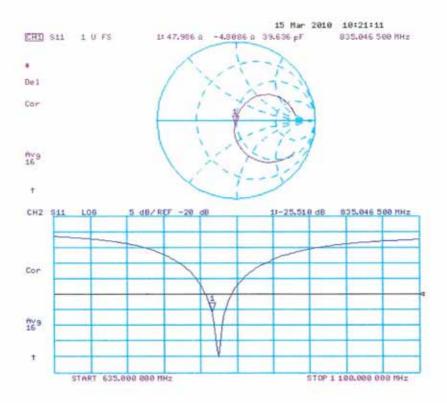


0 dB = 2.98 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10

Quietek (Auden) Client CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d121 QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits March 23, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) Mar-10 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) Mar-10 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) Jun-10 DAE4 SN: 601 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-10 Name Function Calibrated by: Dimce Iliev Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: March 23, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121 Mar10

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Calibration Laboratory of

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	41427	****

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.30 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10



Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.9 ± 6 %	1.58 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	<u> </u>	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	42.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.60 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.6 \Omega + 7.4 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.1 Ω + 7.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.205 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 25, 2009

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 12:23:06

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

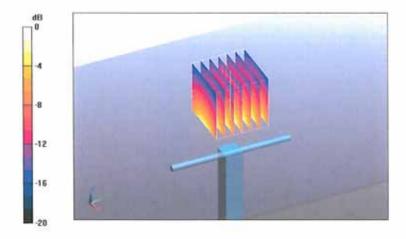
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00658 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

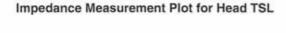
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 mW/g

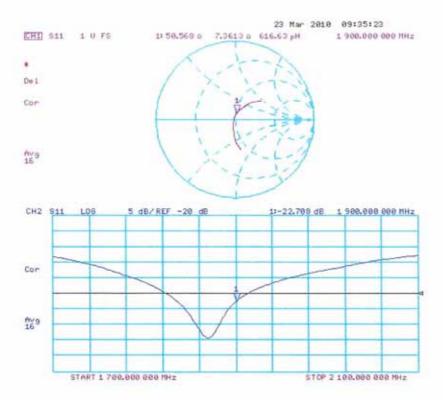


0 dB = 12.8 mW/g

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10







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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 17.03.2010 13:29:09

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

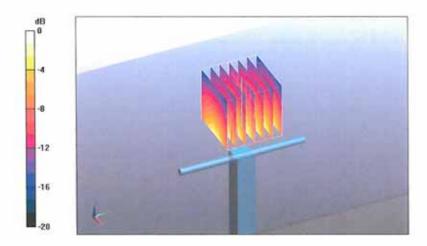
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00345 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 mW/g

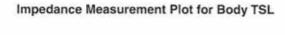
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g

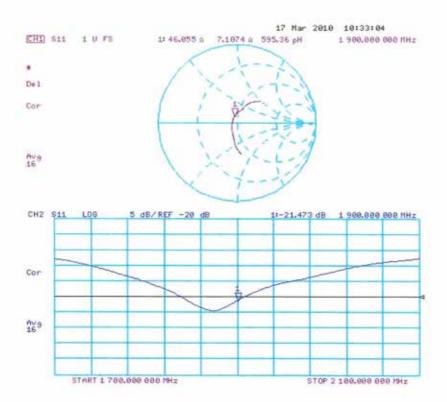


0 dB = 13.3 mW/g

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10







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Appendix F. DAE Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

: Lile (Shanishila) (Aluelon)

Certificate No: DAE4-1291_Oct11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICAT Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 1291 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for the data acquidition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: October 10, 2011 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 28-Sep-11 (No:11450) Sep-12 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Calibrator Box V1.1 SE UMS 006 AB 1004 08-Jun-11 (in house check) In house check: Jun-12 Function Name Calibrated by: Approved by: Issued: October 10, 2011 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1291_Oct11

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

1LSB = full range = -100...+300 mV full range = -1......+3mV High Range: $6.1\mu V$, Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	402.618 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.311 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.219 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97373 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93305 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99084 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

309.0 ° ± 1 °

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199992.4	-0.94	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20001.34	2.24	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19997.31	2.39	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199994.7	2.28	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000.26	0.46	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-19999.51	0.09	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	200005.6	-0.41	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000.09	0.09	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20000.54	-0.94	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.1	-0.04	-0.00
Channel X + Input	200.47	0.57	0.29
Channel X - Input	-198.59	1.41	-0.70
Channel Y + Input	1999.8	-0.20	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200.06	-0.04	-0.02
Channel Y - Input	-200.07	-0.07	0.03
Channel Z + Input	2000.0	-0.04	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199.87	-0.13	-0.07
Channel Z - Input	-200.32	-0.12	0.06

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	9.31	7.38
	- 200	-5.70	-7.73
Channel Y	200	13.16	13.22
	- 200	-15.11	-15.12
Channel Z	200	-15.99	-16.16
	- 200	14.64	14.71

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		3.83	-1.00
Channel Y	200	1.58	= 1	4.89
Channel Z	200	3.00	1.27	

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16025	15514
Channel Y	15811	15983
Channel Z	16040	14624

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-1.78	-3.14	0.35	0.47
Channel Y	-1.26	-4.20	-0.42	0.45
Channel Z	-1.77	-2.71	-0.62	0.37

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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