

SAR Test Report

Product Name: GSM Mobile Phone

Model No. : Flurry II

FCC ID : ZGRFLURRY

Applicant: Dynamics Hong Kong Limited

Address: Room A4, 3/F, Friend's House, No.6A Carnarvon Road,

Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Date of Receipt: 06/08/2011

Date of Test : 23/08/2011

Issued Date : 24/08/2011

Report No. : 118S022R-HP-US-P03V01

Report Version: V1.0

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 24/08/2011

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QuieTek

Product Name : GSM Mobile Phone

Applicant : Dynamics Hong Kong Limited

Address : Room A4, 3/F, Friend's House, No.6A Carnarvon Road,

Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Manufacturer : Dynamics Hong Kong Limited

Address : Room A4, 3/F, Friend's House, No.6A Carnarvon Road,

Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Model No. : Flurry II

FCC ID : ZGRFLURRY

Brand Name : Ice Mobile

EUT Voltage : DC 3.7V

Applicable Standard FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001

IEEE Std. 1528-2003,47CFR § 2.1093

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

Head: 0.423 W/kg Body: 0.746 W/kg

Performed Location : Suzhou EMC Laboratory

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng

Hi-Tech Development Zone., Suzhou, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

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(Engineering Supervisor: Marlin Chen)



Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C. : BSMI, NCC, TAF

Germany : TUV Rheinland

Norway : Nemko, DNV

USA : FCC, NVLAP

Japan : VCCI

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site: http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site: http://www.quietek.com/

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

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Suzhou (China) Testing Laboratory:









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1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Lot Becomption		
Product Name	GSM Mobile Phone	
Model No.	Flurry II	
IMEI 1	354396014064665	
IMEI 2	354396014064673	
Hardware Version	C277-MB-V0.2	
Software Version	c277-2d_c_zh_L4EN_FR_SP_PT_AC_FL_ABT_TV_FM_F	
Dovice Category	6432_220X176_TORCH_V04_110729_1910 Portable	
Device Category		
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type	Internal	
2G		
Support Band	GSM850/GSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900	
GPRS Type	Class B	
GPRS Class	Class 12	
Tx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824~849MHz	
	PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz	
Rx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 869~894MHz	
Release Version	GSM: R99	
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS	
Antenna Gain	0.8dBi	
Components		
Headset Model Number	Flurry II	
Battery	Brand Name: Ice Mobile	
	M/N: Flurry II	
Adapter	Brand Name: Ice Mobile	
	M/N: Flurry II	
	Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz	
	Output: 5Vdc, 0.5A	
Max. Output Power	GSM850: 32.84 dBm <sim 1=""></sim>	
(Avg. Burst Power)	PCS1900: 29.91 dBm <sim 1=""></sim>	
Max. Output Power	GSM850: 30.97 dBm- ERP	
(Radiated)	PCS1900: 28.36 dBm- EIRP	

Note: The sample used for testing is end product.



1.2. Test Procedure

1	Setup the EUT and simulators as shown on above.
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	EUT communicate with CMU 200, and test them respectively at GSM 850 & PCS1900.

1.3. Test Environment

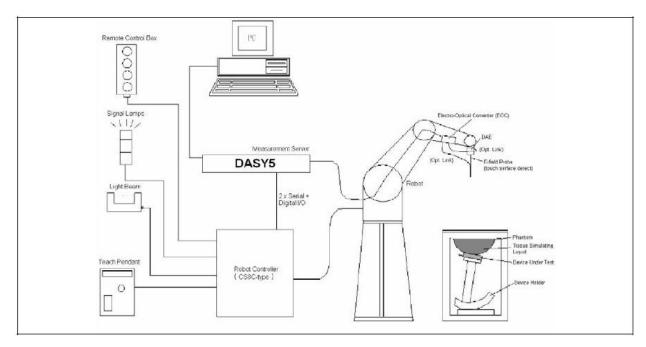
Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ➤ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.



$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against stati charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenarious, very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enable compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of bette 30%.



2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- > Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	835MHz	835MHz	1900MHz	1900MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5
Salt	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50
Sugar	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0
HEC	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50
Preventol	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00



3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
835 MHz	Reference result	42.54	0.91	N/A	
	± 5% window	40.41 to 44.67	0.86 to 0.96	IN/A	
	23-08-2011	41.20	0.89	21.0	

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
835 MHz	Reference result	55.2	0.97	N/A	
	± 5% window	52.44 to 57.96	0.92 to 1.02	IN/A	
	23-08-2011	54.80	1.00	21.0	

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
1900 MHz	Reference result	39.9	1.42	N/A	
	± 5% window	37.91 to 41.90	1.35 to 1.49	IN/A	
	23-08-2011	38.10	1.47	21.0	

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
1900 MHz	Reference result	53.3	1.52	N/A	
	± 5% window	50.64 to 55.97	1.44 to 1.60	IN/A	
	23-08-2011	52.70	1.58	21.0	
				•	



3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	ody
(MHz)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

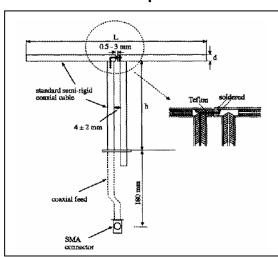
(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6



4.1.2. Validation Result

Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.70 8.73 to 10.67	6.30 5.67 to 6.93	N/A
	23-08-2011	9.92	6.48	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.8 35.82 to 43.78	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A
	23-08-2011	42.4	21.80	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz for Body

Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.90 8.91 to 10.89	6.53 5.88 to 7.18	N/A
	23-08-2011	9.80	6.32	21.0

Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	41.4 37.26 to 45.54	22.3 20.07 to 24.53	N/A
	23-08-2011	43.20	22.00	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The ALSAS-10U calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

■: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

d: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm_r) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm_r).

When multiple peak SAR locations were found during the same configuration or test mode, Zoom scan shall performed on each peak SAR location, only the peak point with maximum SAR value will be reported for the configuration or test mode.



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled
	Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	only once
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D835V2	4d094	2012.03.15
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d121	2012.03.23
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data	Speag	DAE4	1220	2012.12.03
Acquisition Electronic				
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2012.02.25
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2012.04.29
Communication Tester				
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2012.04.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2012.04.23
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2012.01.12
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2012.01.12

Note: Per KDB 450824 D02 requirements for dipole calibration, QuieTek Lab has adopted two years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

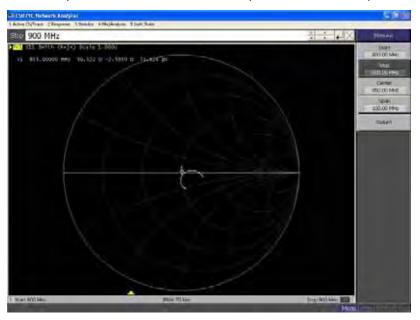
- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement (Show below);
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement (Show below).



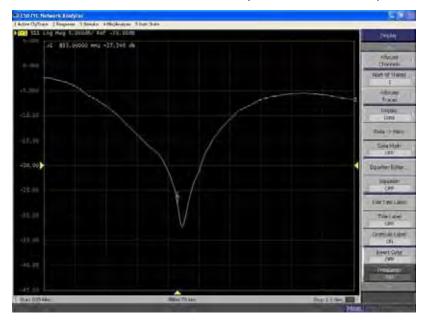
Impedance Plot for D835V2

835 Head

Calibrated impedance: 52.2 $\Omega;$ Measured impedance: 50.322 Ω (within $5\Omega)$



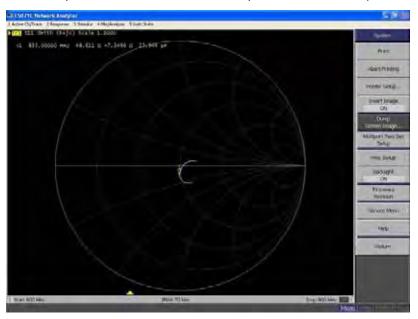
Calibrated return loss: -29.4 dB; Measured impedance: -27.246 dB (within 20%)



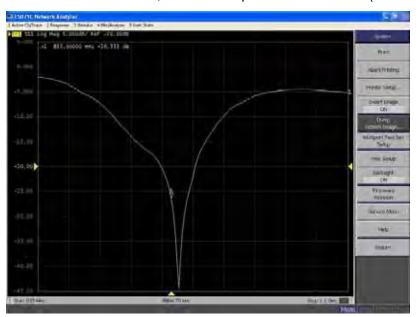


835 Body

Calibrated impedance: 48.0 $\Omega;$ Measured impedance: 48.611 Ω (within $5\Omega)$



Calibrated return loss: -25.5 dB; Measured impedance: -26.333 dB (within 20%)

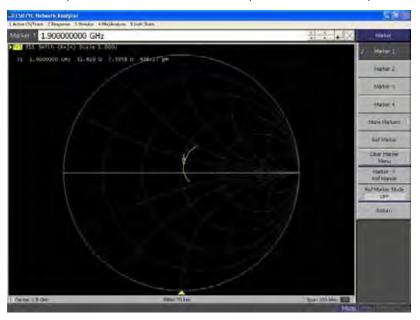




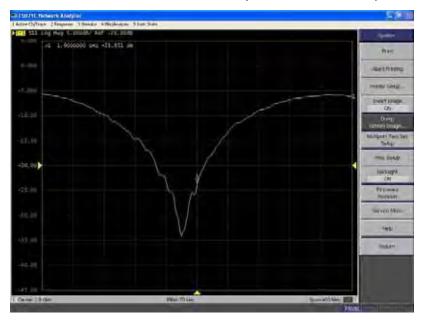
Impedance Plot for D1900V2

1900 Head

Calibrated impedance: 50.6 Ω ; Measured impedance: 51.610 Ω (within 5 Ω)



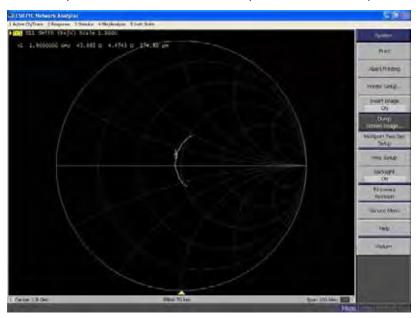
Calibrated return loss: -22.7 dB; Measured impedance: -23.651 dB (within 20%)



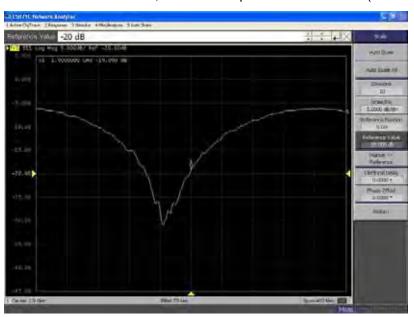


1900 Body

Calibrated impedance: 46.1 $\Omega;$ Measured impedance: 45.692 Ω (within $5\Omega)$



Calibrated return loss: -21.5 dB; Measured impedance: -19.090 dB (within 20%)





7. Measurement Uncertainty

		DASY	5 Und	certain	ity			
Measurement uncertainty					•	/ 10 gram.		
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	(vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	Veff
						(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System		•	•	'				
Probe Calibration	±6.5%	N	1	1	1	±6.5%	±6.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related		•		<u>'</u>				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup		•						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	. 5.00/	Б	-	0.04	0.40	.4.00/	.4.00/	
(target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity	.0.50/	N	1	0.64	0.42	±1.6%	14.40/	
(meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.0%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity	±5.0%	R	./2	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
(target)	13.0 /0	1	√3	0.0	0.48	11.7 /0	⊥1.4/0	
Liquid Permittivity	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
(meas.)	±2.0 /0		'	0.0	0.70	1.0 /0	±1.2/0	
Combined Std. Uncerta	inty					±11.3%	±11.0%	387
Expanded STD Uncerta	inty					±22.5%	±22.1%	



8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power	Duty Cycle	Frame Power
		(dBm)	Factor (dB)	(dBm)
Maximum Power <s< td=""><td>IM 1></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></s<>	IM 1>			
	824.2	32.50	-9	23.50
GSM850	836.4	32.64	-9	23.64
	848.8	32.84	-9	23.84
	1850.2	29.91	-9	20.91
PCS1900	1880.0	29.33	-9	20.33
	1909.8	29.10	-9	20.10
	824.2	31.39	-6	25.39
GPRS850(2 Slot)	836.4	31.52	-6	25.52
	848.8	31.66	-6	25.66
	824.2	30.93	-4.25	26.68
GPRS850(3 Slot)	836.4	30.89	-4.25	26.64
	848.8	30.67	-4.25	26.42
	824.2	29.97	-3	26.97
GPRS850(4 Slot)	836.4	29.84	-3	26.84
	848.8	29.64	-3	26.64
	1850.2	27.95	-6	21.95
GPRS1900(2 Slot)	1880.0	27.40	-6	21.40
	1909.8	27.12	-6	21.12
	1850.2	26.36	-4.25	22.11
GPRS1900(3 Slot)	1880.0	25.77	-4.25	21.52
	1909.8	25.53	-4.25	21.28
	1850.2	25.58	-3	22.58
GPRS1900(4 Slot)	1880.0	24.99	-3	21.99
	1909.8	24.71	-3	21.71
Maximum Power <s< td=""><td>IM 2></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></s<>	IM 2>			
GSM850	836.4	32.61	-9	23.61
GPRS1900	1880.0	29.30	-9	20.30

Note: All SAR testing was done in SIM 1.



9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

9.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 15mm from the phantom. Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.

9.1.2. Body SAR with Headset

Testing with the headset was performed at the position and channels that resulted in the highest body SAR. This testing was performed with GPRS transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. This operation mode represents the maximum SAR situation, when downloading data via GPRS and listening to music by headset. SAR without the headset attached was significantly higher than with the headset, and also was verified several times and confirmed, so the final test data shown were the worst case without headset.

In the Body SAR test result table, body-worn means display of device down, body-front means display of device up.

9.1.3. Operation Mode

This is a multislot class 12 device capable of 4 uplink timeslots. During the head SAR test, the device was transmitting with 1 uplink timeslot; during the body SAR test, it was transmitting with 2/3/4 uplink timeslots. Additionally, this device doesn't support dual transfer mode (DTM).

9.1.4. Co-located SAR

According to KDB 447498 and KDB 648474, KDB 941225.

Bluetooth output power is less than Pref and 8.3cm away from GSM antenna. Therefore, standalone SAR and simultaneous SAR for Bluetooth is not required.



9.1.5. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM Mobile Phone

Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 1>

Test Anteni		Freque	ency	Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Limit	
Head	Position	Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	23.50			1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.64	-0.130	0.396	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	23.84			1.6	
Left-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	23.64	0.154	0.168	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	23.50			1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.64	-0.127	0.423	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	23.84			1.6	
Right-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	23.64	-0.129	0.175	1.6	
Test Mode: G	Test Mode: GSM850 <sim 2=""></sim>							
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.61	-0.148	0.406	1.6	

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.



SAR	ME		IRF	MENT
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Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM Mobile Phone

Test Mode: GSM850

Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Limit	
		Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	23.50			1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	23.64	-0.157	0.326	1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	23.84			1.6	
Test Mode: GPRS850 2slot								
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	25.52	-0.040	0.684	1.6	
Test Mode: GPRS850 3slot								
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	26.64	-0.076	0.720	1.6	
Test Mode: GPRS850 4slot								
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	26.97			1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	26.84	-0.186	0.746	1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	26.64			1.6	
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.4	26.84	0.161	0.211	1.6	
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	189	836.4	26.84	-0.119	0.413	1.6	

Note: when the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: GSM Mobile Phone

Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 1>

Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Limit	
		Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	20.91			1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.33	-0.144	0.281	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	20.10			1.6	
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.33	-0.144	0.067	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	20.91			1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.33	-0.106	0.400	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	20.10		-	1.6	
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.33	0.110	0.052	1.6	
Test Mode: PCS1900 <sim 2=""></sim>								
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.30	0.125	0.352	1.6	

Note: when the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.



SAR MEASU	REMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52				
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: GSM I	Mobile Pho	ne						
Test Mode: PCS	1900						,	
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Limit	
		Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	20.91			1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.33	0.054	0.196	1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	20.10			1.6	
Test Mode: GPR	S1900 2slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.40	0.184	0.300	1.6	
Test Mode: GPR	S1900 3slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.52	-0.194	0.310	1.6	
Test Mode: GPR	S1900 4slot				•			
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	22.58			1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.99	-0.112	0.341	1.6	
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	21.71			1.6	
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.99	-0.042	0.095	1.6	
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.99	-0.017	0.319	1.6	
Note: when the 1	-g SAR is ≤	≤ 0.8 W/kg, t	testing for lov	and high cha	nnel is optional	, refer to K	DB	
447498.								

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Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 23-08-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

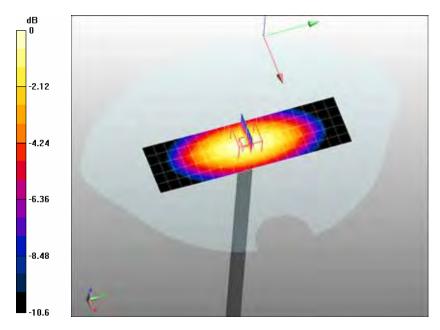
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Area Scan (6x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g



0 dB = 2.67 mW/g



Date/Time: 23-08-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

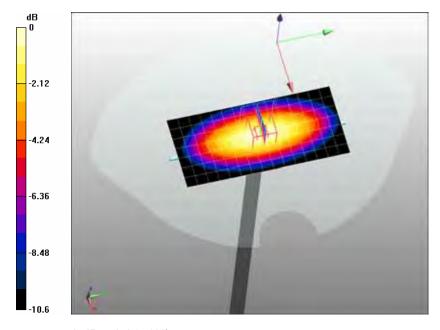
Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Area Scan (8x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 51.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g



0 dB = 2.64 mW/g



Date/Time: 23-08-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

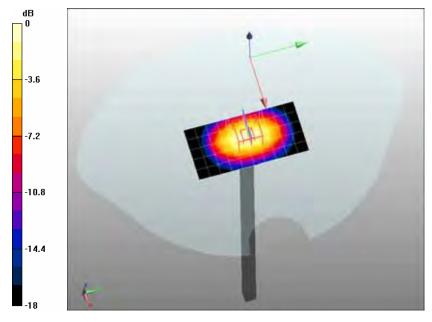
Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 88.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12 mW/g



0 dB = 12mW/g



Date/Time: 23-08-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

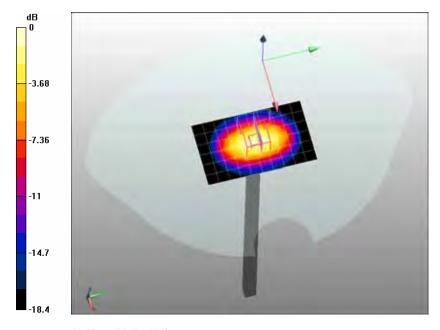
Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 88.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g



0 dB = 12.2 mW/g



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 23-08-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

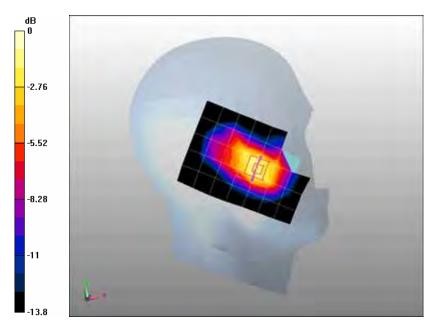
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.557 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.438 mW/g



0 dB = 0.438 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

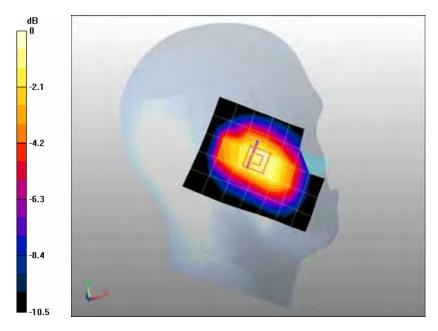
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.154 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.207 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.168 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.176 mW/g



0 dB = 0.176 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

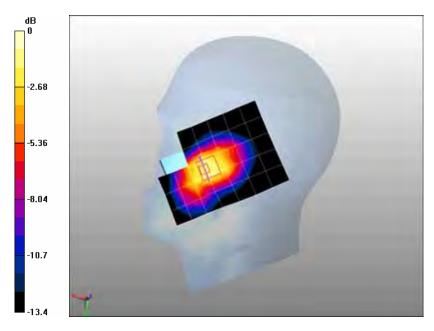
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.366 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.127 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.575 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.423 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.456 mW/g



0 dB = 0.456 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

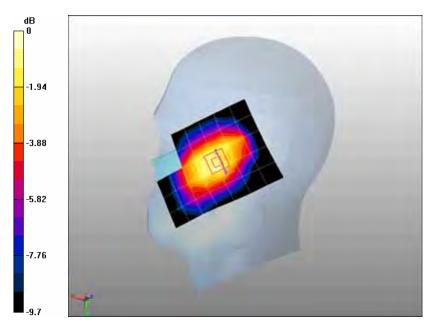
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.175 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 mW/g



0 dB = 0.184 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
GSM850 Mid Touch-Right <SIM 2>

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

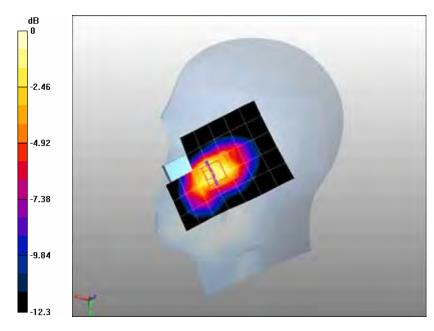
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.373 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.148 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.541 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.406 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 mW/g



0 dB = 0.435 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Body-Back

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 54.8$; $\rho = 1$

1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

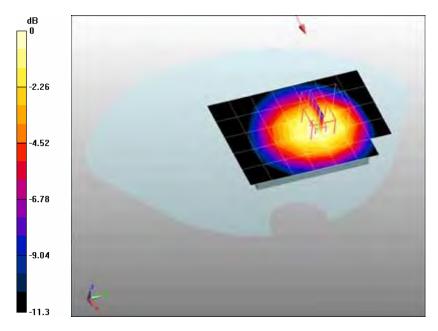
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.157 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.438 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.326 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 mW/g



0 dB = 0.339 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

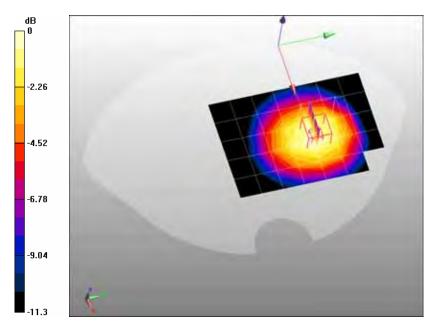
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.700 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.896 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.684 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.713 mW/g



0 dB = 0.713 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(3up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

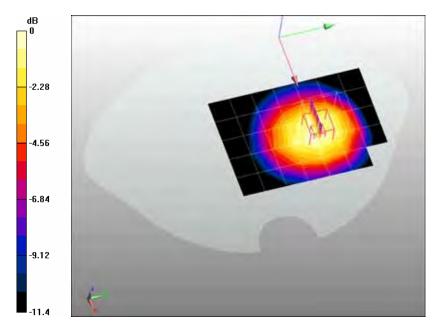
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.743 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.720 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.521 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 mW/g



0 dB = 0.753 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010

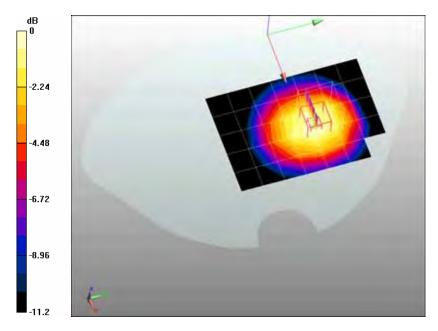
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.186 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.985 W/kg

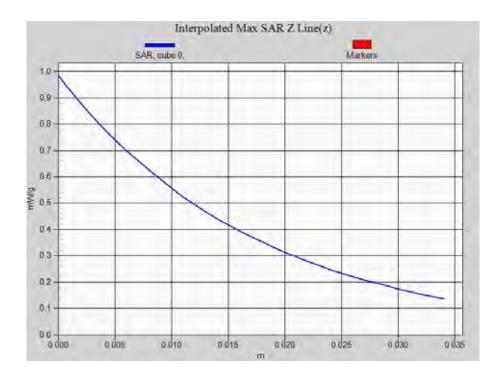
SAR(1 g) = 0.746 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.784 mW/g



0 dB = 0.784 mW/g



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Front(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

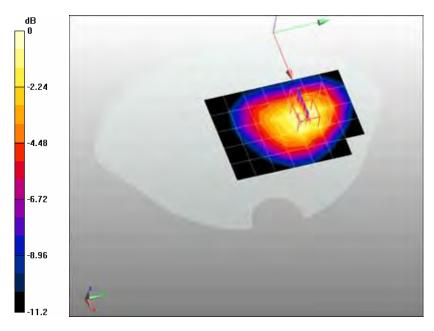
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.188 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.161 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.266 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 mW/g



0 dB = 0.219 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(4up)(With headset)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

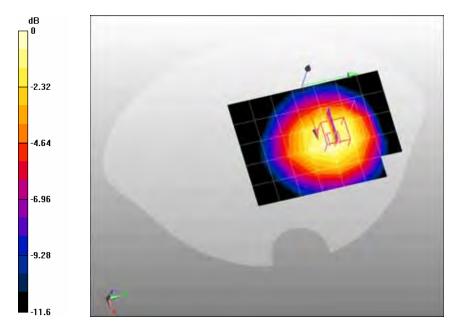
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.424 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.560 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.413 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g



0 dB = 0.436 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

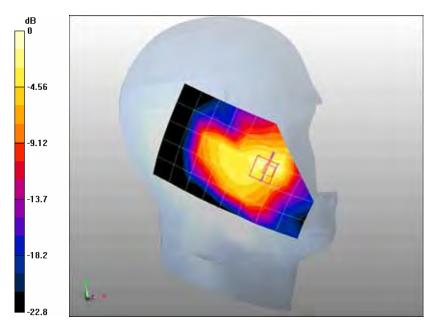
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.532 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g



0 dB = 0.340 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

38.2; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

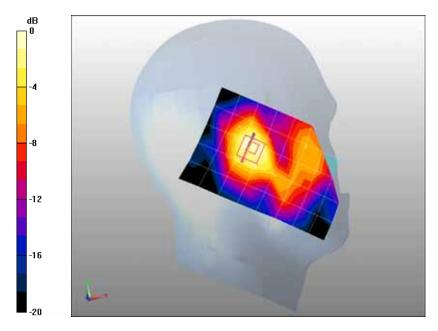
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.064 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.071 mW/g



0 dB = 0.071 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 1.45$

38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

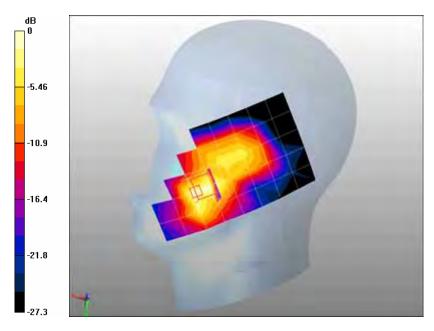
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.889 W/kg

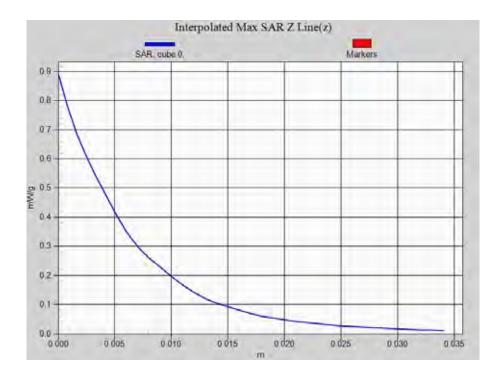
SAR(1 g) = 0.400 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.538 mW/g



0 dB = 0.538 mW/g



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

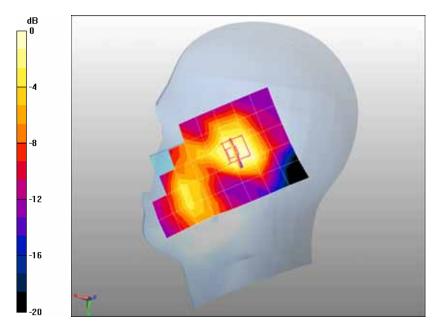
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.047 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.080 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.052 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.055 mW/g



0 dB = 0.055 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right <SIM 2>

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

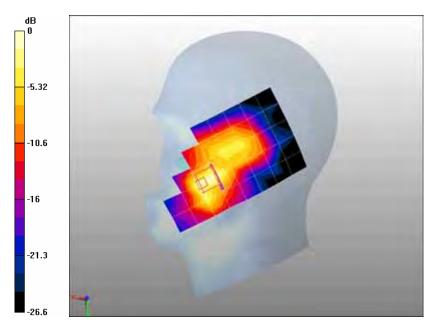
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 mW/g



0 dB = 0.468 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Body-Back

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r =$

52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

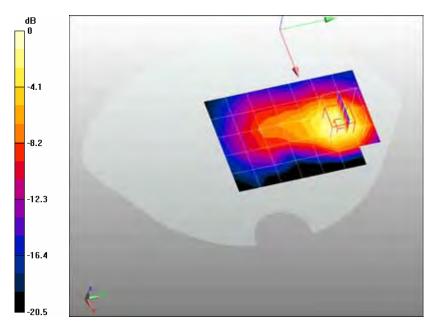
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.333 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.196 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 mW/g



0 dB = 0.210 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

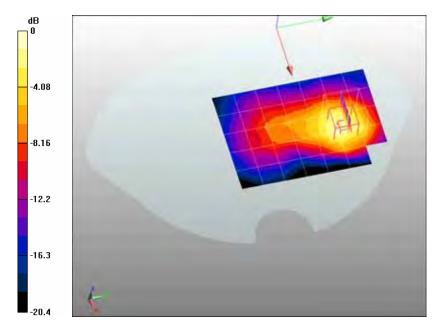
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.508 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.300 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g



0 dB = 0.319 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(3up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-3 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.8; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

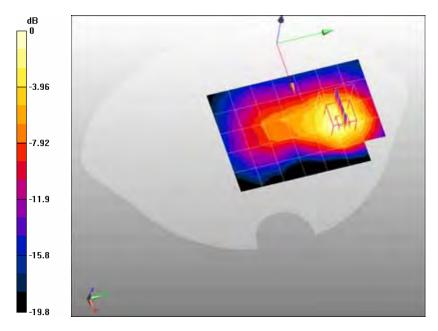
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.194 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.529 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.310 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 mW/g



0 dB = 0.328 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

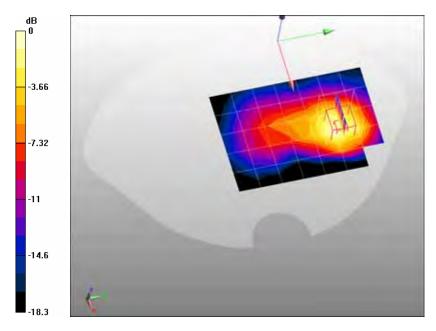
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.112 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.572 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 mW/g



0 dB = 0.361 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front(4up)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

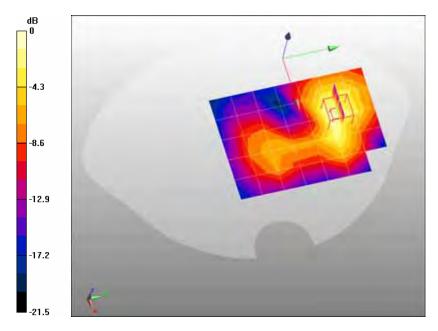
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.095 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.159 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 mW/g



0 dB = 0.106 mW/g



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(4up)(With headset)

DUT: GSM Mobile Phone ; Type: Flurry II

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle:

1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

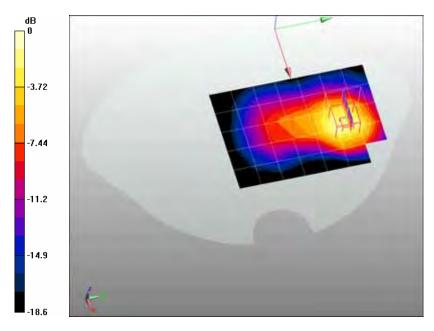
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.543 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.319 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.345 mW/g

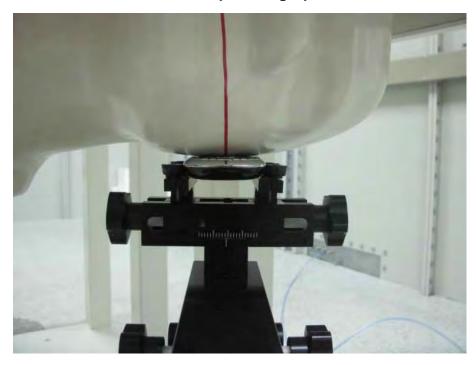


0 dB = 0.345 mW/g



Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Test Setup Photographs

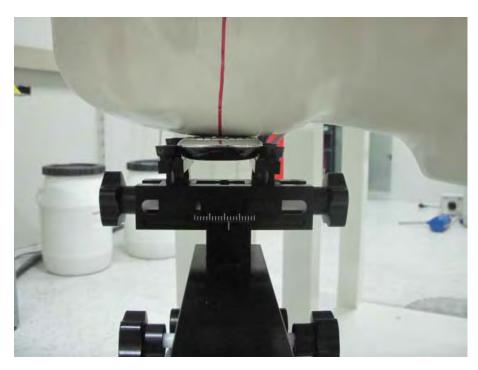


Left-Cheek Touch



Left-Tilt 15°



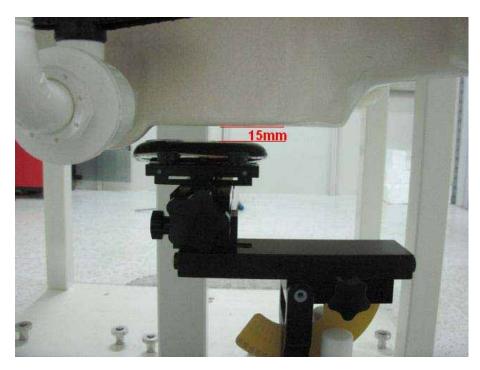


Right-Cheek Touch

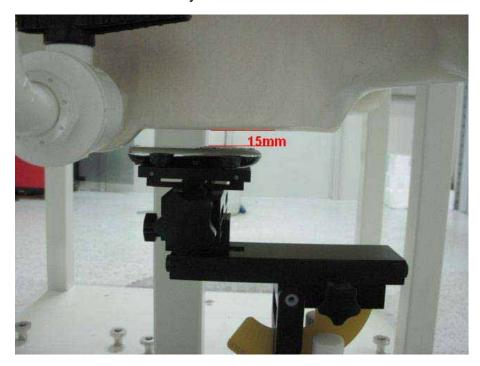


Right-Tilt 15°



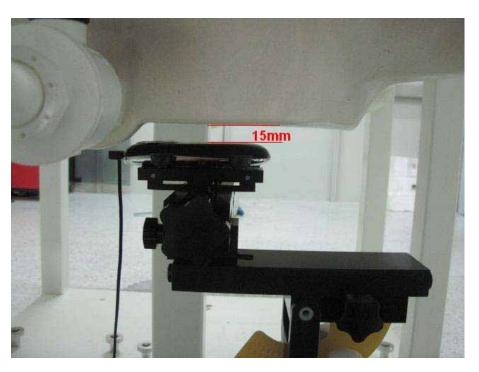


Body SAR Back 15mm



Body SAR Front 15mm



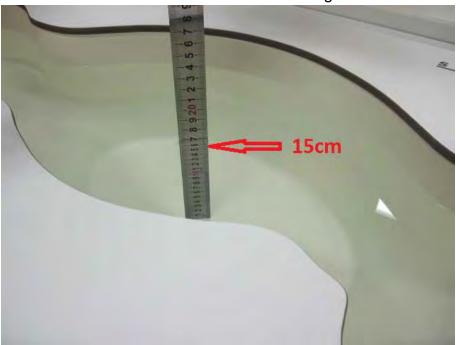


Body SAR Back 15mm with Headset



Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in

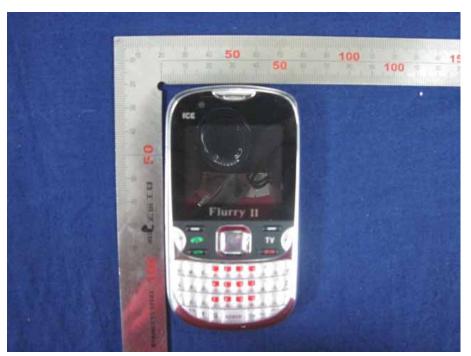
Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003





EUT Photographs

(1) EUT Photo

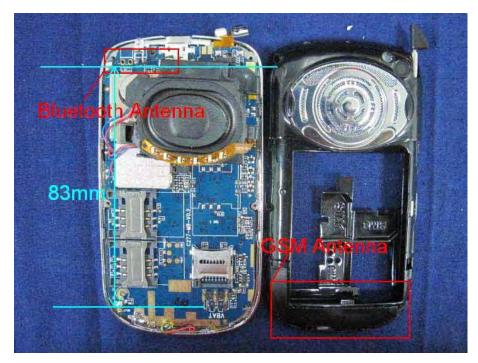


(2) EUT Photo





(3) EUT Photo



(4) EUT Photo





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

国家无线电监测中心检测中心 The State Radio monitoring center Testing Center

校准证书

Calibration Certificate



器具名称

电场探头 E-Field Probe

Instrument

型号/规格

EX3DV4

Type/Model

生产厂家

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Manufacturer

出厂编号

SN:3710

Serial No-

客户名称

快特电波科技(苏州) 有限公司

Name of Client

客户地址

苏州工业园区娄葑高新技术开发区宏业路 99 号

Address of Client-

校准日期

2011.2.25

Calibration Date-

所有的校准工作都是在屏蔽实验室中完成: 环境温度 (22±3) °C 湿度<70%

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment

temperature (22±3) °C and humidity <70%

Approved by

地址:北京市西坡区北礼士路80号 Add: No.80 Bei Lishi Road, Xi Cheng District Beijing 100037, P.R. China

电话 Tel: +86-10-68009202 68009203 传真 Fax: +86-10-68009205 68009195

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证书编号 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-001



校准规范 Reference documents of the measurement(Code, Name)

SRMC3003-V2.0.0 比吸收率 (SAR) 测试系统校准规范

校准环境及地点 Place and environmental condition of the measurement

温度 Temperature 23.2℃

湿度 Humidity 32.5%

地点 Location SRTC room 226

主要校准设备	型号	序列号	校准订期	校准有效期至
Primary Calibration Equipment used	Model/Type	ID#	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
功率计 Power meter	E4417A	SN: MY45101004	2010.8	2011.8
功平传感器 Power sensor	E9300B	SN: MY41496001	2010.8	2011.8
功率传感器 Power sensor	E9300B	SN: MY41496003	2010.8	2011.8
常考 DAE Reference DAE	DAE4	SN: 720	2011.1	2012.1
信号源 Signal generator	SML03	SN:103514	2010.8	2011.8
网络分析仪 Network analyzer	8714ET	SN:US40372083	2010.8	2011.8
次要校准设备	型号	序列号		
Secondary Calibration Equipment	Model/Type	10#		
波导 Waveguide	WGLS R9	SN:1006		
波导 Waveguide	WGLS R14	SN:1003		
被导 Waveguide	WGLS R22	SN:1006		

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证书编号 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-001



SE:

1. 所使用的校准系统和计量标准可测额到国家基准或标准。

测量和置信区间的不确定度都是证书的一部分,并将在以下内容中给出。

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part
of the certificate.

2. 除非拥有本实验室的书面许可, 否则不得复制该校准证书。

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

3. 我中心仅对加盖"国家无线电监测中心检验中心"章的完整证书负责

SRTC is responsible for the whole of certificate only with stamp of SRTC.

4. 本证书的校准结果仅对所校准的计量器具有效

The calibration results would be valid only for the items calibration.

5. 本证书中英文两种语言表达。准确含义以中文为准。

The certification is written by Chinese and English. Exact meaning should be explained only on Chinese version.

绝址、北京市西域区北北土路 80 号 Add: No.50 Bel Lishi Road, Xi Chang District Beijing 190037, P.R. China

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各注

Glossary

TSL 模拟组织液 tissue simulating liquid

NORMx, v, z 自由空间灵敏度 sensitivity in free space

ConvF 模拟组织液中的灵敏度/自由空间的灵敏度 sensitivity in TSL/NORM x, y, z

DCP 二极管压缩点 diode compression point

角度 φ 沿探头轴向旋转 φ φ rotation around probe uxis

角度θ 沿探头法平面中的一个轴旋转θ,例如θ=0,代表垂直干探头轴向

0 rotation around un axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 0=0 is normal to probe axis

本校准证书中使用的方法参考如下标准

Calibration is preformed according to the Following Standards

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- e) Federal Communication Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

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据4页 共 1页 征书编号 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-001



方法及参数介绍

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- · NORMx, y, z: NORMx, y, z 是中间变量,其不确定度不影响 TSL 中电场强度的不确定性。 NORM x, y, z are only intermediate valve, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM x, y, z does not effect the E*-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF)
- NORM(f)x, y, z= NORMx, y, z*频率响应。在 DASY4.2 以后的版本中,这项工作由软件完成,频率响应的不确定度包含在 ConvF 的不确定度中。
 NORM(f) x, y, z= NORM x, y, z*frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software version later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP 是与探头的线性度相关的参数,其测试是基于功率扫描的方法进行的,另外 DCP 既不依赖于频率也不依赖于介质。
 DCP x, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF 和边界效应: 当频率人于 800MHz 时,利用平坦模型中的电场或是波导中的人工电场进行测试。我们也利用相同的配置来得到边界效应的相关参数 (alpha, depth)。DASY 软件的这项功能可以用来补偿测试中发生的边界效应,便在边界附近测试的时候能够更加准确。而ConvFx,y,z NORMx, y, z*ConvF。DASY4.4 以后的版本允许的频率扩展范围为±50MHz 到±100MHz。

ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Stand for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurement for f>800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given . These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50MHz to ±100 MHz.

各向同同性:探头暴露在平板天线和一个平面模型产生的电场中,这个电场的梯度银低。
 Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

1

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证书编号 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-001



国家无线电监测中心检测中心 The State Radio monitoring_center Testing Center

测试条件

Measurement Conditions

DASY 版本 DASY Version	DSAY 5	V52.2.0.163
模型 Phantom	Fiat phantom	

探头敏感度参数

Probe Sensitivity Parameters

	数值 Value	单位 Unit
X轴	1.00	pt /(t*/m)2
Y轴	1.00	Jul 1 /(1 / in)
乙轴	1.00	µl' /(1 / m) ²

1. 二极管压缩点

Diode Compression Point

	数值 Value	単位 Unit	不确定度 Uncertainty (x=2)
X轴	98.60	mV	10.82%
Y轴	97.38	mV	10.82%
Z轴	99.74	mV.	10.82%

2. 转换因子: 头部 TSL

Probe Conversion Factors: Head Tissue Liquid

额摩(MHz) Frequency	频率范围 Validity (MHz)	介电常数 Permittivit	序电洋 Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvFx/ ConvFy/ ConvFz µV /(V m) ¹		不确定度 Uncertainty (k = 2)	
850:	±100	41.56	0.9106	0.395	0.882	3.843	4.303	4.435	13.02%
900.	±100	41.24	0.9487	0.337	0,974	3,913	4.377	4.502	13.02%
1800	±100	39,21	1.348	0.156	1.648	3 784	4.193	4.328	13.02%
1900	±100	38.75	1,450	0.178	1.315	3,609	4.015	4.146	13.02%
2450	±100	38.23	1.982	0.126	1,725	3.214	3.653	3.661	(3.02%

地址: 北京市西域区北礼土路 80 号 Add: No.80 Bei Lishi Road, Xi Cheng District Beijing 100037, P.R. China

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证书偏号 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-001





国家无线电监测中心检测中心 The State Radio_monitoring_center Testing Center

3. 转换因子: 腰部 TSL

Probe Conversion Factors: Body Tissue Liquid

級準(MHz) Frequency	颇本范围 Validity (MHz)	介电常数 Permittivit	导电车 Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvFr ConvFr		rt.	不确定性 Uncertainty (k = 2)
850	±100	55.36	1:004	0.459	0.807	4.438	4.983	5.123	13.02%
900	±100	54.48	1.055	0.378	0.863	4.530	5,101	5.229	13.02%
1800	±100	52.83	1.501	0.152	1.732	4.333	4.832	4.991	13.02%
1900	±100	52.43	1.615	0.183	1.491	4.193	4.677	4.833	13.02%
2450	£100	52.95	1.911	0 137	1.758	3.702	4.126	4.265	(3.02%

4. 各向同向性

Probe Isotropy

	数值 Value	单位 Unit	不確定度 Uncertainty (k=2)
轴向各向间向性 Axial Isotropy	0.157	dB	10.18%
球面各向同向性 Spherical Isotropy	0.125	dB	10.18%

校准员 张白日 万

核验员 > PUB

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逐門編号 Certificate No.SRTC2011-CAL002-001



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zaughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kallbrierdiens: Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taretura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Quietek (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

(bjec)	D835V2 - SN: 4d	094	
Celibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Salibration date:	March 15, 2010		
		as eaging grawallar with no representations are $(22 \pm 3)^{6}$.	
Subtration Equipment used (M&)		A second to the second section of the second section second section se	Value interior - 10 in
		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Sičheduléd Calibration
lalibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Zaliferation Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN 5066 (20g)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Sicheduléd Calibration Oct-10
Califeration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N internation combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
Califeration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N internation combination Reference Probe ES30V3	TE critical for calibration? 10 # GB37480704 US37282783 SN 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cai Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09)	Sicheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10
Distriction Equipment used (M&)	ID # GB37480704 US37282783 SN 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 08327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 91-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Sicheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3	TE critical for calibration? 10 # GB37480704 US37282783 SN 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cai Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09)	Sicheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	TE critical for calibration? 1D # GB37480704 US37282783 SN; 5066 (20g) SN; 5047.2 / 08327 SN; 3205 SN; 601	Cai Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601 Mar-10)	Sicheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11
Civilization Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismasch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4	TE critical for calibration? 1D # GB37480704 US37282783 SN; 5066 (20g) SN; 5047.2 / 08327 SN; 3205 SN; 601	Cai Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 25-Jun-09 (No. ES3-0205 Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601 Mar-10) Check Date (in house)	Sicheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11
Cililitarition Equipmenti used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration) JD # GB37480704 US37282783 SN; 5066 (20g) SN; 5047,2 / 06327 SN; 3205 SN; 601 JD # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01085) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 25-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09) 07-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601 Mar-10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-08	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37282783 SN, 5066 (20g) SN: 5047,2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 84206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 25-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601 Mar-10) Check Date (in house) 15-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-10 In house check: Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismasch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A HF generator R&S SMT-08 Network Analyzer HP 6753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN; 5066 (20g) SN; 5047,2 / 06327 SN; 3205 SN; 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 84206 Neme	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 25-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601 Mar-10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES30V3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-08	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37282783 SN, 5066 (20g) SN: 5047,2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 84206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) 25-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205 Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601 Mar-10) Check Date (in house) 15-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-10 In house check: Oct-10

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094 Mar10

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdlenst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5:2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.9 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C)-ite-	-

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2,43 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.70 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.30 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.3 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.3 ± 0.2) °C	****	The state of the s

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.90 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.53 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10



Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2 Ω - 2.7 μΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω - 4.8 μΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,388 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the teedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the teedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009	

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 08.03.2010 10:52:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d094

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard; DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe; ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03,2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

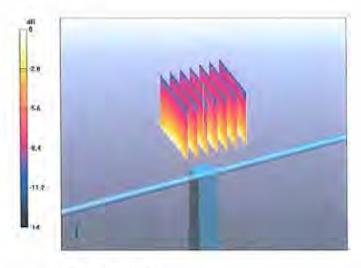
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0,00297 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 mW/g



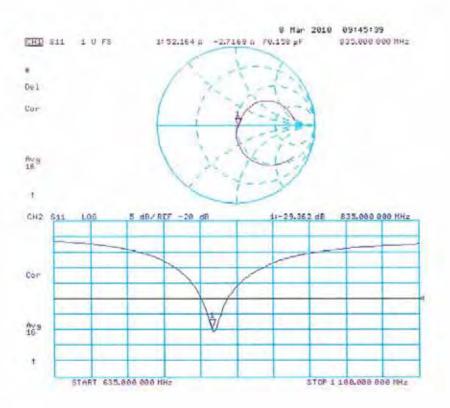
0 dB = 2.84 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 15.03.2010 11:52:53

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d094

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; o = 1.01 mho/m; $c_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

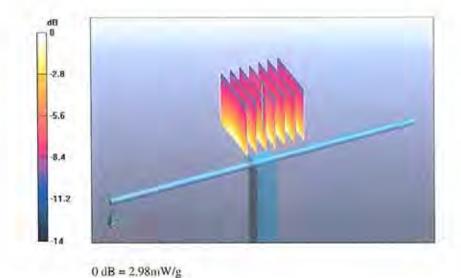
grid: dx=5mm. dy=5mm. dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00975 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g

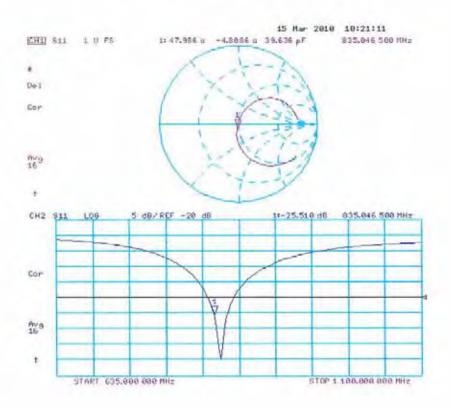


Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d094_Mar10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

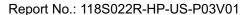
Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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CALIBRATION	LEHITICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN; 5	d121	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date	March 23, 2010		
		ional standards, which realize the physical or robability are given on the following pages ar	
All calibrations have been condu	icted in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment lemperature (22 ± 3)°	
All calibrations have been conducations between the conducation between the conducations are conducated to the conducations and conducations are conducated to the conducations are conducated to the conducated t	icted in the closed laborator.	ry facility: environment teroperature (22 ± 3)°	C and humidity < 70%
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All calibrations have been cond. Lalibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 6481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)° Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10
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All calibrations have been condu- calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power sensor PP 8481 A Peterence 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Heterence Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Sacondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37282783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047-2 / 06327 SN: 50501 ID # MY41082317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11
All calibrations have been condu- calibration Equipment used (Ma Primary Standards Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481 A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Power sensor HP 6481A DAE4 Sacondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01089) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) 02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10) Check Date (In house) 18-Oot-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Jun-10 Mar-11 Scheduled Check
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All calibrations have been condu- Lalibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Heterence Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Sacondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzar HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 501 ID # MY41082317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 31-Mer-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mer-09 (No. 217-01025) 31-Mer-09 (No. 217-01029) 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09) 02-Mer-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mer10) Check Date (In house) 18-Oct-02 (In house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (In house check Oct-09) 18 Oct 01 (In house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-10 Mar-10 Mar-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d121_Mar10

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Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)",

February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

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 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	-	and a

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.30 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22,0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.9 ± 6 %	1.58 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	ieren.	-

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	42.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.60 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.6 \Omega + 7.4 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$46.1 \Omega + 7.1 J\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.205 ns	Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.205 ns
---	----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 25, 2009

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 12:23:06

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205: ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

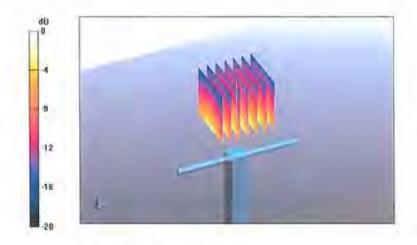
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00658 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 mW/g

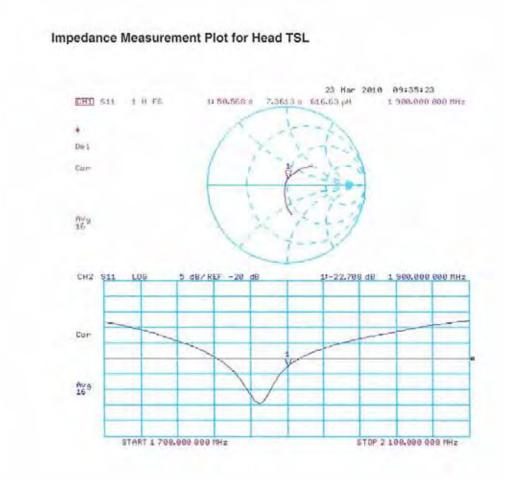


0 dB = 12.8 mW/g

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 17.03.2010 13:29:09

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205: ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

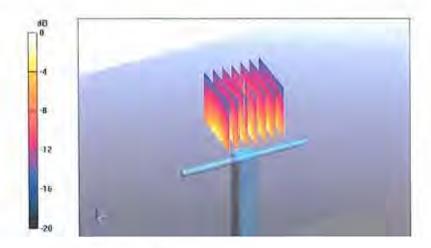
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00345 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



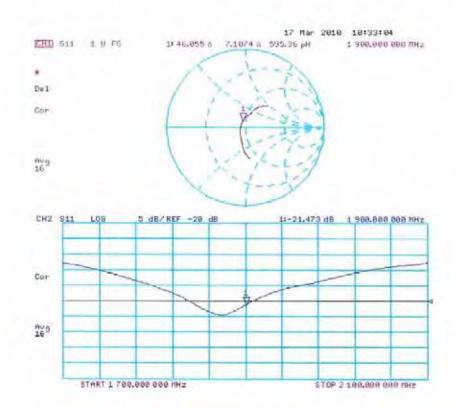
0 dB = 13.3 mW/g

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Appendix F. DAE Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalemage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

Client Quietek (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Dec10

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 1220	
Calibration procedure(e)	QA CAL-06 v22 Calibration proced	ure for the data acquisition	electronics (DAE)
Celibration date:	December 3, 2010)	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physic bibblility are given on the following page facility: environment temperature (22	es and are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cel Date (Certificate No.)	Schoduled Calibration
	ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-11
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001			
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Galitirator Sox VI 1	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	Sep-11
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house)	Sep-11 Scheduled Check
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UMS 006 AB 1004	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check)	Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11
Keithley Multimotor Type 2001 Secondary Standards Celitirator Sox VI, 1	SN: 0810278 ID # SE LIMS 006 AB 1004	28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Check Date (in house) 07-Jun-10 (in house check) Function	Sep-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-11

Certificate No. DAE4-1220_Dec10

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an
 input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement
A/D - Converter Resolution nominal
High Range: 1LSB = full range = -100...+300 mV full range = -1......+3mV $6.1 \mu V$, Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.229 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.950 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.184 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97007 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98601 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99287 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	177.5 ° ± 1 °

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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200002.4	1.22	0.00
Channel X + Input	20001.01	0.91	0.00
Channel X - Input	-19997.57	2.63	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200008.1	-2.52	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	19998.92	-1.38	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20001.39	-1.29	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200011.1	1.59	0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.31	-1.89	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20000.79	-0.99	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	1999.8	-0.22	-0.01
Channel X + Input	199.68	-0.32	-0.16
Channel X - Input	-200.45	-0.25	0.12
Channel Y + Input	1999.6	-0.27	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199.03	-1.07	-0.54
Channel Y - Input	-200.66	-0.76	0.38
Channel Z + Input	2000.0	-0.04	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	198.94	-1.26	-0.63
Channel Z - Input	-201.36	-1.46	0.73

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	10.60	8.62
	- 200	-7.59	-9.45
Channel Y	200	-9.68	-9.86
	- 200	9.01	8.51
Channel Z	200	12.06	12.10
	- 200	-13.84	-14.49

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	100	2.85	-0.96
Channel Y	200	1.60		3.41
Channel Z	200	2.29	-1.66	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15905	14404
Channel Y	16020	13780
Channel Z	15698	14978

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.06	-1.34	1.46	0.43
Channel Y	-0.85	-2.00	0.10	0.32
Channel Z	-0.99	-2.44	0.46	0.44

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1220_Dec10