





SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant Micron Electronics LLC.

FCC ID ZKQ-MHA

Product LTE Tracker

Brand MobileHelp

Model MH 1000

Marketing MD4.0

Report No. R1803A0116-S1V1

Issue Date June 15, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013**, **ANSI C95.1**: **1992/IEEE C95.1**: **1991.** The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein . Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support

1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

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1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C		
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%		
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω		

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows: Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)				
Mode	1g Body SAR				
	(Separation 5mm)				
WCDMA Band II	1.496				
WCDMA Band V	0.244				
LTE FDD 2	1.421				
LTE FDD 4	1.200				
LTE FDD 5	0.149				
LTE FDD 12	0.530				
LTE FDD 13	0.295				
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.117				
Date of Testing:	June 11, 2018~ June 14, 2018				

Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	Micron Electronics LLC.			
Applicant address	1001 Yamato Road, Suite 400, Boca Raton, FL 33431, USA			
Manufacturer	Micron Electronics LLC.			
Manufacturer address	1001 Yamato Road, Suite 400, Boca Raton, FL 33431, USA			

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant				
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype				
Model:	MH 1000				
SN:	T4120303000028				
Hardware Version:	F610_V2				
Software Version:	L200V01.01B03				
Antenna Type:	FPC monopole Antenna				
Device Class:	В				
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G				
Power Class:	UMTS Band II/V:3				
	LTE FDD 2/4/5/12/13:3 UMTS Band II/V:all up bits				
Power Level	LTE FDD 2/4/5/12/13:max power				
	EUT Accessory				
Adomton	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Jingrichang Electronics Technology Co., Ltd				
Adapter	Model: JT-H050100				
Battery	Manufacturer: Shenzhen BetterPower Battery Co.,Ltd.				
Dattery	Model: PL 833338G				



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Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

	ireless hnology	Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)					
UMTS	Band II	QPSK	HSDPA UE Category:24	1850 ~ 1910					
OWITS	Band V	QF3K	HSUPA UE Category:6	824 ~ 849					
	FDD 2			1850 ~ 1910					
	FDD 4			1710 ~ 1755					
	FDD 5	QPSK, 16QAM	Category 1	824 ~ 849					
LTE	FDD 12			699 ~ 716					
	FDD 13			777 ~ 787					
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) □Yes downlink only⊠No								
	Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? □Yes ⊠No								
	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462					
Wi-Fi	2.40	OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452					
	Does this dev	rice support MIMO □Yes	⊠No						



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4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05



5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated

measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 3G Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR



measurement is required for the secondary mode.

5.3.1.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

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Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	eta_{c}	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β _{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
2	(note 4)	(note 4)	04	(note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = $8 \leftrightarrow A_{hs}$ = β_{hs}/β_c =30/15 $\leftrightarrow \beta_{hs}$ =30/15* β_c

Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- set	$eta_{ m c}$	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}{}^{(1)}$	$eta_{ ext{ec}}$	$eta_{ ext{ed}}$	β _{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	311/15	$\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_{c}$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta c/\beta d$ =12/15, $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.



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Note 3: For subtest 1 the β c/ β d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β c = 10/15 and β d = 15/15.

- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β c/ β d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β c = 14/15 and β d = 15/15.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E- DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)	
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296	
	2	8	2	4	2798	4.4500	
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185	
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
6	4	8	2		11484	5.76	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	20000	2.00	
7	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10		20000	?	

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)



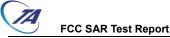
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HSPA and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

Measurement is required for HSPA or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.35 Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

- 1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 2) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
- 3) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.
- i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
- b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
- c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
- 4) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.



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Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS- DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulatio ns with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation	
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200				
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800	1			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800				
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400]			
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600	QPSK, 16QAM			
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200	QPSN, IDQAM	Mak		
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200		Not applicable (MIMO not supported)		
Category 8	10 15	1	14411	134400	-			
Category 9		1	20251	172800				
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800	1	supported)		
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	ODCK			
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800	QPSK QPSK,		Not applicable	
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200				
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	16QAM, 64QAM		(dual cell operation	
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600	QPSK, 16QAM		not	
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	QPSK, Te	QAM	supported)	
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	7 15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	Сарропос
NOTEZ			23370	345600	-	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-		
NOIE3	1 4 2 2 2 2		27952	345600	-	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	ODCK 4004	4 640444		
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400	QPSK, 16QAI	vi, 04QAM		
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600			QPSK,	
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600	1		16QAM	
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400	-	5	QPSK,	
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			16QAM, 64QAM	

5.3.2 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.



B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to $3GPP\ TS36.101\ Section\ 6.2.3-6.2.5$ under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5.3.3 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ♦ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - → The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

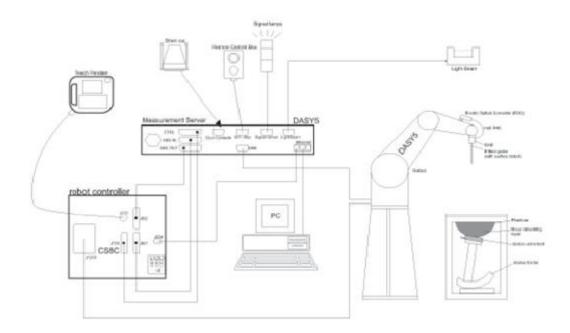
A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

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6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- > The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- > Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- > The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: Range \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.





E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based

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temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR=CAT/At

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI²σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly. Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest		
measurement point (geometric center of	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
probe sensors) to phantom surface		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to		
phantom surface normal at the	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
measurement location		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
	2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimens	sion of the test device, in
Maximum area scan spatial resolution:	the measurement plar	ne orientation, is smaller
ΔxArea, ΔyArea	than the above, the m	neasurement resolution
	must be ≤ the correspo	nding x or y dimension of
	the test device with at	least one measurement
	point on the	e test device.



Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters	extracted from ECC	KDB 865661 D01 CVD	measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
Zuulii Suan parameters	extracted from FCC i	NUD 0000004 UU I OAK	. IIIeasuleilielii. Tuu Minz io 6 Gnz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz					
Maximum zo	om scan	spatial resolution:△x _{zoom}	≤2GHz: ≤8mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*					
	\triangle	y zoom	2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*					
N.A. a. a. inna a. a. a.				3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm					
Maximum	Uı	niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$	≤5mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm					
zoom scan				5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm					
spatial		$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two		3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm					
resolution,	0 1 - 1	Ozadad	Oradad	Ozadad	0	0	points closest to phantom	≤4mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm
normal to	Graded	surface		5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm					
phantom surface	gria	grid	grid	grid	$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between	21 F. A.	- (- 1)		
Surface		subsequent points	≤1.5•△2	z _{zoom} (n-1)					
Minimum				3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm					
zoom scan		X, y, z	≥30mm	4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm					
volume				5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm					

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.



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7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2018-05-21	2019-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2018-05-21	2019-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2018-05-21	2019-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	СВТ	100271	2018-05-14	2019-05-13
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3898	2018-06-27	2019-06-26
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1291	2018-10-31	2019-10-30
Validation Kit 750MHz	SPEAG	D750V3	1045	2017-08-27	2020-08-26
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2017-08-28	2020-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2017-01-10	2020-01-09
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2017-08-26	2020-08-25
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2017-08-29	2020-08-28
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2018-05-17	2019-05-16
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	NT-311	20150731	2018-05-17	2019-05-16
Software for Test	Speag	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	1	/
Software for Tissue	Agilent	85070	E06.01.36	1	1



8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Freque (MH	_	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ε _r	σ(s/m)
	750	52.49	1.41	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.5	0.96
	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
Body	1750	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.4	1.49
	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95

Measurements results

Frequency		- 151	Temp		Dielectric neters		Dielectric neters		nit n ±5%)
(M	Hz)	Test Date	ပ	٤r	σ(s/m)	ε _r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε _r (%)	Dev σ(%)
750	Body	6/12/2018	21.5	55.7	0.96	55.5	0.96	0.36	0.00
835	Body	6/11/2018	21.5	54.5	0.98	55.2	0.97	-1.27	1.03
1750	Body	6/14/2018	21.5	52.5	1.51	53.4	1.49	-1.69	1.34
1900	Body	6/13/2018	21.5	53.0	1.50	53.3	1.52	-0.56	-1.32
2450	Body	6/14/2018	21.5	52.9	1.94	52.7	1.95	0.38	-0.51

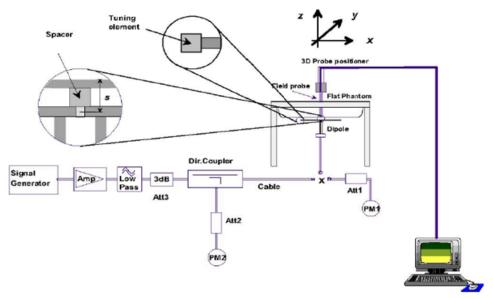
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

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System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo

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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ
Dipole	Body	1/10/2017	-35.0	1	44.7	1
D1750V2 SN: 1033	Liquid	1/9/2018	-34.7	0.9%	44.9	-0.2Ω

System Check results

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
750	Body	6/12/2018	21.5	2.23	8.92	8.78	1.59	1
835	Body	6/11/2018	21.5	2.45	9.80	9.75	0.51	2
1750	Body	6/14/2018	21.5	9.40	37.60	37.6	0.00	3
1900	Body	6/13/2018	21.5	9.78	39.12	39.5	-0.96	4
2450	Body	6/14/2018	21.5	13.2	52.80	50.8	3.94	5
Noto.	Target \	/aluge used de	rivo from	the calibratic	n cortificate Da	ata Staraga	and Evalue	ation

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.



9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCI	OMA		Band	II(dBm)		Band V(dBm)				
Tx Ch	annel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up	
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6	Limit (dBm)	826.4	836.6	846.6	Limit (dBm)	
RMC	12.2kbps	22.65	22.63	22.64	23.00	23.08	23.09	23.11	23.50	
	Sub 1	21.24	21.24	21.13	22.00	22.08	22.08	22.06	23.50	
HSDPA	Sub 2	21.76	21.84	21.75	22.00	22.92	22.93	22.94	23.50	
ПОДРА	Sub 3	21.25	21.33	21.24	21.50	22.41	22.53	22.52	23.00	
	Sub 4	20.45	20.45	20.43	21.50	21.78	21.83	21.78	23.00	
	Sub 1	21.18	21.24	21.16	22.00	22.06	22.12	22.11	23.00	
	Sub 2	19.92	20.00	19.91	21.00	21.16	21.17	21.19	22.00	
HSUPA	Sub 3	20.65	20.73	20.80	21.50	21.98	21.99	22.01	23.00	
	Sub 4	19.87	19.95	19.89	21.00	21.17	21.18	21.20	22.00	
	Sub 5	21.21	21.15	21.12	22.00	21.98	22.04	21.56	23.00	
	Sub 1	21.78	21.82	21.73	22.00	22.95	22.96	22.98	23.50	
DC-	Sub 2	21.77	21.81	21.72	22.00	23.04	22.94	22.97	23.50	
HSDPA	Sub 3	21.26	21.30	21.21	21.50	22.53	22.43	22.46	23.00	
	Sub 4	20.75	20.89	20.69	21.50	22.52	22.42	22.45	23.00	

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Body exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps AMR with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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9.2 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})									
,	1.4 MHz										
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				

	LTE FDD B	and 2		Cond	ucted Power(dBm)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Limit
Bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD UIISEL	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	(dBm)
		1	0	22.19	22.14	22.08	23.00
		1	2	22.20	22.02	22.01	23.00
		1	5	22.03	22.06	21.72	23.00
	QPSK	3	0	22.30	22.01	22.13	23.00
		3	2	22.18	21.96	21.97	23.00
1.4MHz	3	3	21.98	21.92	21.89	23.00	
	6	0	21.15	21.05	21.12	22.00	
1.411172		1	0	21.66	21.19	21.80	22.00
	16QAM	1	2	21.29	21.11	21.43	22.00
		1	5	21.21	21.27	21.15	22.00
		3	0	21.36	21.17	21.15	22.00
		3	2	21.33	21.19	21.02	22.00
		3	3	20.98	21.30	20.82	22.00
		6	0	20.08	20.15	20.13	21.00
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5	Limit
		4	0	00.00	00.04	00.04	(dBm)
		1	0	22.63	22.64	22.34	23.00
		1	7	22.23	22.02	22.05	23.00
	0.7017	1	14	22.06	21.91	21.76	23.00
3MHz	QPSK	8	0	21.40	21.42	21.26	22.00
		8	4	21.30	21.26	21.09	22.00
		8	7	21.08	21.13	20.99	22.00
		15	0	21.18	21.24	21.15	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	21.69	21.72	21.83	22.00

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- FCC	SAR Test Repo	ΓL			R	eport No: R1803A01	10-5177
		1	7	21.32	21.26	21.47	22.00
		1	14	21.23	21.19	21.18	22.00
		8	0	20.47	20.44	20.27	21.00
		8	4	20.44	20.25	20.14	21.00
		8	7	20.08	20.10	19.95	21.00
		15	0	20.11	20.21	20.16	21.00
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	22.60	22.62	22.30	23.00
		1	13	22.21	21.98	22.02	23.00
		1	24	22.03	21.86	21.72	23.00
	QPSK	12	0	21.37	21.37	21.22	22.00
		12	6	21.28	21.22	21.04	22.00
		12	13	21.06	21.11	20.95	22.00
ENALL-		25	0	21.16	21.23	21.13	22.00
5MHz		1	0	21.66	21.68	21.80	22.00
		1	13	21.29	21.24	21.44	22.00
		1	24	21.20	21.17	21.14	22.00
	16QAM	12	0	20.45	20.40	20.24	21.00
		12	6	20.41	20.20	20.10	21.00
		12	13	20.05	20.05	19.91	21.00
		25	0	20.09	20.17	20.11	21.00
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	22.62	22.63	22.33	23.00
		1	25	22.24	22.03	22.06	23.00
		1	49	22.05	21.90	21.75	23.00
	QPSK	25	0	21.40	21.42	21.26	22.00
		25	13	21.31	21.27	21.08	22.00
		25	25	21.08	21.15	21.00	22.00
10MHz		50	0	21.24	21.25	21.17	22.00
IUWITZ		1	0	21.68	21.71	21.82	22.00
		1	25	21.32	21.28	21.47	22.00
		1	49	21.23	21.19	21.17	22.00
	16QAM	25	0	20.48	20.45	20.28	21.00
		25	13	20.43	20.24	20.13	21.00
		0.5	25	20.00	20.10	19.95	21.00
		25	25	20.08	20.10	19.95	21.00



Channel/Frequency (MHz) Tune-up **Bandwidth** Modulation RB size **RB** offset Limit 18675/1857.5 18900/1880 19125/1902.5 (dBm) 1 0 22.61 22.59 22.31 23.00 1 38 22.22 22.02 22.03 23.00 1 74 22.02 21.85 21.71 23.00 **QPSK** 36 0 21.38 21.38 21.23 22.00 36 18 21.28 21.22 21.04 22.00 36 39 21.12 22.00 21.05 20.96 75 0 21.22 21.21 21.12 22.00 15MHz 1 0 22.00 21.63 21.69 21.80 1 38 21.30 21.25 21.45 22.00 1 74 21.20 21.15 21.14 22.00 21.00 16QAM 36 0 20.45 20.43 20.25 18 20.40 20.19 20.09 21.00 36 39 36 20.06 20.06 19.92 21.00 75 0 20.09 20.17 20.11 21.00 Channel/Frequency (MHz) Tune-up **Bandwidth** Modulation RB size **RB** offset Limit 18700/1860 18900/1880 19100/1900 (dBm) 1 0 22.58 22.55 22.28 23.00 1 50 22.21 21.98 22.01 23.00 1 99 22.00 21.84 21.68 23.00 **QPSK** 50 0 21.35 21.33 21.19 22.00 50 25 21.26 21.18 21.01 22.00 50 50 21.02 21.07 20.92 22.00 22.00 100 0 21.19 21.16 21.08 20MHz 0 21.61 21.65 21.75 22.00 1 1 50 21.26 21.23 21.41 22.00 1 99 21.18 21.12 21.12 22.00 16QAM 50 0 20.42 20.39 20.22 21.00 50 25 20.37 20.17 20.06 21.00 50 50 20.03 20.01 19.88 21.00 100 0 20.07 20.13 20.08 21.00

	LTE FDD B	and 4		Con	dBm)	Tune-up		
Dandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Chan	inel/Frequency (MHz)	Limit	
Bandwidth Modulation		RD SIZE	RD UIISEL	19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	(dBm)	
		1	0	22.41	22.40	22.11	23.00	
		1	2	22.00	21.77	21.81	23.00	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	5	21.83	21.66	21.52	23.00	
		3	3	0	22.10	22.10	21.93	23.00
		3	2	21.98	21.96	21.77	23.00	



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	C SAR Test Rep	0.10				port No: R1803A011	
		3	3	21.78	21.82	21.69	23.00
		6	0	20.95	21.00	20.92	22.50
		1	0	21.46	21.50	21.60	22.50
		1	2	21.09	21.01	21.23	22.50
		1	5	21.01	20.95	20.95	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.16	21.11	20.95	22.50
		3	2	21.13	20.92	20.82	22.50
		3	3	20.78	20.78	20.62	22.50
		6	0	19.88	19.97	19.93	21.50
				Chan	inel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5	Limit
				19903/1711.5	20173/1732.3	20303/1733.3	(dBm)
		1	0	22.43	22.44	22.14	23.00
		1	7	22.03	21.82	21.85	23.00
		1	14	21.86	21.71	21.56	23.00
	QPSK	8	0	21.20	21.22	21.06	22.50
		8	4	21.10	21.06	20.89	22.50
		8	7	20.88	20.93	20.79	22.50
3MHz		15	0	20.98	21.04	20.95	22.50
SIVITIZ		1	0	21.49	21.52	21.63	22.50
		1	7	21.12	21.06	21.27	22.50
		1	14	21.03	20.99	20.98	22.50
	16QAM	8	0	20.27	20.24	20.07	21.50
		8	4	20.24	20.05	19.94	21.50
		8	7	19.88	19.90	19.75	21.50
		15	0	19.91	20.01	19.96	21.50
				Chan	inel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	22.40	22.42	22.10	23.00
		1	13	22.01	21.78	21.82	23.00
		1	24	21.83	21.66	21.52	23.00
	QPSK	12	0	21.17	21.17	21.02	22.50
		12	6	21.08	21.02	20.84	22.50
		12	13	20.86	20.91	20.75	22.50
		25	0	20.96	21.03	20.93	22.50
5MHz		1	0	21.46	21.48	21.60	22.50
		1	13	21.09	21.04	21.24	22.50
		1	24	21.00	20.97	20.94	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.25	20.20	20.04	21.50
	IOQAIVI	12	6	20.21	20.00	19.90	21.50
		12	13	19.85	19.85	19.71	21.50
		25	0	19.89	19.97	19.91	21.50
		_0	, ,	10.00	10.01	10.01	21.00



				Char	Tune-up		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	Limit
					20170/1702.0	20000/1700	(dBm)
		1	0	22.42	22.43	22.13	23.00
		1	25	22.04	21.83	21.86	23.00
		1	49	21.85	21.70	21.55	23.00
	QPSK	25	0	21.20	21.22	21.06	22.50
		25	13	21.11	21.07	20.88	22.50
		25	25	20.88	20.95	20.80	22.50
10MHz		50	0	21.04	21.05	20.97	22.50
TOWITZ		1	0	21.48	21.51	21.62	22.50
		1	25	21.12	21.08	21.27	22.50
		1	49	21.03	20.99	20.97	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	20.28	20.25	20.08	21.50
		25	13	20.23	20.04	19.93	21.50
		25	25	19.88	19.90	19.75	21.50
		50	0	19.92	20.02	19.95	21.50
				Char	nel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20025/4747 5	20175/1722 5	20225/4747 5	Limit
				20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	(dBm)
		1	0	22.41	22.39	22.11	23.00
		1	38	22.02	21.82	21.83	23.00
		1	74	21.82	21.65	21.51	23.00
	QPSK	36	0	21.18	21.18	21.03	22.50
		36	18	21.08	21.02	20.84	22.50
		36	39	20.85	20.92	20.76	22.50
15MHz		75	0	21.02	21.01	20.92	22.50
1311112	16QAM	1	0	21.43	21.49	21.60	22.50
		1	38	21.10	21.05	21.25	22.50
		1	74	21.00	20.95	20.94	22.50
		36	0	20.25	20.23	20.05	21.50
		36	18	20.20	19.99	19.89	21.50
		36	39	19.86	19.86	19.72	21.50
		75	0	19.89	19.97	19.91	21.50
				Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	Limit
				20030/1720	20173/1732.5		(dBm)
		1	0	22.46	22.36	22.43	23.00
		1	50	22.09	22.15	22.31	23.00
20MHz	QPSK	1	99	21.93	21.92	22.08	23.00
ZVIVITZ	QI UIV	50	0	21.34	21.40	21.38	22.50
		50	25	21.29	21.36	21.27	22.50
		50	50	21.13	21.22	21.18	22.50



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	LTE FDD B	and 5		Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up
Donalis delle	Modulation	on RB size RB offset		Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Limit
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB SIZE	RB offset	20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3	(dBm)
		1	0	22.45	22.42	22.40	23.00
		1	2	22.38	22.33	22.29	23.00
		1	5	22.24	22.28	22.27	23.00
	QPSK	3	0	22.36	22.36	22.37	23.00
		3	2	22.26	22.32	22.34	23.00
		3	3	22.19	22.32	22.38	23.00
1.4MHz		6	0	21.33	21.46	21.40	22.00
1.411172		1	0	21.56	21.94	21.71	22.00
		1	2	21.64	21.83	21.65	22.00
		1	5	21.55	21.88	21.12	22.00
	16QAM	3	0	21.43	21.38	21.48	22.00
		3	2	21.37	21.28	21.43	22.00
		3	3	21.29	21.41	21.43	22.00
		6	0	20.44	20.55	20.47	21.00
				Channel/Frequency (MHz)		MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5	Limit
							(dBm)
		1	0	22.47	22.46	22.43	23.00
		1	7	22.41	22.38	22.33	23.00
		1	14	22.27	22.33	22.31	23.00
	QPSK	8	0	21.46	21.48	21.50	22.00
		8	4	21.38	21.42	21.46	22.00
		8	7	21.29	21.43	21.48	22.00
3MHz		15	0	21.36	21.50	21.43	22.00
JIVII IZ		1	0	21.59	21.96	21.74	22.00
		1	7	21.67	21.88	21.69	22.00
		1	14	21.57	21.92	21.15	22.00
	16QAM	8	0	20.54	20.51	20.60	21.00
		8	4	20.48	20.41	20.55	21.00
		8	7	20.39	20.53	20.56	21.00
		15	0	20.47	20.59	20.50	21.00



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	LTE FDD Ba	and 12		Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up
Donalusi déla	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Limit
Bandwidth				23017/699.7	23095/707.5	23173/715.3	(dBm)
1.4MHz		1	0	22.50	22.48	22.53	23.00
		1	2	22.44	22.39	22.54	23.00
	QPSK	1	5	22.67	22.54	22.39	23.00
		3	0	22.41	22.48	22.55	23.00
		3	2	22.36	22.43	22.51	23.00

20.43

20.51

50

0

20.42

21.00



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		1		1			
		3	3	22.37	22.44	22.46	23.00
		6	0	21.43	21.59	21.59	22.50
		1	0	21.90	22.18	21.95	22.50
		1	2	21.81	22.06	22.04	22.50
		1	5	21.86	22.15	21.84	22.50
	16QAM	3	0	21.49	21.59	21.65	22.50
		3	2	21.45	21.61	21.61	22.50
		3	3	21.45	21.52	21.58	22.50
		6	0	20.62	20.76	20.70	21.50
				Chan	nel/Frequency ((MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23025/700.5	23095/707.5	23165/714.5	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	22.51	22.51	22.55	23.00
		1	7	22.48	22.45	22.59	23.00
		1	14	22.69	22.58	22.42	23.00
	QPSK	8	0	21.51	21.60	21.68	22.50
		8	4	21.49	21.54	21.62	22.50
		8	7	21.47	21.57	21.57	22.50
08411-		15	0	21.52	21.64	21.64	22.50
3MHz	16QAM	1	0	21.92	22.19	21.97	22.50
		1	7	21.84	22.13	22.08	22.50
		1	14	21.88	22.19	21.86	22.50
		8	0	20.61	20.73	20.78	21.50
		8	4	20.55	20.73	20.72	21.50
		8	7	20.55	20.64	20.71	21.50
		15	0	20.66	20.81	20.72	21.50
				Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23035/701.5	23095/707.5	23155/713.5	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	22.50	22.47	22.53	23.00
	QPSK	1	13	22.46	22.44	22.56	23.00
		1	24	22.66	22.53	22.38	23.00
		12	0	21.49	21.56	21.65	22.50
		12	6	21.46	21.49	21.58	22.50
5MHz		12	13	21.44	21.54	21.53	22.50
		25	0	21.50	21.60	21.59	22.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.87	22.17	21.95	22.50
		1	13	21.82	22.10	22.06	22.50
		1	24	21.85	22.15	21.83	22.50
		12	0	20.58	20.71	20.75	21.50
		12	6	20.52	20.68	20.68	21.50
		12	13	20.53	20.60	20.68	21.50
		25	0	20.63	20.76	20.68	21.50



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20.50

20.61

20.55

20.72

20.64

20.65

21.50

21.50

25

50

25

0

LTE FDD Band 13				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up
Dan duvidáh	Madulatian	DD ains	DD offerst	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Limit
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23205/779.5	23230/782	23255/784.5	(dBm)
		1	0	22.65	22.61	22.42	23.00
		1	13	22.62	22.49	22.46	23.00
		1	24	22.48	22.47	22.40	23.00
	QPSK	12	0	21.47	21.46	21.53	22.00
		12	6	21.43	21.45	21.55	22.00
		12	13	21.33	21.49	21.51	22.00
5MHz		25	0	21.44	21.41	21.47	22.00
SIVIFIZ	16QAM	1	0	21.59	21.49	21.39	22.00
		1	13	21.71	21.38	21.49	22.00
		1	24	21.61	21.37	21.46	22.00
		12	0	20.77	20.47	20.57	21.00
		12	6	20.68	20.49	20.54	21.00
		12	13	20.49	20.57	20.60	21.00
		25	0	20.62	20.51	20.61	21.00
				Channel/Frequency (MHz)		(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	1	23230/782	1	Limit
				,	202001102	1	(dBm)
		1	0	1	22.23	1	23.00
		1	25	1	22.31	1	23.00
10MHz	QPSK	1	49	1	21.87	1	23.00
		25	0	1	21.62	1	22.00
		25	13	/	21.53	/	22.00



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	25	25	1	21.45	1	22.00
	50	0	/	21.49	/	22.00
	1	0	/	21.74	/	22.00
	1	25	/	21.81	/	22.00
	1	49	/	21.44	/	22.00
16QAM	25	0	/	20.71	/	21.00
	25	13	/	20.68	/	21.00
	25	25	/	20.59	/	21.00
	50	0	/	20.49	/	21.00

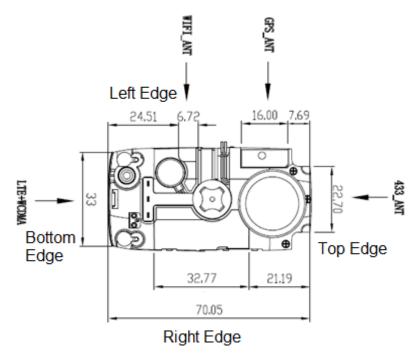
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9.3 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G	Channel	Frequency	Data Rates	Average Conducted Power	Tune-up	TX Power	
Mode		(MHz)	(bps)	Measured (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Setting level	
	1	2412	1M	13.88	14.50	19	
802.11b	6	2437	1M	14.08	14.50	19	
	11	2462	1M	13.79	14.50	19	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	1	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level	
	1	2412	6M	11.61	12.50	17	
802.11g	6	2437	6M	11.68	12.50	17	
	11	2462	6M	11.36	12.50	17	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	1	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level	
000.44	1	2412	6.5M	11.54	12.50	17	
802.11n (HT20)	6	2437	6.5M	11.58	12.50	17	
(1120)	11	2462	6.5M	11.68	12.50	17	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	1	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level	
000 11=	3	2422	13.5M	11.50	12.50	17	
802.11n (HT40)	6	2437	13.5M	11.57	12.50	17	
(1140)	9	2452	13.5M	11.85	13.79 14.50 19 Conducted Power asured (dBm) Tune-up Limit (dBm) TX Por Setting 11.61 12.50 17 11.68 12.50 17 11.36 12.50 17 Conducted Power asured (dBm) Tune-up Limit (dBm) Setting 11.54 12.50 17 11.58 12.50 17 11.68 12.50 17 Conducted Power asured (dBm) Tune-up Limit (dBm) TX Por Setting 11.50 12.50 17 11.57 12.50 17		
Note: Initial te	est configura	tion is 802.11b r	node, sin	ce the highest maximum outp	out power.		

10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



	Overall (Length x Width): 70.05mm x 33 mm											
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge												
Antenna	Antenna Back Side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge											
3/4G Antenna	<25 <25 <25 <25 <25											
Wi-Fi Antenna	<25	<25 <25 <25 >25 <25										
		Body mode,	Positions for SA	R tests								
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge						
3/4G Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes						
Wi-Fi Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes						

Note: 1. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg (for 1g SAR) or \leq 2 W/kg (for 10g SAR) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

- 2. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 3. 3/4G Antenna and Wi-Fi Antenna can't transmit simultaneously, only one antenna can be used for 3G/4G or Wi-Fi transmission at a time.

10.2 Measured SAR Results

Table 1: UMTS Band II

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.	
	Body SAR (Distance 5mm)											
		9538/1907.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.64	-0.130	0.682	1.09	0.741	/	
Back Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.63	-0.150	0.795	1.09	0.866	/	
		9262/1852.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.65	-0.025	0.789	1.08	0.855	/	
Front Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.63	0.090	0.573	1.09	0.624	/	
Left Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.63	-0.033	0.642	1.09	0.699	/	
Right Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.63	0.160	0.067	1.09	0.073	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		9538/1907.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.64	-0.171	1.320	1.09	1.434	/	
Bottom Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.63	0.190	1.260	1.09	1.372	/	
		9262/1852.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.65	0.140	1.380	1.08	1.496	6	
Bottom Edge	Repeated	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.63	0.120	1.340	1.09	1.459	/	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Measurement Variability										
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio						
Bottom Edge	9400/1880	1.380	1.340	1.03						

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

2) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



Table 2: UMTS Band V

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
			В	ody SA	R (Distan	ce 5mm)					
Back Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.09	0.020	0.206	1.10	0.226	/
Front Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.09	0.026	0.222	1.10	0.244	7
Left Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.09	0.036	0.119	1.10	0.131	/
Right Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.09	-0.140	0.145	1.10	0.159	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.09	0.025	0.116	1.10	0.127	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



Table 3: LTE Band 2

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
				Body SAR	(QPSK, Distar	nce 5mm)					
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	18700/1860	23.00	22.58	-0.038	0.662	1.10	0.729	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	18700/1860	23.00	22.58	0.140	0.520	1.10	0.573	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	18700/1860	23.00	22.58	-0.050	0.519	1.10	0.572	1
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	18700/1860	23.00	22.58	0.115	0.073	1.10	0.080	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		1RB	0	19100/1900	23.00	22.58	0.070	1.170	1.10	1.289	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.58	0.050	1.260	1.10	1.388	1
		1RB	0	18700/1860	23.00	22.58	-0.160	1.290	1.10	1.421	8
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	18700/1860	22.00	21.35	-0.170	0.468	1.16	0.544	1
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	18700/1860	22.00	21.35	0.180	0.450	1.16	0.523	1
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	18700/1860	22.00	21.35	-0.030	0.429	1.16	0.498	1
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	18700/1860	22.00	21.35	0.059	0.066	1.16	0.077	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		50%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.19	0.080	0.881	1.21	1.062	1
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	18900/1880	22.00	21.33	0.060	0.827	1.17	0.965	/
		50%RB	0	18700/1860	22.00	21.35	0.070	0.846	1.16	0.983	/
		100%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.08	0.065	0.889	1.24	1.099	/
Bottom Edge	standard	100%RB	0	18900/1880	22.00	21.16	0.014	0.834	1.21	1.012	/
		100%RB	0	18700/1860	22.00	21.19	0.140	0.862	1.21	1.039	/
Bottom Edge	Repeated	1RB	0	18700/1860	23.00	22.58	0.150	1.230	1.10	1.355	1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Measurement Variability										
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio						
Bottom Edge	18700/1860	1.290	1.230	1.05						

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

2) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



Table 4: LTE Band 4

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g}	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g}	Plot No.
				(MHz)	Power(dBm)	(dBm)	, ,	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
	,		1	Body SAR	(QPSK, Distar	nce 5mm)		1	r		
		1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.43	-0.070	1.039	1.14	1.185	1
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.36	-0.040	1.034	1.16	1.198	/
		1RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.46	0.035	1.060	1.13	1.200	9
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.46	0.078	0.674	1.13	0.763	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.46	0.150	0.619	1.13	0.701	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.46	0.115	0.150	1.13	0.170	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.43	0.036	0.710	1.14	0.810	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.36	0.025	0.706	1.16	0.818	/
		1RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.46	0.042	0.724	1.13	0.820	/
		50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.38	0.024	0.780	1.15	0.900	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22.00	21.40	0.049	0.793	1.15	0.910	1
		50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.34	0.036	0.786	1.16	0.915	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22.00	21.40	0.031	0.503	1.15	0.578	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22.00	21.40	-0.160	0.631	1.15	0.724	1
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22.00	21.40	0.010	0.124	1.15	0.142	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22.00	21.40	0.040	0.620	1.15	0.712	1
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.37	0.014	0.691	1.16	0.799	1
Back Side	Repeated	1RB	0	20050/1720	23.00	22.46	0.035	1.052	1.13	1.191	1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Measurement Variability										
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio						
Back Side	20050/1720	1.060	1.052	1.01						

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

²⁾ A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.



Table 5: LTE Band 5

Bottom Edge

standard 50%RB

Table	J. LIL L	Juliu 0									
Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
				Body SAF	R (QPSK, Dista	nce 5mm)					
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.42	-0.160	0.116	1.14	0.133	1
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.42	-0.050	0.130	1.14	0.149	10
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.42	0.078	0.063	1.14	0.072	1
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.42	0.150	0.069	1.14	0.079	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	20450/829	23.00	22.42	0.115	0.064	1.14	0.073	1
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	22.00	21.41	0.042	0.103	1.15	0.118	1
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	22.00	21.41	0.049	0.073	1.15	0.084	1
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	22.00	21.41	0.031	0.070	1.15	0.080	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20450/829	22.00	21.41	0.050	0.074	1.15	0.085	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

0

20450/829

21.41

0.160

0.058

1.15

0.066

22.00

^{2.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Table 6: LTE Band 12

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
				Body SAF	R (QPSK, Dista	nce 5mm)					
Back Side	standard	1RB	49	23060/704	23.00	22.64	0.050	0.405	1.09	0.440	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	49	23060/704	23.00	22.64	-0.046	0.488	1.09	0.530	11
Left Edge	standard	1RB	49	23060/704	23.00	22.64	-0.050	0.214	1.09	0.232	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	49	23060/704	23.00	22.64	-0.041	0.252	1.09	0.274	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	49	23060/704	23.00	22.64	-0.027	0.321	1.09	0.349	1
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	23130/711	22.50	21.61	0.061	0.349	1.23	0.428	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	23130/711	22.50	21.61	-0.091	0.380	1.23	0.466	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	23130/711	22.50	21.61	-0.057	0.214	1.23	0.263	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	23130/711	22.50	21.61	-0.064	0.233	1.23	0.286	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	23130/711	22.50	21.61	0.010	0.273	1.23	0.335	1

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.



Table 7: LTE Band 13

Bottom Edge | standard | 50%RB

Table	, /. LIL	Dana it	<u>, </u>								
Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (QPSK, Distance 5mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	23230/782	23.00	22.31	0.024	0.206	1.17	0.241	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	23230/782	23.00	22.31	-0.033	0.252	1.17	0.295	12
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	23230/782	23.00	22.31	0.130	0.109	1.17	0.128	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	23230/782	23.00	22.31	0.080	0.143	1.17	0.168	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	23230/782	23.00	22.31	0.060	0.156	1.17	0.183	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	23230/782	22.00	21.62	-0.120	0.187	1.09	0.204	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	23230/782	22.00	21.62	0.070	0.203	1.09	0.222	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	23230/782	22.00	21.62	-0.010	0.091	1.09	0.099	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	23230/782	22.00	21.62	0.050	0.124	1.09	0.135	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

0

23230/782

21.62

0.040

0.131

1.09

0.143

22.00

^{2.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

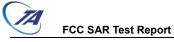


Table 8: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

		()										
Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	SAR _{1a}	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
				Во	dy SAR (E	istance 5mn	1)					
Back Side	standard	6/2437	DSSS	99.00%	14.50	14.08	0.030	0.094	0.106	1.10	0.117	13
Front Side	standard	6/2437	DSSS	99.00%	14.50	14.08	0.130	0.084	0.083	1.10	0.091	/
Left Edge	standard	6/2437	DSSS	99.00%	14.50	14.08	0.180	0.102	0.100	1.10	0.110	/
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	6/2437	DSSS	99.00%	14.50	14.08	0.023	0.058	0.059	1.10	0.065	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} Initial test configuration is 802.11b mode, since the highest maximum output power.



11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



Report No: R1803A0116-S1V1

ANNEX A: Test Layout

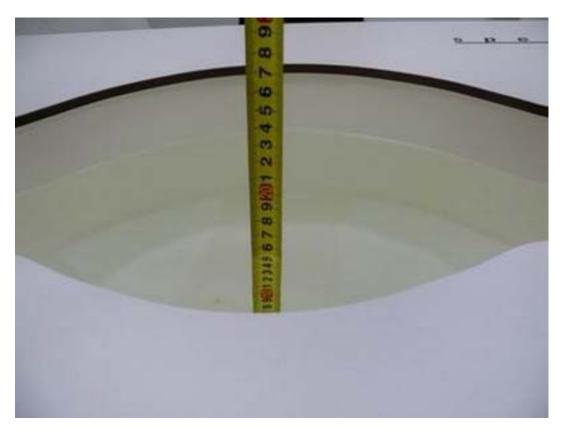




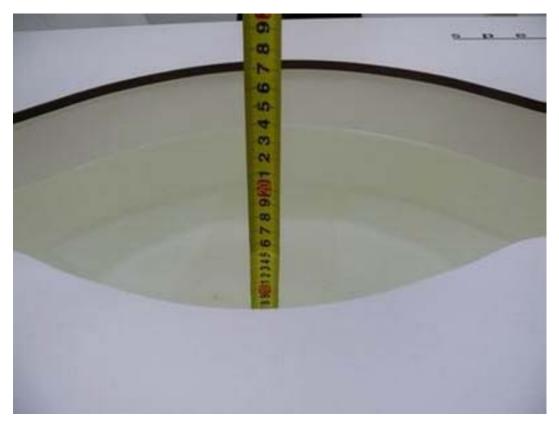
Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (750MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 5: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 750 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1045

Date: 6/12/2018

Communication System: CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 55.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.45, 10.45, 10.45); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

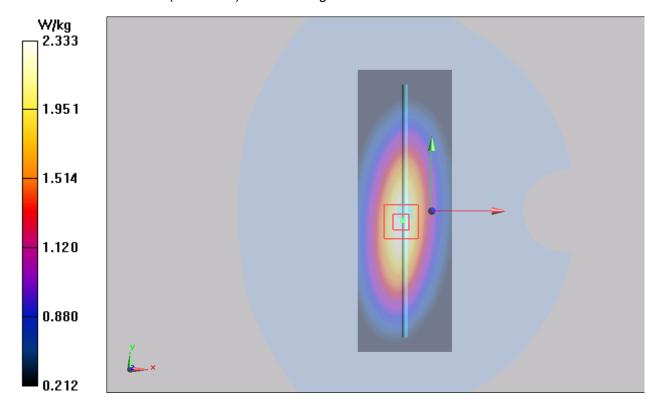
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.32 W/kg

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.768 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.333 W/kg





Plot 2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 6/11/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.98 mho/m; ε_r = 54.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.40, 10.40, 10.40); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 mW/g

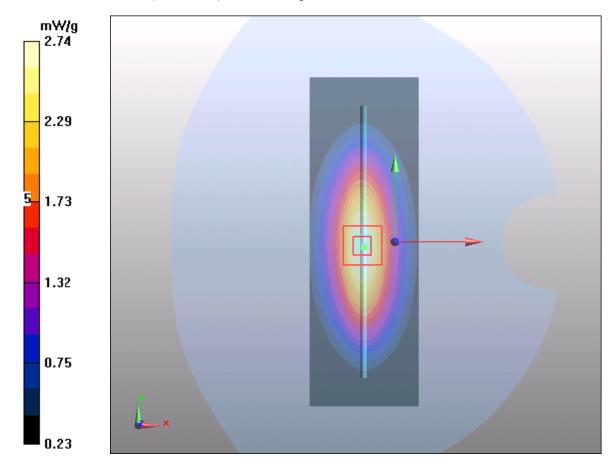
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 mW/g





Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 6/14/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.50, 8.50, 8.50); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

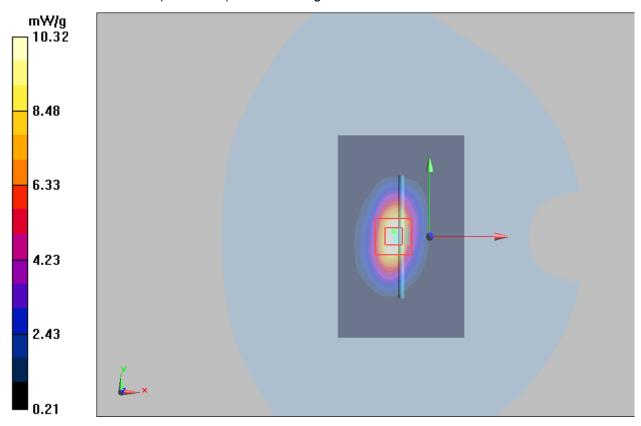
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.65 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.40 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.32 mW/g





Plot 4 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 6/13/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.50 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.0$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

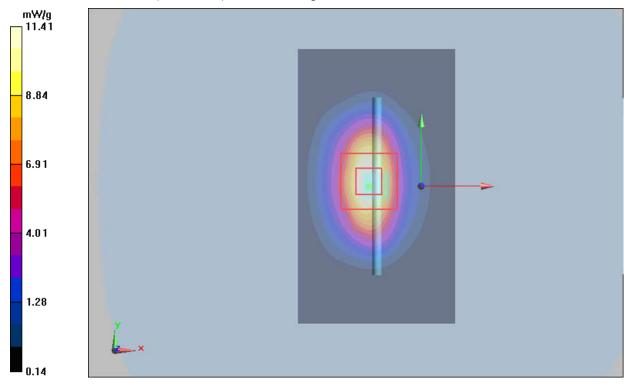
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.85 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.78 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.41 mW/g





Plot 5 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 6/14/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.21 mW/g

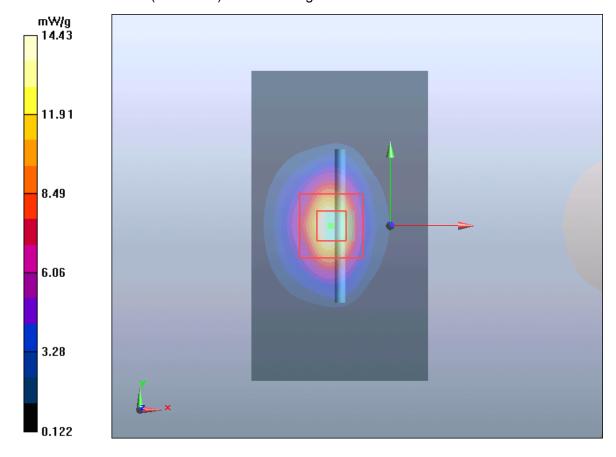
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.27 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.43 mW/g





ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 6 UMTS Band II Bottom Edge Low (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/13/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.489$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.896$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

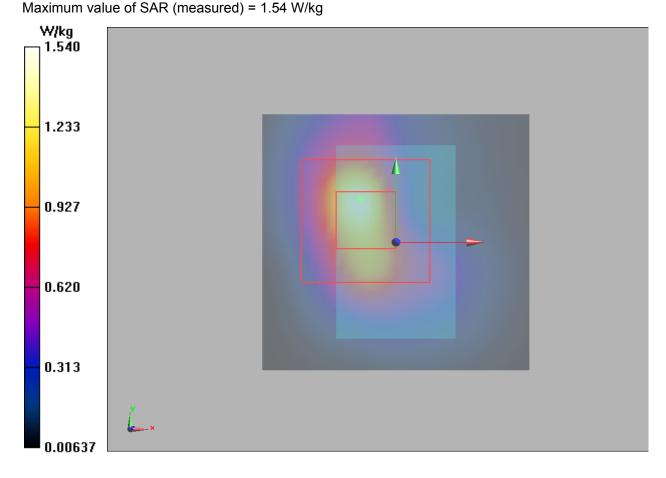
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.604 W/kg





Plot 7 UMTS Band V Front Side Middle (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/11/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA V (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.40, 10.40, 10.40); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Middle/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.229 W/kg

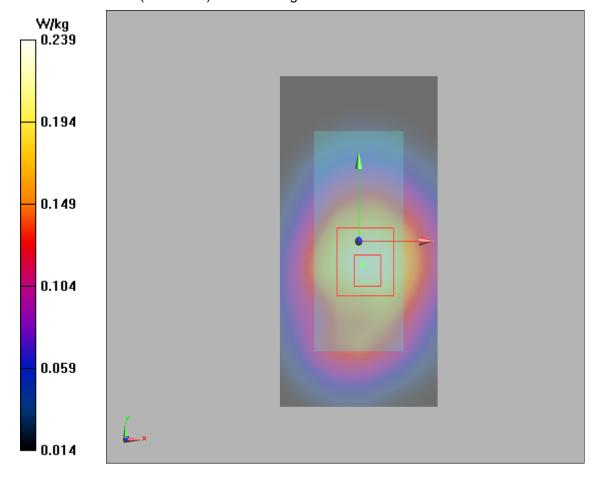
Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 W/kg





Plot 8 LTE Band 2 1RB Bottom Edge Low (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/13/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; $\sigma = 1.474$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.034$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Edge Low/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

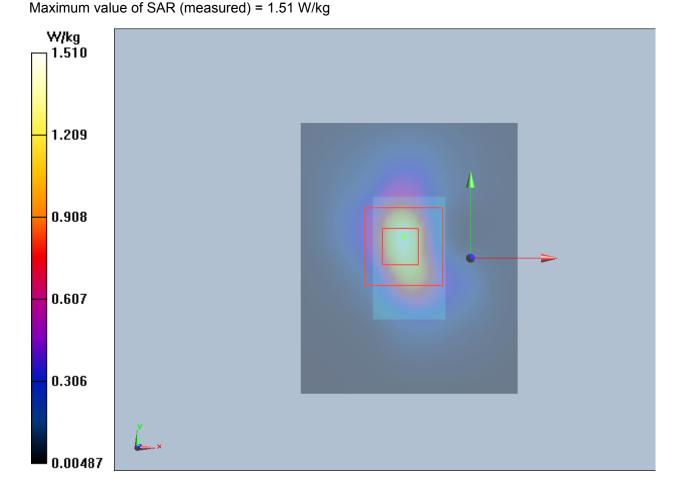
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 W/kg

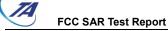
Bottom Edge Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.573 W/kg





Plot 9 LTE Band 4 1RB Back Side Low (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/14/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.409$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.527$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.50, 8.50, 8.50); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

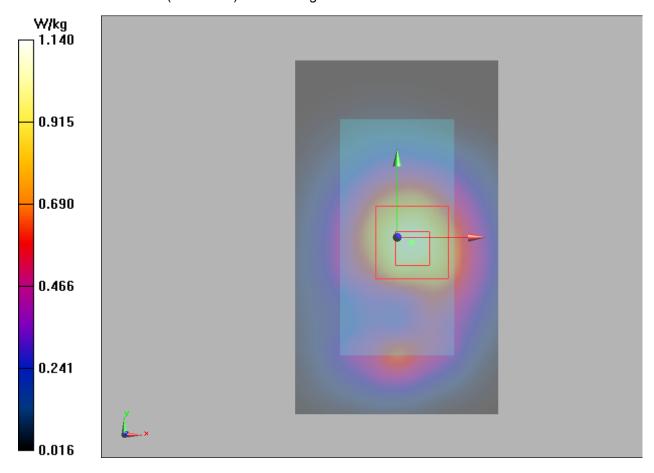
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg





Plot 10 LTE Band 5 1RB Front Side Low (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/11/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 829 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.861$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.40, 10.40, 10.40); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Low/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.141 W/kg

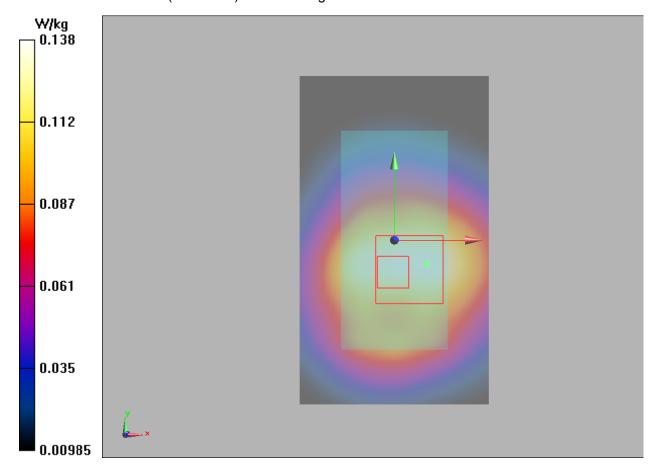
Front Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.216 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.138 W/kg





Plot 11 LTE Band 12 1RB Front Side Low (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/12/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 704 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 57.183$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.45, 10.45, 10.45); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Low/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 W/kg

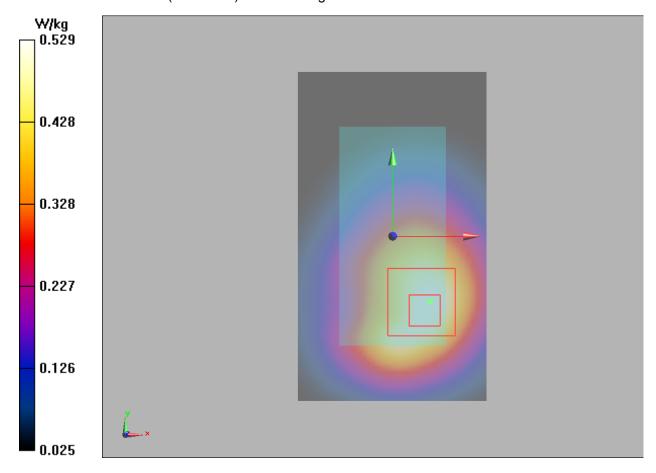
Front Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.834 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.488 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.297 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.529 W/kg





Plot 12 LTE Band 13 1RB Front Side Middle (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/12/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 782 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.535$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.45, 10.45, 10.45); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Middle/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.275 W/kg

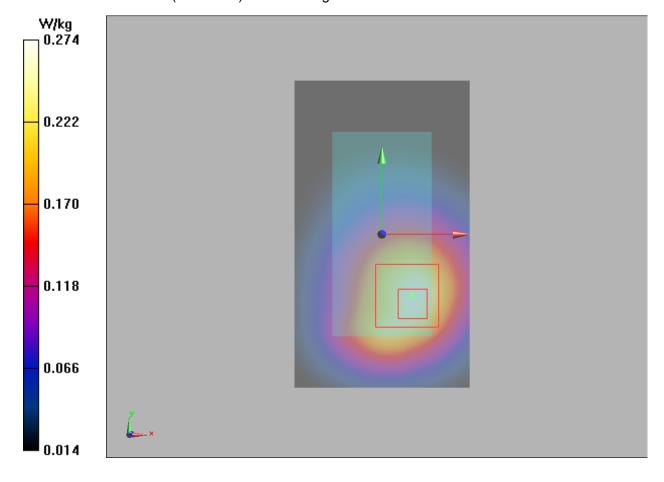
Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.252 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 W/kg





Plot 13 802.11b Back Side Middle (Distance 5mm)

Date: 6/14/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.959$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.134$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 6/27/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 10/31/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 W/kg

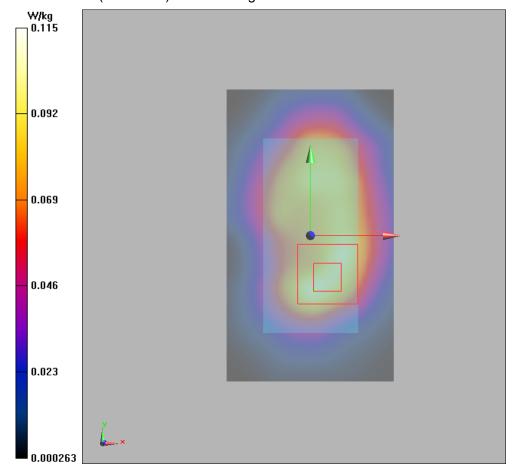
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.754 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.189 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Report No: R1803A0116-S1V1

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Auden

Certificate No: EX3-3898 Jun17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3898

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

June 27, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-16 (No. ES3-3013_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 660	7-Dec-16 (No. DAE4-660_Dec16)	Dec-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct 17

Name

Calibrated by:

Ratja Pokovic

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

In house check Oct-16

In house check: Oct-17

Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: June 28, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3898_Jun17

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Report No: R1803A0116-S1V1

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization ϕ ϕ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

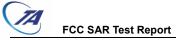
Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:3898

June 27, 2017

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3898

Manufactured: Calibrated: October 9, 2012 June 27, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3898_Jun17

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Report No: R1803A0116-S1V1

EX3DV4- SN:3898

June 27, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3898

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.38	0.35	0.31	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.1	99.4	100.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	143.9	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		142.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		145.7	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	Т6
X	32.49	240.5	35.09	11.03	0.713	4.958	1.269	0.147	1.005
Y	33.00	245.0	35.30	9.807	0.625	4.966	1.221	0.120	1.005
Z	31.60	235.2	35.43	7.345	0.706	4.969	1.116	0.151	1.005

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3898_Jun17

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

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EX3DV4-SN:3898

June 27, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3898

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.75	10.75	10.75	0.35	1.03	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.23	10.23	10.23	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.03	10.03	10.03	0.49	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.63	8.63	8.63	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.36	8.36	8.36	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.91	7.91	7.91	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.38	0.86	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.25	1.25	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.62	5.62	5.62	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Fat frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) are relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3898

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.45	10.45	10.45	0.52	0.82	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.40	10.40	10.40	0.49	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.32	10.32	10.32	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.50	8.50	8.50	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.35	0.84	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.32	0.95	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.26	0.95	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.28	1.25	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	5.13	5.13	5.13	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.14	4.14	4.14	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

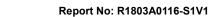
 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Fat frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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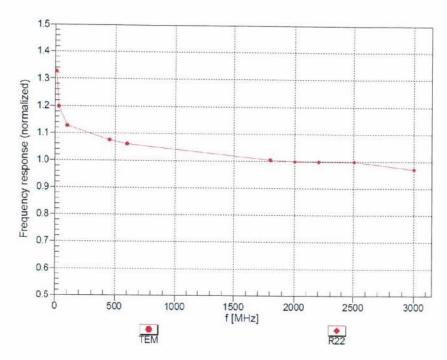
diameter from the boundary.





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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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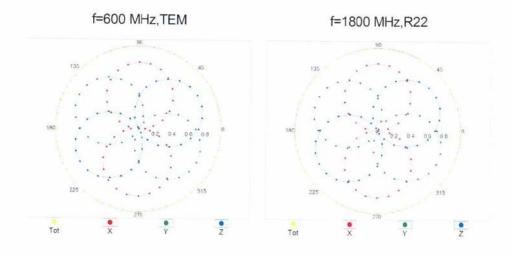
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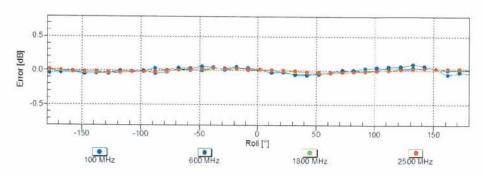




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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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