Radio Frequency Exposure

Graupner GmbH & Co. KG

ZKZ-33516

FCC ID:

Product Description: Receiver GR-32 HoTT Model No.: GR-32 Trade Mark: HoTT Prepared for: Graupner GmbH & Co. KG Henriettenstr. 94-96 D-73230 Kirchheim Teck, Germany Prepared by: Shenzhen Laker Testing Technology Co.,Ltd 15C, Block 1, Sunshine Huayi Building, Nanhai West Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China Tel: 86-755-86307736 Fax: 86-755-86307736 **Report No.:** LK11HR-00160E-M **Issue Date:** September 05, 2011 **Test Date:** September 05~20, 2011 Test by: **Reviewed By:** Jedminal Lon Owen Li Owen Li Edmund Zou

LIMIT

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See FCC part 15.247(i)and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Receiver GR-32 HoTT
Type of Modulation:	FHSS
Frequency Band:	2404 MHz ~ 2474 MHz
Number of Channels:	70
Channel Bandwidth:	1.014 MHz
Device category	Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	15.68dBm (36.98mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	1.5 dBi
Evaluation applied	✓ MPE Evaluation✓ SAR Evaluation
antenna gain.) 2. For mobile or fixed location	is <u>15.68dBm (36.98mW))</u> at <u>2404MHz (with 1.5 numeric</u> transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum l is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the er.

TEST RESULT

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G=Numeric antenna gain

d=*Distance in meters*

S=Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

 $d(cm) = 100 * d(m)$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Equation 1

Where d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT Output Power=36.98mW

Numeric antenna gain=1.5

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20 cm into *Equation 1*:

Yields

$$S=0.000199\times P\times G$$

Where

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ Density\ in\ mW/cm2$

The power density $S = 0.000199 \times 36.98 \times 1.5 = 0.011 \text{ mW/cm} 2$

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is $1.0 \, mW/cm^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

Evaluation reslut: PASS