

SAR Test Report

Product Name : mobile phone
Model No. : X85
FCC ID : ZO6FCCX85001

Applicant : XPX Technology Limited
Address : Flat B8 F8, Kin Tak Fung Ind Bldg, 174 Wai Yip
St, Kwun Tong Kowloon, HongKong

Date of Receipt : 18/06/2011
Date of Test : 06/07/2011
Issued Date : 06/07/2011
Report No. : 116S050R-HP-US-P03V01
Report Version : V2.2

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 06/07/2011

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Product Name : mobile phone

Applicant : XPX Technology Limited

Address : Flat B8 F8, Kin Tak Fung Ind Bldg, 174 Wai Yip St, Kwun Tong Kowloon, HongKong

Manufacturer : Yuanfenn Industrial Dalang Lonhua

Address : 4&5 FL Area B, Yuanfenn Industrial Zone, Dalang Lonhua

Model No. : X85

FCC ID : ZO6FCCX85001

Brand Name : XPX mobile phone

EUT Voltage : DC 3.7V

Applicable Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001
IEEE Std. 1528-2003,47CFR § 2.1093

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)
Head: 0.424 W/kg
Body: 1.130 W/kg
Wi-Fi: 0.012 W/kg

Performed Location : Suzhou EMC Laboratory
No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng
Hi-Tech Development Zone., Suzhou, China
TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098
FCC Registration Number: 800392

Documented By : Alice Ni
(Engineering ADM: Alice Ni)

Reviewed By : Robin Wu
(Senior Engineer: Robin Wu)

Approved By : Marlin Chen
(Engineering Supervisor: Marlin Chen)

Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C.	: BSMI, NCC, TAF
Germany	: TUV Rheinland
Norway	: Nemko, DNV
USA	: FCC, NVLAP
Japan	: VCCI

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site : <http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm>
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site : <http://www.quietek.com/>

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

HsinChu Testing Laboratory :

No.75-2, 3rd Lin, Wangye Keng, Yonghxing Tsuen, Qionglin Shiang, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.
TEL:+886-3-592-8858 / FAX:+886-3-592-8859 E-Mail : service@quietek.com



LinKou Testing Laboratory :

No. 5-22, Ruei-Shu Valley, Ruei-Ping Tsuen, Lin-Kou Shiang, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.
TEL : 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX : 886-2-8601-3789 E-Mail : service@quietek.com



Suzhou (China) Testing Laboratory :

No. 99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., Suzhou, China.
TEL : +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX : +86-512-6251-5098 E-Mail : service@quietek.com



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1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	mobile phone
Model No.	X85
IMEI 1	352273017386340
IMEI 2	352751019523267
IMEI 3	358570010103893
Hardware Version	T18_PCB_V1.2
Software Version	T18_X85-1_320X240_TRISIM_12864_FJU_MArEnFrPeP oSpTu_V01.03B05
Tx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824~849MHz PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz Wi-Fi: 2412~2462MHz
Rx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz Wi-Fi: 2412~2462MHz
Antenna Type	Internal
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	10
Type of Modulation	GMSK
Device Category	Portable
Peak Antenna Gain	2dBi
Max. Output Power (Avg. Burst Power)	GSM850: 31.94dBm <SIM 1> PCS1900: 26.73dBm <SIM 1> Wi-Fi: 20.49dBm
Max. Output Power (Radiated)	GSM850: 35.59 dBm- ERP PCS1900: 31.54 dBm- EIRP
Headset Model Number	N/A
Battery	Rated Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7V 750mAh 2.78Wh
Adapter	Input: AC 90-240V 50/60Hz, 0.2A Output: DC 5V, 500mA

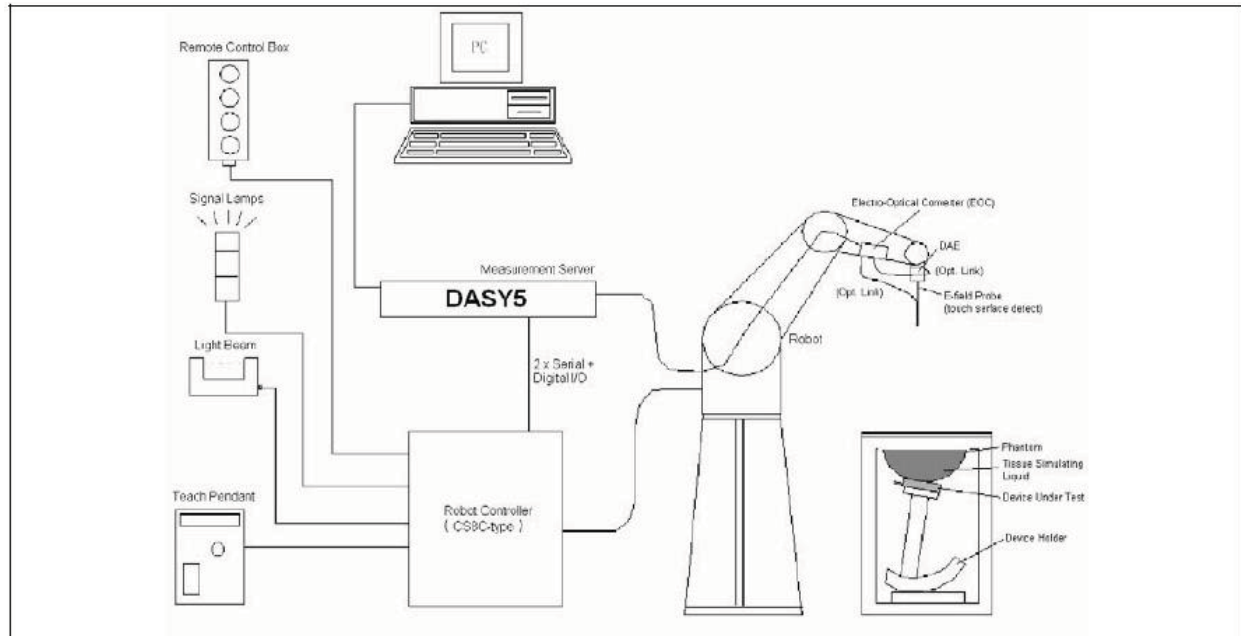
1.2. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm^2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of $7\times 7\times 7$ (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{y'}{3a} \right)$$


$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r \approx 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	835MHz Head	835MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body	2450MHz Body
Water	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5	73.2
Salt	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50	0.04
Sugar	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0	0.00
HEC	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
Preventol	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00	26.7

3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	42.54 40.41 to 44.67	0.91 0.86 to 0.96	N/A
	06-07-2011	41.12	0.89	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	N/A
	06-07-2011	54.54	1.00	21.0

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	39.9 37.91 to 41.90	1.42 1.35 to 1.49	N/A
	06-07-2011	38.98	1.45	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	N/A
	06-07-2011	51.77	1.52	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
2450MHz	Reference result $\pm 5\%$ window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	N/A
	06-07-2011	50.89	1.96	21.0

3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

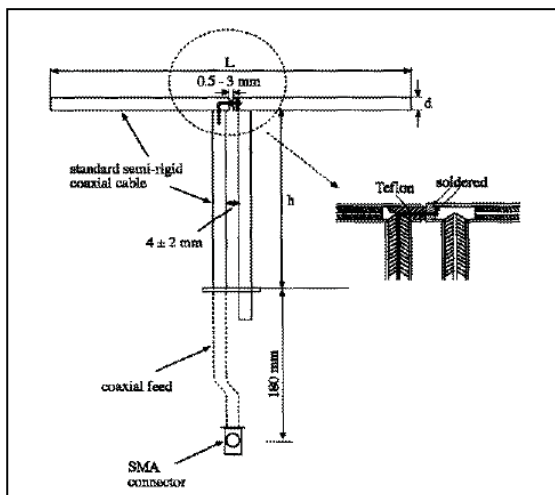
Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz for Head				
Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.70 8.73 to 10.67	6.30 5.67 to 6.93	N/A
	06-07-2011	9.92	6.48	21.0
Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.8 35.82 to 43.78	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A
	06-07-2011	42.00	21.48	21.0
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				
System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz for Body				
Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.90 8.91 to 10.89	6.53 5.88 to 7.18	N/A
	06-07-2011	9.80	6.32	21.0
Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	41.4 37.26 to 45.54	22.3 20.07 to 24.53	N/A
	06-07-2011	39.36	20.44	21.0
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Body

Validation Dipole: D2450V2, SN: 839

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	51.6 46.44 to 56.76	24.2 21.78 to 26.62	N/A
	06-07-2011	50.40	23.32	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The ALSAS-10U calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

ρ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm^2) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm^3).

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	only once
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D835V2	4d094	2012.03.15
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d121	2012.03.23
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	839	2012.04.10
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1220	2012.12.03
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2012.02.25
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2011.07.12
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2012.04.10
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2012.04.23
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2012.01.12
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2012.01.12

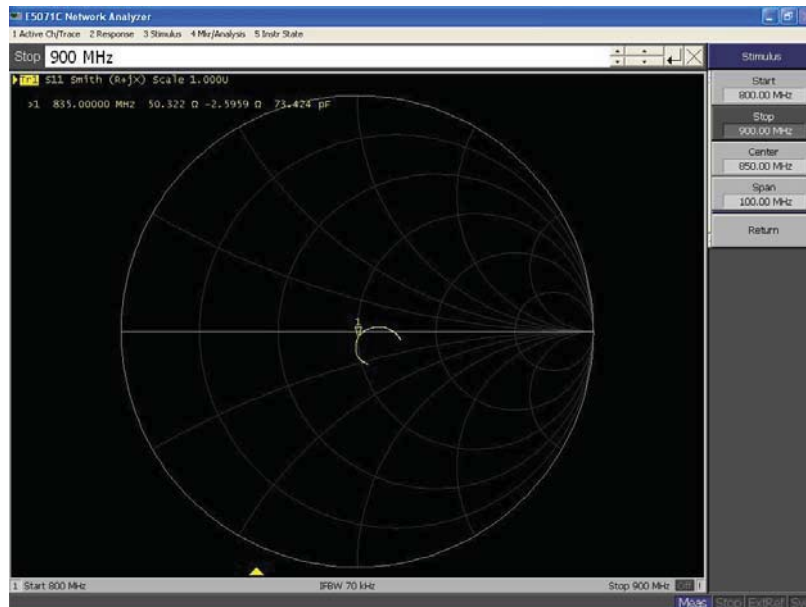
Note: Per KDB 450824 D02 requirements for dipole calibration, QuieTek Lab has adopted two years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement (Show below);
4. Impedance is within 5 Ω of calibrated measurement (Show below).

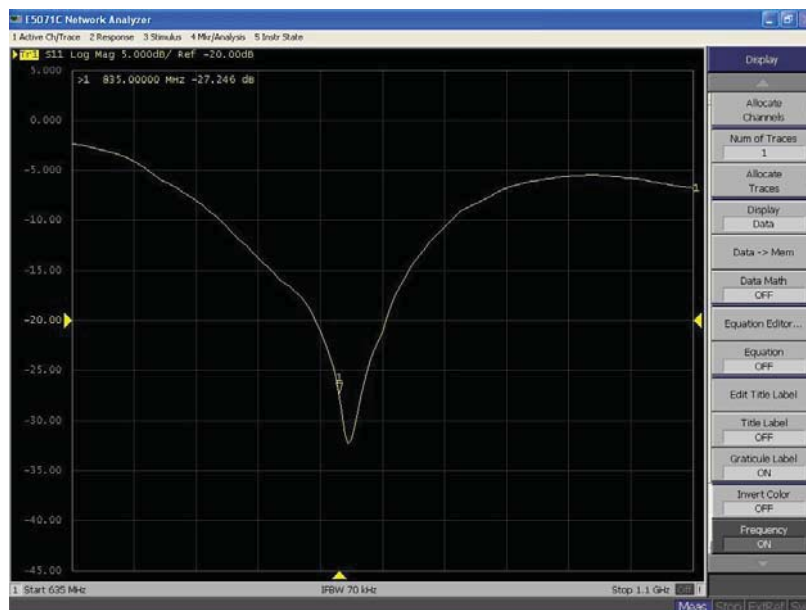
Impedance Plot for D835V2

835 Head

Calibrated impedance: 52.2 Ω ; Measured impedance: 50.322 Ω (within 5 Ω)

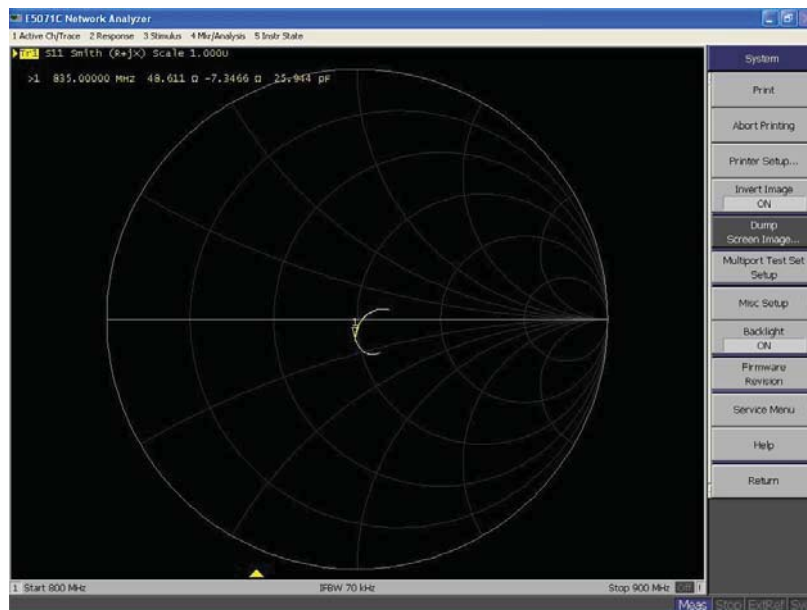


Calibrated return loss: -29.4 dB; Measured impedance: -27.246 dB (within 20%)

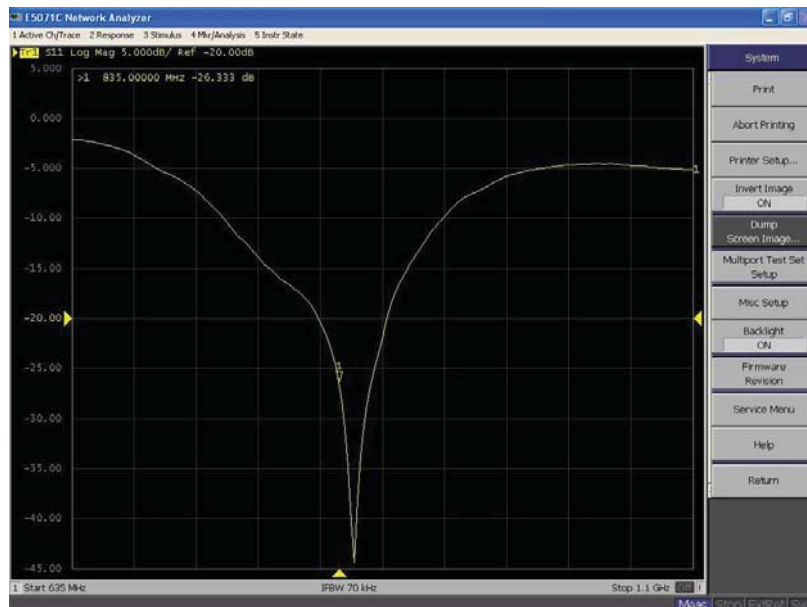


835 Body

Calibrated impedance: 48.0 Ω ; Measured impedance: 48.611 Ω (within 5 Ω)



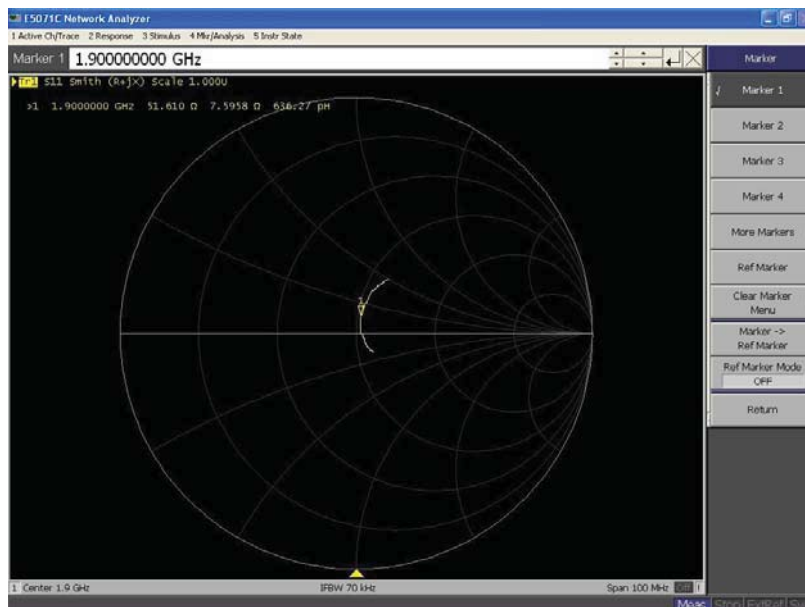
Calibrated return loss: -25.5 dB; Measured impedance: -26.333 dB (within 20%)



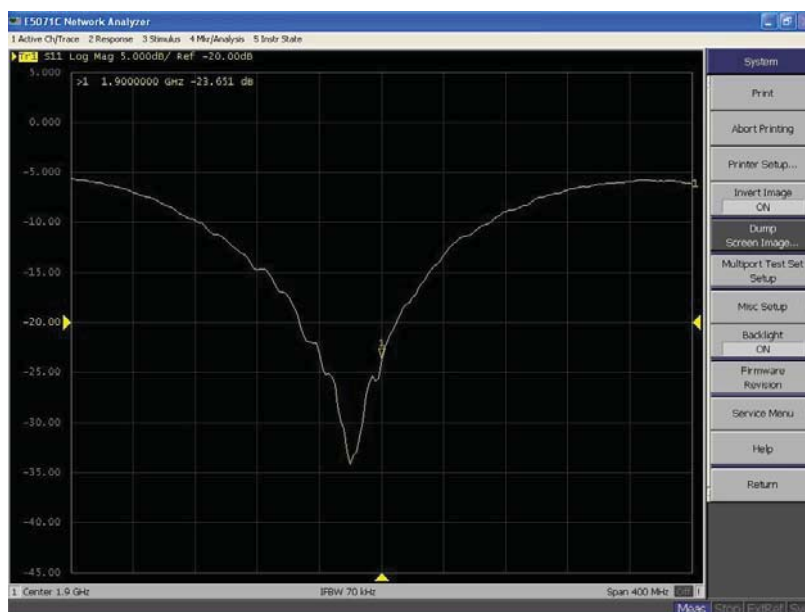
Impedance Plot for D1900V2

1900 Head

Calibrated impedance: 50.6 Ω ; Measured impedance: 51.610 Ω (within 5 Ω)

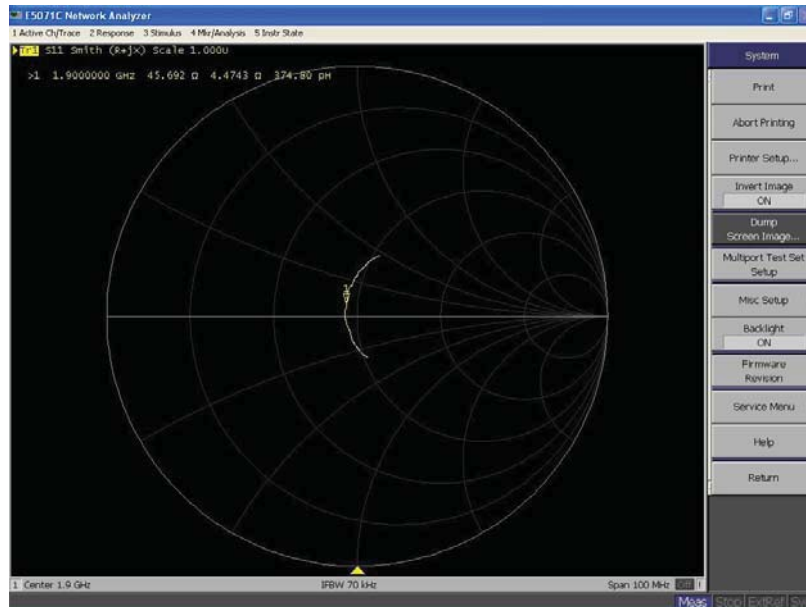


Calibrated return loss: -22.7 dB; Measured impedance: -23.651 dB (within 20%)

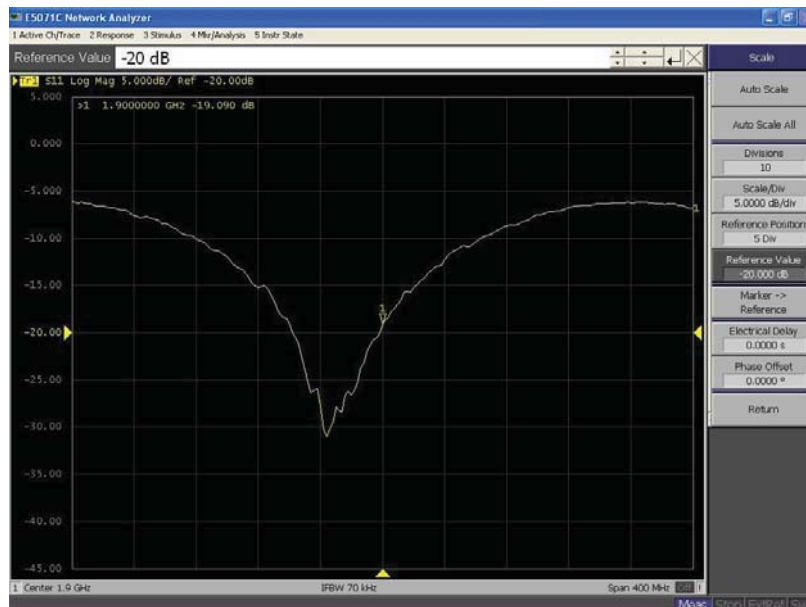


1900 Body

Calibrated impedance: 46.1 Ω ; Measured impedance: 45.692 Ω (within 5 Ω)



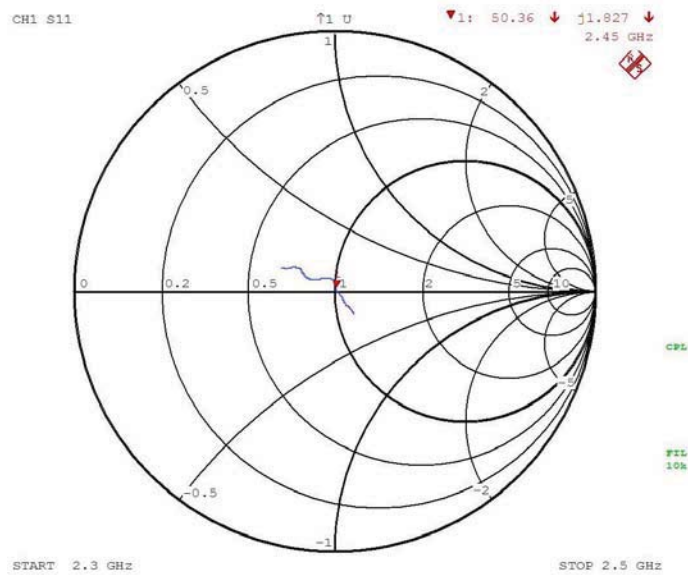
Calibrated return loss: -21.5 dB; Measured impedance: -19.090 dB (within 20%)



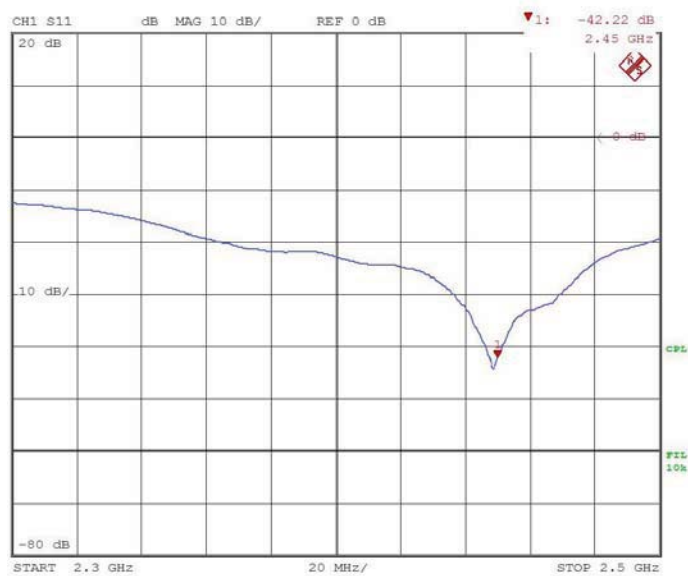
Impedance Plot for D2450V2

2450 Body

Calibrated impedance: 50.0 Ω ; Measured impedance: 50.36 Ω (within 5 Ω)



Calibrated return loss: -40.8 dB; Measured impedance: -42.22 dB (within 20%)



7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±5.5%	N	1	1	1	±5.5%	±5.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.7%	±10.5%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±21.5%	±21.0%	

8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Frame Power (dBm)
Maximum Power <SIM 1>				
GSM850	824.2	31.62	-9	22.62
	836.4	31.80	-9	22.80
	848.8	31.94	-9	22.94
PCS1900	1850.2	26.28	-9	17.28
	1880.0	26.55	-9	17.55
	1909.8	26.73	-9	17.73
GPRS850(2 Slot)	824.2	31.49	-6	25.49
	836.4	31.68	-6	25.68
	848.8	31.82	-6	25.82
GPRS1900(2 Slot)	1850.2	26.20	-6	20.20
	1880.0	26.51	-6	20.51
	1909.8	26.18	-6	20.18
Maximum Power <SIM 2>				
GSM850	836.4	31.79	-9	22.79
PCS1900	1880.0	26.53	-9	17.53
Maximum Power <SIM 3>				
GSM850	836.4	31.78	-9	22.78
PCS1900	1880.0	26.52	-9	17.52

Note: All SAR testing was done in SIM 1.

Wi-Fi output power

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b	01	2412	20.45
	06	2437	20.27
	11	2462	20.09
802.11g	01	2412	20.46
	06	2437	20.49
	11	2462	20.41
802.11n(20MHz)	01	2412	18.79
	06	2437	18.51
	11	2462	18.40

Note: the output power was based on peak detector.

9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

9.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 15mm from the phantom. Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.

9.1.2. Body SAR with Headset

Testing with the headset was performed at the position and channels that resulted in the highest body SAR. This testing was performed with GPRS transmitting with 2 uplink timeslots. This operation mode represents the maximum SAR situation, when downloading data via GPRS and listening to music by headset. SAR without the headset attached was significantly higher than with the headset, and also was verified several times and confirmed, so the final test data shown were the worst case without headset.

In the Body SAR test result table, body-worn means display of device down, body-front means display of device up.

9.1.3. Operation Mode

This is a multislot class 10 device capable of 2 uplink timeslots. During the head SAR test, the device was transmitting with 1 uplink timeslot; during the body SAR test, it was transmitting with 2 uplink timeslots. Additionally, this device doesn't support dual transfer mode (DTM).

The final SAR test was done with continuous transmission setting by RF test tool on the phone.

Evaluation mode: 802.11b, 802.11g.

Additionally, this device doesn't support simultaneous transmission between Wi-Fi and GSM.

9.1.4. Co-located SAR

Reference document: KDB 447498 and KDB 648474, KDB 248227.

WWAN/BT , BT Max peak power is less than Pref and the WWAN SAR value is less than 1.2W/kg , so no Simultaneous SAR needed.

WWAN/WLAN , Sum of WWAN and WLAN SAR is less than 1.6W/kg.

WLAN/BT , BT standalone SAR is not needed caused its power is less than Pref.

Simultaneous SAR is not needed because sum of SAR is less then 1.6 W/kg.

9.1.5. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: mobile phone							
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 1>							
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	22.62	--	--	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	22.80	-0.066	0.314	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	22.94	--	--	1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	22.80	-0.077	0.273	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	22.62	--	--	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	22.80	-0.216	0.317	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	22.94	--	--	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	22.80	-0.076	0.306	1.6
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 2>							
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	22.79	-0.048	0.315	1.6
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 3>							
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	22.78	-0.115	0.291	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.							

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: mobile phone							
Test Mode: GSM850							
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	22.62	--	--	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	22.80	0.038	0.472	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	22.94	--	--	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.4	22.80	-0.090	0.150	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850 2slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	25.49	-0.192	0.758	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	25.68	-0.193	0.986	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	25.82	-0.142	1.130	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.4	25.68	-0.107	0.365	1.6
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	189	836.4	25.68	-0.144	0.757	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.							

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: mobile phone							
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 1>							
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	17.28	--	--	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.55	0.101	0.382	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	17.73	--	--	1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.55	0.105	0.422	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	17.28	--	--	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.55	0.178	0.412	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	17.73	--	--	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.55	0.105	0.424	1.6
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 2>							
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.53	0.113	0.371	1.6
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 3>							
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.52	0.128	0.403	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.							

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: mobile phone							
Test Mode: PCS1900							
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	17.28	--	--	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.55	0.251	0.178	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	17.73	--	--	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	17.55	0.072	0.110	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900 2slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	20.20	--	--	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.51	0.192	0.293	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	20.18	--	--	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.51	-0.106	0.234	1.6
Body-worn (With Headset)	Fixed	661	1880.0	20.51	-0.169	0.222	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.							

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: GSM Mobile Phone							
Test Mode: 802.11g							
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Body-worn	Fixed	6	2437	20.49	-0.170	0.012	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	6	2437	20.49	0.187	0.004	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.							

Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

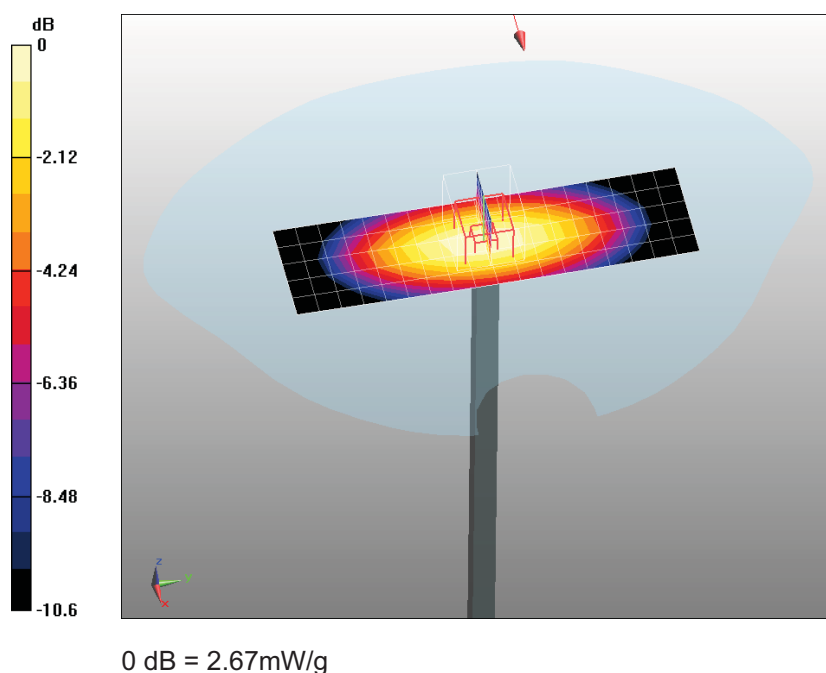
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Area Scan (6x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 mW/g



Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

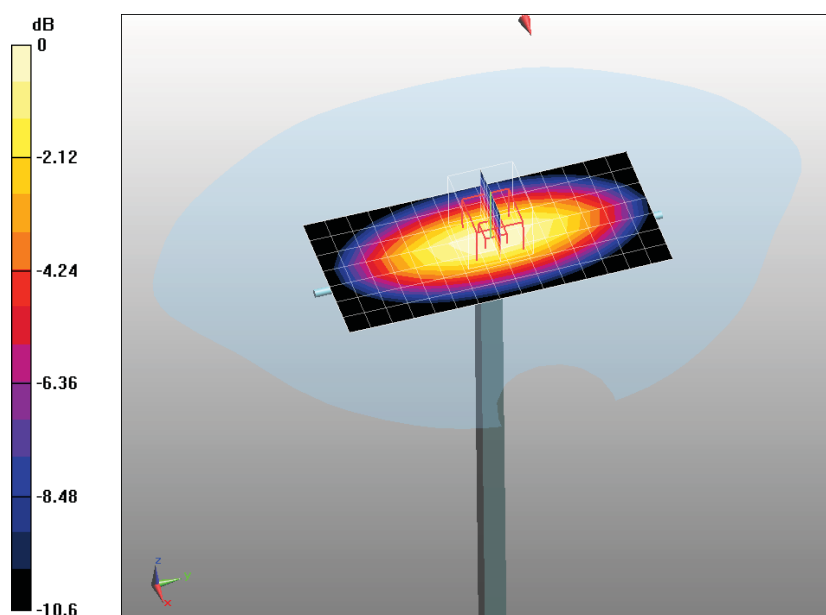
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Area Scan (8x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$, Reference Value = 51.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g


0 dB = 2.64mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

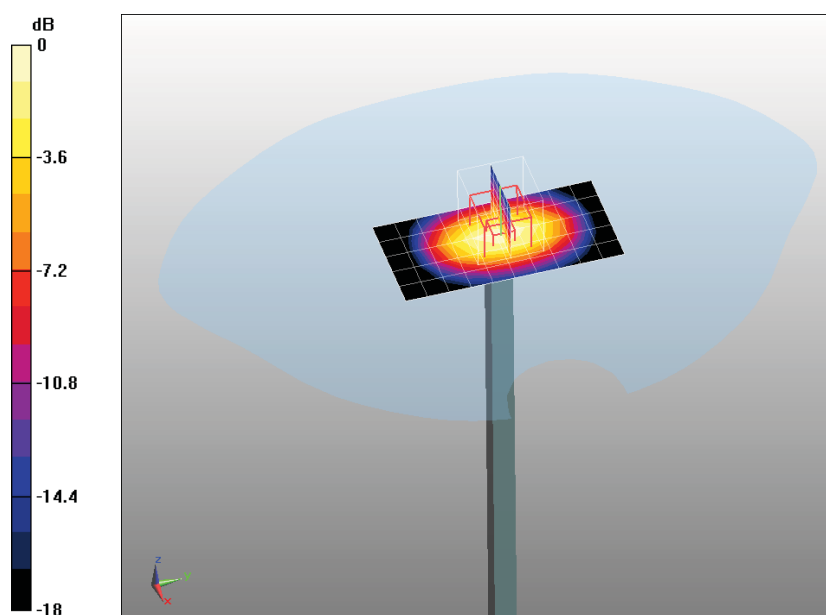
Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Area Scan (6X85x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 88.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



0 dB = 11.9mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

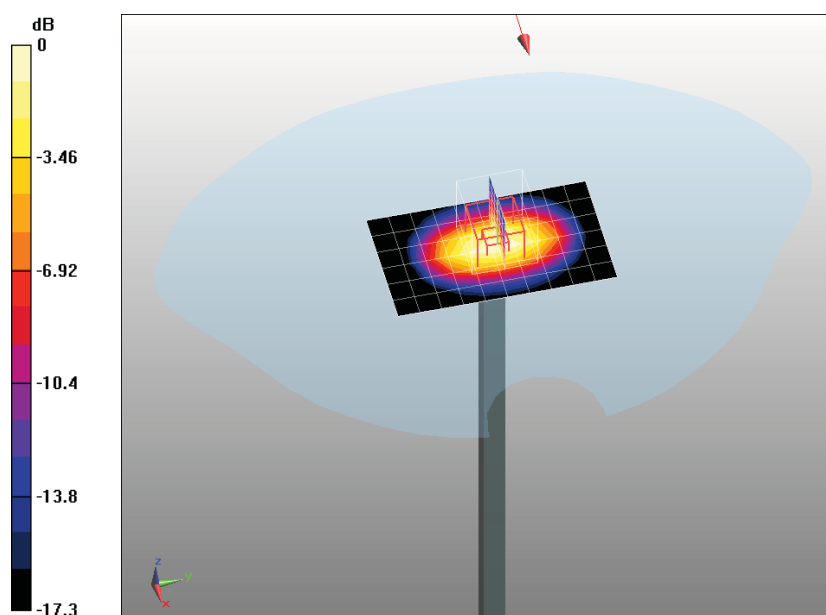
Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Area Scan (7X85x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 84.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.84 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g



0 dB = 11.1mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 2450MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1;

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

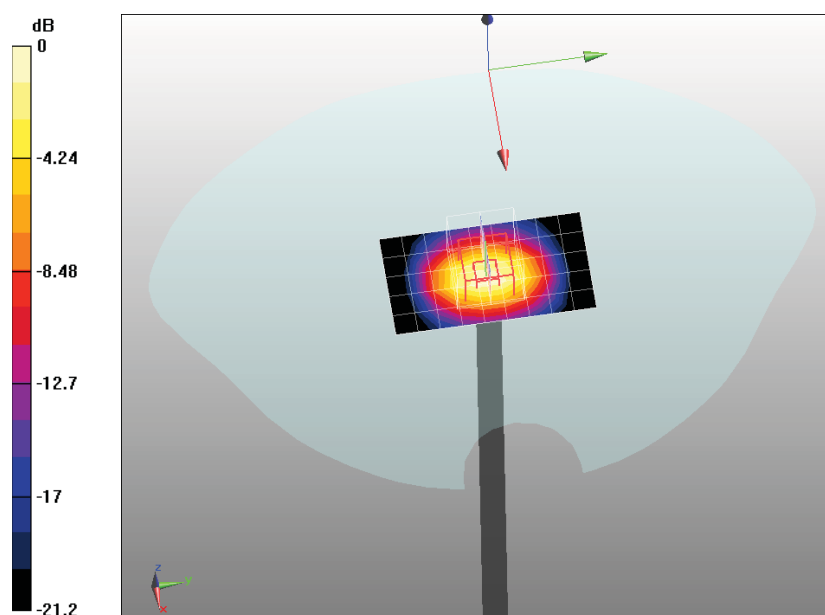
Configuration/Body 2450MHz/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g

Configuration/Body 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 85.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.142 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 mW/g



0 dB = 14.5mW/g

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

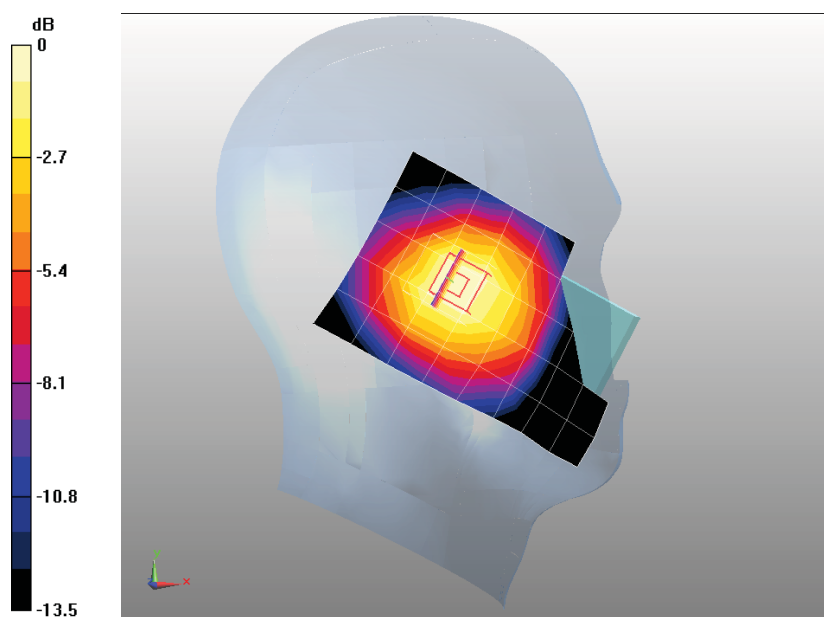
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.298 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.428 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 mW/g



0 dB = 0.336mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

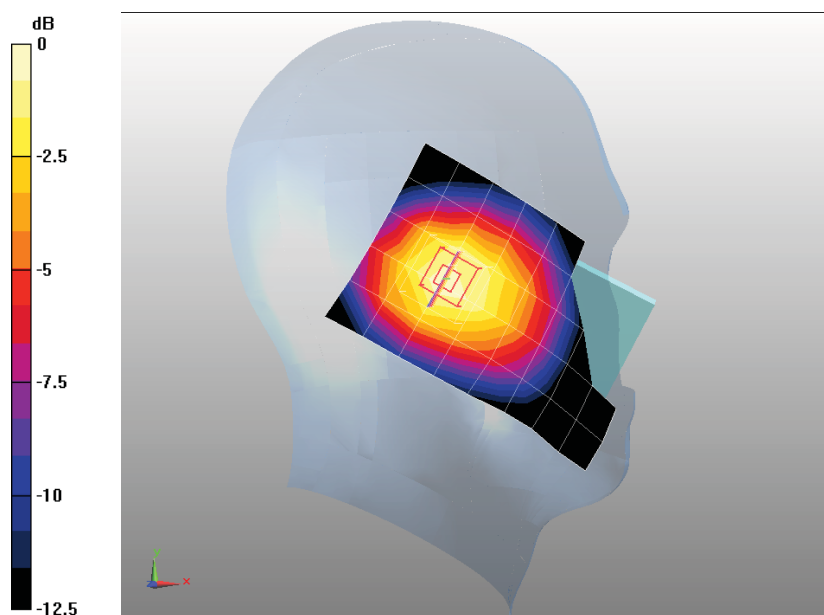
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 mW/g



0 dB = 0.292mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

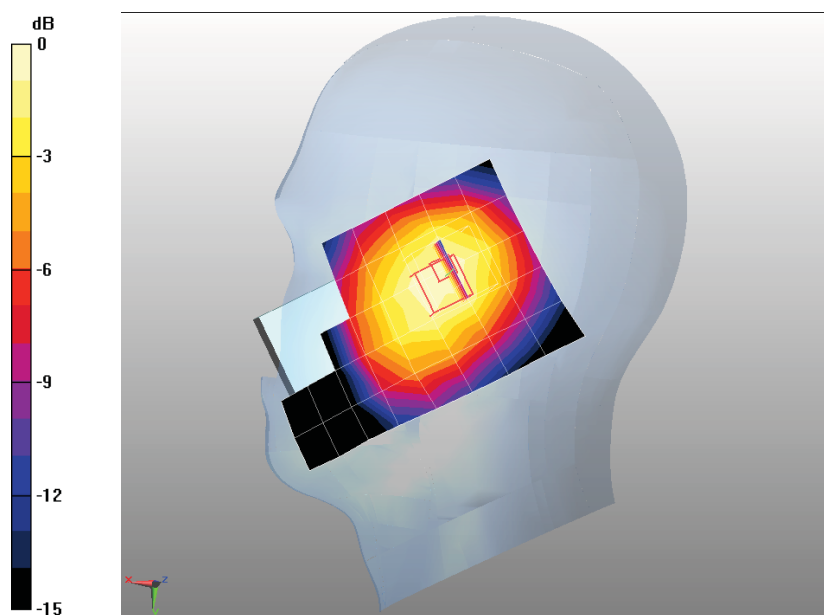
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.116 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.317 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 mW/g


0 dB = 0.337mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

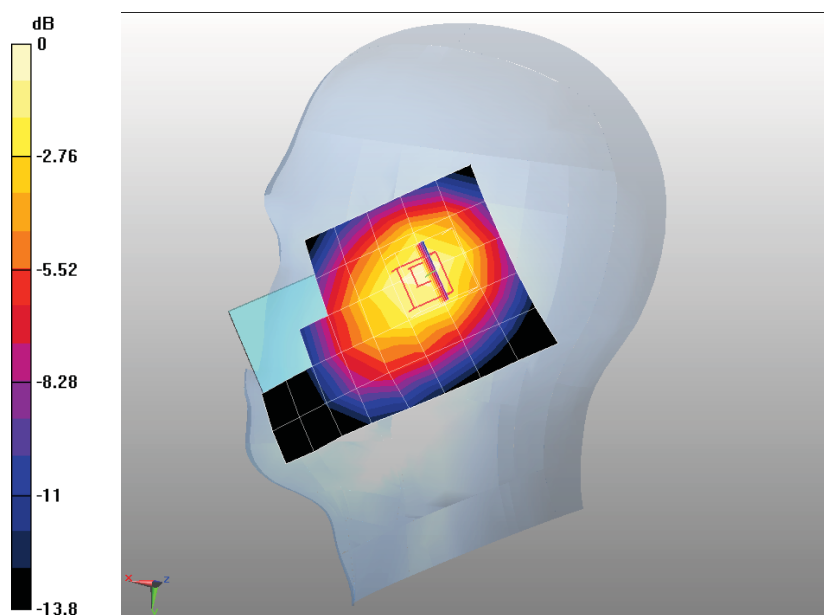
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.322 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.501 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.204 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 mW/g



0 dB = 0.328mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Right <SIM 2>

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

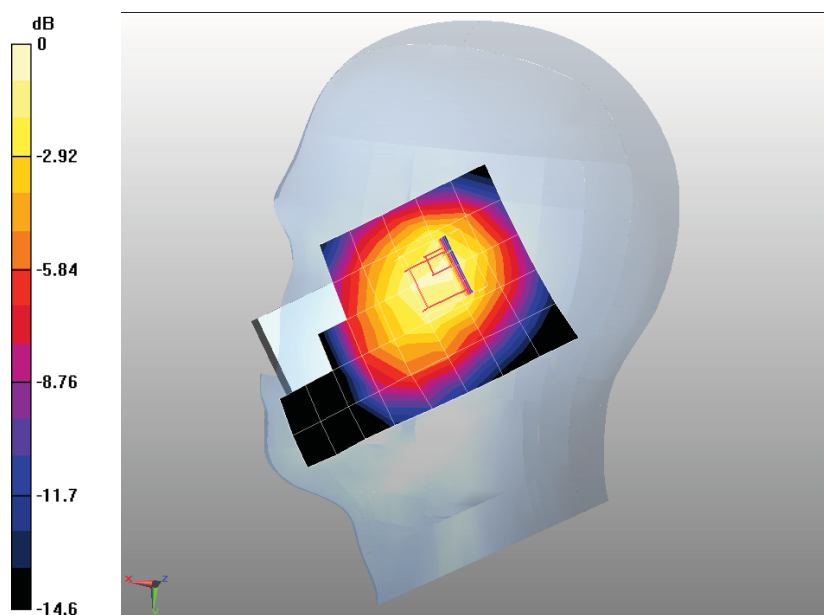
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.620 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.315 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 mW/g



0 dB = 0.339mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Touch-Right <SIM 3>

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.843, 4.303, 4.435); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

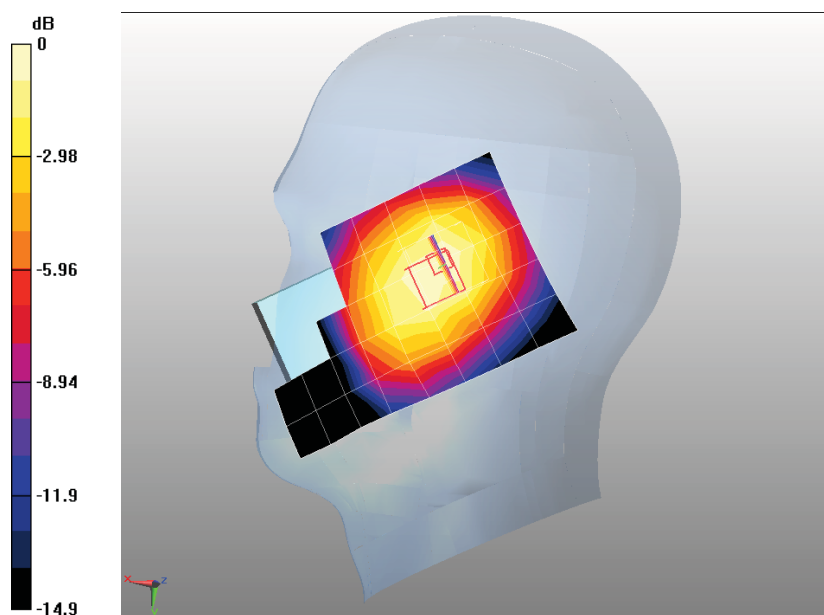
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.301 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.115 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.291 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 mW/g



0 dB = 0.309mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Back

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

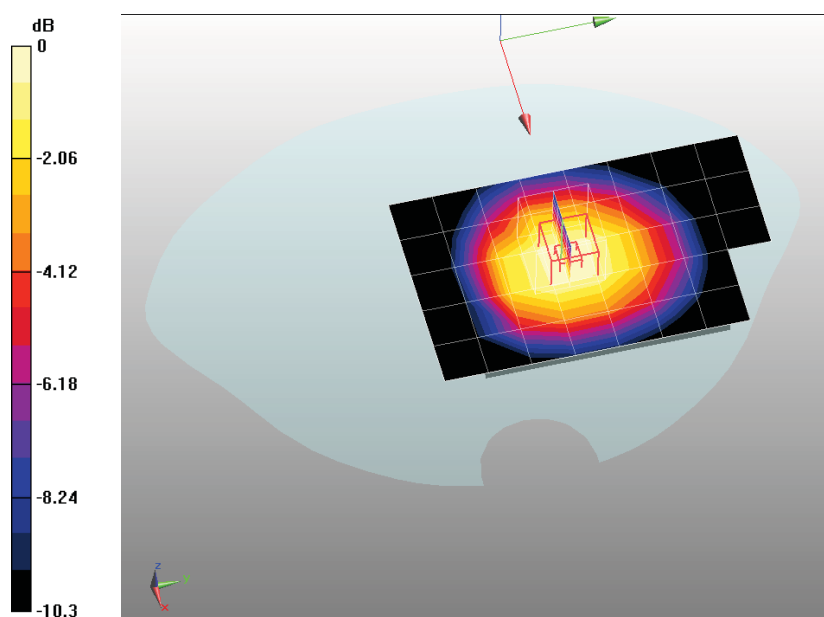
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.472 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g



0 dB = 0.495mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Front

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

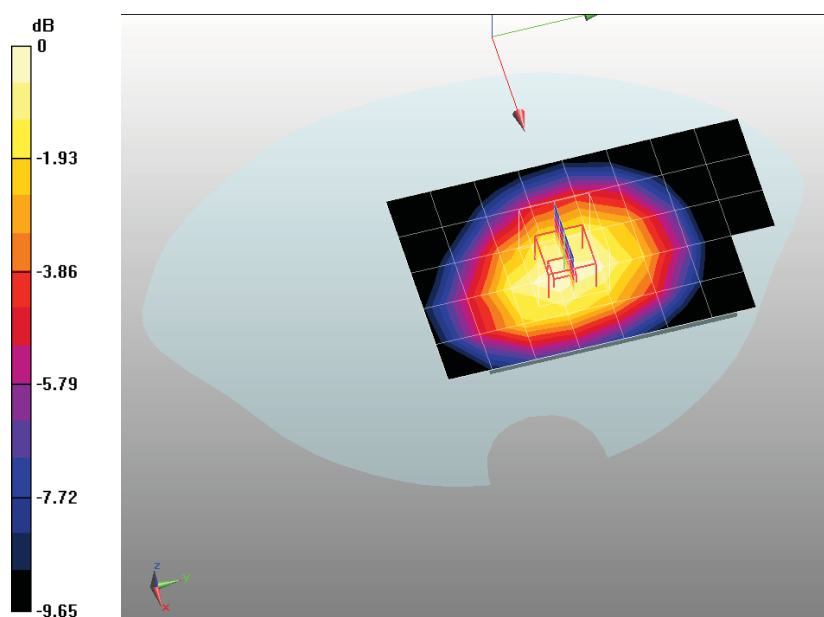
Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.159 mW/g

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.210 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g



0 dB = 0.158mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Low Body-Back(2up)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

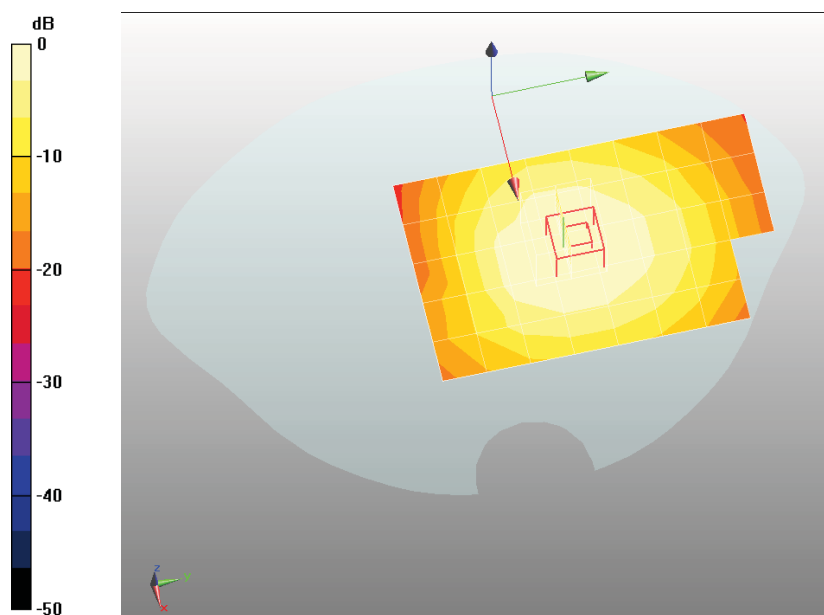
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.730 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.192 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.758 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.548 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.784 mW/g



0 dB = 0.784mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

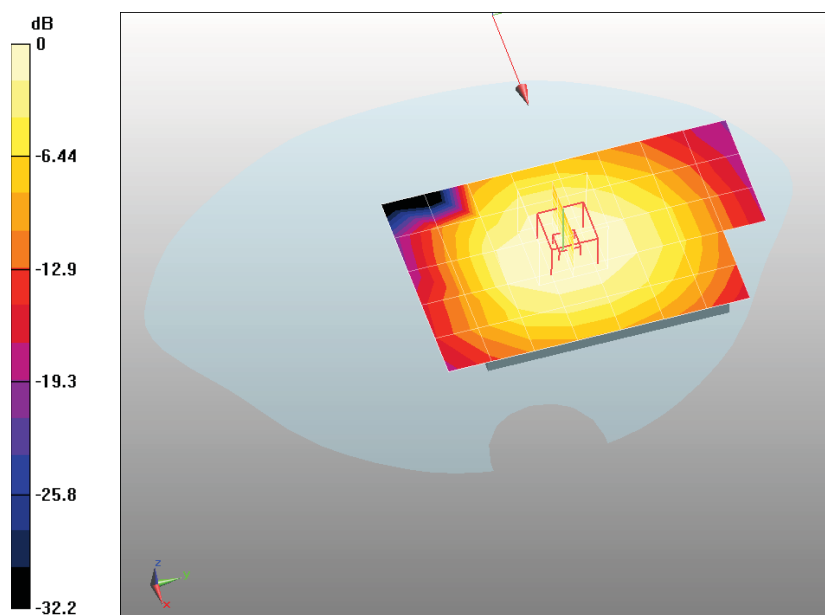
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.984 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.986 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.712 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



0 dB = 1.04mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 High Body-Back(2up)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 High Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

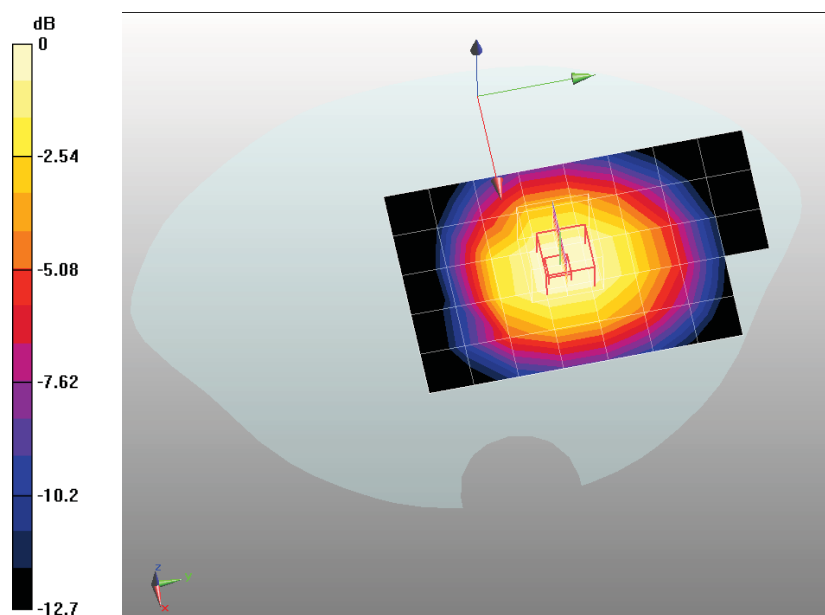
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 19.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.142 dB

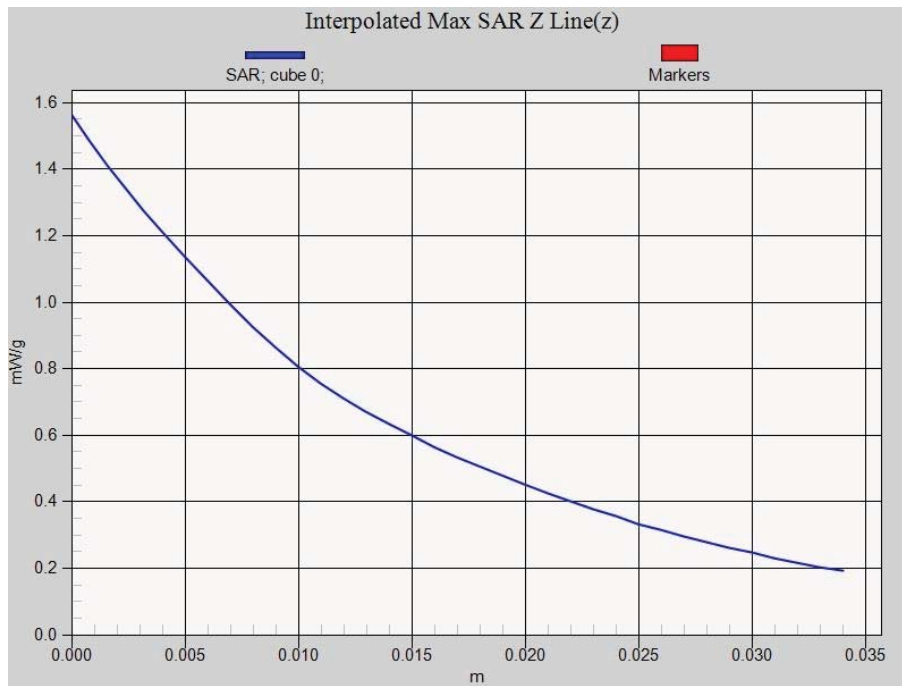
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.808 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g



0 dB = 1.18mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Front(2up)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

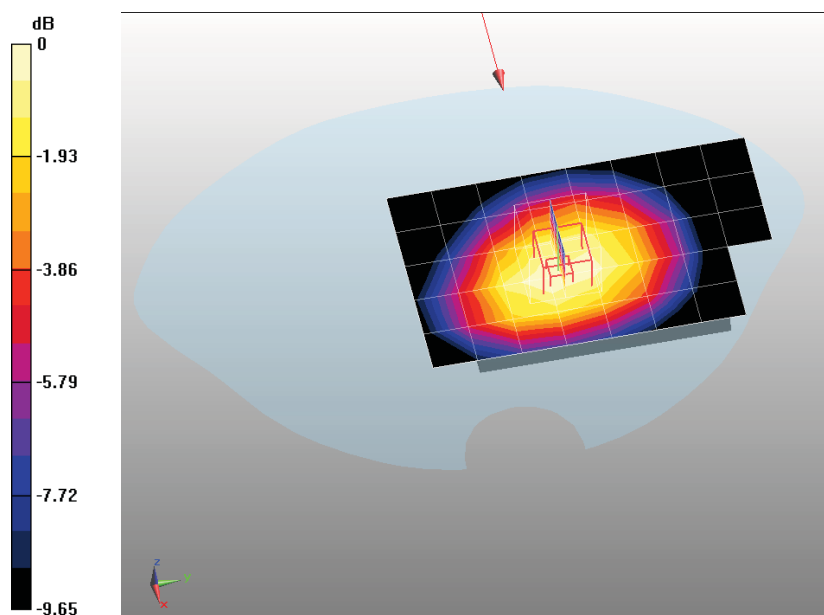
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.107 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 mW/g



0 dB = 0.383mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Back(2up) (With Headset)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.438, 4.985, 5.123); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

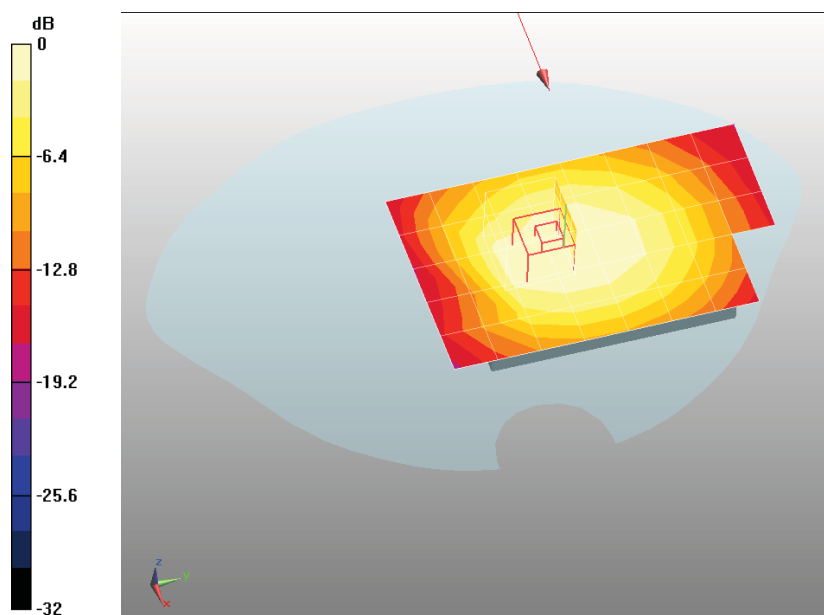
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.740 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 17.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.757 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.765 mW/g



0 dB = 0.765mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS 1900 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

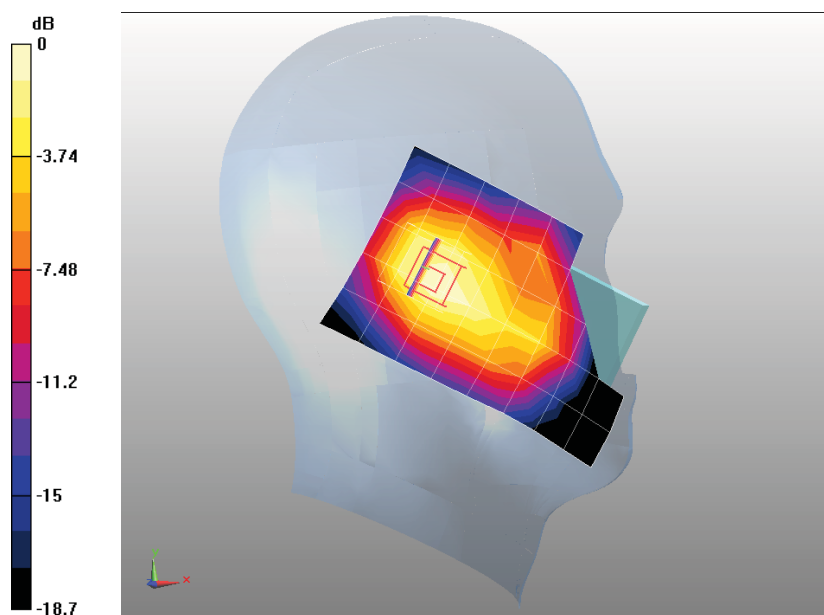
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.382 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.401 mW/g



0 dB = 0.401mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS 1900 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

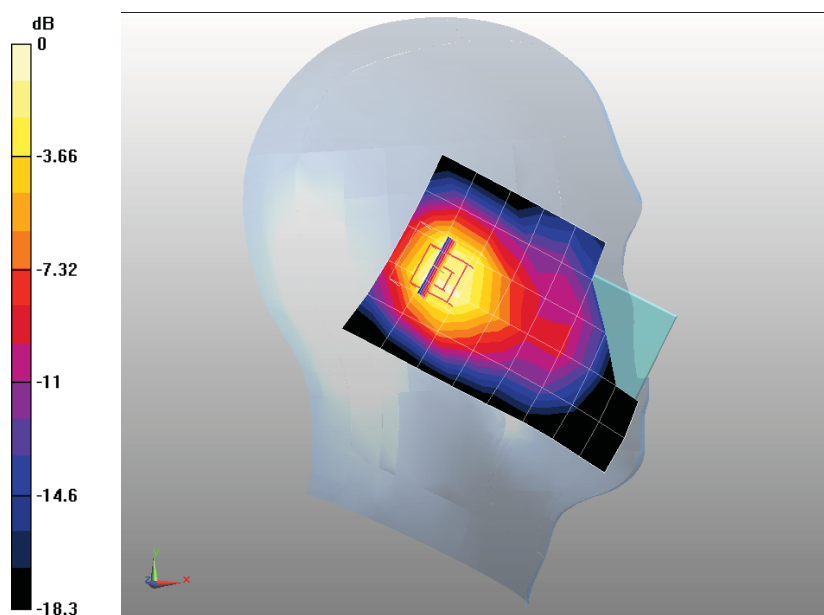
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.717 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.451 mW/g



0 dB = 0.451mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS 1900 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

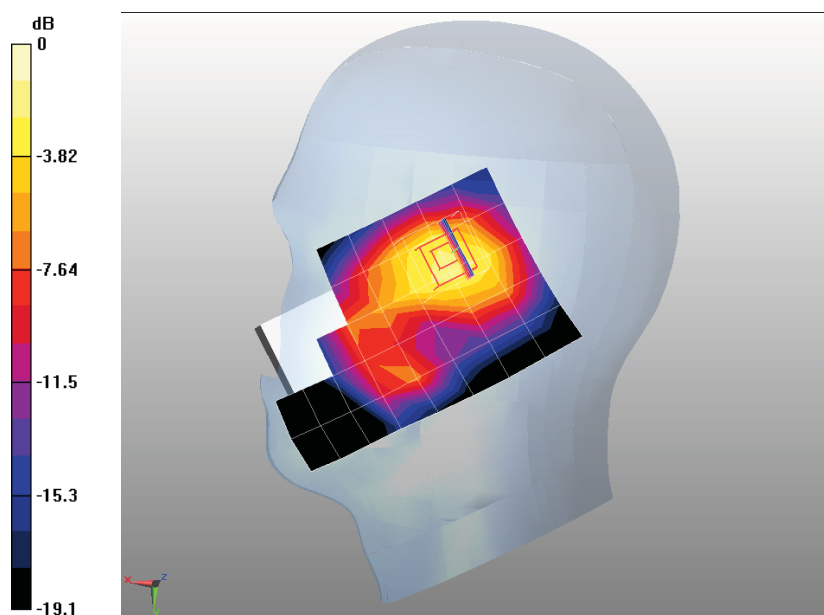
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.178 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.793 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 mW/g



0 dB = 0.458mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS 1900 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

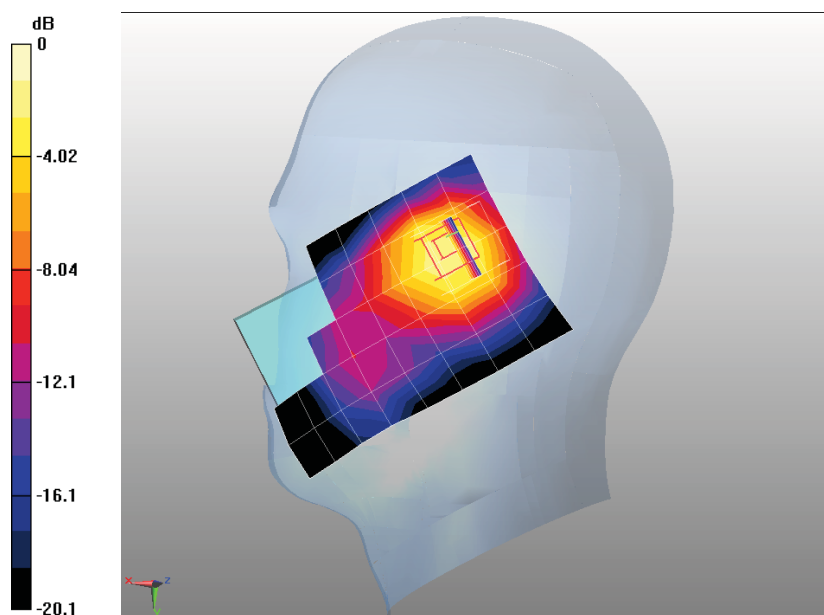
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

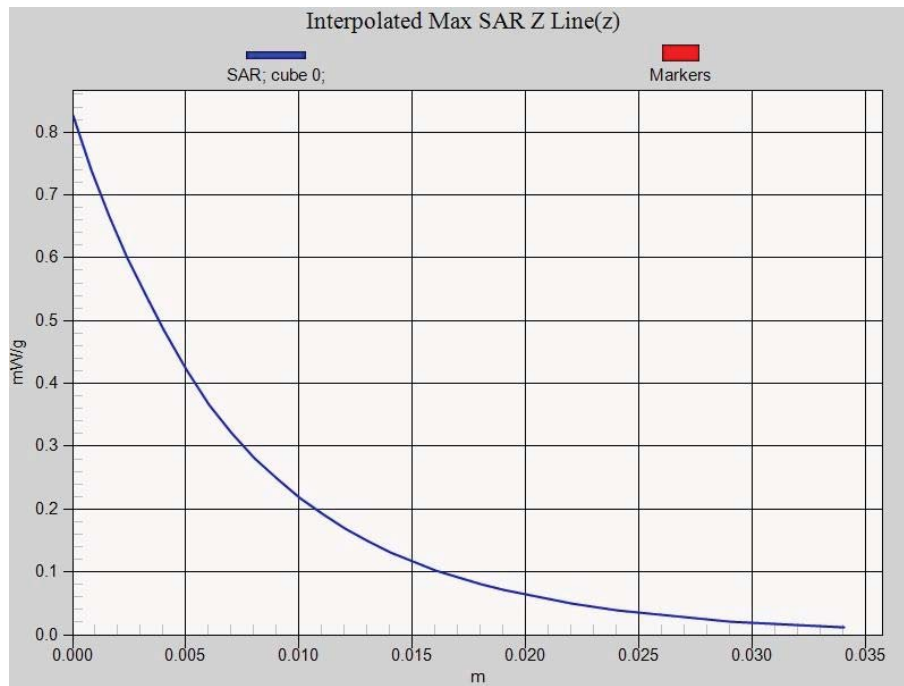
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.826 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.424 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 mW/g



0 dB = 0.457mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS 1900 Mid Tilt-Right <SIM 2>

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

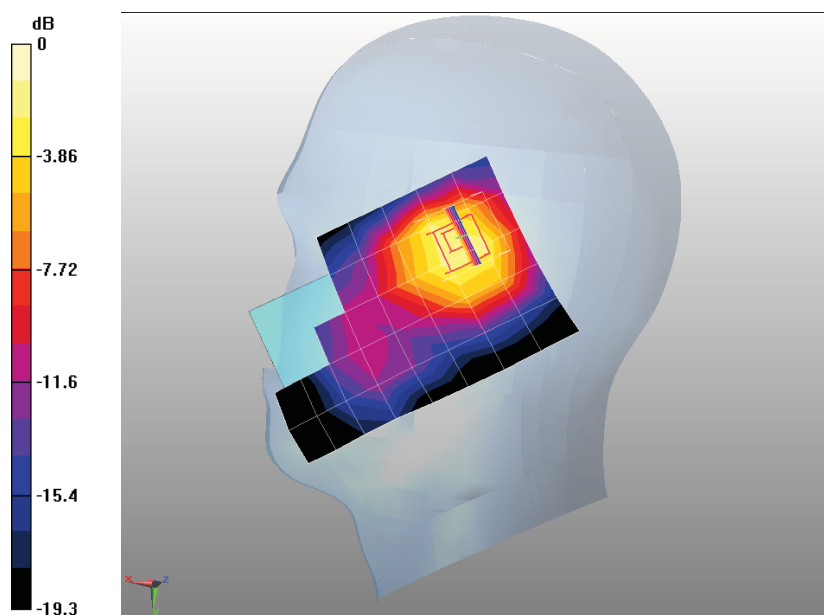
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.691 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g



0 dB = 0.415mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS 1900 Mid Tilt-Right <SIM 3>

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.609, 4.015, 4.146); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

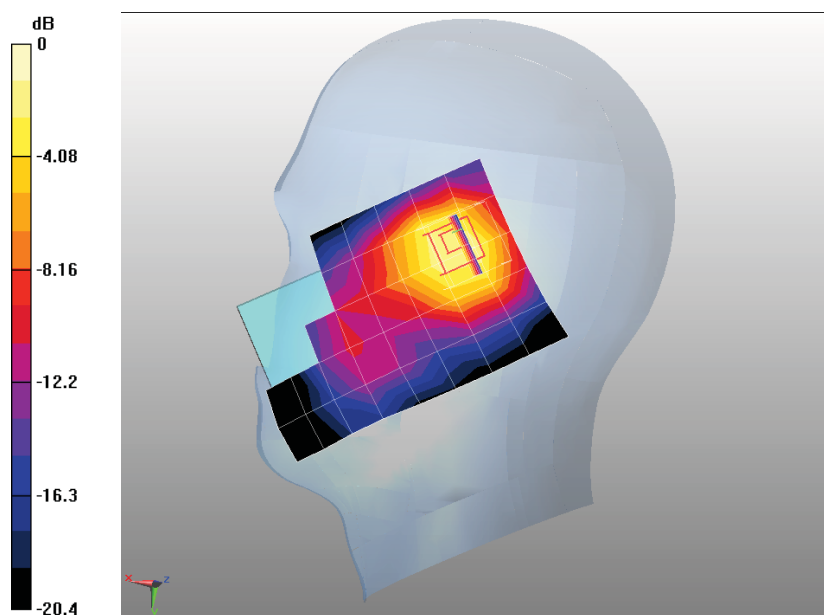
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.128 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.774 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.403 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 mW/g



0 dB = 0.439mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Back

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

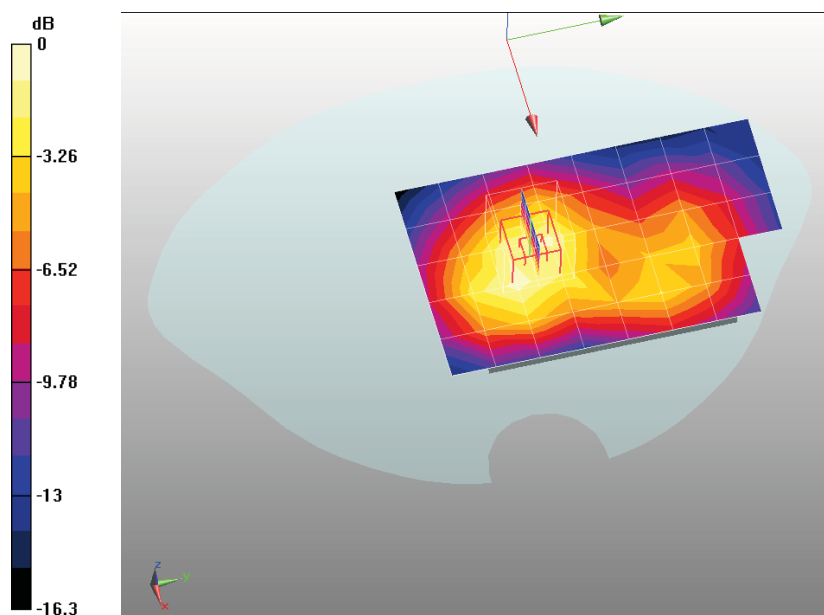
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.170 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.151 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 mW/g



0 dB = 0.194mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Front

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

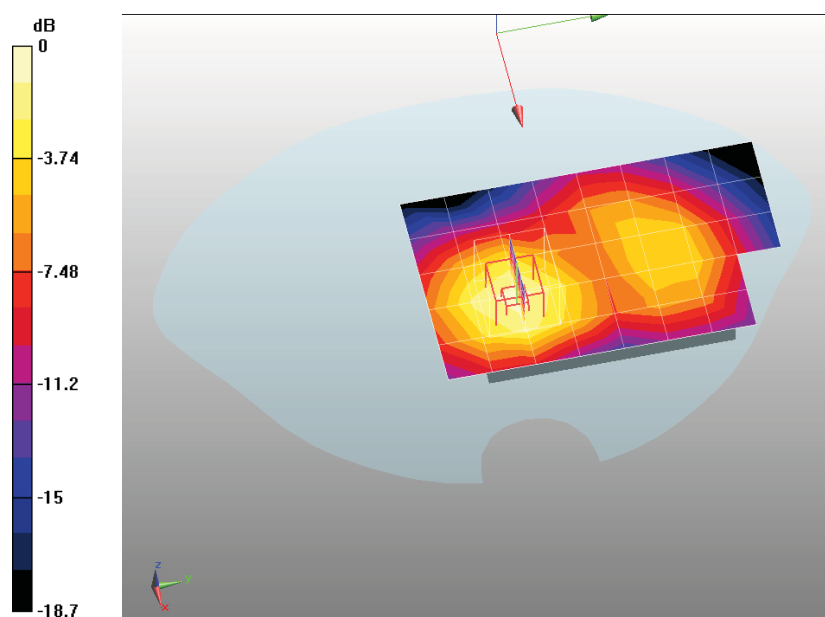
Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.072 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.183 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g



0 dB = 0.120mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

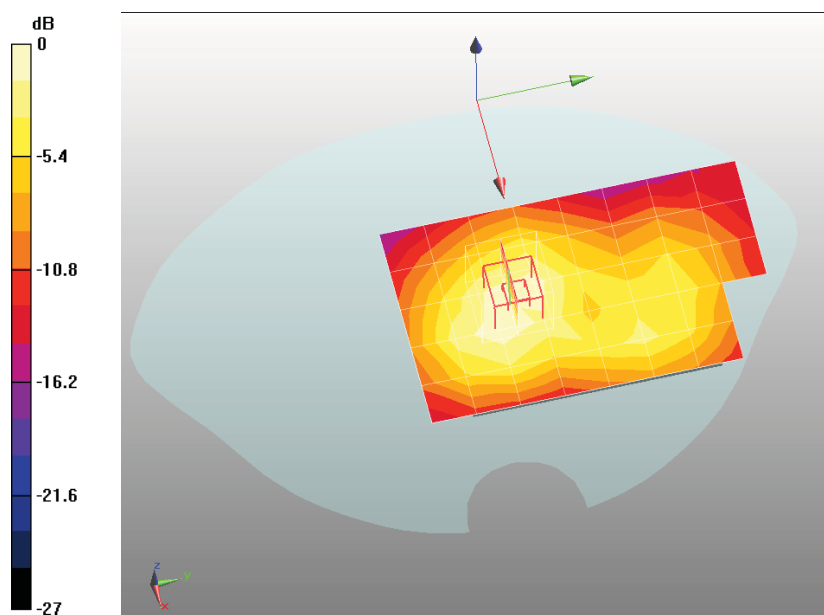
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.192 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.483 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.293 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 mW/g



0 dB = 0.310mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front(2up)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

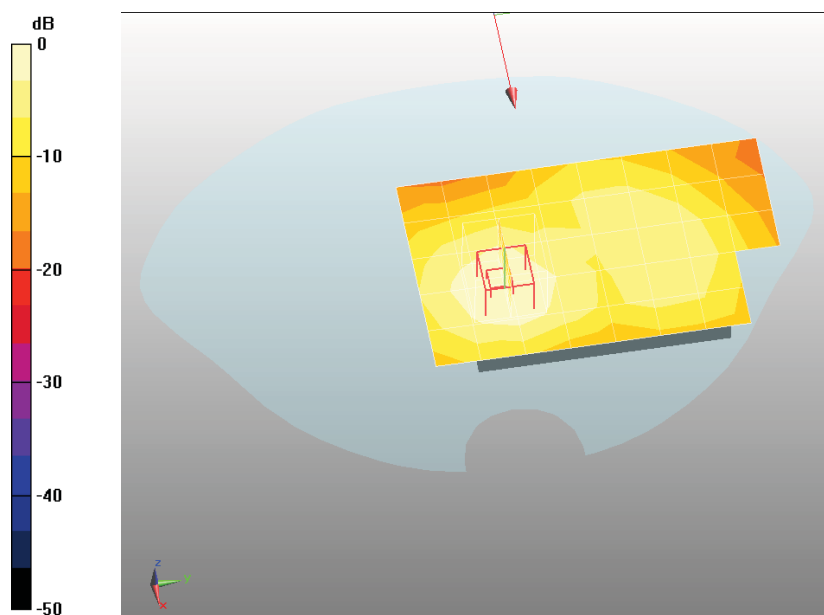
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.587 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.234 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 mW/g



0 dB = 0.230mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up) (With Headset)

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: GPRS/EGPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 ;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(4.193, 4.677, 4.833); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

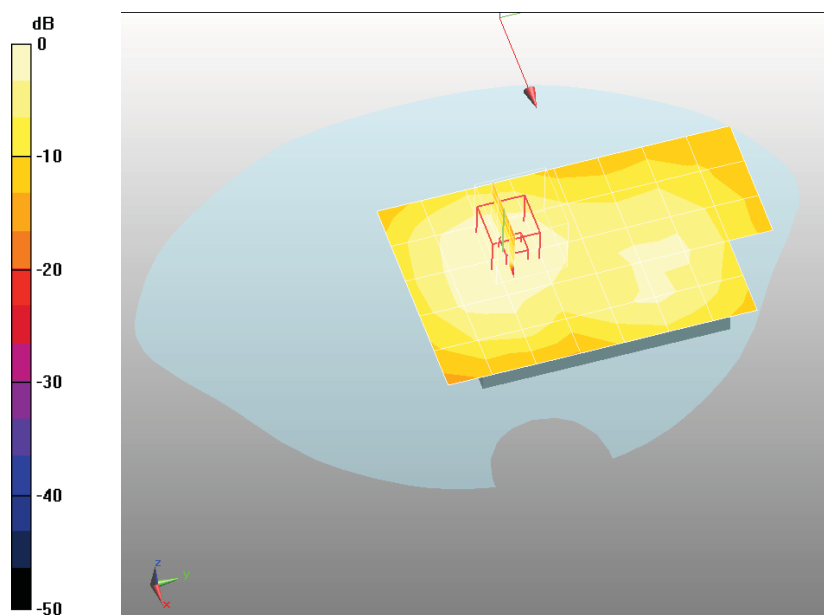
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.169 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.548 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 mW/g



0 dB = 0.210mW/g

Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11g 2437MHz Body-Back

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.702, 4.126, 4.265); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

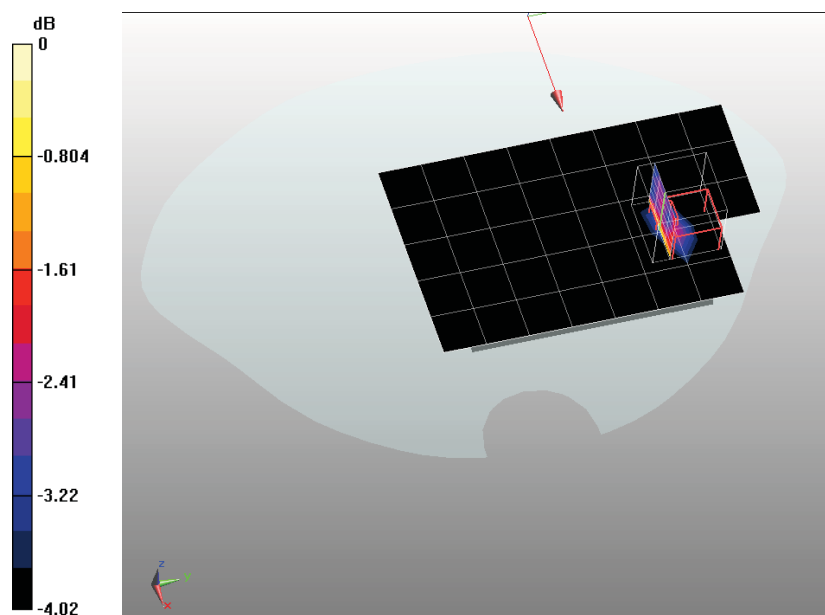
Configuration/802.11g Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00755 mW/g

Configuration/802.11g Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.377 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

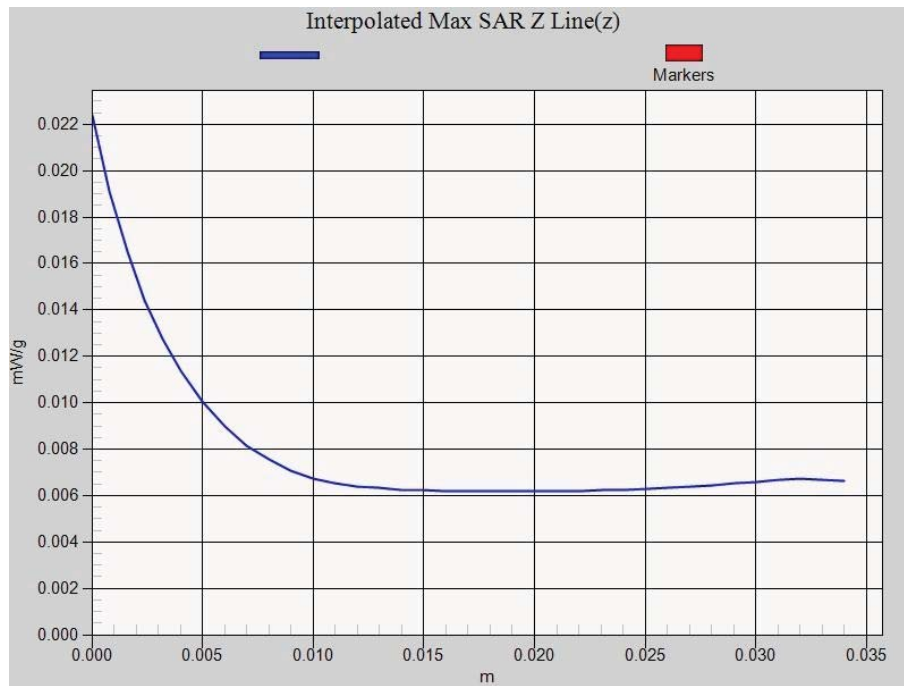
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.022 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0091 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g



0 dB = 0.012mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 06-07-2011

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

802.11g 2437MHz Body-Front

DUT: mobile phone ; Type: X85

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(3.702, 4.126, 4.265); Calibrated: 25/02/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 03/12/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

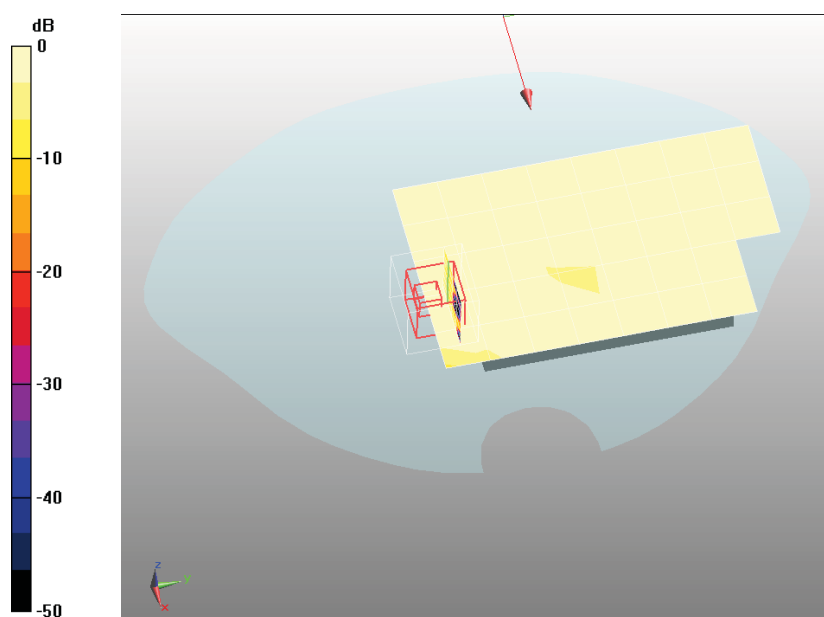
Configuration/802.11g Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.005 mW/g

Configuration/802.11g Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 0.467 V/m; Power Drift = 0.187 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.019 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.004 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.002 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.004 mW/g



0 dB = 0.004mW/g

Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

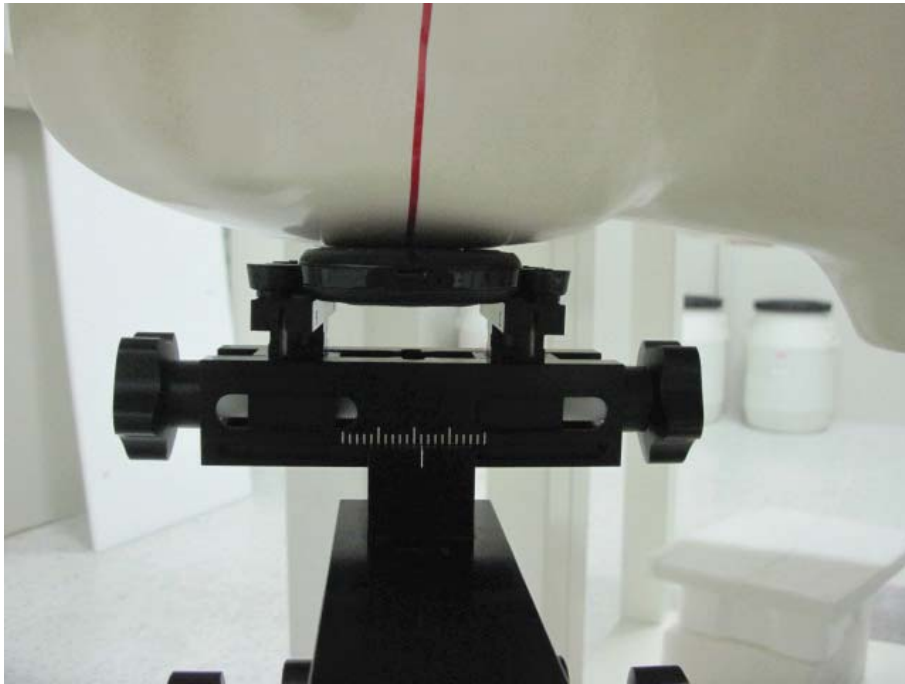
Test Setup Photographs



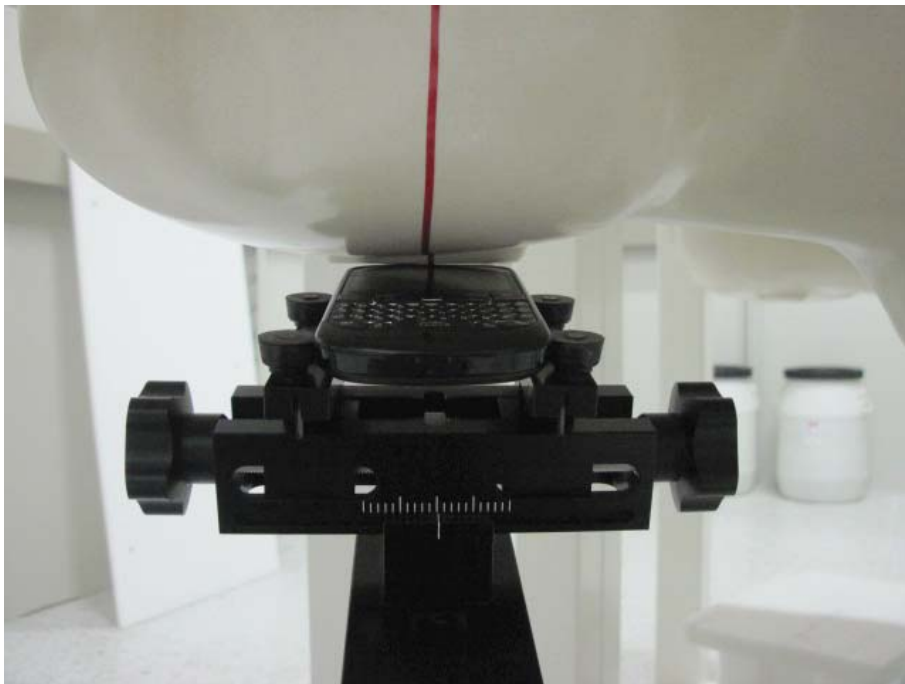
Left-Cheek Touch



Left-Tilt 15°



Right-Cheek Touch



Right-Tilt 15°



Body SAR Back 15mm



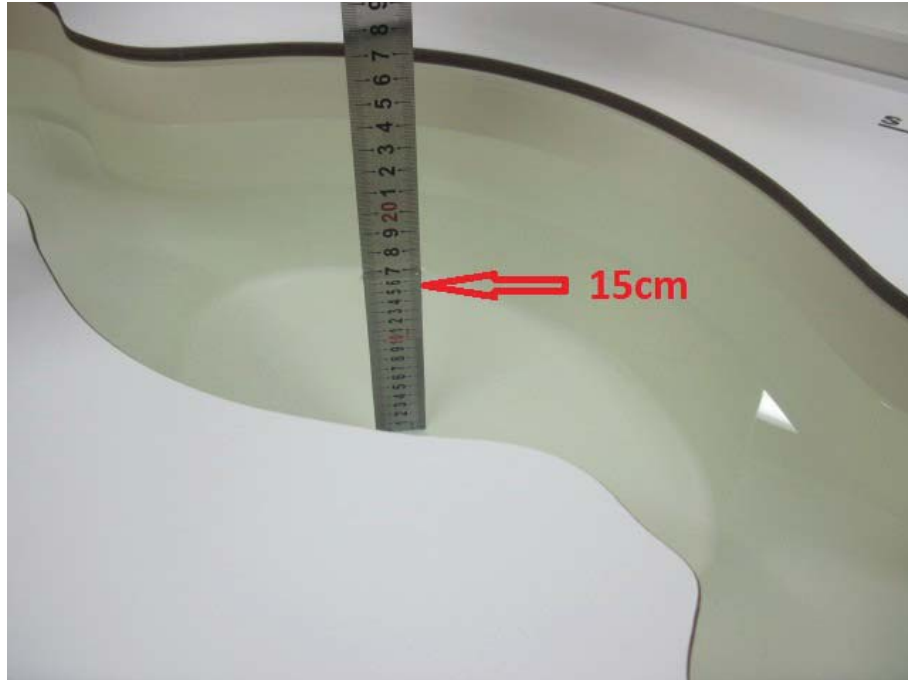
Body SAR Front 15mm



Body SAR Back 15mm with Headset

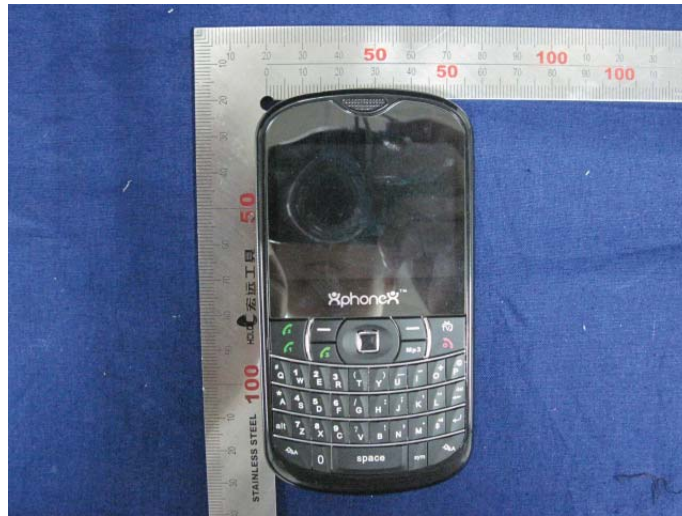
Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in

Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003



EUT Photographs

(1) EUT Photo



(2) EUT Photo



(3) EUT Photo

