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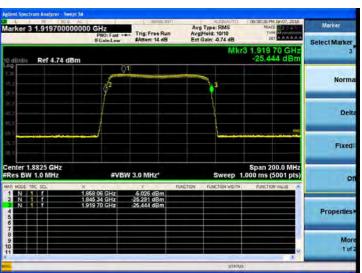
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[PCS1900 Band Downlink]

[PCS1900 Band Band Uplink]





[WCS Band Downlink_]

[WCS Band Uplink]







9. SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

FCC Rules

Test Requirement(s):

§ 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§ 22.917 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Cellular Radiotelephone Service.

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.
- (d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

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§ 24.238 Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

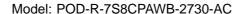
- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.
- (d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.



§ 27.53 Emission limits

- (c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:
 - (1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;
 - (2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB;
 - (3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 76 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
 - (4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 65 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
 - (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
 - (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.
- (f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to −70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and −80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.
- (g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

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(m) For BRS and EBS stations, the power of any emissions outside the licensee's frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts in accordance with the standards below. If a licensee has multiple contiguous channels, out-ofband emissions shall be measured from the upper and lower edges of the contiguous channels.

(2) For digital base stations, the attenuation shall be not less than 43 +10 log (P) dB, unless a documented interference complaint is received from an adjacent channel licensee with an overlapping Geographic Service Area. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS No. 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees. Provided that a documented interference complaint cannot be mutually resolved between the parties prior to the applicable deadline, then the following additional attenuation requirements shall apply:

(i) If a pre-existing base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a new or modified base station located 1.5 km or more away, within 24 hours of the receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block and shall immediately notify the complaining licensee upon implementation of the additional attenuation. No later than 60 days after the implementation of such additional attenuation, the licensee of the complaining base station must attenuate its base station emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.

(ii) If a pre-existing base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a new or modified base station located less than 1.5 km away, within 24 hours of receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P)-20 log (Dkm/1.5) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the complaining licensee, or if both base stations are co-located, limit its undesired signal level at the pre-existing base station receiver(s) to no more than -107 dBm measured in a 5.5 megahertz bandwidth and shall immediately notify the complaining licensee upon such reduction in the undesired signal level. No later than 60 days after such reduction in the undesired signal level, the complaining licensee must attenuate its base station emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.

(iii) If a new or modified base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a pre-existing base station located 1.5 km or more away, within 60 days of receipt of a documented interference complaint the licensee of each base station must attenuate its



base station emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the other licensee.

- (iv) If a new or modified base station suffers harmful interference from emissions caused by a pre-existing base station located less than 1.5 km away, within 60 days of receipt of a documented interference complaint: (a) The licensee of the new or modified base station must attenuate its OOBE by at least 67 +10 log (P)-20 log (Dkm/1.5) measured 3 megahertz above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the other licensee, or if the base stations are co-located, limit its undesired signal level at the other base station receiver(s) to no more than -107 dBm measured in a 5.5-megahertz bandwidth; and (b) the licensee causing the interference must attenuate its emissions by at least 67 +10 log (P) dB measured at 3 megahertz, above or below, from the channel edge of its frequency block of the new or modified base station.
- (v) For all fixed digital user stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than 43 +10 log (P) dB at the channel edge.
- (4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than 40 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less that 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.
- (h) *AWS emission limits*—(1) *General protection levels.* Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (P) dB.

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(3) Measurement procedure. (i) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Procedures: Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.5.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01.

1. General

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

Out-of-band/block emissions (including intermodulation products) shall be measured under each of the following two stimulus conditions:

- a) two adjacent test signals sequentially tuned to the lower and upper frequency band/block edges;
- b) a single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest frequencies or channels within the frequency band/block under examination.

NOTE—Single channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband, can be excluded from the test stipulated in step a).

- 2. EUT out-of-band/block emissions conducted measurement
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

NOTE—If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support the two-tone test.

- b) Set the signal generator to produce two AWGN signals as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW).
- c) Set the center frequencies such that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper edge of the frequency band or block of interest.
- d) Set the composite power levels such that the input signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the procedures provided in KDB Publication 971168, but it will be necessary to expand the power integration bandwidth so as to include both of the transmit

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- channels. Alternatively, the composite power can be measured using an average power meter as described in KDB Publication 971168.
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 1 % of the emission bandwidth, 100 kHz, or 1 MHz)
- g) Set the VBW = $3 \times RBW$.
- h) Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.
- i) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- j) Set the analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively.
- k) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- I) Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.
- m) Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.
- n) Repeat the procedure with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- o) Reset the input signals frequencies to the lower edge of the frequency block or band under examination.
- p) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz, or 3 MHz (for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively), and the stop frequency to the lower band or block edge frequency.
- q) Repeat steps k) to n).
- r) Repeat steps a) to q) with the signal generator configured for a single test signal tuned as close as possible to the block edges.
- s) Repeat steps a) to r) with the narrowband test signal.
- t) Repeat steps a) to s) for all authorized frequency bands or blocks used by the EUT.
- 3. EUT spurious emissions conducted measurement
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Set the signal generator to produce the broadband test signal as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW AWGN).
- c) Set the center frequency of the test signal to the lowest available channel within the frequency band or block.
- d) Set the EUT input power to a level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.

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- f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band of operation (e.g., reference bandwidth is typically 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
- g) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- i) Set the analyzer start frequency to the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part.

NOTE—The number of measurement points in each sweep must be \geq (2 x span/RBW) which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.

- j) Select the power averaging (rms) detector function.
- k) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- I) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- m) Reset the analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the analyzer stop frequency to 10 times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission (see §2.1057). Note that the number of measurement points in each sweep must be \geq (2 x span/RBW) which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- n) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- o) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report and provide tabular data, if required.
- p) Repeat the procedure with the input test signals tuned to a middle band/block frequency/channel and then a high band/block frequency/channel.
- q) Repeat entire procedure with the narrowband test signal.
- r) Repeat for all authorized frequency bands/blocks used by the EUT.

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Report No.: HCT-R-1602-F006-1

IC Rules

Test Requirement(s): RSS-132 5.5

Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- i. In the first 1.0 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1% of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10p (watts).
- ii. After the first 1.0 MHz immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10 p (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kHz is required.

Test Requirement(s): SRSP-510 5.2

When the transmit antenna operates outdoors, the emission in any 1 MHz bandwidth between 1920.1 MHz and 1929.9 MHz shall not exceed -24 dBW e.i.r.p. Power measurement using a spectrum analyzer of smaller bandwidth and with numerical integration is also allowed.

5.2.2 Indoor Operation

When the transmit antenna operates indoors, the emission in any 1 MHz bandwidth between 1920.1 MHz and 1929.9 MHz shall not exceed -50 dBW e.i.r.p. Power measurement using a spectrum analyzer of smaller bandwidth and with numerical integration is also allowed

Test Requirement(s): RSS-139 6.6

- i. In the first 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, SRSP-513 which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10 p (watts) dB.
- ii. After the first 1.0 MHz outside the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10 p (watts) dB.

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Test Requirement(s): RSS-199 4.6

In the 1 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the channel edge, the unwanted emission power shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth for base station and fixed subscriber equipment and 2% for mobile subscriber equipment. Beyond the 1 MHz band, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz shall be used. A narrower resolution bandwidth is allowed to be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz or 1%/2% of the

Equipment shall comply with the following unwanted emissions limits:

a. For base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least 43 + 10 log10 p

Test Requirement(s): RSS-195 5.6

occupied bandwidth, as applicable.

The transmitter unwanted emissions shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A smaller resolution bandwidth is permitted provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately adjacent to the edges of the frequency range(s) in which the equipment is allowed to operate, a resolution bandwidth of as close as possible to, without being less than 1% of the occupied bandwidth, shall be employed provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz.

5.6.1 Base Station, Fixed Station and High-Power Fixed Subscriber Equipment
The power of any emission outside the frequency range(s) in which the equipment operates
shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P(dBW), by the amount indicated in Table 1
and graphically represented in Figure 1, where p is the transmitter output power measured in
watts.

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Table 1 — Unwanted Emissions for Base Station, Fixed Station and High-Power Fixed Subscriber Equipment		
Frequency (MHz)	Attenuation (dB)	
<2200	43 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2200 - 2285	75 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2285 - 2287.5	72 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2287.5 - 2300	70 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2300 - 2305	43 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2305 - 2320	43 + 10 log ₁₀ (p) Note	
2320 - 2345	75 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2345 - 2360	43 + 10 log ₁₀ (p) Note	
2360 - 2362.5	43 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2362.5 - 2365	55 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2365 - 2367.5	70 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2367.5 - 2370	72 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
2370 - 2395	75 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	
>2395	43 + 10 log ₁₀ (p)	

Test Requirement(s): RSS-199 4.6

In the 1 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the channel edge, the unwanted emission power shall be measured with a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth for base station and fixed subscriber equipment and 2% for mobile subscriber equipment. Beyond the 1 MHz band, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz shall be used. A narrower resolution bandwidth is allowed to be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth of 1 MHz or 1%/2% of the occupied bandwidth, as applicable.

Equipment shall comply with the following unwanted emissions limits:

a. For base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least 43 + 10 log10 p





Test Requirement(s): RSS-131 6.4

Spurious emissions of zone enhancers and translators shall be suppressed as much as possible.

Spurious emissions shall be attenuated below the rated power of the enhancer by at least:

43 + 10 Log10(Prated in watts), or 70 dB, whichever is less stringent.

Note: If the minimum standard is not met, check to see if the input signal generators have a high harmonic content.

Test Procedures: RSS-131 4.4 4.4.1 Multi-channel Enhancer

The spurious emissions of the equipment under test shall be measured using the two-tone method in section 4.3.1, with the two tones Po1 and Po2 set to the required levels.

Using a spectrum analyser with a resolution bandwidth set at 100 kHz, search for spurious emissions from 30 MHz to at least 5 times the highest RF passband frequency. The search may omit the band that contains the test tones and intermodulation products.

4.4.2 Single channel Enhancer

The enhancer shall be operated as described in section 4.3.2 during the search for spurious emissions.

Using a spectrum analyser with a resolution bandwidth set at 100 kHz, search for spurious emissions from 30 MHz to at least 5 times the highest RF passband frequency. The search may omit the band that contains the input signal.

Test Procedures: Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.6 and 4.7 of KDB 935210 D05 v01.

3.6.1. General

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

Out-of-band/block emissions (including intermodulation products) shall be measured under each of the following two stimulus conditions:

- a) two adjacent test signals sequentially tuned to the lower and upper frequency band/block edges;
- b) a single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest frequencies or channels within the frequency band/block under examination.

NOTE—Single channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband, can be excluded from the test stipulated in step a).



- 3.6.2. EUT out-of-band/block emissions conducted measurement
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- NOTE—If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support the two-tone test.
- b) Set the signal generator to produce two AWGN signals as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW).
- c) Set the center frequencies such that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper edge of the frequency band or block of interest.
- d) Set the composite power levels such that the input signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the procedures provided in KDB Publication 971168, but it will be necessary to expand the power integration bandwidth so as to include both of the transmit channels. Alternatively, the composite power can be measured using an average power meter as described in KDB Publication 971168.
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 1 % of the emission bandwidth, 100 kHz, or 1 MHz)
- g) Set the VBW = $3 \times RBW$.
- h) Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector.
- i) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- j) Set the analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively.
- k) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- I) Use the marker function to find the maximum power level.
- m) Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report.
- n) Repeat the procedure with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- o) Reset the input signals frequencies to the lower edge of the frequency block or band under examination.
- p) Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz, or 3 MHz (for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively), and the stop frequency to the lower band or block edge frequency.
- q) Repeat steps k) to n).

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- r) Repeat steps a) to q) with the signal generator configured for a single test signal tuned as close as possible to the block edges.
- s) Repeat steps a) to r) with the narrowband test signal.
- t) Repeat steps a) to s) for all authorized frequency bands or blocks used by the EUT.
- 3.6.3. EUT spurious emissions conducted measurement
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Set the signal generator to produce the broadband test signal as previously described (e.g., 4.1 MHz OBW AWGN).
- c) Set the center frequency of the test signal to the lowest available channel within the frequency band or block.
- d) Set the EUT input power to a level that is just below the AGC threshold (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band of operation (e.g., reference bandwidth is typically 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
- g) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- i) Set the analyzer start frequency to the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part.
- NOTE—The number of measurement points in each sweep must be \geq (2 x span/RBW) which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
- j) Select the power averaging (rms) detector function.
- k) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- I) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- m) Reset the analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the analyzer stop frequency to 10 times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission (see §2.1057). Note that the number of measurement points in each sweep must be \geq (2 × span/RBW) which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.

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- n) Trace average at least 10 traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
- o) Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report and provide tabular data, if required.
- p) Repeat the procedure with the input test signals tuned to a middle band/block frequency/channel and then a high band/block frequency/channel.
- q) Repeat entire procedure with the narrowband test signal.
- r) Repeat for all authorized frequency bands/blocks used by the EUT.

4.7.2 EUT out-of-band/block emissions conducted measurement

Intermodulation products shall be measured while applying two CW tones spaced in frequency ±12.5 kHz relative to the center frequency (f0) as determined from 4.4.

a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.

NOTE—If the signal generator is not capable of producing two independent modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected with an appropriate combining network to support the two-tone test.

- b) Configure the two signal generators to produce CW tones on frequencies spaced at ± 12.5 kHz relative to f0 with amplitude levels set just below the AGC threshold (see 4.2).
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the EUT output.
- d) Set the span to 100 kHz.
- e) Set the resolution bandwidth to 300 Hz with a video bandwidth \geq 3 \times RBW.
- f) Set the detector to power average (rms).
- g) Place a marker on highest intermodulation product amplitude.
- h) Capture the plot for inclusion in the test report.
- i) Repeat the procedure with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- i) Repeat steps b) to h) for all operational bands.

4.7.3 EUT spurious emissions conducted measurement

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to produce a CW signal.
- Set the frequency of the CW signal to the center channel of the pass band.
- d) Set the output power level so that the resultant signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 4.2).
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW to 100 kHz.
- g) Set the VBW = $3 \times RBW$.

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- h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- i) Set the detector to PEAK.
- j) Set the analyzer start frequency to 30 MHz (or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz if the EUT has internal clock frequencies) and the stop frequency to 10×10^{10} the highest allowable frequency of the pass band.
- k) Select MAX HOLD and use the marker peak function to find the highest emission(s) outside the pass band. (This could be either at a frequency lesser or greater than the pass band.)
- I) Capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- m) Repeat steps c) to I) for each authorized frequency band/block of operation.

Test Results: The EUT complies with the requirements of this section. There were no Detectable Spurious emissions for this EUT.

Notes: In 9 KHz-150 KHz and 150 KHz-30 MHz bands, RBW was reduced to 1% and 10% of the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission level(typically, 100KHz if the authorized frequency band is below 1GHz) and power was integrated.(1% = +20 dB, 10% = +10 dB)



700 MHz band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE 5 MHz	Low	734.00	-39.29
	High	753.50	-37.88
LTE	Low	734.00	-38.06
10 MHz	High	751.00	-37.10

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
		(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	731.50	-23.71
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	742.50	-22.52
	High	753.50	-25.28
	Low	734.00	-23.67
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	741.00	-25.44
	High	751.00	-23.27



Additional Spurious emissions

		Frequency Range	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
		763 - 775	-73.06
LTE	High	793 - 805	-72.76
5 MHz		1599 - 1610	-60.39
		1599 - 1610	-90.37
LTE 10 MHz	High	763 - 775	-72.86
		793 - 805	-72.69
		1599 - 1610	-59.99
		1599 - 1610	-90.72

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700 MHz band_MIMO

[Downlink]

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

Band Edge

Oh ann al	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE 5 MHz	Low	734.00	-36.28
	High	753.50	-34.87
LTE	Low	734.00	-35.05
10 MHz	High	751.00	-34.09

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
		(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	731.50	-20.70
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	742.50	-19.51
	High	753.50	-22.27
	Low	734.00	-20.66
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	741.00	-22.43
	High	751.00	-20.26



Additional Spurious emissions

		Frequency Range	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
		763 - 775	-70.05
LTE	High	793 - 805	-69.75
5 MHz		1599 - 1610	-57.38
		1599 - 1610	-87.36
LTE 10 MHz	High	763 - 775	-69.85
		793 - 805	-69.68
		1599 - 1610	-56.98
		1599 - 1610	-87.71

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SMR 800, Celluair 800 MHz band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
		(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	864.50	-34.48
5 MHz	High	891.50	-34.42
LTE	Low	874.00	-33.87
10 MHz	High	889.00	-34.20
CDMA	Low	863.25	-41.49
CDMA	High	892.75	-40.99
GSM	Low	869.20	-20.94
GSIVI	High	893.80	-21.23
UMTS	Low	871.50	-34.66
	High	891.50	-35.13



Spurious emissions

	Chamal	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	864.50	-26.82
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	878.00	-24.30
	High	891.50	-27.74
	Low	874.00	-26.89
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	-	-
	High	889.00	-26.80
	Low	863.25	-25.76
CDMA	Middle	878.00	-27.09
	High	892.75	-26.13
	Low	869.20	-26.32
GSM	Middle	881.50	-25.55
	High	893.80	-24.86
	Low	871.50	-22.64
UMTS	Middle	881.50	-24.00
	High	891.50	-25.41



AWS2100 band

[Downlink]

	<u> </u>	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	2112.50	-35.59
5 MHz	High	2177.50	-34.72
LTE	Low	2115.00	-35.29
10 MHz	High	2175.00	-34.63
LTE	Low	2117.50	-34.55
15 MHz	High	2172.50	-33.51
LTE	Low	2120.00	-33.68
20 MHz	High	2170.00	-33.56
UMTS	Low	2112.50	-36.07
	High	2112.50	-36.07

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Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Cnannei	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	2112.50	-21.04
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-21.57
	High	2177.50	-21.83
	Low	2115.00	-21.33
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-21.54
	High	2175.00	-21.77
	Low	2117.50	-21.87
LTE 15 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-21.66
	High	2172.50	-21.59
	Low	2120.00	-21.71
LTE 20 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-21.57
	High	2170.00	-21.22
UMTS	Low	2112.50	-21.24
	Middle	2145.00	-21.22
	High	2177.50	-21.53



AWS2100 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

	Oh a mara l	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	2112.50	-32.58
5 MHz	High	2177.50	-31.71
LTE	Low	2115.00	-32.28
10 MHz	High	2175.00	-31.62
LTE	Low	2117.50	-31.54
15 MHz	High	2172.50	-30.50
LTE	Low	2120.00	-30.67
20 MHz	High	2170.00	-30.55
UMTS	Low	2112.50	-33.06
	High	2112.50	-33.06

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Spurious emissions

		Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	2112.50	-18.03
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-18.56
	High	2177.50	-18.82
	Low	2115.00	-18.32
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-18.53
	High	2175.00	-18.76
	Low	2117.50	-18.86
LTE 15 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-18.65
	High	2172.50	-18.58
	Low	2120.00	-18.70
LTE 20 MHz	Middle	2145.00	-18.56
	High	2170.00	-18.21
UMTS	Low	2112.50	-18.23
	Middle	2145.00	-18.21
	High	2177.50	-18.52



BRS band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	2506.00	-31.22
5 MHz	High	2680.00	-30.71

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Oname	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE 5 MHz	Low	2506.00	-21.33
	Middle	2593.00	-21.47
	High	2680.00	-21.82



BRS band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Chainei	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	2506.00	-28.21
5 MHz	High	2680.00	-27.70

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Chamie	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	2506.00	-18.32
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	2593.00	-18.46
0 mm 12	High	2680.00	-18.81

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PCS 1900 band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

		Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	1932.50	-33.48
5 MHz	High	1992.50	-33.92
LTE	Low	1935.00	-34.44
10 MHz	High	1990.00	-32.61
CDMA	Low	1931.25	-40.24
	High	1993.75	-39.56
GSM	Low	1930.20	-18.53
	High	1994.80	-18.75
UMTS	Low	1932.50	-34.19
	High	1992.50	-34.56

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Spurious emissions

	Observat	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	1932.50	-21.35
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	1962.50	-21.52
	High	1992.50	-21.15
	Low	1935.00	-21.30
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	1960.00	-20.64
	High	1990.00	-21.72
	Low	1931.25	-21.55
CDMA	Middle	1962.50	-21.55
	High	1993.75	-21.73
	Low	1930.20	-21.36
GSM	Middle	1963.50	-21.58
	High	1994.80	-21.41
UMTS	Low	1932.50	-21.54
	Middle	1962.50	-21.46
	High	1992.50	-21.55



PCS 1900 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	1932.50	-30.47
5 MHz	High	1992.50	-30.91
LTE	Low	1935.00	-31.43
10 MHz	High	1990.00	-29.60
CDMA	Low	1931.25	-37.23
	High	1993.75	-36.55
GSM	Low	1930.20	-15.52
GSIVI	High	1994.80	-15.74
LIMITO	Low	1932.50	-33.77
UMTS	High	1992.50	-34.44

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IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30





Spurious emissions

	Observat	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	1932.50	-18.34
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	1962.50	-18.51
	High	1992.50	-18.14
	Low	1935.00	-18.29
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	1960.00	-17.63
	High	1990.00	-18.71
	Low	1931.25	-18.54
CDMA	Middle	1962.50	-18.54
	High	1993.75	-18.72
	Low	1930.20	-18.35
GSM	Middle	1963.50	-18.57
	High	1994.80	-18.40
	Low	1932.50	-18.53
UMTS	Middle	1962.50	-18.45
	High	1992.50	-18.54



WCS band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel (MHz)	Frequency	Emission Level
		(dBm)	
LTE	Low	2355.00	-31.76
10 MHz	High	2355.00	-32.92

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBm)
LTE 10 MHz	Low	-	-
	Middle	2355.00	-19.75
	High	-	-

Note. Emission level is the worst measurement value

Additional spurious emission is shown on corresponding plots on the 507 ~ 511 page

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700 MHz band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE 5 MHz	Low	700.50	-66.68
	High	713.50	-69.46
LTE 10 MHz	Low	782.00	-73.04
	High	782.00	-73.51

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE 5 MHz	Low	700.50	-55.67
	Middle	707.00	-56.53
	High	713.50	-56.63
LTE 10 MHz	Low	-	-
	Middle	782.00	-54.90
	High	-	-



Additional Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency Range (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	763 - 775	-100.17
		793 - 805	-100.45
		1599 - 1610	-81.21
		1599 - 1610	-111.04

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700 MHz band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE 5 MHz	Low	700.50	-63.67
	High	713.50	-66.45
LTE 10 MHz	Low	782.00	-70.03
	High	782.00	-70.50

Spurious emissions

	Observati	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	700.50	-52.66
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	707.00	-53.52
	High	713.50	-53.62
LTE 10 MHz	Low	-	-
	Middle	782.00	-51.89
	High	-	-

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

HCT CO.,LTD



Additional Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency Range (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	763 - 775	-97.16
		793 - 805	-97.44
		1599 - 1610	-78.20
		1599 - 1610	-108.03

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SMR 800, Celluair 800 MHz band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

_	Channal.	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	819.50	-67.67
5 MHz	High	846.50	-72.73
LTE	Low	829.00	-72.55
10 MHz	High	844.00	-72.61
CDMA	Low	818.25	-76.72
CDMA	High	847.75	-81.35
GSM	Low	824.20	-53.63
GSIVI	High	848.80	-53.82
UMTS	Low	826.50	-70.75
OIVITS	High	846.50	-73.90



Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Cnannei	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	819.50	-57.05
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	833.00	-56.04
	High	846.50	-55.64
	Low	829.00	-56.14
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	-	-
	High	844.00	-56.49
	Low	818.25	-56.71
CDMA	Middle	833.00	-56.63
	High	847.75	-54.58
	Low	824.20	-54.37
GSM	Middle	836.50	-56.01
	High	848.80	-56.24
UMTS	Low	826.50	-56.91
	Middle	836.50	-56.59
	High	846.50	-56.14



AWS2100 band

[Uplink]

	<u>.</u>	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	1712.50	-66.37
5 MHz	High	1777.50	-72.06
LTE	Low	1715.00	-68.03
10 MHz	High	1775.00	-71.53
LTE	Low	1717.50	-67.28
15 MHz	High	1772.50	-70.94
LTE	Low	1720.00	-67.89
20 MHz	High	1770.00	-70.96
UMTS	Low	1712.50	-67.31
	High	1777.50	-70.49



Spurious emissions

	Observati	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	1712.50	-56.89
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-55.71
	High	1777.50	-55.71
	Low	1715.00	-56.13
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-56.14
	High	1775.00	-55.95
	Low	1717.50	-55.37
LTE 15 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-54.20
	High	1772.50	-56.77
	Low	1720.00	-55.70
LTE 20 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-57.49
	High	1770.00	-55.21
	Low	1712.50	-56.23
UMTS	Middle	1745.00	-57.90
	High	1777.50	-56.90



AWS2100 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Cnannei	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	1712.50	-63.36
5 MHz	High	1777.50	-69.05
LTE	Low	1715.00	-65.02
10 MHz	High	1775.00	-68.52
LTE	Low	1717.50	-64.27
15 MHz	High	1772.50	-67.93
LTE	Low	1720.00	-64.88
20 MHz	High	1770.00	-67.95
UMTS	Low	1712.50	-64.30
	High	1777.50	-67.48

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Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Cnannei	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	1712.50	-53.88
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-52.70
	High	1777.50	-52.70
	Low	1715.00	-53.12
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-53.13
	High	1775.00	-52.94
	Low	1717.50	-52.36
LTE 15 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-51.19
	High	1772.50	-53.76
	Low	1720.00	-52.69
LTE 20 MHz	Middle	1745.00	-54.48
20 111112	High	1770.00	-52.20
UMTS	Low	1712.50	-53.22
	Middle	1745.00	-54.89
	High	1777.50	-53.89



BRS band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	2506.00	-65.22
20 MHz	High	2680.00	-64.55

Spurious emissions

	Ol amend	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	2506.00	-56.81
LTE 20 MHz	Middle	2593.00	-55.80
	High	2680.00	-55.46



BRS band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE	Low	2506.00	-62.21
20 MHz	High	2680.00	-61.54

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBm)
LTE 20 MHz	Low	2506.00	-53.80
	Middle	2593.00	-52.79
	High	2680.00	-52.45



PCS 1900 band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Oh a mara l	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	1852.50	-68.39
5 MHz	High	1912.50	-67.19
LTE	Low	1855.00	-68.75
10 MHz	High	1910.00	-68.07
CDMA	Low	1851.25	-72.43
CDMA	High	1913.75	-74.02
GSM	Low	1850.20	-53.33
GSIVI	High	1914.80	-53.62
LINATO	Low	1852.50	-68.09
UMTS	High	1912.50	-67.76



Spurious emissions

	O le annual	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	1852.50	-54.21
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	1882.50	-55.66
	High	1912.50	-54.56
	Low	1855.00	-54.96
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	1882.50	-55.18
	High	1910.00	-54.25
	Low	1851.25	-55.67
CDMA	Middle	1882.50	-55.39
	High	1913.75	-54.36
	Low	1850.20	-54.77
GSM	Middle	1882.50	-55.81
	High	1914.80	-54.88
	Low	1852.50	-54.22
UMTS	Middle	1882.50	-55.19
	High	1912.50	-55.24



PCS 1900 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
LTE	Low	1852.50	-65.38
5 MHz	ighH	1912.50	-64.18
LTE	Low	1855.00	-65.74
10 MHz	High	1910.00	-65.06
CDMA	Low	1851.25	-69.42
СЫМА	High	1913.75	-71.01
GSM	Low	1850.20	-50.32
GSIVI	High	1914.80	-50.61
LINATO	Low	1852.50	-65.08
UMTS	High	1912.50	-64.75

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IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30





Spurious emissions

	C la su ma l	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	1852.50	-51.20
LTE 5 MHz	Middle	1882.50	-52.65
	High	1912.50	-51.55
	Low	1855.00	-51.95
LTE 10 MHz	Middle	1882.50	-52.17
	High	1910.00	-51.24
	Low	1851.25	-52.66
CDMA	Middle	1882.50	-52.38
	High	1913.75	-51.35
	Low	1850.20	-51.76
GSM	Middle	1882.50	-52.80
	High	1914.80	-51.87
UMTS	Low	1852.50	-51.21
	Middle	1882.50	-52.18
	High	1912.50	-52.23



WCS band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
LTE	Low	2310.00	-58.91
10 MHz	High	2310.00	-61.17

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBm)
LTE 10 MHz	Low	-	-
	Middle	2310.00	-23.51
	High	-	-

Note. Emission level is the worst measurement value

Additional spurious emission is shown on corresponding plots on the 582 ~ 586 page



IC

700 MHz band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

21	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	728.40	-25.41
Unmodulation	High	755.60	-25.41

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	742.50	-25.55
Unmodulation	Middle	755.60	-27.32
	High	755.60	-25.77



700 MHz band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

Band Edge

Channel	Ohamad	Frequency	Emission Level
	(MHz)	(dBm)	
	Low	728.40	-22.40
Unmodulation	High	755.60	-22.40

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	742.50	-22.54
Unmodulation	Middle	755.60	-24.31
	High	755.60	-22.76

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

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SMR 800, Celluair 850 MHz band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

Channal	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	862.40	-24.32
	High	893.60	-23.61

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	862.40	-24.40
Unmodulation	Middle	878.00	-25.53
	High	893.60	-23.76



AWS2100 band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2110.40	-24.49
	High	2179.60	-24.79

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2110.40	-20.81
	Middle	2145.00	-21.17
	High	2179.60	-20.97



AWS2100 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Ohamad	Frequency	Emission Level
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	2110.40	-21.48
	High	2179.60	-21.78

Spurious emissions

	Champal	Frequency	Emission Level
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2110.40	-17.80
	Middle	2145.00	-18.16
	High	2179.60	-17.96

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

HCT CO.,LTD



BRS band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

Chammal.	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2496.40	-22.04
	High	2689.60	-23.09

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2496.40	-21.39
	Middle	2593.00	-21.36
	High	2689.60	-21.97



BRS band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

Band Edge

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level	
		(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	2496.40	-19.03
	High	2689.60	-20.08

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2496.40	-18.38
	Middle	2593.00	-18.35
	High	2689.60	-18.96



PCS 1900 band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

2 1	Champal	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
	Channel		(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	1930.40	-22.45
	High	1994.60	-22.55

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	1930.40	-18.26
Unmodulation	Middle	1962.50	-20.94
	High	1994.60	-19.17



PCS 1900 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Downlink]

Band Edge

Channel	Ol amend	Frequency	Emission Level
	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	1930.40	-19.44
	High	1994.60	-19.54

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	1930.40	-15.25
Unmodulation	Middle	1962.50	-17.93
	High	1994.60	-16.16

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

HCT CO.,LTD



WCS band

[Downlink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	2350.40	-21.90
Unmodulation	High	2359.60	-21.93

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2350.40	-21.39
	Middle	2355.00	-21.77
	High	2359.60	-21.73

Note. Emission level is the worst measurement value

Additional spurious emission is shown on corresponding plots on the 622 ~ 636 page



700 MHz band_5MHz

[Uplink]

Band Edge

Ohamad	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	698.40	-58.01
	High	715.60	-57.75

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	698.40	-54.71
	Middle	707.00	-56.76
	High	715.60	-55.02

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

HCT CO.,LTD



700 MHz band_5MHz_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

Channel	Ohammal	Frequency	Emission Level
	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	698.40	-55.00
	High	715.60	-54.74

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level
	C.I.a.III.G.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	Low	698.40	-51.70
Unmodulation	Middle	707.00	-53.75
	High	715.60	-52.01

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

HCT CO.,LTD



700 MHz band_10MHz

[Uplink]

Band Edge

Ol samuel	Champal	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
	Channel		(dBm)
	Low	777.40	-66.19
Unmodulation	High	755.60	-68.14

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	777.40	-56.12
Unmodulation	Middle	782.00	-54.39
	High	786.60	-55.74



700 MHz band_10MHz_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	777.40	-63.18
	High	755.60	-65.13

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
	Low	777.40	-53.11
Unmodulation	Middle	782.00	-51.38
	High	786.60	-52.73

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730

IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30





SMR 800, Celluair 850 MHz band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	817.40	-59.27	
	High	848.60	-68.25	

Spurious emissions

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
	Low	817.40	-54.73	
Unmodulation	Middle	833.00	-56.31	
	High	848.60	-56.87	



AWS2100 band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	1710.40	-58.35	
	High	1779.60	-61.71	

Spurious emissions

	Oleman	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
	Low	1710.40	-56.28	
Unmodulation	Middle	1745.00	-58.06	
	High	1779.60	-56.61	



AWS2100 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

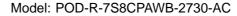
	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	1710.40	-55.34	
	High	1779.60	-58.70	

Spurious emissions

	Champal	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level	
	Channel		(dBm)	
	Low	1710.40	-53.27	
Unmodulation	Middle	1745.00	-55.05	
	High	1779.60	-53.60	

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

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R	R	S	b	а	n	d

[Uplink]

No test

Note. Because BRS Band is TDD System (the uplink and downlink transmissions usually share the same frequency), worst case (downlink) is tested

F-TP22-03 (Rev.00) FCC ID: ZUQR7S8CPAWB-2730 IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

HCT CO.,LTD



PCS 1900 band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	1850.40	-53.79	
	High	1914.60	-55.60	

Spurious emissions

	Channal	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	1850.40	-51.71	
	Middle	1882.50	-53.26	
	High	1914.60	-51.67	



PCS 1900 band_MIMO

Note. The Out-of-Band and Spurious Emission level were calculated, as described in FCC KDB 662911D01v02r01 section E)3)a)iii)

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency	Emission Level	
		(MHz)	(dBm)	
Unmodulation	Low	1850.40	-50.78	
	High	1914.60	-52.59	

Spurious emissions

	Ohamad	Frequency	Emission Level	
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	
	Low	1850.40	-48.70	
Unmodulation	Middle	1882.50	-50.25	
	High	1914.60	-48.66	



WCS band

[Uplink]

Band Edge

	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
	Channel		(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2305.40	-54.10
	High	2314.60	-60.09

Spurious emissions

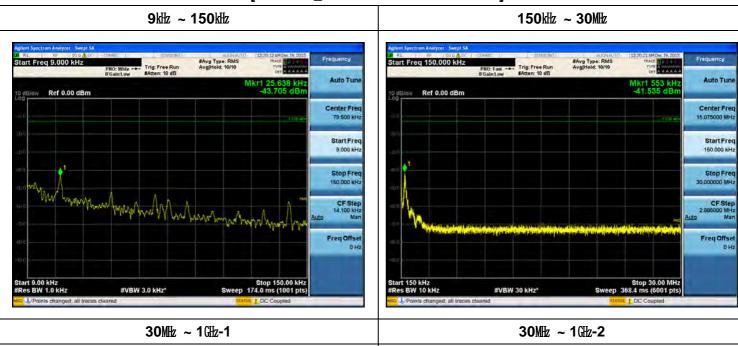
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level
			(dBm)
Unmodulation	Low	2305.40	-45.31
	Middle	2310.00	-45.21
	High	2314.60	-45.38

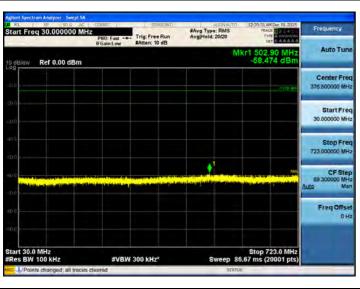
Note. Emission level is the worst measurement value

Additional spurious emission is shown on corresponding plots on the 655 ~ 697 page

Single channel Enhancer Plots of Spurious Emission Downlink 700 MHz Band LTE

[700MHz _LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]







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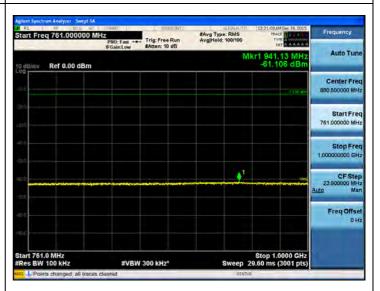












10Hz ~ 30Hz

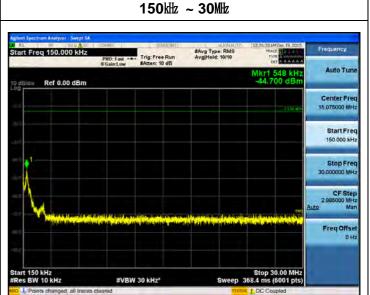
3础~12.75础



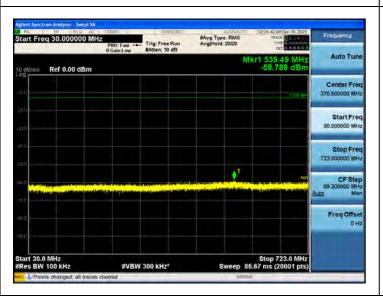


[700MHz _LTE 5 MHz Downlink Mid]





30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



30Mb ~ 1Gb-2









30Mb ~ 1Gb-4



10地~30地



#VBW 300 kHz*







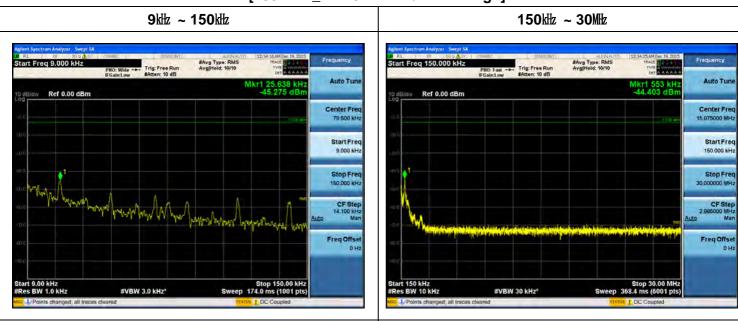
IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

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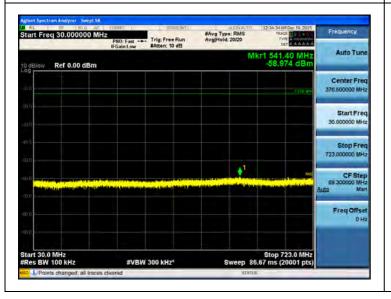
HCT CO.,LTD



[700MHz _LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]









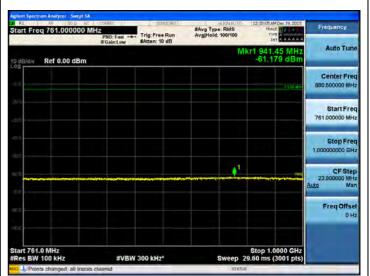
30Mb ~ 1Gb-2







$30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-4$

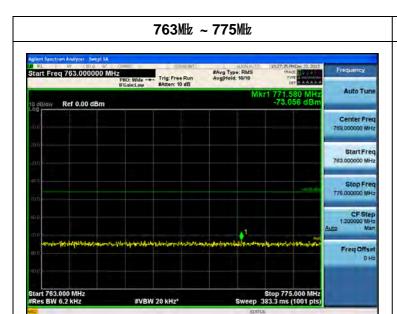


10地~30地



3础~12.75础

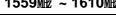




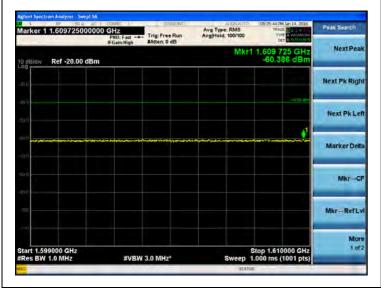
793Mb ~ 805Mb



1559啦~1610啦



1559啦~1610啦







Band Edge_LTE 5MHz Downlink Low



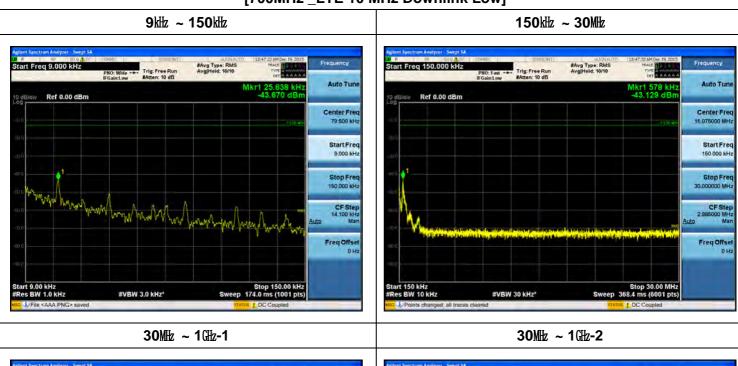
Band Edge_LTE 5MHz Downlink High

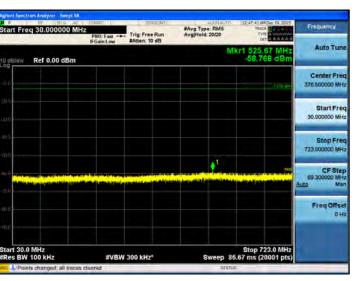




700 MHz Band LTE_10 MHz

[700MHz _LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]



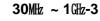




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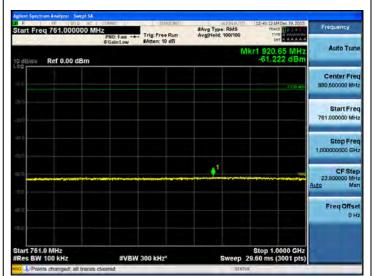








30胜~124



10±2 ~ 30±2

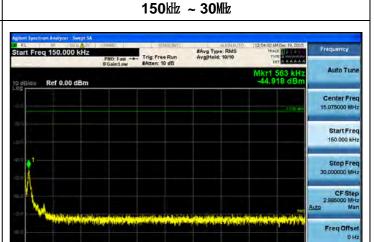


3础 ~ 12.75础

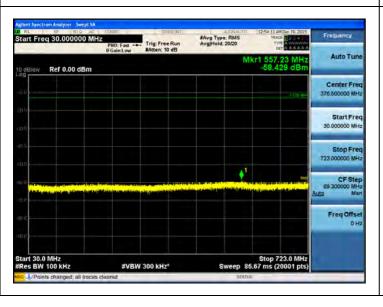


[700MHz _LTE 10 MHz Downlink Mid]





30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



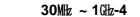
30账 ~ 1账-2

#VBW 30 kHz*

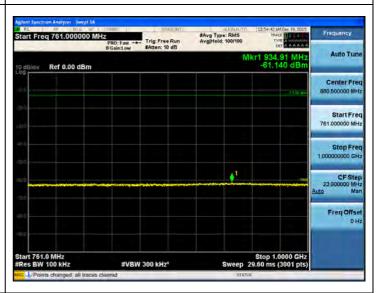












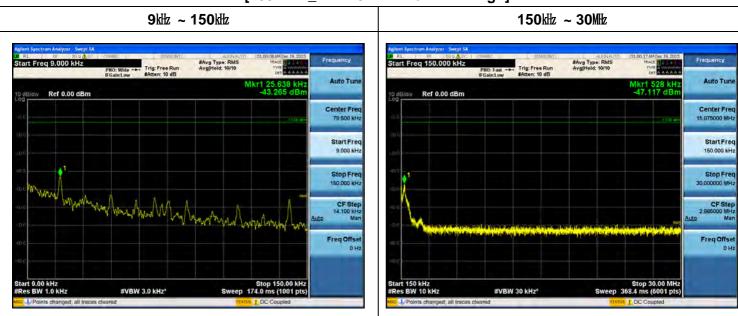
10Hz ~ 30Hz

3础 ~ 12.75础

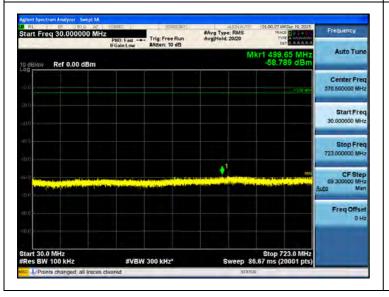




[700MHz _LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]







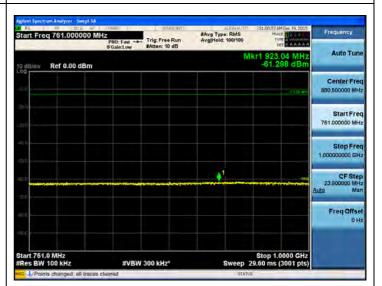








$30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-4$

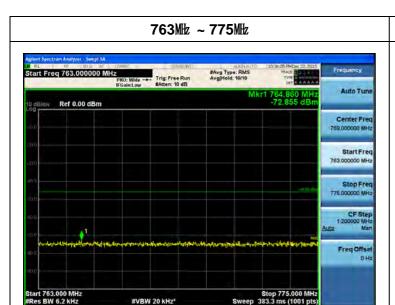


10地~30地

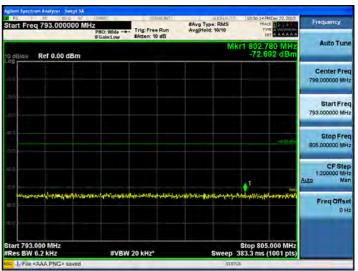


3础~12.75础

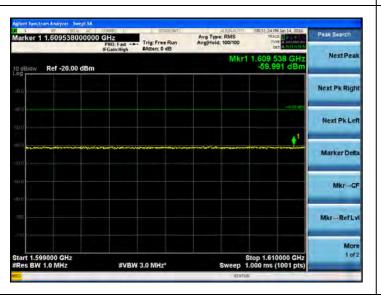




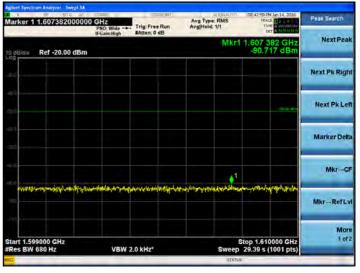
793Mb ~ 805Mb



1559啦~1610啦



1559啦~1610啦



IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

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Band Edge_LTE 10MHz Downlink Low



Band Edge_LTE 10MHz Downlink High

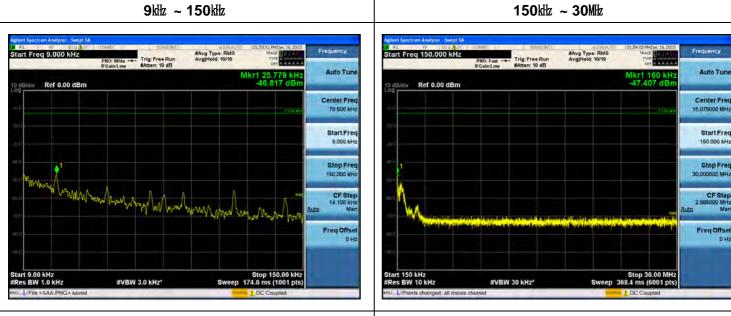


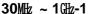
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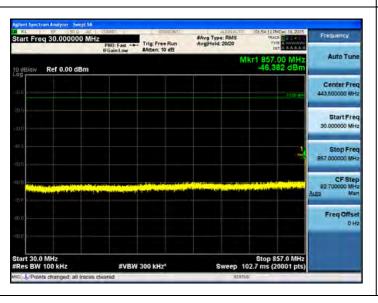


SMR800, 850Celluair Band LTE

[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band LTE 5 MHz Downlink Low]





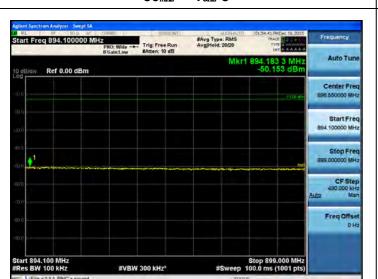


30Mb ~ 10b-2

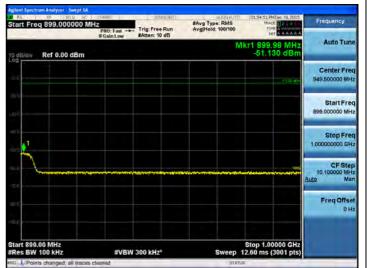




$30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-3$



30Mb ~ 10\frac{1}{2}-4



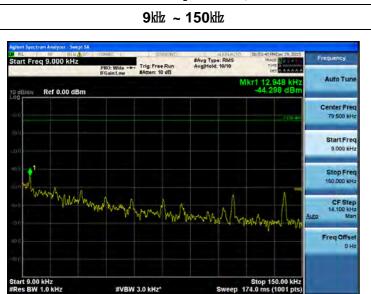
10版 ~ 30版

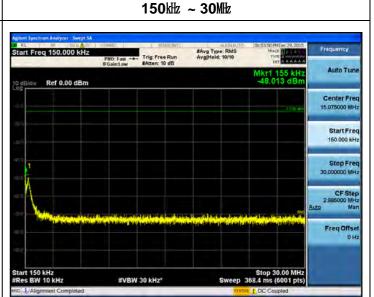


3础 ~ 12.75础



[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band _LTE 5 MHz Downlink Mid]





30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



30版 ~ 1版-2

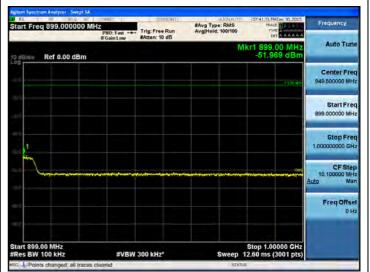




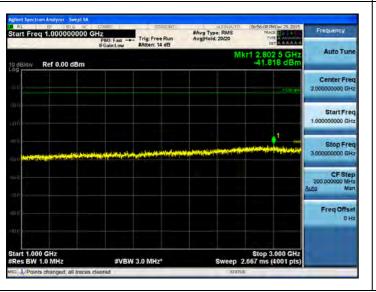




30Mb ~ 1Gb-4



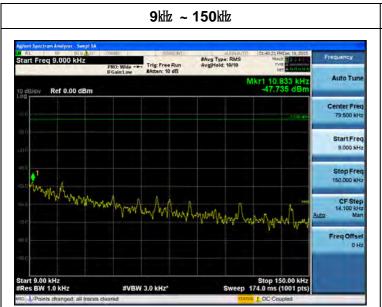
10±2 ~ 30±2

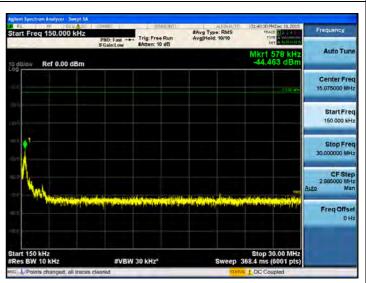


3础 ~ 12.75础



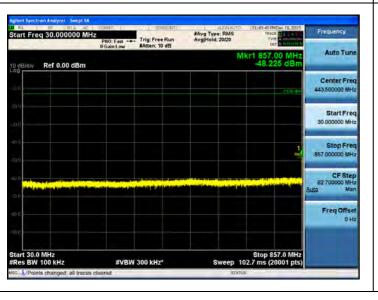
[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band _LTE 5 MHz Downlink High]





150kHz ~ 30MHz

30Mb ~ 10b-1



30账 ~ 1账-2

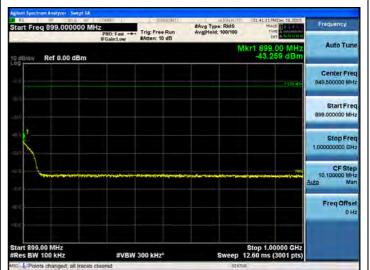








$30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-4$



10地~30地



3础~12.75础



#VBW 3.0 MHz*



Band Edge_LTE 5MHz Downlink Low



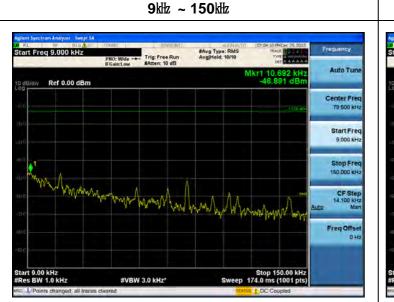
Band Edge_LTE 5MHz Downlink High

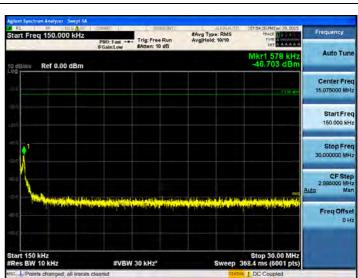




SMR800, 850Celluair Band LTE_10 MHz

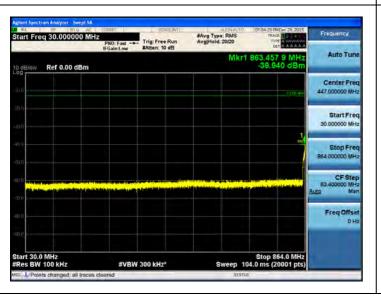
[SMR800, 850Cellualr _LTE 10 MHz Downlink Low]





150kHz ~ 30MHz

30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



30Mb ~ 10b-2

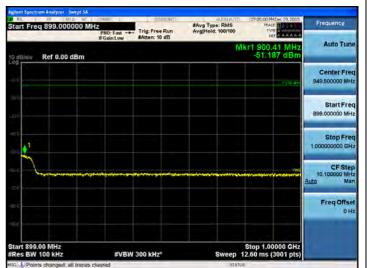




$30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-3$



$30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-4$



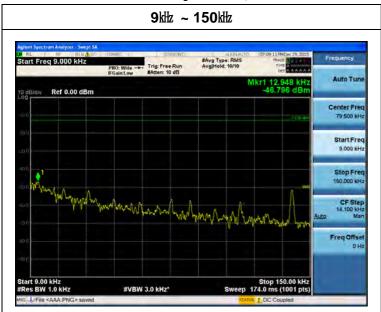
10±2 ~ 30±2

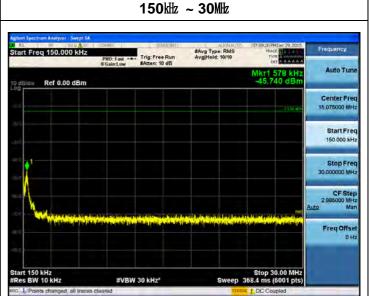


3础 ~ 12.75础

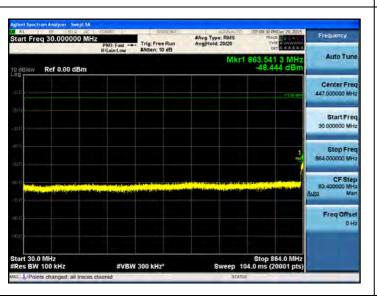


[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band _LTE 10 MHz Downlink High]





30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



30Mb ~ 10b-2

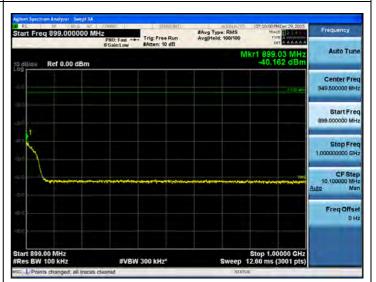






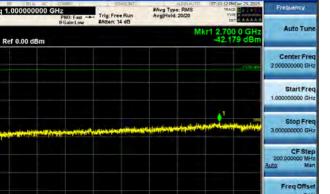


30Mb ~ 1Gb-4



10地~30地





3础~12.75础



#VBW 3.0 MHz*

407 / 697

HCT CO.,LTD

Band Edge_LTE 10MHz Downlink Low



Band Edge_LTE 10MHz Downlink High

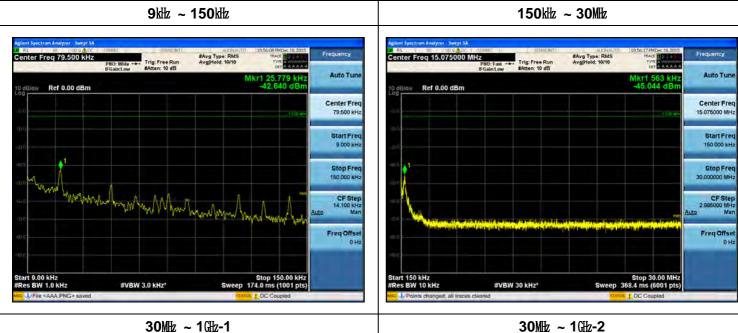


408 / 697

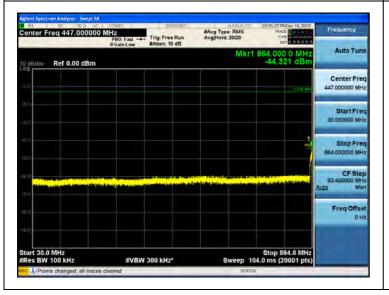


SMR800, 850Celluair Band UMTS

[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band UMTS Downlink Low]







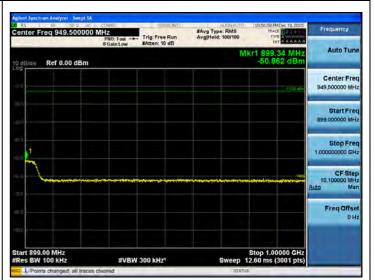






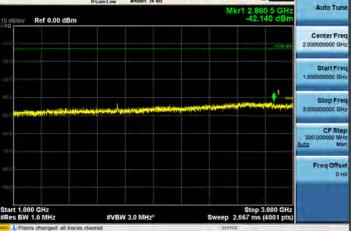


30Mb ~ 1Gb-4

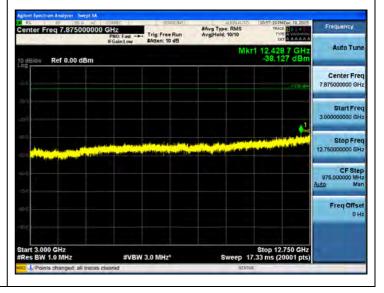


10地~30地





3础~12.75础



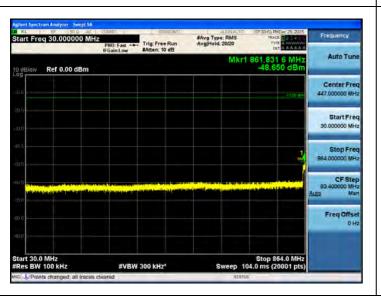
[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band _UMTS Downlink Mid]



| Start Freq | 150,000 kHz | PRO: East = 10 db | PRO: East = 10 db

150kHz ~ 30MHz

30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



30Mb ~ 1Gb-2

#VBW 30 kHz*



IC: 12124A-7S8CPAWB30

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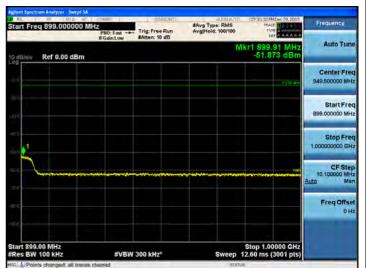
HCT CO.,LTD





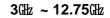


 $30\text{MHz} \sim 1\text{GHz}-4$

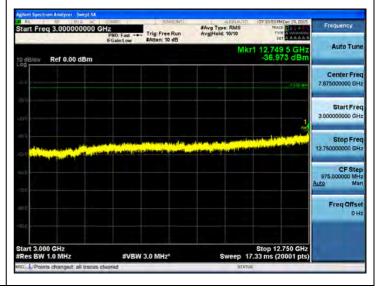


10地~30地



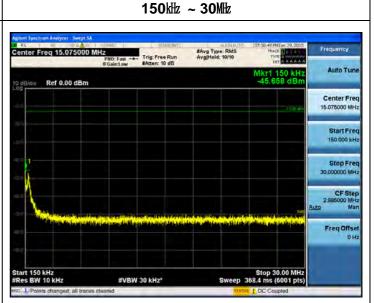




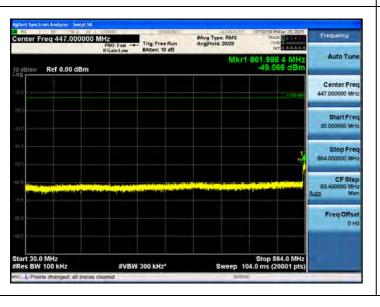


[SMR800, 850Cellualr Band UMTS Downlink High]





30MHz ~ 1GHz-1



30Mb ~ 1Gb-2

