



Change

FCC DFS Test Report

FCC ID: ZW9TPC-B001-R

This report concerns (chec	k one): ⊠Original Grant □Class I Change □Class II
Project No. Equipment Test Model Series Model Applicant Address	 : 1810H004 : Point of Sale Terminal : TPC-B001-R : N/A : BYD Precision Manufacture Co.,Ltd. : No.3001, Bao He Road, Baolong industrial, Longgang Street ,Longgang Zone,Shenzhen State / Country: China
Date of Receipt Date of Test Issued Date Tested by	 Oct. 25, 2018 Oct. 25, 2018~Nov. 26, 2018 Nov. 28, 2018 BTL Inc.
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Certificate #5123.02

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Declaration

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BTL's reports apply only to the specific samples tested under conditions. It is manufacture's responsibility to ensure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with the identical electrical and mechanical components. BTL shall have no liability for any declarations, inferences or generalizations drawn by the client or others from BTL issued reports.

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BTL's laboratory quality assurance procedures are in compliance with the ISO Guide 17025 requirements, and accredited by the conformity assessment authorities listed in this test report.

BTL is not responsible for the sampling stage, so the results only apply to the sample as received.

The information, data and test plan are provided by manufacturer, so it is manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that the apparatus meets the essential requirements in all the possible configurations as representative of its intended use.

Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.

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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue.	Nov. 28, 2018





1. CERTIFICATION

: Point of Sale Terminal Equipment

Brand Name

: TPC-B001-R Test Model

Series Model: N/A

Applicant : BYD Precision Manufacture Co.,Ltd.

: No.3001, Bao He Road, Baolong industrial, Longgang Street, Longgang Address

Zone, Shenzhen State / Country: China

Manufacturer: HP Inc.

: 1501 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, USA Address

: BYD Precision Manufacture Co.,Ltd. Factory

No.3001, Bao He Road, Baolong industrial, Longgang Street ,Longgang Address

Zone.Shenzhen

Date of Test : Oct. 25, 2018 ~ Nov. 26, 2018

Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: B181000147

Standard(s) : FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407) / FCC 06-96

> FCC KDB 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 FCC KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules

v01r02

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report (Ref No. BTL-FCCP-5-18010H004) were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of A2LA according to the ISO-17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

Test results included in this report is only for the DFS Slave part.

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2. EUT INFORMATION

2.1 EUT SPECIFICATION TABLE

Table 1: Specification of EUT

Product Name	Point of Sale Terminal
Brand Name	hp
Test Model	TPC-B001-R
Series Model	N/A
Model Difference(s)	N/A
Software Version	V1.00.00
Hardware Version	1.0.0
Operational Mode	Slave
Operating FrequencyRange	5250 MHz~5350 MHz & 5470 MHz~5725 MHz
Modulation	OFDM

Note: This	device was functioned a	is a
□Master	⊠Slave device withou	t radar detection ☐Slave device with radar detection
Note: 1. For a mol user's ma		cription, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the





2. Channel List:

802.11a 802.11n 20MHz		802.11n 40MHz	
UNII	-2A	UNI	I-2A
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52	5260	54	5270
56	5280	62	5310
60	5300		
64	5320		

802.11a 802.11n 20MHz		802.11n 40MHz	
UNII	-2C	UNI	I-2C
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
100	5500	102	5510
104	5520	110	5550
108	5540	134	5670
112	5560		
116	5580		
132	5660		
136	5680		
140	5700		

3. Antenna Specification:

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	PULSE	SZ1090W	FPC	N/A	5.47





2.2 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER AND EIRP

Table 2: The Conducted Output Power and EIRP List

Mode: TX (11a)					
Frequency	Frequency Max Couducted Output Antenna Max EIRP				
Band (MH)	Power (dBm)	Gain	(dBm)	(mW)	
5250~5350	13.78	5.47	19.25	84.140	
5470~5725	13.82	5.47	19.29	84.918	

Mode: TX (11n 40MHz)					
Frequency	Frequency Max Couducted Output Antenna Max EIRP Max E				
Band (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Gain	(dBm)	(mW)	
5250~5350	8.79	5.47	14.26	26.669	
5470~5725	9.70	5.47	15.17	32.885	





3.U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS

3.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS

The manufacturer shall state whether the UUT is capable of operating as a Master and/or a Client. If the UUT is capable of operating in more than one operating mode then each operating mode shall be tested separately. See tables 3 and 4 for the applicability of DFS requirements for each of the operational modes.

Table 3: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use a channel

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection	
Non-Occupancy Period	✓	✓	✓	
DFS Detection Threshold	~	Not required	✓	
Channel Availability Check Time	✓	Not required	Not required	
Uniform Spreading	✓	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required		

Table 4: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation.

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection	
DFS Detection Threshold	✓	Not required	✓	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	✓	✓	✓	
Channel Move Time	✓	✓	✓	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required		

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3.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS

DETECTION THRESHOLD VALUES

Table 5: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection.

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1 and 2)	
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and	00 dB	
Power pectral density < 10 dBm/ Hz	-62 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the	C4 dDre	
power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm	

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.





Table 6: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60
Channel Closing Transmission Time	milliseconds over remaining 10 second
	period. See Notes 1 and 2.
	Minimum 100% of the UNII
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	99% transmission power bandwidth. See
	Note 3.

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.





PARAMETERS OF DFS TEST SIGNALS

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Table 7: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

Pulse	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum
	(µsec)		_	Number
(µsec)				of
			Detection	Trials
1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note
				1
1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	Roundup $ \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{360}\right) \\ \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{PRI_{\mu sec}}\right) \end{cases} $	60%	30
1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Radar Types	1-4)		80%	120
	Width (μsec) 1 1 1 1 1 Radar Types	Width (μsec) 1 1428 1 Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 μsec, with a minimum increment of 1 μsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A 1-5 150-230 6-10 200-500 Radar Types 1-4)	Width (μsec) (μsec) 1 1428 18 1 Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Roundup	Width (μsec) (μsec) Percentage of Successful Detection 1 1428 18 See Note 1 1 Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Roundup

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.





Table 8: Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen (The center frequency for each of the 30 trials of the Bin 5 radar shall be randomly selected within 80% of the Occupied Bandwidth.) Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Table 9: Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

4. TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 10: Test instruments list.

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	Serial No	Calibration Until
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY50520044	Mar. 11, 2019
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49071316	Mar. 11, 2019
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZFRSC-123-S+	331000910-1	Mar. 11, 2019
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZN4PD1-63-S+	SF9335D1045-1	Mar. 11, 2019
Attenuator	WOKEN	6SM3502	VAS1214NL	Feb. 14, 2019
Master Device	GPON ONU	G-240W-B	N/A	N/A

Note:

- (1) Calibration interval of instruments listed above is one year.
- (2) Master device's FCC ID: 2ADZRG240WB





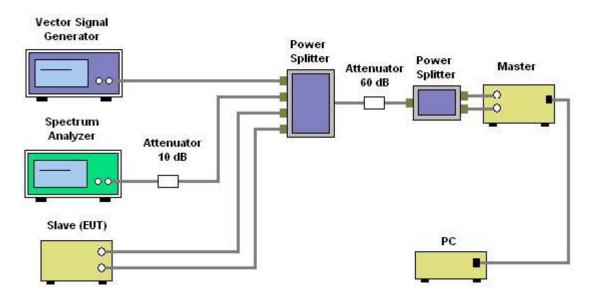
5. EMC EMISSION TEST

5.1 DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM:

Test Precedure

- 1. Master device and client device are set up by conduction method as the following configuration.
- 2. The client device is connected to notebook and to access a IP address on wireless connection with the master device.
- 3. Then the master device is connected to another notebook to access a IP address.
- 4. Finally, let the two IP addresses run traffic with each other through the Run flow software "Lan test" to reach 17% channel loading as below

Setup

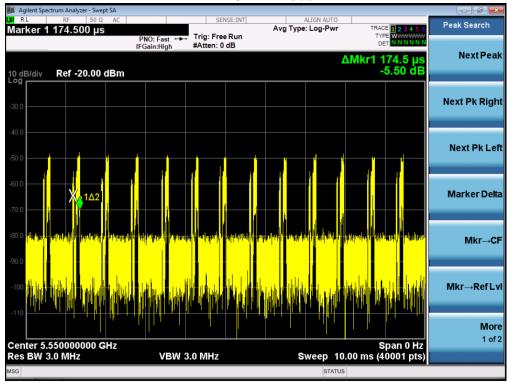






Channel Loading

11n 40MHz Mode







The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

Should multiple RF ports be utilized for the Master and/or Slave devices (for example, for diversity or MIMO implementations), additional combiner/dividers are inserted between the Master Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Master Device (and/or between the Slave Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Slave Device). Additional pads are utilized such that there is one pad at each RF port on each EUT.

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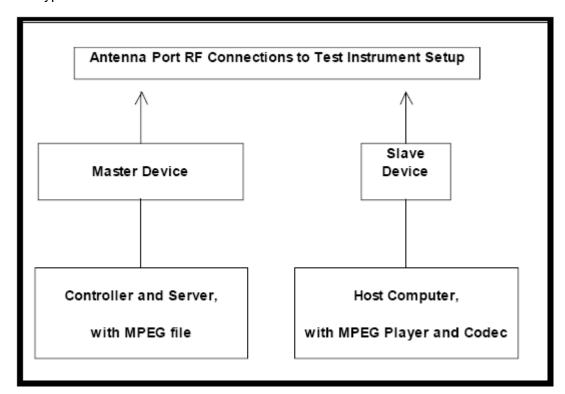
5.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL

A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected in place of the master device and the signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of -62 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from –62 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –62 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

Set the signal generator to produce a radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the level on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold. Separate signal generator amplitude settings are determined as required for each radar type.



5.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD

No deviation.





6. TEST RESULTS

6.1 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Clause	Test Parameter	Test Mode and Channel	Remarks	Pass/Fail
15.407	DFS Detection Threshold	-	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Channel Availability Check Time	-	Not Applicable	N/A
		11a 5540 MHz		_
15.407	Channel Move Time	11n 40MHz 5550 MHz	Applicable	Pass
1- 10-	Channel Closing	11a 5540 MHz		Pass
15.407	Transmission Time	11n 40MHz 5550 MHz	Applicable	
		11a 5540 MHz		_
15.407	Non- Occupancy Period	11n 40MHz 5550 MHz	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Uniform Spreading	-	Not Applicable	N/A
15.407	U-NII Detection Bandwidth	-	Not Applicable	N/A

6.2 TEST MODE: DEVICE OPERATING IN MASTER MODE.

The EUT is slave equipment, it need a master device when testing.

Master with injection at the Master. (Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master)

6.3 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD

Calibration:

The EUT is slave equipment and it with a max gain is 5.47 dBi. For a detection threshold level of -62dBm and the master antenna gain is 2.90 dBi, required detection threshold is -59.10 dBm (= -62+2.90).

Note: Maximum Transmit Power is less than 200 milliwatt in this report, so detection threshold level is -62dBm.

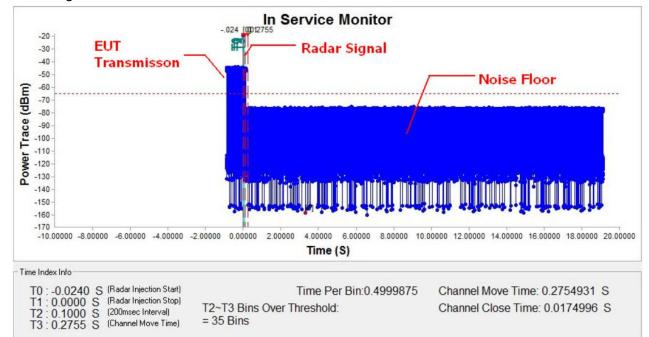




6.4 CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION AND CHANNEL MOVE TIME WLAN TRAFFIC

TX (11a Mode)

Radar signal 0

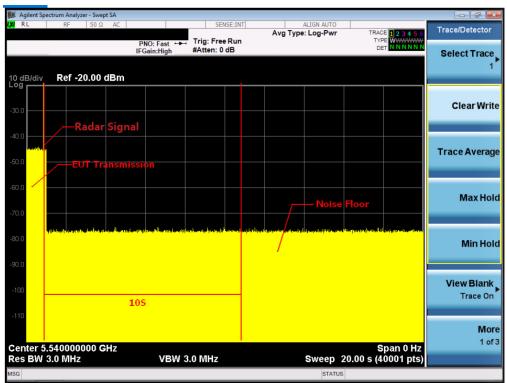


Note: T0 denotes the Radar Injection Start.

T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.

T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.



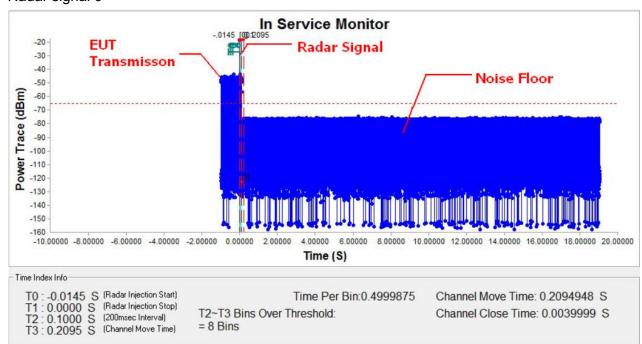
Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms





TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

Radar signal 0

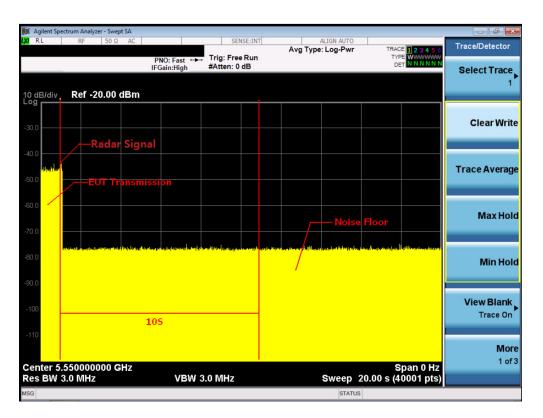


Note: T0 denotes the Radar Injection Start.

T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.

T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms





11a Mode				
Item	Measured Value(s)	Limit(s)		
Channel Move Time	0.2754931	10		
		200 milliseconds + an aggregate		
Channel Close Time	0.0174996	of 60 milliseconds over remaining		
		10 second period		

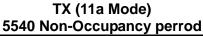
11n 40MHz Mode				
Item	Measured Value(s)	Limit(s)		
Channel Move Time	0.2094948	10		
		200 milliseconds + an aggregate of		
Channel Close Time	0.0039999	60 milliseconds over remaining 10		
		second period		

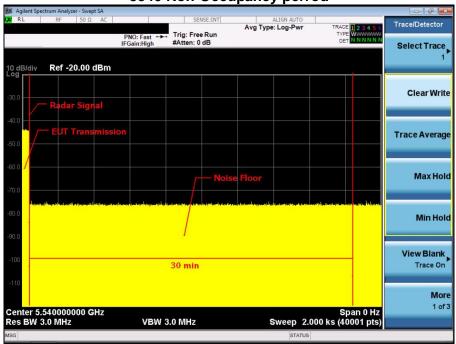




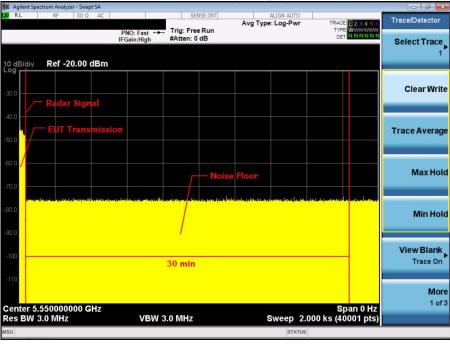
6.5 NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.





TX (11n 40MHz Mode) 5550 Non-Occupancy perrod



End of Test Report