Report No: C130918R02-RPW

FCC ID:ZXX-MODELXXL

Date of Issue : September 25,2013

# 1 APPENDIX I radio frequency exposure

#### **LIMIT**

According to §15.407(f), U-NII devices are subject to the radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §§ 1.1307(b), 2.1091 and 2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate. All equipment shall be considered to operate in a "general population/uncontrolled" environment. Applications for equipment authorization of devices operating under this section must contain a statement confirming compliance with these requirements for both fundamental emissions and unwanted emissions. Technical information showing the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

## **EUT Specification**

EUT	Geneva Sound System Model XXL
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>□ WLAN: 5.15GHz ~ 5.25GHz</li> <li>□ WLAN: 5.25GHz ~ 5.35GHz</li> <li>□ WLAN: 5.470GHz ~ 5.600GHz</li> <li>□ WLAN: 5.650GHz ~ 5.725GHz</li> </ul>
Device category	□ Others:      □ Portable (<20cm separation)      ⋈ Mobile (>20cm separation)      □ Others:
Exposure classification	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna diversity	<ul> <li>Single antenna</li> <li>Multiple antennas</li> <li>☐ Tx diversity</li> <li>☐ Rx diversity</li> <li>☐ Tx/Rx diversity</li> </ul>
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b: 20.33dBm (107.89mW) IEEE 802.11g: 21.05dBm (127.35mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	2 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.58)
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>MPE Evaluation</li><li>☐ SAR Evaluation*</li><li>☐ N/A</li></ul>
<ol> <li>Remark:</li> <li>The maximum output power is 20.33 dBm (107.89mW) at <u>2462MHz</u> (with <u>1.58 numeric antenna gain</u>.)</li> <li>For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.</li> </ol>	

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## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

### Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and  $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$ 

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

#### **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

#### IEEE 802.11b:

EUT output power = 107.89mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

d = 20cm

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0340 mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

#### **IEEE 802.11g:**

EUT output power = 127.35mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

d = 20cm

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0400mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

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**END OF REPORT**