

## FCC SAR TEST REPORT

No. 130901

for

**Nexpro International Limitada**

**Mobile Phone**

**Model Name: WISE+**

**FCC ID: ZYPWISE**

**Issued Date: 2013-09-17**

**Note:**

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of GCCT.

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## GENERAL SUMMARY

<b>Product Name</b>	Mobile Phone
<b>Model Name</b>	WISE+
<b>Applicant</b>	Nexpro International Limitada
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Nexpro International Limitada
<b>Test laboratory</b>	GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products Quality Supervision and Testing Center
<b>Reference Standards</b>	<p><b>OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C (Edition 01-01):</b> Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits</p> <p><b>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</b> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz</p> <p><b>IEEE 1528-2003:</b> Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques</p> <p><b>FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01:</b> Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies</p> <p><b>FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r01:</b> SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz</p> <p><b>FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01:</b> SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities</p> <p><b>FCC KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r01:</b> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets</p> <p><b>FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02:</b> SAR measurement Procedures for 802.11a/b/g Transmitters</p> <p><b>IEC 62209-1: 2006:</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)</p> <p><b>IEC 62209-2: 2010:</b> Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures, Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for mobile wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)</p>
<b>Test Conclusion</b>	<p>This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards.</p> <p>General Judgment: <b>Pass</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>Date of issue:2013.09.17</b></p>
<b>Comment:</b>	The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment.

Approved by:

Deputy Manager

Reviewed by:

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## 1. General Information

### 1.1 Testing Laboratory

<b>Company</b>	GCCT, Guangdong Telecommunications Terminal Products Quality Supervision and Testing Center
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### 1.2 Application Information

<b>Company</b>	Nexpro International Limitada
<b>Address</b>	Guadalupe, Barrio Tournon, Frente Al Hotel Villas Oficinas Del Bufete Facio Y Canas, San Jose-Goicoechea, Costa Rica
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### 1.3 Manufacturer Information

<b>Company</b>	Nexpro International Limitada
<b>Address</b>	Guadalupe, Barrio Tournon, Frente Al Hotel Villas Oficinas Del Bufete Facio Y Canas, San Jose-Goicoechea, Costa Rica
<b>Contact</b>	/
<b>Email</b>	/
<b>Telephone</b>	/
<b>Fax</b>	/

## 1.4 EUT Information

<b>Product Name</b>	Mobile Phone			
<b>Exposure Category</b>	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population			
<b>Model Number</b>	WISE+			
<b>Device Type</b>	Portable Device			
<b>Hardware version</b>	/			
<b>Software version</b>	/			
<b>Supporting modes</b>	GSM850 (tested) , PCS1900 (tested) WCDMA Band II(tested) , WCDMA Band V(tested) WIFI(tested) , Bluetooth			
<b>GPRS Class</b>	Class 12			
<b>Hotspot</b>	Supported			
<b>Max. SAR (1g)</b>	Mode	1g SAR(W/Kg)		
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
	GSM850	0.617	1.22	1.22
	GSM1900	0.390	1.04	1.04
	WCDMA Band II	0.963	1.18	1.18
	WCDMA Band V	0.752	0.815	0.815
<b>Antenna Type</b>	WIFI			
	0.146      0.105      0.154			
<b>Accessories</b>	Li-Ion Battery: Model:HQ-E56 ,Voltage:3.7V, Capacity:1500mAh Charger: Model:TPA-595055UU , Input: 100-240v, 0.2A , Output: 5v, 1000mA Earphone			
<b>Comment</b>	The EUT form size is 6.2cm×11.6cm. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacture.			

## 2. EUT Operational Conditions During Test

### 2.1 General Description of Test Procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 in the case of GSM850, allocated to 512, 661 and 810 in the case of PCS1900, allocated to 4132, 4183 and 4233 in the case of WCDMA Band V, allocated to 9262, 9400 and 9538 in the case of WCDMA Band II, allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of WIFI. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power by MT8820C.

When we test, the EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

### 2.2 GSM Test Configuration

For the SAR tests for GSM850 and PCS1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using MT8820C the power lever is set to "5" of GSM850, set to "0" of PCS1900. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power. The GPRS class is 12 for this EUT. It has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

### 2.3 WCDMA Test Configuration

For the SAR body tests for WCDMA Band V and WCDMA Band II, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. We established the radio link with 12.2kbps RMC and the power control "all bits up" in test loop mode 1.

#### HSDPA:

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active

is at least 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2kbps RMC without HSDPA.

#### **HSPA:**

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

## **2.4 WiFi Test Configuration**

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

## 2.5 Hotspot Test Configuration

Standalone personal wireless routers and handsets with hotspot mode capabilities must address hand-held and other near-body exposure conditions to show SAR compliance. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode. A test separation of 10 mm is required. The standalone SAR results in each device test orientation must be analyzed for the applicable hotspot mode simultaneous transmission configurations to determine SAR test exclusion and volume scan requirements. The simultaneous transmission configurations must be clearly described in the SAR report to support the analyses or test results.

### 3. SAR Measurements System Configuration

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from SPEAG. The system is based on a high precision robot, which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.02$  mm. Special E-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in with accuracy of better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm 0.3$  dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom and ELI4 Phantom as described in IEC 62209-1, FCC OET 065 supplement C, IEEE1528 and EN 62209-1.

#### 3.1 Measurement System Diagram

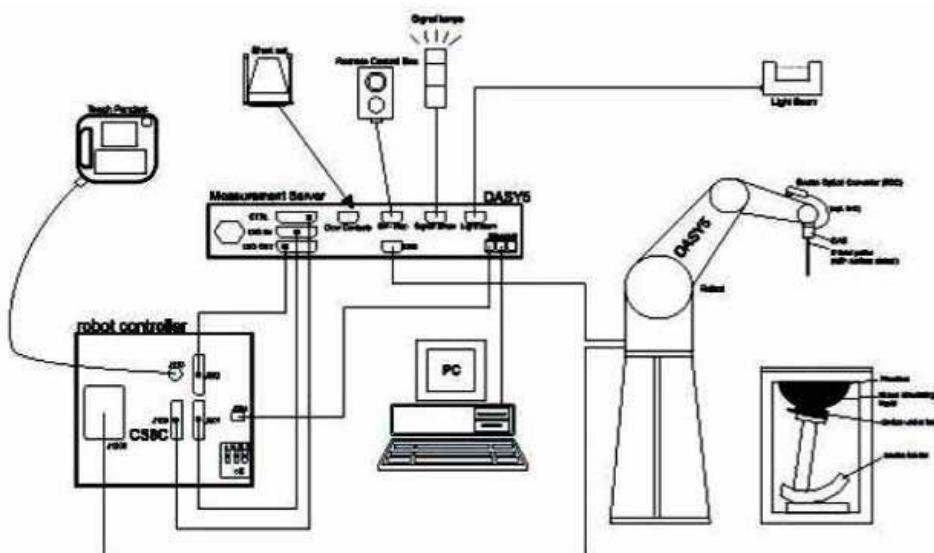


Figure 1 System Diagram

The DASY5 system consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (TX90XL) with Staubli CS8c robot controllers.
2. DASY5 Measurement Server.
3. Data Acquisition Electronics.
4. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
5. Light Beam Unit.

6. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and the ELI4 phantom for body usage.
7. The Position device for handheld EUT.
8. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
9. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.
10. A computer operating Windows XP.

## 3.2 System Components

The mobile phone under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The DASY5 software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10 g mass.

### 3.2.1 TX90XL

The TX90XL robot has six axes. The six axes are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. It offers the features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF

### 3.2.2 DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 electronics box as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



Figure 2 TX90XL



Figure 3 Measurement Server

### 3.2.3 Probe

For the measurements the specific dosimetric E-Field Probe ES3DV3 and EX3DV4 with following specifications is used.

Frequency: 10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB

Directivity:  $\pm 0.3$  dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

$\pm 0.5$  dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB

Tip Diameter: 5 mm; Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5 mm

Probe linearity:  $\pm 0.3$  dB

Calibration range: 835 to 2500 MHz for head & body simulating liquid

### 3.2.4 Device holder

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard.

It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity =3 and loss tangent =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4 Probe



Figure 5 Device Holder

### 3.2.5 Phantom

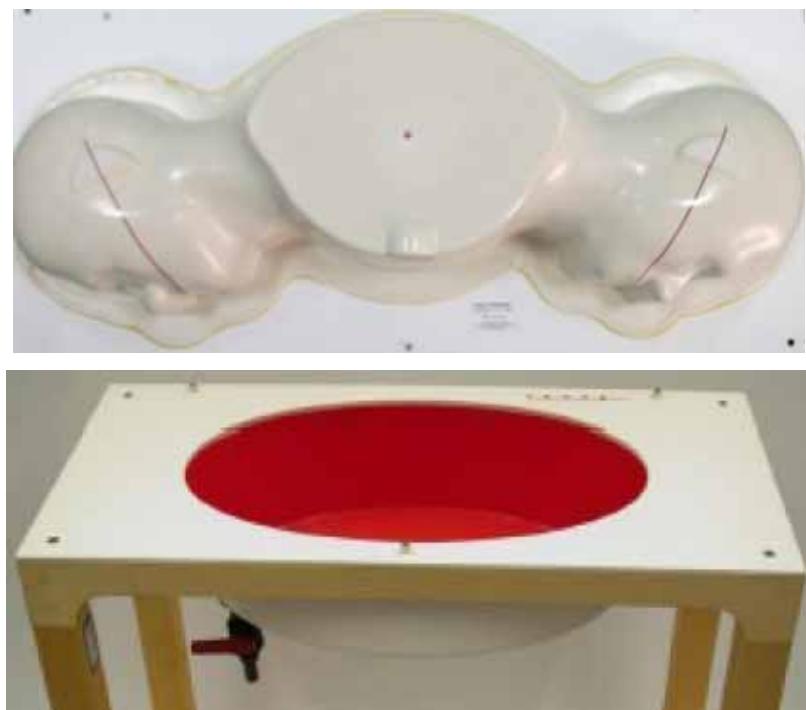
The SAM Twin Phantom and the ELI4 Phantom are constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1. The SAM Twin phantom

enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage and the ELI4 phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell thickness: 2 mm +/-0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions (H x L x W): 850 x 1000 x 500 mm



**Figure 6 SAM Twin Phantom and ELI Phantom**

### 3.2.6 Data Acquisition Electronics

DAE4 consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

Input impedance: 200MOhm, symmetrical and floating.

Common mode rejection: > 80 dB.

### 3.2.7 Validation dipoles

SPEAG has a full range of dipoles corresponding to the frequencies defines by the standards: 835, 900, 1800, 1900, 2000, 2450MHz

Maximum input Power: 100W

Connectors: SMA

Dimensions: (depends on the dipole frequency)



Figure 7 DAE4



Figure 8 Validation Dipoles

### 3.3 Equivalent Tissues

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(  $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  )

## 4. Evaluation Procedures

### 4.1 Data Evaluation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity  $Norm_i$ ,  $ai_0$ ,  $ai_1$ ,  $ai_2$   
- Conversion factor  $ConvFi$   
- Diode compression point  $dcpi$

Device parameters: - Frequency  $f$   
- Crest factor  $cf$

Media parameters: - Conductivity  $\sigma$   
- Density  $\rho$

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcpi}$$

with  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$U_i$  = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$cf$  = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY5 parameter)

$dcpi$  = Diode compression point (DASY5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel i ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$Norm_i$  = Sensor sensitivity of channel i ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$ConvF$  = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

$a_{ij}$  = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

$f$  = Carrier frequency (GHz)

$E_i$  = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

$H_i$  = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components give the total field strength:

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$E_{\text{tot}}$  = total field strength in V/m

$\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

$\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in  $\text{g/cm}^3$

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770} \quad \text{Or} \quad P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With  $P_{\text{pwe}}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in  $\text{mW/cm}^2$

$E_{\text{tot}}$  = total electric field strength in V/m

$H_{\text{tot}}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

## 4.2 SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- **Power Reference Measurement**

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a

user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

- **Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

- **Zoom Scan**

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 7 x 7 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more than one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

- **Power Drift Measurement**

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

## 4.3 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEC62209-1 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation

boundary correction

## Peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

## Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

## Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b \exp\left(-\frac{z}{a}\right) \cos\left(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda}\right)$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes ( $a \ll \lambda$ ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors  $S_b$  (parameter Alpha in the DASY5 software) and  $a$  (parameter Delta in the DASY5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and

boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
  - the probe axis is angled less than 30° to the boundary normal
  - the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
  - the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)
- Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

## 5. Test Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 20°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

## 6. Conducted Output Power Measurement

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test. To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power. A Radio Communication Tester MT8820C was used to program the EUT.

GSM 850		Power (dBm)				Average power (dBm)		
		Channel	Channel	Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel
		128	190	251		128	190	251
<b>GSM</b>		31.96	<b>32.41</b>	32.35				
GPRS	1TXslot	31.94	32.39	32.33	-9.03	22.91	23.36	23.30
	2TXslots	30.52	30.57	30.51	-6.02	<b>24.50</b>	<b>24.55</b>	<b>24.49</b>
	3TXslots	28.69	28.53	28.42	-4.26	24.43	24.27	24.16
	4TXslots	27.01	27.10	27.22	-3.01	24.00	24.09	24.21
EGPRS	1TXslot	27.13	26.85	26.96	-9.03	18.10	17.82	17.93
	2TXslots	25.39	26.11	25.34	-6.02	<b>19.37</b>	<b>20.09</b>	<b>19.32</b>
	3TXslots	23.37	23.45	23.47	-4.26	19.11	19.19	19.21
	4TXslots	22.25	22.16	22.05	-3.01	19.24	19.15	19.04
GSM 1900		Power (dBm)				Average power (dBm)		
		Channel	Channel	Channel		Channel	Channel	Channel
		512	661	810		512	661	810
<b>GSM</b>		30.42	30.63	<b>30.85</b>				
GPRS	1TXslot	30.40	30.61	30.83	-9.03	21.37	21.58	21.80
	2TXslots	26.53	26.18	26.43	-6.02	<b>20.51</b>	<b>20.16</b>	<b>20.41</b>
	3TXslots	24.15	24.30	24.26	-4.26	19.89	20.04	20.00
	4TXslots	23.41	23.17	23.15	-3.01	20.40	20.16	20.14
EGPRS	1TXslot	25.57	25.46	25.43	-9.03	16.54	16.43	16.40
	2TXslots	24.32	24.27	24.09	-6.02	<b>18.30</b>	<b>18.25</b>	<b>18.07</b>
	3TXslots	22.29	22.43	21.87	-4.26	18.03	18.17	17.61
	4TXslots	20.86	20.49	20.39	-3.01	17.85	17.48	17.38

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots

=>Conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03 dB

2 TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> Conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02 dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> Conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26 dB

4 TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots

=> Conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01 dB

## 2) Average power

The maximum power are marks in bold. According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GPRS and EGPRS.

## WCDMA

Band II		Power (dBm)		
		Channel	Channel	Channel
		9262	9400	9538
RMC	12.2kbps RMC	<b>21.85</b>	21.80	21.74
HSDPA	Sub - Test 1	21.16	21.08	21.13
	Sub - Test 2	21.11	21.14	21.16
	Sub - Test 3	21.30	21.20	21.19
	Sub - Test 4	20.63	20.52	20.47
HSUPA	Sub - Test 1	21.56	21.84	21.93
	Sub - Test 2	20.31	20.72	20.83
	Sub - Test 3	20.57	20.68	21.10
	Sub - Test 4	20.24	20.23	20.26
	Sub - Test 5	21.63	21.80	21.75
Band V		Power (dBm)		
		Channel	Channel	Channel
		4132	4183	4233
RMC	12.2kbps RMC	22.32	22.43	<b>22.53</b>
HSDPA	Sub - Test 1	22.13	22.38	22.19
	Sub - Test 2	22.06	22.26	21.75
	Sub - Test 3	21.35	22.01	21.39
	Sub - Test 4	21.26	21.33	21.08

HSUPA	Sub - Test 1	21.86	21.68	21.69
	Sub - Test 2	20.39	20.09	20.49
	Sub - Test 3	20.74	20.56	20.62
	Sub - Test 4	20.47	20.37	20.54
	Sub - Test 5	21.76	21.40	21.43

## 7. SAR Measurement Results

### 7.1 Liquid Measurement Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values.

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Relative Humidity	Para.	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	Sep 12, 2013	Head	21.5	21	56%	εr	41.5	40.43	-2.58	±5
						σ	0.90	0.86	-4.44	±5
835	Sep 12, 2013	Body	21.5	21	56%	εr	55.2	53.73	-2.66	±5
						σ	0.97	0.94	-3.09	±5
1900	Sep 13, 2013	Head	21.5	21	56%	εr	40	39.75	-0.63	±5
						σ	1.40	1.45	3.57	±5
1900	Sep 13, 2013	Body	21.5	21	56%	εr	53.3	50.72	-4.84	±5
						σ	1.52	1.58	3.95	±5
2450	Sep 16, 2013	Head	21.5	21	56%	εr	39.2	37.97	-3.14	±5
						σ	1.80	1.88	4.44	±5
2450	Sep 16, 2013	Body	21.5	21	56%	εr	52.7	50.71	-3.78	±5
						σ	1.95	2.02	3.59	±5

## 7.2 System Performance Check

### System Performance Check Measurement conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system with an E-field probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration ( $dx= 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy= 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz= 5 \text{ mm}$ ).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm.

The depth of Liquid must above 15cm



**System Performance Check Results**

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Amb. Temp . [°C]	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR_1g (W/Kg)	250mW Target SAR_1g (W/Kg)	Dev. [%]	Limit [%]
835	Sep 12, 2013	Head	21.4	21	250	2.31	2.47	-6.48	±10
	Sep 12, 2013	Body	21.4	21	250	2.44	2.52	-3.17	±10
1900	Sep 13, 2013	Head	21.5	21	250	9.42	9.89	-4.75	±10
	Sep 13, 2013	Body	21.5	21	250	10.1	10.3	-1.94	±10
2450	Sep 16, 2013	Head	21.5	21	250	13.2	13.4	1.52	±10
	Sep 16, 2013	Body	21.5	21	250	14.1	13.0	8.46	±10

## 7.3 Measurement Results

Band	Test configuration		Mode	Ch#.	Freq. [MHz]	Power (dBm)		1g SAR (W/Kg)		Power Drift (dB)
						Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	
GSM 850	Head	Left Cheek	voice	190	836.6	33	32.41	0.407	0.466	-0.13
	Head	Left Tilted	voice	190	836.6	33	32.41	0.194	0.222	0.16
	Head	Right Cheek	voice	190	836.6	33	32.41	0.538	<b>0.617</b>	0.16
	Head	Right Tilted	voice	190	836.6	33	32.41	0.232	0.266	-0.14
	Body	Back (Head-set)	voice	190	836.6	33	32.41	0.696	0.798	0.13
	Body	Front (Head-set)	voice	190	836.6	33	32.41	0.477	0.547	0.02
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	251	848.8	31	30.51	1.09	<b>1.22</b>	0.04
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	251	848.8	31	30.51	1.08	1.21	0.07
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	190	836.6	31	30.57	1.01	1.16	-0.06
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	128	824.2	31	30.52	0.901	1.01	0.05
	Body	Front	GPRS 2 slots	190	836.6	31	30.57	0.539	0.595	-0.15
	Body	Right	GPRS 2 slots	190	836.6	31	30.57	0.329	0.363	-0.10
	Body	Left	GPRS 2 slots	190	836.6	31	30.57	0.226	0.250	-0.15
	Body	Bottom	GPRS 2 slots	190	836.6	31	30.57	0.079	0.087	-0.05
	Body	Back	EDGE 2 slots	190	836.6	27	26.11	0.946	1.16	0.04
GSM 1900	Head	Left Cheek	voice	810	1909.8	31	30.85	0.254	0.263	-0.17
	Head	Left Tilted	voice	810	1909.8	31	30.85	0.095	0.098	0.07
	Head	Right Cheek	voice	810	1909.8	31	30.85	0.377	<b>0.390</b>	0.07
	Head	Right Tilted	voice	810	1909.8	31	30.85	0.093	0.096	-0.07
	Body	Back (Head-set)	voice	810	1909.8	31	30.85	0.550	0.569	0.09

Band	Test configuration		Mode	Ch#.	Freq. [MHz]	Power (dBm)		1g SAR (W/Kg)		Power Drift (dB)
						Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	
Band	Body	Front (Head-set)	voice	810	1909.8	31	30.85	0.377	0.390	0.07
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	810	1909.8	27	26.43	0.900	1.03	0.10
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	810	1909.8	27	26.43	0.914	1.04	0.03
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	661	1880	27	26.18	0.818	0.989	-0.05
	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	512	1850.2	27	26.53	0.736	0.820	-0.01
	Body	Front	GPRS 2 slots	512	1850.2	27	26.53	0.519	0.579	0.04
	Body	Right	GPRS 2 slots	512	1850.2	27	26.53	0.521	0.581	-0.04
	Body	Left	GPRS 2 slots	512	1850.2	27	26.53	0.382	0.426	0.01
	Body	Bottom	GPRS 2 slots	512	1850.2	27	26.53	0.110	0.123	-0.12
	Body	Back	EDGE 2 slots	512	1850.2	25	24.32	0.808	0.945	-0.14
WCD MA Band II	Head	Left Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	9538	1907.6	22	21.74	0.907	0.963	0.00
	Head	Left Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	9400	1880	22	21.80	0.848	0.888	0.04
	Head	Left Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.811	0.840	-0.07
	Head	Left Tilted	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.281	0.291	0.12
	Head	Right Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.798	0.826	0.01
	Head	Right Tilted	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.215	0.223	0.07
	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	9538	1907.6	22	21.74	1.10	1.17	-0.01
	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	9538	1907.6	22	21.74	1.11	1.18	0.00
	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	9400	1880	22	21.80	1.02	1.07	0.04
	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.943	0.976	0.03

Band	Test configuration		Mode	Ch#.	Freq. [MHz]	Power (dBm)		1g SAR (W/Kg)		Power Drift (dB)
						Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	
Band V	Body	Front	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.711	0.736	0.07
	Body	Right	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.202	0.209	-0.16
	Body	Left	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.125	0.129	0.03
	Body	Bottom	RMC 12.2 kbps	9538	1907.6	22	21.74	0.931	0.989	-0.01
	Body	Bottom	RMC 12.2 kbps	9400	1880	22	21.80	0.909	0.952	-0.02
	Body	Bottom	RMC 12.2 kbps	9262	1852.4	22	21.85	0.949	0.982	-0.01
	Body	Back (Head-set)	RMC 12.2 kbps	9538	1907.6	22	21.85	1.02	1.06	0.05
WCD MA Band V	Head	Left Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.489	0.545	-0.01
	Head	Left Tilted	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.215	0.240	0.14
	Head	Right Cheek	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.650	<b>0.725</b>	0.13
	Head	Right Tilted	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.266	0.297	-0.04
	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.731	<b>0.815</b>	-0.05
	Body	Front	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.523	0.583	-0.02
	Body	Right	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.414	0.461	-0.02
	Body	Left	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.191	0.213	-0.01
	Body	Bottom	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.066	0.074	0.12
	Body	Back (Head-set)	RMC 12.2 kbps	4233	846.6	23	22.53	0.731	0.815	0.10

Note: 1) The body SAR was tested with separation distance 10mm.

2) According to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01, body SAR for top configuration measurement was not required for WWAN mode because the top side

of the EUT with WWAN antenna further than 25 mm from the surface.

3) HSDPA and HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA and HSUPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA and HSUPA using 12.2kbps RMC and the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is not above 75% of the SAR limit.

4) Blue entries represent repeated test.

## Measurement variability consideration

According to KDB 865664 D01v01r01 section 2.8.1, repeated measurements are required following the procedures as below:

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Band	Test configuration	Mode	Ch#.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)					
					Original	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated		2 <sup>nd</sup> Repeated		
						Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	
GSM 850	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	251	848.8	1.09	1.08	1.01	NA	NA
GSM 1900	Body	Back	GPRS 2 slots	810	1909.8	0.900	0.914	1.02	NA	NA
WCDMA Band II	Body	Back	RMC 12.2 kbps	9538	1907.6	1.10	1.11	1.01	NA	NA

## SAR consideration for unlicensed transmitters:

The EUT support WIFI and Bluetooth functions, the output power of WIFI and Bluetooth and the antenna layout are as follow:



WIFI (802.11b/g/n)

	Power (dBm)			
	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(H20)	802.11n(H40)
Lowest	16.25	14.97	14.87	13.44
Middle	16.34	17.16	17.13	15.74
Highest	16.17	14.86	14.76	13.26
Tune-up limit	17	18	18	16

Bluetooth:

	Conducted power (dBm)		
	GFSK	Pi/4DQPSK	8QPSK
Lowest	-2.36	-2.99	-3.17
Middle	-2.02	-2.54	-2.71
Highest	-2.05	-2.16	-2.12
Tune-up limit	-1	-1	-2

According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distances≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0.$

1) WIFI maximum tune-up limit power is 18dBm=63.10mW.

For the head SAR, use 5mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance,  
 $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 19.75 > 3.0.$

For the body SAR, use 10mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance,  
 $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 9.87 > 3.0.$

So WIFI standalone SAR measurements are required for both head and body.

The standalone SAR of WIFI is follow:

Test configuration		Mode	Ch#.	Freq. [MHz]	Power (dBm)		1g SAR (W/Kg)		Power Drift (dB)
					Tune-up limit	Measured	Measured	Scaled	
Head	Left Cheek	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.115	0.134	0.12
Head	Left Tilted	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.058	0.068	-0.10
Head	Right Cheek	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.069	0.080	0.18
Head	Right Tilted	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.050	0.058	0.13
Head	Left Cheek	802.11g	6	2437	18	17.16	0.120	<b>0.146</b>	-0.11
Head	Left Cheek	802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	18	17.13	0.098	0.120	0.16
Body	Back	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.090	0.105	-0.10
Body	Front	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.054	0.063	-0.13
Body	Right	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.132	<b>0.154</b>	0.10
Body	Left	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.021	0.024	0.10
Body	Top	802.11b	6	2437	17	16.34	0.038	0.044	-0.14
Body	Right	802.11g	6	2437	18	17.16	0.096	0.117	0.09
Body	Right	802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	18	17.13	0.106	0.130	0.14

Note: 1) The body SAR was tested with separation distance 10mm.

- 2) According to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01, body SAR for bottom configuration measurement was not required for WIFI mode because the bottom side of the EUT with WIFI antenna further than 25 mm from these surfaces.
- 3) SAR is not required for 802.11n(HT40) channels because the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

2) Bluetooth maximum tune-up limit power is  $-1\text{dBm}=0.794\text{mW}$ .

For the head SAR, use 5mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance,  
 $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 0.25 \leq 3.0$ ;

For the body SAR, use 10mm as the conservative minimum test separation distance,  
 $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 0.12 \leq 3.0$ .

So Bluetooth standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.

3) According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.2.2, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following formula:  
 $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ ; where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR.

So the estimated Bluetooth head SAR is 0.033 W/kg and the body SAR is 0.017 W/kg.

## Result summary:

### Head SAR configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)
GSM850	190	Right ,Cheek	0.617
GSM1900	810	Right ,Cheek	0.390
WCDMA Band II	9538	Left ,Cheek	0.963
WCDMA Band V	4233	Right ,Cheek	0.752
WIFI(802.11g)	6	Left ,Cheek	0.146
Bluetooth	/	/	0.033

### Body Worn configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)
2Tx slots GPRS850	251	Back side	1.22
2Tx slots GPRS1900	810	Back side	1.04
WCDMA Band II	9538	Back side	1.18
WCDMA Band V	4233	Back side	0.815
WIFI(802.11b)	6	Back side	0.105
Bluetooth	/	/	0.017

### Hotspot SAR configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	1g SAR (W/Kg)
2Tx slots GPRS850	251	Back side	1.22
2Tx slots GPRS1900	810	Back side	1.04
WCDMA Band II	9538	Back side	1.18
WCDMA Band V	4183	Back side	0.815
WIFI(802.11b)	6	Right side	0.154

## Simultaneous SAR Consideration

The simultaneous SAR scenarios are as follow.

No	Simultaneous Configuration	Sum. SAR (W/kg)
1	Cellular head + WiFi head	1.109
2	Cellular body + WiFi body	1.325
3	Cellular head + BT head	0.996
4	Cellular body + BT body	1.237
5	Cellular Hotspot + WiFi Hotspot	1.374

The maximum evaluation SAR of the simultaneous scenarios is 1.374 W/kg that less than 1.6 W/kg, so the simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.

## 8. Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1.0	1.0	1.0	6.55	6.55	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.29	0.29	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.46	0.46	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.35	$\infty$
System detection limits	E.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.14	0.14	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.35	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.35	0.35	$\infty$
Reponse Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0	0	$\infty$
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions-Noise	E.6.1	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0	0	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions-Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.87	0.87	$\infty$
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	1.67	1.67	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR	E.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	4.6	N	1.0	1.0	1.0	4.6	4.6	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.2	N	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.2	5.2	N-1
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.0	1.0	2.31	2.31	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1.0	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	M
Liquid permitivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.42	$\infty$
Liquid permitivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1.0	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.23	M
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>				RSS				11.3	11.0
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)</b>				K				23	22

## 9. EUT Photos and Test Positions



**Mobile Phone**



**Mobile Phone**

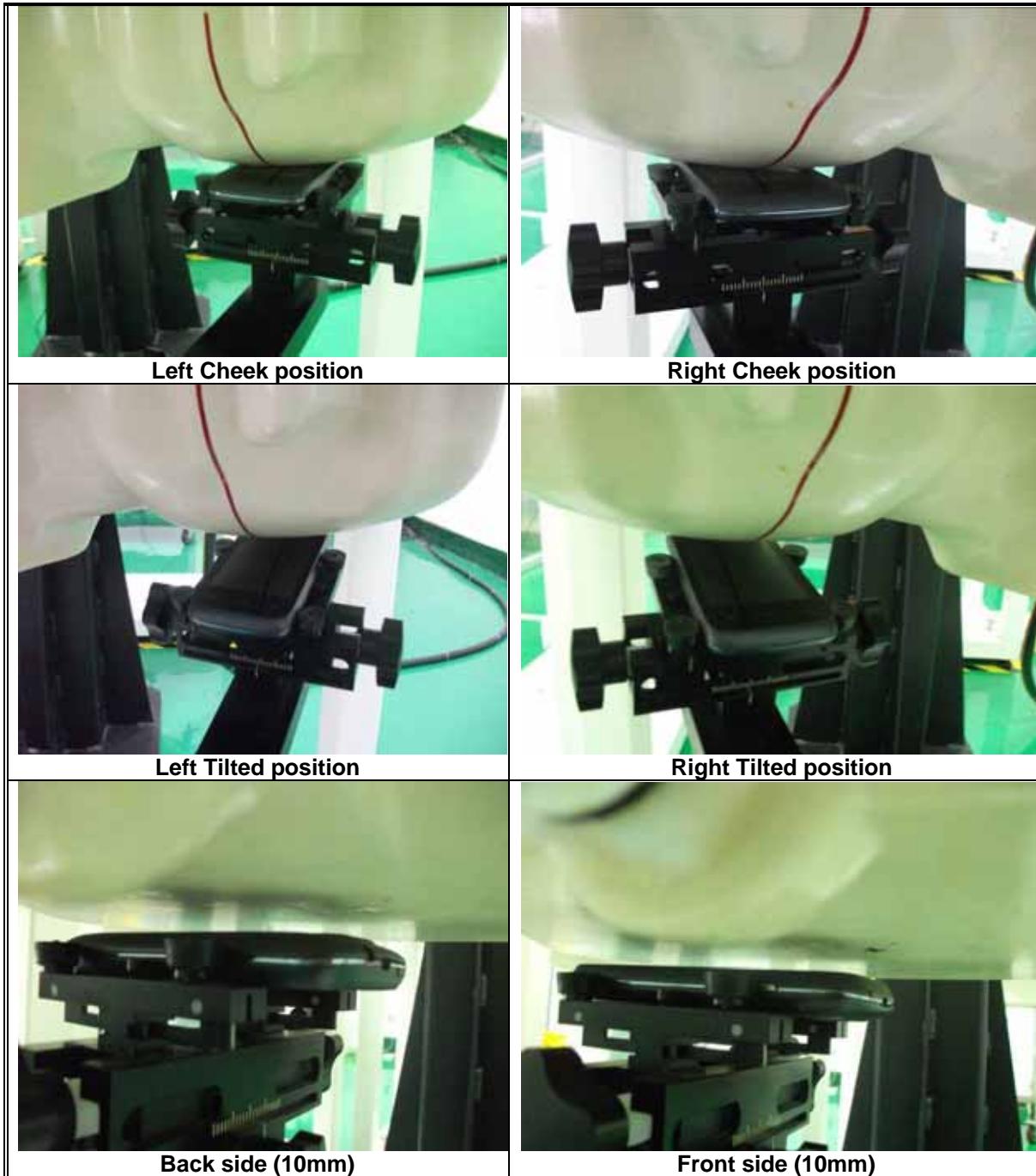


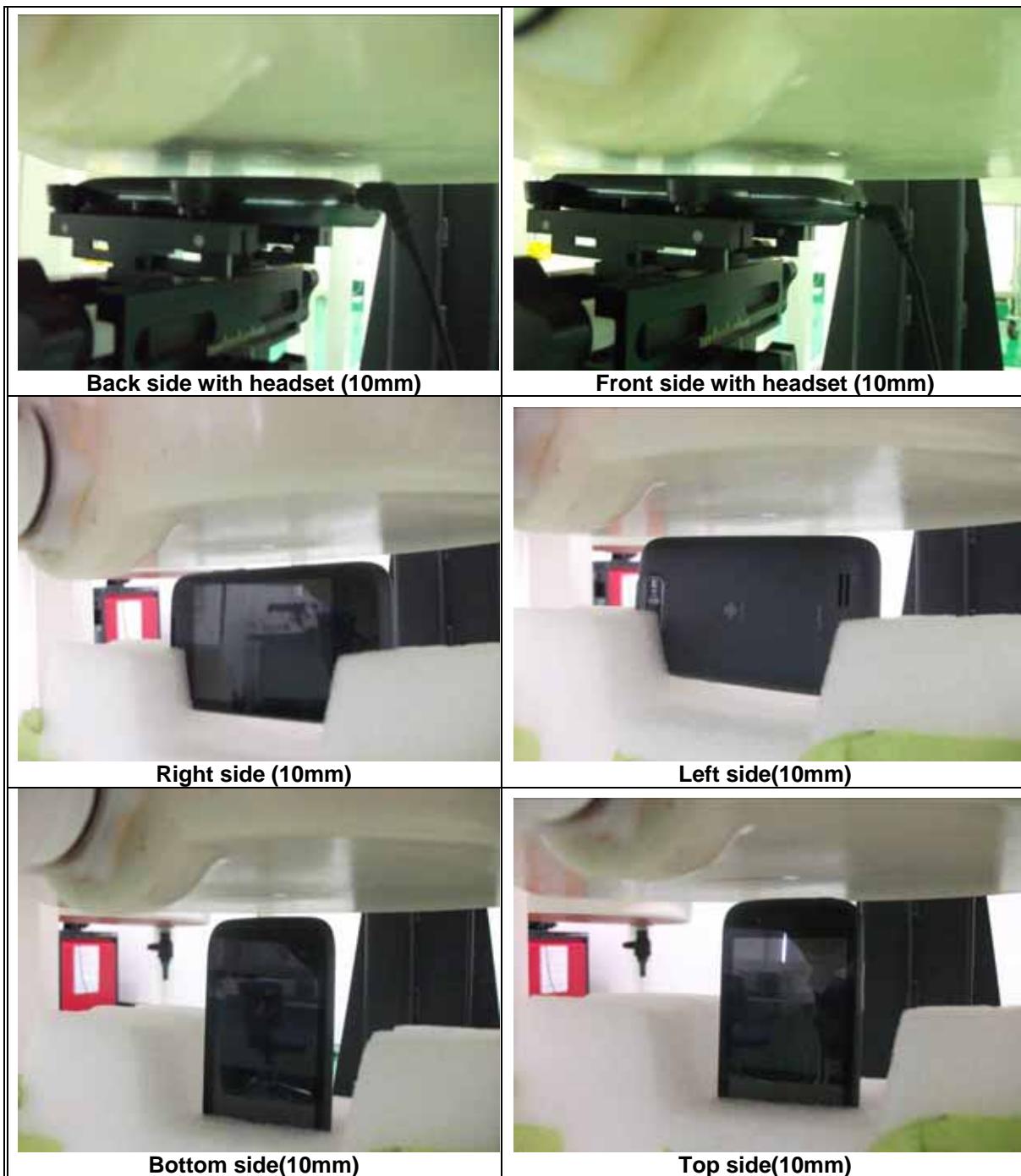
**Mobile Phone**



**Mobile Phone**

**Test Position:**





**10. Equipment List & Calibration Status**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal. Date	Calibration Due
PC	HP	d7900eC	CZC9312JJ4	N/A	N/A
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	SN 3221	2012-9-27	2013-9-26
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4-SD 000 D04 BJ	SN 893	2012-9-27	2013-9-26
Device Holder	Stäubli	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	TP-1545/TP-1548	N/A	N/A
6 Axis Robot	Stäubli	Robot TX90XL	F09/5B9UA1/A/01	N/A	N/A
Dipole 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d150	2013-3-18	2014-3-17
Dipole 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d070	2012-10-1	2013-9-30
DIPOLE 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	815	2012-9-26	2013-9-25
Wireless Communication Test Set	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201060976	2013-8-16	2014-8-15
Signal Generator	Agilent	5183A	MY49060563	2013-8-16	2014-8-15
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104719	2013-8-16	2014-8-15
Power Sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY48100148	2013-8-16	2014-8-15
Directional couplers	Agilent	778D	MY48220223	N/A	N/A
Power amplifier	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	QA0940002	N/A	N/A
Power supply	Topward	3303d	796708	2013-7-31	2014-7-30
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108263	2013-8-16	2014-8-15
Liquid Calibration Kit	Agilent	85070E	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 11. Attachments

Exhibit	Content
1	System Performance Check Plots
2	SAR Test Plots
3	Probe calibration report
4	Dipole calibration report
5	DAE calibration report

## ANNEXE 1 System Performance Check Plots

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### System 835 MHz dipole (Head)

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.859$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.432$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**835Head/System/Area Scan (21x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.49 W/kg

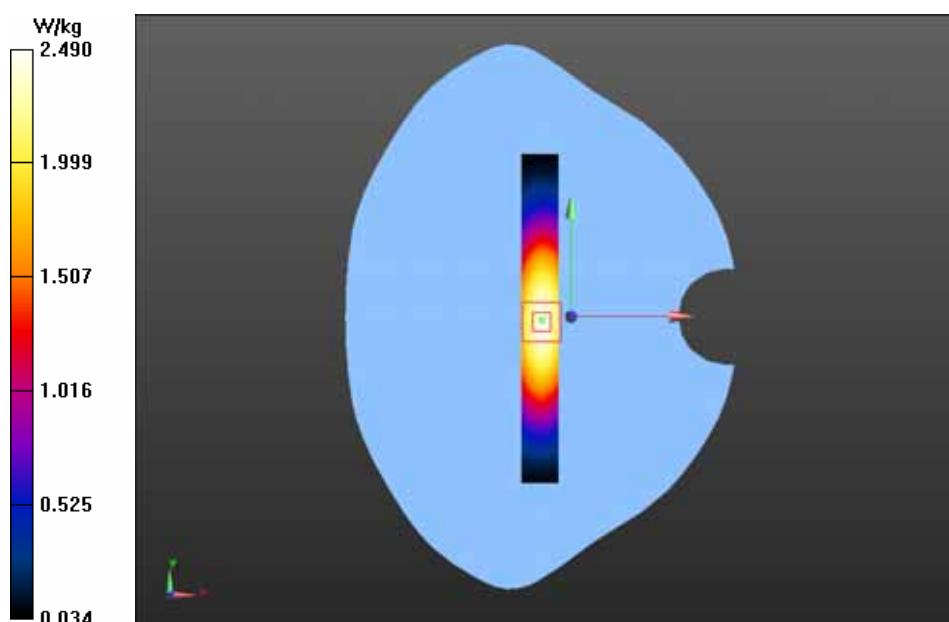
**835Head/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.285 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### System 835 MHz dipole (Body)

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz);

Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.938 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.734$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**835Body/System/Area Scan (21x181x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 W/kg

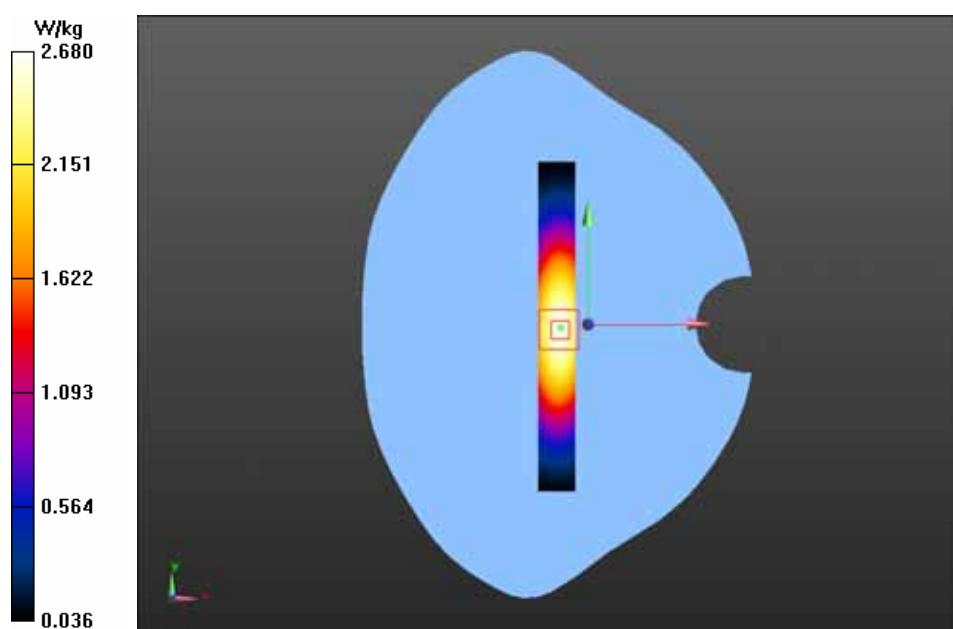
**835Body/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.327 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.475 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

### System 1900 MHz dipole (Head)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz);

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.75$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**1900Head/System/Area Scan (21x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.8 W/kg

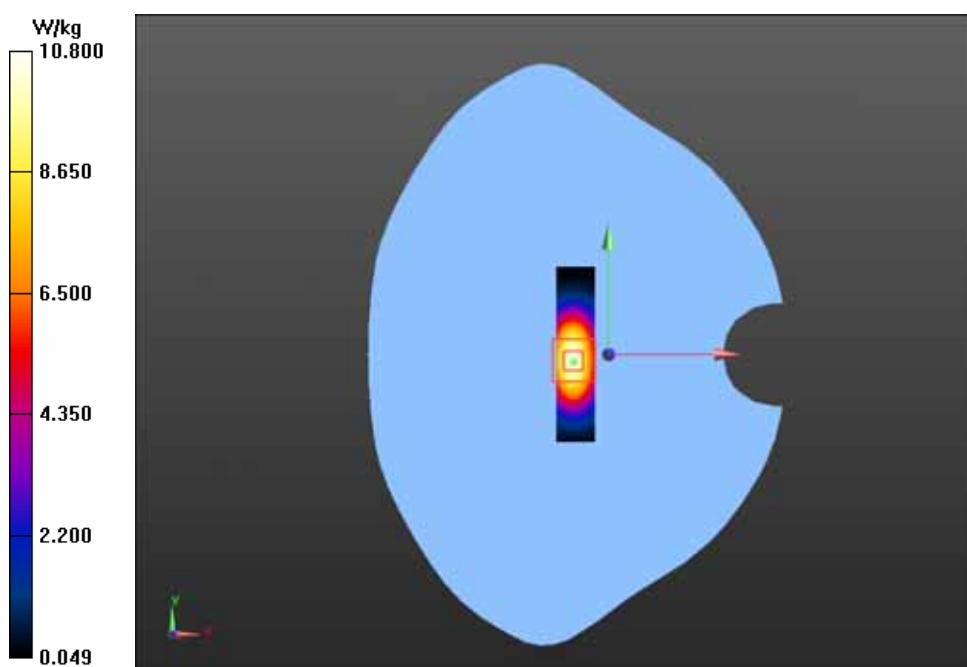
**1900Head/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.216 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 9.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.93 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

### System 1900 MHz dipole (Body)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.578 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.718$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**1900Body/System/Area Scan (21x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 W/kg

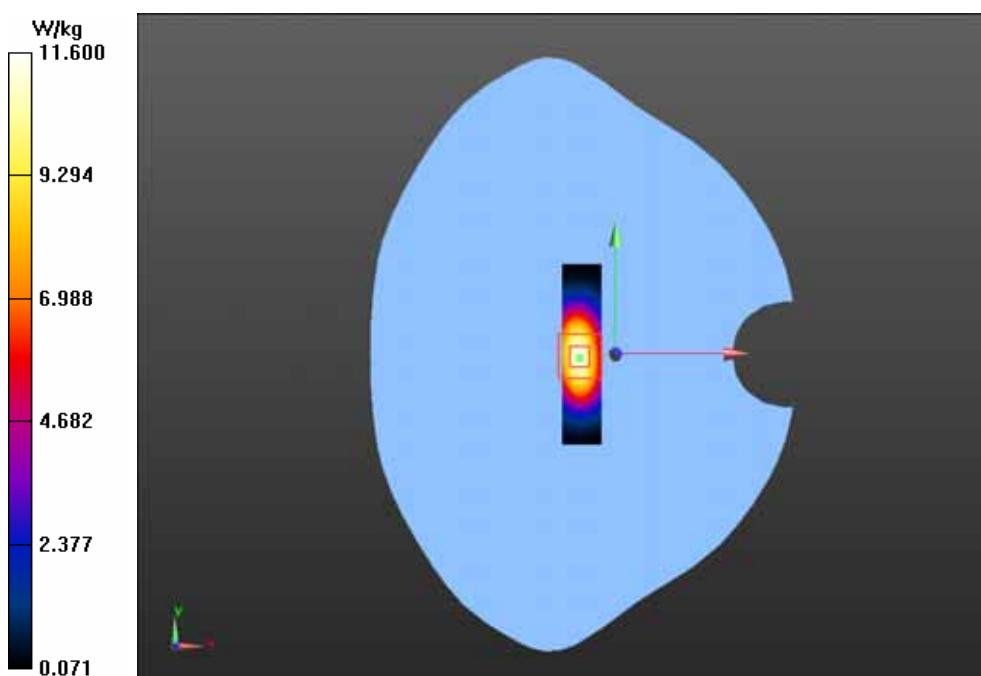
**1900Body/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.958 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

### System 2450 MHz dipole (Head)

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**2450 Head/System/Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

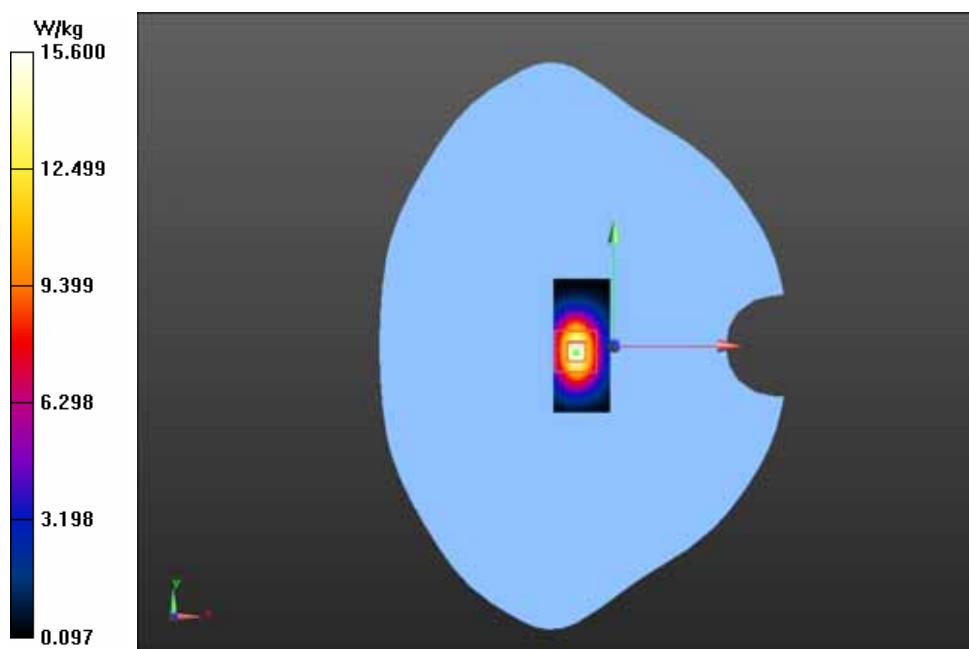
**2450 Head/System/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 87.272 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.198 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

### System 2450 MHz dipole (Body)

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**2450 Body/System check/Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 87.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.3 W/kg

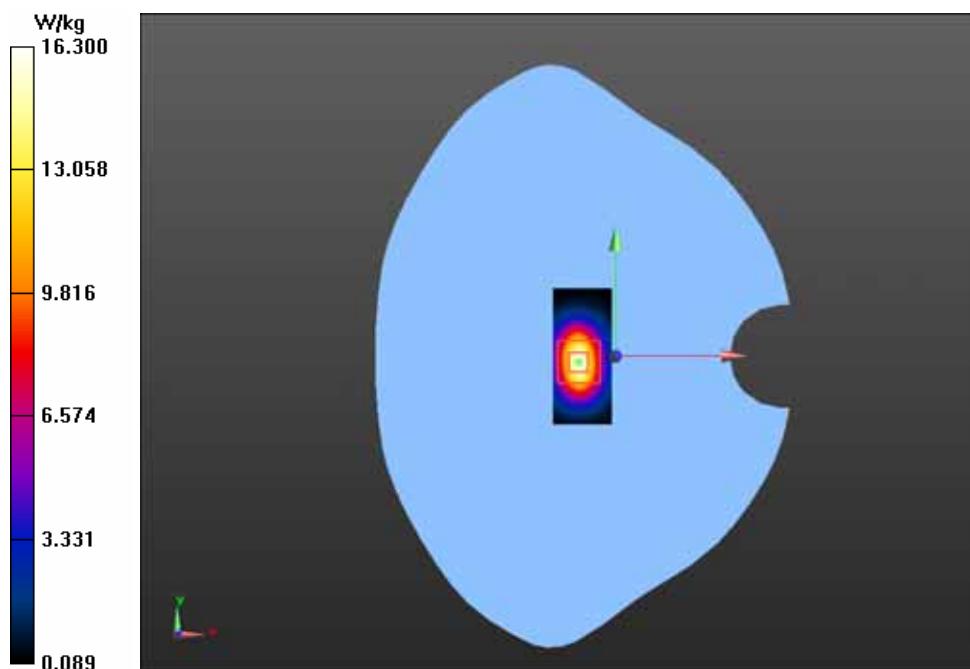
**2450 Body/System check/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 87.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.252 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 14.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.56 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



## ANNEXE 2 SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

**GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-Mid**

**DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+**

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.861$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.411$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.464 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.443 W/kg

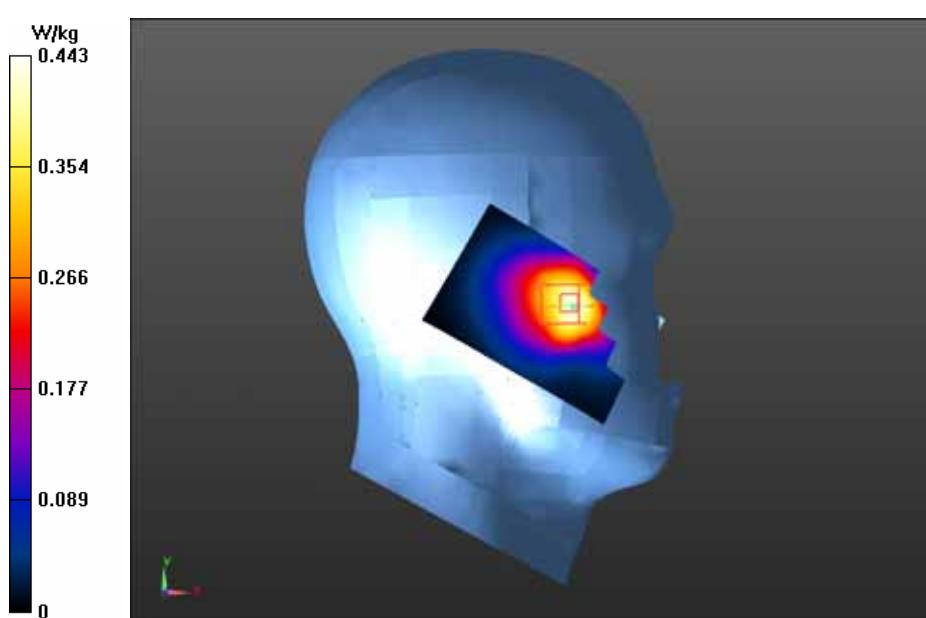
**GSM850 LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.464 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.509 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.407 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GSM850 LEFT/TILT-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.861$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.411$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 LEFT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.582 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.201 W/kg

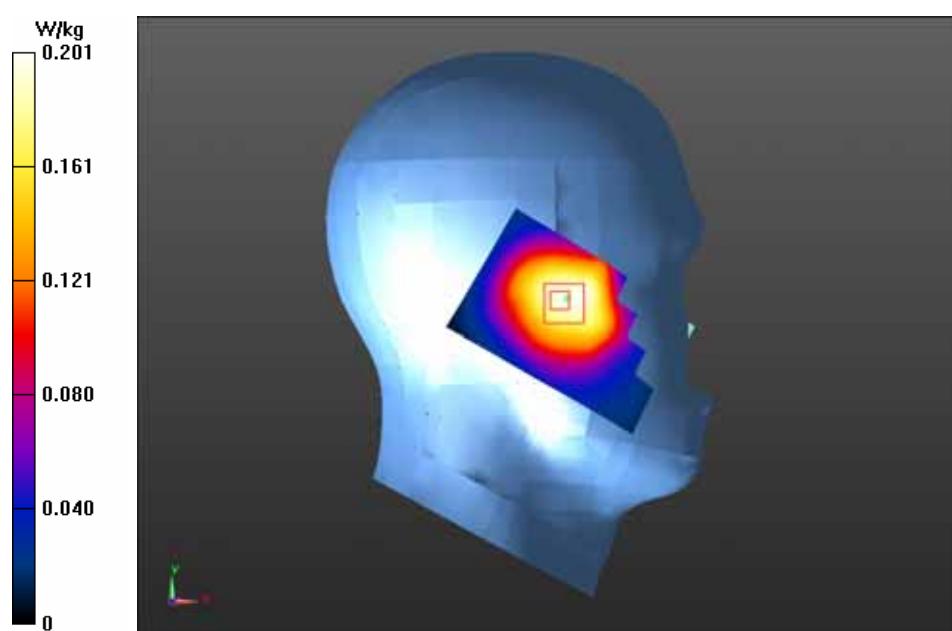
**GSM850 LEFT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.582 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.194 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.861$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.411$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.868 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 W/kg

**GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

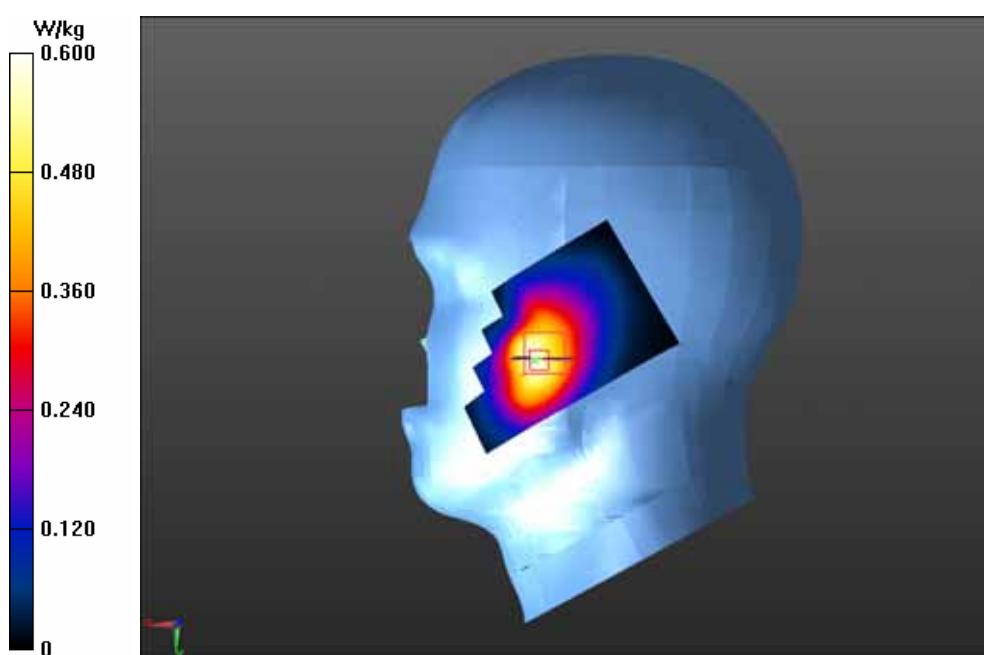
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.868 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.718 mW/g

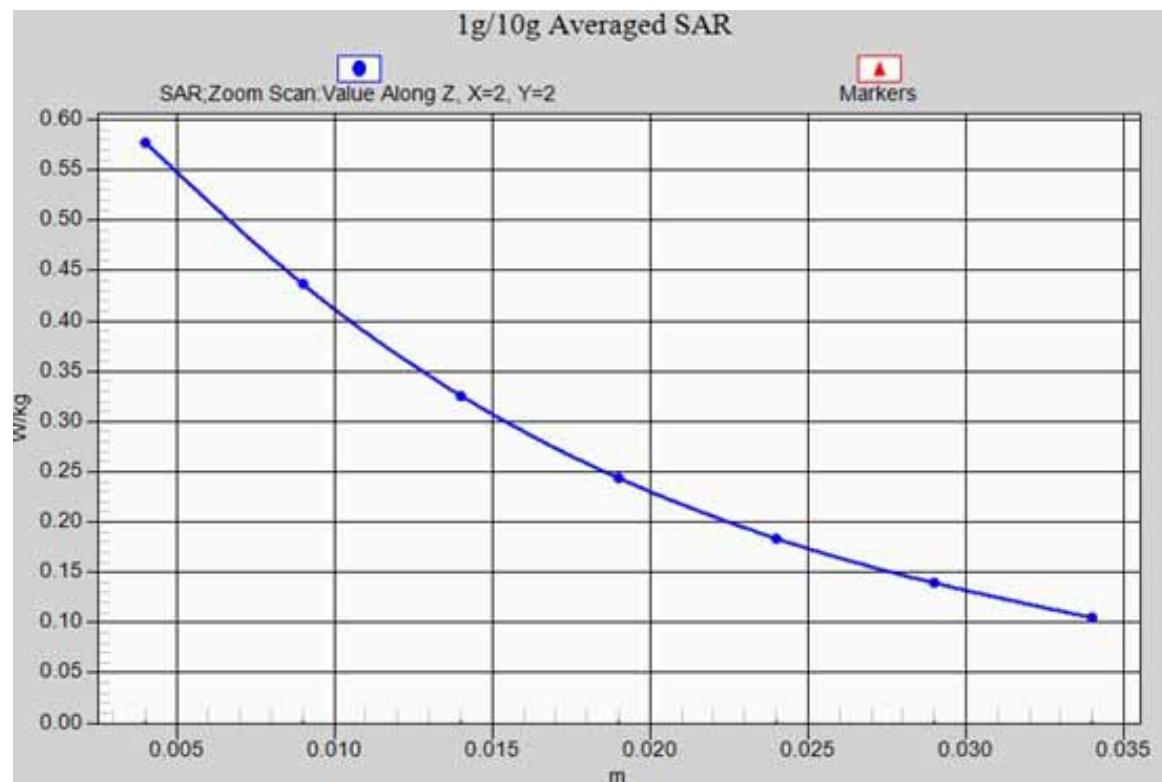
**SAR(1 g) = 0.538 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013



GSM850 RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GSM850 RIGHT/TILT-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.861$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.411$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.999 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 W/kg

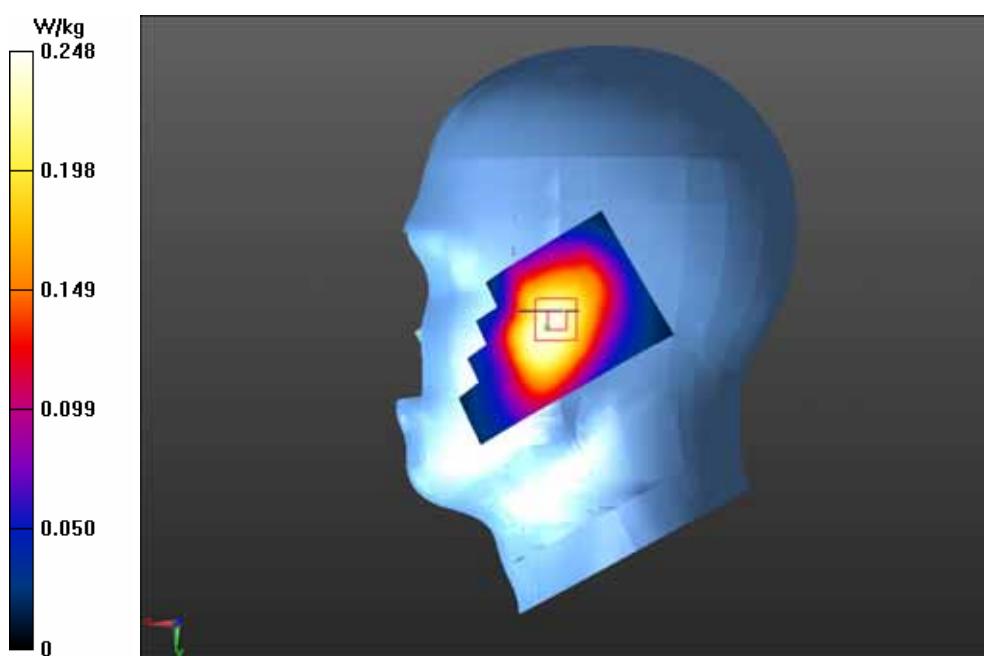
**GSM850 RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.999 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### GSM850 Back side-Mid with headset

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 Back side-Mid with headset/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 7.787 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.752 W/kg

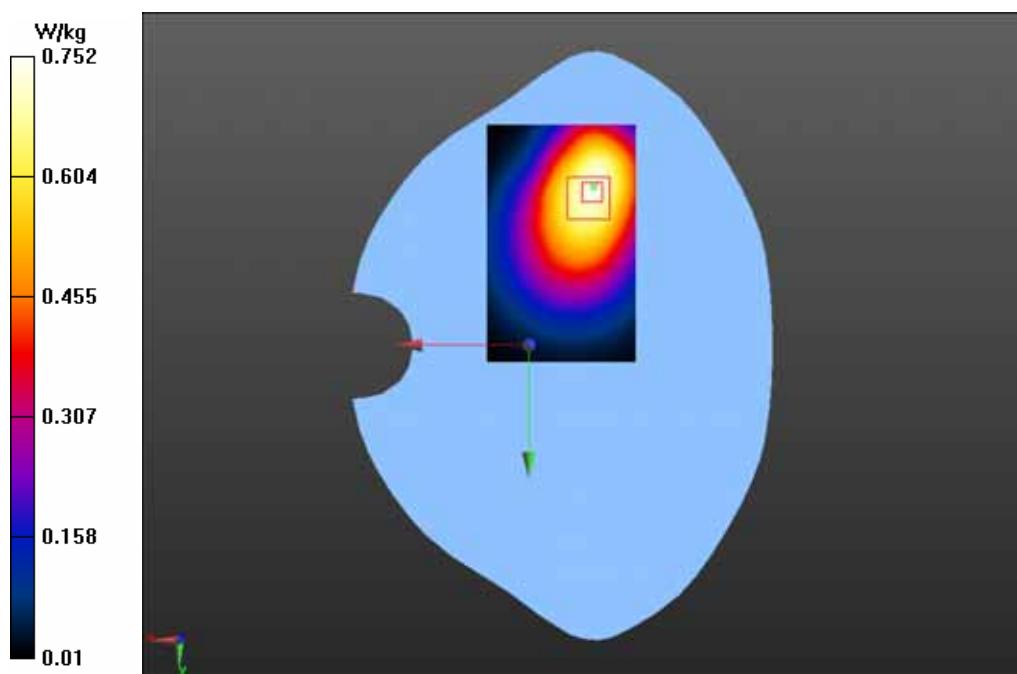
**GSM850 Back side-Mid with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.787 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.936 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.696 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.496 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GSM850 Front side-Mid with headset

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM850 Front side-Mid with headset/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.097 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.504 W/kg

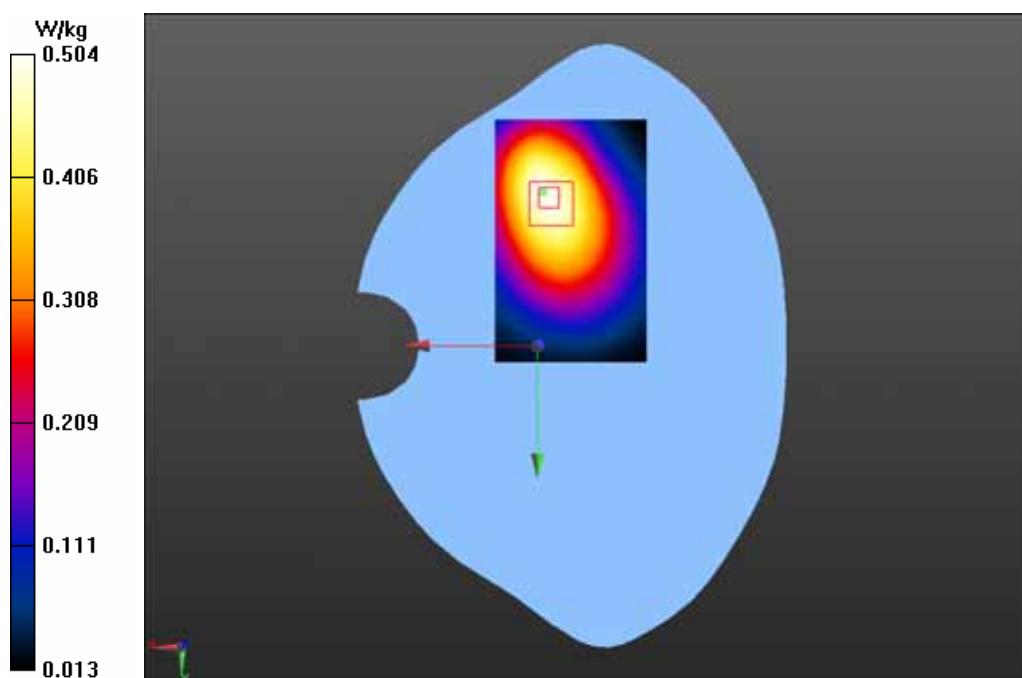
**GSM850 Front side-Mid with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.097 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.616 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.477 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS 850/Back side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 848.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.951$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.603$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Back side-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

**GPRS 850/Back side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

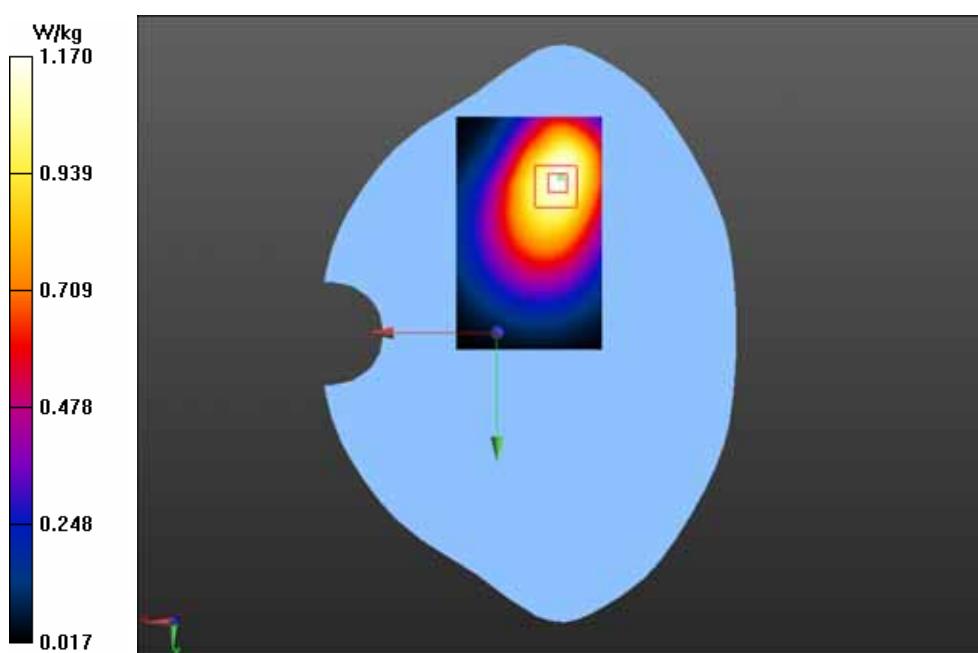
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.455 mW/g

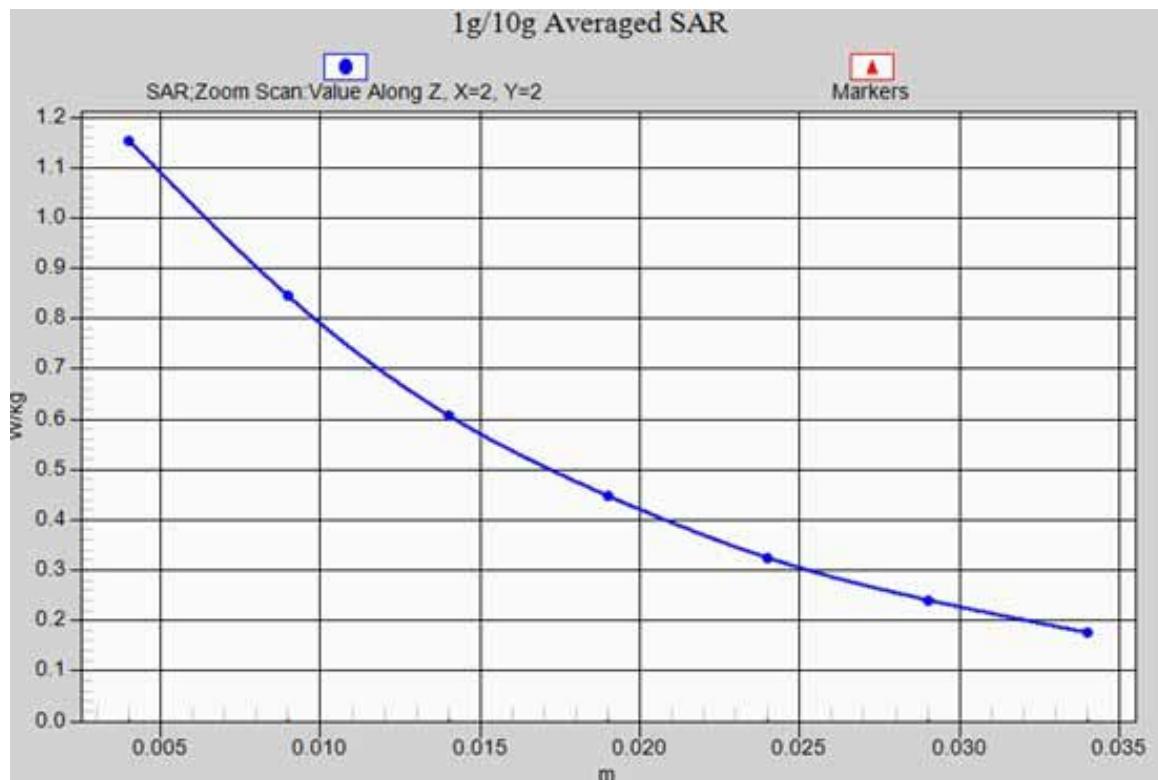
**SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.776 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013



GPRS 850/Back side-High\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS 850/Back side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 848.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.951$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.603$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Back side-High 2/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.009 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

**GPRS 850/Back side-High 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

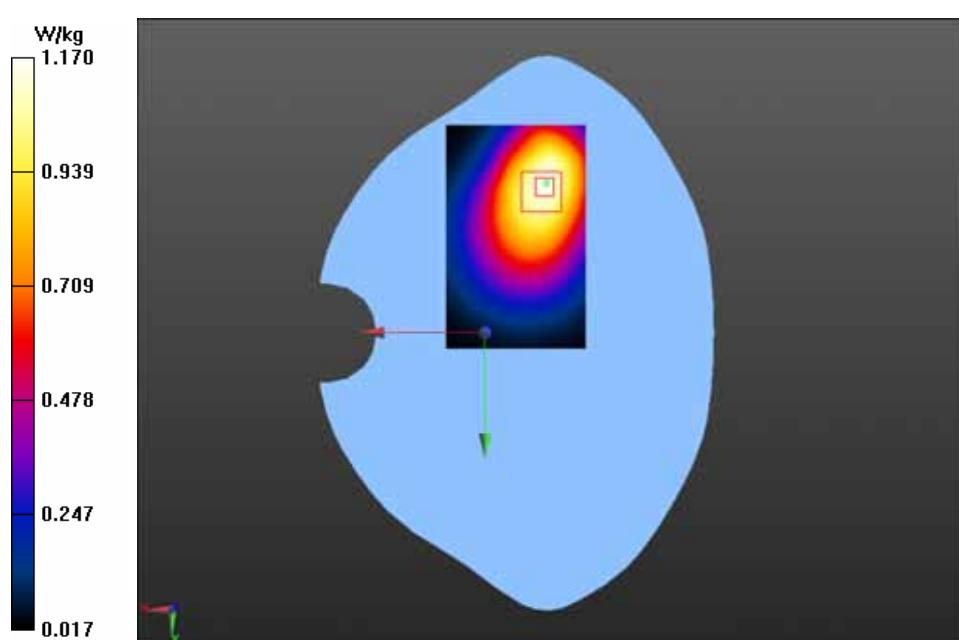
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.009 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.436 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.771 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS 850/Back side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Back side-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.414 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg

**GPRS 850/Back side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

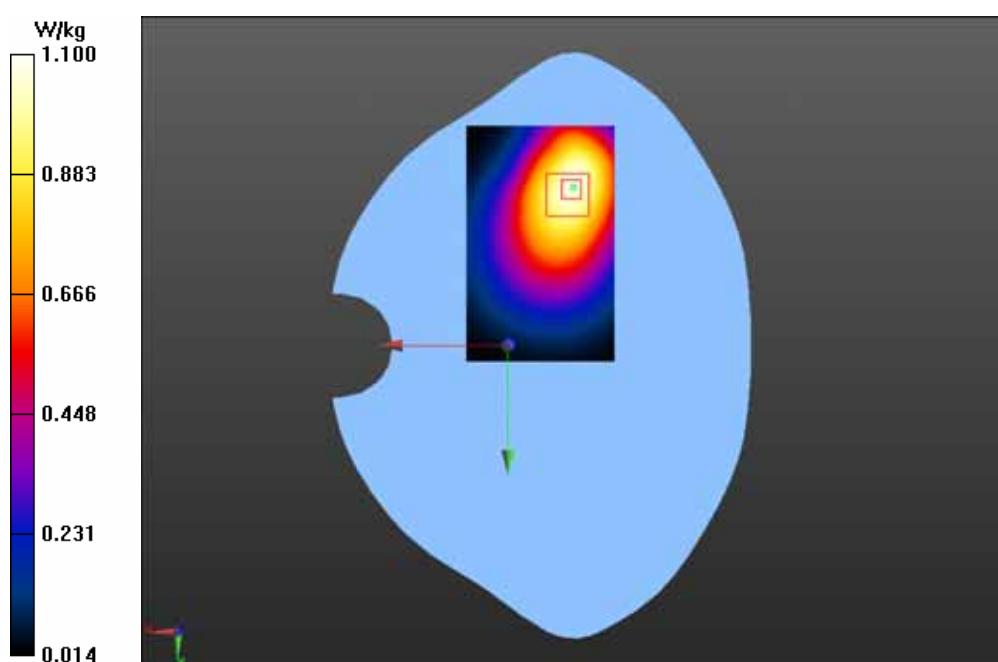
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.414 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.356 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.716 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS 850/Back side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 824.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.927$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.832$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Back side-Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.569 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.984 W/kg

**GPRS 850/Back side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

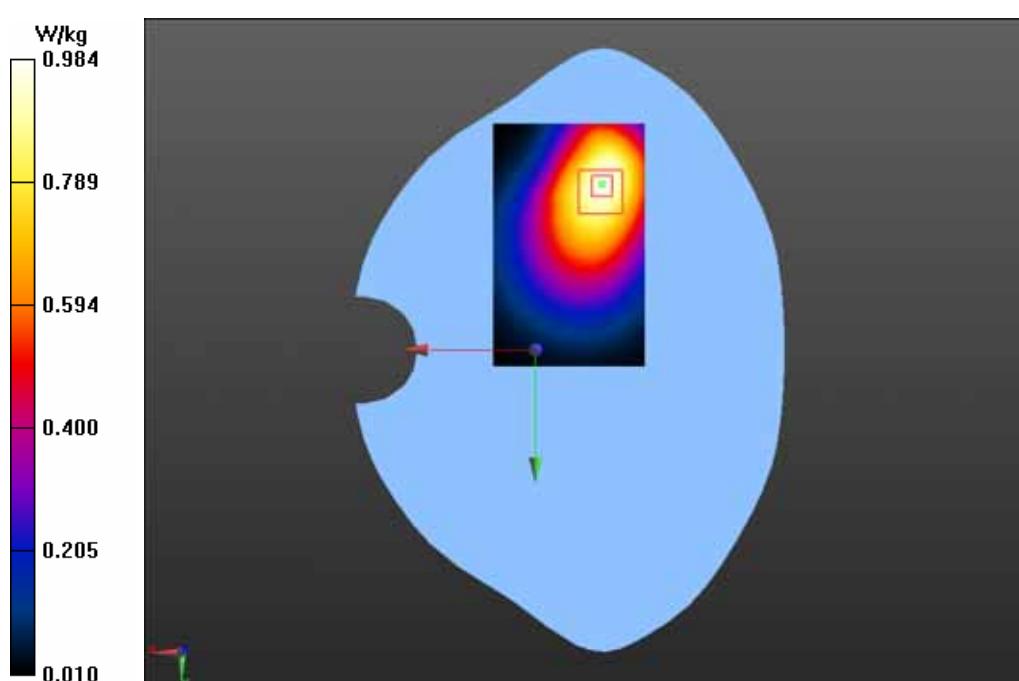
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.569 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.219 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.901 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS 850/Front side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 850/Front side-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.034 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 W/kg

**GPRS 850/Front side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

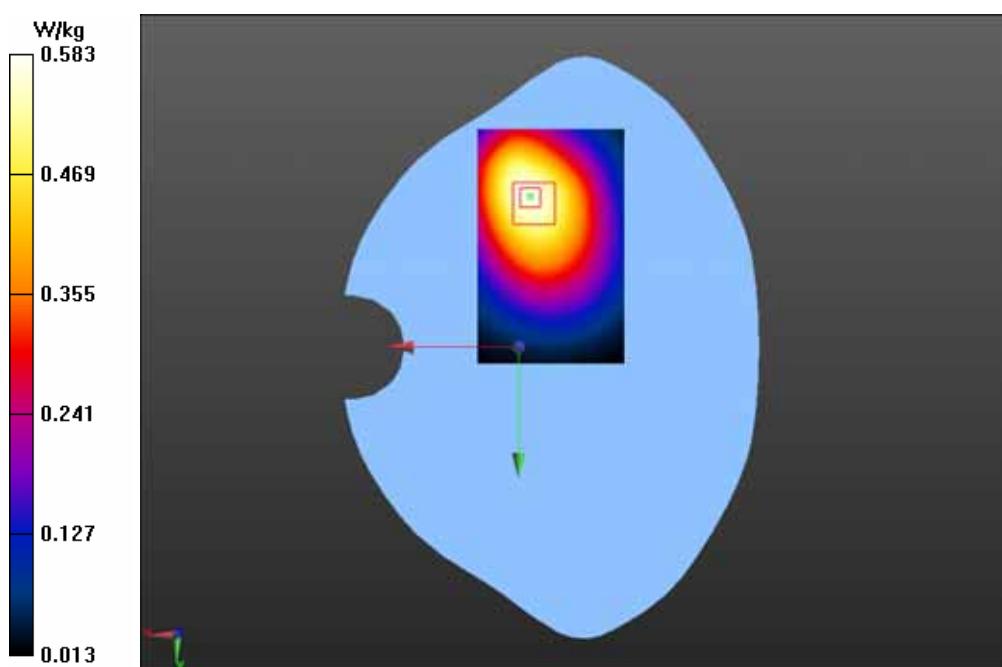
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.034 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.713 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.539 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### GPRS850 -Right side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS850 -Right side-Mid/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 19.785 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.357 W/kg

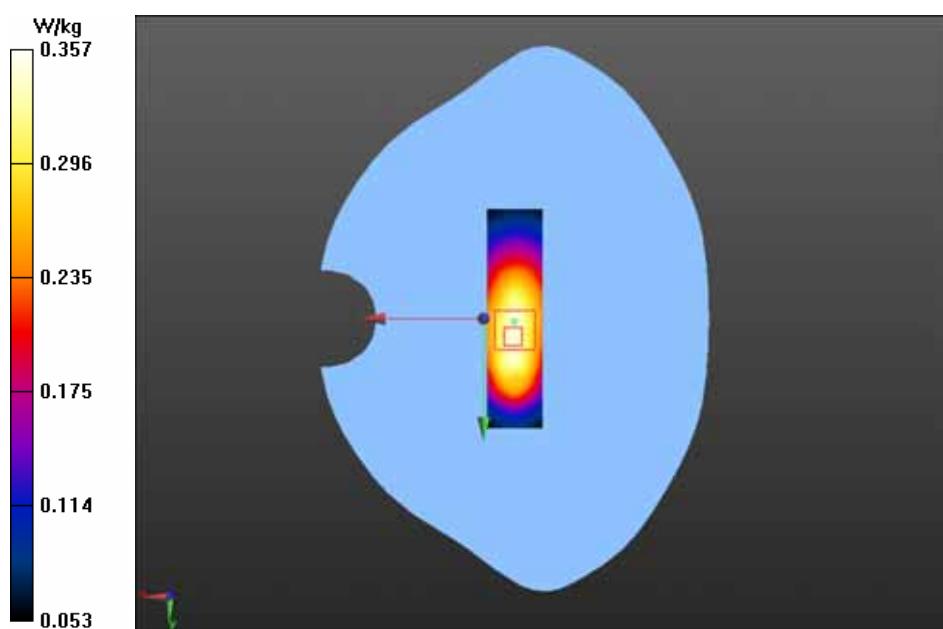
**GPRS850 -Right side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.785 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS850 -Left side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS850 -Left side-Mid/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 16.186 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 W/kg

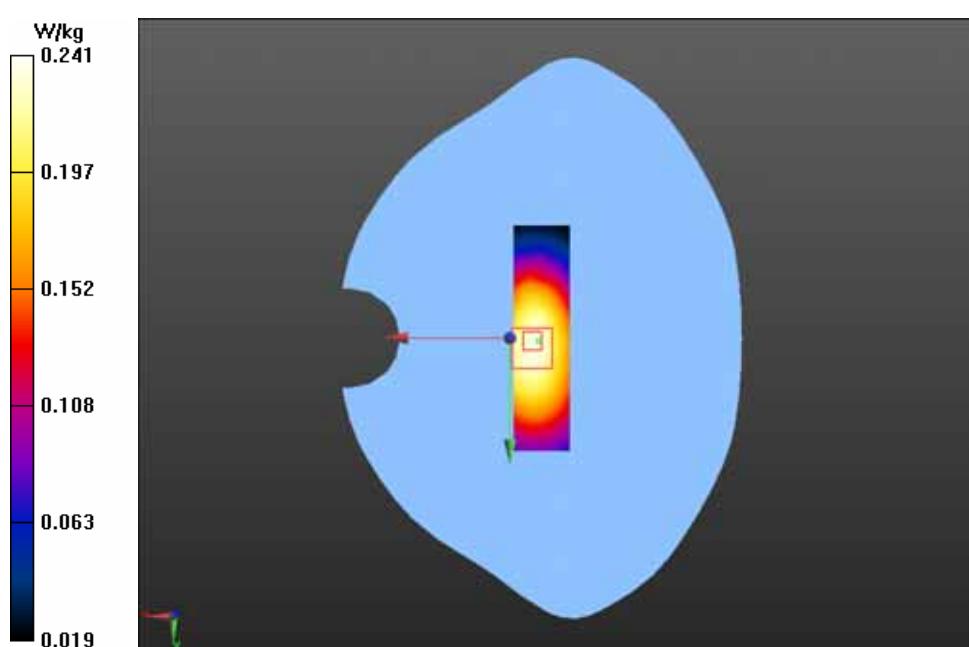
**GPRS850 -Left side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.186 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.301 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.226 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## GPRS850 -Bottom side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS850 -Bottom side-Mid/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.517 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0892 W/kg

**GPRS850 -Bottom side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

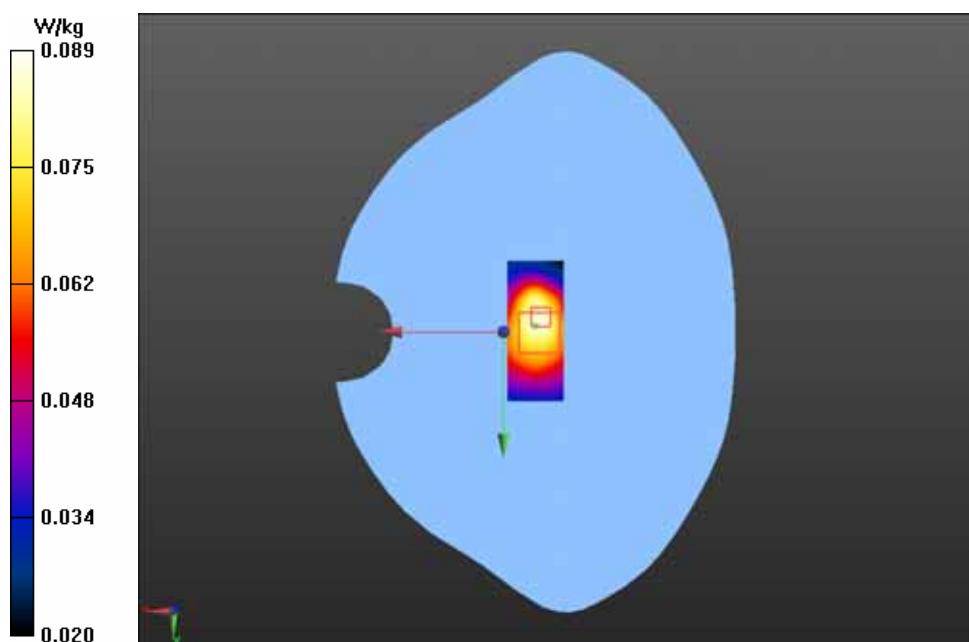
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.517 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.079 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0838 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## EGPRS850 Back side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: EGPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: GSM850;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.719$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**EGPRS850 Back side-Mid /Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.048 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

**EGPRS850 Back side-Mid /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

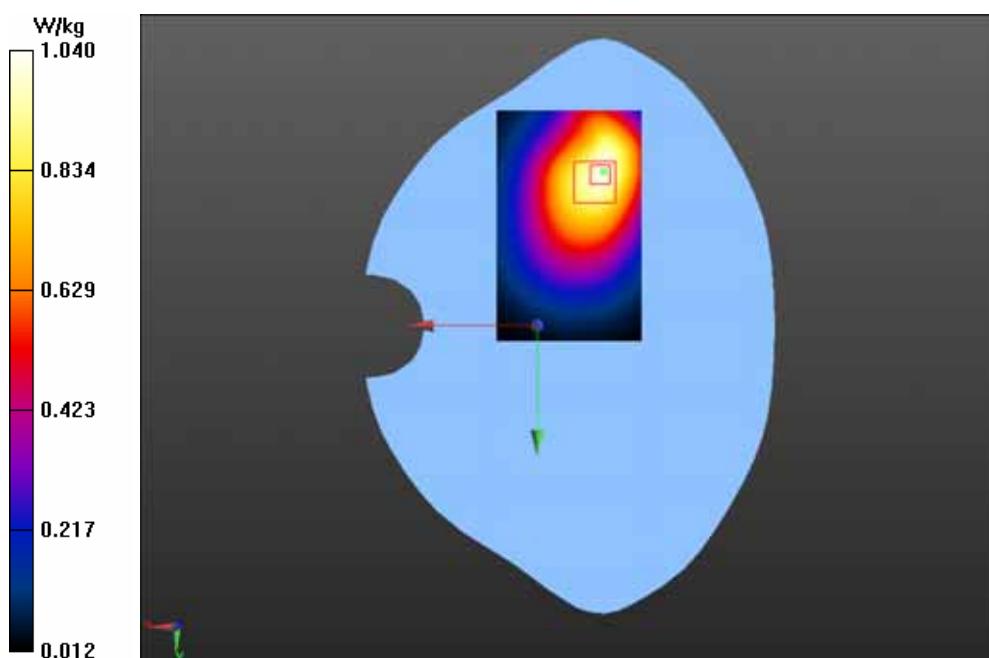
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.048 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.370 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.946 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.654 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## PCS1900 LEFT/CHEEK-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**PCS1900 LEFT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.262 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 W/kg

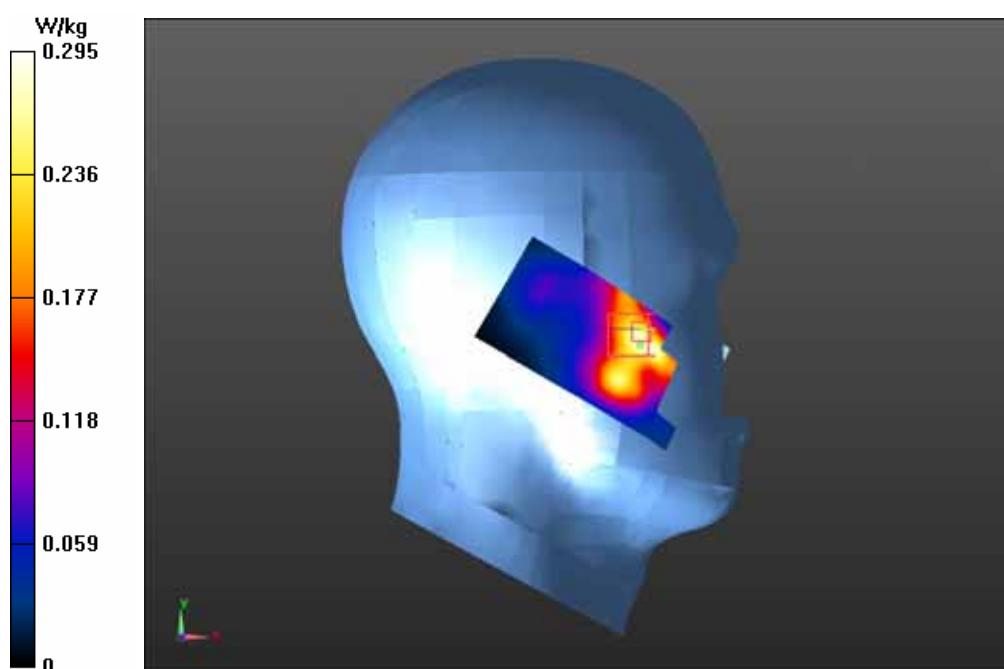
**PCS1900 LEFT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.262 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.254 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## PCS1900 LEFT/TILT-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**PCS1900 LEFT/TILT-High/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 W/kg

**PCS1900 LEFT/TILT-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

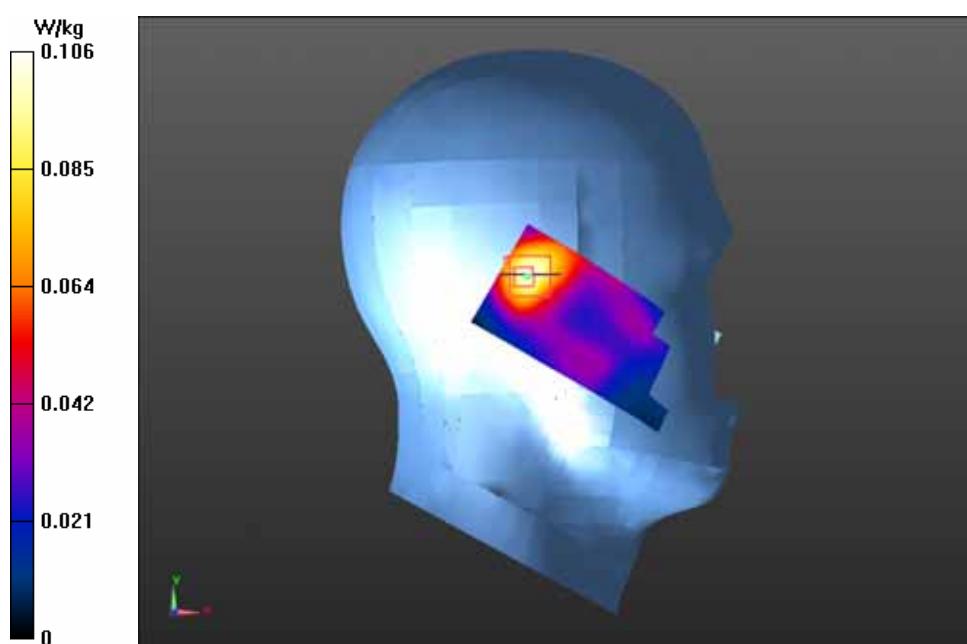
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.095 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.146 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.408 W/kg

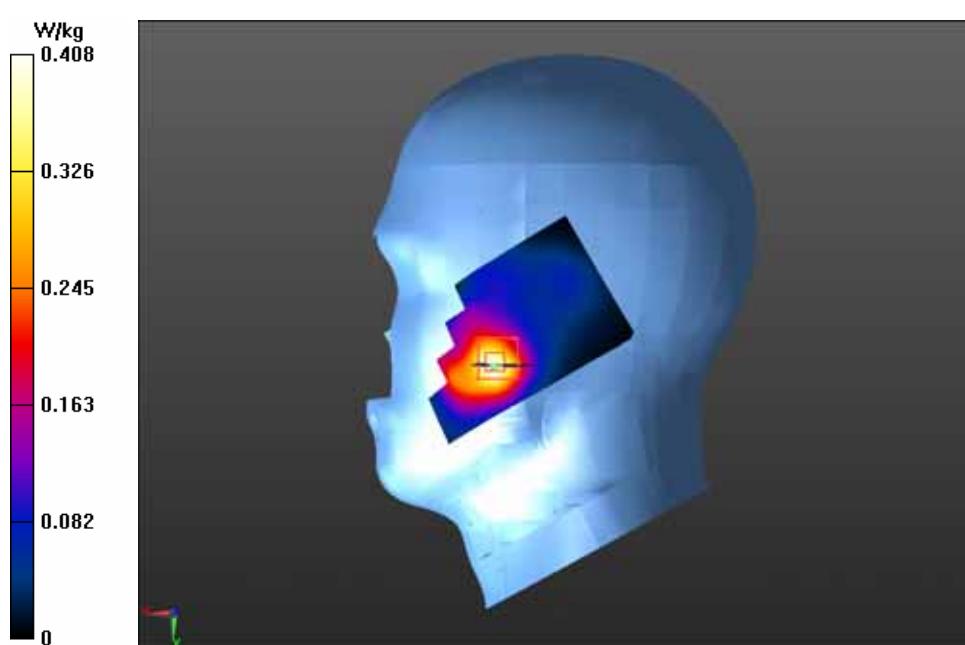
**PCS1900 RIGHT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.146 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.613 mW/g

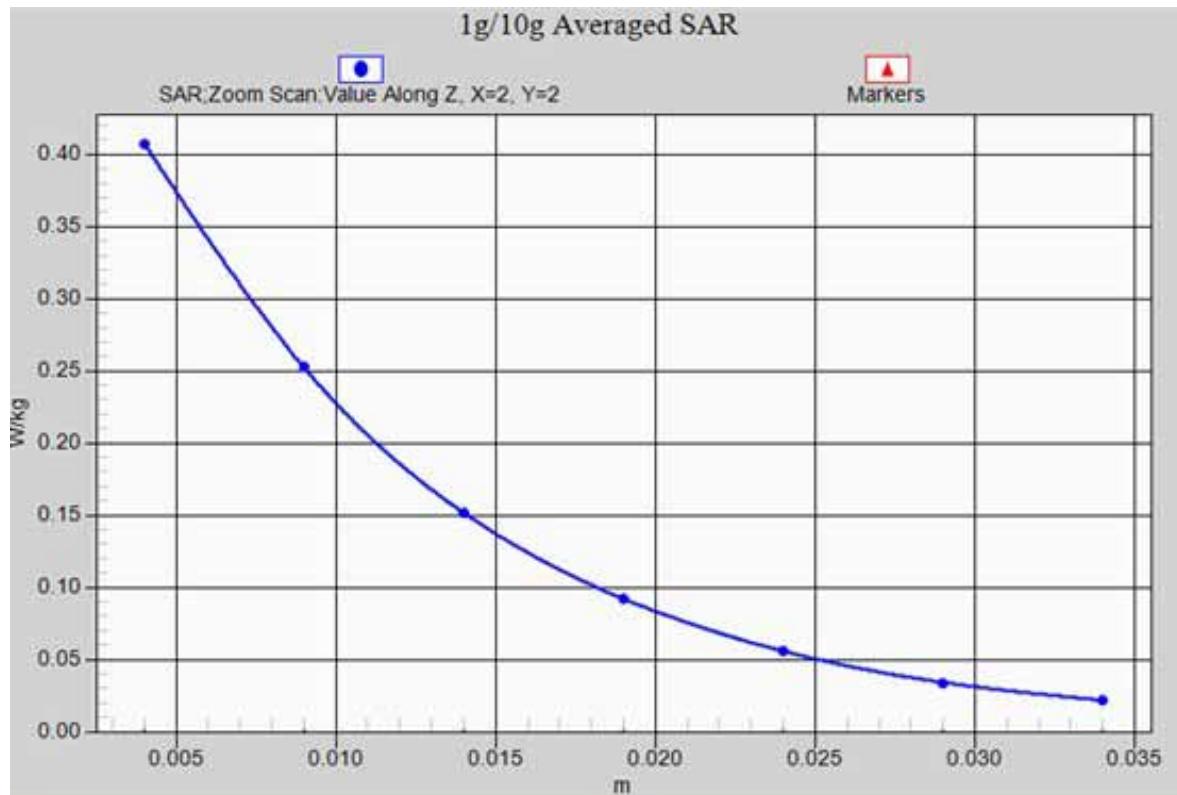
**SAR(1 g) = 0.377 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.408 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## PCS1900 RIGHT/TILT-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**PCS1900 RIGHT/TILT-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.205 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 W/kg

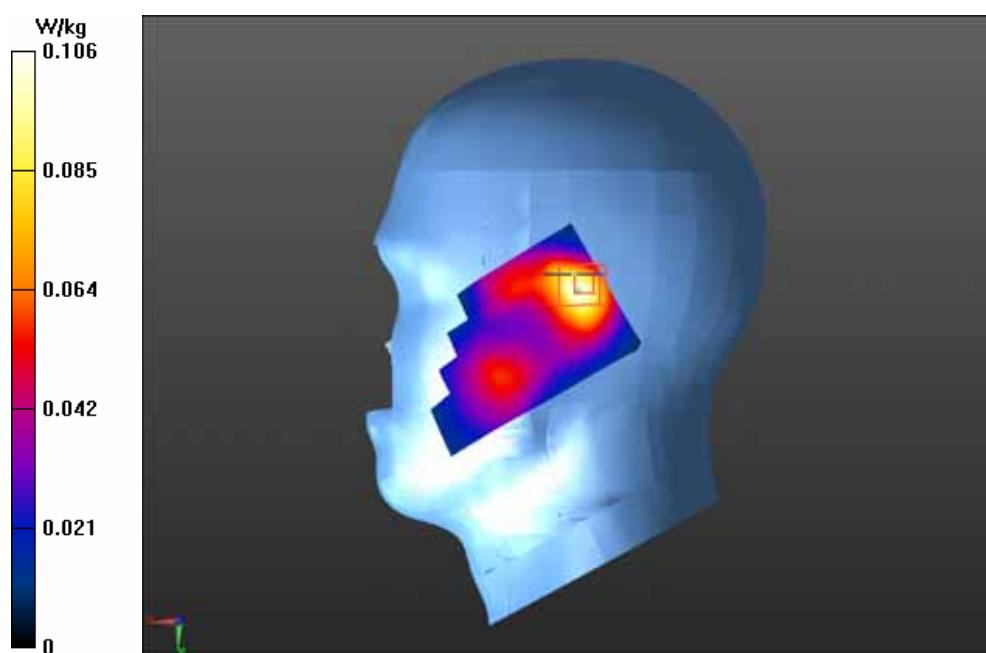
**PCS1900 RIGHT/TILT-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.205 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.152 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.093 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0970 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GSM1900 Back side-High with headset

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.588$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM1900 Back side-High with headset/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 5.083 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.543 W/kg

**GSM1900 Back side-High with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

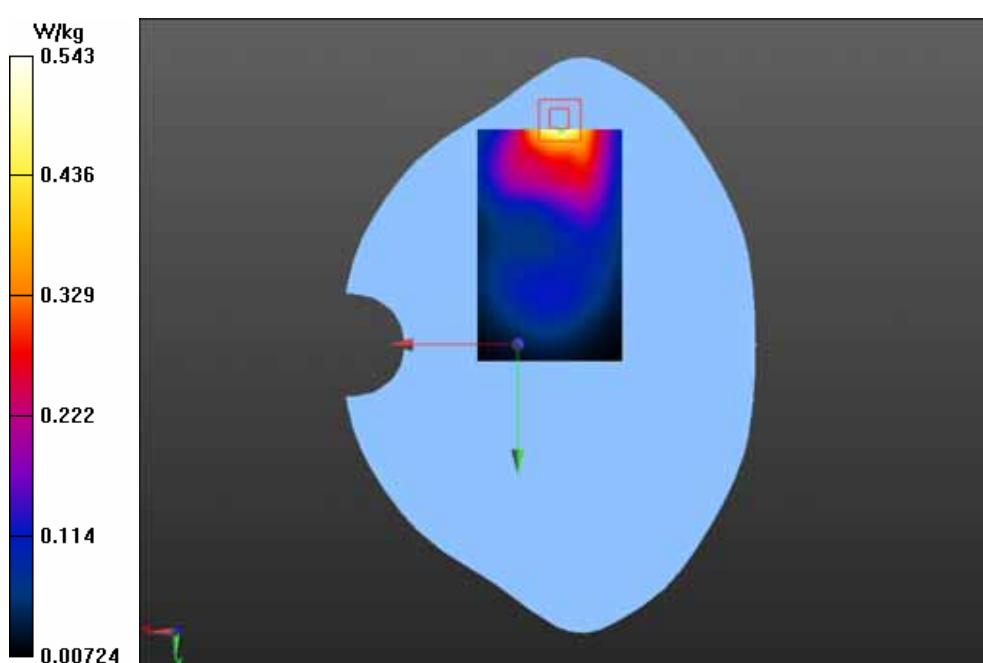
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.083 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.922 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.550 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GSM1900 Front side-High with headset

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 9.191 dB. Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.588$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GSM1900 Front side-High with headset/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 5.093 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 W/kg

## GSM1900 Front side-High with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

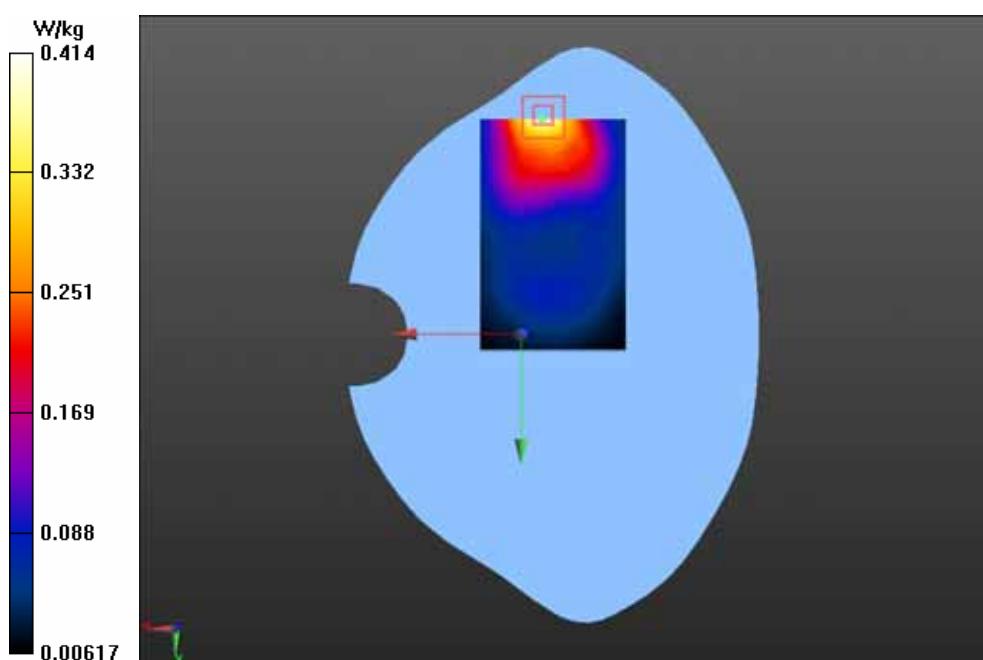
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.093 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.620 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.377 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS 1900/Back side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.588$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.470 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.956 W/kg

**GPRS 1900/Back side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

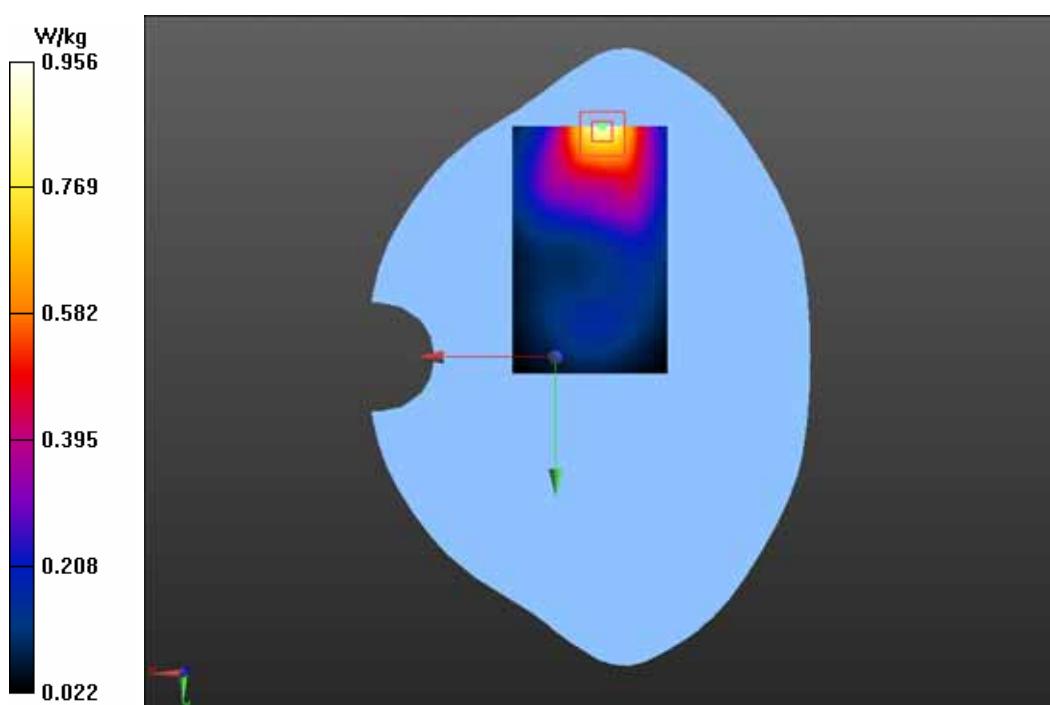
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.470 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.518 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.900 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.974 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS 1900/Back side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.588$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-High 2/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.617 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.982 W/kg

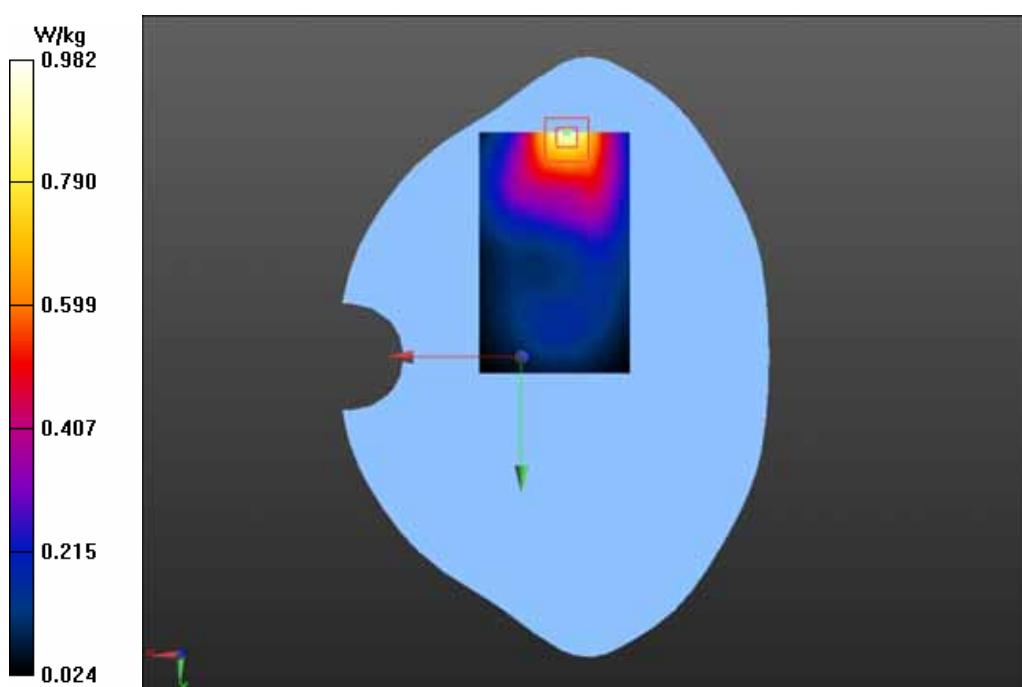
**GPRS 1900/Back side-High 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.617 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.528 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.914 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.992 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013



GPRS 1900/Back side-High\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.557 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.765$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 8.604 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.897 W/kg

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

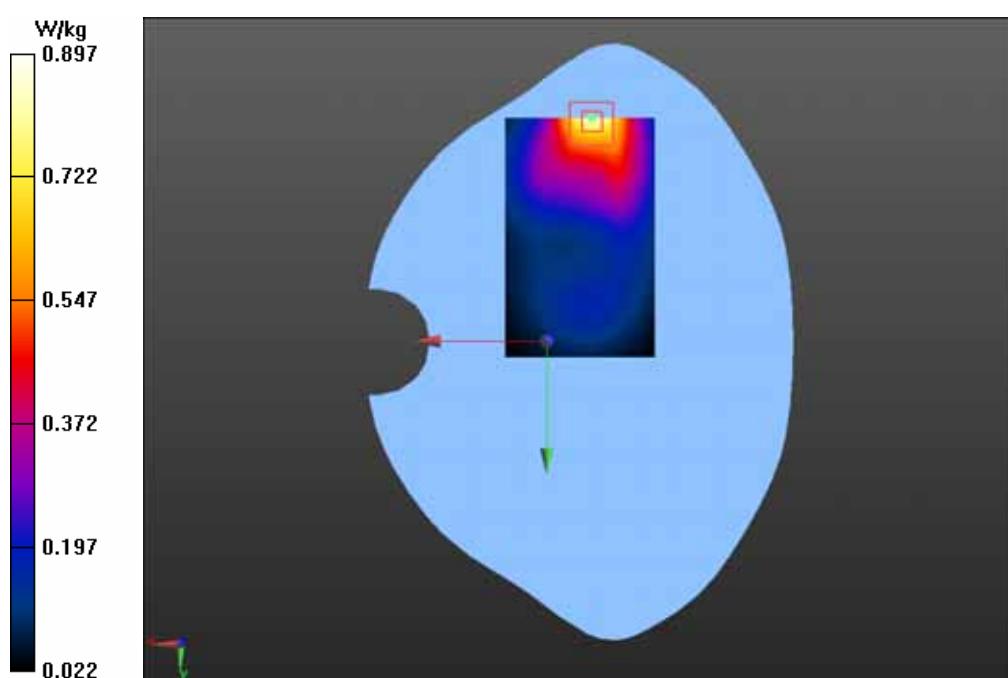
$dx=8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=5 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 8.604 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.342 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.818 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.460 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS 1900/Back side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Back side-Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.577 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.816 W/kg

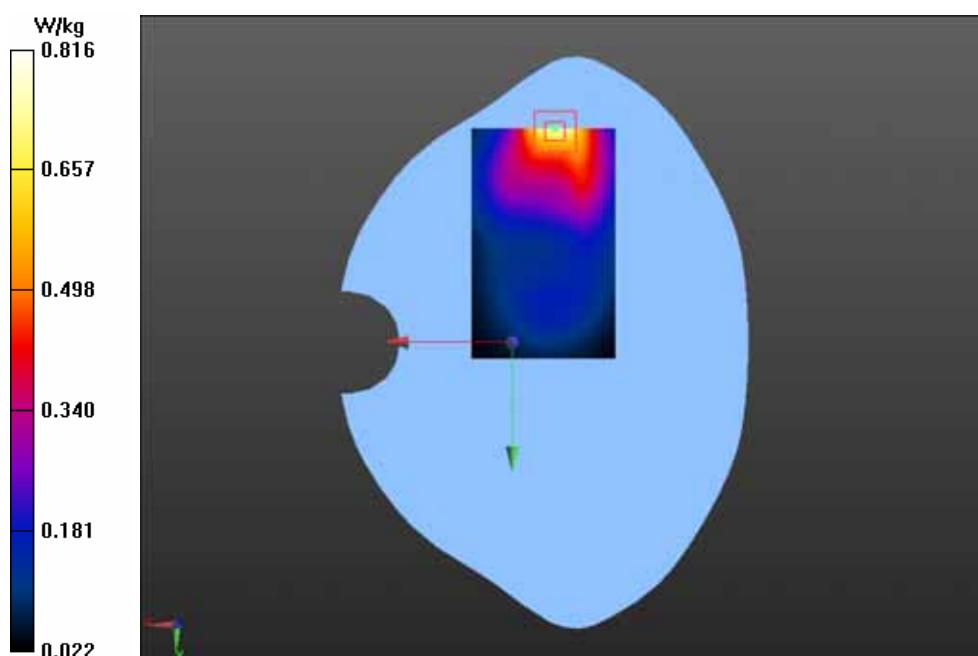
**GPRS 1900/Back side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.577 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.173 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.736 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.417 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.813 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS 1900/Front side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS 1900/Front side-Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 5.933 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.501 W/kg

**GPRS 1900/Front side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

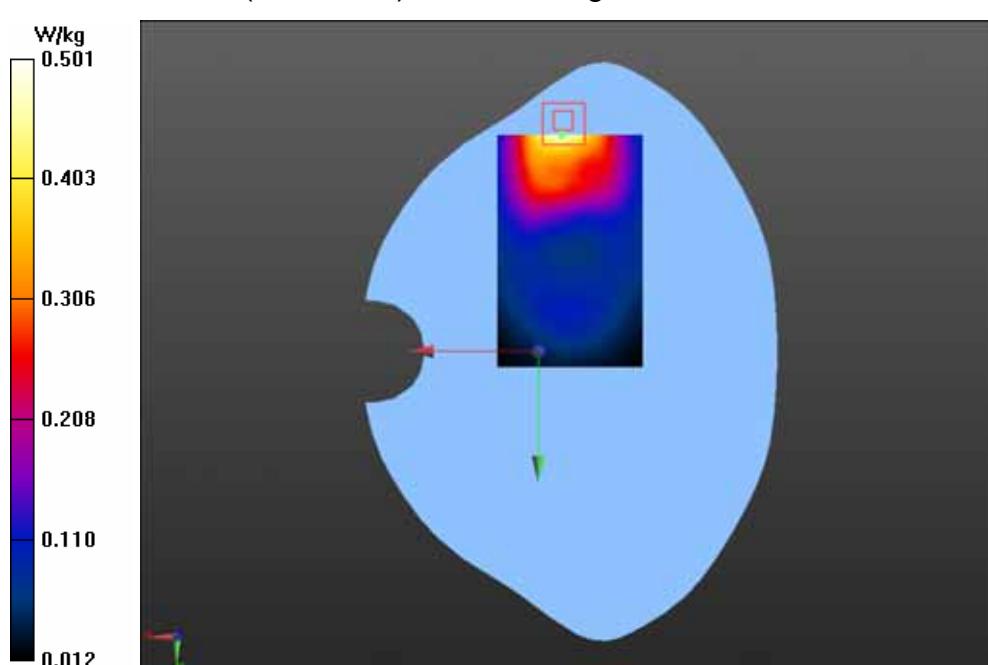
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.933 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.869 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.519 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

### GPRS1900 -Right side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS1900 -Right side-Low/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 18.872 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.549 W/kg

**GPRS1900 -Right side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

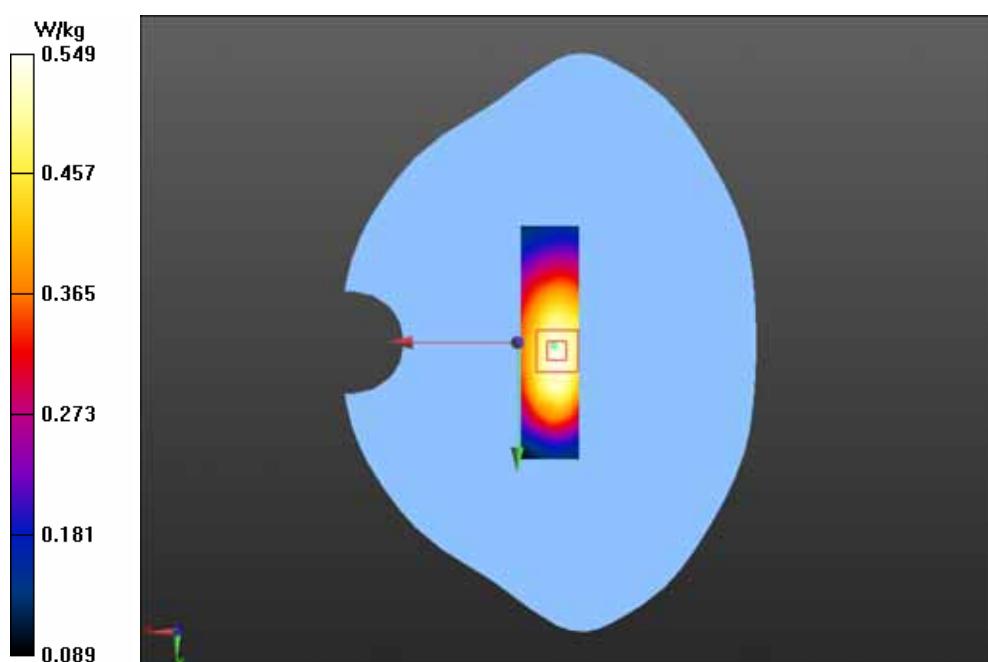
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.872 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.643 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.521 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.394 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.547 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS1900 -Left side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS1900 -Left side-Low/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 15.733 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.395 W/kg

**GPRS1900 -Left side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

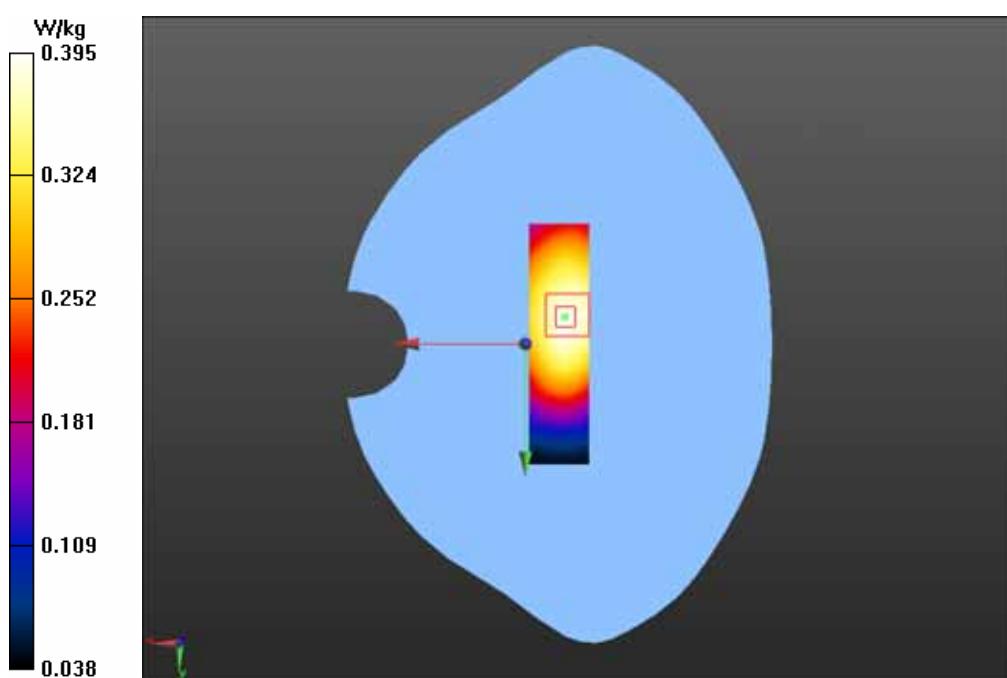
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.733 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.382 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## GPRS1900 -Bottom side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: GPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**GPRS1900 -Bottom side-Low/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.801 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 W/kg

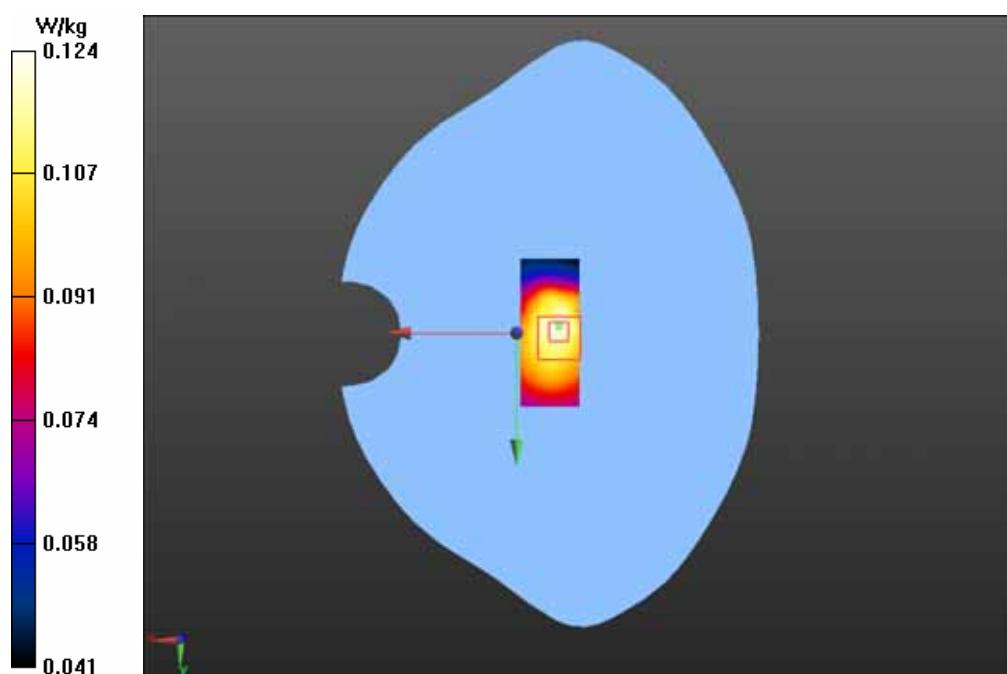
**GPRS1900 -Bottom side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.801 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.154 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## EGPRS1900 Back side-High Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: EGPRS(2slots); Communication System Band: PCS1900;

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 6.128 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.831$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## EGPRS1900 Back side-High Low/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.305 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.922 W/kg

## EGPRS1900 Back side-High Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

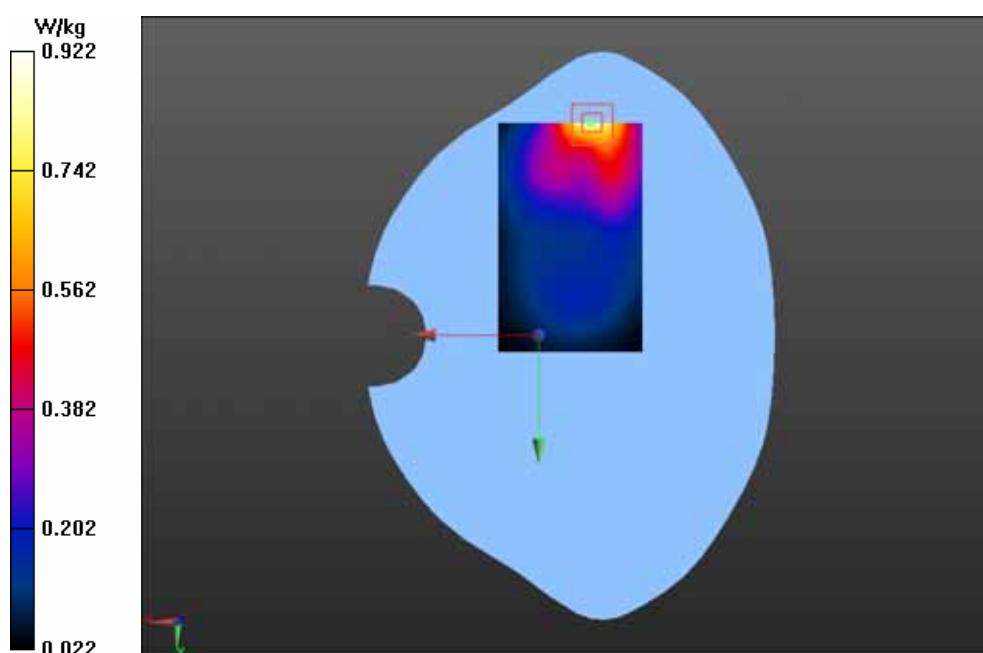
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.305 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.294 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.808 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.456 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II LEFT/CHEEK-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1907.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.473$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.634$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII LEFT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.346 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

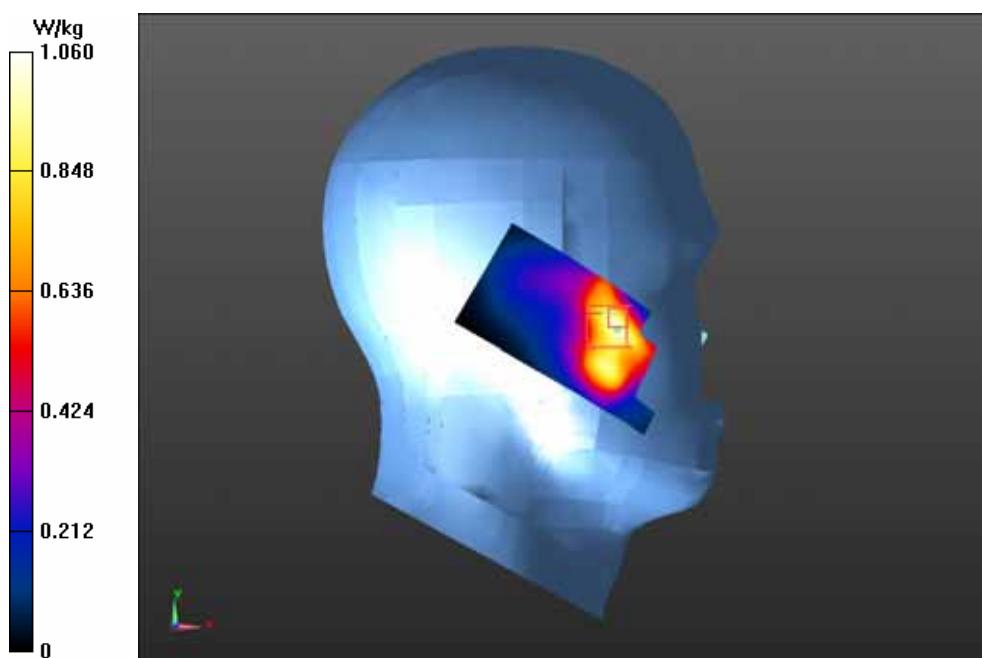
**WCDMA BandII LEFT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.346 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.466 mW/g

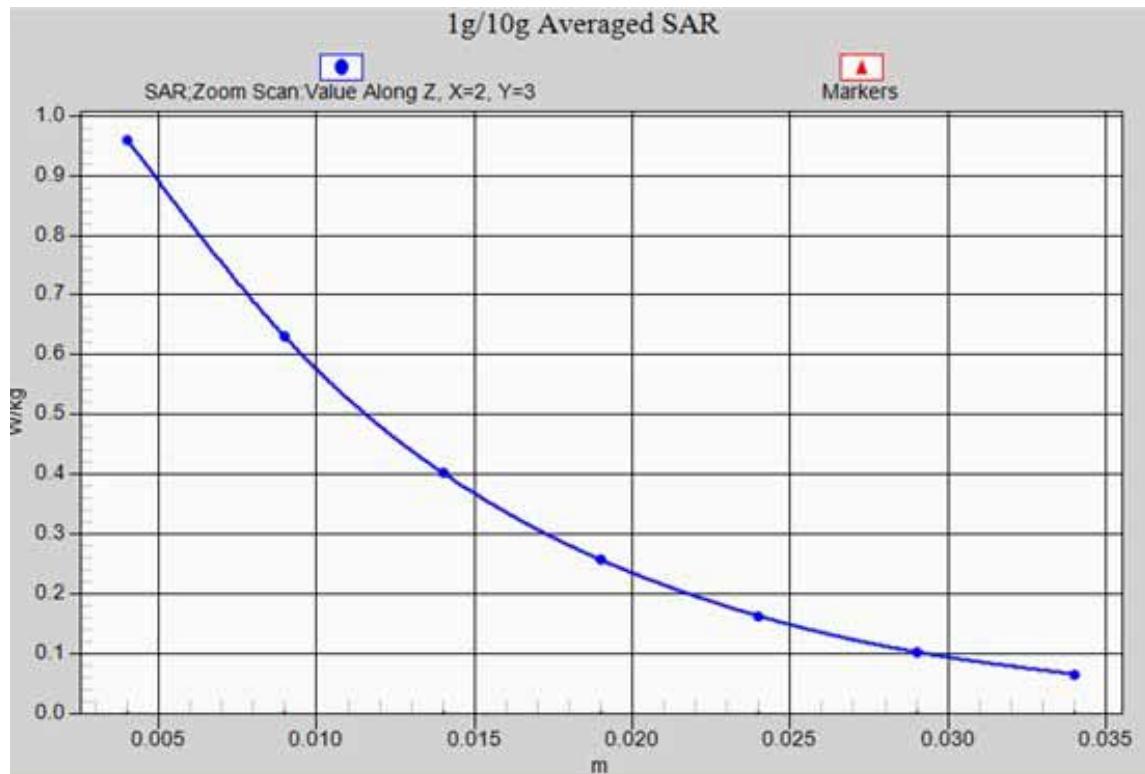
**SAR(1 g) = 0.907 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.960 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013



WCDMA Band II LEFT/CHEEK-High\_z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II LEFT/CHEEK-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band2; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.74$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Left Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA BandII LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 10.444 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

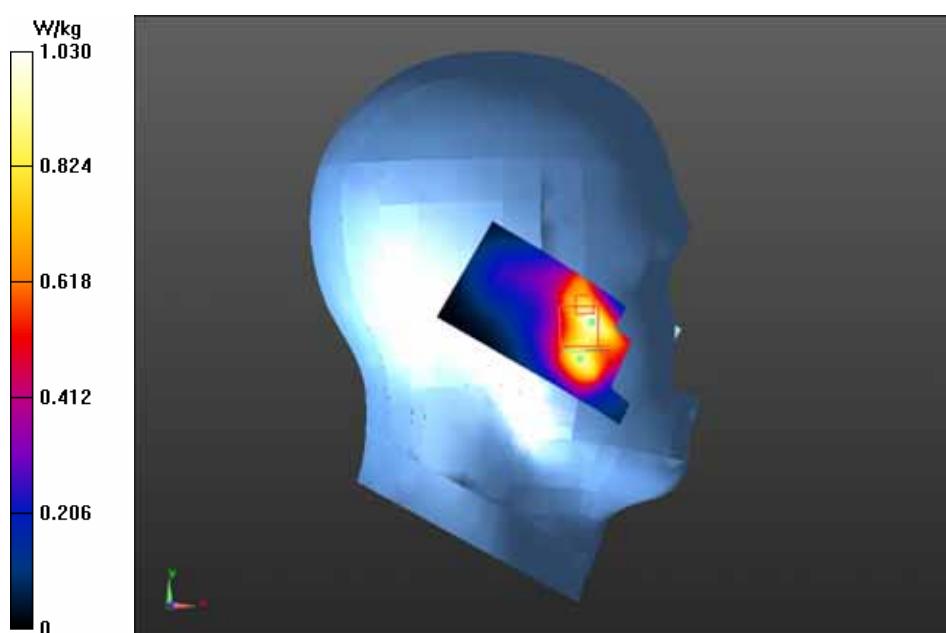
## WCDMA BandII LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$ , $dy=8\text{mm}$ , $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.444 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.357 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.848 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.951 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II LEFT/CHEEK-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.422$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA BandII LEFT/CHEEK-Low/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 10.431 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.988 W/kg

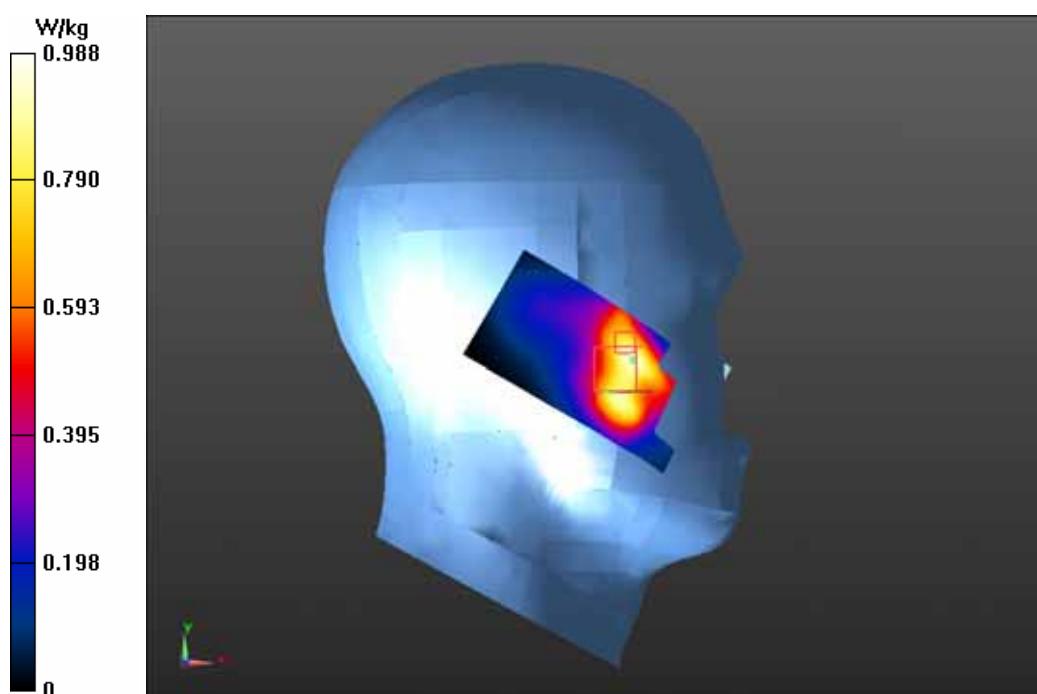
## WCDMA BandII LEFT/CHEEK-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.431 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.308 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.811 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.500 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II LEFT/TILT-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.422$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII LEFT/TILT-Low/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 13.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.313 W/kg

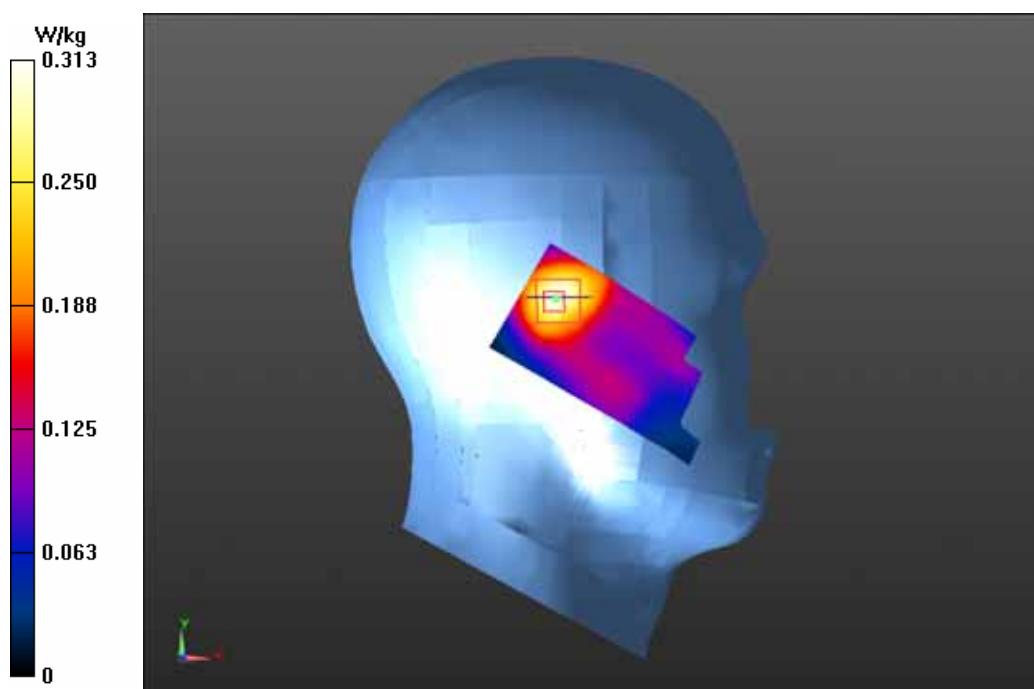
**WCDMA BandII LEFT/TILT-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II RIGHT/CHEEK-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.422$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII RIGHT/CHEEK-Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 11.401 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.866 W/kg

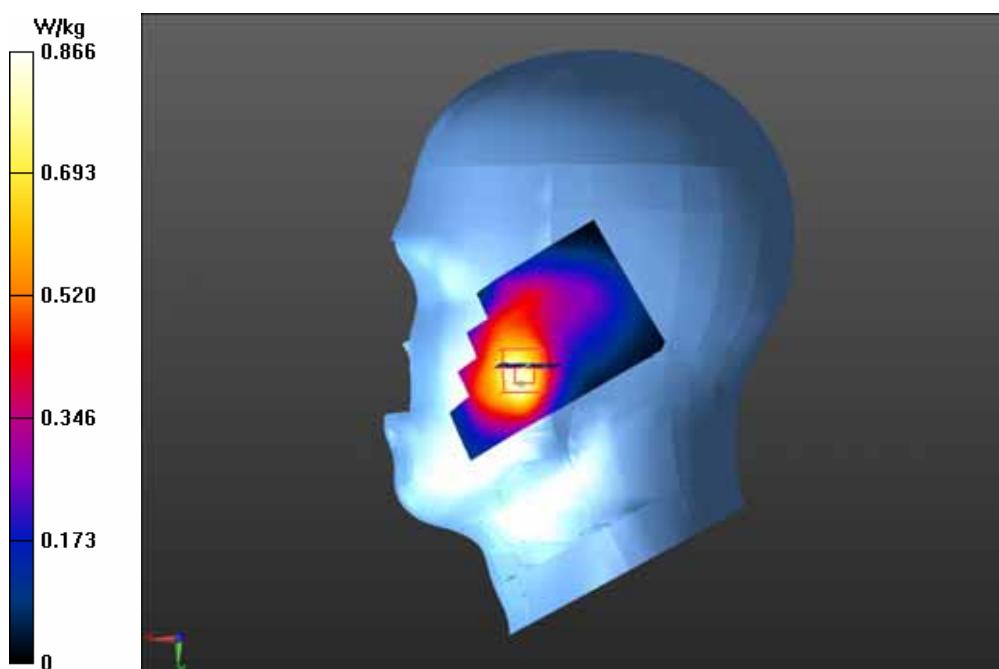
**WCDMA BandII RIGHT/CHEEK-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.401 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.239 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.798 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.474 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.878 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II RIGHT/TILT-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.422$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII RIGHT/TILT-Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 12.332 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 W/kg

**WCDMA BandII RIGHT/TILT-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

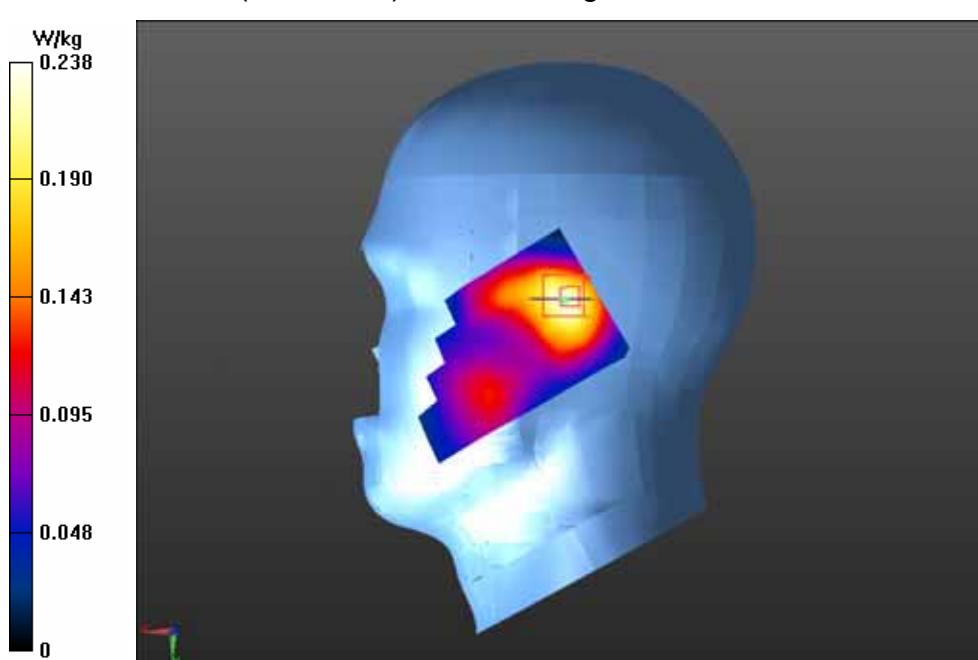
$dx=8$  mm,  $dy=8$  mm,  $dz=5$  mm

Reference Value = 12.332 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band2; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1908 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.586 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.699$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII Body/Back side High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

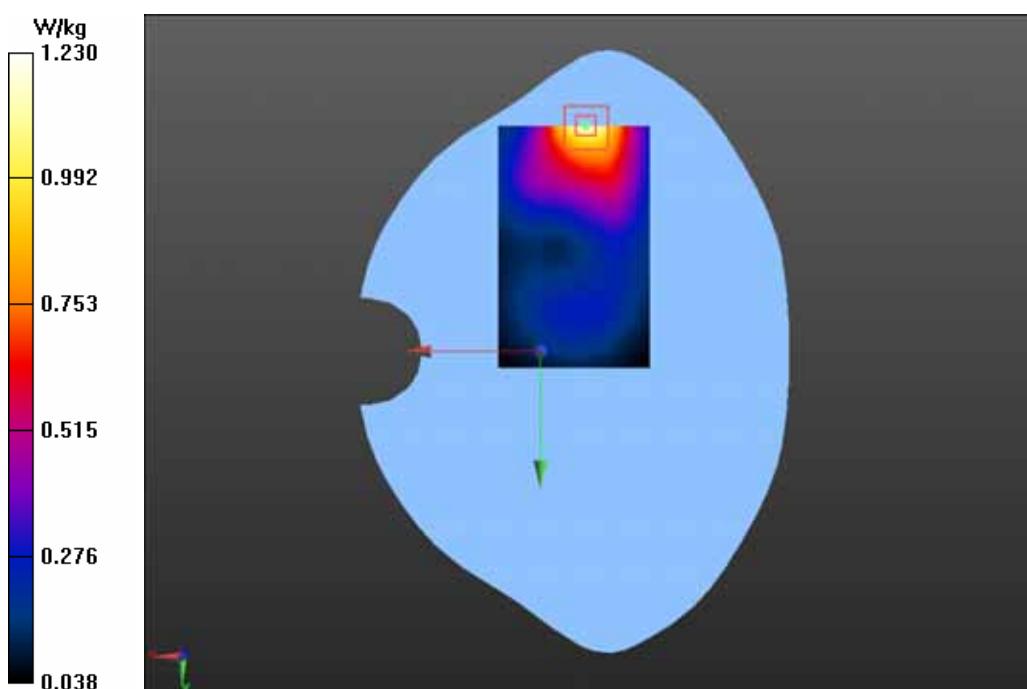
**WCDMA BandII Body/Back side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.778 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.635 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band2; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1908 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.586 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.699$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High 2/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 10.456 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

**WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

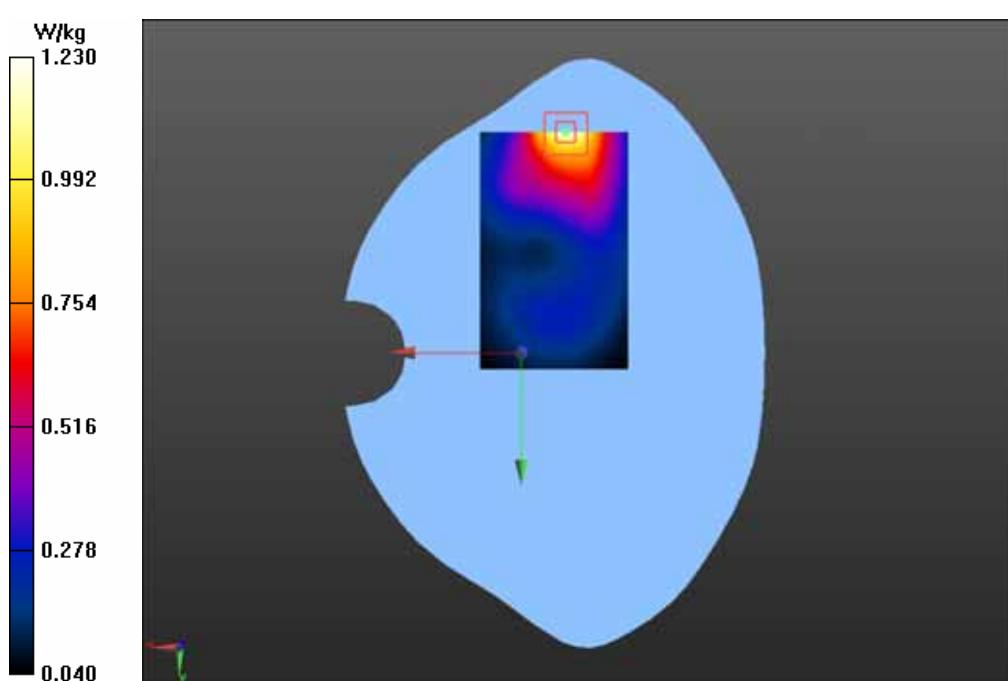
Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.456 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.791 mW/g

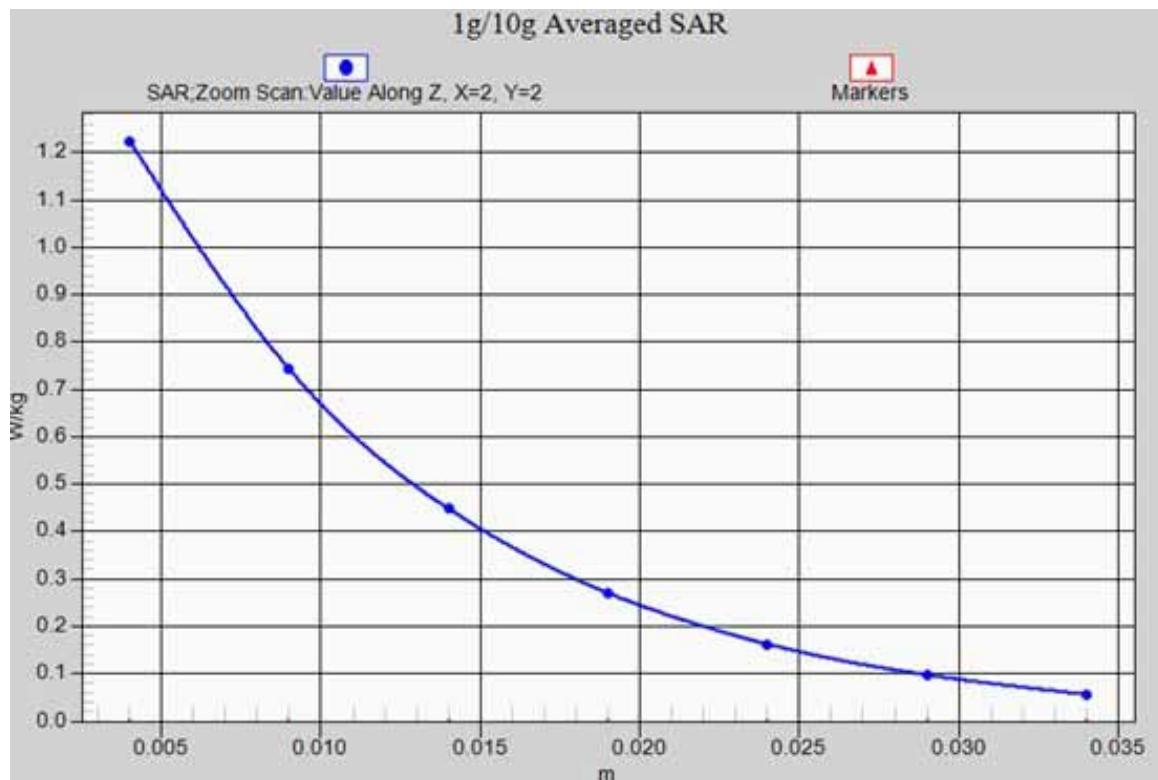
**SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013



WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II Body/Back side Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.557$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.765$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII Body/Back side Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 10.802 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

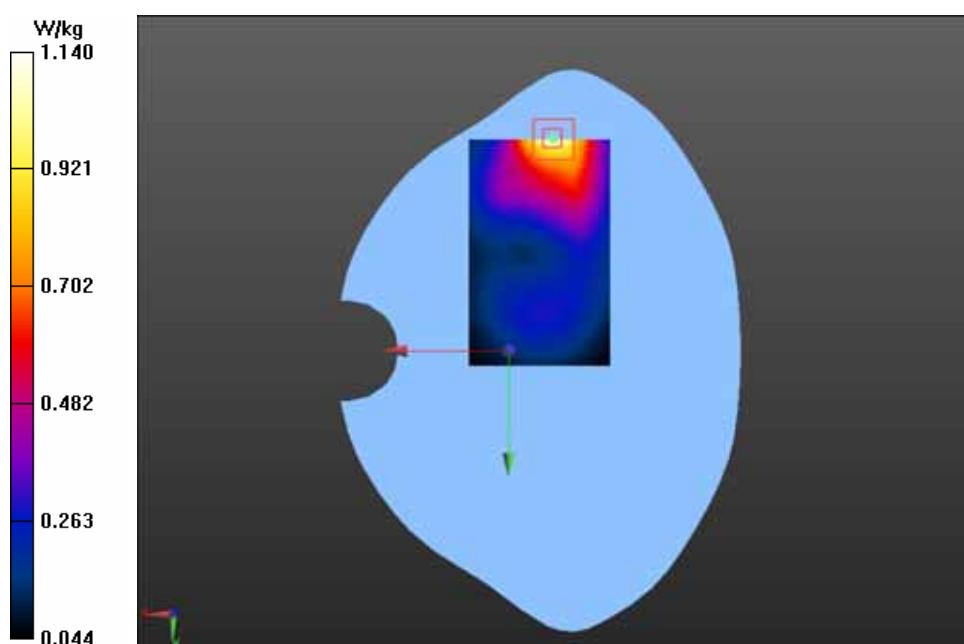
**WCDMA BandII Body/Back side Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$  mm,  $dy=8$  mm,  $dz=5$  mm

Reference Value = 10.802 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.628 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II Body/Back side Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.528$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.825$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII Body/Back side Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.958 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

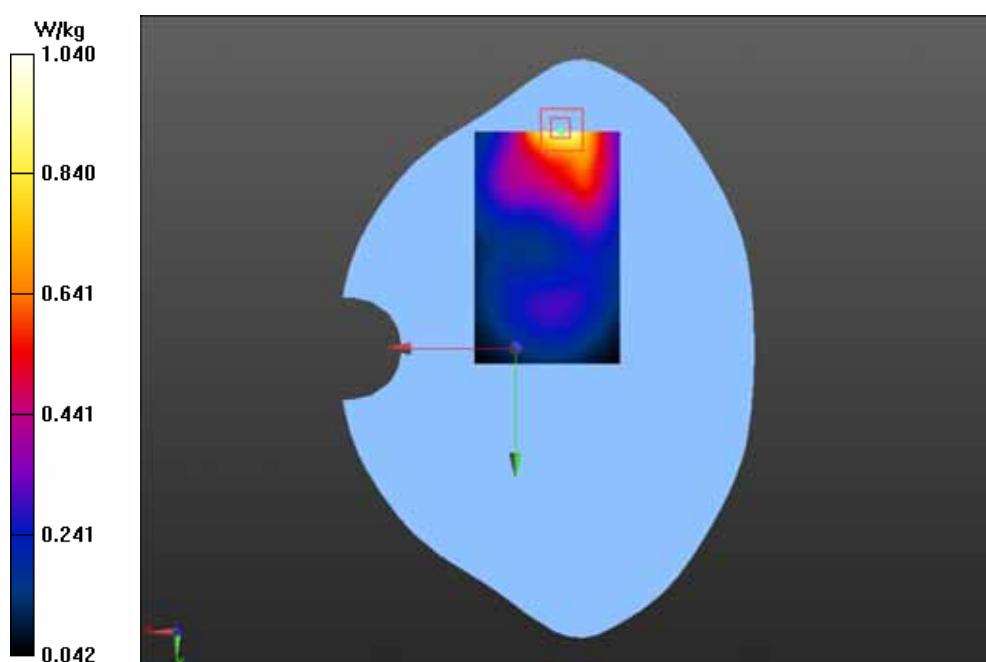
**WCDMA BandII Body/Back side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.958 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.484 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.943 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.549 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II Body/Front side Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.528$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.825$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA BandII Body/Front side Low/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.161 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.773 W/kg

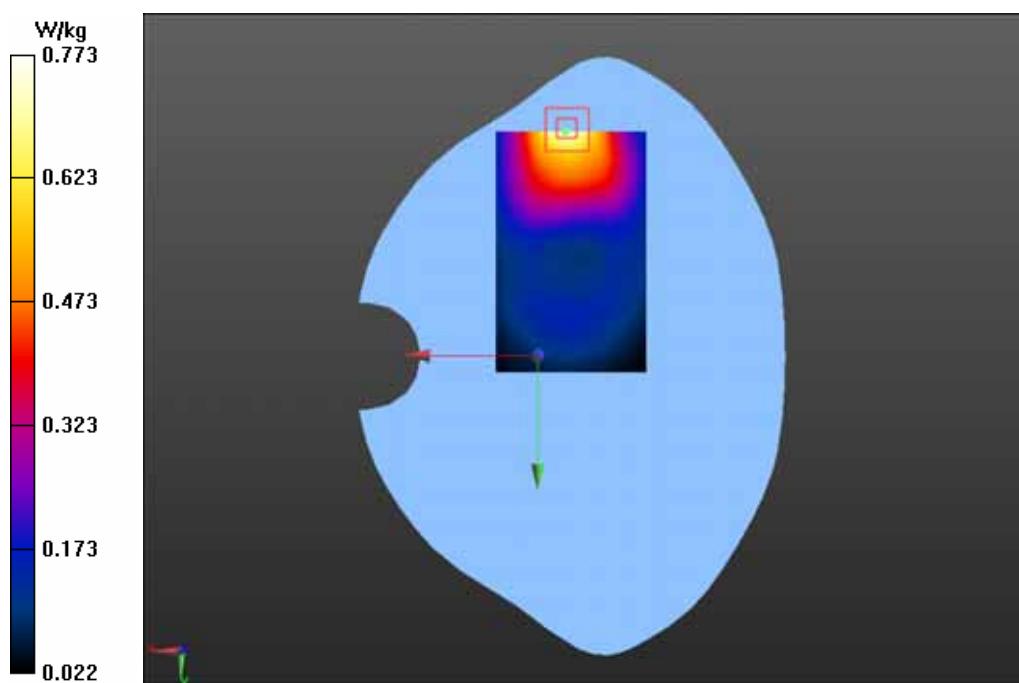
**WCDMA BandII Body/Front side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.161 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.142 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.711 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.770 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II-Right side-Low/

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.528$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.825$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band II-Right side-Low/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 10.821 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.225 W/kg

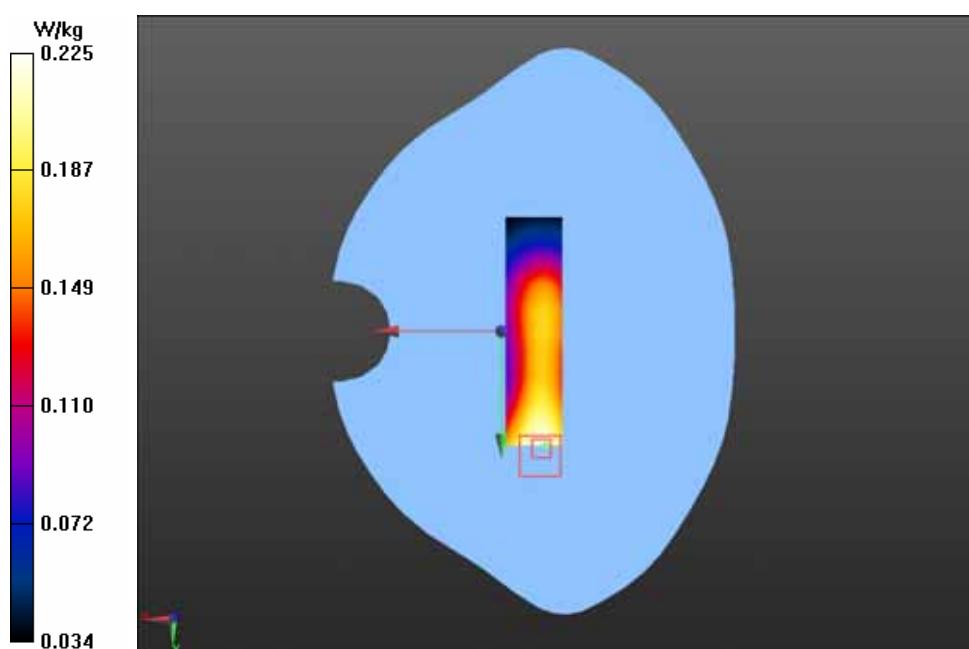
**WCDMA Band II-Right side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.821 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.318 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II-Left side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.528$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.825$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band II-Left side-Low/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 9.411 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.144 W/kg

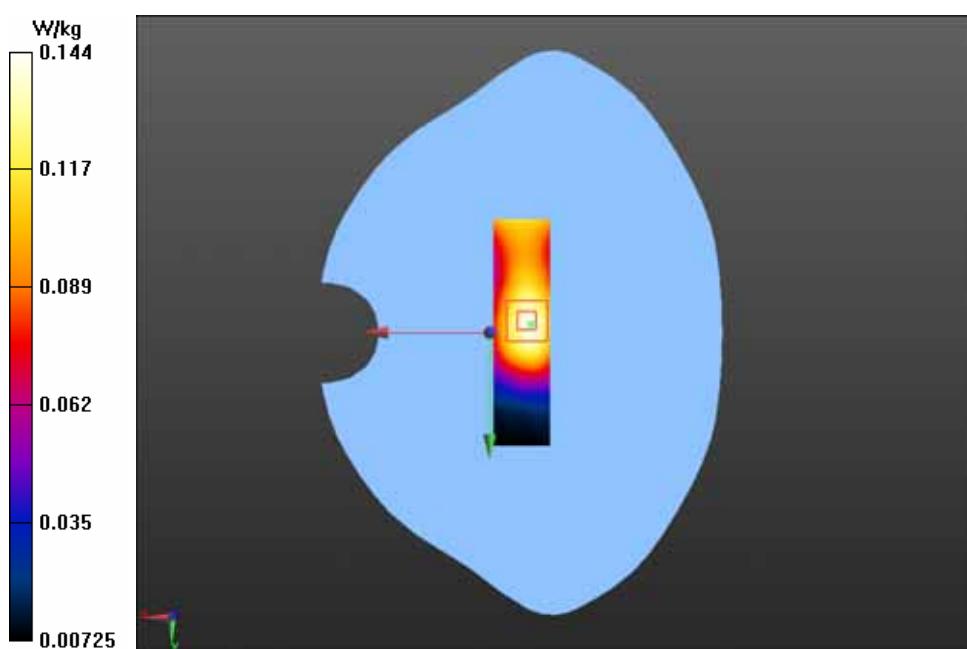
**WCDMA Band II-Left side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.411 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.192 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.125 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.135 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band2; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1908 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.586 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.699$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-High/Area Scan (21x51x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 24.982 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

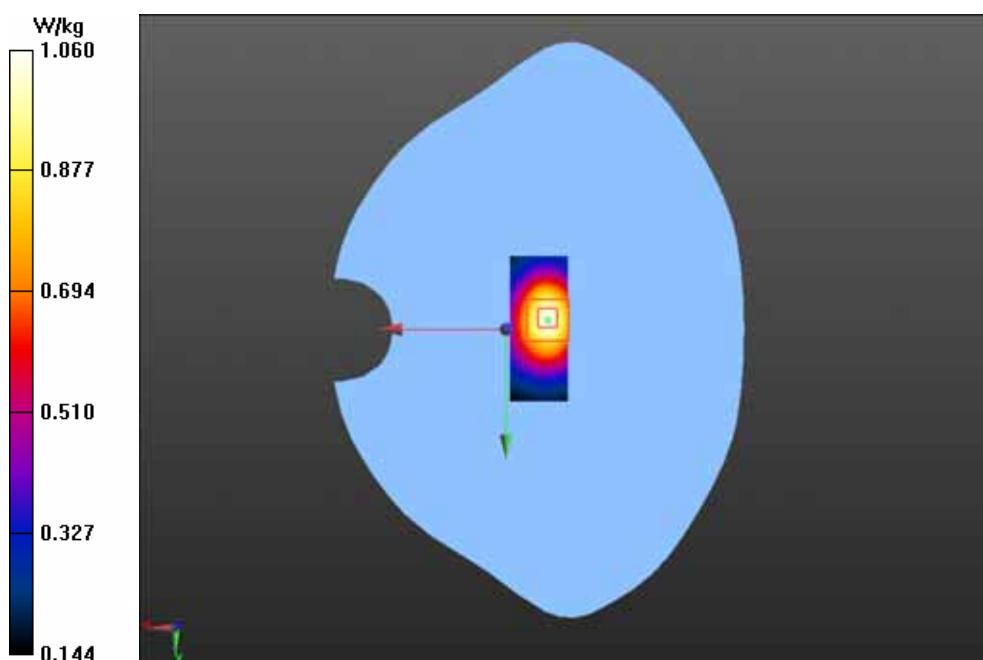
## WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$ , $dy=8\text{mm}$ , $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 24.982 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.480 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.931 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.549 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band2; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.557$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.765$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-Mid/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 24.836 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

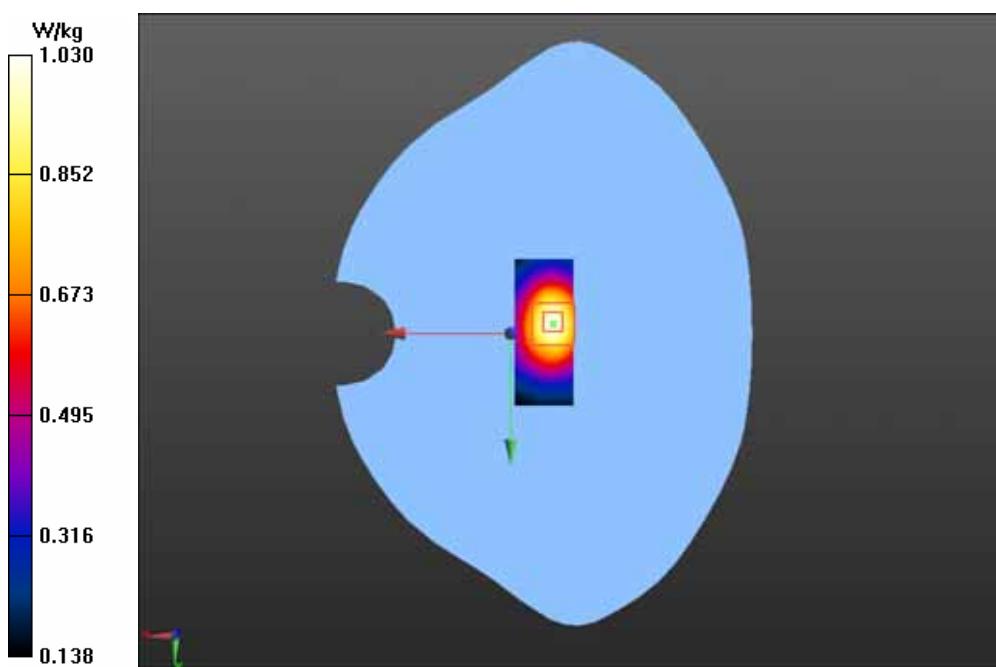
**WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
 $dx=8$  mm,  $dy=8$  mm,  $dz=5$  mm

Reference Value = 24.836 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.444 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.909 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.536 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.998 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

## WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-Low

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band2; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.528$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.825$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-Low/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 25.491 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

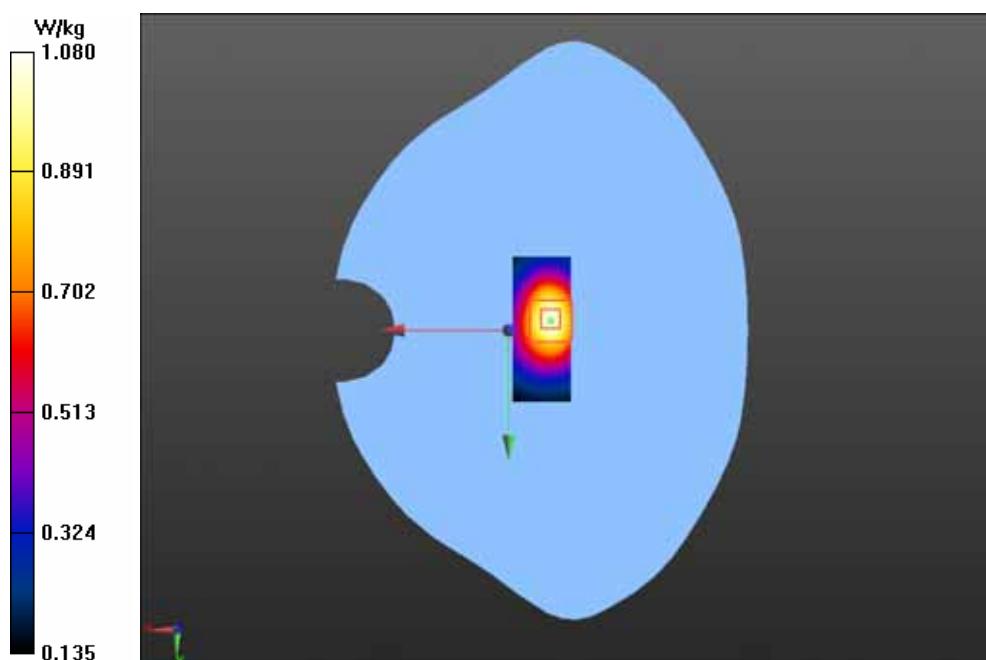
**WCDMA Band II-Bottom side-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
 $dx=8$  mm,  $dy=8$  mm,  $dz=5$  mm

Reference Value = 25.491 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.502 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.949 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.556 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.13, 2013

### WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High with headset

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band2; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1908 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.586 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.699$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

### WCDMA Band II Body/Back side High with headset/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 9.818 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

### WCDMA BandII Body/Back side High with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

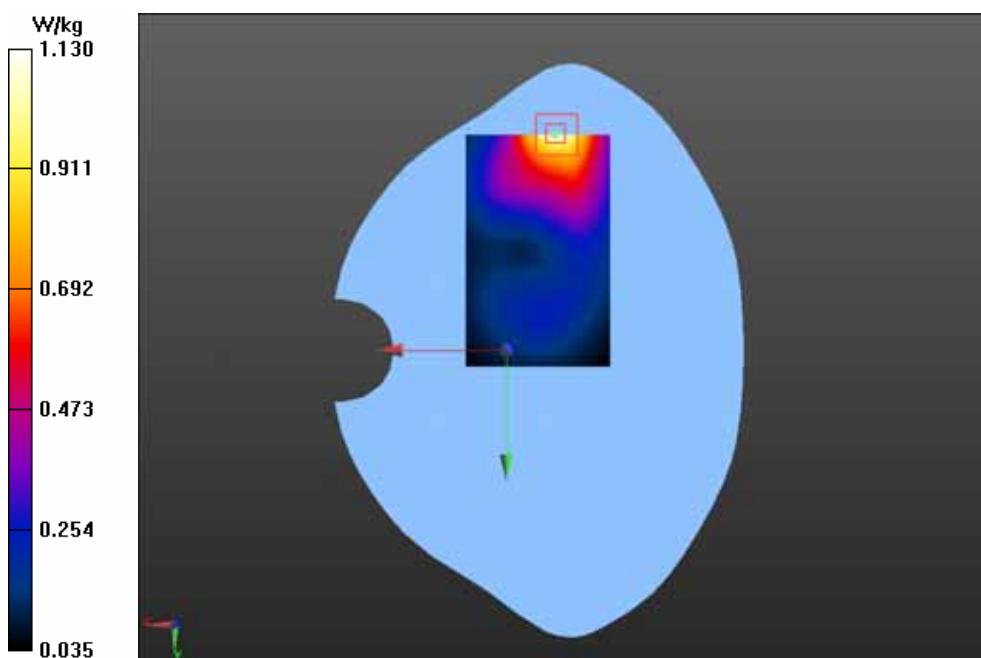
Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.818 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.629 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.596 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.276$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 6.126 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.508 W/kg

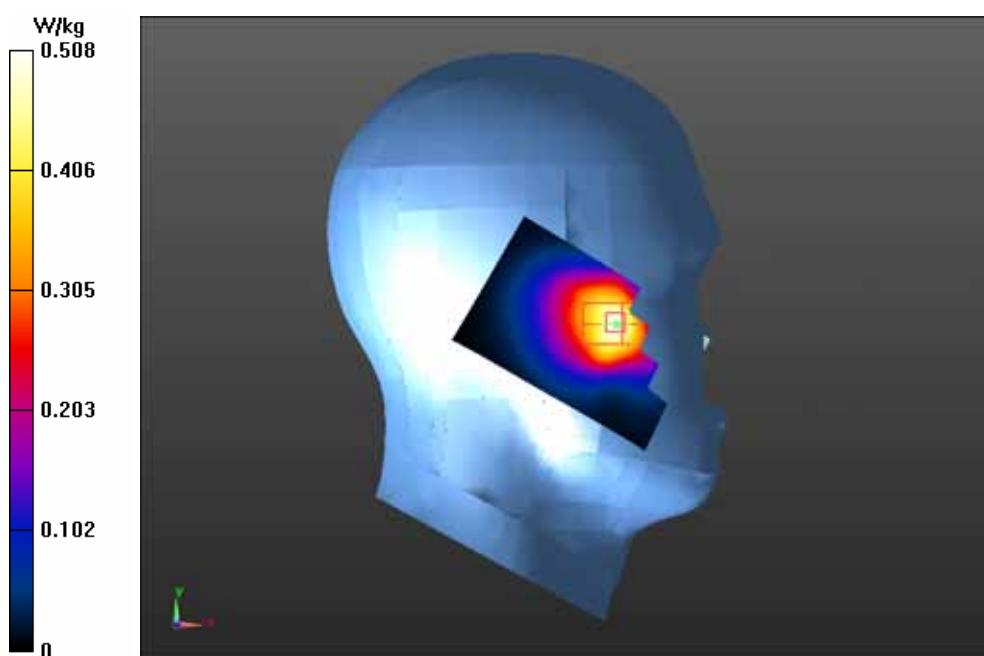
**WCDMA Band V- LEFT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.126 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.489 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V- LEFT/TILT-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.276$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA Band V- LEFT/TILT-High/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 8.562 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.223 W/kg

## WCDMA Band V- LEFT/TILT-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

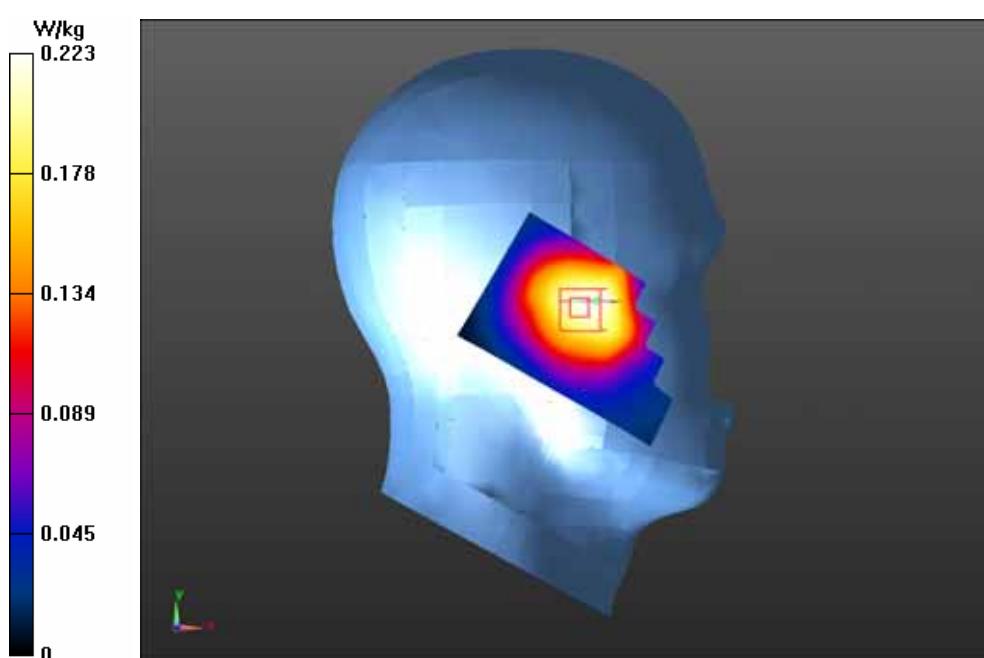
$dx=8$  mm,  $dy=8$  mm,  $dz=5$  mm

Reference Value = 8.562 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band: Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.276$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 7.091 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.714 W/kg

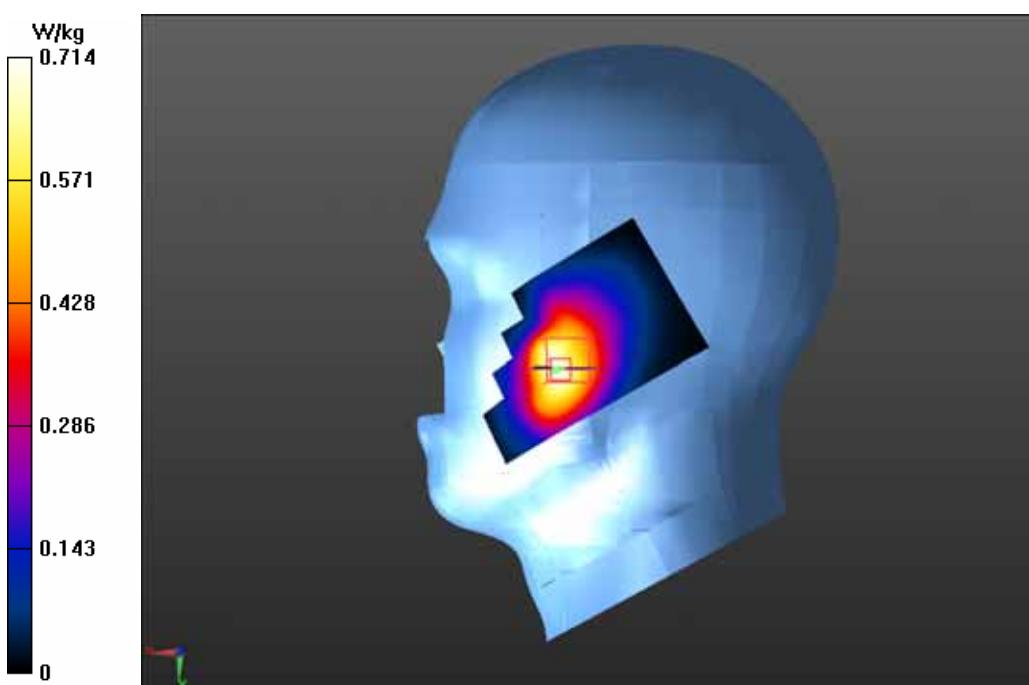
**WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.091 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 mW/g

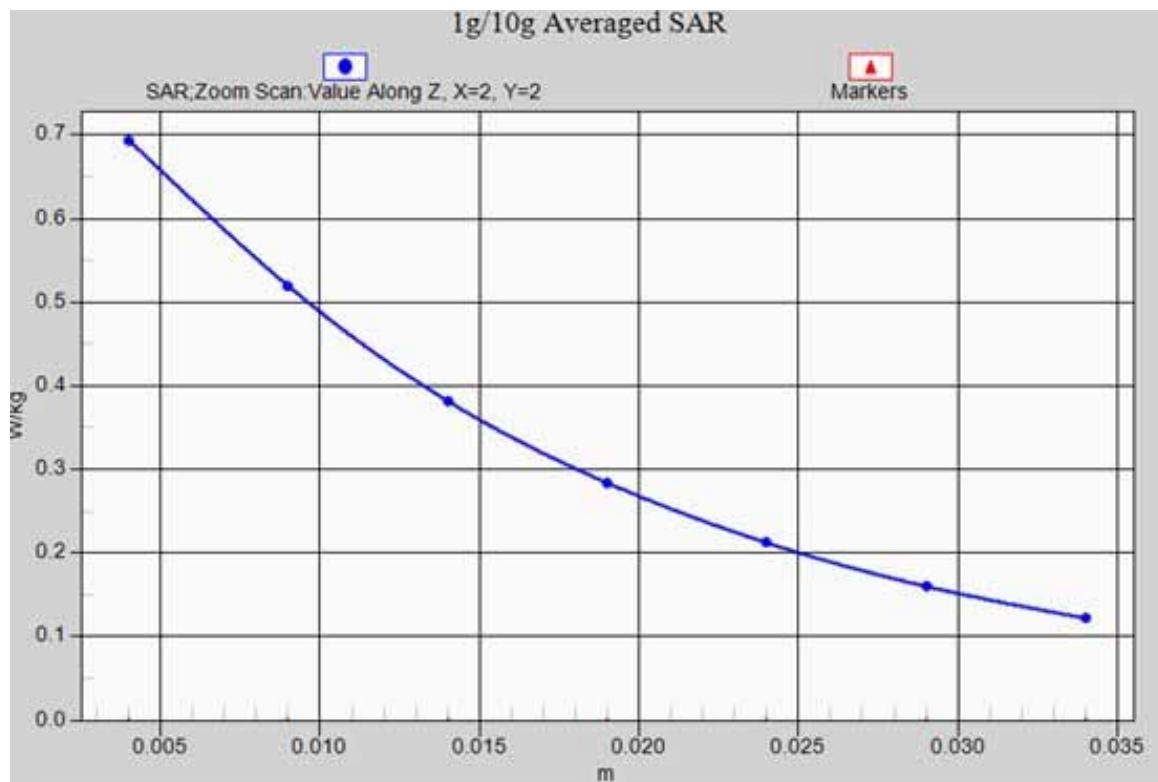
**SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013



WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/CHEEK-High\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/TILT-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.276$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/TILT-High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 10.552 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 W/kg

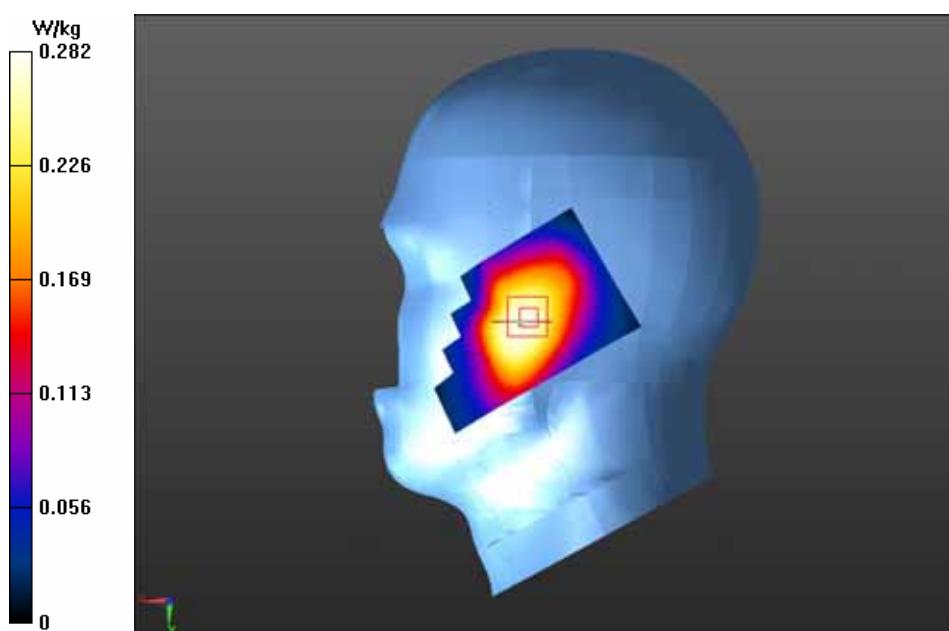
**WCDMA Band V- RIGHT/TILT-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.552 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.319 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.949$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.624$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.696 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.790 W/kg

**WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

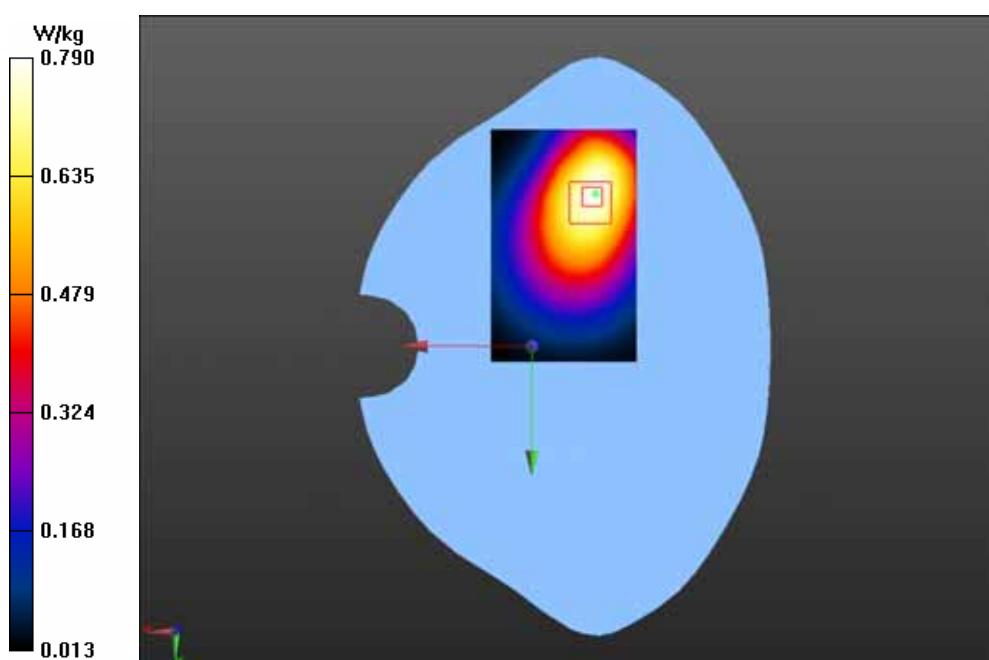
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.696 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.973 mW/g

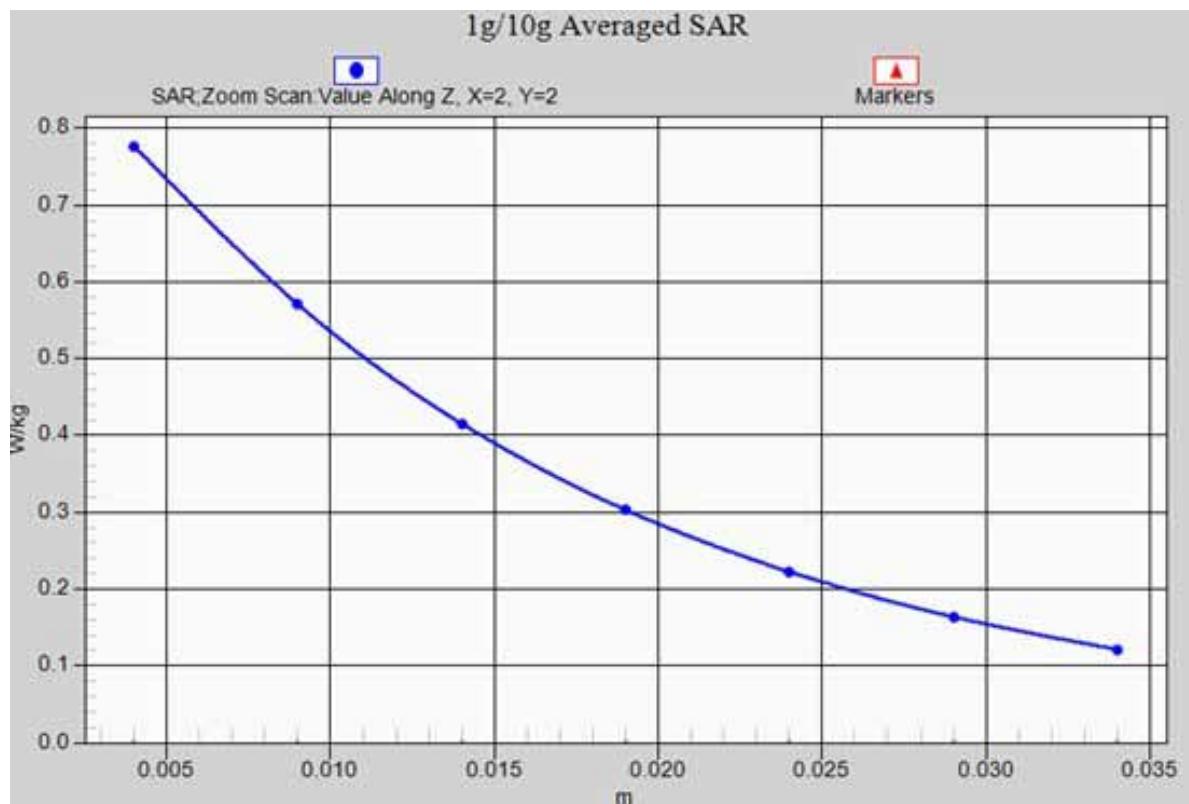
**SAR(1 g) = 0.731 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.523 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.777 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Front side High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.949$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.624$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V(Body)/Front side High/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 7.535 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.557 W/kg

### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Front side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

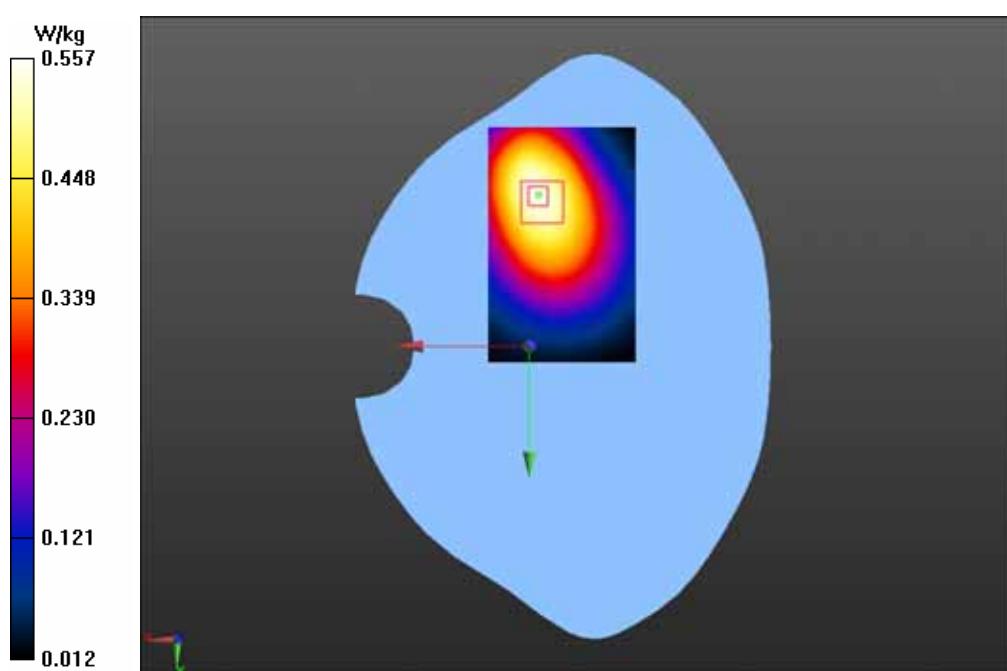
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.535 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.675 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V -Right side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.949$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.624$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WCDMA Band V -Right side-High/Area Scan (21x81x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 21.956 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.438 W/kg

## WCDMA Band V -Right side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

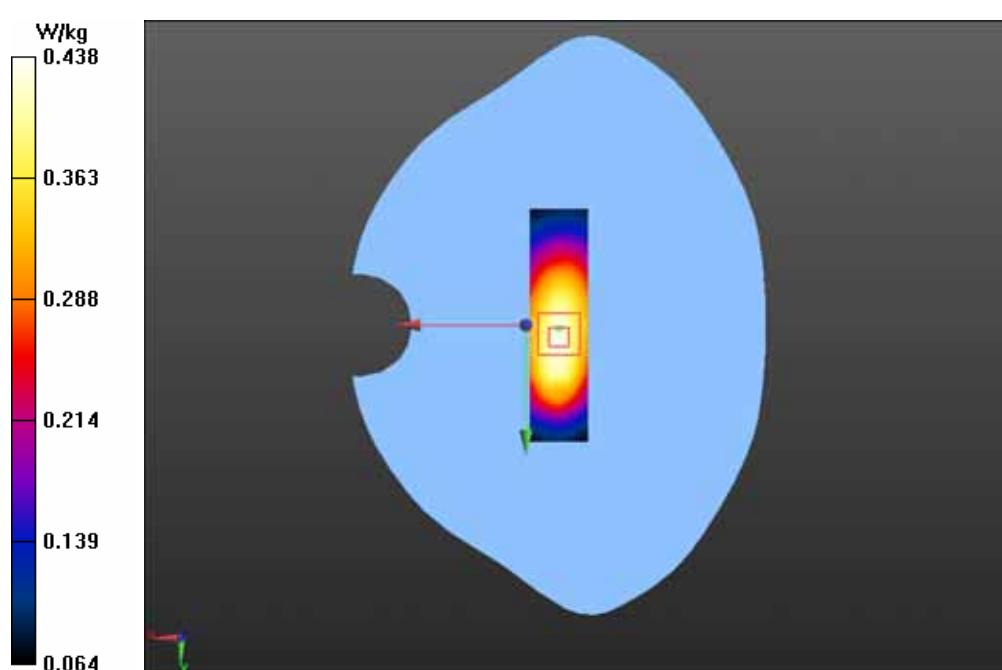
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.956 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.556 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.414 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.290 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.441 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V -Left side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.949$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.624$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V -Left side-High/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 14.651 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

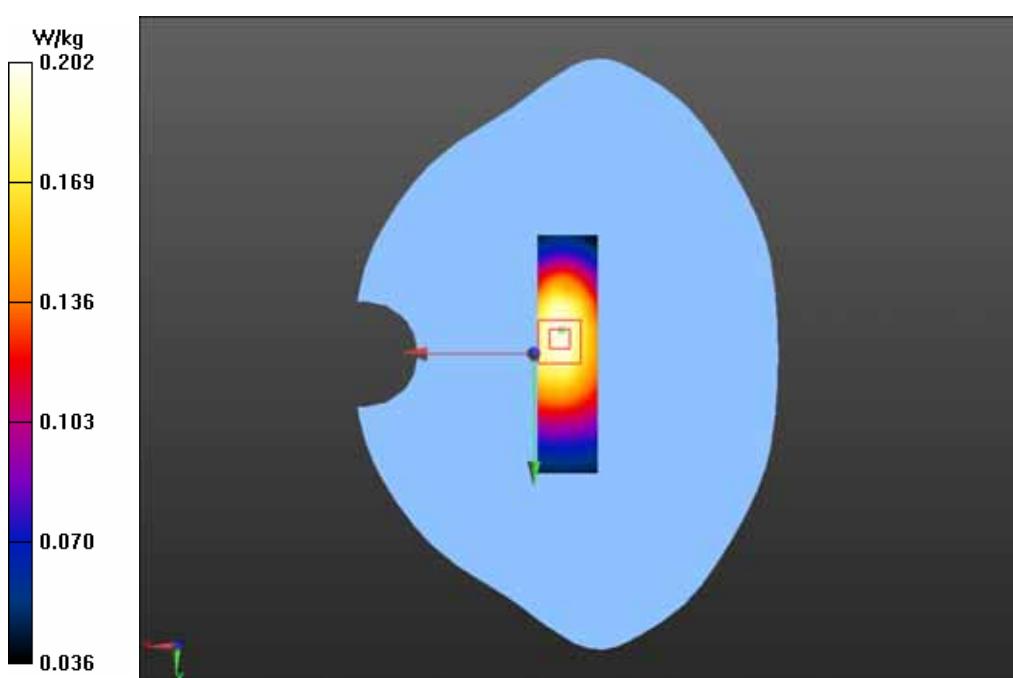
**WCDMA Band V -Left side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.651 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.191 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.202 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

## WCDMA Band V -Bottom side-High

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.949$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.624$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WCDMA Band V -Bottom side-High/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 7.704 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0730 W/kg

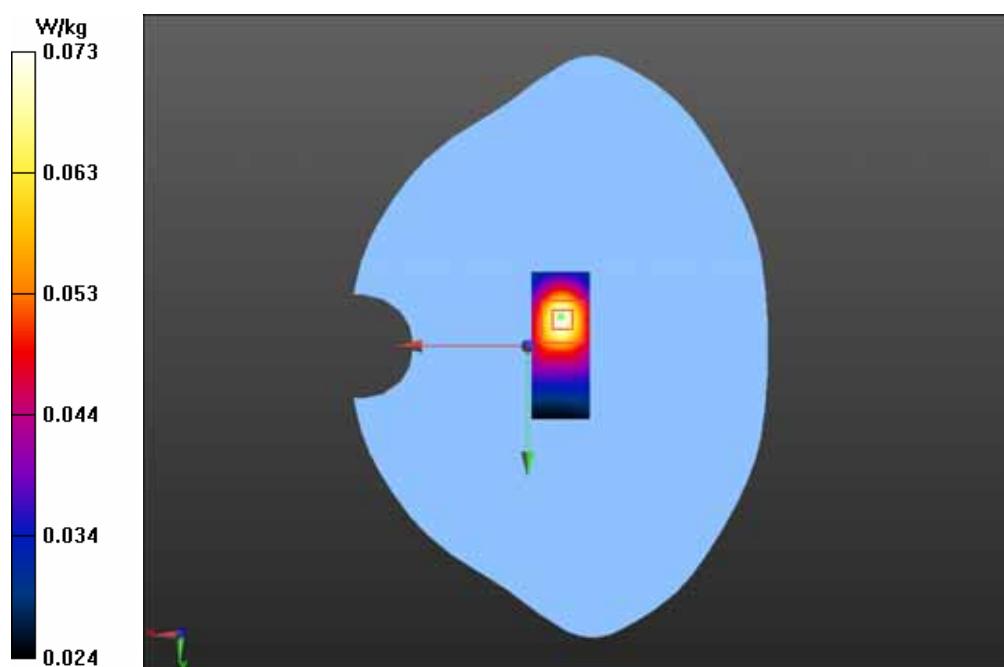
**WCDMA Band V -Bottom side-High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.704 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.066 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0726 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.12, 2013

### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side High with headset

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: UMTS-FDD(WCDMA); Communication System Band:

Band5; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.949$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.624$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_2with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1548
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side High with headset/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 8.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.786 W/kg

### WCDMA Band V(Body)/Back side High with headset/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

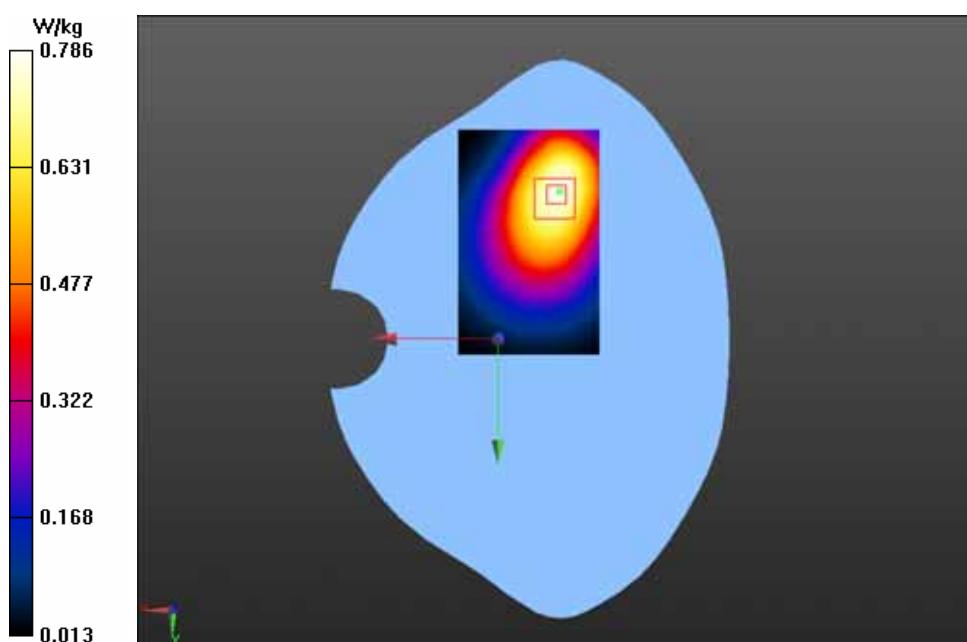
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.974 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.731 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.522 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.777 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b LEFT/CHEEK-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.062 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 W/kg

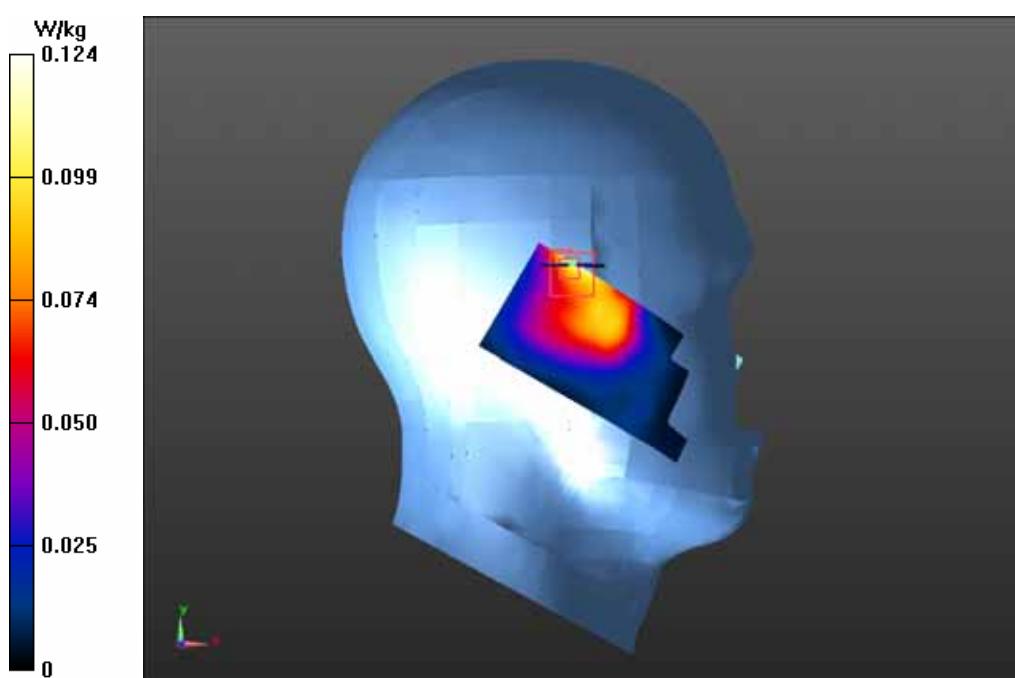
**WiFi 802.11b LEFT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.062 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,  
dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.186 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0630 W/kg

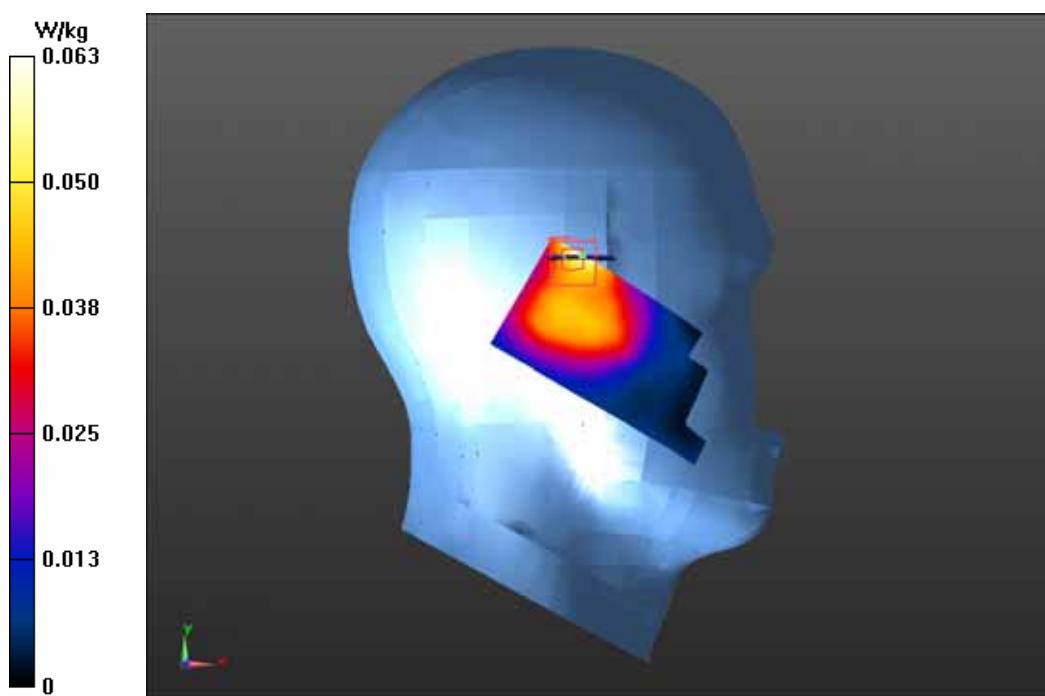
**WiFi 802.11b LEFT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.186 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.132 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.058 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0601 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.046 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0736 W/kg

**WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

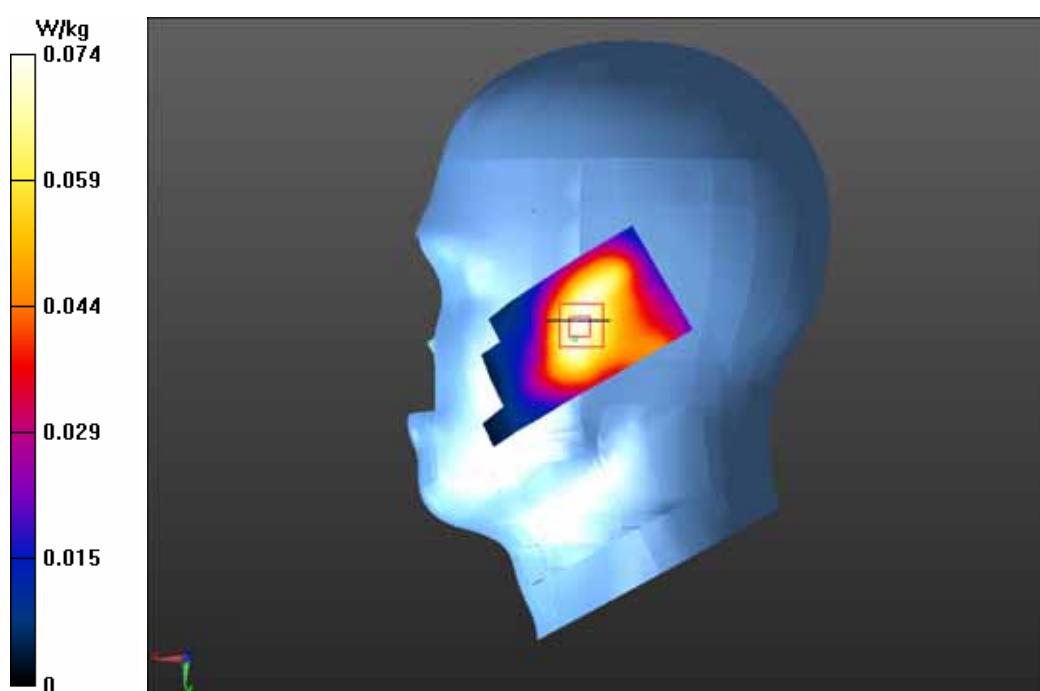
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.046 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.069 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0734 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/TILT-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 3.797 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0513 W/kg

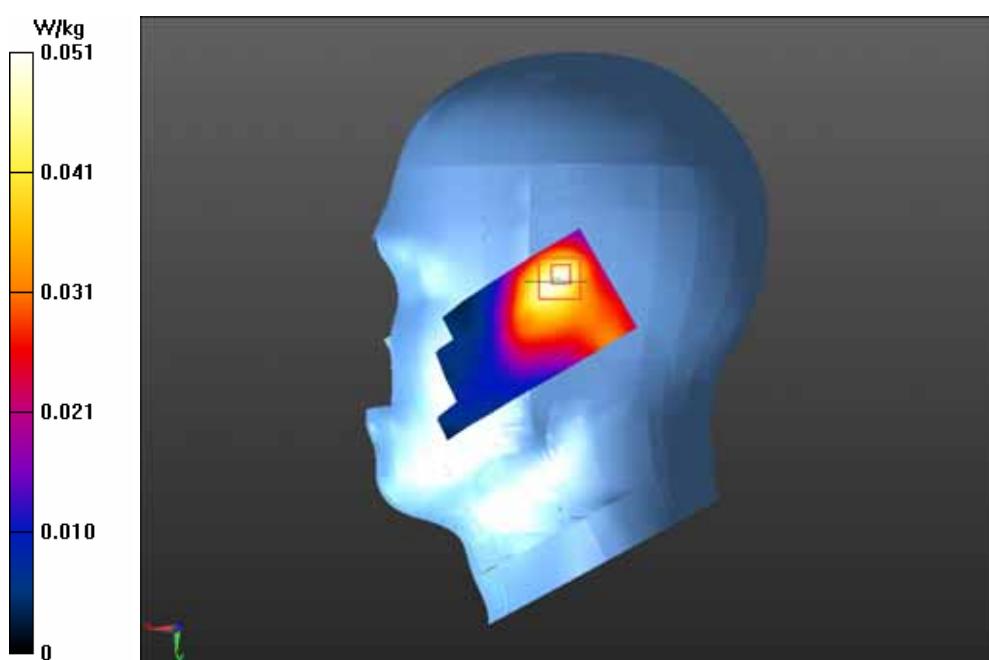
**WiFi 802.11b RIGHT/TILT-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.797 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.099 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.050 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0527 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11g LEFT/ CHEEK-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11g LEFT/ CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 3.887 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 W/kg

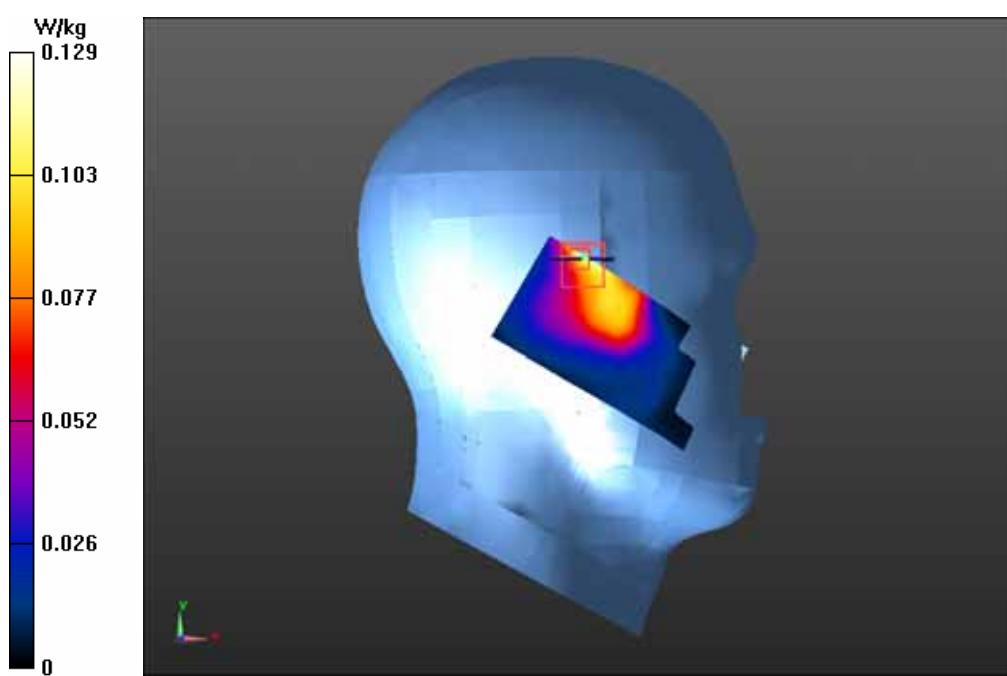
**WiFi 802.11g LEFT/ CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.887 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 mW/g

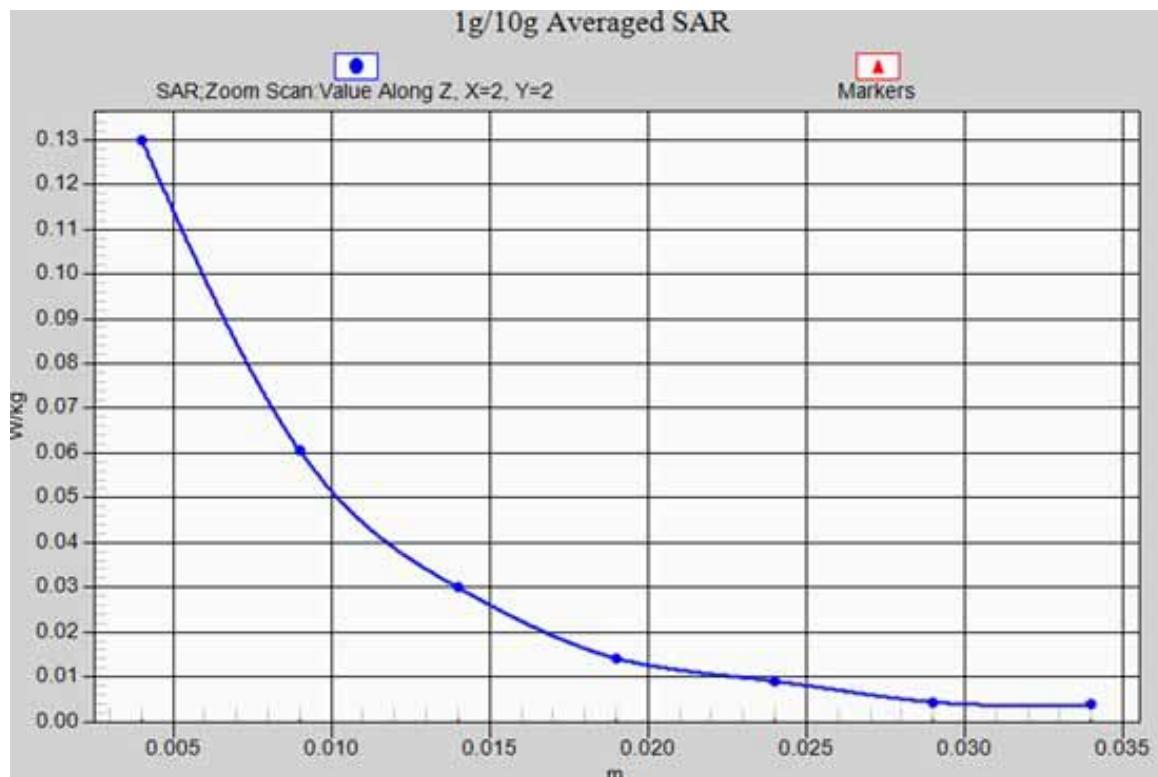
**SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013



WiFi 802.11g LEFT/ CHEEK-Mid\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11n(HT20) LEFT/CHEEK-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11n WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.021$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b LEFT/802.11n CHEEK-Mid/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 2.693 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 W/kg

## WiFi 802.11b LEFT/802.11n CHEEK-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

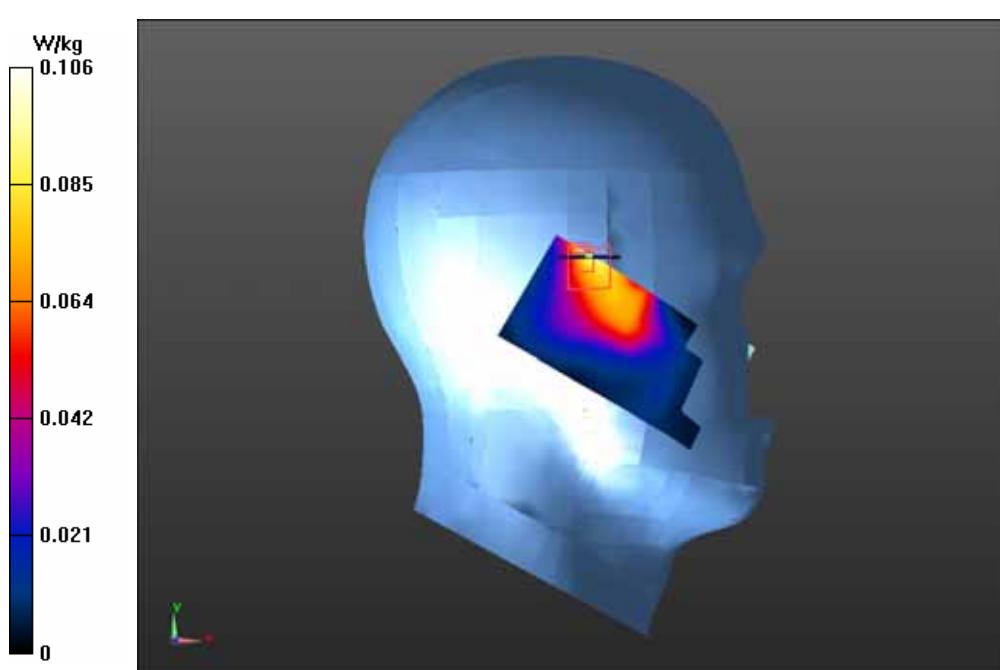
**0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.693 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.098 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 3.906 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.102 W/kg

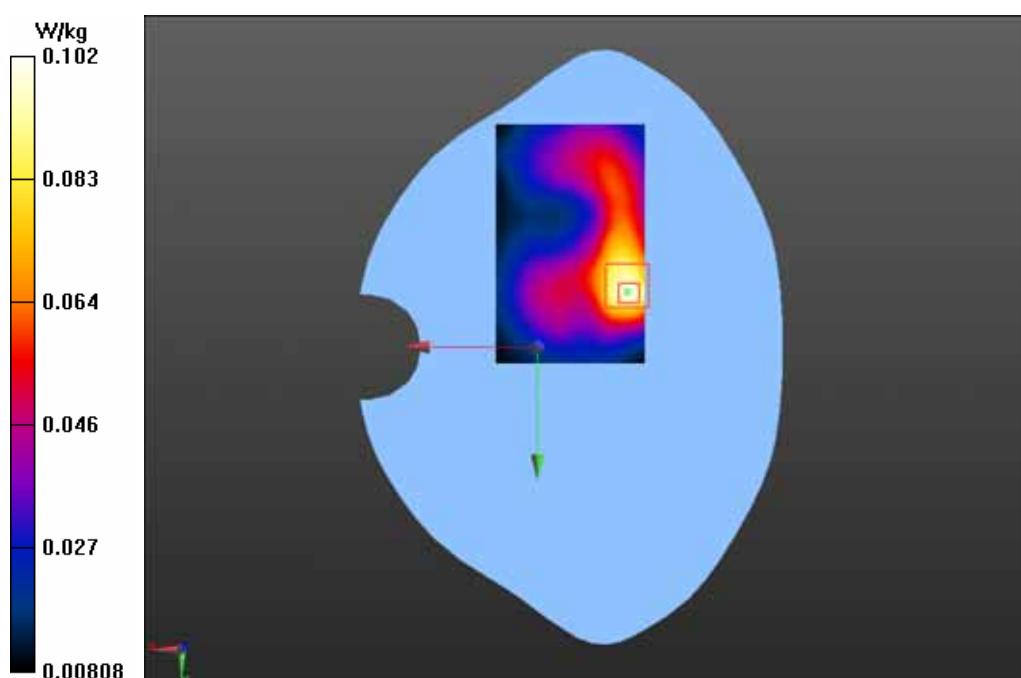
## WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Back side Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.906 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.197 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.090 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0959 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Front side Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Front side Mid/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Reference Value = 2.488 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0556 W/kg

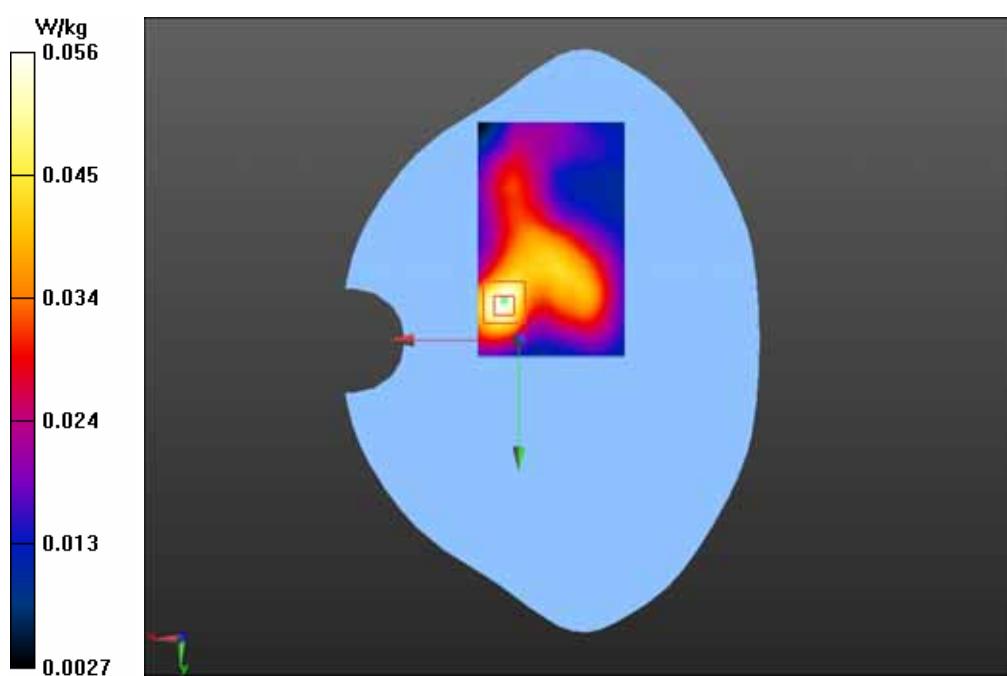
**WiFi 802.11b(Body)/Front side Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement  
grid:  $dx=8$  mm,  $dy=8$  mm,  $dz=5$  mm

Reference Value = 2.488 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.054 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0584 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

### WiFi 802.11b (Body)Right side/Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b Right side/Mid/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,  
dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.970 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.149 W/kg

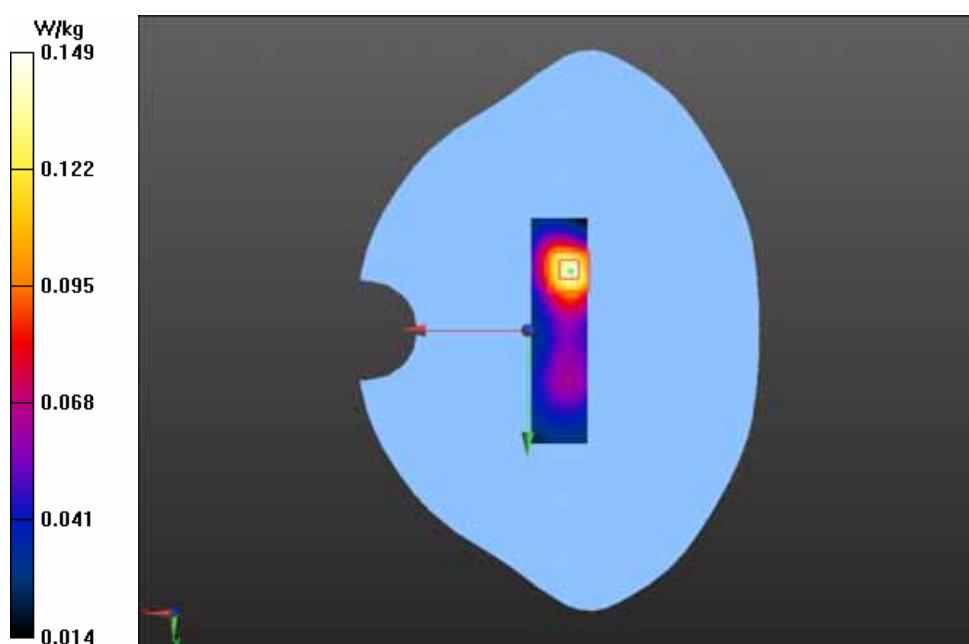
**WiFi 802.11b Right side/Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.970 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.298 mW/g

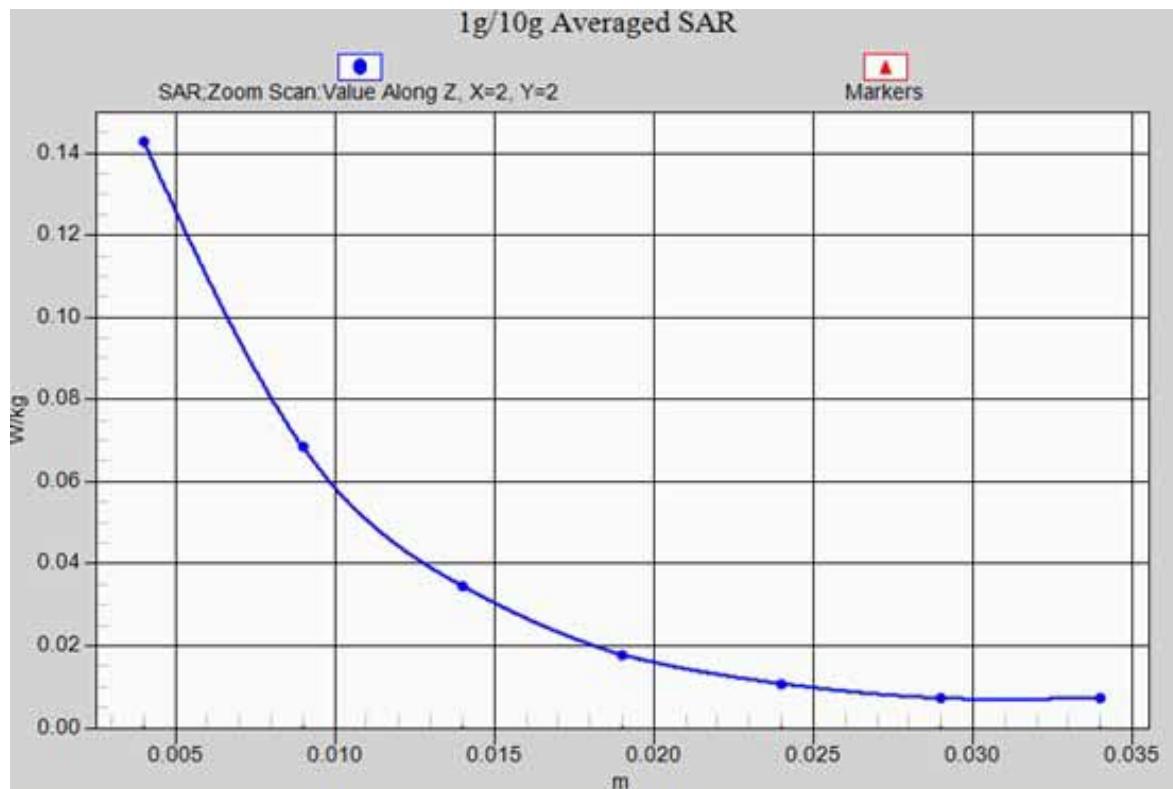
**SAR(1 g) = 0.132 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013



WiFi 802.11b (Body)Right side/Mid\_ z-axis scan

Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

## WiFi 802.11b (Body)Left side-Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b Left side-Mid/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,  
dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 2.034 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0236 W/kg

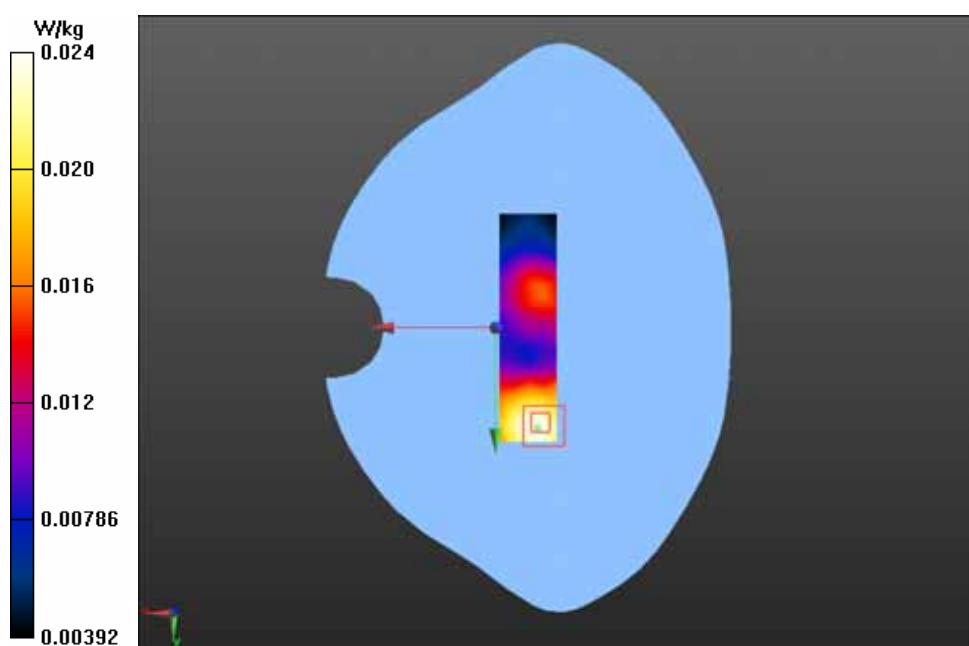
**WiFi 802.11b Left side-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.034 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.055 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.021 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0210 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

### WiFi 802.11b (Body)Top side/Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11b Top side/Mid/Area Scan (21x51x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,  
dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.282 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0458 W/kg

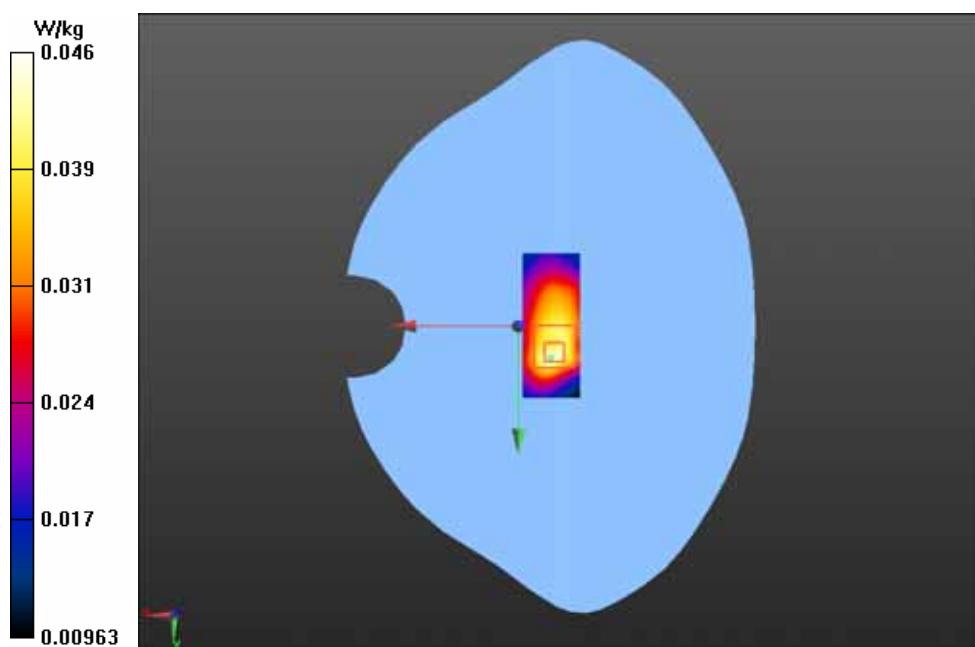
**WiFi 802.11b Top side/Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.282 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.079 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.038 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0396 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

### WiFi 802.11g (Body)/ Right side Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11g / Right side Mid/Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.363 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 W/kg

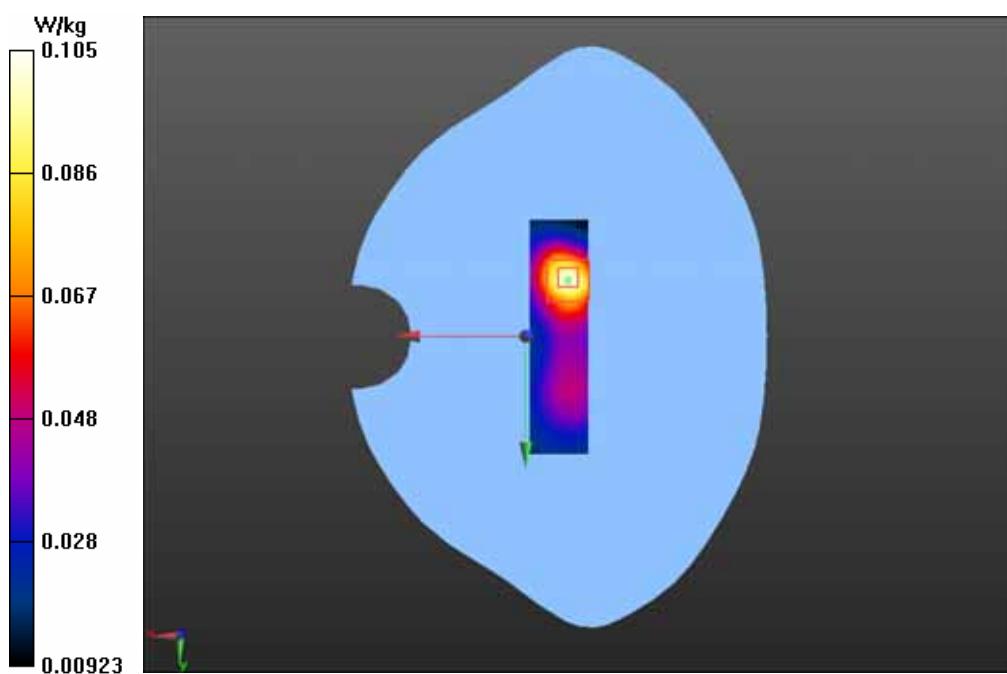
**WiFi 802.11g /Right side Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.363 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.096 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.102 W/kg



Test Laboratory: GCCT

Test Date: Sep.16, 2013

### WiFi 802.11n(HT20) Right side/ Mid

DUT: WISE+; Type: WISE+

Communication System: 802.11n WiFi 2.4 GHz ; Communication System Band: 2450;  
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.013$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.739$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3221; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 9/27/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn893; Calibrated: 9/27/2012
- Phantom: SAM\_1 with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1586
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**WiFi 802.11n Right side/ Mid /Area Scan (21x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 4.689 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 W/kg

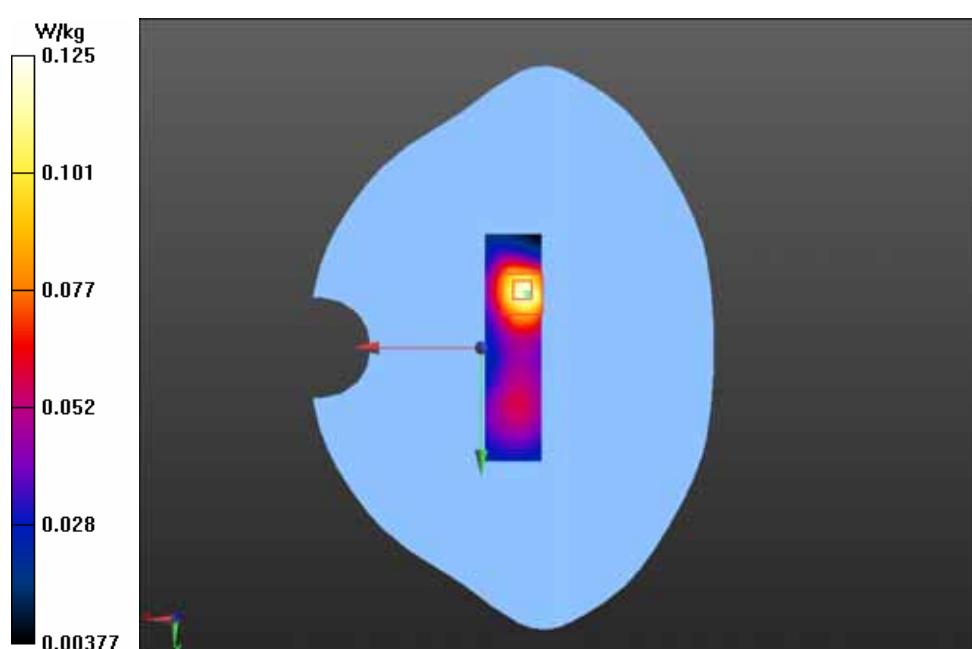
**WiFi 802.11n Right side/ Mid /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.689 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.220 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 0.106 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 W/kg



## **ANNEXE 3 Probe calibration report**

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client GCCT (Auden)

Certificate No: ES3-3221\_Sep12

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3221

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: September 27, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ ) and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01506)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5066 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 1, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx,y,z$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORMx,y,z$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORMx,y,z$  does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORMx,y,z * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

ES3DV3 – SN:3221

September 27, 2012

## Probe ES3DV3

SN:3221

Manufactured: September 1, 2009  
Repaired: September 11, 2012  
Calibrated: September 27, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ES3DV3- SN:3221

September 27, 2012

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.11	1.38	1.06	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	103.6	100.4	103.1	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	144.5	$\pm 3.5 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	122.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	143.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3221

September 27, 2012

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.25	2.17	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.27	1.99	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.60	5.60	5.60	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.62	1.40	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.34	5.34	5.34	0.76	1.22	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\alpha$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\alpha$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

ES3DV3— SN:3221

September 27, 2012

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.37	1.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.59	1.46	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.46	1.73	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.64	1.49	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.68	1.16	± 12.0 %

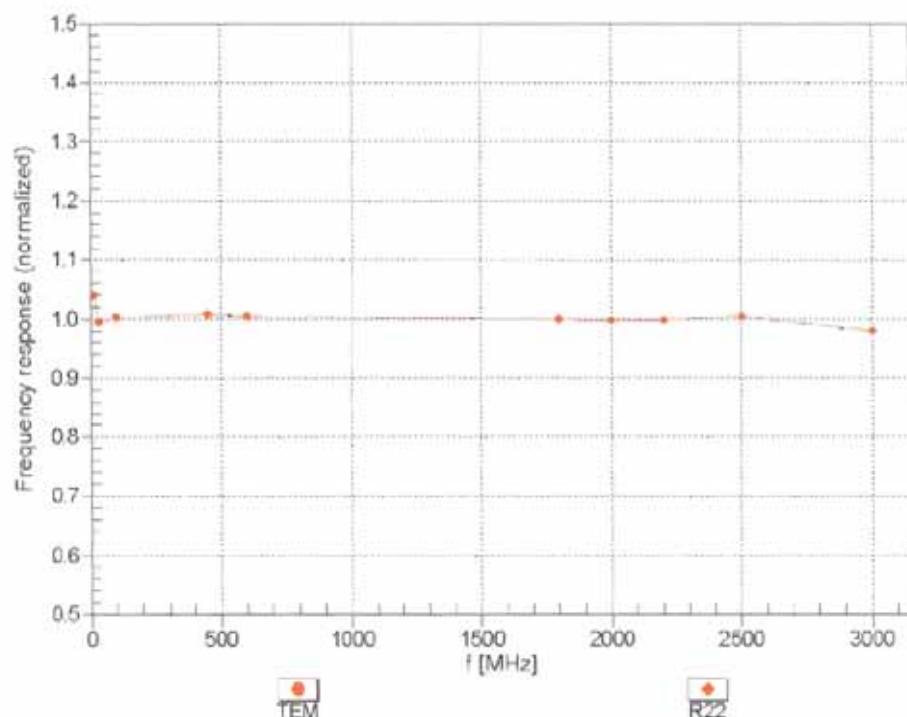
<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

ES3DV3– SN:3221

September 27, 2012

## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



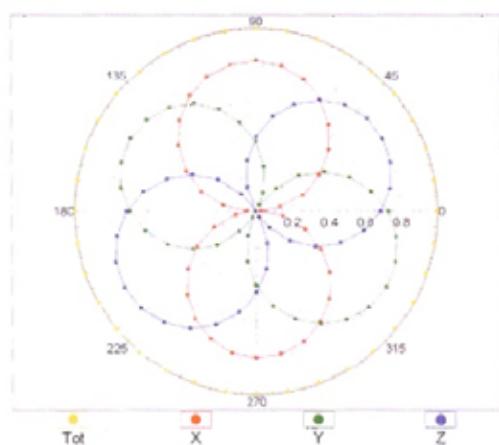
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ES3DV3– SN:3221

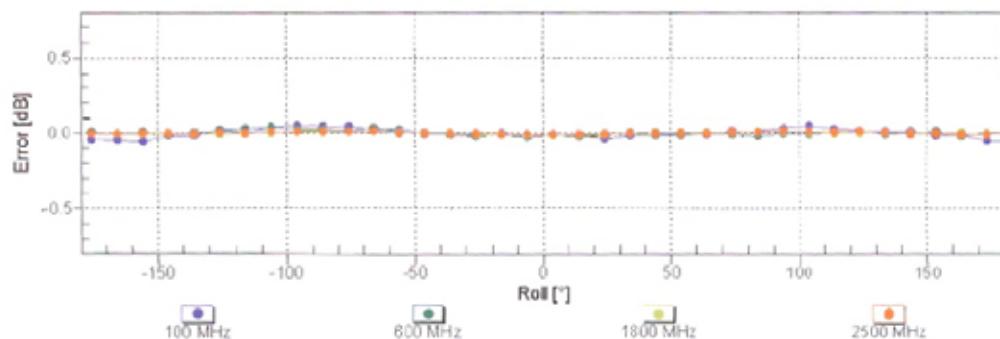
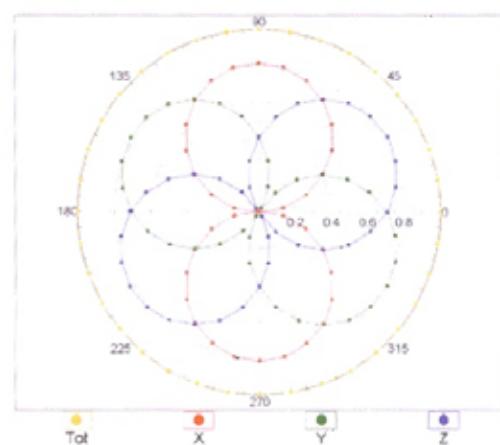
September 27, 2012

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22

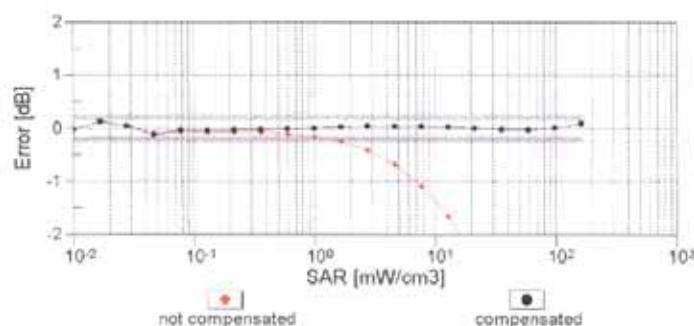
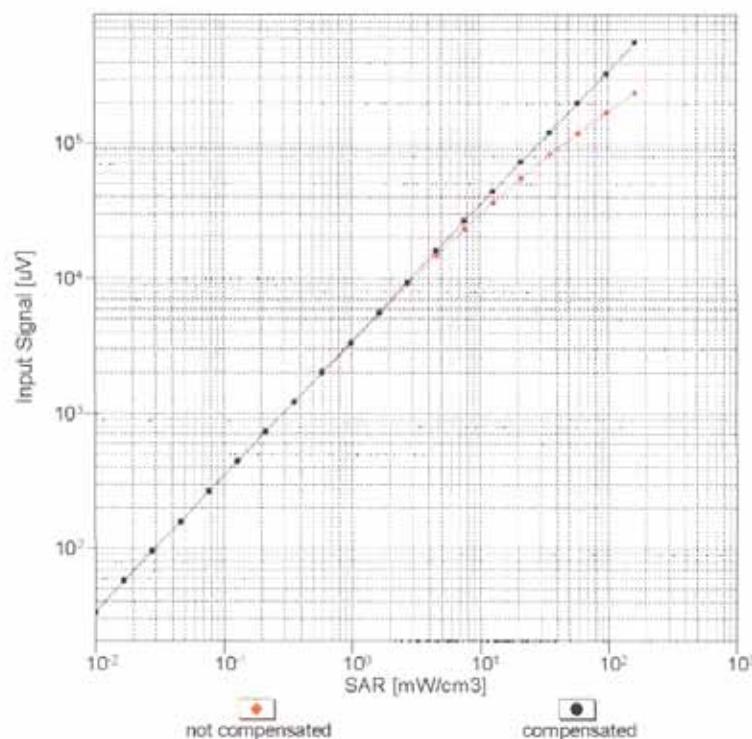


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ES3DV3- SN:3221

September 27, 2012

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



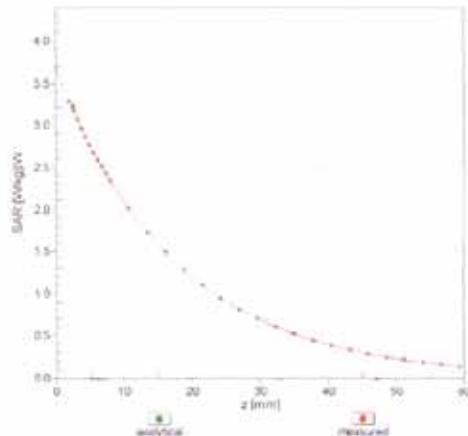
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ES3DV3- SN:3221

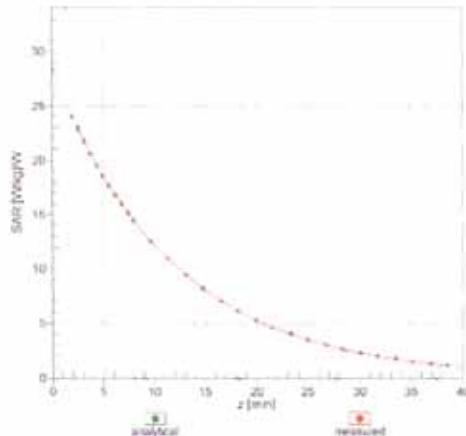
September 27, 2012

## Conversion Factor Assessment

$f = 900 \text{ MHz}, \text{WGLS R9 (H\_convF)}$

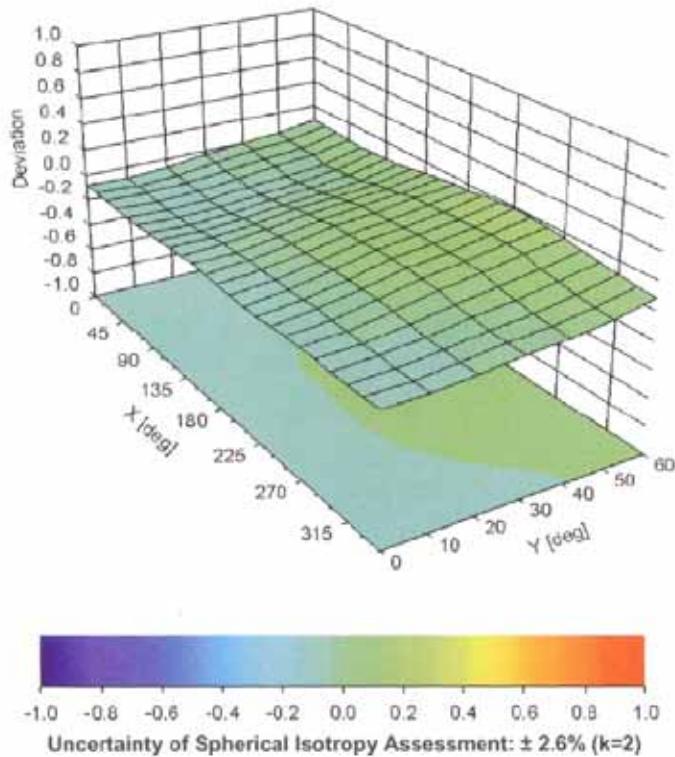


$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}, \text{WGLS R22 (H\_convF)}$



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



ES3DV3– SN:3221

September 27, 2012

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3221

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (")	34
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

## **ANNEXE 4 Dipole calibration report**

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client GCCT (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d150\_Mar13

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d150																																														
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz																																														
Calibration date:	March 18, 2013																																														
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature <math>(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}</math> and humidity <math>&lt; 70\%</math>.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p>																																															
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Primary Standards</th><th>ID #</th><th>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</th><th>Scheduled Calibration</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Power meter EPM-442A</td><td>GB37480704</td><td>01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)</td><td>Oct-13</td></tr><tr><td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td><td>US37292783</td><td>01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)</td><td>Oct-13</td></tr><tr><td>Reference 20-dB Attenuator</td><td>SN: 5058 (20k)</td><td>27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)</td><td>Apr-13</td></tr><tr><td>Type-N mismatch combination</td><td>SN: 5047.3 / 06327</td><td>27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)</td><td>Apr-13</td></tr><tr><td>Reference Probe E530V3</td><td>SN: 3205</td><td>26-Dec-12 (No. E53-3205_Dic12)</td><td>Dec-13</td></tr><tr><td>DAE4</td><td>SN: 601</td><td>27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)</td><td>Jun-13</td></tr><tr><td>Secondary Standards</td><td>ID #</td><td>Check Date (in house)</td><td>Scheduled Check</td></tr><tr><td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td><td>MY41092317</td><td>18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)</td><td>In house check: Oct-13</td></tr><tr><td>RF generator R&amp;S SMT-06</td><td>100005</td><td>04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)</td><td>In house check: Oct-13</td></tr><tr><td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td><td>US37390085 84206</td><td>18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)</td><td>In house check: Oct-13</td></tr></tbody></table>				Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13	Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13	Reference 20-dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13	Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13	Reference Probe E530V3	SN: 3205	26-Dec-12 (No. E53-3205_Dic12)	Dec-13	DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13	Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13	RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390085 84206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
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Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klyner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 																																												
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager																																													
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			Issued: March 19, 2013																																												

Calibration Laboratory of  
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.9 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.53 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.22 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.66 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.65 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.39 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 $\Omega$ - 2.8 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.1 $\Omega$ - 5.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.2 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.395 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 27, 2012

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d150**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

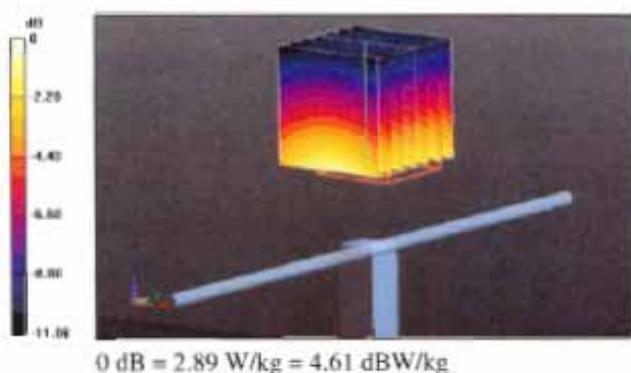
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.088 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

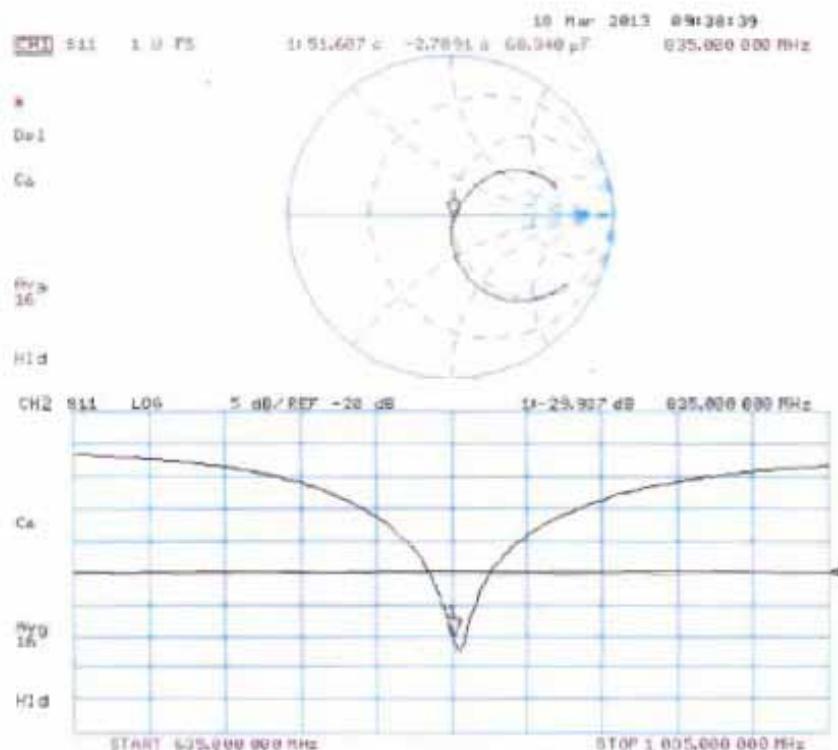
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d150**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

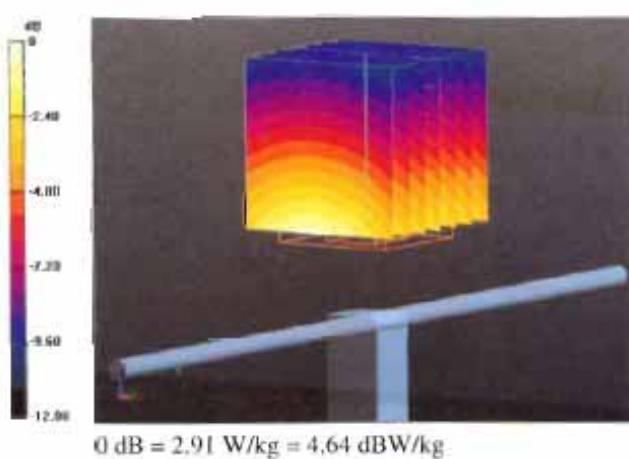
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

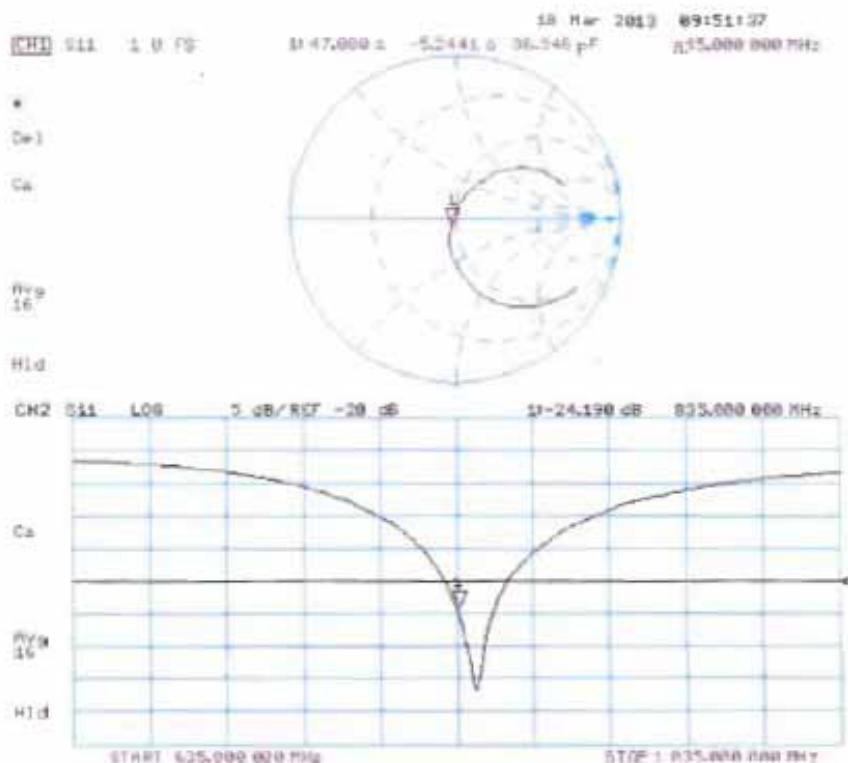
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client GCCT (Auden)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d070\_Oct12

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d070

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: October 01, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 801	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name Iraee El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 2, 2012

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.89 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.22 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.47 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.7 \Omega + 4.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.5 \Omega + 5.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.196 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 01.10.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d070**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

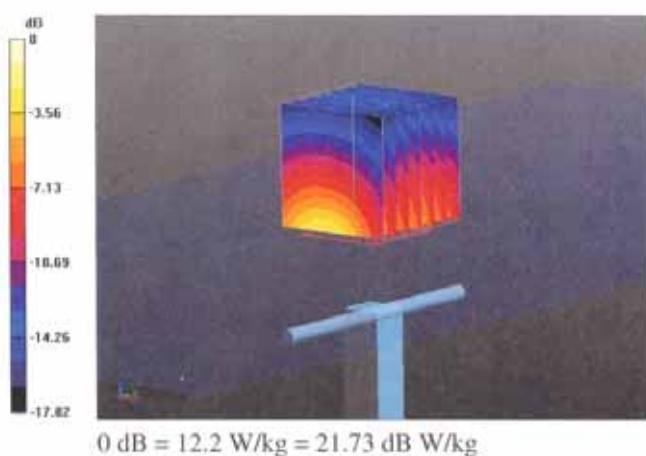
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 95.678 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

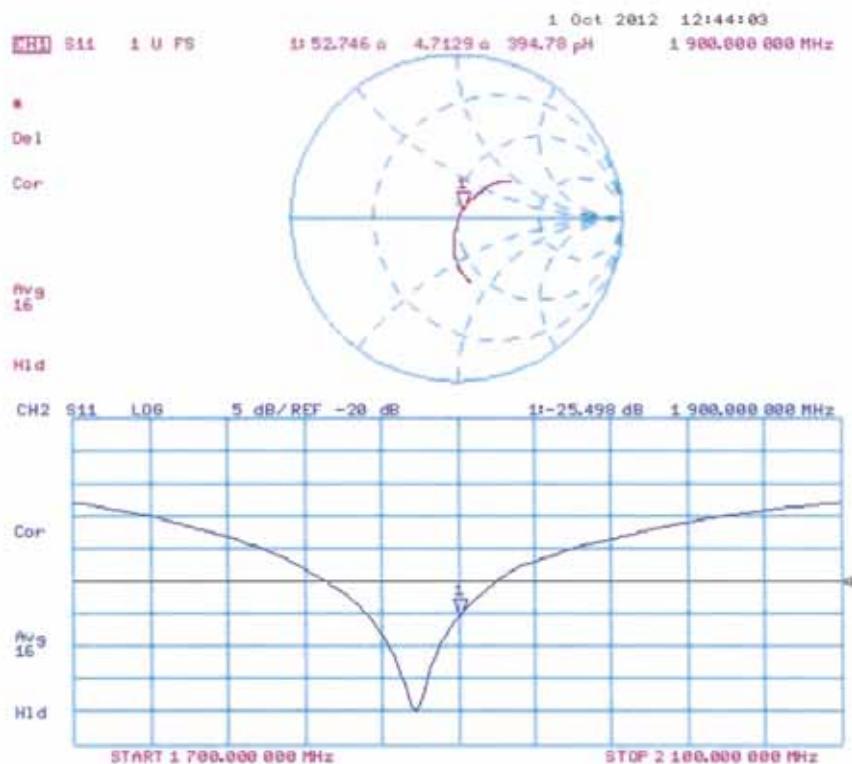
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.559 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 9.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 01.10.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d070**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

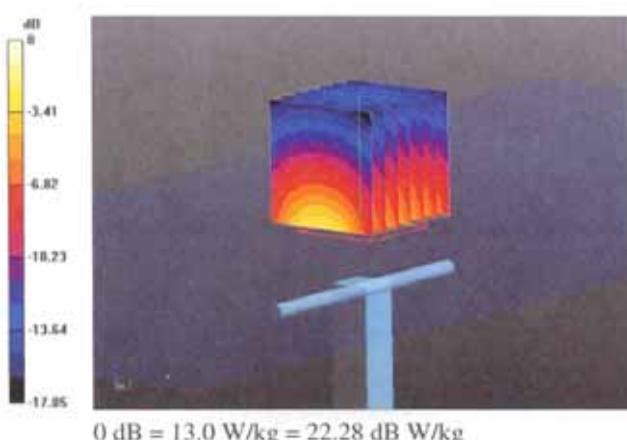
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.678 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

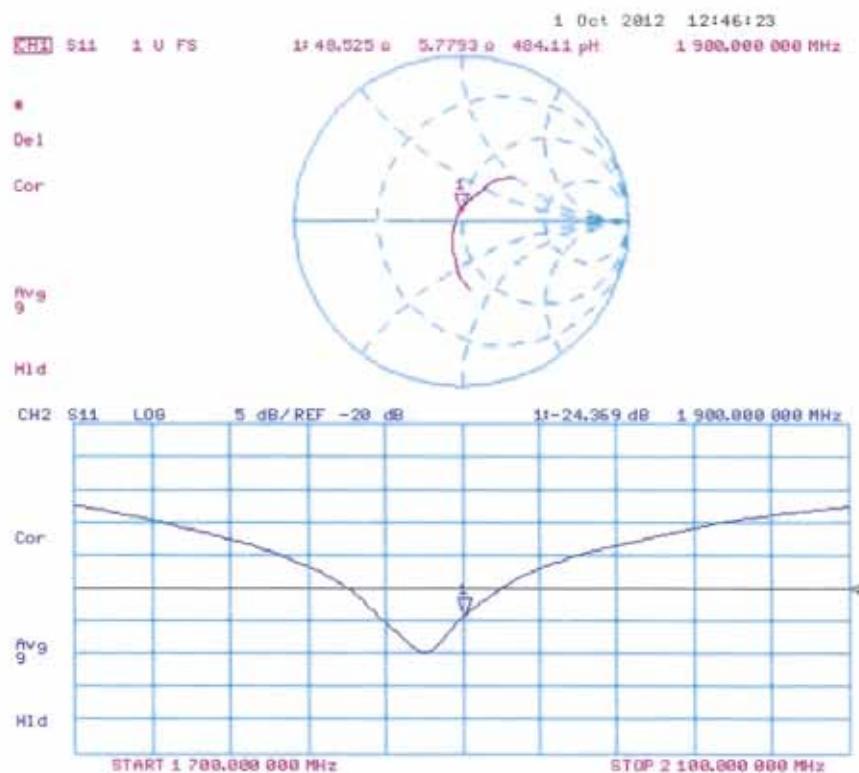
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.097 mW/g

**SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client GCCT (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-815\_Sep12

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 815

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: September 26, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES30V3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name Israe El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

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Issued: September 26, 2012

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.9 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.4 \Omega + 3.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.7 \Omega + 4.7 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 23, 2007

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 815

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

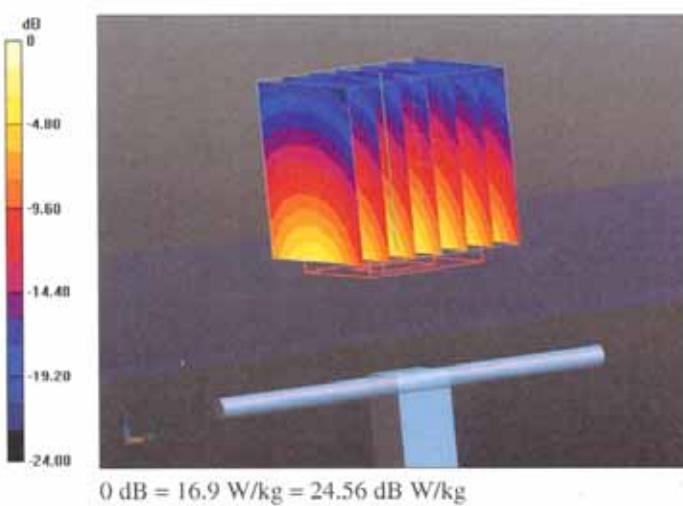
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 99.653 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

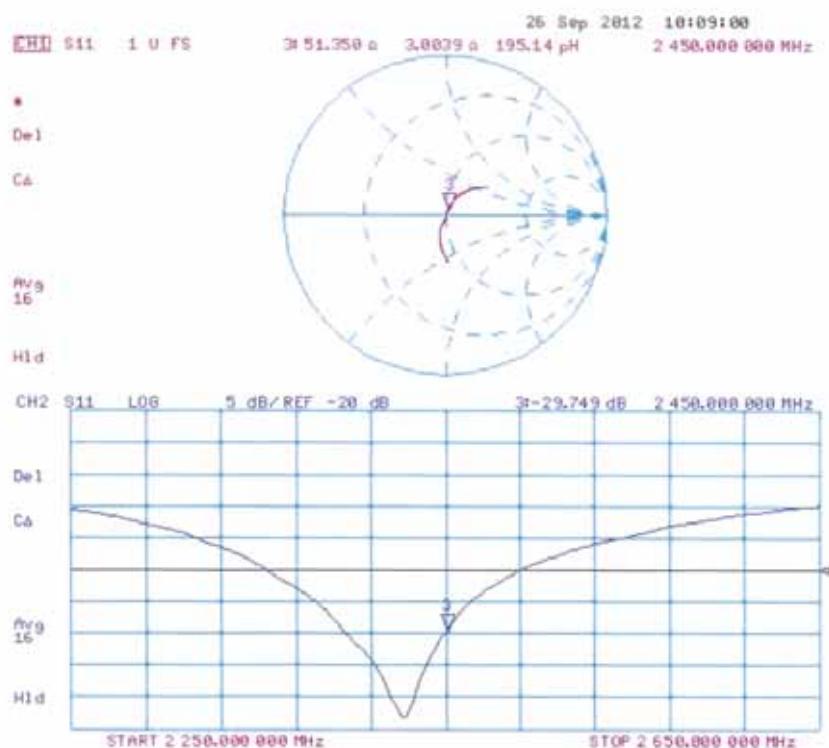
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.468 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 815**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

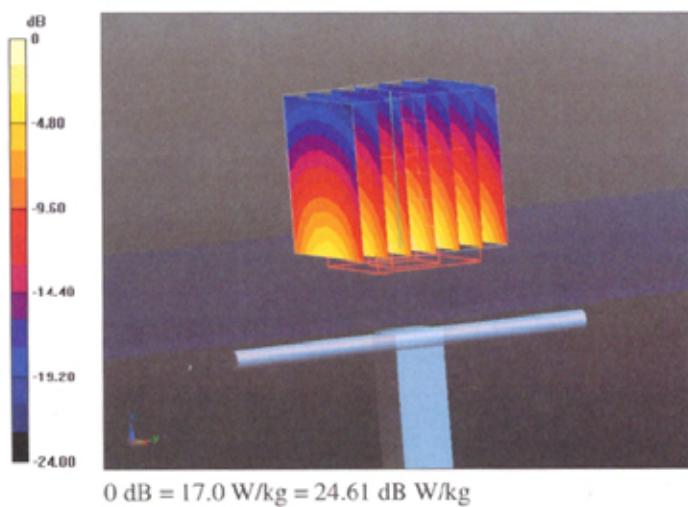
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 95.205 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

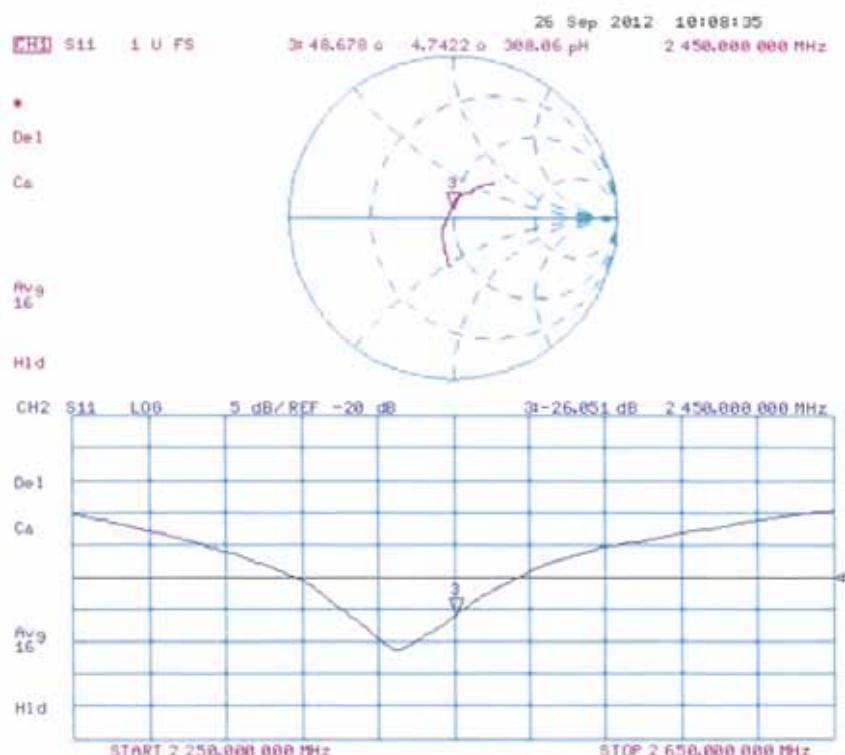
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.024 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## **ANNEXE 5 DAE calibration report**

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client GCCT (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-893\_Sep12

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 893

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v25  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: September 27, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-11 (No:11460)	Sep-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-12 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-13

Calibrated by: Name Eric Hainfeld Function Technician Signature

Approved by: Name Fin Bomholt Function R&D Director Signature

Issued: September 27, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range =  $-100...+300 mV$   
Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range =  $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$406.225 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$406.084 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$	$405.117 \pm 0.1\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$4.01000 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$4.02161 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$	$3.98512 \pm 0.7\% (k=2)$

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$174.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.97	-2.11	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.49	2.31	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19996.34	3.89	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199996.46	-1.92	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.56	-1.41	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.29	0.07	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199997.57	-0.73	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.79	-2.14	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.40	-1.01	0.01

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2003.38	2.07	0.10
Channel X	+ Input	202.34	0.57	0.28
Channel X	- Input	-197.99	0.01	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	2002.03	0.81	0.04
Channel Y	+ Input	200.97	-0.69	-0.34
Channel Y	- Input	-198.23	0.01	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	2002.07	0.82	0.04
Channel Z	+ Input	201.75	0.14	0.07
Channel Z	- Input	-200.05	-1.79	0.90

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	17.36	15.93
	-200	-15.52	-16.86
Channel Y	200	7.39	6.92
	-200	-8.23	-8.65
Channel Z	200	5.62	5.64
	-200	-8.03	-8.06

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	3.18	-3.22
Channel Y	200	8.71	-	3.65
Channel Z	200	9.66	6.68	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16472	14639
Channel Y	16065	13652
Channel Z	15699	15904

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.78	-1.09	2.36	0.66
Channel Y	-0.06	-2.31	2.02	0.70
Channel Z	-0.52	-2.78	1.43	0.74

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9