COMP9024 20T2

## Week 1 Assessment Questions

Data Structures and Algorithms

#### 1. (ADO client)

An integer stack can be used to convert a positive decimal number n to a different numeral system with base k according to the following algorithm:

```
while n>0 do
push n%k onto the stack
n = n / k
end while
```

The result can be displayed by printing the numbers as they are popped off the stack. Example (k=2):

Using your stack ADO from Exercise 5 (Problem Set), write a C-program that implements this algorithm to convert to base k=2 a number given on the command line.

Examples of the program executing could be

```
prompt$ ./binary
Enter a number: 13
1101
prompt$ ./binary
Enter a number: 128
10000000
prompt$ ./binary
Enter a number: 127
1111111
```

We have created a script that can automatically test your program. To run this test you can execute the dryrun program that corresponds to this exercise. It expects to find three programs in the current directory:

- IntStack.h your header file for the integer stack from Exercise 5 (Problem Set)
- IntStack.c your implementation of the integer stack Exercise 5 (Problem Set)
- binary.c

You can use dryrun as follows:

```
prompt$ 9024 dryrun binary
```

### 2. (Queue ADO)

Modify your integer stack ADO from Exercise 5 (Problem Set) to an integer queue ADO.

Hint: A *queue* is a FIFO data structure (first in, first out). The principal operations are to *enqueue* and to *dequeue* elements. Elements are dequeued in the same order in which they have been enqueued. Below is the header file (IntQueue.h) with the functions that your ADO should provide.

IntQueue.h

We have created a script that can automatically test your program. To run this test you can execute the dryrun program that corresponds to this exercise. It expects to find two files named IntQueue.c and IntQueue.h in the current directory that provide an implementation of a queue ADO with the four queue functions shown above. You can use dryrun as follows:

```
prompt$ 9024 dryrun IntQueue
```

## Submission

This first weekly assignment is meant to give you your first practice and will not count towards your mark for the weekly assessment component.

However, in order to familiarise yourself with the submission and auto-marking process, you can submit your solutions.

You should submit your files using the following give command:

```
prompt$ give cs9024 week1 binary.c IntQueue.h IntQueue.c
```

Alternatively, you can submit through WebCMS3.

Ensure that your program compiles on a CSE machine with the standard options -Wall - Werror -std=c11.

- Make sure you spell the filenames correctly. You can submit multiple times. Only your last submission will be considered.
- The deadline for submission is **Tuesday**, **9 June 11:00:00am**.
- Auto-marking will be run by the lecturer several days after the submission deadline using different test cases than dryrun does. *Hint*: Do your own testing in addition to running dryrun.

# **Plagiarism**

Group submissions will not be allowed. Your programs must be entirely your own work. Plagiarism detection software will be used to compare all submissions pairwise (including submissions for similar assessments in previous years, if applicable) and serious penalties will be applied, including an entry on UNSW's plagiarism register.

- Do not copy ideas or code from others
- Do not use a publicly accessible repository or allow anyone to see your code

Please refer to the on-line sources to help you understand what plagiarism is and how it is dealt with at UNSW:

- Plagiarism and Academic Integrity
- UNSW Plagiarism Policy Statement
- UNSW Plagiarism Procedure

Reproducing, publishing, posting, distributing or translating this assignment is an infringement of copyright and will be referred to UNSW Conduct and Integrity for action.