In a casino in Liverpool, there are two slot machines: if you play on the first one (machine A), you win 10% of the time. If you play on the second one (machine B), you win 20% of the time. You do not know which machine is which.

Your strategy: you assume the machines have an equal chance of being the better one, you select one of the two at random and put a coin in it. You lose the first bet. What is the probability that you selected machine B?

- o a. 0.4701
- o b. 0.4721
- oc. 0.4715
- d. 0.4706

## Consider the following dataset with features X, Y and Z

| X    | Y | Z |
|------|---|---|
| Jack | 0 | A |
| Jack | 1 | В |
| Amy  | 0 | Α |
| Amy  | 1 | В |
| Sam  | 0 | В |
| Sam  | 1 | В |

Let H denote the entropy function. Which of the following is true?

- a. H(X) = 1.585, H(Y) = 1, H(Z)=0.9183
- b. H(X) = 1.213, H(Y) = 1, H(Z)=0.1544
- c. H(X) = 1.785, H(Y) = 1, H(Z)=0.656
- d. H(X) = 1.585, H(Y) = 0, H(Z)=0.9183

In logistic regression, we assume a...

(logit = logarithm of the odds)

- O a. a nonlinear relationship between continuous features and the logit of the outcome variable
- o b. linear relationships between the logit of continuous features and the logit of the outcome variable
- o. linear relationships between the logit of continuous features and the outcome variable
- ø d. linear relationship between continuous features and the logit of the outcome variable

Let X denote the outcome of tossing a special 6 sided dice - this dice has 6 faces like a normal dice, but it is twice as likely to land on an even face as it is to land on an odd face. Compute the following probability: P(X = 3|X > 2)

- O a. 0.2222
- o b. 0.3333
- c. 0.1667
- O d. 0.1121

| Your dataset consists of documents, each of which may be represented as a 3 dimensional feature vector. You decide to fit a logistic regression to the data, and derive the following estimates for your weight vector: $\beta = (-\ln(2), \ln(5), -\ln(7))$ . You then receive a new document $x_* = (1, -1, -1)$ . Compute $P(y_* = 0 x_*)$ . |
|---|
| a. 0.3343   |
| O b. 0.3453   |
| O c. 0.6814   |
| ⊚ d. 0.5882   |
| Which of the following statements about Naive Bayes is incorrect?   |
| 1. Features are equally important   |
| 2. Features are statistically dependent of one another given the class value  |
| <ol><li>Features are statistically independent of one another given the class value</li></ol>   |
| 4. Features can be nominal or numeric   |
| a. Statement 4 is incorrect   |
| b. Statement 1 is incorrect   |
| o. Statement 3 is incorrect   |
| d. Statement 2 is incorrect   |
|   |
| There are two jars (jar A and jar B).  Jar A is composed of 50% red balls, and 50% blue balls. Jar B is composed of 60% red balls, and 40% blue balls.  |
| You play the following game: you toss a biased coin (which has probability of heads 0.8), and if it comes up heads you pick a ball randomly from jar A, otherwise you pick a ball randomly from jar B.  |
| You play the game and end up with a blue ball, what is the probability that this blue ball came from jar A?   |
| ⊚ a. 0.8333   |
| O b. 0.6011   |
| o. 0.2355 od. 0.5556  |
|   |
| Your dataset consists of documents, each of which may be represented as a 3 dimensional feature vector. You decide to fit a logistic regression to the data, and derive the following estimates for your weight vector: $\beta = (-\ln(2), \ln(5), -\ln(7))$ . You then receive a new document $x_* = (1, -1, -1)$ . Compute $P(y_* = 0 x_*)$ . |
| o a. 0.3343   |
| ⊚ b. 0.5882   |
| O c. 0.6814   |
| od. 0.3453  |
|   |
|   |
|   |

Consider the following dataset with features X, Y and Z

| Х | Y | Z |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 |

Compute the entropy of  $\frac{XY}{Z+1}$ 

- o a. Undefined
- O b. 1
- @ c. 1.2516
- o d. 2.11328