TRADING PERFORMANCE REPORT

FACUNDO CUERDO

Contents

Dataset Description	2
Dataset Structure	2
Proposed entity-relationship diagram	3
Addition of Intermediate Tables	3
Report Mockup	4
Final Report	5
General Performance	5
Performance by Quote	7
Meassure Glosary	8

Dataset Description

The Dataset comes from a file .xls with the management reports offered by the MetaTrader 5 (MT5) platform, with trades on a live account from February 17, 2021, to March 4, 2021.

Dataset Structure

The Dataset consists of two tables: one called "Positions" that reflects the daily operation itself; and another called "Transactions" that summarizes the data of the balance of the portfolio

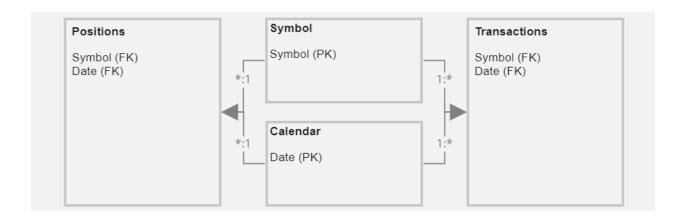
1. Standings

- a. Date time: Date and time of opening of operation
- b. Position (nvarchar): Operation ID
- c. Symbol (nvarchar): Name of the traded asset
- d. Type (nvarchar): type of operation
- e. Volume (float): Volume in minilots of the operation
- f. Float Price: Opening price of the operation
- g. Date/Time Closing (date time): Date and time of closing of the operation
- h. S/L (float): Stop Loss price level applied
- i. *T/P* (*float*): Take Profit price level applied
- j. Closing Price (float): Price all that the operation was closed
- k. Commission (float): Commission charged by the broker
- I. **Swap** (float): Collection for holding assets aftermarket closure
- m. *Profit* (float): Profit or loss obtained by the operation

2. Transactions Table

- a. Time (date time): Date and time of opening of operation
- b. **Deal**: Operation ID
- c. Symbol (nvarchar): Name of the traded asset
- d. *Type* (nvarchar): type of operation
- e. *Direction* (nvarchar): Moment of operation
- f. Volume (float): Volume in minilots of the operation
- g. Price (float): Opening price of the operation
- h. Order (nvarchar): Order ID
- i. Commission (float): Collection for holding assets aftermarket closure
- j. **Swap** (float): Collection for holding assets aftermarket closure
- k. **Profit** (float): Profit or loss obtained by the operation
- I. Balance (float): Balance of the investment portfolio

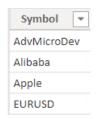
Proposed entity-relationship diagram



Addition of Intermediate Tables

To reorganize and improve the interaction between tables, two intermediates are created:

1. Symbol table: which consists of an attribute with unique values that represent the names of the operated symbols.



2. Calendar table: which consists of unique values of type date / time, to improve the actions of time intelligence.



Report Mockup

Page with general information

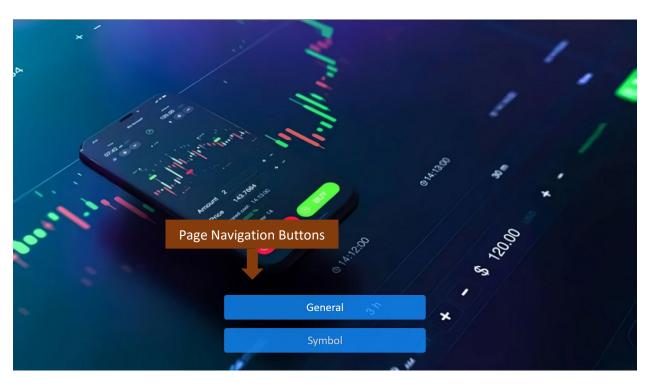


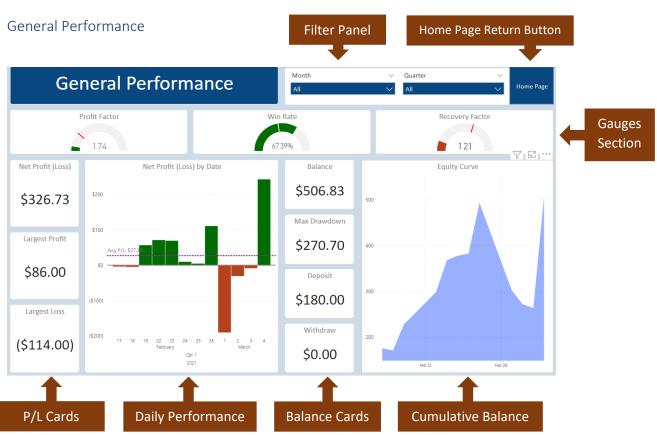
Page with information by Quote



Final Report

Home Page





Gauges Section:

First Gauge shows Profit Factor Indicator obtained through Calculated Measure Profit Factor

Second Gauge shows the percentage of trades that were positive, obtained through Calculated Measure Win Rate

Third Gauge shows the ability of a strategy to recover after a drawdown. obtained through Calculated Measure Recovery Factor

P/L Cards:

Net Profit (Loss), Largest Profit, Largest Loss

Daily Performance:

Bar chart with Net Profit (Loss) on y axis and date on x axis.

Balance Cards:

Balance, Max Drawdown, Deposit, Withdraw

Cumulative Balance:

Area Chart with Equity Curve on y axis and date on x axis.

Performance by Quote



Performance by Quote:

Horizontal Bar Chart with Symbol on y axis and Net Profit (Loss) on x axis

Number of Trades

Horizontal Bar Chart with Symbol on y axis and Number of Trades on x axis

Average Position Time (Minutes)

Horizontal Bar Chart with Symbol on *y* axis and Average Position Time in Minutes (Calculated Column) on *x* axis

Meassure Glosary

```
# Trades =
       Counta(Posiciones[Símbolo])
Balance =
       SUM(Transacciones[Profit]) +
       SUM(Posiciones[Swap])
Deposit =
    Calculate(
       SUM (Transacciones[Profit]),
       Transacciones[Type] = "Balance",
       Transacciones[Profit] > 0)
Equity Curve =
VAR CurrentTrade = MAX(Transacciones[Date])
RETURN
       CALCULATE([Balance],
              FILTER (
                      ALLEXCEPT(Transacciones, Transacciones[Order]),
                      Transacciones[Date] <= CurrentTrade))</pre>
Largest Loss Trade =
       CALCULATE(
              MIN(Posiciones[Beneficio]), Posiciones[Beneficio] < 0)</pre>
Largest Profit Trade =
       CALCULATE(
              MAX(Posiciones[Beneficio]), Posiciones[Beneficio] > 0)
P/L =
       Calculate (
              SUM(Posiciones[Beneficio]), Posiciones[Tipo] <> "Balance") +
              SUM(Posiciones[Swap])
Profit Factor =
       - Divide(
```

```
CALCULATE(
                      SUM(Posiciones[Beneficio]), Posiciones[Beneficio] > 0) +
                      SUM(Posiciones[Swap]),
               CALCULATE(
                      SUM(Posiciones[Beneficio]), Posiciones[Beneficio] < 0))</pre>
Recovery Factor =
       DIVIDE(
               [P/L],
               [Max Drawdown])
Win Rate =
       DIVIDE(
               CALCULATE(
                      [# Trades], Posiciones[Beneficio] >= 0),
               [# Trades])
Withdraw =
VAR Withdraw = Calculate(
                      SUM (Transacciones[Profit]), Transacciones[Type] = "Balance",
                            Transacciones[Profit] < 0)</pre>
Return
       IF(
          ISBLANK(Withdraw), 0, Withdraw)
DD Cum Profits =
VAR CurrentTrade = MAX(Transacciones[Order] )
RETURN
       CALCULATE(
               [Balance],
               FILTER (
                      ALLSELECTED(Transacciones), Transacciones[Order] <= CurrentTrade))</pre>
Peak Cumulative Profit =
VAR CurrentTrade = MAX(Transacciones[Order])
VAR TableFilter = CALCULATETABLE(ALLSELECTED(Transacciones), Transacciones[Order] <=</pre>
CurrentTrade)
RETURN
       MAXX(TableFilter, [DD Cum Profits])
```