$Final\ Project-Second\ Draft$

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Introduction

Methodologies

Data Summaries

Contingency Tables

table(Data2\$MonkeyID)

35 228 239 243

The study included 20 rhesus macaques.

```
##
## 6104 6105 6107 6117 6118 6119 6125 6132 6160 6193 6199 6200 6201 6202 6203 6204
```

7 55 216 251 183 117

48 191

73

78 238 156

```
## 6205 6209 6210 6214
## 5 46 50 6
```

There are four time points; one before any procedure was done, and three after vaccine shots were administered to the macaques. In the treatment groups, groups 1-3 represent different doses of drug 1, groups 4-6 represent different doses of drug 2, and group 7 represents the control group. Later we'll look at the effect made by different drugs first and then different doses.

table(Data2\$Time_Point, Data2\$Treatment)

```
##
##
        group 1 group 2 group 3 group 4 group 5 group 6 group 7
##
     0
            129
                        0
                                 0
                                         90
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                    54
##
     1
            190
                      60
                                96
                                        105
                                                 297
                                                          131
                                                                   125
##
     2
            141
                     110
                                 0
                                        148
                                                  77
                                                            0
                                                                   347
##
     3
            122
                        0
                                 0
                                        101
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                   142
```

table(Data2\$Drug, Data2\$Treatment)

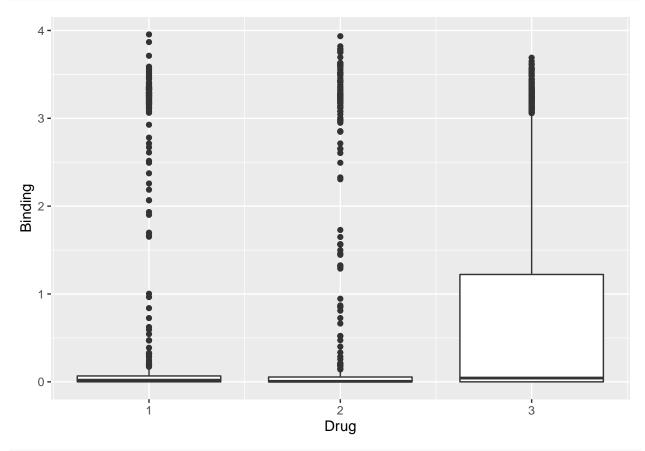
```
##
##
        group 1 group 2 group 3 group 4 group 5 group 6 group 7
                               96
                                          0
                                                   0
                                                                     0
##
            582
                     170
                                                            0
                                                          131
##
     2
              0
                       0
                                0
                                       444
                                                374
                                                                     0
                                 0
##
     3
              0
                       0
                                          0
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                   668
```

Now we look at the table of each marcaque and the corresponding treatment group. As the table shows, each marcaque only received one kidn of treatment.

table(Data2\$MonkeyID, Data2\$Treatment)

##								
##		group 1	group 2	group 3	group 4	group 5	group 6	group 7
##	6104	0	0	35	0	0	0	0
##	6105	0	0	0	228	0	0	0
##	6107	0	0	0	0	0	0	239
##	6117	243	0	0	0	0	0	0
##	6118	0	7	0	0	0	0	0
##	6119	0	0	55	0	0	0	0
##	6125	0	0	0	216	0	0	0
##	6132	0	0	0	0	251	0	0
##	6160	183	0	0	0	0	0	0
##	6193	0	117	0	0	0	0	0
##	6199	0	0	0	0	0	48	0
##	6200	0	0	0	0	0	0	191
##	6201	0	0	0	0	73	0	0
##	6202	0	0	0	0	0	78	0
##	6203	0	0	0	0	0	0	238
##	6204	156	0	0	0	0	0	0
##	6205	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
##	6209	0	46	0	0	0	0	0
##	6210	0	0	0	0	50	0	0
##	6214	0	0	6	0	0	0	0

```
ggplot(Data2, aes(x = Drug, y = Binding)) + geom_boxplot(aes(group = Drug))
```

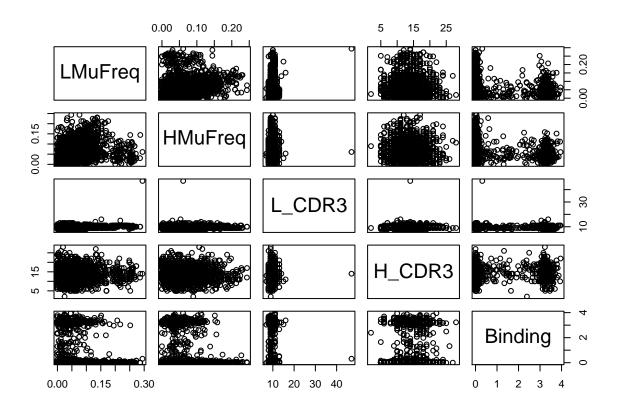


```
table(Data$Drug, Data$Reactivity)
```

```
##
## 0 1
## 1 680 168
## 2 807 142
## 3 464 204
table(Data$Time_Point, Data$Reactivity)
```

Data2 %>% group_by(Drug) %>% summarize(avgLMuFreq = mean(LMuFreq), avgHMuFreq = mean(HMuFreq), avgBindi

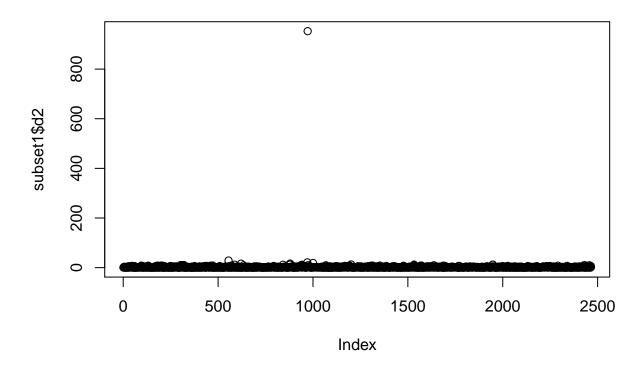
```
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
     Drug avgLMuFreq avgHMuFreq avgBinding
              <dbl>
##
    <dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
## 1
        1
              0.0616
                      NA
                                    0.450
## 2
        2
              0.0616 0.0730
                                    0.334
```



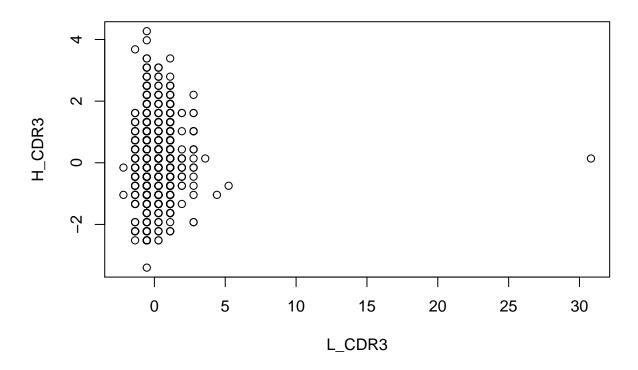
Outlier detection

Notice may have outlier in LCDR3 variable.

```
summary(Data2$L_CDR3)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
               9.00
##
      7.00
                       9.00
                                9.65
                                       10.00
                                                47.00
subset1 <- Data2 %>% select(L_CDR3, H_CDR3)
subset1$d2 <- mahalanobis(subset1, colMeans(subset1), cov(subset1))</pre>
subset1$Z <- scale(subset1)</pre>
plot(subset1$d2)
```



plot(subset1\$Z)



```
subset2 <- subset1 %>% arrange(desc(d2), desc(Z))
subset2[1,]
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
##
     L_CDR3 H_CDR3
                       d2 Z[,"L_CDR3"] [,"H_CDR3"]
                                                     [,"d2"]
##
      <dbl>
              <dbl> <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
## 1
         47
                 14
                     953.
                                   30.8
                                               0.139
                                                        49.4
which(subset1$L_CDR3 == 47)
```

[1] 972

Row 972 from Data2 is in fact an outlier, as shown in the summary and plots above. The value for L_CDR3 is quite unlikely. Since we can't go back to the original data, we remove the data point and will use the new dataset Data3.

Data2[972,]

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 24
##
     MonkeyID Drug Treatment Time_Point Isotype HV_Extract HD_Extract HJ_Extract
##
        <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                    <dbl> <chr>
                                                              <chr>
                                                                          <chr>
                                                   <chr>
## 1
         6107
                  3 group 7
                                        2 G
                                                                         4
     ... with 16 more variables: H_VBase <dbl>, H_Substitutions <dbl>,
##
       H_Insertions <dbl>, H_Deletions <dbl>, HMuFreq <dbl>, H_CDR3 <dbl>,
       LV_Extract <chr>, LJ_Extract <chr>, L_VBase <dbl>, L_Substitutions <dbl>,
## #
## #
       L_{Insertions} < dbl>, L_Deletions < dbl>, LMuFreq < dbl>, L_CDR3 < dbl>,
## #
       Binding <dbl>, Reactivity <dbl>
```

```
Data3 <- Data2[-972,]</pre>
```

Multivariate Data Analysis

```
ID <- as.factor(Data3$MonkeyID)</pre>
trt <- as.factor(Data3$Treatment)</pre>
drug <- as.factor(Data3$Drug)</pre>
tp <- as.factor(Data3$Time_Point)</pre>
it <- as.factor(Data3$Isotype)</pre>
# four-way manova
fit.manova <- manova(cbind(Data3$L_CDR3, Data3$LMuFreq, Data3$H_CDR3, Data3$HMuFreq, Data3$Binding) ~ d
summary(fit.manova)
##
              Df Pillai approx F num Df den Df
                          15.626
## drug
               2 0.06176
                                      10
                                          4904 < 2.2e-16 ***
## tp
               3 0.19800 34.667
                                      15
                                           7359 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Residuals 2455
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
fit.gls <- lm(cbind(Data3$L_CDR3, Data3$LMuFreq, Data3$H_CDR3, Data3$HMuFreq, Data3$Binding) ~ drug + t
summary(fit.gls)
## Response Data3$L_CDR3 :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = `Data3$L_CDR3` ~ drug + tp)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -2.5951 -0.6553 -0.5665 0.4049 6.2942
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 9.65526 0.06178 156.281 <2e-16 ***
## drug2
              -0.04384 0.04543 -0.965 0.335
## drug3
              -0.11063
                        0.05064 -2.184
                                             0.029 *
## tp1
               0.01725
                          0.06568
                                   0.263
                                             0.793
              0.05051
                          0.06748 0.749
                                           0.454
## tp2
## tp3
              0.02183
                          0.07682 0.284
                                             0.776
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9508 on 2455 degrees of freedom
    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.002056, Adjusted R-squared: 2.318e-05
## F-statistic: 1.011 on 5 and 2455 DF, p-value: 0.4092
##
##
## Response Data3$LMuFreq :
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = `Data3$LMuFreq` ~ drug + tp)
## Residuals:
               1Q
                  Median
                              3Q
## -0.07233 -0.03662 -0.01504 0.01987 0.22320
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.0719614 0.0035016 20.551 < 2e-16 ***
            -0.0001371 0.0025748 -0.053 0.95752
                                0.127 0.89910
## drug3
             0.0003640 0.0028703
## tp1
            ## tp2
            ## tp3
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.05389 on 2455 degrees of freedom
    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01006,
                              Adjusted R-squared: 0.008045
## F-statistic: 4.99 on 5 and 2455 DF, p-value: 0.0001496
##
##
## Response Data3$H_CDR3 :
## Call:
## lm(formula = `Data3$H_CDR3` ~ drug + tp)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -11.2921 -2.1012 -0.1012 1.8988 14.7079
## Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## drug2
            -0.40087
                       0.16080 -2.493 0.01273 *
## drug3
            -0.57162
                       0.17926 -3.189 0.00145 **
## tp1
            -0.45325
                       0.23248 -1.950 0.05134 .
            -0.09164
                       0.23887 -0.384 0.70128
## tp2
## tp3
            0.69302
                       0.27193
                              2.549 0.01088 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.366 on 2455 degrees of freedom
    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01637, Adjusted R-squared: 0.01436
## F-statistic: 8.17 on 5 and 2455 DF, p-value: 1.162e-07
##
##
## Response Data3$HMuFreq :
## Call:
## lm(formula = `Data3$HMuFreq` ~ drug + tp)
```

```
##
## Residuals:
                   1Q
                         Median
## -0.085072 -0.029604 -0.006174 0.024701 0.174404
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.079295
                          0.002713 29.230 < 2e-16 ***
## drug2
              0.005776
                          0.001995
                                    2.896 0.003816 **
## drug3
              -0.008182
                          0.002224 -3.679 0.000239 ***
## tp1
              -0.010457
                          0.002884 -3.626 0.000294 ***
                          0.002963 -5.592 2.50e-08 ***
## tp2
              -0.016569
## tp3
              -0.021684
                          0.003373 -6.428 1.55e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.04175 on 2455 degrees of freedom
    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04463,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.04268
## F-statistic: 22.94 on 5 and 2455 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Response Data3$Binding :
## Call:
## lm(formula = `Data3$Binding` ~ drug + tp)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -1.1488 -0.8238 -0.0266 0.0164 3.2987
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.028715
                         0.065234
                                    0.440
                                              0.660
## drug2
              -0.028075
                          0.047967 -0.585
                                              0.558
               0.074364
## drug3
                                    1.391
                         0.053473
                                              0.164
## tp1
               0.009551
                          0.069347
                                    0.138
                                              0.890
## tp2
               1.045709
                          0.071253 14.676
                                             <2e-16 ***
## tp3
               0.751695
                          0.081115
                                    9.267
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.004 on 2455 degrees of freedom
    (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1975, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1958
## F-statistic: 120.8 on 5 and 2455 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
fit.logit <- lm(Data3$Reactivity ~ drug*tp)</pre>
summary(fit.logit)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Data3$Reactivity ~ drug * tp)
## Residuals:
```

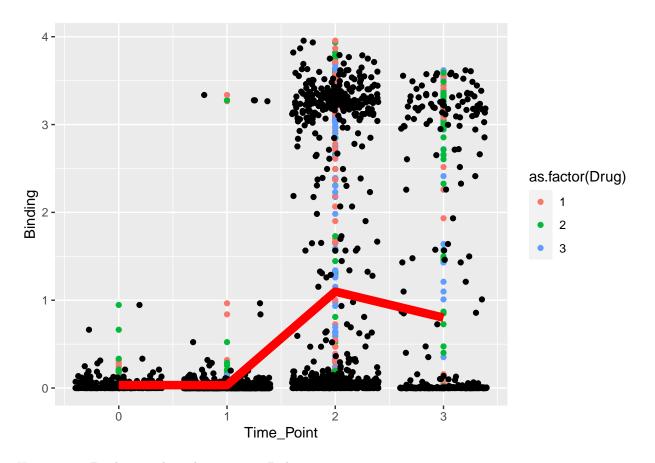
```
##
                 1Q
                      Median
## -0.45954 -0.30282 -0.04624 -0.00800
                                      0.99200
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                                     3.378 0.000743 ***
## (Intercept) 0.108527
                          0.032132
## drug2
                                     0.052 0.958890
               0.002584
                          0.050123
## drug3
               -0.108527
                          0.059152 -1.835 0.066668 .
## tp1
              -0.062284
                          0.037649 -1.654 0.098182 .
                                    8.440 < 2e-16 ***
## tp2
               0.333704
                          0.039536
## tp3
               0.112784
                          0.046089
                                    2.447 0.014471 *
## drug2:tp1
                                   -0.335 0.737458
              -0.018808
                          0.056100
## drug3:tp1
               0.070284
                          0.070352
                                    0.999 0.317874
## drug2:tp2
              -0.102593
                          0.060290
                                   -1.702 0.088949
                          0.066442
## drug3:tp2
               0.125834
                                     1.894 0.058357 .
## drug2:tp3
               0.162243
                          0.070163
                                     2.312 0.020839 *
               0.190033
                          0.074355
## drug3:tp3
                                     2.556 0.010655 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.365 on 2452 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.196, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1924
## F-statistic: 54.34 on 11 and 2452 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Longitudinal Data Analysis

First we don't consider treatments but only plot the mean trend over time.

$$Y_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Time_{ij} + e_{ij}$$

```
# simply connects the mean of each time point
ggplot(Data3, aes(x = Time_Point, y = Binding)) + geom_point(aes(color = as.factor(Drug))) + geom_jitte
```



Here we use Binding as the only response. Prdictors: Drug. Random effect for both intercept and slope.

$$Y_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 t_{ij} + b_{0i} + b_{1i} + e_{ij}$$

```
lda <- lme(fixed = Binding ~ Time_Point + Drug,</pre>
           random = ~ Time_Point | MonkeyID, data = Data3, method = "REML")
summary(lda)
## Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
##
    Data: Data3
##
          AIC
                   BIC
                          logLik
     6738.894 6779.552 -3362.447
##
##
## Random effects:
    Formula: ~Time_Point | MonkeyID
    Structure: General positive-definite, Log-Cholesky parametrization
##
               StdDev
                         Corr
##
## (Intercept) 0.6043473 (Intr)
## Time Point 0.5938004 -0.97
## Residual
               0.9330025
## Fixed effects: Binding ~ Time_Point + Drug
                    Value Std.Error
                                       DF
                                            t-value p-value
## (Intercept) -0.5671081 0.21736533 2443 -2.609009 0.0091
## Time_Point
              0.6404275 0.18256794 2443 3.507886 0.0005
```