Big Data with Python

By Odin Outsourching

List / Array

```
Python
 a = ['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge']
The indices for the elements in a are shown below:
                  'foo'
                            'bar'
                                      'baz'
                                                'qux'
                                                         'quux'
                                                                  'corge'
                                        List Indices
```

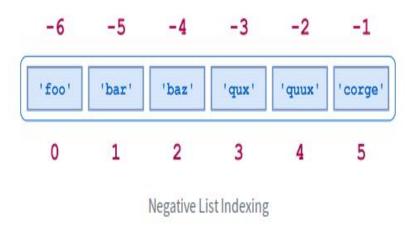
List / Array (Con.)

```
Python
 a = ['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge']
The indices for the elements in a are shown below:
                  'foo'
                            'bar'
                                      'baz'
                                                'qux'
                                                                   'corge'
                                                         'quux'
                                                                      5
                                         List Indices
```

```
Python
>>> a[0]
'foo'
>>> a[2]
'baz'
>>> a[5]
'corge'
```

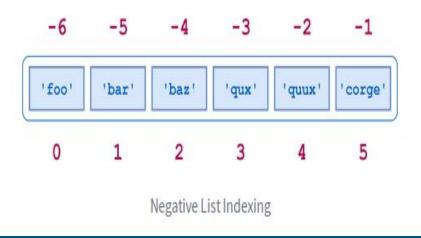
List / Array (Con.)

Virtually everything about string indexing works similarly for lists. For example, a negative list index counts from the end of the list:



List / Array (Con.)

Virtually everything about string indexing works similarly for lists. For example, a negative list index counts from the end of the list:



```
Python
>>> a[-1]
'corge'
>>> a[-2]
'quux'
>>> a[-5]
'bar'
```

List / Array Slicing

```
Python

>>> a = ['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge']

>>> a[2:5]
['baz', 'qux', 'quux']
```

```
Python

>>> a[-5:-2]
['bar', 'baz', 'qux']
>>> a[1:4]
['bar', 'baz', 'qux']
>>> a[-5:-2] == a[1:4]
True
```

Python

```
>>> print(a[:4], a[0:4])
['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux'] ['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux']
>>> print(a[2:], a[2:len(a)])
['baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge'] ['baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge']
>>> a[:4] + a[4:]
['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge']
>>> a[:4] + a[4:] == a
True
```

List / Array Slicing (Con.)

```
Python

>>> a[0:6:2]
['foo', 'baz', 'quux']
>>> a[1:6:2]
['bar', 'qux', 'corge']
>>> a[6:0:-2]
['corge', 'qux', 'bar']
```

```
Python

>>> a[::-1]
['corge', 'quux', 'qux', 'baz', 'bar', 'foo']
```

List / Array in/out

```
Python
>>> a
['foo', 'bar', 'baz', 'qux', 'quux', 'corge']
>>> 'qux' in a
True
>>> 'thud' not in a
True
```

Learning Resources (List / Array)

- 1. https://developers.google.com/edu/python/lists
- 2. https://realpython.com/python-lists-tuples/
- 3. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-list/
- 4. http://thomas-cokelaer.info/tutorials/python/lists.html
- 5. https://www.w3schools.com/python/python_lists.asp
- 6. https://www.pythonforbeginners.com/lists/python-lists-cheat-sheet
- 7. https://www.programiz.com/python-programming/list

Contract your instructor!

Find Me: http://rafsanjani.pythonanywhere.com/contact

Course Website: https://mrzresearcharena.github.io/Big-Data-using-Python

Thank you!