

RAYLEIGH TUTORIAL

CIG TNG 2025

MODULE 1: BUILDING AND PORTING THE CODE



IN THIS MODULE:

- Obtaining a copy of Rayleigh
- Important Resources
- Code requirements/porting considerations
- Compile the code
- Verify the code is working

Obtaining Rayleigh

Stable Releases (latest is v 1.2.0)

- CIG Website: <https://geodynamics.org/software>
- Github: [v/releases](https://github.com/geodynamics/Rayleigh)
- Zendo: <https://zenodo.org/records/11391213>

Latest Development Version

<https://github.com/geodynamics/Rayleigh>

FOR TODAY: Copy of 1.2.0 provided in tutorial disk image file

Important Resources

- Github:
 - <https://github.com/geodynamics/Rayleigh/issues>
 - Feel free to post an issue!
- Documentation:
 - <https://rayleigh-documentation.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>

CODE REQUIREMENTS:

(Necessary to build and run Rayleigh)

- Fortran compiler (2003 or higher)
 - C++ compiler
 - BLAS
 - LAPack
 - FFTW version 3.x or later
 - MPI
 - Python 3, Numpy, Matplotlib (for output analysis only)
- * Intel's Math Kernel Library (MKL) provides interfaces to BLAS, LAPack, and FFTW
- * Conda environment setup describe in the docs

BUILDING THE CODE (preparation)

- Open a terminal window
- Set Intel-compiler-relevant environment variables for future login shells

```
$ echo "source /opt/intel/oneapi/setvars.sh" >> ~/.profile
```

- Close and reopen terminal window
- Copy and extract the source code

```
$ cp /rayleigh_tutorial/Rayleigh-1.2.0.tgz ~/.
```

```
$ cd ~
```

```
$ tar -xvf Rayleigh-1.2.0.tgz
```

```
$ cd Rayleigh-1.2.0
```

BUILDING THE CODE

- Once you've run "make install," look in the bin directory:

```
$ ls bin
```

- rayleigh.opt
 - compiled using optimization flags
 - designed for production runs
 - No debugging info provided on crash
- rayleigh.dbg
 - Compiled without optimization flags
 - Provides filename and line number when crash encountered
 - Intended for development/debugging purposes

Running the Code: Overview

Every Rayleigh simulation starts with the same three steps...

1. Create a unique directory in which to store the simulation data
 2. Copy or soft-link the rayleigh executables into the directory
 3. Place a Rayleigh “main_input” file into the directory
- Several “main_input” examples can be found in Rayleigh/input_examples
 - Let’s walk through these steps together to run our first model

OUR FIRST RUN: Accuracy Benchmark

- Always verify your install by running an accuracy benchmark!
- Create a unique directory for the model

```
$ cd ~  
$ mkdir module1  
$ cd module 1
```

- Softlink the executable.

```
$ ln -s ~/Rayleigh-1.2.0/bin/rayleigh.opt .
```

- Place a main_input file into the directory

```
$ cp ~/Rayleigh-1.2.0/input_examples/c2001_case0_minimal main_input
```

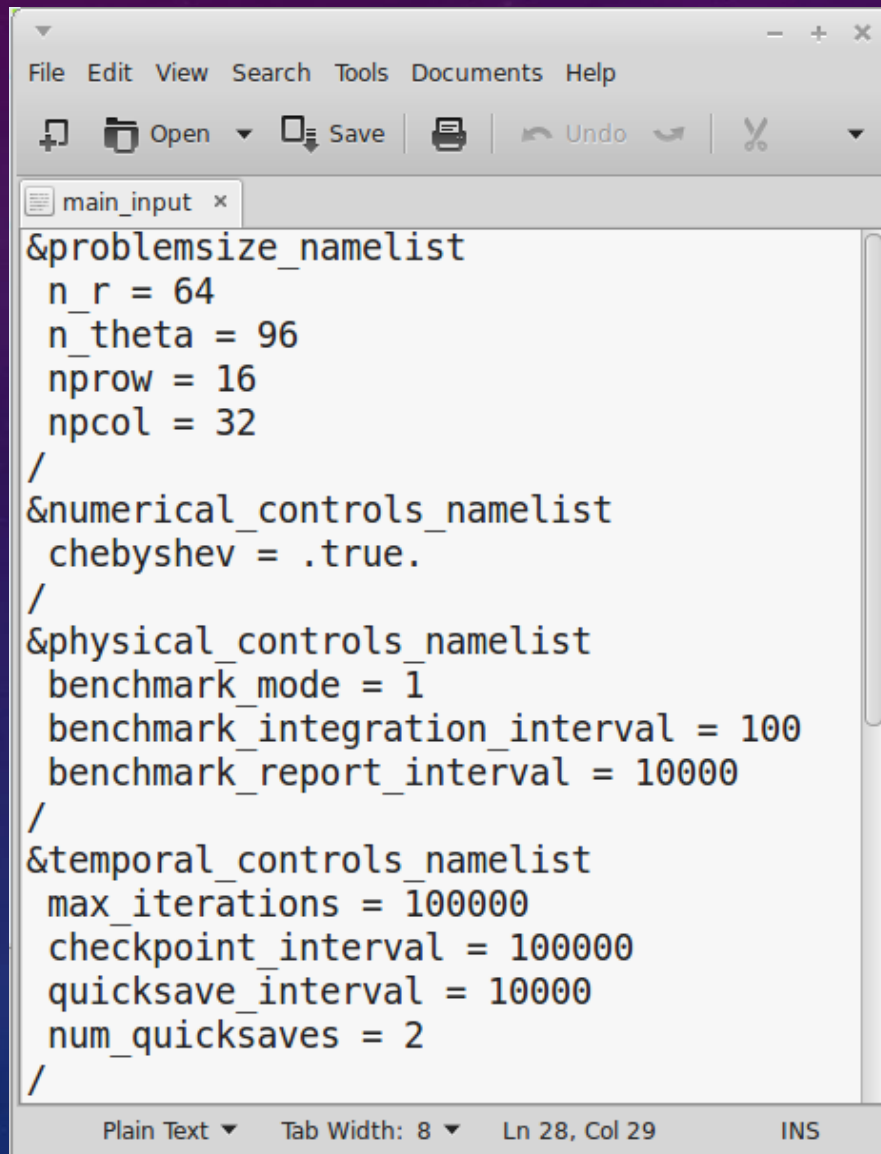
- Let's edit main_input

```
$ nano main_input
```

QUICK NANO SURVIVAL TIPS

- If you don't have a preferred editor, nano works well in the terminal
- To open a file from shell prompt: `nano filename`
- The only commands you really need:
 - `ctrl + o` - save changes
 - `ctrl + x` - exit
 - `ctrl + k` - cut
 - `ctrl + u` - paste

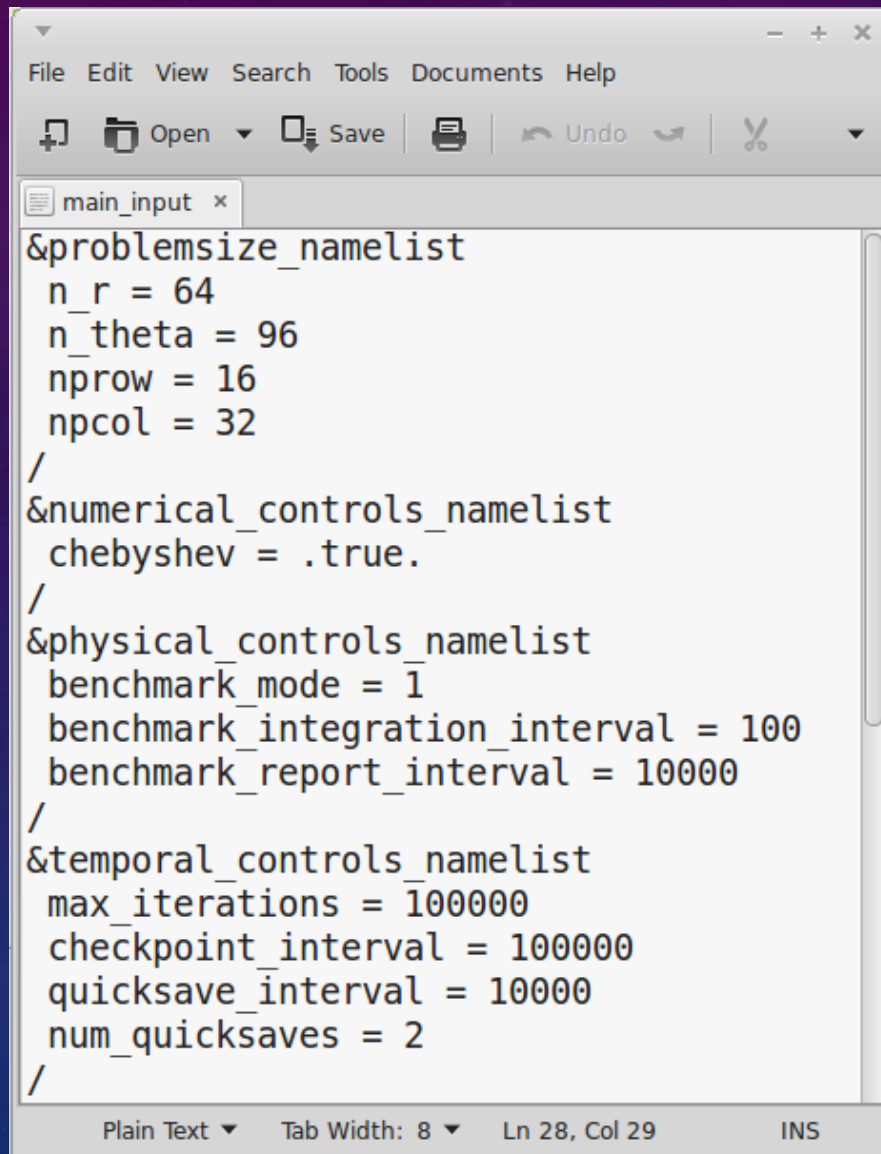
MAIN INPUT



```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save Undo
main_input x
&problemsize_namelist
  n_r = 64
  n_theta = 96
  nprow = 16
  npcol = 32
/
&numerical_controls_namelist
  chebyshev = .true.
/
&physical_controls_namelist
  benchmark_mode = 1
  benchmark_integration_interval = 100
  benchmark_report_interval = 10000
/
&temporal_controls_namelist
  max_iterations = 100000
  checkpoint_interval = 100000
  quicksave_interval = 10000
  num_quicksaves = 2
/
Plain Text Tab Width: 8 Ln 28, Col 29 INS
```

- Instructions from the user
- Flags override defaults
- Grouped into namelists
- Namelists control different aspects of the simulation.

MAIN INPUT



```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save Undo
main_input x
&problemsize_namelist
  n_r = 64
  n_theta = 96
  nprow = 16
  npcol = 32
/
&numerical_controls_namelist
  chebyshev = .true.
/
&physical_controls_namelist
  benchmark_mode = 1
  benchmark_integration_interval = 100
  benchmark_report_interval = 10000
/
&temporal_controls_namelist
  max_iterations = 100000
  checkpoint_interval = 100000
  quicksave_interval = 10000
  num_quicksaves = 2
/
Plain Text Tab Width: 8 Ln 28, Col 29 INS
```

Modify these values ...

nprow = 2
npcol = 2
max_iterations = 40000

... and save.

Ctrl+o

Ctrl+x

OUR FIRST RUN

- Run the code... `$ mpiexec -np 4 ./rayleigh.opt`

- You will see:

```
//////////////////////////
Initializing Rayleigh...

-- Initalizing MPI...
---- Specified parameters:
---- N_CPU      :      4
---- N_PROW     :      2
---- N_PCOL     :      2
-- MPI initializ

-- Initalizing Grid...
---- Specified parameters:
---- N_R        :     32
---- N_THETA    :     48
---- Ell_MAX    :     31
---- R_MIN      :  5.38462E-01
---- R_MAX      :  1.53846E+00
-- Grid initialized.
```

*Startup:
Preamble*

```
iteration : 00002367 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002368 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002369 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002370 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002371 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002372 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002373 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002374 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002375 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002376 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002377 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002378 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002379 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002380 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002381 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002382 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002383 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002384 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002385 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002386 DeltaT : 1
iteration : 00002387 DeltaT : 1.0000E-04
iteration : 00002388 DeltaT : 1.0000E-04
iteration : 00002389 DeltaT : 1.0000E-04
iteration : 00002390 DeltaT : 1.0000E-04
iteration : 00002391 DeltaT : 1.0000E-04
```

*Middle:
Timestep Info*

```
//////////////////////////
Measured Timings for Process 0

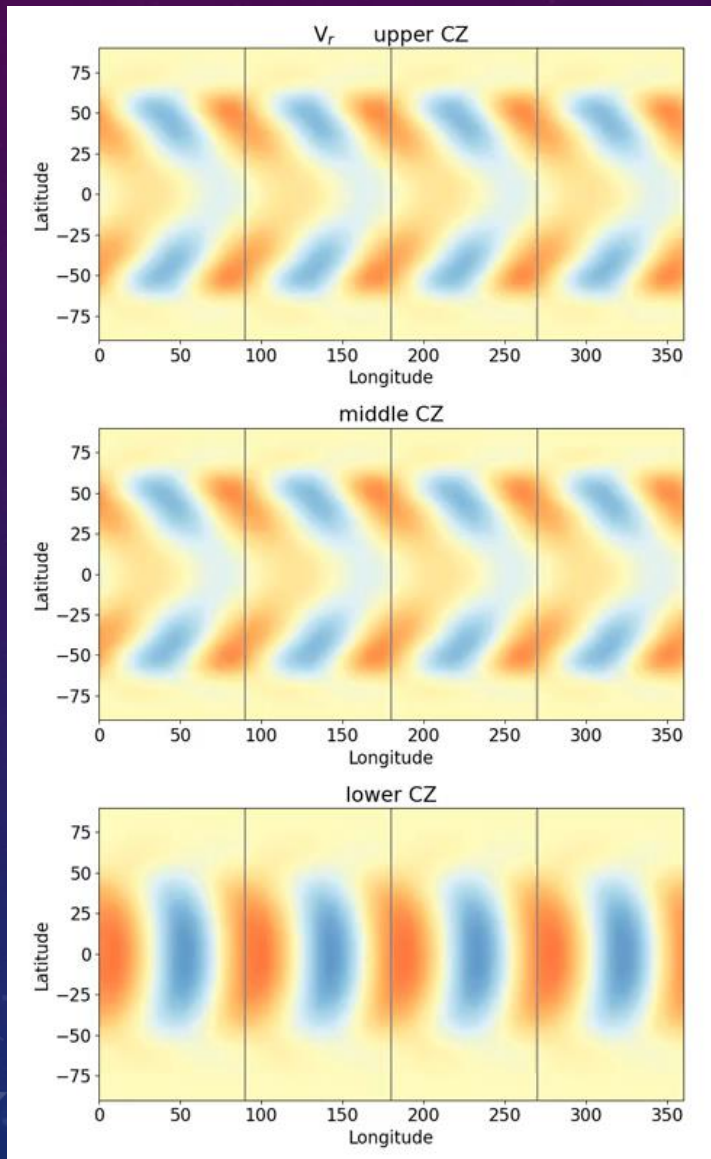
Elapsed time:      868.5121
Column time:      223.6616
Row time:
Legendre time:
FFT time:
Solve time:
rlma time:      0.6696
rlmb time:      0.2359
pspace time:     18.5540
psolve time:      5.4739
dphi time:       0.7143
captured time:    862.6515

iter/sec:         2.8785
//////////////////////////
```

*Completion:
Timing Info*

...while we're waiting...

IN-SITU BENCHMARKING



- Fully nonlinear, but low-Re
- Steady-state with rotating pattern
- Predefined set of analyses
- When porting: run a benchmark!

Benchmark Inputs

- Boussinesq: Christensen et al. 2001, PEPI, 128, 25
 - `input_examples/c2001_case0_minimal` (hydro)
 - `Input_examples/c2001_case1_minimal` (MHD)
- Anelastic: Jones et al., 2011, Icarus, 216, 120
 - `input_examples/j2011_hydro_steady_minimal`
 - `input_examples/j2011_mhd_steady_minimal`

Cheap!

CHECK YOUR RESULTS

[\\$ more Benchmark_Reports/00040000](#)

RAYLEIGH ACCURACY BENCHMARK SUMMARY				
Benchmark: Christensen et al. 2001 (Non-MHD, Case 0)				
Radial Resolution	N_R =	32		
Angular Resolution	N_theta =	48		
Averaging Interval (Viscous Diffusion Times) :		0.040000		
Beginning Iteration :	2100			
Ending Iteration :	2500			
Number of Samples :	5			
Observable	Measured	Suggested	% Difference	Std. Dev.
Kinetic Energy :	58.219893	58.348000	-0.219557	0.074600
Temperature :	0.426441	0.428120	-0.392224	0.000220
Vphi :	-10.105877	-10.157100	-0.504312	0.003859
Drift Frequency :	0.185113	0.182400	1.487441	0.007528

- Normally % Difference will be well under 1%
- Need ~ 30,000 time steps

Questions?