

CASE STUDY: DATA EXPLORATORY ANALYSIS AND HYPOTHESIS TESTING FOR INSURANCE CLAIMS DATA



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- 1. Import claims_data.csv and cust_data.csv which is provided to you and combine the two datasets appropriately to create a 360-degree view of the data. Use the same for the subsequent questions.
- 2. Perform a data audit for the datatypes and find out if there are any mismatch within the current datatypes of the columns and their business significance.
- 3. Convert the column claim_amount to numeric. Use the appropriate modules/attributes to remove the \$ sign.
- 4. Of all the injury claims, some of them have gone unreported with the police. Create an alert flag (1,0) for all such claims.
- 5. One customer can claim for insurance more than once and in each claim, multiple categories of claims can be involved. However, customer ID should remain unique.
 - Retain the most recent observation and delete any *duplicated* records in the data based on the customer ID column.
- 6. Check for missing values and impute the missing values with an appropriate value. (mean for continuous and mode for categorical)
- 7. Calculate the age of customers in years. Based on the age, categorize the customers according to the below criteria

 Children
 < 18</td>

 Youth
 18-30

 Adult
 30-60

 Senior
 > 60

- 8. What is the average amount claimed by the customers from various segments?
- 9. What is the total claim amount based on incident cause for all the claims that have been done at least 20 days prior to 1st of October, 2018.
- 10. How many adults from TX, DE and AK claimed insurance for driver related issues and causes?
- 11. Draw a pie chart between the aggregated value of claim amount based on gender and segment. Represent the claim amount as a percentage on the pie chart.



- 12. Among males and females, which gender had claimed the most for any type of driver related issues? E.g. This metric can be compared using a bar chart
- 13. Which age group had the maximum fraudulent policy claims? Visualize it on a bar chart.
- 14. Visualize the monthly trend of the total amount that has been claimed by the customers. Ensure that on the "month" axis, the month is in a chronological order not alphabetical order.
- 15. What is the average claim amount for gender and age categories and suitably represent the above using a facetted bar chart, one facet that represents fraudulent claims and the other for non-fraudulent claims.

Based on the conclusions from exploratory analysis as well as suitable statistical tests, answer the below questions. Please include a detailed write-up on the parameters taken into consideration, the Hypothesis testing steps, conclusion from the p-values and the business implications of the statements.

- 16. Is there any similarity in the amount claimed by males and females?
- 17. Is there any relationship between age category and segment?
- 18. The current year has shown a significant rise in claim amounts as compared to 2016-17 fiscal average which was \$10,000.
- 19. Is there any difference between age groups and insurance claims?
- 20. Is there any relationship between total number of policy claims and the claimed amount?