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NIM : 312010140

KELAS : TI.20.B.1

UAS PROBABILITAS

Jawaban :

Nama: M. Agil Al Fawid
NIM : 312010140

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No.

Date:

Jawaban

1. Distribusi normal merupakan sebuah fungsi probabilitas yang menunjukkan distribusi atau penyebaran suatu variable
contoh: fakta alam yang terdistribusikan normal banyak dijumpai dalam berbagai perhitungan statistika dan pemodelan yg berguna.

2. Sebuah $P(3 \text{ lulus uji}) = P(K_1 \text{ dan } K_2 \text{ dan } K_3)$

$$= 0.95 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 0.95 = 0.86$$

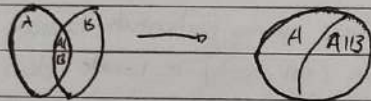
$$Q. P(2 \text{ lulus uji}) = P(K_1 \& K_2 \& K_3) + P(K_1 \& K_2 \& K_2) + P(K_1 \& K_2 \& K_2)$$

$$= (0.95 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 0.95) + (0.040 \cdot 0.50 \cdot 0.95) + (0.05 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 0.95) = 0.19$$

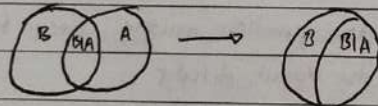
$$\leq P(\text{tidak ada yg lulus uji}) = P(K_1' \& K_2' \& K_3')$$

$$= 0.05 \cdot 0.05 \cdot 0.05 = 0.000125$$

= & simbolkan $Pr(A|B)$ atau $pr(B|A)$ kejadian tak bebas (bergawat) dapat & lihat melalui diagram ven berikut.



Diatas diagram yg mengatiskan probabilitas B dgn syarat A telah terjadi. Perhatikan A dgn syarat B telah terjadi



3. $N = 500$

$N_1 = N = 165$

0.12

$A = 36$ $0.092 = 9.2\% > 5\%$

$\frac{n}{N} = \frac{36}{500}$

$P(\bar{x} < 160) = P(Z < 2)$

$$f_k = \frac{\sqrt{n-n}}{\sqrt{n-1}} = \frac{\sqrt{300-30}}{\sqrt{600-1}} = \frac{\sqrt{469}}{\sqrt{499}} = \sqrt{0.939} = 0.969$$

$$0. \bar{x} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \times f_k = 12 \times 0.969 = 2 \times 0.969 = 1.928$$

$$= \frac{160-165}{1928} = -2.59$$

$$P(\bar{x} < 160) P(26-2.59) = 0.5 - 0.4952 = 0.0048$$

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☐ 4. A. 25 40

☐ 27 50

☐ 30 95

☐ 23 92

☐ $x = 105 \quad x = 177$
☐ $\text{dik} : A : 5\% = 0,085$
☐ $B : 5\% = 0,05$

☐
$$\frac{b \cdot n \sum xy - \sum x \sum y}{\sum x^2 - (\sum x)}$$

☐
$$= \frac{9(4666) - (105)(177)}{9(2781) - (11023)}$$

☐
$$\frac{A \cdot \sum y \cdot b \cdot \sum x}{n}$$

☐
$$= \frac{177 - 0,73(105)}{9} = \frac{177 \cdot 76 \cdot 65}{9} = \frac{100,35}{9} = 20,06 //$$

☐ B. $r = \frac{n \sum xy - \sum x \sum y}{\sqrt{[n(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2] [n(\sum y^2) - (\sum y)^2]}}$

☐
$$= \frac{9(4666) - (105)(177)}{[9(2781) - (11023)]^{1/2} [9(7879) - 31329]^{1/2}}$$

☐
$$= \frac{18669 - 18585}{[9(2781) - (11023)]^{1/2} [9(7879) - 31329]^{1/2}}$$

☐
$$= \frac{18669 - 18585}{[9(2781) - (11023)]^{1/2} [9(7879) - 31329]^{1/2}}$$

☐
$$\text{Koefisien determinasi } r^2 = 0,5589 = 55,89\%$$

☐ C. Standard Estimasi

☐
$$SE = \sqrt{\frac{(\sum y)^2 - 4a \cdot \sum y - b \cdot \sum xy}{n-2}}$$

☐
$$= \sqrt{\frac{7873 - (25,00)(177) - (10,75)(4666)}{9-2}}$$

☐
$$= \sqrt{\frac{7873 - (9439,16) - 500,12}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{53,66}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{4}{16,83}} //$$

☐ 8. Distribusi
☐ D. $H_0: B = 0,05$
☐ $H_{lab} \neq 0,05$
☐ = Uji hipotesis 2 arah

☐ - Tingkat signifikansi

☐ $\alpha = 0,05 / 2 = 0,025$
☐ - Wilayah kritis

☐ $Ob: n - 2 = 9 - 2 = 7$
☐ $t: (0,025 / 2) = \pm 9,303$
☐ Nilai Hitung

☐ $S_b: sc$

☐
$$\frac{\sqrt{\sum x^2 (\sum x)^2}}{n}$$

☐
$$= \frac{9 \cdot 102}{\sqrt{2783 (105)^2}}$$

☐
$$= \frac{9 \cdot 102}{\sqrt{2783 - 11035}}$$

☐
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☐
$$t = bB / sb$$

☐
$$= \frac{0,73}{0,75} = 0,85$$

☐ 85. $n = 15\% \times 6 : p = \frac{2}{5} \quad \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{3}$

☐
$$P: (x:n) = \frac{n!}{(n-x)! x!} \cdot p^x \cdot q^{n-x}$$

☐
$$P: (6:15) = \frac{15!}{(15-6)! 6!} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^6 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^9 = 0,207$$