

1. a.  $3^{2n} + 22n + 2$  habis dibagi 5  $n=1$

$$3^{2 \cdot 1} + 22 \cdot 1 + 2$$

$$= 9 + 22 + 2$$

$$= \frac{33}{5} = \text{tidak habis dibagi 5}$$

maka untuk lain selanjutnya

~~UTS~~

Bagus. Hi H

3/20/0170

20. TI. BI

UTS Matematika Diskrit

b.  $\frac{n}{2} = -(-2 + \frac{n+2}{2})$

$n=1$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -(-2 + \frac{1+2}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -(-2 + \frac{3}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -(-\frac{4+3}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -(-\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

~~$n=2$~~   $\frac{2}{2} = -(-2 + \frac{2+2}{2})$

$$\frac{2}{2} = -(-2 + \frac{4}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -(-\frac{8+4}{4})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = -(-\frac{4}{4})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 1$$

tidak terbukti

c.  $n=1$   $n^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$

$$1^3 = \frac{1^2(1+1)^2}{4}$$

$$1 = \frac{1 \cdot (2)^2}{4}$$

$$1 = \frac{1 \cdot 4}{4}$$

$$1 = 1$$

$n=2$   $n^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$

$$2^3 = \frac{4(3)^2}{4}$$


$$8 = \frac{4(9)}{4}$$

$$8 = \frac{36}{4}$$

$$8 = 9$$

X

tidak terbukti

2.) a.   $P_3^{n+1} = P_4^n$

$$\frac{(n+1)!}{(n+1-3)!} = \frac{n!}{(n-4)!}$$

$$\frac{(n+1) \cdot n!}{(n-2)(n-3)(n-4)!} = \frac{n!}{(n-4)!}$$

~~$$(n+1) \cdot (n-2)(n-3)(n-4)! = n!$$~~

$$(n+1) = (n-2)(n-3)$$

$$n+1 = n^2 - 5n + 6$$

$$n^2 - 6n + 5 = 0 \quad : \quad \cancel{6} (n-1)(n-5) = 0$$

$$n=1 \text{ atau } n=5$$

$$n=5$$

b.) jayaPura: 3 A. yang sama

$$P(8,3) = \frac{8!}{3!} = 6720$$

Matematika: 2 m 3A & 2T

$$P(10,2,3,2) = \frac{10!}{2!3!2!}$$

$$= 151.200$$

$$e) P_5^n : 10 P_4^n$$

$$\frac{n!}{(n-5)!} : 10 \frac{n!}{(n-4)!}$$

~~$$(n-5)! :$$~~

$$n! : (n-4)! : 10 n! (n-5)! :$$

$$(n-4)! : 10 (n-5)! :$$

$$(n-4)(n-5) = 10 (n-5)$$

$$n-4 = 10$$

$$n = 14$$

$$3a. D(4,2) = \frac{4!}{2!(4-2)!} = \frac{4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{2 \times 1 \times 2 \times 1} = \frac{4 \times 3}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$

$$P(5,2) = \frac{5!}{2!(5-2)!} = \frac{5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{2 \times 1 \times 3 \times 1} = \frac{20}{2} = 10$$

$$6 \times 10 = 60$$

$$b) n=7, k=3 : \frac{7!}{3!(7-3)!} = \frac{7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{3 \times 2 \times 1 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = \frac{210}{6} = 35$$

$$c) n=20, k=11 : \frac{20!}{11!(20-11)!} = \frac{20 \times 19 \times 18 \times 17 \times 16 \times 15 \times 14 \times 13 \times 12 \times 11 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{11 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = \frac{609493248000}{39916800}$$

$$= 15269$$

$$d) P(10,3) = \frac{10!}{3!(10-3)!} = \frac{10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{3 \times 2 \times 1 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = \frac{720}{6} = 120$$

$$P(15,5) = \frac{15!}{5!(15-5)!} = \frac{15 \times 14 \times 13 \times 12 \times 11 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}{5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = \frac{360360}{3003} = 120$$

$$120 \times 120 = 14400$$

4a.) - Permutasi bentuk umum

$$n_1 = 2$$

$$n_2 = 4$$

$$n_3 = 3$$

$$n_4 = 1$$

$$n_5 = 2$$

$$n_6 = 3$$

$$n_7 = 2$$

$$n_8 = 3$$

$$\underline{20}$$

$$PE_{20} = (2, 4, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3) = \cancel{20!} \cdot \cancel{(2!)} \cdot \cancel{4!} \cdot \cancel{3!} \cdot \cancel{1!} \cdot \cancel{2!} \cdot \cancel{3!} \cdot \cancel{2!} \cdot \cancel{3!}$$

$$= 20! \cdot (2! \cdot 4! \cdot 3! \cdot 1! \cdot 2! \cdot 3! \cdot 2! \cdot 3!)$$

b.) ~~antara~~ antara 1 - 9999: 9999

antara 1 - 999 = 999

bilangan bulat 1000 - 9999

$$\text{adalah } \lfloor 9999/35 \rfloor - \lfloor 999/35 \rfloor = 285 - 28 = \underline{257}$$

8.a.  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$$\text{Relasi } R_1 = \{(1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2), (2,4), (4,2), (4,4)\}$$

$$\text{Relasi } R_2 = \{(1,1), (2,3), (2,4), (4,2)\}$$

$$\text{Relasi } R_3 = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}$$

$$\text{Relasi } R_4 = \{(1,1), (2,4), (3,3), (4,2)\}$$

$$\text{Relasi } R_5 = \{(1,2), (2,3), (1,3)\}$$

$$\text{Relasi } R_6 = \{(1,1), (2,2), (2,3), (3,2), (4,2), (4,4)\}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Relasi  $R_1$  bersifat simetris karena jika  $(a,b) \in R$ , maka  $(b,a)$

Juga  $\in R$ . disini  $(1,2)$  dan  $(2,1) \in R$ , begitu juga  $(2,4)$  dan  $(4,2)$

⇒ Relasi  $R_2$ : tidak setangkup karena  $(2,3) \in R$ , tetapi  $(3,2) \notin R$ .

⇒ Relasi  $R_3$ : tolak setangkup karena  $1=1$  dan  $(1,1) \in R$   
 $2=2$  dan  $(2,2) \in R$  dan  $3=3$  dan  $(3,3) \in R$   
 Perhatikan bahwa  $R$  juga setangkup.

⇒ Relasi  $R_4$ :  ~~$\{ \}$~~ , tidak tolak setangkup karena  $2 \neq 4$  tetapi  
 $(2,4)$  dan  $(4,2)$  anggota  $R$  relasi  $R$  pada  $(a)$  dan  $(b)$  di atas  
 juga tidak setangkup.

⇒ relasi  $R_5$ : tidak setangkup tetapi tolak setangkup.

⇒ relasi  $R_6$ : tidak setangkup dan tolak setangkup  $R$   
 tidak setangkup karena  $(4,2) \in R$  tetapi  $(2,4) \notin R$   
 tidak tolak setangkup karena  $(2,3) \in R$  dan  $(3,2) \in R$  tetapi  $2 \neq 3$

b) nilai  $n$  jika  $3 \mid 5 \quad C_3^n = C_2^{n-1} \times C_2^{2n+1}$

$$3 \mid 5 \quad \left\{ \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \times 2 \times 3} \right\} \cdot \frac{(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \times 2} \times \frac{(2n+1)(2n)}{1 \times 2}$$

$$\frac{105}{2} n(n-1)(n-2) = \frac{2n(n-1)(n-2)(2n+1)}{4}$$

$$n(n-1)(n-2)$$

$$\frac{105}{2} = \frac{2n+1}{2}$$

$$105 = 2n+1$$

$$n = 52$$

$$c.) \quad 3C_2^{5n} = 5(C_2^{2n} + C_3^n)$$

$$3 \left\{ \frac{3n(3n-1)}{1 \times 2} \right\} = 5 \left\{ \frac{2n(2n-1)}{1 \times 2} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{1 \times 2 \times 3} \right\} \times \frac{6}{n}$$

$$27(3n-1) = 5 \{ 6(2n-1) + (n-1)(n-2) \}$$

$$27(3n-1) = 5(12n-6 + n^2 - 3n + 2)$$

$$81n - 27 = 5n^2 + 5n^2 - 20$$

$$5n^2 - 36n + 7 = 0$$

$$(n-7)(5n-1) = 0$$

$$n=7 \text{ atau } n=\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\text{maka } n = \frac{7}{1}$$

- 6.
1. untuk memenuhi tugas maskrit  
2. agar ~~orang~~ bermanfaat bagi orang lain
  1. mencari materi  
2. rangkum materi  
3. buat PPT  
4. rekam suara dan rekam layar  
5. Edit video & menyatukan suara dan rekaman layar  
6. Upload ke youtube.
  - bandicam = ringan dan mudah digunakan  
- Wondershare Filmora = ringan, UI mudah dipahami.
  - ~~Kurangnya~~ ~~kekurangan~~ kesulitan untuk menjelaskan ~~materi~~ symbol  
solusi: mencari referensi ~~lain~~ untuk menjelaskan symbol
  - dapat mengerti materi yang di ~~presentasikan~~ presentasikan.