## Portugal 2005

#### 1 Survey Description

Survey: EU Statistics on Income and Living Conditions household and individual survey (EU-SILC), carried out by the Statistical Office of the European Union, for the 2005

Link to the document: https://www.gesis.org/en/missy/metadata/EU-SILC/2005/#PT

**Sample:** The detail of the sampling desing used for this survey is not available for consultation. There are 10,556 individuals in the total sample and 7,462 individuals in the analysis sample. Section 3 of this document describes the prevalence and pattern of missing data.

Weights: The waithing method used in this survey is not available for consultation

Outcome: The outcome variables are annual equivalized household disposable total ( $eq\_iinc$ ) income in dollars PPP 2017.<sup>1</sup>

#### Circumstances:

- Sex (female, male)
- Country of birth 'Birthplace' (Same country as country of residence, any european country except country of residence or, any other country, described in table 1)
- Fathers's edu. (levels of education, described in Table 2)
- Mother's edu. (levels of education, described in Table 2)
- Father's occ. (11 categories, 10 from 1-Digit ISCO + one category including death/unknown/unemployed, described in Table 3)
- Mother's occ. (11 categories, 10 from 1-Digit ISCO + one category including death-unknown-unemployed, described in Table 3)

 $<sup>^1{\</sup>rm Income}$  variable was equivalized using the square root scale.

# 2 Descriptive Statistics

Table 1: Respondant's socio-demographics -  $2005\,$ 

	Analisis sample	Total sample
	(N=7,462)	(N=10,556)
Gender		
Mean (SD)	1.52(0.500)	1.53(0.499)
Median [Min, Max]	2.00 [1.00, 2.00]	2.00 [1.00, 2.00]
Region of birth		
1 Local	$7,249 \ (97.1\%)$	$10,275 \ (97.3\%)$
2 European Union	$95 \ (1.3\%)$	121 (1.1%)
3 Other	$118 \ (1.6\%)$	160 (1.5%)

Table 2: Parental education - 2005

	Analisis sample	Total sample
	(N=7,462)	(N=10,556)
Father's education (	(years)	
0 Unknown	934 (12.5%)	935~(8.9%)
1 Basic	3,004 (40.3%)	3,172 (30.0%)
2 Primary	2,902 (38.9%)	2,936 (27.8%)
3 Lower Secondary	249 (3.3%)	256 (2.4%)
4 Upper Secondary	142 (1.9%)	145 (1.4%)
5 Post Secondary	73 (1.0%)	83 (0.8%)
6 Tertiary	158 (2.1%)	$160\ (1.5\%)$
Missing	0 (0%)	2,869 (27.2%)
Mother's education	(levels)	
0 Unknown	461 (6.2%)	463 (4.4%)
1 Basic	3,865 (51.8%)	4,094 (38.8%)
2 Primary	2,640 (35.4%)	2,664 (25.2%)
3 Lower Secondary	189 (2.5%)	205 (1.9%)
4 Upper Secondary	84 (1.1%)	86 (0.8%)
5 Post Secondary	87 (1.2%)	103(1.0%)
6 Tertiary	136 (1.8%)	136 (1.3%)
Missing	0 (0%)	2,805 (26.6%)

Table 3: Parental occupation - 2005

	Analisis samunla	Total comple
	Analisis sample	Total sample
	(N=7,462)	(N=10,556)
Father's occupation (ISCO)		
0 Dead/unknown/not working	934 (12.5%)	935 (8.9%)
1 Manager	453 (6.1%)	482 (4.6%)
2 Professional	182(2.4%)	193 (1.8%)
3 Technician	245 (3.3%)	254(2.4%)
4 Clerical	294 (3.9%)	310 (2.9%)
5 Service	376 (5.0%)	396 (3.8%)
6 Agriculture	1,676 (22.5%)	1,752 (16.6%)
7 Craft/Trades	1,726 (23.1%)	1,821 (17.3%)
8 Plant Operator	619 (8.3%)	651~(6.2%)
9 Elementary	896 (12.0%)	927 (8.8%)
10 Armed forces	61~(0.8%)	64~(0.6%)
Missing	0 (0%)	$2,771 \ (26.3\%)$
Mother's occupation (ISCO)		
0 Dead/unknown/not working	$2,318 \ (31.1\%)$	$2,352\ (22.3\%)$
1 Manager	191~(2.6%)	$200 \ (1.9\%)$
2 Professional	$135 \ (1.8\%)$	$144 \ (1.4\%)$
3 Technician	185 (2.5%)	199 (1.9%)
4 Clerical	$196 \ (2.6\%)$	207 (2.0%)
5 Service	$544 \ (7.3\%)$	599 (5.7%)
6 Agriculture	$1,384 \ (18.5\%)$	$1,446 \ (13.7\%)$
7 Craft/Trades	$748 \ (10.0\%)$	782 (7.4%)
8 Plant Operator	$203 \ (2.7\%)$	215 (2.0%)
9 Elementary	$1,558 \ (20.9\%)$	$1,673 \ (15.8\%)$
Missing	0 (0%)	2,739 (25.9%)

Table 4: Respondant's income - 2005

	N	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max	Missing
Analisis sample	7,462	20,912	18,359	16,151	66.96	247,305	0
Total sample	10,556	$19,\!515$	17,293	14,977	66.96	$247,\!305$	0

#### 3 Missing data analysis

#### 3.1 Missing patterns

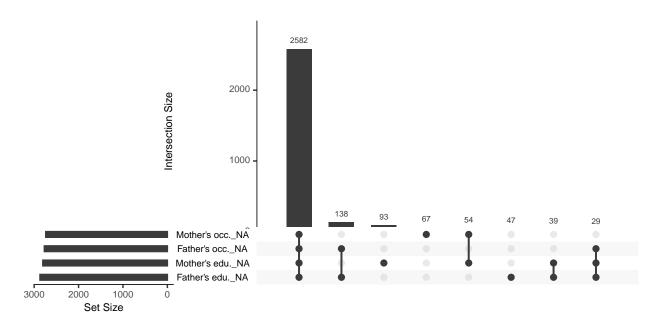


Figure 1: Missing patterns: Left: Marginal distribution of missing observations per variable. Right: Combination of missingness across cases

### 3.2 Differences in expected total equivalized household income between samples

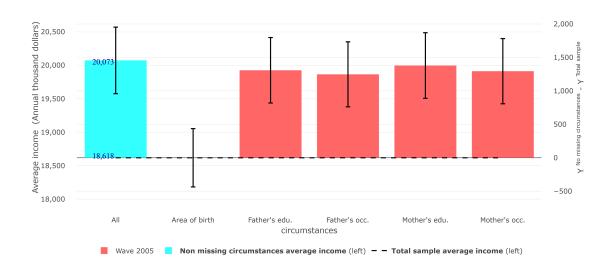


Figure 2: Differences in expected equivalized household income between the sample with non-missing circumstances and the total sample

#### 3.3 Gini coefficient

Table 5: Gini coefficient in analysis sample and total sample

Wave	Sample	Gini	Lower bound	Upper bound	Average income
Wave 2005 Wave 2005	Analysis sample Total sample	0.377 $0.381$	0.366 0.370	0.384 0.385	20,073 18,618

#### 3.4 Differences in Gini coefficient between samples

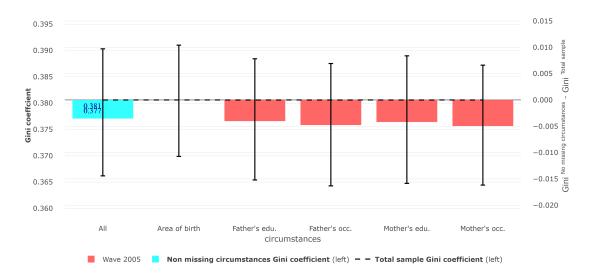


Figure 3: Differences in Gini coefficient between the sample with non-missing circumstances and the total sample  $\alpha$