

# Peru 2012

## 1 Survey Description

**Survey:** Encuesta Nacional de Hogares sobre Condiciones de Vida y Pobreza (ENAHO), carried out by the National Institute of Statistics and Informatics (INEI) of Peru, for the year 2012.

**Link to the document:** [http://webinei.inei.gob.pe/anda\\_inei/index.php/catalog/367](http://webinei.inei.gob.pe/anda_inei/index.php/catalog/367)

**Sample:** The survey was conducted between January and December 2012. The ENAHO collects information from 24 states and is nationally representative. The sample considered is restricted to adult individuals aged 19 to 63 with information about outcome and circumstances (45,101 individuals). Section 3 of this document describes the prevalence and pattern of missing data., 64,456 individuals in the total sample and 29,545 individuals in the analysis sample. Section 3 of this document describes the prevalence and pattern of missing data.

**Weights:** The weights are the inverse of the probability that the observation is included because of the sampling design. It could be understood as the number of individuals in the population that an individual represents in the sample according to the 2007 Population Census and demographic projections (*weights*).

**Outcome:** The outcome variables are annual equivalized household disposable total (*eq\_iinc*) income in dollars PPP 2017.<sup>1</sup>

**Circumstances:**

- Sex (female, male)
- Race 'Ethnicity' (indigenous, afro-descendant and others, described in Table 1)
- Region of birth 'Birthplace' ( 25 provinces, described in Table 1)
- Father's edu. (years of education (maximum 15), described in Table 2)
- Mother's edu. (years of education (maximum 15), described in Table 2)

---

<sup>1</sup>Income variable was equivalized using the square root scale.

## 2 Descriptive Statistics

Table 1: Respondant's socio-demographics - 2012

	Analysis sample	Total sample
	(N=29,545)	(N=64,456)
<b>Gender</b>		
0 Female	9,500 (32.2%)	33,144 (51.4%)
1 Male	20,045 (67.8%)	31,312 (48.6%)
<b>Ethnicity</b>		
1 White	1,253 (4.2%)	2,824 (4.4%)
2 Mix-race	16,357 (55.4%)	33,162 (51.4%)
3 Indigenous	10,111 (34.2%)	21,833 (33.9%)
4 Afro-descendant	466 (1.6%)	1,011 (1.6%)
5 Other	1,358 (4.6%)	2,946 (4.6%)
Missing	0 (0%)	2,680 (4.2%)
<b>Region of birth</b>		
1 Amazonas-San Martin-Ucayali	2,540 (8.6%)	5,549 (8.6%)
2 Anchash	1,556 (5.3%)	3,309 (5.1%)
3 Apurimac	1,037 (3.5%)	2,182 (3.4%)
4 Arequipa	1,052 (3.6%)	2,329 (3.6%)
5 Ayacucho	1,264 (4.3%)	2,744 (4.3%)
6 Cajamarca	2,034 (6.9%)	4,471 (6.9%)
7 Cusco-Madre de Dios	645 (2.2%)	1,531 (2.4%)
8 Huancavelica	1,507 (5.1%)	3,267 (5.1%)
9 Huánuco	1,097 (3.7%)	2,360 (3.7%)
10 Ica	1,244 (4.2%)	2,738 (4.2%)
11 Junin-Pasco	2,289 (7.7%)	4,556 (7.1%)
12 La Libertad	1,522 (5.2%)	2,954 (4.6%)
13 Lambayeque	1,070 (3.6%)	2,583 (4.0%)
14 Lima	1,253 (4.2%)	2,660 (4.1%)
15 Callao	2,818 (9.5%)	6,339 (9.8%)
16 Loreto	1,256 (4.3%)	3,225 (5.0%)
17 Moquegua-Tacna	1,158 (3.9%)	2,416 (3.7%)
18 Piura-Tumbes	2,614 (8.8%)	5,557 (8.6%)
19 Puno	1,589 (5.4%)	3,573 (5.5%)
Missing	0 (0%)	113 (0.2%)

Table 2: Parental education - 2012

	N	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max	Missing
Analysis sample - Mother's edu	29,545	4.894	4.802	3	0	15	0
Analysis sample - Father's edu	29,545	6.389	4.893	6	0	15	0
Total sample - Mother's edu	64,456	4.975	4.854	3	0	15	28,028
Total sample - Father's edu	64,456	6.425	4.887	6	0	15	32,418

Table 3: Respondant's income - 2012

	N	Mean	SD	Median	Min	Max	Missing
Analysis sample	29,545	9,927	9,273	7,671	6.256	326,884	0
Total sample	64,456	9,942	9,654	7,632	1.180	326,884	0

### 3 Missing data analysis

#### 3.1 Missing patterns

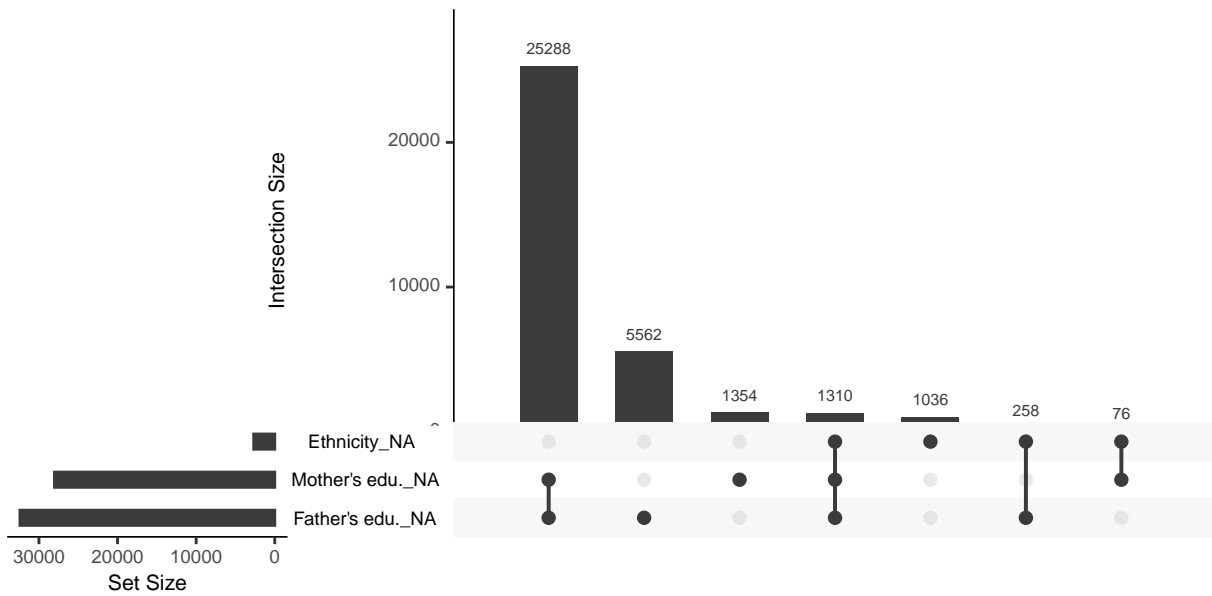


Figure 1: Missing patterns: *Left:* Marginal distribution of missing observations per variable. *Right:* Combination of missingness across cases

#### 3.2 Differences in expected total equivalized household income between samples

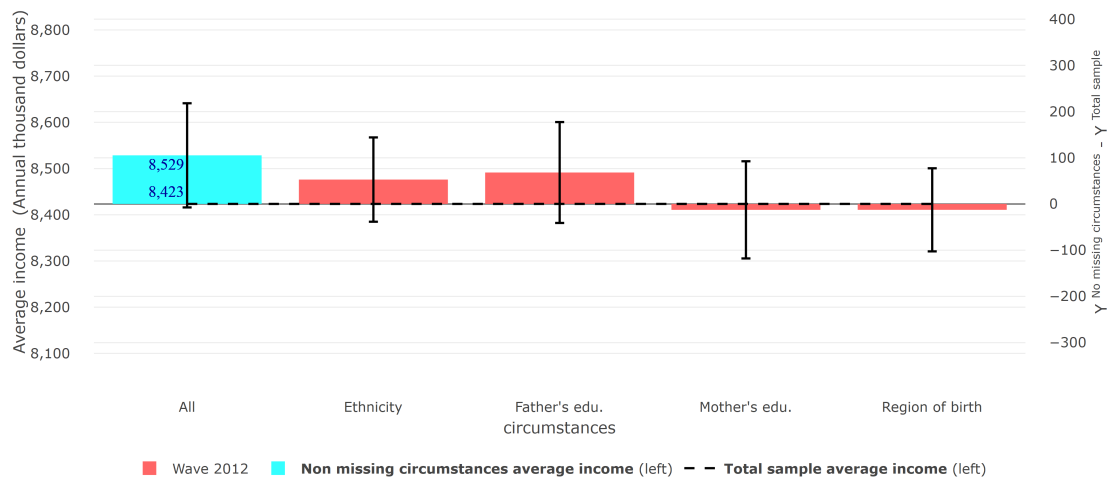


Figure 2: Differences in expected total equivalized household income between the sample with non-missing circumstances and the total sample

### 3.3 Gini coefficient

Table 4: Gini coefficient in analysis sample and total sample

Wave	Sample	Gini	Lower bound	Upper bound	Average income
Wave 2012	Analysis sample	0.421	0.417	0.428	8,529
Wave 2012	Total sample	0.423	0.420	0.428	8,423

### 3.4 Differences in Gini coefficient between samples

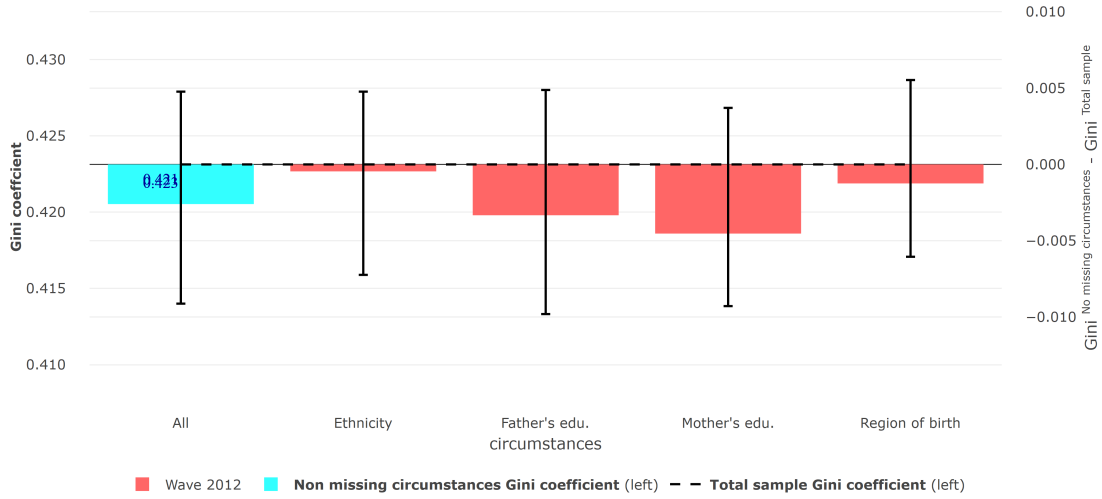


Figure 3: Differences in Gini coefficient between the sample with non-missing circumstances and the total sample