### "Hands-on" section

## What we propose you to do?

Make a Flash PT algorithm

#### What will we use?

You can use whichever programming language you feel comfortable with.

We can assist you if you use either Python with our library PyForFluids or Fortran with our other library feos

# PyForFluids (Python-Fortran-Fluids)

PyForFluids is a Python library that calculates Fluid thermodynamic properties using Fortran routines in the background to assure calculations robustness and speed.

```
fluid = pff.Fluid(
    model=model,
    composition=composition,
    temperature=temperature,
    pressure=pressure
)
fluid["lnfug"]
>>> [0.15, 0.2, 0.5]
```

## feos (Fortran Equations of State)

feos is a Modern Fortran library that implement equations of state calculations. It's partially the Fortran routines of PyForFluids.

```
compounds(1) = PR("methane", tc=191.15 wp, pc=46.41 wp, w=0.0115 wp)
compounds(2) = PR("ethane", tc=305.3 wp, pc=49.0 wp, w=0.099 wp)
compounds(3) = PR("propane", tc=369.9 wp, pc=42.5 wp, w=0.1521 wp)
kij = reshape(&
    [0.0. 0.4. 0.3. &
    0.4. 0.0. 0.1. &
    0.3, 0.1, 0.0],&
    [n, n] &
lij = 0*kij
mixing rule = ClassicVdW(kij=kij, lij=lij)
compounds%moles = 1.0_wp/n
mixture%components = compounds
mixture%mixing rule = mixing rule
t = 250
v = 10 \text{ wp}
ar = mixture%residual_helmholtz(v. t)
```

Right now it doesn't go beyond calculating the Helmholtz energy and it's derivatives.