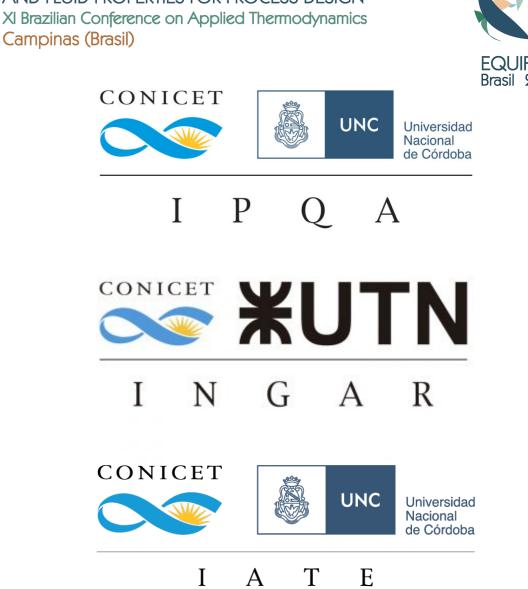
PyForFluids: A Python package for multicomponent fluid thermodynamic properties and phase equilibrium calculations.

Benelli, Federico E.¹; Arpajou, M. Candelaria ²; Cabral, Juan B. ³; Cismondi, Martín ¹

- ¹ Instituto de Investigación y Desarrollo en Ingeniería de Procesos y Química Aplicada (IPQA-UNC-CONICET)
- ² INGAR Instituto de Desarrollo y Diseño (CONICET-UTN)
- ³ Instituto de Astronomía Teórica y Experimental (IATE-OAC-CONICET)

federico.benelli@mi.unc.edu.ar



Abstract

PyForFluids (Python-Fortran-Fluids) is a Python package focused on the calculation of multicomponent fluids properties and phase equilibrium based on Equations of State (EoS). It provides a simple interface to work from a high level object oriented abstraction but also exploits the high performance Fortran code for the heavier calculations. Right now it includes the multifluid GERG-2008 EoS and three cubic EoS (Peng-Robinson, Soave-Redlich-Kwong and RKPR) are being implemented. All four equations are explicit in the Helmholtz Free Energy. PyForFluids calculates multiple thermodynamic properties like speed of sound, isobaric heat, compressibility factor, entropy, enthalpy, etc. Besides that, biphasic equilibrium calculations like flash, bubble and dew points are included, with phase envelopes tracing being in current development. To realize complex calculations, PyForFluids takes advantage of the high performance and speed of Fortran code. At the same time, it offers a user-friendly Python interface. The integration between these two programming languages is achieved thanks to numpy module f2py. Fortran was the chosen language due to both being faster for numerical routines and an availability of legacy projects. This package is designed with a collaborative and modular approach in mind, taking advantage of an object oriented programming approach. To both see the inner workings of it and make changes/additions proposals all the code is available on an public repository at GitHub https://github.com/fedebenelli/pyforfluids PyForFluids is made following programming good practices standards for continuous integration. At each code addition or modification, the package is tested with specific unit tests to assure the reliance of the computations. Also the documentation where each class and function is described is automatically generated and hosted at pyforfluids readthedocs.io with each update, where also a simple tutorial with the basic usage of the package can be found.

Introduction

pyforfluids aim's to be a tool that provides robust fluid thermodynamic properties and phase equilibria calculations, with focus in both simplicity in use and extensibility, with the help of abstractions obtained with an object oriented approach.

Implemented models

GERG-2008

The GERG-2008 EoS is a multifluid equation of state, developed to be implemented in natural gas usage, but it keeps a high accuracy for the whole range from liquid to super critical conditions.

Ideal term

$$\alpha^{o}(\overline{x}, \rho, T) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_{i} \left[\alpha_{i}^{o}(\rho, T) + \ln x_{i} \right] \tag{1}$$

Residual term

$$\alpha^r(\overline{x}, \delta, \tau) = \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \alpha_i^r(\delta, \tau) + \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^N x_i x_j F_{ij} \alpha_{ij}^r(\delta, \tau)$$
 (2)

$$\alpha_{i}^{r}(\delta,\tau) = \sum_{k=1}^{K_{Pol,i}} n_{i,k} \delta_{i,k}^{d} \tau^{t_{i,k}} + \sum_{k=K_{Pol,i}+1}^{K_{Pol,i}+K_{Exp,i}} n_{i,k} \delta_{i,k}^{d} \tau^{t_{i,k}} e^{-\delta^{c_{i,k}}}$$
(3)

Cubic Equations of State

Residual term

$$\alpha^{r}(T, V, n) = -n \ln(1 - B/V) - \frac{D(T)}{RTB(\delta_1 - \delta_2)} \ln\left(\frac{1 + \delta_1 B/V}{1 + \delta_2 B/V}\right) \tag{4}$$

Available properties

The available properties to calculate are dependant on the model being used. Some of them are: C_v , C_p , w, S, G, H, μ_{JT} , Virial Terms

Code Implementation

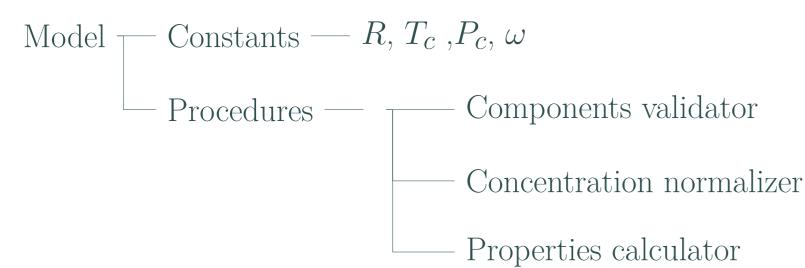
pyforfluids implementation is focused on two kind of Python objects:

Fluid A Fluid object that contains all generic procedures and attributes that can describe a Fluid.Model A Model object that contains all the relevant procedures related to an Equation of State. On pyforfluids there are included two model objects GERG2008 and CubicEOS.

These objects give the user the building blocks to implement

Model Object

A Model object contains all the necessary procedures to make thermodynamic properties calculations and relevant constants required by other functions (like P_c).



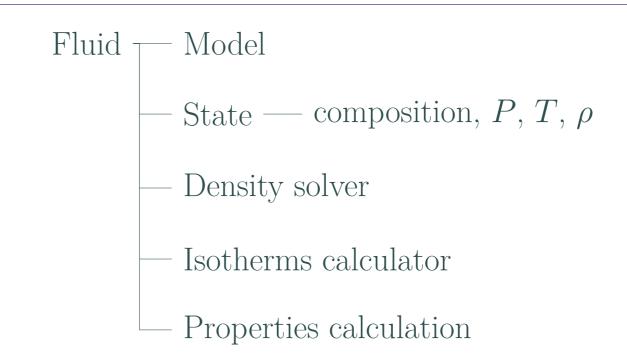
All these attributes and procedures are a **must have** for every model. Since they are used by other external functions.

lij_matrix=lij



Fluid Object

A Fluid object contains the higher level procedures that are generic for any kind of model.



import pyforfluids as pff

temperature=270 # K

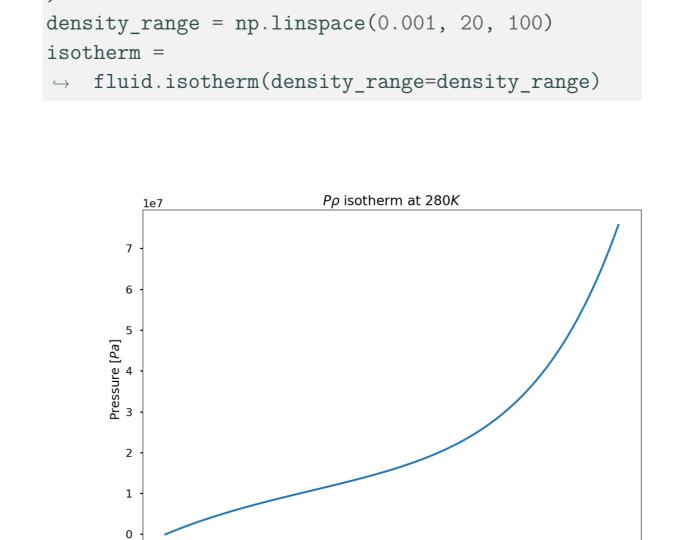
density=0.02 # mol/dm3

model=pff.models.GERG2008()

composition={"methane": 0.2,

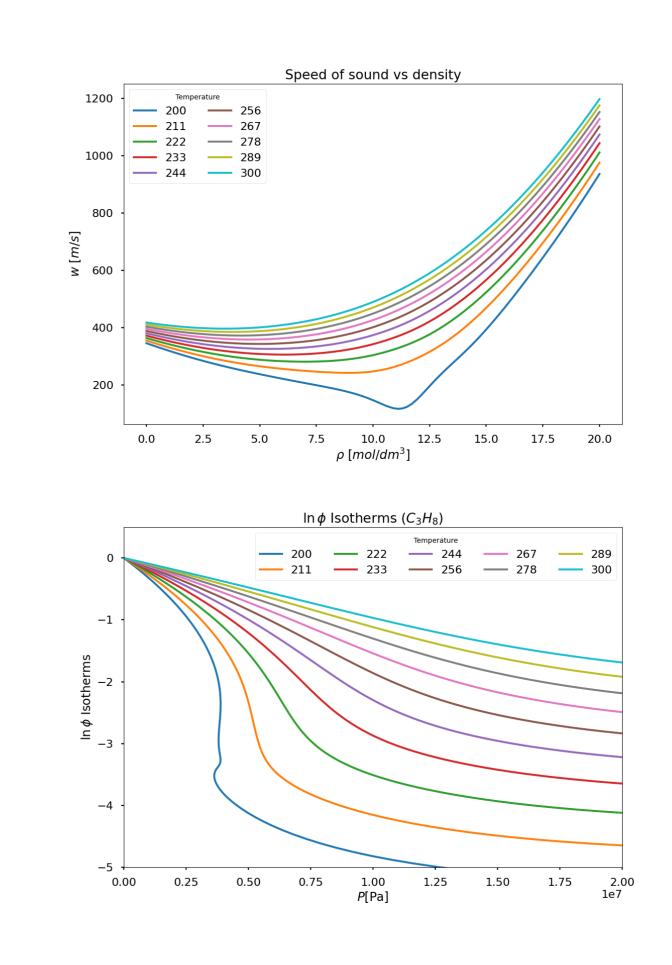
import numpy as np

fluid = pff.Fluid(



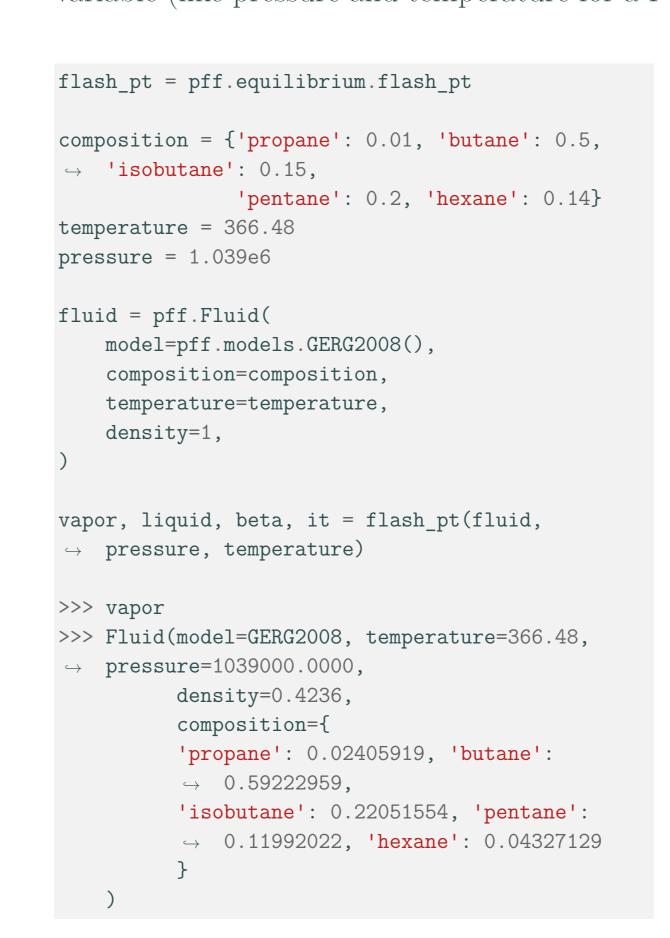
0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5

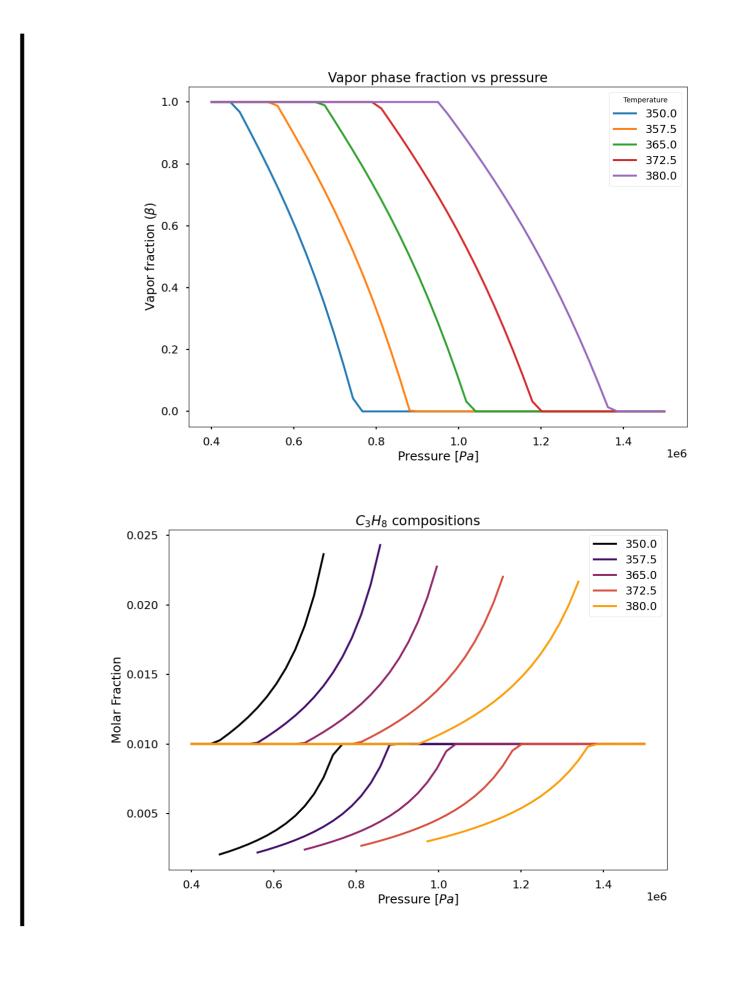
"ethane": 0.8},



Equilibrium procedures

All the equilibrium related calculations are done by functions that receive a fluid and another relevant variable (like pressure and temperature for a PT Flash) and return a liquid and vapor Fluid objects.





Code Quality

All the produced code is hosted online at https://github.com/fedebenelli/pyforfluids. At each code commit a set of unit tests is run that assure the correct work of the package, as well that codestyle rules are respected. Forcing that at least 90% of the code is tested. All the procedures are documented and hosted at pyforfluids.readthedocs.io

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